

S98CA6MMEC...



In-Line Slip Clutches  
pg. 13-3

S98CA6MMOC...



In-Line Slip Clutches  
pg. 13-3

S90APLMP08...



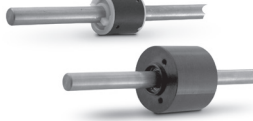
Plastic Bearings Magnetic Particle  
Slip Clutches  
pg. 13-6

S90APLMS08...



Ball Bearings Magnetic Particle  
Slip Clutches  
pg. 13-6

S90BPLMP08...  
S90BPLMS08...



Magnetic Particle Slip Clutches  
with Shaft  
pg. 13-7

S9940YMSWC...



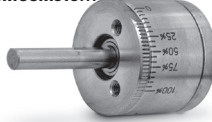
Spring-Wrapped Slip Clutches  
pg. 13-9

S9941YMSWC...



Spring-Wrapped Slip Couplings  
pg. 13-11

S90MCCM513...



Magnetic Clutches and Couplings  
pg. 13-16

S90MCCMTL...



Magnetic Clutches and Couplings  
pg. 13-17

S90MCCM8061.



Magnetic Clutches and Couplings  
pg. 13-18

S99NH3MURC...



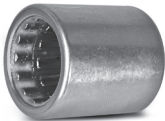
Roller Clutches  
pg. 13-19

S99NH4MURC0...



Roller Clutches with Bearing Support  
pg. 13-20

S99NH4MURC...



Roller Clutches with Bearing Support  
pg. 13-21

S90HB1M...



Hysteresis Brakes  
pg. 13-24

S90SB9M...



Power-Off Servo Brakes  
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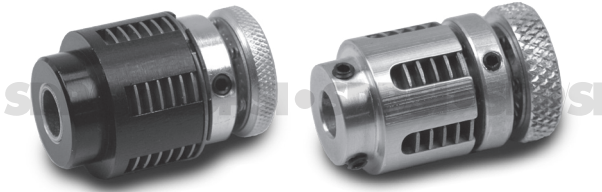
S90BF9M...



Power-On Flange-Mounted Brakes  
pg. 13-27

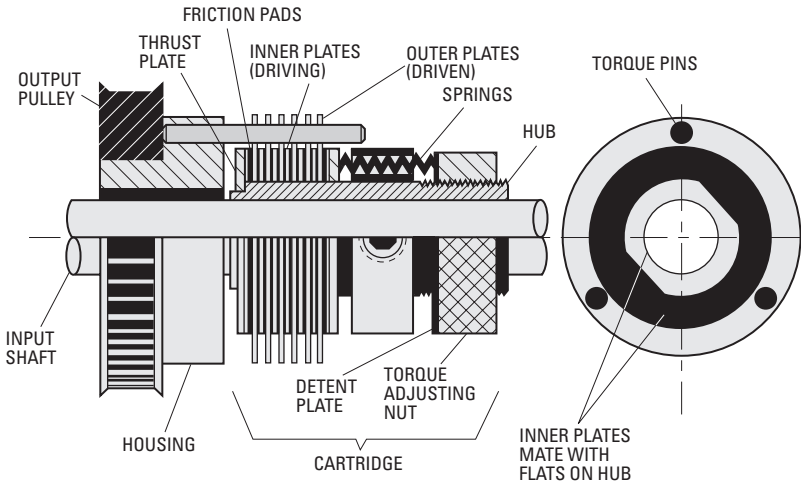
**Technical Data**

- Multiplate In-Line Slip Clutches - pg. 13-2
- Examples of In-Line Slip Clutch Applications - pg. 13-4
- Magnetic Particle Slip Clutches - pg. 13-5
- Spring-Wrapped Slip Clutches - pg. 13-8
- Spring-Wrapped Slip Couplings - pg. 13-10
- Magnetic Clutches & Couplings, Applications - pg. 13-12
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- Hysteresis Brakes & Clutches - pg. 13-22



**FUNCTION:**

Multiplate slip clutches control torque for intermittent, continuous, or overload slip. It will drive in both directions, slip when the torque setting is reached, and resume driving as the load is reduced. These clutches are excellent as continuous or intermittent drag brakes, protection against overloads, for "soft starts," slip at the end of a stroke, as friction hinges, for screwing on container caps, etc.



**CONSTRUCTION:**

The clutch consists of two assemblies: a cartridge and a housing (see cutaway above). The cartridge is set-screwed or keyed to the input shaft. The housing is either set-screwed or keyed to the output shaft or, as shown, is attached to the output gear or pulley with a bronze bearing to allow relative motion between the input shaft and the output gear/pulley. Torque is transmitted from the flats on the hub to the mating flats on the inner plates, through the friction pads to the outer plates, through the torque pins to the housing and the output gear/pulley. The torque level is controlled by compressing the springs with the adjusting nut. For a fixed torque clutch, a collar is attached to the hub in a fixed position instead of the adjusting nut. In operation, either the input shaft or the housing can be the input member, with the other member being driven.

**CAPACITY:**

The clutch capacity as noted in the catalog is based on continuous operation at 50 rpm for over 25 million cycles. Torque, rpm, duty cycle and life are interdependent. A reduction of any of these will allow an increase in any other. Running at 25 rpm will allow twice the torque, or running for only 10% of the cycle will allow higher rpm, etc. The limit is based on heat buildup measured in watts:

**English Unit Watts** = Torque (lbf-in.) x rpm x 0.0118 x % Duty Cycle

**Metric Unit Watts** = Torque (N • m) x rpm x 0.104 x % Duty Cycle

For typical applications, see examples on page 13-4.

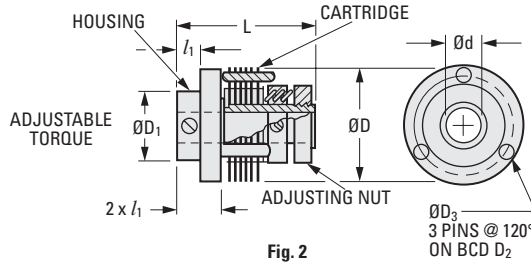
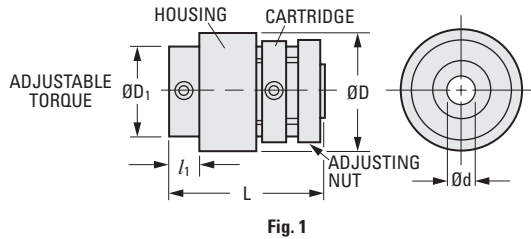
**> MATERIAL:**

- Fig. 1 - Housing** - Zinc Plated Steel
- Plates** - Brass
- Friction Materials** - Proprietary (Nonasbestos)
- Fig. 2 - Housing** - Aluminum
- Plates** - Brass
- Friction Materials** - Proprietary (Nonasbestos)



**> FEATURES:**

- Fully adjustable within rating limits
- Low stick / slip ratio
- Continuous slip within dissipation limit
- Available with bronze bearing in hub end so that gear, pulley, etc. can be mounted on hub "D<sub>1</sub>"
- Available with other bores as special order

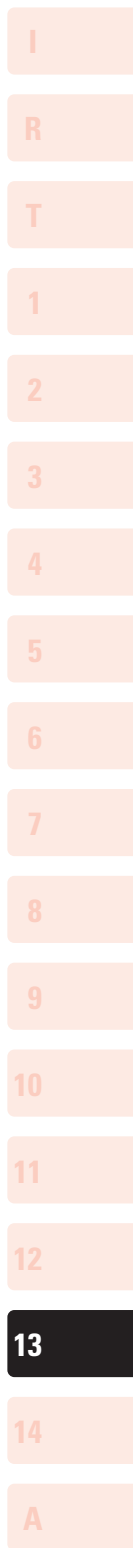


**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	D Body Dia. ± 0.5	d Bore		L Length ± 0.05	D <sub>1</sub> Hub Dia. ± 0.05	l <sub>1</sub> Hub Length	Bore Depth		Torque* Range N • cm @ 50 rpm	*Dissip. Power Watts	Friction Surfaces
		Std. +0.05 0	Max. Bore Spec.				Hub End	Cart. End			
<b>Fig. 1</b>											
S98CA6MMMEC250827	25.4	8	10	26.9	19.3	6.3	7.8	19.1	0.23 to 22.6	1	2
S98CA6MMMEC250833				33.3				25.4			

Catalog Number	D Body Dia. ± 0.5	d Bore		L Length ± 0.05	D <sub>1</sub> Hub Dia. ± 0.05	l <sub>1</sub> Hub Length	Bore Depth		D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	Torque* Range N • cm @ 50 rpm	*Dissip. Power Watts	Friction Surfaces
		Std. +0.05 0	Max. Bore Spec.				Hub End	Cart. End					
<b>Fig. 2</b>													
S98CA6MMOC320838	31.8	8	10	38.1	19.3	6.3	12.7	25.4	26.98	2.38	1.13 to 113	6	8
S98CA6MMOC381063	38.1	10	13	63.5	25.7	9.4	19.1	44.5	33.32	3.17	5.65 to 282	14.5	12
S98CA6MMOC511273	50.8	12	16	72.9	35.1	12.7	25.4	47.7	42.47	4.78	9.04 to 564	29	12
S98CA6MMOC701273	69.9				41.4				60.33				

\*See Technical Applications page.



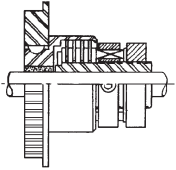


**> UNLIMITED APPLICATIONS:\***

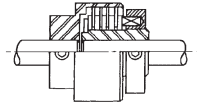
- |                     |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Intermittent motion | Torque limiting |
| Indexing            | Hinging         |
| Phase adjustment    | Many more       |
| Feeding             |                 |

\*The ingenuity of engineering has led to applications with labelers, indexing, film transport, instrumentation, business machines, computer peripherals, packaging, mailing, plotters, paper feeds and many more. We supply stock clutches or we work with you to develop units for your specific applications.

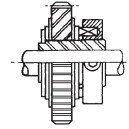
**> TYPICAL MULTIPLATE SLIP CLUTCH APPLICATIONS:**



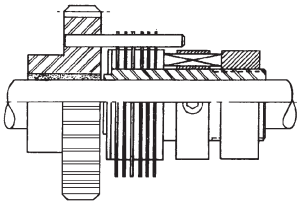
**TIMING BELT ON HOUSING**  
Timing belt drives housing. Torque transmitted through adjustable pressure plates to shaft. Also operates as shaft input to timing belt.



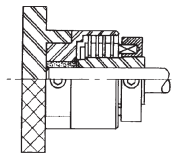
**SHAFT-TO-SHAFT CONTROL**  
Either shaft as input. Fixed torque transmitted through pressure plates. Shafts must be journalized. Also can be adjustable torque.



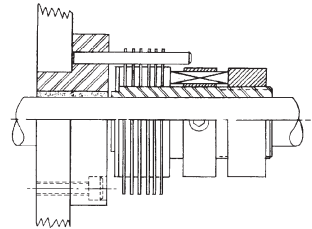
**SLIP CARTRIDGE WITH GEAR**  
Pressure pads transmit torque directly to gear for space saving package.



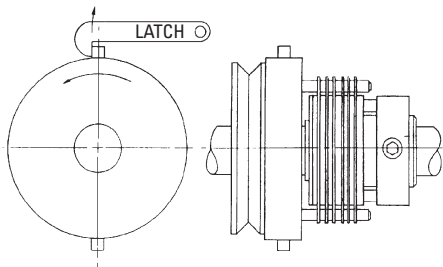
**CLUTCH WITH A MODIFIED GEAR**  
Torque transmitted directly from gear through pins to adjustable pressure plates.



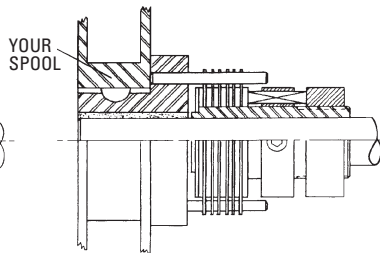
**KNOB WITH TORQUE PROTECTION**  
Knob connected directly to housing. Fixed torque transmitted to shaft. Will slip above preset torque.



**BRAKE TO FRAME OF MACHINE**  
Outer pressure plates held to machine frame. Adjustable braking pressure transmitted to shaft.



**"SINGLE" REVOLUTION CLUTCH**  
Input shaft turns continuously. Output shaft turns when latch is disengaged. Single revolution, partial revolution, or multi-revolutions can be designed.



**CONSTANT TORQUE – SUPPLY OR REWIND SPOOL**  
Slip clutch mounted directly to spool will give constant torque. Mounted directly to constant diameter cylinder will give constant tension. Many variations available to control wire supply system.



### › DESIGN:

The magnetic particle slip clutch uses a sealed, steel outer housing and permanent magnets arranged alternately (north and south poles) around a central hub.

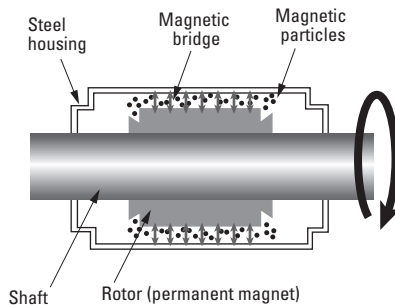
The space between the housing and the magnets is filled with a ferromagnetic compound (hysteresis particles). The particles align themselves along the flux pattern between the steel housing and the magnets, creating a magnetic coupling between them. (See Fig. 1)

The torque rating is determined by the number of particles added. The clutches can be manufactured in the range from 2.82 to 39.55 N • cm. Because the coupling is magnetic, torque value remains stable over time, temperature and speed value.

### › APPLICATIONS:

One of the applications is for paper feeding devices on scanners, copy machines and fax machines. Paper is an abrasive material. Pages often stick together and usually the thickness of the paper is different. The paper feeding device uses a powered roller to "urge" the top sheet off an infeed stack toward the interface between a second pair of rollers just beyond the urging mechanism. On the second pair, one of the rollers is powered; the second is unpowered, spring-loaded against the first and rides on a shaft linked to the chassis through the magnetic particle clutch. With no paper in the feeder mechanism, the clutch slips; when a single page is drawn between rollers, friction between the rollers and the paper remains high enough to maintain slippage and paper passes through the mechanism normally.

If two or more pages are drawn in, the coefficient of friction between the pages is not high enough to drive the unpowered roller. The slip clutch now acts as a drag brake holding back the lower roller. The roller stalls, preventing all but the top page from continuing through the feed device.



**Fig. 1**  
Reversible Magnetic  
Particle Slip Clutch

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ZERO MAINTENANCE  
CONSTANT TORQUE LEVELS

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**› MATERIAL:**

Shell - Steel  
End Caps - Plastic

**› FEATURES:**

Requires no power  
Uses permanent magnets and magnetic particles  
Long operational life  
Sealed from contamination

**› SPECIFICATIONS:**

d Tolerances:  
Fig. 1: +0.1/0  
Fig. 2: +0.022/0  
\*D<sub>1</sub> Tolerance: 0/-0.033 (h8)

\*\*Optional torques available only by special order.

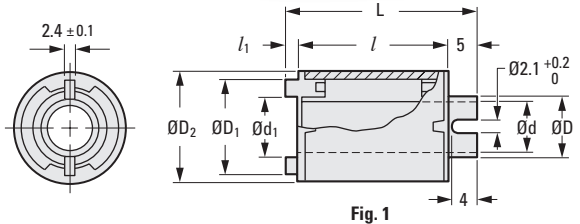


Fig. 1

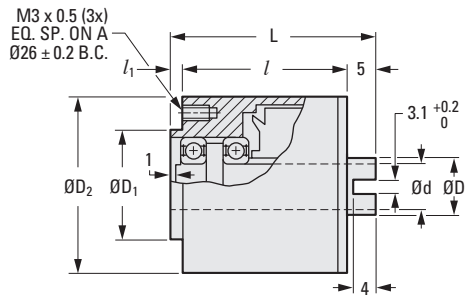


Fig. 2

**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	d Bore	d <sub>1</sub>	D Hub Dia.	D <sub>1</sub> Hub Dia.	D <sub>2</sub>	l	l <sub>1</sub> End Lgth.	L Total Lgth.	Max. Allowable Speed rpm	Torque ± 10% Static N•m	Nominal Opt. Range** N•m	Weight kg
<b>Fig. 1 Plastic Bearings</b>												
S90APLMP08030028	8	11	11	17	20	20	2.5	27.5	300	0.030	0.019 - 0.040	0.025
S90APLMP08060028	8	11	11	17	20	20	2.5	27.5	300	0.060	0.040 - 0.060	0.025
S90APLMP08120035	8	11	11	17	20	27	2.5	34.5	250	0.120	0.060 - 0.120	0.030
<b>Fig. 2 Ball Bearings</b>												
S90APLMS08099037	8	—	10	20*	32	30	2	37	400	0.099	0.070 - 0.099	0.120
S90APLMS08150037	8	—	10	20*	32	30	2	37	400	0.150	0.099 - 0.150	0.120
S90APLMS08199044	8	—	10	20*	32	37	2	44	300	0.199	0.150 - 0.199	0.150
S90APLMS08301044	8	—	10	20*	32	37	2	44	300	0.301	0.199 - 0.301	0.150

**NOTE:** When the slip clutch is to be subjected to any radial or axial thrust, use of the ball bearing design is required. Units should be used on horizontal shafts only.

# MAGNETIC PARTICLE SLIP CLUTCHES WITH SHAFT

# SDP/SI

ZERO MAINTENANCE  
EASY INSTALLATION  
CONSTANT TORQUE LEVELS  
INTEGRAL SHAFT

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**> MATERIAL:**

- Shell - Steel
- End Caps - Plastic
- Shafts - Steel

**> FEATURES:**

- Requires no power
- Uses permanent magnets and magnetic particles
- Long operational life
- Sealed from contamination

\*Optional torques available only by special order.

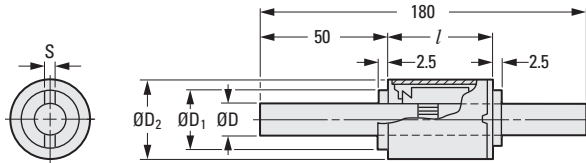
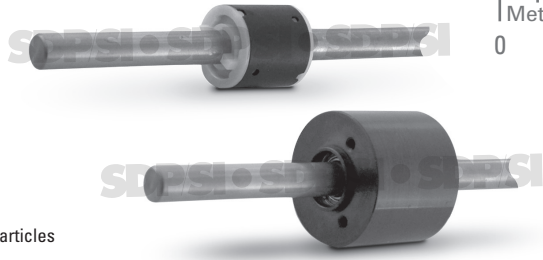


Fig. 1

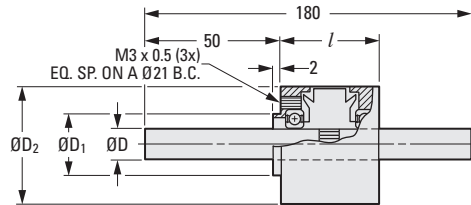


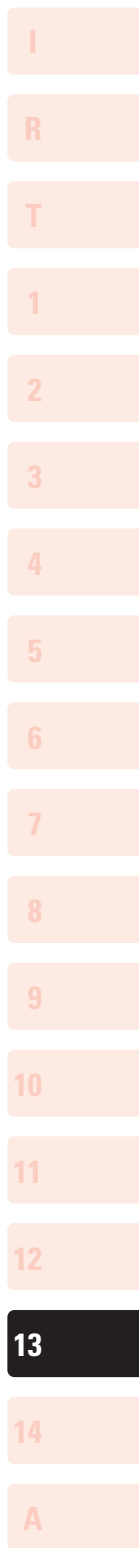
Fig. 2

## METRIC COMPONENT

Catalog Number **	D Shaft Dia. 0 -0.03	D <sub>1</sub> Hub Dia.	D <sub>2</sub>	S	l	Max. Allowable Speed rpm	Torque ± 10% Nominal	
							Static N • m	Opt. Range* N • m
<b>Fig. 1 Plastic Bearings</b>								
S90BPLMP08030025	8	15	20	2.4	20	300	0.030	0.019 - 0.040
S90BPLMP08060025					27		0.060	0.040 - 0.060
S90BPLMP08120032	8	15	20	2.4	34	200	0.120	0.060 - 0.120
S90BPLMP08181039					34		0.181	0.120 - 0.181
<b>Fig. 2 Ball Bearings</b>								
S90BPLMS08099028	8	15	32	—	26	400	0.099	0.070 - 0.099
S90BPLMS08150028							0.150	0.099 - 0.150
S90BPLMS08199035	8	15	32	—	33	300	0.199	0.150 - 0.199
S90BPLMS08301035							0.301	0.199 - 0.301
S90BPLMS08398042							0.398	0.301 - 0.398

**NOTE:** When the slip clutch is to be subjected to any radial or axial thrust, use of the ball bearing design is required. Units should be used on horizontal shafts only.

13-7  
D815





**› FEATURES:**

- Long life under continuous slip conditions
- Unidirectional or bidirectional operation
- Same or different clockwise and counterclockwise torques
- Precise and stable limit torque calibration (range: 0.007 to 4.24 N • m)
- Same torque at breakaway as at high slip velocities
- Mounting provisions for gear, sprocket or pulley
- Corrosion-resistant materials

**› APPLICATIONS:**

- Tension control of film or tape drives
- Transmission overload protection

**› SPECIAL DESIGNS:**

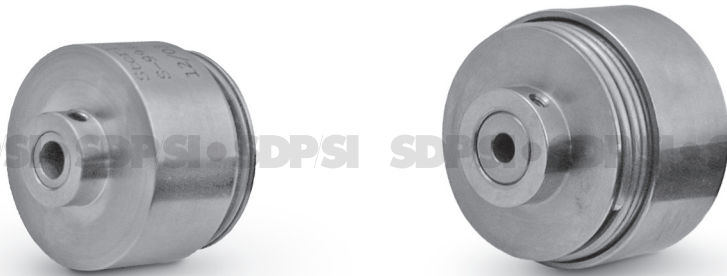
The standard line of slip elements provides a wide selection of limit torques, sizes and coupling arrangements. In addition, our engineers will modify designs to meet your specific requirements in such areas as:

- Configuration
- Driving arrangement
- Limit torques from a fraction of a N • cm to many N • m's
- Calibration of torque to a tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$
- Different limit torques for the two directions of rotation
- Spring windup and limit torque combination. The spring action of the slip element is useful for tensioning of tape and prevention of slack loops.

\*Stock units are calibrated with equal clockwise and counterclockwise slip torques corresponding to the tabulated Upper Limit Torques. Other torques are readily available from full, down to 1/8 of the Upper Limit Torque for each model. Torque values are independent of each other for clockwise and counterclockwise rotation, and may be specified the same or different for the two directions.

\*\*All clutches in this series have a pilot diameter "D<sub>3</sub>" and three tapped holes "T<sub>1</sub>" for mounting a gear, sprocket or pulley on the input hub. Screw penetration into the clutch housing must not exceed the depth specified in column "T<sub>1</sub>". Concentricity of pilot diameter "D<sub>3</sub>" to bore "d" is 0.025 T.I.R. max.

All slip clutches are designed for long life under continuous slip conditions. The useful life of these elements is a function of the transmitted torque and slip speed.



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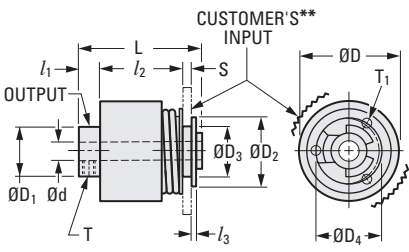
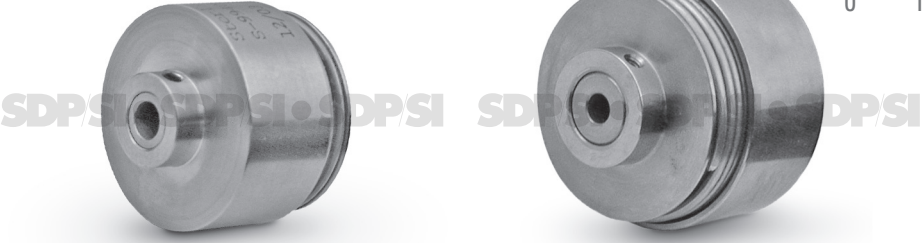


Fig. 1

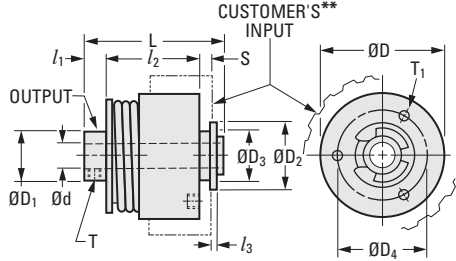
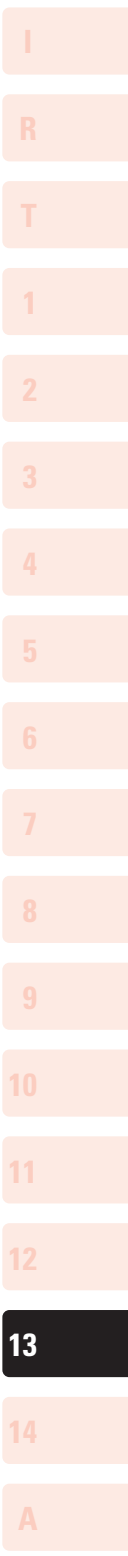


Fig. 2

**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	Fig. No.	d Bore +0.025 0	D	L	$l_1$	$l_2$	S	$l_3$	T Set Screw	D <sub>1</sub> Max.	D <sub>2</sub> Max.	D <sub>3</sub> -0.025	D <sub>4</sub>	T <sub>1</sub>	Upper* Limit Torque N • m	Wt. g
S9940YMSWC16X03	1	3	16	26.7	4.57	18.29	2.03	0.76	M1.6	13	11.43	9.5	12.7	M2X3	0.064	26
S9940YMSWC16X04		4													± 0.007	
S9940YMSWC25X04		4													± 0.141	
S9940YMSWC25X06		6														
S9940YMSWC25X08	8	25.4	31.5	5.33	21.59	2.41	1.02	M3	22.4	17.27	12.675	16.51	M2X3	± 0.565	68	
S9940YMSWC32X06	6															
S9940YMSWC32X08	8															
S9940YMSWC38X06	6															
S9940YMSWC38X08	8	38.1	35.3	5.84	23.88	3.3	1.02	M4	25.7	17.27	12.675	23.5	M3X4	0.339	213	
S9940YMSWC48X06	6								± 0.035							
S9940YMSWC48X08	8								± 0.565							
S9940YMSWC48X10	10													± 0.057		
S9940YMSWC48X12	12	47.5	42.4	6.35	30.48	3.3	1.02	M4	32	17.27	12.675	19.2	M3X4	0.847	355	
S9940YMSWC57X06	6								± 0.085							
S9940YMSWC57X08	8								± 1.059							
S9940YMSWC57X10	10													± 0.106		
S9940YMSWC57X12	12	57.15	47.8	7.37	34.04	3.3	1.02	M4	38.4	17.27	12.675	29.72	M3X4	1.059	482	
S9940YMSWC67X08	8								± 0.170							
S9940YMSWC67X10	10								± 0.250							
S9940YMSWC67X12	12													± 0.340		
S9940YMSWC76X16	16	76.2	58.4	—	50.17	5.72	1.17	M6	76.5	27.94	28.55	37.6	M2X3	3.390	993	
S9940YMSWC76X19	19													± 0.340		
S9940YMSWC76X20	20													± 0.340		
	20													120°		

\* or \*\* See Preceding Page





**› FEATURES:**

- Long life under continuous slip conditions
- Unidirectional or bidirectional operation
- Same or different clockwise and counterclockwise torques
- Precise and stable limit torque calibration (0.0035 to 1.695 N • m)
- Same torque at breakaway as at high slip velocities
- Corrosion-resistant materials

**› APPLICATIONS:**

- Tension control of film or tape drives
- Friction loads for testing components
- Transmission overload protection

**› RECOMMENDED MOUNTING PROCEDURE:**

- Coupling is slipped over one shaft and applicable screws tightened.
- Second shaft is inserted into other end of coupling.
- Pull loose end of coupling back about 0.5 mm and tighten applicable screws.

The slip coupling serves as a torque limiter as well as a coupling for two colinear shafts. This coupling is equipped with hubs at both ends for pinning to the two shafts. When the load exceeds the limit torque of a slip coupling, the two shafts rotate relative to each other at the full limit torque. The standard coupling is designed to operate with 3° angular or linear misalignments of up to 0.25 mm between the two shafts. The mounting hole diameters of the slip couplings can differ for the two ends, so that different diameters of “in-line” shafts can be coupled together.

\*Stock units are calibrated with equal clockwise and counterclockwise slip torques corresponding to the tabulated Upper Limit Torques. Other torques are readily available from full, down to 1/8 of the Upper Limit Torque for each model. Torque values are independent of each other for clockwise and counterclockwise rotation, and may be specified the same or different for the directions.

This series of slip couplings is designed for long life under continuous slip conditions. The useful life of these elements is a function of the transmitted torque and slip speed.

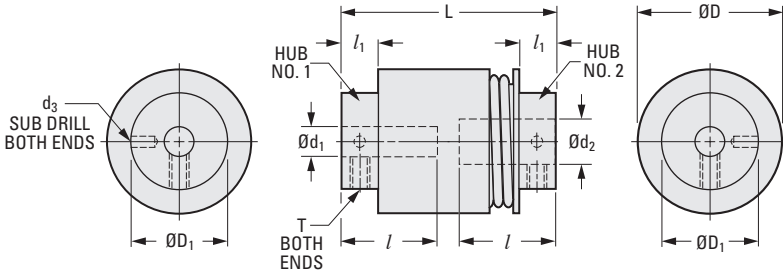


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COVERED BY U.S. PATENTS AND PATENTS PENDING

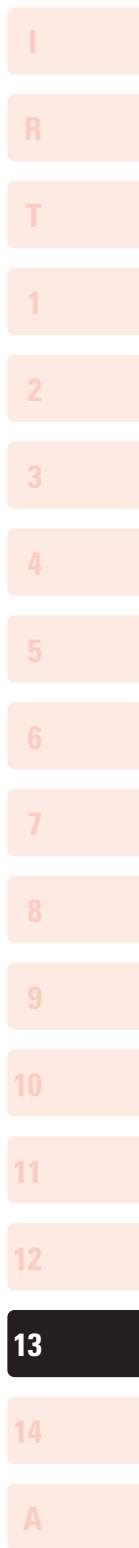
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**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	d <sub>1</sub> Bore + 0.025 0	d <sub>2</sub> Bore + 0.025 0	D ± 0.5	L ± 0.8	D <sub>1</sub> Max.	l	l <sub>1</sub> ± 0.5	T Set Screw	d <sub>3</sub> Sub Drill	Upper Limit Torque* N • m	Weight g
S9941YMSWC12X33	3	3									
S9941YMSWC12X34	3	4	12.7	22.6	12.7	10.9	4.32	M2	.74	0.035 ± 0.005	17
S9941YMSWC12X44	4	4									
S9941YMSWC19X44	4	4									
S9941YMSWC19X46	4	6	19.05	28.2	16	12.7	4.83	M3	1.02	0.085 ± 0.008	34
S9941YMSWC19X66	6	6									
S9941YMSWC25X44	4	4									
S9941YMSWC25X46	4	6	25.4	32	19.3	14	4.83	M3	1.02	0.141 ± 0.014	74
S9941YMSWC25X66	6	6									
S9941YMSWC31X66	6	6									
S9941YMSWC31X6A	6	10	31.75	36.3	25.7	15.75	6.35	M4	1.4	0.339 ± 0.035	108
S9941YMSWC31XAA	10	10									
S9941YMSWC38X88	8	8	38.1	40.4	32	18.54	6.35	M4	1.4	0.622 ± 0.063	184
S9941YMSWC38XAA	10	10									
S9941YMSWC47XAA	10	10									
S9941YMSWC47XAC	10	12	47.5	46.74	38.4	21.6	7.11	M4	1.4	0.847 ± 0.085	312
S9941YMSWC47XCC	12	12									
S9941YMSWC57XAA	10	10									
S9941YMSWC57XAC	10	12									
S9941YMSWC57XCC	12	12	57.15	57.15	51.1	25.4	9.65	M5	2.36	1.695 ± 0.170	624
S9941YMSWC57XCC	12	16									
S9941YMSWC57XGG	16	16									

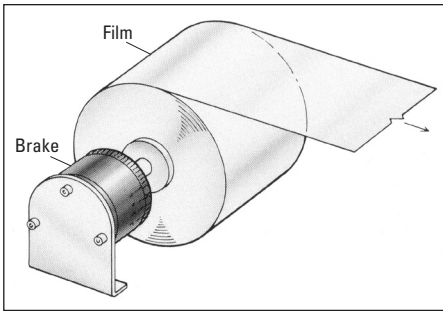
\*See Preceding Page.





**UNWIND TENSION CONTROL**

Brake mounted on shaft of unwind spool or bobbin.



**Film Unwind** - Tension provided by hysteresis units.

Information required: (Example)

- Full diameter** = 150 mm
- Empty core diameter** = 75 mm
- Average tension** = 5 N
- Velocity** (meters per min.) = 50 m/min.

How to size:

**Avg. radius** = [Full roll dia. + Empty dia.] / 4  
 = (150 + 75) / 4 = 56.25 mm = 0.056 m

**Avg. torque (N • m)** = avg. tension (N) x avg. radius (m)  
 = 5 x 0.056 = 0.28 N • m

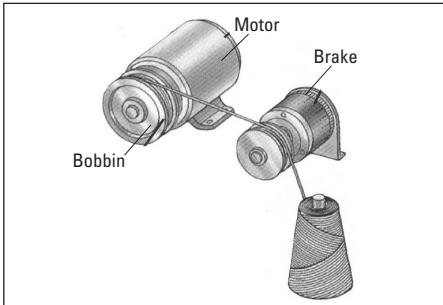
1. Select Catalog Number **S90MCCMMTL0806** based on 0.28 N • m
2. Check Operating Curve

The Max. rpm occurs at the min. radius

**Max. rpm** = Velocity / (Empty dia. x π)  
 = (50 m/min.) / [(0.075 m) x π]  
 = 212 rpm

0.28 N • m at 212 rpm is okay.

**NIP ROLL OR PULLEY TENSION CONTROL**



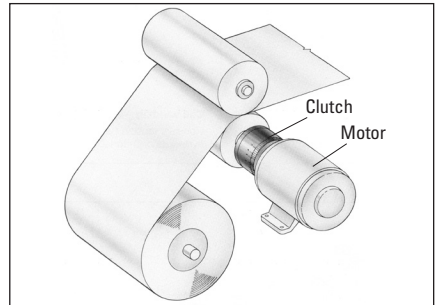
**Coil Winding** - Constant tension provided by hysteresis unit.

Information required: (Example)

- Pulley diameter or nip roll** = 76 mm
- Tension** = 10 N
- Velocity** = 100 m/min.

How to size:

**Torque (N • m)** = Tension x Radius  
 = 10 N x [(0.076 m) / 2] = 0.38 N • m



**Film Tensioning** - Constant tensioning supplied by hysteresis unit.

1. Select Catalog Number **S90MCCMMTL0806** based on 0.38 N • m
2. Check Operating Curve

**Max. rpm** = (100 m/min.) / (0.076 m x π) = 419 rpm

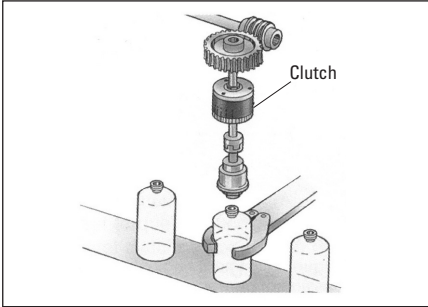
419 rpm is too high for continuous duty on the **S90MCCMMTL0806** unit.

3. Select Catalog Number **S90MCCMMTL1612**

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**CYCLING**



**Bottle Capping** - Constant torque provided by a hysteresis clutch.

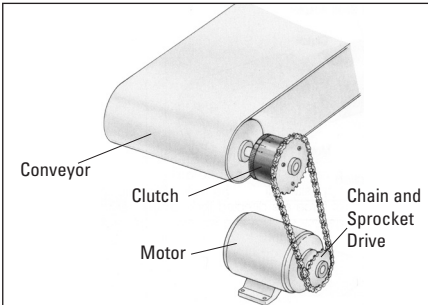
Information required: (Example)

- Slip rpm** = 350 rpm
- Torque** = 1 N • m
- Duty cycle** (% slip time of total cycle time) = 25%

How to size:

1. Select Catalog Number **S90MCCMML1612** based on 1 N • m
2. Check Operating Curve  
350 rpm is high, but as the duty cycle is only 25%, the Catalog Number **S90MCCMML1612** is okay.

**OVERLOAD PROTECTION TORQUE LIMITING SOFT START (Motor Horsepower Method)**



**Torque Limiting** - Hysteresis clutch provides overload protection.

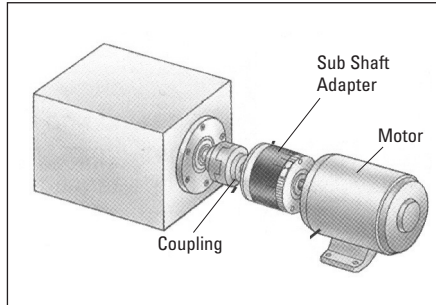
Information required: (Example)

- Motor HP** = 0.07 kw (1/10 HP)
- Motor rpm** = 900 rpm

How to size:

$$\text{Torque (N • m)} = (\text{Motor HP} \times 9550) / \text{Motor rpm}$$

$$= [0.07 \text{ kw} \times 9550] / 900 = 0.74 \text{ N • m}$$



**Material Handling** - Hysteresis clutch can provide overload protection and soft start.

1. Select Catalog Number **S90MCCMML1628**

- based on 0.74 N • m
- 2. Check Operating Curve  
0.75 N • m is at the upper limit of safe continuous operation, but is okay.

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➤ **ADVANTAGES:**

- No electricity
- No breakaway torque
- Constant torque independent of shaft (rotor) speed
- No contacting or wearing parts
- No friction elements – same smooth torque year after year
- No magnetic particles to leak or contaminate end product
- Operable in some of the most difficult environments
- Brake (with shaft) and clutch (with hollow shaft) available
- Custom designs available

➤ **APPLICATIONS:**

**Fig. 1 As a Coupling**

This is for load protection or torque limiting. The coupling style unit is directly connected to a motor and turns at the same speed as the motor until the torque is reached. At this point it will slip and still generate the maximum torque.

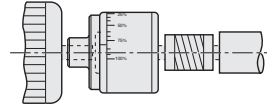


Fig. 1

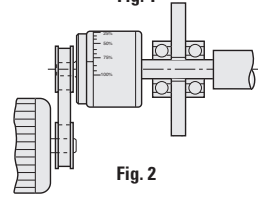


Fig. 2

**Fig. 3 As a Clutch**

The unit is connected to a motor by a timing belt or gear. The housing is driven and the shaft is the output end.

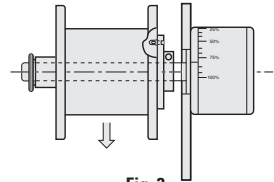


Fig. 3

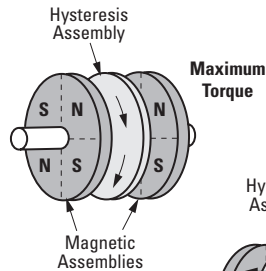
**Fig. 3 As a Payout Brake**

Brake is stationary and the reel or material is fitted to the output shaft. The tension on the material will vary with the diameter.

➤ **HOW THEY OPERATE:**

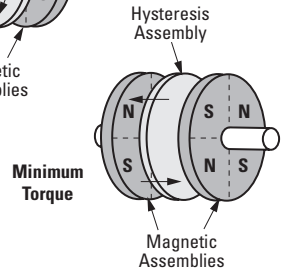
**For Maximum Torque**

All important internal clearances are ground to tolerances of less than .001 in. (0.025 mm). Magnet assemblies surround hysteresis assembly. When like poles face each other, they produce maximum magnetic saturation of the hysteresis disc, forcing lines of flux to travel circumferentially through the hysteresis disc.



**For Minimum Torque**

When opposite poles face each other they produce minimum saturation of the hysteresis disc. The lines of flux travel through the hysteresis disc.

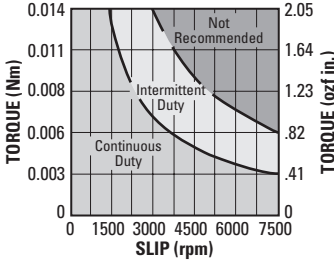


Combinations of adjustment angles between the two extremes give infinite adjustability. Because there are no contacting surfaces, the setting can be maintained indefinitely.

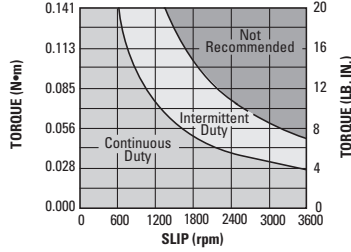


► HOW TO USE THE CURVES:

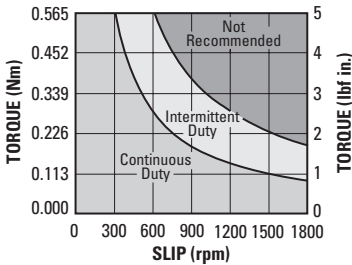
Find the slip rpm on the X-axis and the torque on the Y-axis. Notice the areas that represent safe, continuous duty; intermittent duty, such as five minutes on, five minutes off, and the area which is not recommended. Operating above that line for any period of time will cause overheating and possible damage to the unit.



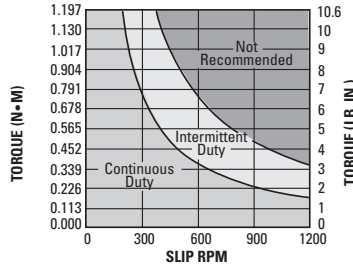
**S90MCCM513...**



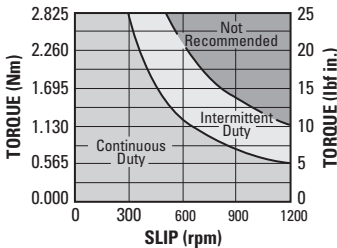
**S90MCC-MTL25001**  
**S90MCCMMTL0601**



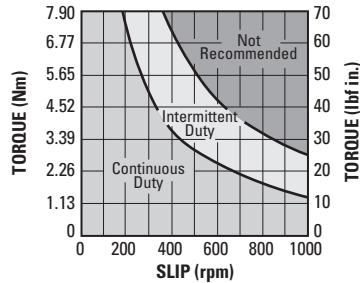
**S90MCC-MTL37505**  
**S90MCCMMTL0806**



**S90MCC-MTL37510**  
**S90MCC-MTL50010**  
**S90MCC-MTL62510**  
**S90MCCMMTL1612**



**S90MCC-MTL50025**  
**S90MCC-MTL62525**  
**S90MCCMMTL1628**



**S90MCCMM806...**

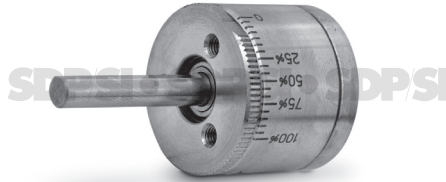
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# MAGNETIC CLUTCHES & COUPLINGS

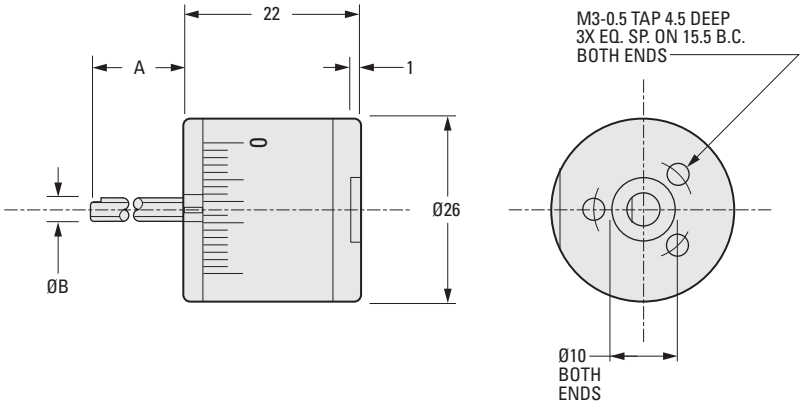
# SDP/SI

0.0003...0.014 N • m TORQUE RANGE  
 NONELECTRIC  
 NO WEARING PARTS  
 NO FRICTION

PHONE: 516.328.3300 • FAX: 516.326.8827 • WWW.SDP-SI.COM



**MATERIAL:**  
 Housing and Shaft - Stainless Steel



The projections shown are per ISO convention.

## METRIC COMPONENT

Catalog Number	B Shaft 0 -0.03	A Shaft Length	Torque Range N•m	Weight kg
S90MCCM5130213	5	13	0.0003...0.002	0.071
S90MCCM5130225		25		
S90MCCM5130713	5	13	0.001... 0.007	0.071
S90MCCM5130725		25		
S90MCCM5131413	5	13	0.001... 0.014	0.071
S90MCCM5131425		25		

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# MAGNETIC CLUTCHES & COUPLINGS

# SDP/SI

0.33...7.9 N • m TORQUE RANGE

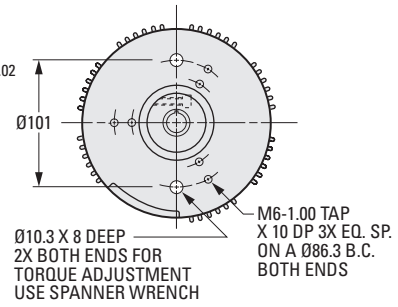
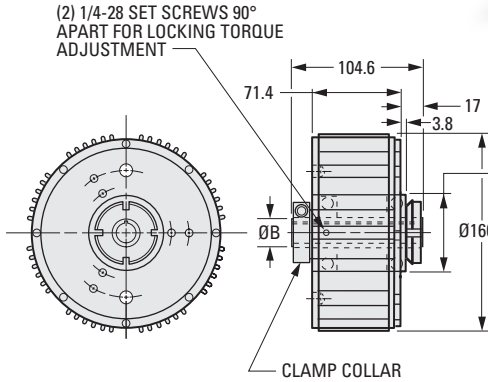
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- NONELECTRIC
- NO WEARING PARTS
- NO FRICTION
- HOLLOW BORE

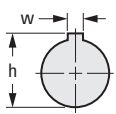


**› MATERIAL:**

- Housing** - Aluminum, Black Anodized Finish
- Dial** - Steel, Black Oxide Finish



The projections shown are per ISO convention.



Keyway Dimensions		
Bore	16	19
w +0.05/0	5	6
h +0.25/0	18.3	21.8

METRIC COMPONENT			
Catalog Number	B Bore +0.025 0	Torque Range N • m	Weight kg
S90MCCM80616	16	0.33...7.9	6.45
S90MCCM80619	19		

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# ROLLER CLUTCHES

# SDP/SI

FOR 4 mm TO 35 mm HARDENED SHAFTS  
UNIDIRECTIONAL DRIVE

PHONE: 516.328.3300 • FAX: 516.326.8827 • WWW.SDP-SI.COM



**> MATERIAL:**

- Roller Cup** - Case-Hardened Steel
- Needle Bearing** - 52100 Hardened Chrome Steel
- Springs** - Stainless Steel
- Cage** - Nylon 66 (or Equivalent)

**> FEATURES:**

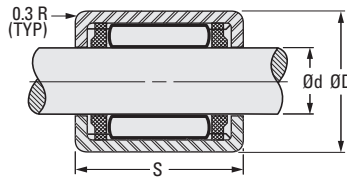
- Ideal for indexing, backstopping or overrunning operations.
- Free rolling one way, drives in opposite direction.
- Lightweight, low profile.
- High indexing frequency, up to 4CPS.
- Operating temperature, grease +10°C to +70°C.
- Minimum backlash.

**> SHAFT REQUIREMENTS:**

Shaft surface hardness must be HRC 58 min.

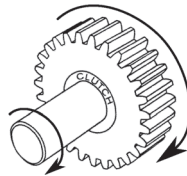
**> HOUSING RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended tolerances for housing bore according to N7 for steel, R7 for aluminum.

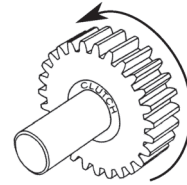


**What It Does...**

Transmits torque load in one direction.  
Overruns freely in opposite direction.  
Either shaft or housing can be driving member.



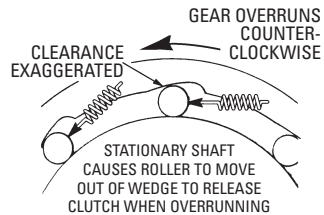
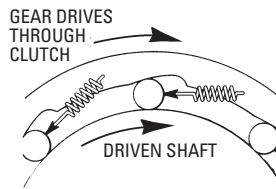
GEAR DRIVES  
SHAFT CLOCKWISE



GEAR OVERRUNS  
SHAFT COUNTERCLOCKWISE

**How It Works...**

Rollers wedge between shaft and outer race. Positive wedging forces prevent slipping. Springs position rollers for instantaneous lockup.



**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	d Shaft Dia. h6	D Dia.	S Face Width 0 -0.2	Max. Torque N • m	Rotating Overrun Speed Max. rpm	
					Shaft	Housing
S99NH3MURC0406	4	8	6	0.34	34000	8000
S99NH3MURC0612	6	10	12	1.76	23000	13000
S99NH3MURC0812	8	12		3.15	17000	12000
S99NH3MURC1012	10	14		5.3	14000	11000
S99NH3MURC1216	12	18	16	12.2	11000	8000
S99NH3MURC1416	14	20		17.3	9500	8000
S99NH3MURC1616	16	22		20.5	8500	7500
S99NH3MURC1816	18	24	20	24.1	7500	7500
S99NH3MURC2016	20	26		28.5	7000	6500
S99NH3MURC2520	25	32		66	5500	5500
S99NH3MURC3020	30	37	20	90	4500	4500
S99NH3MURC3520	35	42		121	3900	3900

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SINTERED BEARING SUPPORT  
UNIDIRECTIONAL DRIVE

PHONE: 516.328.3300 • FAX: 516.326.8827 • WWW.SDP-SI.COM



**› MATERIAL:**

- Roller Cup** - Case-Hardened Steel
- Needle Bearing** - 52100 Hardened Chrome Steel
- Springs** - Stainless Steel
- Cage** - Plastic
- Bearing Support** - Sintered Bronze Bearings

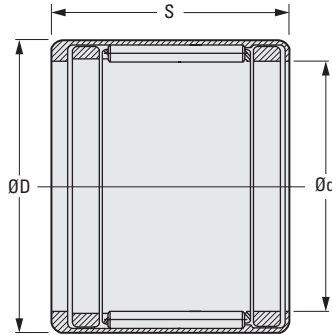


**› SHAFT REQUIREMENTS:**

Shaft surface hardness must be HRC 58 min.

**› HOUSING RECOMMENDATION:**

Recommended tolerances for housing bore are N6 for steel, R6 for aluminum. Tolerances for housing bore of N7 for steel and R7 for aluminum can be used if only 50% of the torque is used.



**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	d Shaft Dia. h6	D Dia.	S Face Width 0 -0.2	Torque Limit N • m	Max. Speed Limit rpm		Max. Load Limit N	Max. Load Speed Limit N/min.
					Shaft	Housing		
* Δ S99NH4MURC0408	4	8	8	0.34	34000	8000	80	16000
* S99NH4MURC0615	6	10	15	1.76	23000	13000	110	18000

- \* During operation of the above items:  
F max. = Load Speed Limit (N/min.)  
F<sub>R</sub> = Load Limit (N)  
n = Speed Limit (housing or shaft) (rpm)  
F<sub>R</sub> • n = F max.
- Δ Equipped with plastic springs.

Continued on the next page

**Waiting For Inspiration To Strike?**

This scientific approach to creativity makes a lot more sense to us engineers, who tend to need a little more logical reasoning and a little less haphazardness.

<https://info.designatronics.com/improving-creativity-ebook>

NEEDLE BEARING SUPPORT  
UNIDIRECTIONAL DRIVE

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**> MATERIAL:**

- Roller Cup** - Case-Hardened Steel
- Needle Bearing** - 52100 Hardened Chrome Steel
- Springs** - Stainless Steel
- Cage** - Plastic
- Bearing Support** - Needle Bearings



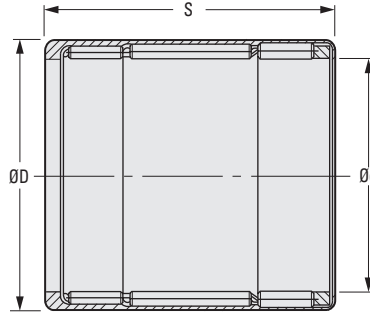
SDP/SI SDP/SI

**> SHAFT REQUIREMENTS:**

Shaft surface hardness must be HRC 58 min.

**> HOUSING RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Recommended tolerances for housing bore are N6 for steel, R6 for aluminum. Tolerances for housing bore of N7 for steel and R7 for aluminum can be used if only 50% of the torque is used.



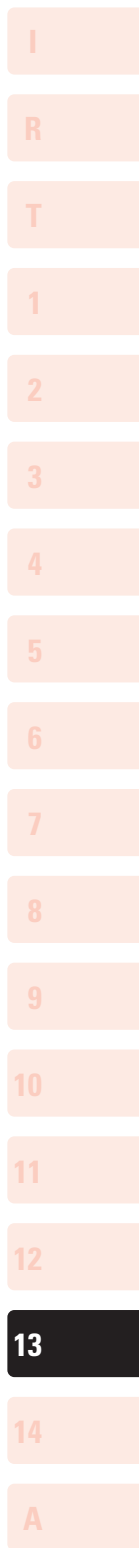
**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	d Shaft Dia. h6	D Dia.	S Face Width 0 -0.2	Max. Torque N • m	Rotating Overrun Speed Max. rpm		Load Ratings N	
					Shaft	Housing	Dynamic	Static
S99NH4MURC0822	8	12	22	3.15	17000	12000	3500	4100
S99NH4MURC1022	10	14		5.3	14000	11000	3750	4650
S99NH4MURC1226	12	18	26	12.2	11000	8000	5800	6700
S99NH4MURC1426	14	20		17.3	9500	8000	6300	7800
S99NH4MURC1626	16	22		20.5	8500	7500	6900	9000
S99NH4MURC1826	18	24		24.1	7500	7500	7400	10200
S99NH4MURC2026	20	26	30	28.5	7000	6500	7900	11400
S99NH4MURC2530	25	32		66	5500	5500	9800	14000
S99NH4MURC3030	30	37		90	4500	4500	10800	16900
S99NH4MURC3530	35	42		121	3900	3900	11400	18800

Continued from the previous page

**See what SDP/SI can do for you...**

Tour our facility: [www.sdp-si.com/tour](http://www.sdp-si.com/tour)



## TECHNICAL INFORMATION

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**> FEATURES:**

- Torque proportional to input current.
- Torque virtually independent of slip speed.
- Smooth stable, noise-free operation.
- Long-life no-wearing components.
- Maintenance-free.
- Infinitely adjustable.

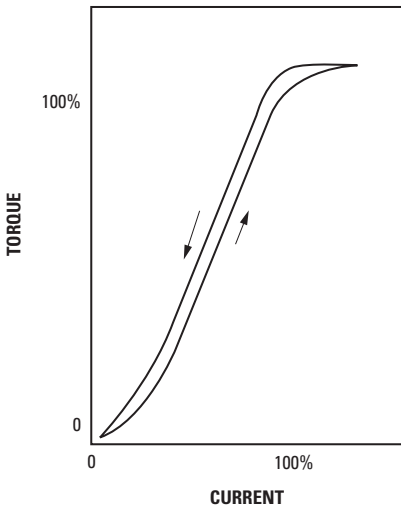
**> APPLICATIONS:**

- Tensioning of wire, cable, films, paper, etc.
- Positioning of fuel flow controls, film processors
- Braking for motors and dereeling
- Load simulation for motor testing, fuse testing, etc.

**> OPTIONS:**

- Nonstandard coil voltages
- Special mounting configurations
- Modified shafts

Hysteresis clutches provide an efficient, smooth, electrically controllable link between a motor and a load. While presenting integral ball bearing supported input and output shafts, the clutch features a field (electromagnet) assembly that is prevented from rotating by fixing to a bulkhead. When the coil is energized, the input and output shafts are coupled by magnetic fluxes, thus driving the load. The torque transmitted is proportional to the current supplied to the device.

**> TORQUE AS A FUNCTION OF INPUT CURRENT:**

When a field setting is approached from zero current, it will produce less torque than if approached from prior current because of residual magnetism. Accurate and repeatable torque outputs are delivered when the setting is approached from the same direction.



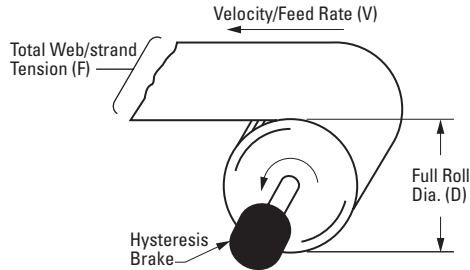
**APPLICATION EXAMPLE:**

To select a brake to tension a 7-inch (178 mm) diameter pay-off reel in a system requiring total (web or strand) tension of 2 lbf (8.9 N) and a process speed of 600 FPM.

**BRAKE TORQUE (T)** = Force (F) X Radius (D/2)  
 $T = 2 \text{ lbf (8.9 N)} \times 3.5 \text{ in. (88.9 mm)} = \mathbf{7 \text{ lbf in. (791 Nmm)}}$   
 or  $T = 32 \text{ ozf} \times 3.5 \text{ in. (88.9 mm)} = 112 \text{ ozf in.}$

**SLIP SPEED (rpm)** = linear velocity (V) (in./min.) / circumference (in.)  
 or linear velocity (V) (mm/min.) / circumference (mm)  
 $\text{rpm} = 600 \text{ ft./min.} \times 12 / (\pi \times 7 \text{ in.})$  or  $(183 \text{ m/min.} \times 1000) / (\pi \times 178 \text{ mm})$   
 $\text{rpm} = \mathbf{327}$

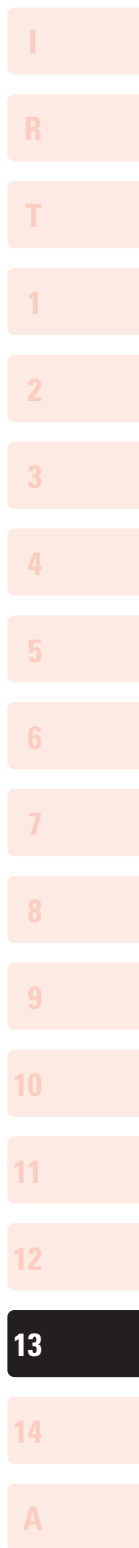
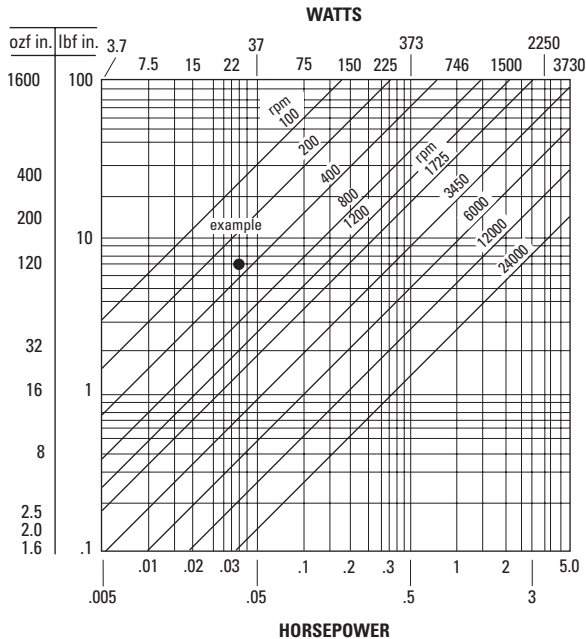
**ENERGY DISSIPATION (W)** = Energy Dissipation requirement is calculated using basic horsepower formula X 746 watts/hp  
 $W = (T \text{ (lbf in.)} \times \text{rpm} / 63025) \times 746$  or  $(T \text{ (Nmm)} \times \text{rpm} / 7145221) \times 746$   
 $W = (\mathbf{7 \text{ lbf in.} \times \mathbf{327 \text{ rpm}} / 63025) \times 746 = \mathbf{27 \text{ watts}}$  or  $(\mathbf{791 \text{ Nmm}} \times \mathbf{327 \text{ rpm}} / 7145221) \times 746 = \mathbf{27 \text{ watts}}$



**Quick Check:** The curves to the left can be used as a quick check to verify the kinetic power calculation. Simply locate the required torque on the vertical axis, move horizontally until you intersect the appropriate speed line, and then read vertically (up or down) to obtain the resulting watts or horsepower.

**Selection:** From the data on the following pages it can be seen that an **S90HYB-120024** Hysteresis Brake which has a rated torque of 120 ozf in. (847 Nmm), a maximum speed capability of 12000 rpm, and an energy dissipation capability of 75 watts continuous, would be the proper selection for this application.

**Note:** In a clutch application, slip speed is the difference in rotational speed between the input and output members of the clutch assembly. In the above example, tensioning was being accomplished with a clutch inserted between a take-up reel and a motor driving at 500 rpm. The actual slip used to compute the energy dissipation requirements would be 500 rpm (clutch input speed) - 327 rpm (clutch output speed = 173 rpm). This difference in speed would obviously impact the result for energy dissipation.



**COIL DATA:**

Voltage: 24VDC

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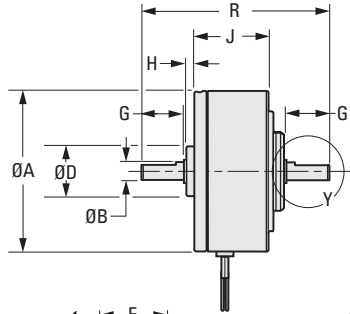
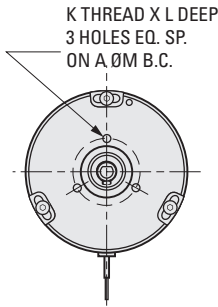
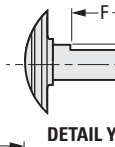


Fig. 1



DETAIL Y

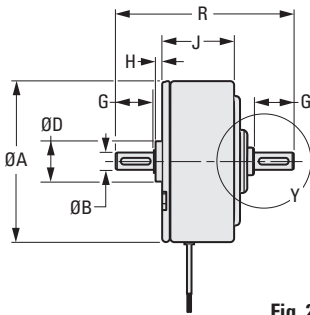
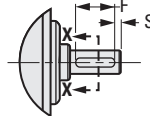


Fig. 2



DETAIL Y

SECTION X-X



The projections shown are per ISO convention.

**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	Fig. No.	Min. Static Torque @ rated VDC N • m	Drag Torque @ 1000 rpm N • m	Power Rating 5 min. Watts	Power Rating Continuous Watts	Max. rpm **	Input Inertia kg • cm <sup>2</sup>	A Dia. h6	B Dia. h6	E	F
*S90HB1M032S03	1	0.024	3.53 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	20	5	20000	0.0043	31.8	3	—	—
S90HB1M046S05	1	0.095	7.06 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	45	12	20000	0.0435	45.7	5	0.7	9.5
S90HB1M050S05	1	0.15	7.77 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	50	50	20000	0.0458	50	5	0.7	9.5
S90HB1M092S10	1	1.2	5.42 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	300	75	12000	1	92	10	1.1	16
S90HB1M113S12	2	2.1	7.77 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	450	110	10000	3.45	112.5	12	2.5	20
S90HB1M226S25	2	14.5	.0918	1200	350	6000	62.5	226	25	4	25

Catalog Number (Ref.)	D Dia. h6	S	T	G	H	J	K	L	M Dia. h6	R	Weight kg
*S90HB1M032S03	10	—	—	8	2	18.6	M2.5-0.45	4.3	19	42	0.103
S90HB1M046S05	14	—	—	12.1	2.4	20.7	M3-0.5	5	19	53	0.24
S90HB1M050S05	14	—	—	13	1.7	23.5	M4-0.7	6.1	21	56	0.32
S90HB1M092S10	22	—	—	21Δ	2.5	39	M4-0.7	8.9	38	100	1.85
S90HB1M113S12	28	3.5	4	27	4	50.8	M5-0.8	9.9	45	123	3.5
S90HB1M226S25	52	12.5	8	50	6	76.2	M6-1	12	100	213	24.5

\*S90HB1M032S03 does not have a flat, but all other dimensions apply.

\*\* Balancing may be required for certain applications

Δ Right side shaft is 25mm.

**NEW**

13-24  
D815



# POWER-OFF SERVO BRAKES



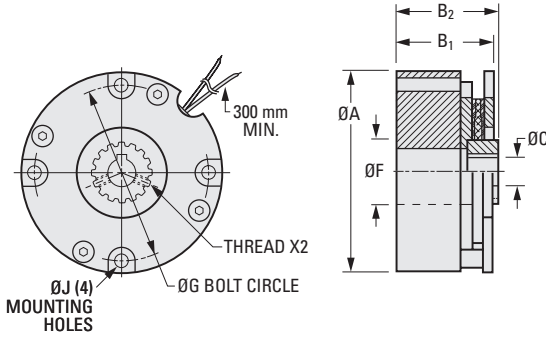
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ENERGY EFFICIENT

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### > COIL DATA:

Voltage: 24V DC



The projections shown are per ISO convention.

### Keyway Dimensions

Bore	6	8	10	12	16
Width	2	3	3	4	5
Height	7	9.4	11.4	13.8	18.3

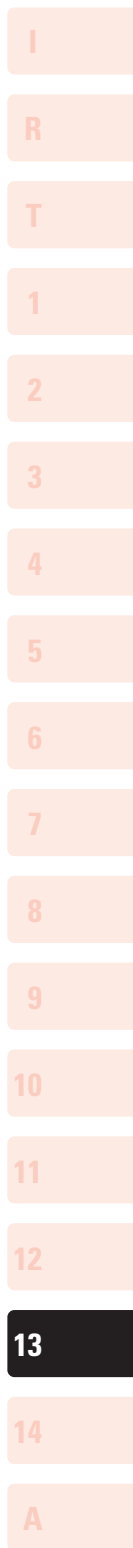
### METRIC COMPONENT

Catalog Number	Static Torque N•m	Max. Watts	C Bore	F Case Inside Dia.	A Dia.	G	J	B <sub>1</sub> OAL Short Hub	B <sub>2</sub> OAL Long Hub
S90SB9M15A06S	0.56	7	6	13.5	38.1	33.3	3.2	26.9	—
S90SB9M15A06L			—					30	
S90SB9M15A08S			8					26.9	—
S90SB9M15A08L			—					30	
S90SB9M15A10S			10					26.9	—
S90SB9M15A10L	—	30							
S90SB9M17A06S	1.13	10	6	14.7	45.5	41.7	2.4	30.2	—
S90SB9M17A06L			—					33.5	
S90SB9M17A10S			10					30.2	—
S90SB9M17A10L			—					33.5	
S90SB9M17A12S			12					30.2	—
S90SB9M17A12L	—	33.5							
S90SB9M19A06S	2.03	12	6	10.9	50.8	45	3.7	30.2	—
S90SB9M19A06L			—					35	
S90SB9M19A10S			10					30.2	—
S90SB9M19A10L			—					35	
S90SB9M23A08S			8					35.6	—
S90SB9M23A08L	—	41.9							
S90SB9M23A10S	3.95	13	10	20	60	52.1	4.5	35.6	—
S90SB9M23A10L			—					41.9	
S90SB9M23A12S			12					35.6	—
S90SB9M23A12L			—					41.9	
S90SB9M23A16S			16					35.6	—
S90SB9M23A16L	—	41.9							

Catalog Number (Series Ref.)	Thread	Nom. Resistance Ohms	Armature		Rotor Inertia kgf • m • sec <sup>2</sup>	Energy Dissipation N • m/min	Weight kg
			Engagement msec	Disengagement msec			
S90SB9M15A...	M2	96	20	10	0.5 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	678	0.1
S90SB9M17A...	M3	64	20	10	0.21 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	949	0.3
S90SB9M19A...		54	35		0.27 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1220	
S90SB9M23A...	M3	46.5	70	20	0.20 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	1627	0.5

Continued on the next page

13-25  
D815

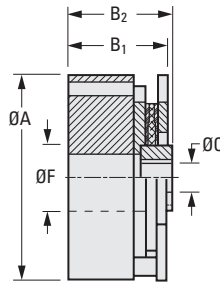
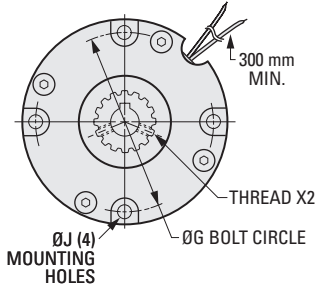


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**> COIL DATA:**  
Voltage: 24V DC



The projections shown are per ISO convention.

**Keyway Dimensions**

Bore	10	12	16
Width	3	4	5
Height	11.4	13.8	18.3

**METRIC COMPONENT**

Catalog Number	Static Torque N•m	Max. Watts	C Bore	F Case Inside Dia.	A Dia.	G	J	B <sub>1</sub> OAL Short Hub	B <sub>2</sub> OAL Long Hub
S90SB9M26A10S	4.52	19	10	16	72.9	63.5	4.5	31	—
S90SB9M26A10L			—					36.8	
S90SB9M26A12S			12					—	36.8
S90SB9M26A12L			—					36.8	
S90SB9M28A10S	9.04	20	10	30	77	70	4.5	31	—
S90SB9M28A10L			—					36.8	
S90SB9M28A12S			12					—	36.8
S90SB9M28A12L			—					36.8	
S90SB9M28A16S	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	31	—
S90SB9M28A16L			—					36.8	

Catalog Number (Series Ref.)	Thread	Nom. Resistance Ohms	Armature		Rotor Inertia kgf • m • sec <sup>2</sup>	Energy Dissipation N • m/min	Weight kg
			Engagement msec	Disengagement msec			
S90SB9M26A...	M4	33	80	20	0.13 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1898	0.5
S90SB9M28A...	M4	36	50	40	0.12 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	2440	0.8

Continued from the previous page

ANTI-BACKLASH WHEN ENERGIZED  
ZERO DRAG WHEN DE-ENERGIZED

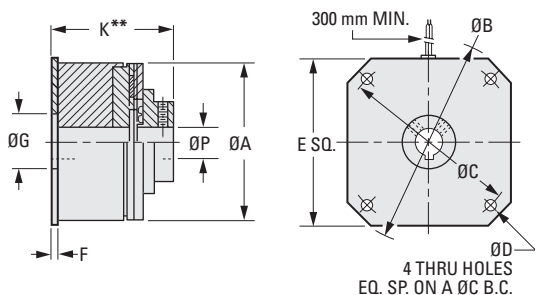
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**> COIL DATA:**

Voltage: 24V DC

Other voltages available on special order.



The projections shown are per ISO convention.



Keyway Dimensions				
<b>Bore</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Width</b>	2	3	3	4
<b>Height</b>	7	9.4	11.4	13.8

Catalog Number	Static* Torque N • m	Max. Wattlege	Armature Inertia kgf • m • sec <sup>2</sup>	Energy Dissipation N • m/min.	Armature		P Bore	
					Engagement msec	Disengagement msec		
					S90BF9M11A06	0.565		5
S90BF9M11A08								8
S90BF9M22A08	4.519	8.5	0.38 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1898.4	12	32		8
S90BF9M22A10								10
S90BF9M26A10	9.039	9.5	0.93 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	3525.6	15	35		10
S90BF9M26A12								12

Catalog Number (Ref.)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Length**		T Set Screws	Weight kg
								K	Air Gap		
S90BF9M11A06	31.8	38.05	33.32	3.2	29.7	1.3	13.34	29	0.1/0.22	M3	0.1
S90BF9M11A08											
S90BF9M22A08	57.4	72.97	63.5	4.2	59.2	1.6	22.23	44.2	0.15/0.33	M4	0.4
S90BF9M22A10											
S90BF9M26A10	66.7	88.87	79.38	4.8	66.8	1.6	26.97	46.8	0.15/0.33	M5	0.5
S90BF9M26A12											

\*Typical torque after burnishing; units shipped burnished.

\*\*Length equals K including the working gap at installation.