## **Timekeeper's Responsibilities**

(See Rules 1.4, 3.2, 4.5, 4.6, and 4.7)

- Each team is responsible for reviewing the following procedural information and Rules 1.4, 4.5, and 4.6 outlining the timekeeper's responsibilities for keeping time accurately and fairly throughout the state tournament.
- WORKING TOGETHER as a "neutral timing team," timekeepers from both teams (a) will ensure that accurate time for both teams has been kept; (b) will show "time-remaining" cards simultaneously to both teams; and (c) will notify the presiding judge that "TIME" has expired at the end of each segment of the trial by showing the "STOP" time card. The four trial segments as defined in Rule 4.5, Trial Sequence and Time Limits, are as follows: (1) Opening Statement (maximum of 5 minutes per side); (2) Direct and Redirect Examination (maximum of 25 minutes per side); (3) Cross and Recross-examination (maximum of 20 minutes per side); and (4) Closing Argument (maximum of 5 minutes per side).
- Each team is responsible for training at least one student to serve as the team's official timekeeper.
- ALL TEAMS are to bring to the state tournament:
  - Two (2) STOP WATCHES (one for keeping time for the Prosecution/Plaintiff side and one for keeping time for the Defense side, regardless of which side your team is presenting in a given round) required
  - o A trained **OFFICIAL TIMEKEEPER** required
  - Clipboard for the timekeeper *optional*
  - Two pencils
  - o One set of "Time-Remaining" Cards with the following designations to signal time: 20:00, 15:00, 10:00, 5:00, 4:00, 3:00, 2:00, 1:00, 0:40, 0:20, and STOP.
  - o Time Card Use Table (found in these materials)—should duplicate one copy
  - o Timekeeping Sheet (found in these materials)—should duplicate 4-6 copies

## No stop watches, clipboards, or pencils will be available from the mock trial coordinator at the competition site.

- All teams must use the "Time Remaining" cards that are described in Rule 1.4 and NO others. Time intervals may not be altered in any way.
- Teams and their official timekeepers are responsible for being proficient in the timekeeping responsibilities. The team's timekeeper must be familiar with the trial sequence, and is encouraged to have practiced completing the timekeeping sheet during team scrimmages or practice rounds before the tournament begins.
- In each trial, both teams' timekeepers will sit in the front row of the jury box and keep time for both teams.

## **Timekeeping Procedures**

I. **BEFORE THE TRIAL** (See information in *Timekeeper's Responsibilities* in these materials.)

#### II. DURING THE TRIAL

- A. Timekeepers play an essential role during a mock trial competition round and therefore must work together as a <u>neutral</u> "timekeeping team" to ensure that time is kept accurately and fairly for both sides in the round.
- B. Enter the Round Number and Team Codes in the spaces provided at the top of the Timekeeping Sheet. Arrange your stopwatches, time cards, and Time Card Use Table.
- C. Keep time during the trial, remembering the following:
  - 1. Use one stopwatch for each side PROSECUTION on your left and DEFENSE on your right.
  - 2. **RESET** STOPWATCH TO ZERO *ONLY* at the following times:
    - a. at the beginning of each side's opening statement;
    - b. at the beginning of each side's direct examination
    - c. at the beginning of each side's cross-examination; and,
    - d. at the beginning of each side's closing argument
  - **3. DO NOT** reset stopwatch to zero at any other time.
    - a. **DO NOT** reset stopwatch to zero at the end of direct and cross-examinations (you will need to resume direct examination timing for redirect questioning, and cross-examination time for recross questioning);
    - b. **DO NOT** reset stopwatch to zero at the end of the Prosecution's closing argument (you will need to resume the Prosecution's closing argument timing for the Prosecution's **rebuttal**).
  - 4. **START** timing only when each attorney starts to speak, (i.e. when the attorney actually speaks the first word of his or her opening, closing, or examination question examples include but are not limited to, "May it please the court...," or, "Your Honor, Ladies and Gentlemen of the jury..." [for openings/closings] or, "Please state your name for the court..." [for examination question) **NOT** when an attorney responds to a presiding judge's inquiry as to whether or not that side is ready to proceed, asks for permission to reserve time for a rebuttal, asks for permission to use/move a podium, or to swear a witness, etc.)
  - 5. **STOP** timing during objections, responses to objections, questioning by the judge, and when the attorney says his or her last word on completion of a given task.
  - 6. Remember: **DO NOT** count time:
    - a. From the time an objection is raised until after the ruling by the presiding judge and the examining attorney says the first word to continue the examination;
    - b. During the time a judge may raise questions to a team or the panel.
  - 7. Time **DOES NOT STOP** for the introduction of evidence.

- D. Display time cards <u>simultaneously</u> throughout the round to <u>both teams</u> (attorneys and witnesses) and the presiding judge only at the intervals set out in the Time Card Use Table. Display the **STOP** card to both teams, the presiding, and the scoring judges.
- E. Timekeeping each trial is a function of both teams' timekeepers working together. Timekeepers <u>may not</u> display any increments of time (not outlined on the Time Card Use Table) to their own team independently of the opposing team's timekeeper at any time during the trial.

#### III. DISCREPANCIES IN TIME BETWEEN TEAM TIMEKEEPERS DURING A TRIAL

- A. If timing variations of **15 seconds or more** occur at the completion of any <u>task</u> (i.e. at the end of each opening, at the end of each witness examination, at the end of each cross-examination, and at the end of each closing argument) during the trial, the timekeepers are to notify the presiding judge that a time discrepancy has occurred. In this event, one timekeeper will politely address the presiding judge and say, "Your Honor, under Rule 4.6 there is a time discrepancy of more than 15 seconds."
- B. The presiding judge will ask the nature of the discrepancy and then rule on the discrepancy before the trial continues.
- C. Timekeepers will synchronize their stopwatches to match the ruling of the presiding judge (as an example, if Prosecution/Plaintiff's stopwatch indicates that the Prosecution/Plaintiff has 2 minutes left in the direct examination block of time and the Defense stopwatch indicates time has expired in the direct examination block for the Prosecution/Plaintiff team, the presiding judge *might* decide to split the difference in the timing variation and give the Plaintiff team 1 minute to conclude the direct examination. The Defense timekeeper would adjust timing to allow for the 1 minute timing decision.)
- D. Any discrepancies between timekeepers less than 15 seconds will not be considered a violation.
- E. No time disputes will be entertained after the trial concludes.
- F. The decisions of the presiding judge regarding the resolution of timing disputes are final.

#### IV. AFTER THE TRIAL

A. The timekeeper is NOT required to turn in the timekeeping sheet at the end of the trial.

### Kentucky High School Mock Trial Tournament Time Card Use Table

#### For **Direct** Examination

When your stopwatch says	Hold up the timecard that says
5:00	20:00
10:00	15:00
15:00	10:00
20:00	5:00
21:00	4:00
22:00	3:00
23:00	2:00
24:00	1:00
24:20	0:40
24:40	0:20
25:00	STOP

#### For Cross-examination

When your stopwatch says	Hold up the timecard that says
5:00	15:00
10:00	10:00
15:00	5:00
16:00	4:00
17:00	3:00
18:00	2:00
19:00	1:00
19:20	0:40
19:40	0:20
20:00	STOP

## For **Opening** Statements & **Closing** Arguments

When your stopwatch says	Hold up the timecard that says
1:00	4:00
2:00	3:00
3:00	2:00
4:00	1:00
4:20	0:40
4:40	0:20
5:00	STOP

# Kentucky High School Mock Trial Tournament Timekeeping Sheet

Round Number: Prosecution/Plaintiff Team Code:	Defense Team Code:	
Opening Statements (5 minutes each) Prosecution/Plaintiff Defense		
Direct/Redirect Examination of Three Prosecution/Plainting FIRST WITNESS (ending time) SECOND WITNESS (cumulative ending time) THIRD WITNESS (cumulative ending time: > 25 = time		
Cross/Recross-examination of Three Prosecution/Plainti FIRST WITNESS (ending time) SECOND WITNESS (cumulative ending time) THIRD WITNESS (cumulative ending time: > 20 = time		
Direct/Redirect Examination of Three Defense Witnesses FIRST WITNESS (ending time) SECOND WITNESS (cumulative ending time) THIRD WITNESS (cumulative ending time: > 25 = time		
Cross/Recross-examination of Three Defense Witnesses FIRST WITNESS (ending time) SECOND WITNESS (cumulative ending time) THIRD WITNESS (cumulative ending time: > 20 = time		
Closing Arguments (5 minutes each) Prosecution/Plaintiff (and rebuttal, if any) Defense		
Remember: Clock Stops for Objections		
Timokoonor's Signaturo:	Toam Codo:	