

which shall not exceed \$5,000, shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

ASSISTANT CLERK, COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS AND SURVEYS

Mr. LUCAS. From the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, I report favorably Senate Resolution 245, and ask unanimous consent for its present consideration.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

There being no objection, the resolution, submitted by Mr. HATCH on May 12, 1942, was considered and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Lands and Surveys is hereby authorized to employ, beginning June 1, 1942, for the duration of the Seventy-seventh Congress, an assistant clerk, to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate at the rate of \$2,880 per annum.

DEATH OF REPRESENTATIVE PATRICK J. BOLAND

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate the following resolution (H. Res. 483) from the House of Representatives, which was read:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
UNITED STATES,
May 18, 1942.

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow the death of Hon. PATRICK J. BOLAND, a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That a committee of 35 Members of the House, with such Members of the Senate as may be joined, be appointed to attend the funeral.

Resolved, That the Sergeant at Arms of the House be authorized and directed to take such steps as may be necessary for carrying out the provision of these resolutions and that the necessary expenses in connection therewith be paid out of the contingent fund of the House.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, for the Senators from Pennsylvania [Mr. DAVIS and Mr. GUFFEY], I submit a resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The resolution submitted by the Senator from Kentucky will be read.

The resolution (S. Res. 252) was read, considered by unanimous consent, and unanimously agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow the announcement of the death of Hon. PATRICK J. BOLAND, late a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That a committee of two Senators be appointed by the Vice President to join the committee appointed on the part of the House of Representatives to attend the funeral of the deceased Representative.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Under the terms of the resolution, the Chair appoints the Senators from Pennsylvania

[Mr. DAVIS and Mr. GUFFEY] the committee on the part of the Senate.

RECESS

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased Representative, I move that the Senate take a recess until 12 o'clock noon tomorrow.

The motion was unanimously agreed to; and (at 5 o'clock and 19 minutes p. m.) the Senate took a recess until tomorrow, Tuesday, May 19, 1942, at 12 o'clock noon.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate, May 18 (legislative day of May 15), 1942:

DIPLOMATIC AND FOREIGN SERVICE

William Langdon Sands, of Florida, to be a Foreign Service officer, unclassified, a vice consul of career, and a secretary in the Diplomatic Service of the United States of America.

REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE

Clarence W. Ogle, of Oregon, to be register of the Land Office at Lakeview, Oreg. (reappointment).

APPOINTMENTS IN THE REGULAR ARMY

TO BE SECOND LIEUTENANT, CAVALRY, WITH RANK FROM DATE OF APPOINTMENT

Second Lt. William Sayers McCauley, Cavalry Reserve.

APPOINTMENT BY TRANSFER IN THE REGULAR ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES

TO ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

Capt. Kenneth Earl Thiebaud, Infantry (temporary lieutenant colonel, Army of the United States), with rank from June 14, 1937.

TO FINANCE DEPARTMENT

First Lt. Oscar Rawles Bowyer, infantry (temporary major, Army of the United States), with rank from June 12, 1938.

TO ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

First Lt. Severin Richard Beyma, Coast Artillery Corps (temporary major, Army of the United States), with rank from June 12, 1937.

First Lt. John Rigden Van Dickson, Infantry (temporary major, Army of the United States), with rank from June 12, 1939.

TO AIR CORPS

Capt. Elwin Herklas Eddy, Field Artillery, with rank from June 11, 1941.

First Lt. Benjamin Oliver Davis, Jr., Infantry (temporary captain, Army of the United States), with rank from June 12, 1939.

First Lt. Francis Carlton Truesdale, Infantry (temporary captain, Army of the United States), with rank from July 3, 1940.

Second Lt. Jack Curtright McClure, Jr., Field Artillery, with rank from June 11, 1941.

Second Lt. Marshall Warren Carney, Coast Artillery Corps, with rank from June 11, 1941.

Second Lt. Curtis Francis Betts, Coast Artillery Corps, with rank from June 11, 1941.

Second Lt. Samuel Wilson Parks, Coast Artillery Corps, with rank from June 11, 1941.

Second Lt. Paul Allard Kirk, Field Artillery, with rank from July 1, 1941.

PROMOTIONS IN THE REGULAR ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES

TO BE COLONELS WITH RANK FROM MAY 1, 1942

Lt. Col. Henry William Harms, Air Corps (temporary colonel, Air Corps; temporary colonel, Army of the United States).

Lt. Col. John Earl Lewis, Field Artillery (temporary brigadier general, Army of the United States).

Lt. Col. Walton Harris Walker, Infantry (temporary major general, Army of the United States).

Lt. Col. Millard Fillmore Harmon, Air Corps (temporary colonel, Air Corps; temporary major general, Army of the United States).

Lt. Col. John Duncan Kelly, Cavalry (temporary colonel, Army of the United States).

CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate May 18 (legislative day of May 15), 1942:

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

Henry Grady Vien to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Illinois.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Austin S. Imirie to be a principal administrative officer in national headquarters, Selective Service System. (Compensation to be \$5,600 per annum.)

Earl D. Krickbaum to be a principal statistician in the Selective Service System. (Compensation to be \$5,600 per annum.)

PROMOTIONS IN THE MARINE CORPS

The nominations of Philip H. Torrey et al. for promotion in the Marine Corps, which were referred to the committee on May 12, 1942.

(NOTE.—A full list of the persons whose nominations for promotion in the Marine Corps were confirmed today may be found in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of May 12, 1942, under the caption "Nominations," beginning on p. 4093.)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, MAY 18, 1942

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

The Chaplain, Rev. James Shera Montgomery, D. D., offered the following prayer:

Eternal God, our Father, Thou who hearest prayer and knowest our need, open our hearts and minds, making us aware that the whole earth is ablaze with Thy glory. Thou dost shed light upon every path and dost reveal the majesty of every common task. Continue to raise our conceptions of righteousness and justice and hold us beneath their sway for the sake of humankind and with an abounding realization that human liberty is hard to get and easy to lose. Come, dear Lord, from whom the living waters flow, and course through our deeds and purposes and make them pure.

Look Thou upon the afflicted ones who are stricken with grief and must take up their burdens again, finding strength and comfort in the blessed name of the Lord. Thou hast called unto Thyself, dear Father, one of our own; he loved his country, his church, and his Redeemer. To his memory we give unstinted tributes of personal worth and appreciation. "Thy will be done" in the name of St. Mary's Holy Child. Vouchsafe unto all his loved ones the peace and rest which flow from Thy holy presence. In the precious name of Jesus, our Saviour. Amen.

The Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, May 14, 1942, was read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Frazier, its legislative clerk, announced that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the bill (H. R. 4476) entitled "An act providing for sundry matters affecting the Military Establishment," disagreed to by the House; agrees to the conference asked by the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. JOHNSON of Colorado, Mr. LEE, Mr. AUSTIN, and Mr. GURNEY to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the bill (H. R. 6927) entitled "An act to amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes," disagreed to by the House; agrees to the conference asked by the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon and appoints Mr. BANKHEAD, Mr. MALONEY, Mr. RADCLIFFE, Mr. DANAHY, and Mr. TAFT to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Senate disagrees to the amendment of the House to the bill (S. 2025) entitled "An act to readjust the pay and allowances of personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service," requests a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. REYNOLDS, Mr. JOHNSON of Colorado, Mr. HILL, Mr. AUSTIN, and Mr. GURNEY to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The message also announced that the Vice President had appointed Mr. BARKLEY and Mr. BREWSTER members of the Joint Select Committee on the part of the Senate, as provided for in this act of August 5, 1939, entitled "An act to provide for the disposition of certain records of the United States Government," for the disposition of executive papers in the following departments and agency:

1. Department of the Interior.
2. Department of Justice.
3. Department of the Navy.
4. Department of War.
5. War Production Board.

BILL PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mr. KIRWAN, from the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported that that committee did on Thursday, May 14, 1942, present to the President, for his approval, a bill of the House of the following title:

H. R. 6293. An act to establish a Women's Army Auxiliary Corps for service with the Army of the United States.

THE LATE PATRICK J. BOLAND

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK].

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution.

The Clerk read House Resolution 483, as follows:

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. PATRICK J. BOLAND, a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That a committee of 35 Members of the House with such Members of the Senate as may be joined be appointed to attend the funeral.

Resolved, That the Sergeant at Arms of the House be authorized and directed to take such steps as may be necessary for carrying out the provision of these resolutions and that the necessary expenses in connection therewith be paid out of the contingent fund of the House.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, the death of our beloved friend PATRICK J. BOLAND is a tremendous shock to all of us. We all realize the personal loss it is to his wife and children. His sudden death is also a personal loss to the House and to each Member of it, and particularly to myself.

It is difficult for me to express in words the thoughts that run through my mind. However, there are a few pertinent observations I wish to make on this sad occasion in paying tribute to the outstanding service of our late friend during the years he has been a Member of this body.

For several years he occupied one of the most trying positions in the organization of the House, that of majority whip. Very few people outside of this body realize the importance of this position, and very few people, probably, realize the tremendous burdens that are imposed upon any Member who occupies it. Many great Members of this body, in both parties, during the generations of our constitutional history have filled that important and powerful position with honor, distinction, and dignity. Our late friend filled it in the highest manner and with the greatest degree of dignity humanly possible. As majority whip he lived up to the great reputation made by all the great majority whips of both parties of the generations of our constitutional government.

PAT BOLAND was majority whip during the most trying period in the history of our country. He performed his duties in a manner which speaks for itself. During normal days, the position of majority whip is one of outstanding importance. It has been particularly so during the past 2 years. During the past 2 years, he had to devote many hours to trying to achieve the results, unnecessary for me to refer to now in detail, which have been attained in this body; results so necessary for the welfare of our country. I know the arduous duties that were imposed during this period upon our late friend, and so does our beloved Speaker, because on many occasions it was necessary for the three of us to work into the early hours of the morning planning the passage of legislation recommended by the President, and so essential for the Nation's best interests.

The name of our late friend, PAT BOLAND, will occupy a very prominent page when the historians of the future come to write the history of these days, and properly so, because of the powerful contribution he made toward the enactment of legislation necessary for our national defense.

There is no question in my mind but what his sudden and unexpected death

was precipitated, in part at least, by the arduous tasks imposed upon him during the past 2 years. He faced those tasks in the same spirit as the soldier who goes forth to perform a task from which he does not expect to return. PAT BOLAND stuck by his job and performed it well. It might well be said of him that from a legislative angle he is a casualty of the present war.

I know that when I send Mrs. Boland and the other members of our late colleague's family a message expressing my profound sympathy in their bereavement I shall be voicing the sentiments of all my colleagues. Their loss is our loss, the loss of the House of Representatives as such, and the loss of each and every one of us as individual Members. Without regard to party, every Member of this body respected our late distinguished colleague. In addition, his loss is a great blow not only to his city of Scranton, to his district, and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, but to the entire Nation. Pat, you are gone but not forgotten.

Mr. Speaker, I now yield to our beloved Presiding Officer, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN].

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PARMAN). The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN].

Mr. RAYBURN. Mr. Speaker, in the passing of PATRICK BOLAND I have lost one of the most faithful and dearest friends I have had in all my lifetime. He stood the test. He was capable of giving friendship, because he was that loyal, that fine, that devoted type of human being. God never made a truer man than PATRICK BOLAND. I have seen him tested as if by fire; he stood with his face to the storm when it was necessary and his back was never turned to the enemies of good government or of his country.

His loss is deeply personal to me because it was my privilege and my pleasure to make him majority whip of the House of Representatives, or rather, to continue him in that place, and the majority leader and the whip and the Speaker must work very, very closely. I never knew a time when he was too tired to respond to a call and be at his post of duty. I have never known a greater majority whip than was PATRICK BOLAND. We will miss him; his genial personality, his engaging traits will be missed by all of us. To his family, his loss is an irreplaceable one. I have seen PATRICK BOLAND in his home, with his wife and his children and his brothers and his sisters. He was the ideal type of husband, of father, of brother, and of friend. I have seen no better type of American citizen than PATRICK BOLAND, and I have not seen an overwhelming number of his equals. His loss is not only a tremendous personal loss to all of us and his friends, but for the country in a time like this, to lose a public servant like PATRICK BOLAND is a great blow to the country that he lived in, that he served, and that he loved.

I say, in closing, as I said about another friend who had passed from this chamber—old friend, fine friend, great friend—hail and farewell!

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the acting minority leader the gentleman from California [Mr. ENGLEBRIGHT].

Mr. ENGLEBRIGHT. Mr. Speaker, it is with profound sorrow that I learned of the death of the Honorable PATRICK BOLAND, of Pennsylvania, the majority whip of the House of Representatives. He was a talented Representative and served his people with skill and sincerity. He was untiring in his efforts and served his party with devotion and loyalty. With him country came before party and his patriotism and love of country were an inspiration to all Members of the House. As minority whip I had an intimate friendship with Mr. BOLAND as we cooperated on numerous occasions for the advancement of legislation pertaining to the welfare of the Nation. He was earnest, sincere, and a gentleman of the old school, a man of the highest qualities of leadership. His devotion to his family was well known, and I extend my deep sympathy to his fine wife and children.

In the passing of PAT BOLAND the House of Representatives has lost one of its outstanding Members, and in this hour of national crisis his death is a loss to the entire Nation. The duties of whip are extremely arduous and he never shirked his duty even though his personal health and welfare were in danger. PAT BOLAND had a warmth of character and rare sense of humor that made him loved by his friends and colleagues. The House of Representatives will miss him.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, the distinguished gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. DOUGHTON].

Mr. DOUGHTON. Mr. Speaker, it is with a profound sense and feeling of personal loss that I pay a word of tribute to one of the outstanding Members of this body, who has fallen in line of duty and passed to his final reward.

As chairman of the great Committee on Ways and Means I had an opportunity to know and appreciate the genuine worth of PATRICK BOLAND, or PAT BOLAND, as we all lovingly called him.

No member of our committee and, so far as I know, no Member of this House, approached his duties with a higher concept of his responsibilities to the committee and to the House and to the country than Mr. BOLAND. He was an able, diligent, faithful, capable member of our committee. We all had a most profound respect for him because of his conscientious devotion to duty as well as a devotion to those things that he considered would promote the welfare not only of the citizens of his own district but of the entire country. I have never known a man who was more conscientious or more faithful in the discharge of his every duty than was Mr. BOLAND. Moreover, his unvarying courtesy, his uniform kindness, will ever be remembered and appreciated by his colleagues on the committee. His place on the committee and in this House and as a servant of his district and the country will be a most difficult one to fill.

His fine conception of what was right and proper as a Member of the Congress was surpassed by no one. I know that in extending to his widow and each member of his family our deepest sympathy in their great bereavement I am expressing the sentiment of each Member of this House. May a kind and merciful Providence comfort and console them in their greatest of all sorrows. I am sure that I also express the unanimous sentiment of the House in saying that not only the Committee on Ways and Means, the House of Representatives, the district which he represented, but the entire country in the passing of our beloved colleague has sustained a great loss. I know he will be missed in our committee not only for his fine personal traits, fine traits of character, his geniality and fine companionship, his lovable disposition, his courtesy and consideration for every member of the committee, but each Member of this House will recall, in his official position as whip of the majority party, his unvarying courtesy and gentleness, his stern devotion to duty, his conscientious conception of those things that he conceived to be right. In fact, I have known no man in my more than 30 years of service here who possessed to a larger degree every requisite of mind and character, head and heart, to make an able, useful, conscientious, and outstanding public servant.

By direction of the Committee on Ways and Means, I send to the Speaker's desk a resolution unanimously adopted by our committee this morning, and ask that it be read for the information of the House.

The Clerk read as follows:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.

The Committee on Ways and Means, House of Representatives, of the Seventy-seventh Congress, at a special meeting held on May 18, 1942, unanimously adopted the following resolutions:

"Whereas the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives has heard with profound sorrow of the death of their colleague and fellow member, the Honorable PATRICK J. BOLAND, of Pennsylvania; and

"Whereas Mr. BOLAND was elected to the Seventy-second Congress and had served with distinction continuously from the 4th day of March 1931 until his death in Scranton, Pa., on May 18, 1942; and

"Whereas Mr. BOLAND had filled with credit and distinction positions of trust and honor in his State of Pennsylvania and was loyally and efficiently serving his Nation in a critical period of war; and

"Whereas through his qualities of leadership he had risen high in the councils of his party, and had contributed in a large measure to the formulation of its policies; and

"Whereas his faithful service as a member of this committee, his knowledge of governmental problems, his sincerity of purpose, his fidelity to duty, and his genial, affable character endeared him to every member of the committee: Therefore be it

"Resolved, That we express to the bereaved widow and members of the family of our late colleague our heartfelt sympathy in the loss of a husband and father who was an honorable, capable, and useful public servant; and be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to his widow and that they be spread upon the minutes of the committee."

R. L. DOUGHTON,
Chairman.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield now to the ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means, the distinguished gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. TREADWAY].

Mr. TREADWAY. Mr. Speaker, I realize, with the messages that have come to the House from those who have preceded me on both sides of the aisle, that there is nothing I can add in words to the expressions of sympathy and regret that have already been filed by those gentlemen. I can, however, bring you the outpourings of my own heart. I do not think I ever felt more deeply the announcement of anyone's death than I did that of PATRICK J. BOLAND, when I was informed of it early this morning. There was a sympathetic cord between Mr. BOLAND and myself that I feel at liberty to express to this membership, and it is largely this: That while the majority leader and the Speaker, of course, have referred to him as the majority whip, I want to refer to him only as the whip of the House, because of the manner in which he has treated me over a period of years. I have been to PAT BOLAND numerous times and asked for information. He was as willing to impart it to me as to any member of the majority. Therefore, I feel that he filled his position with such fidelity and trust that he did not recognize the middle aisle in any manner. I was just as much a Member of Congress to him as the Speaker himself or any other of his party associates. He was not a partisan in any sense of the word, and I honor him for that method of procedure with our membership.

One other thought I wish to leave with the House, and that is the expression of regret as a member of the Committee on Ways and Means. We have been intimately associated over a period of years, and you other gentlemen know what that means as you grow up in the meetings with your committee associates. PAT BOLAND has been one of our most intimate and friendly members. When it was suggested this morning that the committee meet in special session, I am not breaking any confidence when I say that our membership had no inclination whatsoever to undertake any part of the great duty which we have on our hands, namely, the consideration of the new tax bill. There was no spirit, no heart, no mind on any thought of that kind. We were entirely wrapped up in the fact that one of our best Members had left us. So I feel the poignancy of the loss of PATRICK J. BOLAND, not only to the House and to the Nation as a whole, but to me personally, and I appreciate the honor of saying these few words of personal sorrow on the passing of a great man.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield now to the gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS F. FORD].

Mr. THOMAS F. FORD. Mr. Speaker, in the sudden taking off of PATRICK J.

BOLAND, I have lost a great friend and a fine leader, because as his chief assistant in the House, I was intimately acquainted with him and the strenuous tasks he was called upon to perform. There was never a critical period when he did not call in his whips and tell them what he wanted, and we went out feeling we had the inspiration of a great leader to accomplish that which was necessary for the progress of legislation which we deemed essential to the welfare of the country. Mr. BOLAND was not only a great American, he was a great democrat, and I do not mean that in a party sense at all. I mean it in the broadest sense of the word, in the sense that Jefferson and Lincoln were great democrats. In his taking off his family lost a great head, his wife a great and loving husband, his children an indulgent and kindly father, and his brothers a great and loving brother, and I extend to them my heartfelt and deepest sympathy, and say that they have the consolation in this black hour, that Pat—we all called him Pat—their beloved, has contributed not only to their happiness and welfare, but to the happiness and welfare of the great country which he has had the honor to represent in this great body. All I can say is, Pat, good-bye, God be with you; may we meet again. You were a splendid citizen, a lovable colleague, and above all a great American.

Under leave to extend my remarks, I am including the following resolution unanimously agreed to by the whip organization:

Resolved, That the whip organization of the House of Representatives of the Seventy-seventh Congress of the United States of America has learned with profound sorrow of the death of its distinguished leader, the Honorable PATRICK J. BOLAND of the State of Pennsylvania; be it further

Resolved, That the whip organization of the House of Representatives desire to record their deep appreciation of the patriotic, untiring, faithful, and devoted service of the Honorable PATRICK J. BOLAND as whip of the Seventy-seventh Congress of the United States; and be it further

Resolved, That in the death of Hon. PATRICK J. BOLAND, of Pennsylvania, the Nation has sustained an irreparable loss, the House of Representatives a wise counselor and guide, the State of Pennsylvania an ever loyal son and democracy everywhere one of its most courageous champions.

Resolved further, That PATRICK J. BOLAND added a new luster to the office of majority whip of the House by his fair, courteous, and vigorous administration of the duties of that important office, in which he was always impelled by the highest ideals and the loftiest patriotism; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of the whip organization of the House will always cherish pleasant memories of their service with PATRICK J. BOLAND, and will find in his outstanding service in these most trying times an example and an inspiration; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be made a part of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD and that a copy be transmitted to the family of the deceased.

Thomas F. Ford, California, chief assistant whip; district assistants: 1. James A. Shanley, Connecticut; 2. Jos. A. Gavagan, New York; 3. William H. Sutphin, New Jersey; 4. H. C. Cooley, North Carolina; 5. R. A. Green, Florida; 6. Overton

Brooks, Louisiana; 7. David D. Terry, Arkansas; 8. Jennings Randolph, West Virginia; 9. William T. Schulte, Indiana; 10. Edward A. Kelly, Illinois; 11. Wm. S. Jacobsen, Iowa; 12. John M. Houston, Kansas; 13. R. Ewing Thomason, Texas; 14. Lawrence Lewis, Colorado; 15. Warren G. Magnuson, Washington.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from New York [Mr. REED].

Mr. REED of New York. Mr. Speaker, if our Republic is to be an edifice of security, grandeur, beauty, and nobility it must stand upon the solid foundation of character. Hon. PAT BOLAND has contributed the very elements of strength that give stability and perpetuity to the foundation upon which the superstructure of a free government must stand if it is to survive the storms of domestic passion and international intrigues and wars.

There is one comfort that comes to those who mourn Hon. PATRICK J. BOLAND's death and that is to be found in the thought that "Life is not merely a floating shadow, a momentary spark, a dream that vanishes. Nothing can be grander than a life filled with great and noble thoughts—with brave and honest deeds. Such a life sheds light, and the seeds of truth sown by great and loyal men bear fruit through all the years to be."

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from West Virginia [Mr. RANDOLPH].

Mr. RANDOLPH. Mr. Speaker, there is within the words of the twenty-third psalm great security, compassion, tenderness, and strength for all who read. I believe there is also depth of real understanding when I repeat words from memory on the twenty-third psalm:

In green pastures? No; not always; for sometimes he who knoweth best in kindness leadeth me in weary ways where heavy shadows be.

And by still waters? No; not always so; for sometimes the storms rougher grow and o'er our souls the waves dash to and fro.

And when those storms beat loudest and I cry aloud for help my Master standeth by and whispers to my soul, "Lo, it is I."

And so where He leads me I can safely go.

And in the best hereafter I shall know why in His wisdom He did lead me so.

It is my feeling that PAT BOLAND believed and lived those words. It was my privilege to have been a part of the whip organization presided over by PAT BOLAND and his assistant the gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS F. FORD]. It was my good fortune, also, pursuant to the request of PAT BOLAND, to visit his district, and on that journey and subsequent visits, three in number, to his home community, I learned to know his family, his friends, and the constituency which he represented.

Personally, I loved and admired Pat. I believe this House, in the passing of PAT BOLAND, has lost another in its list of Members who have contributed nat-

ural dignity and sincere leadership and genuine Christian living to the concepts of the positions of trust which we hold in the governmental structure of the Republic.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. KNUTSON].

Mr. KNUTSON. Mr. Speaker, a sturdy oak has fallen.

This is one of those occasions when words are inadequate to express our feelings and our deep sense of loss. Our departed friend is just as much a casualty of this war as are those heroes who fell at Bataan.

His death is most untimely because we can ill spare a man of his ability, of his fine character, of his steadfastness of purpose at this particular time, when the Republic is passing through the crucible. It will be a long time before we shall see his like again, and with my colleagues I join in expressing deepest sympathy to the bereaved wife and children who must carry on. I can only express the hope that the Supreme Pilot who guides us through the storms of this life will comfort them. May He continue to guide our ship to that mystic harbor beyond the realms of human ken until that day when we shall meet again. Until then, Aloha, aloha.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Texas [Mr. THOMASON].

Mr. THOMASON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I want to join with the gentleman from California [Mr. THOMAS F. FORD] and the gentleman from West Virginia [Mr. RANDOLPH] in expressing my own personal sorrow, and I am sure that of the entire whip organization, in the passing of our beloved friend.

My acquaintance with our late friend was only casual until the Speaker appointed me to the whip organization. That association with PAT BOLAND grew into an intimate friendship.

I have seen PAT BOLAND in the whip meetings in days gone by when there were sharp issues not only in the House and throughout the country, but even in that organization, when he proved himself a master of strategy and good judgment. His fairness always inspired confidence. His word was as good as his bond. To me, PAT BOLAND was the type who was absolutely incapable of doing a little or mean thing. I have seen him in the whip meetings, on the floor and in the cloakrooms, and likewise on fishing trips, where his fine Irish wit always sparkled, and, above all, his friendship, his honor, and his convictions knew no bounds. He had a heart of gold and he was as kind, gentle, and thoughtful as a woman. I loved him and shall miss him more than I am able to express.

So I want to join with all of my colleagues who have spoken and I am sure those who did not speak, in saying that by his fine character, his lofty principles and devotion to duty, PAT BOLAND has builded for himself a monument that will last throughout eternity.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from New York [Mr. CROWTHER].

Mr. CROWTHER. Mr. Speaker, on Thursday of last week our departed colleague PAT BOLAND made a short statement to the Ways and Means Committee, saying that he was taking his departure to take part in the primaries in Pennsylvania and going to his home city. With that irrepressible sense of humor with which he was possessed "he hoped that we might be able to continue our deliberations without his valuable assistance." As he left the committee room we all waved our hands and said, "Good-bye, Pat; we are all for you." This morning we were shocked at the news of his sudden death.

During the discussion of economic philosophies that are involved in taxation problems Pat was always for the average man, the everyday fellow, and his family. To him the folks of this country were the real problem that we had before us, and the consideration of their happiness and their prosperity. Truly, as has been said, he was a great Democrat along those lines. He rendered splendid service as a member of our committee, and we all listened to him with attention whenever he desired to discuss any of the various projects we had before us. We shall miss him in our councils.

Death has been described as a camel that kneels before every man's tent; and sooner or later we all must answer the call when the great white messenger shall come and beckon us to the great adventure. We, as Members of this House, and especially the members of our committee, again with a wave of the hand say: "Pat, good-bye and God bless you; and may the reward that is due for your fine, consistent performance of duty be meted out to you by the Great Ruler of the universe."

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia [Mr. Cox].

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, one would have to know something of the close intimate relationship that existed between our departed friend and myself to be able to form anything of a correct idea as to the severity of the blow that came to me a few minutes ago when I learned of his passing.

Pat was pure gold that passed current in every market everywhere. He was a man who made of himself a warehouse in which he stored the merchandise of the world but without displacing those high gifts of God—faith, love, mercy, and worship. When he went away he took with him the love of his comrades and his colleagues who are now bemoaning his passing.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Michigan [Mr. DINGELL].

Mr. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, a pleasant smile, a mild and sonorous voice, embodied in the genial personality of PATRICK BOLAND, has departed from this Chamber but the impression made upon the membership of this House can never be eradicated and will live with us as long as one of us survives.

I want to take this occasion to express my heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved wife and family of my beloved friend and

to extend this sentiment further to include the people of PAT BOLAND's district, for they have lost a genuine champion of their cause and a real Representative. My equity in this untimely loss, however small it may be in comparison, is nevertheless priceless and I falter in my ability to express my grief. I hope and pray that God may sustain the family, that they will in true Christian fortitude bow to His will until such a time as we may all meet again.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Kansas [Mr. HOUSTON].

Mr. HOUSTON. Mr. Speaker, as a member of the whip organization during the past 6 years I want to say that PAT BOLAND was one of the finest characters I have ever known. Not only was he devoted to his family and to the welfare of his country, but he was devoted to his duty as the majority whip of this House. He was always available for counsel and advice; he was considerate of every man's position. He was in a tough job and he did it well. PAT BOLAND stuck with the ship; he never left the course. Not only shall I miss him, but I shall regret his absence as will every member of this House. I am sorry at his passing; but the Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. BARNES].

Mr. BARNES. Mr. Speaker, it is with a heavy heart that I rise here today to pay my tribute to one of the best friends I ever had.

PAT BOLAND was a great statesman and a great leader. His work and his guidance in the Halls of Congress have carved for him a niche in the Hall of Fame along with the great of this Nation. He measured his whole course of life by the yardstick of the general welfare of the people of America.

It is not from the angle of his service to this Nation of ours that I want to say a few words, but it is of him as a man and a friend. He was always unselfish in his thoughts, always trying to do something for someone else. His was the soul of honor and integrity. He never deserted a friend nor struck foully at an enemy.

I had the privilege this past week of attending a small dinner with Pat and his family. Pat's family life and family are ever a tribute to him. The love and affection, good fellowship each had for the other, the complete harmony, the guidance he used in rearing his children—all are part of a character as great as I have ever known. His record is secure in the Hall of Fame—his character will be perpetuated through his family.

For you and me he has left behind a record of service—of friendship, as a husband and father—that it would be well for all to emulate. Words will not express our feelings today, but we are all in our hearts saying:

Good-bye, good friend,
In God's good time,
In God's good clime
We'll meet again.

And in that land
Where we shall know
No pain or woe,
We'll understand.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from New Jersey [Mr. EATON].

Mr. EATON. Mr. Speaker, in long years of service in this House the greatest reward personally that I have enjoyed here is the fellowship and friendship of my colleagues. I have often wondered, in the admiration and respect I have felt for so many of the men and women of this House, how it has been possible that over the country we occasionally have a wave of unmerited depreciation and misunderstanding.

Among all the Members of this representative gathering of real Americans and real men and women, I know and have known none for whom I have cherished a more profound affection and esteem than PAT BOLAND.

He had a sense of humor that was fascinating, but he was motivated by a stern sense of duty which drove him to a service far beyond his strength. As one of the speakers said a moment ago, PAT BOLAND is a casualty of this war as truly as if he had fallen in the trenches at the battle front.

I watched him with profound appreciation and sorrow actually day by day laying down his life here for his country. It was only the other day that, troubled by his appearance of physical weariness, I went to him and besought him to go home and rest. When I walked away from him I thought of a little poem of my youth in which a vision of the closing hours of a good man's life and the welcome of his divine Redeemer was presented by the good New England poet:

And when in life's late afternoon,
Where cool and long the shadows grow,
I walk to meet the night, that soon
Shall shape and shadow overflow.
Shall I not see Him waiting stand,
And, white against the evening star,
The welcome of His beckoning hand?

Pat saw that heavenly vision this morning. God rest his soul. And God help us who are left to join ranks in rededicating ourselves, as he did, to the great cause of our country and of the world at this tragic moment, and to be as worthy as he was when the final call comes to us all.

Mr. McCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to extend their own remarks on the passing of our late beloved colleague.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCORMACK]?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Later in the day the Chair will appoint the funeral committee and have their names published in the RECORD.

The question is on the resolution.

The resolution was agreed to.

The SPEAKER subsequently announced the appointment of the following Members of the House to attend the funeral: Mr. DOUGHTON, Mr. TREADWAY, Mr. BARNES, Mr. DINGELL, Mr. WOLFENBEN of Pennsylvania, Mr. KINZER, Mr. RICH, Mr. DITTER, Mr. FADDIS, Mr. SNYDER, Mr. WALTER, Mr. HAINES, Mr. BRADLEY of Pennsylvania, Mr. EBERHARTER, Mr. JARRETT, Mr. McGRANERY, Mr. MOSER, Mr.

SACKS, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. FENTON, Mr. GERLACH, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. KUNKEL, Mr. MYERS of Pennsylvania, Mr. RODGERS of Pennsylvania, Mr. SHERIDAN, Mr. TIBBOTT, Mr. VAN ZANDT, Mr. GILLETTE, Mr. KELLEY of Pennsylvania, Mr. SCANLON, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. SMITH of Pennsylvania, Mr. WEISS, and Mr. WRIGHT.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the remainder of the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

The resolution was agreed to; accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 58 minutes p. m.) the House adjourned until tomorrow, Tuesday, May 19, 1942, at 12 o'clock noon.

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

COMMITTEE ON INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE

There will be a meeting of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce at 10 a. m. Tuesday, May 19, 1942.

Business to be considered: The hearings in connection with the Federal Communications Commission will be resumed on May 19 at 10 a. m.

There will be a meeting of the Special Subcommittee on Petroleum Investigation of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce at 10 a. m. Wednesday, May 20, 1942.

Business to be considered: Hearing as per attached press release.

Today Representative CLARENCE F. LEA, chairman of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee of the House of Representatives, announced a hearing to be held next Wednesday, May 20, by the Special Subcommittee on Petroleum Investigation.

The purpose of the hearing is to develop three phases due to shortage of supplies of petroleum products and rubber.

The first purpose is to develop the facts as to what is being done to provide petroleum products to sections of the country where there are now shortages.

The second purpose is to bring out the facts as to what is actually being done to meet the Nation's need of rubber and rubber substitutes in view of the shortage of the rubber supply.

The third purpose is to develop the facts as to the dislocations and economic consequences that result from deficient supplies of petroleum and rubber and to consider how the effect of such dislocations can be minimized.

Representatives of Government departments and others will appear as witnesses before the hearing on these questions is completed. The hearing will begin Wednesday and it is expected will be continued in 2 other days within the next 10 days.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

1638. A letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, dated February 7, 1942, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers, on a preliminary examination and survey of the Gilmore Creek, Winona County, Minn., authorized by the Flood Control Act approved on August 23, 1937; to the Committee on Flood Control.

1639. A letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, dated February 6,

1942, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers, on a preliminary examination of the Hoblochitto River, Miss., authorized by the Flood Control Act approved on August 11, 1939; to the Committee on Flood Control.

1640. A letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, dated February 21, 1942, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers, on a preliminary examination and survey of the Green River and tributaries, Wyoming, authorized by the Flood Control Act approved on June 22, 1936; to the Committee on Flood Control.

1641. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting amendments to the 1943 Budget for the Federal Security Agency and the Department of Labor (H. Doc. No. 724); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

1642. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting an amendment to the 1943 Budget for the Federal Security Agency (H. Doc. No. 725); to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

1643. A letter from the Administrator, Veterans' Administration, transmitting a draft of a proposed bill to amend subsection 3 of section 602 (d) of the National Service Life Insurance Act, as amended, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

1644. A letter from the Secretary of War, transmitting a draft of a proposed bill to amend the act entitled "An act authorizing vessels of Canadian registry to transport iron ore on the Great Lakes during 1942"; approved January 27, 1942 (Public Law 416, 77th Cong.), to continue it in force during the existing war; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

1645. A letter from the Archivist of the United States, transmitting a list of papers for disposition by him from certain agencies of the Federal Government; to the Committee on the Disposition of Executive Papers.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committee were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar as follows:

Mr. PIERCE: Committee on Agriculture. H. R. 6315. A bill to extend for 2 additional years the reduced rates of interest on Federal land bank and Land Bank Commissioner loans; without amendment (Rept. No. 2133). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. CANNON of Missouri: Committee on Appropriations. House Joint Resolution 314. Joint resolution making an additional appropriation for the marine and war-risk insurance fund; without amendment (Rept. No. 2134). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. THILL:

H. R. 7094. A bill to prevent the spread of false information in political campaigns; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BONNER:

H. R. 7095. A bill to increase the efficiency of the Coast and Geodetic Survey; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. BLOOM:

H. R. 7096. A bill to provide for the settlement of claims of the Government of the

United States on behalf of American nationals against the Government of Mexico comprehended within the terms of agreements concluded by the United States and Mexico; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. RANDOLPH:

H. R. 7097. A bill to amend section 1 of the act entitled "An act to authorize the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad Co. to extend its present track connection with the United States navy yard so as to provide adequate railroad facilities in connection with the development of Buzzards Point as an industrial area in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved June 18, 1932 (47 Stat. 322), as amended by the act approved June 20, 1939 (53 Stat. 849); to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. MACIORA:

H. R. 7098. A bill for the relief of Norfolk Plumbing & Heating Co. et al.; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. ROBERTSON of North Dakota:

H. R. 7099. A bill for the relief of the Callan Funeral Home; to the Committee on Claims.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

2820. By Mr. FITZPATRICK: Petition of the Westchester County (N. Y.) Volunteer Firemen's Association, to have volunteer firemen who in the course of their duty use their automobiles to attend fires and drills given special consideration in the proposed rationing of gasoline, in order that their efficiency may not be impaired or insufficient fire service rendered; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

2821. By Mr. GRAHAM: Petition of Rev. Ernest R. Anderson, pastor, and 42 members of the Presbyterian Church of Aliquippa, Pa., urging the early passage of Senate bill 860, to provide for the common defense in relation to the sale of alcoholic liquors to the land and naval forces of the United States, and to provide for the suppression of vice in vicinity of military camps and naval establishments; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2822. Also, petition of L. C. Shane, superintendent, Raccoon United Presbyterian Sunday School, of Aliquippa, Pa., and 34 citizens of Beaver County, urging an early passage of Senate bill 860, to provide for the common defense in relation to the sale of alcoholic liquors to the land and naval forces of the United States, and to provide for the suppression of vice in vicinity of military camps and naval establishments; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2823. Also, petition of 31 members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa., urging the passage of Senate bill 860, as a contribution to a wholesome defense program and a reenactment of legislation similar to that of 1917 and so give to the young men of 1942 the protection their fathers had in 1917; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2824. Also, petition of 78 members of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Beaver, Pa., urging the early passage of Senate bill 860, to provide the largest possible protection for the men in our Army and Navy against the insidious influence of vice and intoxicating liquors; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2825. Also, petition of Rev. George Grant, pastor, and 49 members of the Baden (Pa.)

Methodist Church, urging an early passage of Senate bill 860, to provide for the common defense in relation to the sale of alcoholic liquors to the land and naval forces of the United States and to provide for the suppression of vice in vicinity of military camps and naval establishments; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2826. Also, petition of 25 residents of Slippery Rock, Butler County, Pa., deploring the sale and gifts of liquors to our boys in camps and in the Army, respectfully urging that the Members of Congress do everything in their power to prohibit its use in the Army and Navy and help honor mothers by assuring them that their boys will not become drunkards while answering their country's call; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2827. By Mr. LECOMPTE: Petition of sundry citizens of Seymour, Iowa, urging cooperation with the Federal authorities in tightening law enforcement around military, naval, and other training camps and in joining a national defense movement against prostitution and liquor; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2828. Also, petition of sundry citizens of Allerton, Iowa, in the interest of preventing the sale or gift of intoxicating liquors, including beer, to soldiers and sailors in uniform; to bring about the discontinuance of the sale of beer in Government commissaries; to create dry zones around military and naval establishments; to set up dry zones around industrial establishments in which airplanes, ships, tanks, arms, and equipment must be produced with the utmost precision and speed for the support of the armed forces; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2829. Also, petition of sundry citizens of Eldon, Agency, and Ottumwa, Iowa, deploring the use of sugar in the making of alcohol to be placed near the Army and Navy camps of our boys in service; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2830. Also, petition of sundry citizens of Mount Ayr, Iowa, in the interest of preventing the sale or gift of intoxicating liquors, including beer, to soldiers and sailors in uniform; to bring about the discontinuance of the sale of beer in Government commissaries; to create dry zones around military and naval establishments; to set up dry zones around industrial establishments in which airplanes, ships, tanks, arms, and equipment must be produced with the utmost precision and speed for the support of the armed forces; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2831. By Mr. MARTIN of Iowa: Petition of Rev. Lester H. Bill, pastor of the Methodist Church, Crawfordville, Iowa, and the people of the Methodist Church, urging the prohibiting of liquor and prostitution around our Army and Navy camps and cantonments; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2832. By Mr. ROLPH: Resolution of the Motion Picture Projectionists of San Francisco, supporting postal employees bill (H. R. 6486); to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

2833. By Mr. WOLCOTT: Petition of 124 citizens of St. Clair, Mich., urging enactment of Senate bill 860; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2834. Also, petition of 64 citizens of Harbor Beach, Mich., urging enactment of Senate bill 860; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2835. Also, petition of 22 citizens of Bloomfield and vicinity, Huron County, Mich., expressing interest in Senate bill 860 and urging its enactment; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2836. Also, petition of 34 residents of Sandusky, Mich., urging the enactment of Senate bill 860; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2837. By the SPEAKER: Petition of W. G. Martin and J. Dale Curry, of Santa Ana, Calif., petitioning consideration of their resolution with reference to Senate bill 860, relative to the exploitation of the men in the United

States Army and Navy; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2838. Also, petition of the American Legion, Memphis Post, No. 1, of Tennessee, petitioning consideration of their resolution with reference to commissions in the armed forces; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

2839. Also, petition of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, Washington, D. C., petitioning consideration of their resolution with reference to appropriations for the Children's Bureau; to the Committee on Appropriations.

2840. Also, petition of the Pennsylvania Grocers Association, Philadelphia, Pa., petitioning consideration of their resolution with reference to price control; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

SENATE

TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1942

(Legislative day of Friday, May 15, 1942)

The Senate met at 12 o'clock meridian, on the expiration of the recess.

The Very Reverend A. J. Burggraf, C. S. P., Ph. D., superior of St. Paul's College, Catholic University of America, offered the following prayer:

Direct, O Lord, all our actions by Thy gracious inspiration and further them by Thy continual help. That every word and work of ours may from Thee begin and through Thee be brought to a perfect ending.

O God, to Thy almighty protection we commend our beloved country and particularly the Members of this legislative body who bear the grave responsibility of our Government in this universal crisis. At a time when pagan ideals prevail in other lands may this assembly become the instrument of Thy peace and love by adherence to Christian principles, that all men created to Thine own image and likeness may come to realize their divine dignity and true glory. Through Jesus Christ our Saviour. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

On request of Mr. BARKLEY, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of the calendar day Monday, May 18, 1942, was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

CALL OF THE ROLL

Mr. HILL. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The clerk will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk called the roll, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Aiken	Chavez	Kilgore
Andrews	Clark, Idaho	La Follette
Austin	Clark, Mo.	Langer
Bailey	Connally	Lee
Bail	Danaher	Lucas
Bankhead	Doxey	McCarran
Barkley	Ellender	McFarland
Bilbo	George	McKellar
Bone	Gerry	McNary
Brewster	Gillette	Maloney
Brooks	Glass	Maybank
Brown	Green	Mead
Bulow	Gurney	Millikin
Bunker	Hatch	Murdock
Burton	Hayden	Norris
Butler	Hill	Nye
Byrd	Holman	O'Daniel
Capper	Hughes	O'Mahoney
Caraway	Johnson, Calif.	Overton

Pepper	Spencer	Vandenberg
Radcliffe	Stewart	Van Nuys
Reynolds	Taft	Wagner
Rosier	Thomas, Okla.	Walsh
Russell	Tobey	Wheeler
Schwartz	Truman	White
Smathers	Tunnell	Wiley
Smith	Tydings	Willis

Mr. HILL. I announce that the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. CHANDLER], the Senator from Pennsylvania [Mr. GUFFEY], the Senator from Iowa [Mr. HERRING], the Senator from Montana [Mr. MURRAY], the Senator from Utah [Mr. THOMAS], and the Senator from Washington [Mr. WALLGREN] are necessarily absent from the Senate.

The Senator from California [Mr. DOWNEY] is detained on official business in his State.

The Senator from Colorado [Mr. JOHNSON] has been called out of the city on important public business.

Mr. AUSTIN. The Senator from New Jersey [Mr. BARBOUR] is absent because of illness.

The Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. BRIDGES] is absent as a result of an injury and illness.

The Senator from Pennsylvania [Mr. DAVIS] is absent on official business.

The Senator from Massachusetts [Mr. LODGE], the Senator from Kansas [Mr. REED], the Senator from Idaho [Mr. THOMAS], and the Senator from Minnesota [Mr. SHIPSTEAD] are necessarily absent.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Eighty-one Senators have answered to their names. A quorum is present.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

Petitions, etc., were presented and referred as indicated:

By Mr. AUSTIN:

The petition of Mark Sumner and sundry other citizens of Randolph, Vt., praying for the prompt enactment of the bill (S. 860) to provide for the common defense in relation to the sale of alcoholic liquors to the members of the land and naval forces of the United States and to provide for the suppression of vice in the vicinity of military camps and naval establishments; ordered to lie on the table.

By Mr. CAPPER:

Petitions, numerous signed, of sundry citizens of Beloit and Bunker Hill, Kans., praying for the enactment of the bill (S. 860) to provide for the common defense in relation to the sale of alcoholic liquors to the members of the land and naval forces of the United States and to provide for the suppression of vice in the vicinity of military camps and naval establishments; ordered to lie on the table.

APPROPRIATION FOR HOUSING IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—PETITION

Mr. BARKLEY. Mr. President, I ask consent to file with the Senate and have referred to the Committee on Appropriations a petition which has been handed to me today by a delegation of war workers in the District of Columbia, signed by 10,000 employees of the Government who are here engaged in war work in the various departments. They are petitioning Congress for the appropriation of the \$50,000,000 recommended by the President and the Budget for housing in the District of Columbia for the benefit of war workers who have been brought here in this emergency.