1x1 Rib Knit - A type of fabric construction commonly used for sleeve and neckbands that is highly elastic and retains its shape. 1x1 rib knit construction is a pattern of one rib, one flat space, one rib, one flat space, etc. Both sides of this knit fabric look identical. The ATC PTech Fleece Jacket, style #F221, has 1x1 rib knit on the cuffs as well as the bottom hem.

1x2 Rib Knit –A type of fabric construction commonly used for sleeve and neckbands that is highly elastic and retains its shape. 1x2 rib knit construction is a pattern of one rib, two flat spaces, one rib, two flat spaces, etc. 1x2 rib knit has a chunkier appearance in comparison to 1x1 rib knit.

210D, **300D**, **420D**, **600D**, **900D** – The "D" stands for the word "denier" which has become the standard for measuring density. In polyester, for example, 210D is a lightweight fabric whereas 900D is a very heavy-duty polyester. This measurement is used for many fabrics including nylon, silk, etc. All OGIO® luggage, duffel bags and backpacks utilize this type of measurement as well as the ATC Essential Tote, style #B110.

3000mm – Fabrics with 3000mm of water resistance will keep water out sufficiently for most practical usages. This is a measurement expressing the amount of water resistance or waterproofing found in a garment, usually outerwear. A quick reference:

1000mm-5000mm – rainproof but not waterproof under pressure (sitting on or leaning against wet surfaces).

5000mm-15,000mm – totally rainproof and generally waterproof unless under serious pressure.

15,000mm-30,000mm – totally waterproof even under serious pressure.

This measurement relates to the CH Soft Shell Jacket, style #1760, L760, and Y.

This measurement relates to the CH Soft Shell Jacket, style #J760, L760 and Y760 and results in a fabric that is rainproof, breathable, wind resistant and water repellent.

Acrylic – A manufactured fiber derived from polyacrylonitrile. Its major properties include a soft, wool-like hand feel that's machine washable and dryable as well as excellent colour retention. Solution-dyed versions have an extremely high resistance to sunlight and chlorine degradation. Many of our knit caps are constructed with acrylic such as the ATC Knit Cap with Bill, style #C102.

Air Jet Spinning - A type of open end spinning that utilizes a stationary tube in which jets of air are directed to cause fibers to twist thereby forming a yarn. This process definitely influences the hand feel of the fabric while maintaining excellent resistance to pilling and abrasion. There are many examples of air jet spun fabric to be found in the Gildan® line of sweatshirts and sweatpants such as the Full Zip Hooded Sweatshirt, style #1860.

Anti-pill – The resistance of a fabric to form little balls on the surface due to abrasion during wear. This could be a natural feature of the fabric or due to applying a special finish to prevent pilling. The ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Collection incorporates this anti-pill feature in all four of its styles including style #F210.

Baby Rib Knit – A 1x1 rib knit using a fine knit construction for a softer hand feel and delicate stretch that retains its shape. The super soft 1x1 baby rib knit is typically featured in form-fitting garments such as the Bella® Ladies' Tank, style #1080.

Back Yoke – This is a piece of fabric that connects the back of a garment to the area across the back shoulders. A back yoke allows the garment to lie flat while following the contours of the body, ensuring correct drape and appearance. For an example of a back yoke, check out the ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780.

Bartack – Reinforced stitching applied to high stress points in garments such as edges of pockets, plackets or button holes. A bartack appears as a "bar" of stitching and the length can vary depending on the location. The OGIO® Caliber 2.0, style #0G101, has a small bartack at the base of the front placket. The ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780, has pockets with bartack reinforcement on each end to protect the shape and style of the garment.

Bonded Fabric – This is a multi-layer fabric structure that combines the properties of two separate fabrics. The two fabrics are bonded together with an adhesive to minimize the thickness of the combined fabrics. Bonding is commonly used in performance outerwear to add function yet minimize bulk. A great example of bonded fabric can be seen on the CH Textured Hooded Soft Shell Jacket, style #J766 and L766.

Bonded Fleece – This is a type of bonded fabric where the back or front or both could be any variety of fleece. Bonding the layers together forms a higher functioning garment with added comfort and warmth. The CH Soft Shell Jacket, style #J760, L760 and Y760, is a perfect example of this feature.

Bonding – The technique of permanently joining together two or more layers of fabric into one unit by using a bonding agent to achieve a higher functioning fabric. Bonding can minimize bulk while adding additional comfort and warmth to a garment. The CH Insulated Soft Shell Jacket, style #J763 and Y763, incorporates this performance enhancing technique with three layers to keep you warm and dry without impeding movement.

Box Pleat – A double pleat having two upper folds facing in opposite directions and two under folds pressed toward each other. This type pleat can be found on the center back of a men's dress shirt where the large part of the pleat is on the outside of the garment. The box pleat allows comfort and ease of movement through the back of the shirt while preventing bulk.

Cadet Collar – This is a stand up collar on a jacket which can also be referred to as track jacket styling. The zipper extends to the end of the collar allowing the collar to convert from a fold down to a stand up style depending on the neck protection preferred. The name originated from the traditional military school uniform jacket with the stand up collar. To see a cadet collar, check out the ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Track Jacket, style #F210 and L210.

Cap Sleeve - A cap sleeve is a very short sleeve on a t-shirt or blouse that just covers, or caps, the shoulder. Cap sleeves are a little shorter than a standard sleeve, about 1/2"/3.8cm to 4"/10.2 cm, for a fun and flirty style. The Bella® Ladies Sheer Jersey Longer Length Tee, style #8705, shows a great example of this feminine styling.

Coil Zipper – This zipper features zipper teeth in a spiral form. Coil zippers add a minimum amount of weight and thickness to a garment and are highly functional when used in performance apparel or as hidden zippers. All of the zippered jackets in our ATC PTech Fleece Collection are constructed with coil zippers including style #F220.

Combed Cotton – "Combed" is a finish process used on cotton yarn to remove short fibers and straighten or arrange longer fibers in parallel order which results in a smoother yarn used in finer garments. The combing process polishes the yarn before the fabric weaving process, offering high quality yarns with excellent strength, fineness and uniformity. The entire ATC collection of Ladies' Active Cotton Tees (LT100, LT101, LT102 and LT103) features 100% combed cotton.

ComfortSoft® Cotton – A registered name of the Hanes® Company defined by Hanes® as: *loosely bound cotton fibers with an extra step to make a softer fabric.* This fabric can be found in Hanes® t-shirts, sweatshirts, sweatpants, etc. Check out Hanes® Tagless Youth T-Shirt, style #5450, for an example of ComfortSoft® Cotton.

Compression Straps – Used to compress or cinch-up the contents in luggage, a backpack, duffel bag, etc., compression straps help to stabilize the articles inside. Compression straps can also be located on the outside in order to attach extra items. Hint: *when packing a backpack, pack by weight not size and place the heaviest items closest to your back.* Check out the OGIO® Fugitive Backpack, style #711113, for an example of compression straps.

Cotton – A natural fiber of great economic importance as a raw material for cloth. Its widespread use is largely due to the ease with which its fibers are spun into yarns. Cotton's strength, absorbency and capacity to be washed and dyed also make it adaptable to a considerable variety of textile products. Cotton, in general, is very breathable and can withstand high temperatures. The ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Collection (F210, L210, L211 and L212) is constructed with 100% peached, garment-washed cotton for unparalleled breathable comfort.

Coverseam – A finish in which two needles are used to create parallel rows of visible stitching. Also known as double needle stitching; this can be found around the neck, armhole, waistband or wrist of a garment to create a cleaner, more durable finish. Check out the ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Collection (F210, L210, L211 and L212) for some excellent examples of coverseam stitching.

Deboss – The act of indenting a figure, design or logo into a surface such as a metal button. The figure or design sits below the product surface. This is the opposite of *emboss* where the figure or design sits above the product surface such as on a coin. Look at the metal snaps on the OGIO® O-Boy Polo, style #OG107!

Distressed Cotton – Distressing cotton fabric is a process that can be performed in a variety of ways with the goal being to make the fabric look used, worn or aged. A couple of procedures used to achieve this look would be to rub sandpaper or another rough surface over the fabric or wash the fabric with detergent and bleach. The ATC Distressed Military Cap, style #C180, is an example of distressed cotton.

Dobby Weave – A general term for weaves made with a specialized "dobby" attachment. Usually small, geometric figures of a complex construction are woven as a regular pattern into the fabric as a decorative weave. Often found in luggage/backpacks, dobby fabrics are more expensive to produce than most other weave types. The OGIO® Corporate City Messenger, style #711207, is constructed with a dobby weave fabric for its enhanced strength and durability.

Double Knit – A knit fabric in which two layers of loops are formed that cannot be separated. Compared to bonded fabric, this fabric is knitted together instead of using an adhesive. Double knit fabric offers added durability and enhances the fabric performance. To check out double knit fabric, look at the cuffs on the ATC PTech Fleece Hooded Sweatshirt, style #F220.

Double Lined Hood – This is when additional fabric has been added inside the hood as a lining. This lining may be in a matching or contrasting colour and would give the garment additional warmth, a stylish look as well as enhanced performance. The ATC Pro Fleece Hooded Sweatshirt, style #F200, has a contrast double lined hood available in a variety of colours.

Double Mesh – This is a double knit fabric with a mesh construction on the outside/front of the fabric and a solid construction on the inside/back of the fabric. This allows for a stylish textured appearance while still ensuring total coverage. The OGIO® Ladies' Glam Polo, style #LOG105, is a great example of a double mesh garment.

Double-Needle Stitching – A finish that can be used on numerous locations of a garment; the sleeve, bottom hem, cuff, etc., which uses two needles to create parallel rows of visible stitching giving the garment a cleaner, more finished look as well as adding durability and stability. Also known as coverseam, you can find double-needle stitching on the shoulder, cuff and bottom of the ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Track Jacket, style #F210 and L210.

Double Yoke – This is when a lining is added to the back/front yoke of a garment for added comfort, stability and durability as in the Coal Harbour[®] Easy Care Camp Shirt, style #D515.

DryBlend™ – This is the name given to Gildan's 50/50 blend of cotton and polyester fabric. The DryBlend™ fabric offers moisture wicking for added performance and is found in many of our Gildan® garments such as the Gildan® DryBlend™ 50/50 Jersey Sport Shirt, style # 8800.

Easy Care Fabric – Fabric that can be restored to its original appearance after laundering with only a minimum of attention. Easy care fabric is virtually wrinkle-free when laundered. Check out CH style #L615 for a peek at the Ladies' Open Neck ¾ Sleeve Easy Care Shirt.

Edge Stitching – A row of machine stitching placed at the seam or garment edge. Edge stitching reinforces the strength and durability of a seam and can prevent the possibility of raveled or frayed edges. The CH Ladies' Short Sleeve Easy Care Shirt, style #L510, uses edge stitching on the collar, neck and hem.

Elasticized Band – Used in some caps, an elasticized band is concealed in the back allowing the cap to look fitted when it's actually elasticized to fit many as on the New Era® Stretch Mesh Cap, style #NE102.

Embroidery – An embellishment of a fabric or garment in which coloured threads are sewn on to the fabric to create a design, company logo, special message, etc. Embroidery may be done either by hand or machine. Almost the entire SanMar Canada collection has been created to support these embroidery techniques!

Enzyme Washed – This is a laundering process in which a catalytic substance is added to create a chemical change in the fabric resulting in a very soft finish and a smoother appearing surface with reduced shrinkage. See the difference enzyme washing can make on the ATC Enzyme Washed Sandwich Bill Cap, style #C120.

Euro Style – This usually refers to a men's garment with a more fitted European style cut in the shoulders and body along with a shorter sleeve length like the fit on the Gildan® Soft Style Ring Spun T-Shirt, style #6400.

Eyelets – The small holes or perforations that can be made in a series to allow for breathability. They are finished with either stitching or metal grommets. All of our baseball-type caps use eyelets for the much-needed ventilation while playing ball, exercising, etc. Eyelets may also be used as a stabilizing function for drawcords on many of our hooded fleece styles. Just check out this added feature on the ATC PTech Fleece Jacket, style #F221 and L221.

Flat Knit – A knit fabric made on a flat knitting machine. This fabric is typically used for flat knit collars and cuffs to maintain a non-roll finish on the garment. The collar on the CH Snag Resistant Tricot Sport Shirt, style #S445, is a great example of a flat knit.

Full Cut – Refers to a garment's fit as being more generous in length and chest than a contoured or average cut garment. Our ATC Pro Team Tee, style #S350, has a full cut for active endeavors.

G/m2 – This is the measurement for fabric weight used in the U.S. which means: grams per square meter. To convert g/m^2 to oz/yd^2 (the measurement used in Canada), use the conversion factor 33.906.

Example: $186.483g/m^2 \div 33.906 = 5.5oz/yd^2$

Garment Washed – The laundering of garments, as part of the manufacturing process, to alter the hand feel and appearance or to enhance the degree of softening or change in appearance. The result is a fabric with a thicker appearance, reduced shrinkage and a softer hand feel. Feel the difference with our CH Classic Pique Sport Shirt, style #S400 and L400.

Heather – A yarn that is spun using pre-dyed fibers. These fibers are blended together to give a particular look. For example, black and white may be blended together to create a grey heathered yarn. The term, heather, may also be used to describe the fabric made from heathered yarns. Heather fabric can be seen on the ATC Short Sleeve Contrast Stitch Tee, style #S820, in the Sport Grey/Navy option.

Horn-Tone Buttons – Buttons that appear to be manufactured from horn enhance a garment due to their additional cost and classy good looks. Compare the engraved horn-tone buttons on the front placket of the CH Classic Pique Sport Shirt, style #S400. You'll see the difference!

Interlock Knit – A variation of the rib knit stitch which resembles two separate 1x1 ribbed fabrics that are interknitted. Plain (double knit) interlock knit fabrics are thicker, heavier and more stable than single knit constructions. Interlock knit has more natural stretch than a jersey knit, a soft hand feel and the same appearance and feel on both sides. Commonly used in knit shirts and turtlenecks, interlock knit is used in the construction of the CH Premium Mock Turtleneck, style #S810 and Y810.

Jacquard Knit – Named for the inventor, Joseph Marie Jacquard, a jacquard knit is often an intricate pattern knit directly into the fabric during the manufacturing process. Typically, two or more colours are used. Some jacquard knit patterns use one colour of yarn to create a two-tone effect, as on the CH Fine Jacquard Wicking Sport Shirt, style #S440 and L440.

Jersey – Single knit jersey is lightweight with one flat side and one piled side, most often used for t-shirts. Double knit jersey is two single knit jerseys knitted together with two flat sides for added weight and durability. Our ATC Ladies' Active Cotton Collection (LT100, LT101, LT102 and LT103) is constructed with jersey knit fabric.

Johnny Collar – Found on ladies' styles, this is an open, short V-neck with a flat collar. The collar is usually knit but may also be a self fabric collar as seen on the CH Ladies' Snag Resistant Tricot Sport Shirt, style #L445.

Junior Fit – Junior fit apparel is designed with a more fitted cut. This size grouping can sometimes bridge the gap between youth sizes and misses' sizes. Junior fit apparel has less chest room in shirts and less hip room in pants. Many examples of junior fit can be seen in our Bella® line where most of the styles only come in a junior fit such as the Ladies' V-Neck Tee, style #1005.

Laminated Fabric – A multi-layer fabric structure in which the outer layer is joined either by bonding or an adhesive to a continuous sheet of material such as polyurethane foam and this, in turn, may be joined to a backing. This process, commonly used in performance outerwear, adds an additional layer of warmth to the garment without affecting functionality by minimizing bulk. The CH Insulated Soft Shell Jacket, style #J763 and Y763, is constructed using laminated fabric.

Lay Flat Collar – Lay Flat Collar describes a collar made from a flat knitting machine. Flat knit collars have a non-roll finish which prevents curling. Check out the collar found on the CH Textured Sport Shirt with Piping, style #S470.

Locker Loop – This is a looped piece of fabric or cording located in the neck of a garment for the convenience of hanging the garment in a locker room-type situation. A locker loop may also be located at the center of the back yoke on the inside or outside of a garment. The locker loop on the OGIO® Ladies' Bombshell Jacket, style #LOG500, is located on the inside neck.

Locker Patch – This is a panel sewn onto the inside back portion of a garment just under the collar seam to reinforce the garment and minimize stretching when hung on a hook. The locker patch also allows for the garment tag or label to be sewn onto the patch just below the neckline for comfort as on the CH Double Mesh Wicking Sport Shirt, style #S450.

Low Profile – This is a term used for a cap or hat silhouette that is more closely fitted to the head. This style cap/hat can be either structured or unstructured but the majority of the time a low profile silhouette is unstructured. The New Era® Adjustable Unstructured Cap, style #NE201, is an example of an unstructured, low profile cap.

Mesh – A type of fabric characterized by its net-like open appearance as well as the spaces between the yarns. Mesh fabrics can be used in a variety of styles and constructions from luggage to totes to shirts to shorts to caps. An example of mesh is found with the ATC Reversible Mesh Wicking Tank Top, style #S458 and Y458.

Micro Fleece – Crafted from ultra-fine yarn, this lightweight, high-density fleece is brushed less than a regular fleece garment for a tight look, excellent softness and warmth. It has a high capacity for warmth without the weight.

Micro Ripstop – This fabric is very fine, lightweight, wind and water resistant with coarse, strong warp and fill yarns that are spaced to stop tears from spreading.

Mid Profile – A term used for a cap or hat silhouette that is between that of a high profile and low profile. Most often lined with a stiff material of some sort (called buckram) for structure and to retain shape. To find a structured, mid profile cap for youths, just look at the ATC Youth Mid Profile Twill Cap, style #Y130.

Moisture Wicking – Moisture wicking fabrics draw perspiration off the skin and out to the exterior of the fabric. It is much easier for moisture to evaporate on the surface of the

fabric than when trapped between the garment and the skin. The wicking feature can be an added treatment to the fabric or a natural attribute based on the fabric content/construction. Moisture wicking fabric is popular for workout clothes and business casual clothes for a put-together look in warm weather conditions. For a great go-to style, try the CH Men's Mesh Wicking Sport Shirt, style #S439, for the best office casual look ever!

MTR[™] – "Maximum Thermal Retention" - MTR[™] has been trademarked by Columbia® for use on many of their outerwear styles which are known to help retain warmth in cooler climates. Take a walk in the winter and still feel toasty warm in the Columbia® Steens Mountain[™] Jacket, style #SM6113.

Neoprene – A generic name for a type of synthetic waterproof rubber made from the monomer chloroprene. Neoprene is used as a lining in OGIO® golf bags to protect the golfer's equipment from rain and/or damp conditions. Check out the OGIO® Grom II Stand Bag, style #125023.

No Curl Collar – Usually a collar constructed from a knit fabric which is made on a flat knitting machine. This is the fabric typically used for flat knit collars to maintain a non-roll/non-curl finish and appearance on the garment. The CH Double Mesh Wicking Sport Shirt, style #S450, shows the no curl collar in a variety of terrific colours.

Open Hem Sleeves – On this type of sleeve there would be no cuff, elastic or rib knitting of any sort at the hem. Check out the comfort of an open hem sleeve with the $OGIO^{\circledR}$ Rivet, style #OG104.

Oxford – A cotton or manufactured fiber fabric made with a modified plain or basket weave. In most oxfords, a coarse count, soft spun filling is used with twice as many warp ends to achieve a basket weave effect. It is the one remaining of four commercial shirting fabrics originally made by a Scottish mill during the late 19th century. The shirtings bore the names of four universities: Oxford, Cambridge, Harvard and Yale.

Peached – A soft hand feel usually obtained by sanding the fabric lightly. This can be achieved with chemical or laundry abrasion. It describes the softness of this type of cotton which looks and feels like the skin of a peach. Feel that peachy softness with the ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Track Jacket, style #F210 and L210.

Pique – A medium-weight, tightly woven or knit cotton or cotton blend fabric generally recognizable by its waffle weave texture. Pique can be produced in a variety of weights and fibers. The knitted versions of pique are very commonly used for polo shirts. Pique is available in many styles including the CH Classic Pique Sport Shirt, style #S400 and L400.

Poly Mesh – Poly mesh would be any mesh-type construction made with a polyester yarn, fabric, etc. The ATC Wicking Mesh Short, style #S459 and Y459, is the perfect match with your ATC Reversible Mesh Wicking Tank Top!

Polyester – A manufactured (synthetic) fabric introduced in the early 1950s and is second only to cotton in worldwide use. Polyester has high strength (although second to nylon),

crease resistance, retains its shape, has excellent resiliency, high abrasion resistance and requires only minimum care. Low absorbency allows the fiber to dry quickly. There are over sixty-five (65) items available on the SanMar Canada website made with polyester fabric!

Polyurethane Coating – A man-made coating with a low melting point commonly used in winter jackets, rainwear and wind wear to offer high performance water resistance while maintaining the garment's breathability. It's also known as PU Coating and can be found on the ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780.

Preshrunk – Fabrics, garments or other textile items can be treated to reduce shrinkage by either garment washing or the compacting of the yarns during the knitting process. All of our Gildan® and Hanes® 100% cotton and cotton blend t-shirts have been preshrunk.

PrintPro® XP – This is a fleece knitting process developed by Hanes®. The "XP" stands for extra performance. This new fleece fabric is low pill and made with airjet yarn. It has a 5% tighter canvas than the original PrintPro® fabric and is more durable. The combination of airjet yarn and tighter knit surface improves the after-wash appearance wash after wash. Many of our Hanes® styles are PrintPro® XP garments including the Comfortblend® 50/50 Full Zip Hooded Sweatshirt, style #P180.

PU Coating – Polyurethane Coating is a man-made coating with a low melting point commonly used in winter jackets, rainwear and wind wear to offer high performance water resistance while maintaining the garment's breathability. Find PU Coating on the ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780.

Quarter Turned – This is when a tubular knit fabric is quarter-turned during the manufacturing process to eliminate the center crease on the shirt allowing a larger print surface. There is a huge variety of t-shirts and sweatshirts with the quarter turned feature on the SanMar Canada website including the Hanes® Tagless Youth T-Shirt, style #5450.

Reinforce – To strengthen in a variety of ways: padding, adding additional material, using extra stitches or a second or third row of stitches, etc. The ATC AllPro Cotton Fleece Track Jacket, style #F210 and L210, is constructed with topstitching to help reinforce seams and edges.

Repellant Treatments – There are many different types of repellant treatments. Some of these treatments repel moths, some repel water, others repel mildew or perspiration, etc. They can be applied to the fabric before construction or after the garment has been completed. The ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780, has been treated with a PU coating which allows this jacket to repel water.

Rib Knit – A textured knit fabric that employs the rib stitch and has the appearance of vertical lines. The ribs can be any width. It is highly elastic and retains its shape. Rib knit is commonly used for cuffs and neck bands. A very large amount of the products available

from SanMar Canada incorporate rib knit in their construction including the ATC PTech Fleece Jacket, style #F221.

Ring Spun – This is a special yarn construction made by continuously twisting the cotton fibers. The result is a stronger yarn with a significantly softer hand feel than most common cotton yarns. The ATC Baseball Tee, style #S822 and Y822, is a perfect example of ring spun cotton.

Seamless – This refers to a garment made in a tubular knit fabric which is knit on a specialized tubular knitting machine. There are no side seams on the body portion of the garment for ease of wear, consistent sizing and larger flat areas for embellishment. A wide variety of seamless garments are available including the Gildan® Ultra Cotton T-Shirt, style #2000.

Self-Fabric Collar – This is a collar that is constructed from the same fabric as the body of the garment and can be found on the CH Ladies Textured Sport Shirt with Piping, style #L470.

Self-Fabric Sweatband – This refers to a panel of fabric on the inside front of a cap or visor that is constructed from the same fabric as the top of the cap/visor. The sweatband is useful to absorb sweat and add comfort to the fit. A self-fabric sweatband can be found on the ATC Twill Visor, style #C131.

Set-on Rib Knit Collar – This refers to the method of attaching rib knit to the collar of a garment. The rib knit is folded and sewn on the top of the garment. This process requires straight, even stitching on both sides since the thread is visible and adds to the "look" of the garment. This type of stitching strengthens the neck opening and adds durability. A set-on rib knit collar can be found on the ATC Baseball Tee, style #S822 and Y822.

Sheer – Sheer fabric is a very light-weight fabric with multiple uses and could be made from a variety of yarns. Sheer fabrics are great for warm weather as they feature high breathability to help keep you cool. They are also a terrific choice for layering since there is little or no added bulk. Our Bella® Sheer Rib Cap Sleeve Deep V-Neck Tee, style #8705, is constructed with a sheer rib knit fabric.

Sheer Mini Rib – This is a textured knit fabric that employs the rib stitch and has the appearance of vertical lines. This sheer mini rib uses finer yarns and smaller stitches but still possesses highly elastic qualities and retains its shape. The sheerness allows for less bulky layering as well as cool comfort as found with the Bella® Ladies' Sheer Mini Rib Longer Length Tee, style #8701.

Side Seams – These are the seams located along the sides of a garment to join the front and back. Garments without side seams are made from a tubular/seamless knit fabric.

Side Vents – These are slits found at the bottom of side seams on a shirt that offer comfort and ease of movement. Side vents can be found on the CH Snag Resistant Tricot Sport Shirt, style #S445 and L445.

Silicon Treated – A fabric may be treated with a silicon finish to add additional softness to the garment much like using a fabric softener but with much longer-lasting results. Feel the softness of our CH Classic Pique Sport Shirt, style #S400 and L400, which has been garment washed as well as silicon treated.

Singles – A single twist of cotton yarn used in soft jersey fabric construction. This can be a super soft knit used often in snug fit ladies' tees and can be found on the Bella® Ladies' V-Neck Tee, style #1005.

Snag Resistant – A fabric constructed to resist snagging, ripping, threading, etc., when rubbed against a rough surface. Snag resistant fabric is extremely durable for repeated wear and can be found on the CH Snag Resistant Tricot Sport Shirt, style #S445 and L445.

Spacer Mesh – This is a 57% cotton/43% polyester lining found on our New Era® mesh caps. This spacer mesh can be located between the wearer's head and the actual mesh of the cap for soft comfort as well as allowing cooling ventilation on even the warmest days. Check out the New Era® Stretch Mesh Cap, style #NE102, for a great example of how spacer mesh is used.

Stonewashed – A process in which the fabric or garment is heavily washed with lava rocks or rubber/silicon balls, resulting in a softer fabric with a distressed weathered look and reduced shrinkage. Check out the ATC Contrast Stitch Cap, style #C121, for that stonewashed look.

Storm flap – This is a piece of fabric that covers and protects an opening, usually a zipper, on an item of clothing. It is designed to add another barrier to the more vulnerable parts of a garment to protect against wind and moisture. Our CH Insulated Soft Shell Jacket, style #J763 and Y763, is constructed with this additional protection to help keep you warm and dry.

Structured – A headwear term referring to a cap with a stiff cotton or linen lining (also called buckram). This lining is used to control and shape the slope of the cap. Most high profile and mid profile caps are structured with this lining and most low profile caps are unstructured. Check out the ATC Contrast Diamond Inset Twill Cap, style #C122, for a peek at a mid profile structured cap.

Tagless – This describes a method of labeling that has the brand and size information printed directly onto the inside back neck of a garment. As there is no additional material (tag) sewn at the neck, a tagless garment has a cleaner look and offers additional comfort to the garment. Our ATC Double Mesh Wicking Crew Neck Tee, style #S451, is one of many styles to be found with a tagless label.

Taped Seams – This is a strip of fabric or finishing tape that is sewn over a seam for added durability and comfort. In outerwear, taped seams aid in waterproofing. In headwear, taped seams reinforce the hat structure. Feel the comfort derived from taped seams with the New Era® Flat Bill Adjustable Cap, style #NE400.

Textured – A fabric that is not flat or smooth, textured fabric can be any type of pattern, weave, jacquard knit, etc., which is part of the fabric construction and offers a lifted feel or touch to the fabric surface. Feel the unique texture of our CH Textured Hooded Soft Shell Jacket, style #J766 and L766.

Toggles – Attachments found on drawstrings used to adjust and secure the fit of a hood, jacket bottom, waist, etc. The CH Textured Hooded Soft Shell Jacket, style #J766 and L766, uses toggles to adjust the fit on the hood as well as the bottom of the jacket.

Tonal Stitching – This is stitching that matches the colour of the fabric or garment on which it has been stitched. Tonal stitching is perfect when topstitching areas where the garment needs extra strength and durability without altering the original appearance. Check out the look of tonal stitching on our CH Short Sleeve Easy Care Shirt, style #D510 and L510.

Topstitching – This stitching can be tonal or contrasting in colour and may be used as decorative. Topstitching also reinforces areas of a garment that may receive additional stress or wear. Topstitching can be found on each piece of the entire ATC PTech Collection (F221, F222, F223, L221 & L223).

Tricot – A warp knitted fabric made from very fine yarn. The tricot weave has a stable construction which offers excellent wear and is commonly used in better quality tailored garments. Check out the long-wearing style of the CH Snag Resistant Tricot Sport Shirt, style #S445 and L445.

Twill – A basic weave characterized by diagonal ribs producing a strong, durable, firm fabric. Commonly used for casual woven shirts, khakis and denims, a twill weave may also be used in the construction of caps as found on the ATC Mid Profile Twill Cap, style #C130.

Unstructured – A headwear term usually referring to a low profile cap with a naturally low sloping crown. An unstructured cap would not include the stiff cotton or linen insert (also known as buckram) that would be found in a structured cap. The New Era® Adjustable Unstructured Cap, style #NE201, is an example of a low profile unstructured cap.

Water Resistant – A term applied to fabrics that shed light precipitation inherently or due to a water resistant treatment or coating. Water resistant fabrics may be more breathable than waterproof fabrics making them the perfect choice for mild temperatures. These fabrics also tend to be great for layering without adding bulk. Plan to wear the PU-coated ATC Pro Team Jacket, style #J780 and L780, year round!

Waterproof – A term applied to fabrics whose pores have been closed and will not allow water to pass through. Garments deemed waterproof may feature taped seams that provide an impenetrable barrier to moisture. Be sure to keep dry with the waterproof CH Soft Shell Jacket, style #J760, L760 and Y760.

Wicking – Wicking fabrics draw perspiration off the skin and out to the exterior of the fabric. It is much easier for moisture to evaporate on the surface of the fabric than when trapped between the garment and the skin. Moisture wicking fabric is popular in performance and business casual clothing for a comfortable and put-together look in warm/humid conditions. For that next convention/tradeshow, be sure to suit everybody up in the CH Mesh Wicking Sport Shirt, style #S439 and L439.

Woven – Fabric constructed by the interlacing of two or more sets of yarns at right angles to each other. Woven fabrics are commonly used for dress shirts and camp shirts and look great in the CH Long Sleeve Easy Care Shirt, style #D610 and L610!

Yoke – A part of the garment fitted closely to the shoulders. Typically seen on the back of a dress shirt, a yoke may also be found on the front. The yoke allows the garment to lie flat while following the contours of the body, ensuring correct drape and appearance. The CH Short Sleeve Easy Care Shirt, style #D510 and L510, is a great example of a garment with a back yoke.