#### 3.1 FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

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#### RATIONALE

For a diploma holder in electrical engineering, it becomes imperative to know the fundamentals of the subject in order to grasp the knowledge of the field. This subject will provide acquaintance with various terms knowledge of fundamental concepts of electricity, magnetism and various principles related to it.

#### **DETAILED CONTENTS**

1.	(a)	Application and Advantages of Electrical Energy (4	Hrs)
		<ul> <li>Different forms of energy</li> <li>Advantages of electrical energy</li> <li>Uses of electrical energy</li> </ul>	
	(b)	Basic Electrical Quantities	
		<ul> <li>Basic concept of charge, current, voltage, resistance, power, energy and units</li> </ul>	their
		Conversion of units of work, power and energy from one form to another	
2.	DC C	Circuits (10	Hrs)
	2.1	Ohm's law, resistances in series and parallel	
	2.2	Kirchhoff's laws and their applications in solving electrical network problems	
	2.3	Network theorems such as Thevenin's theorem, superposition theorem Max power and transfer theorem and Norton's theorem	imum
3.	Batter	ries (10	Hrs)

- 3.1 Basic idea about primary and secondary cells
- 3.2 Working principle, construction and applications of Lead acid, Nickel Cadmium and Silver Oxide Cells
- 3.3 Charging methods used for lead acid accumulator
- 3.4 Care and maintenance of a lead acid battery
- 3.5 Grouping of cells in series and parallel (simple numerical problems).
- 3.6 Testing of lead Acid battery for fully charged conditions and their specifications.

- 4. Magnetism and Electromagnetism:
  - 4.1 Introduction to electromagnetism, Magnetic field around a straight current carrying conductor and a solenoid and methods to find its direction, force between two parallel current carrying conductors.
  - 4.2 Force on a conductor placed in the magnetic field
  - 4.3 Series magnetic circuits, simple problems
  - 4.4 Concept of hyteresis, loop and hysteresis loss.

# 5.. Electromagnetic Induction:

- 5.1. Faraday's Laws of electromagnetic induction
- 5.2. Lenz's law
- 5.3. Fleming's Right and Left Hand Rule
- 5.4. Principle of self and mutual induction
- 5.5. Principle of self and mutually induced e.m.f. and simple problems
- 5.6. Inductances in series and parallel
- 5.7. Energy stored in a magnetic field
- 5.8. Concept of eddy currents, eddy current loss

# 6. AC Fundamentals

- 6.1. Concept of a.c. generation (single phase and three phase)
- 6.2. Difference between a.c and d.c
- 6.3. Concept of alternating current and voltage, equation of instantaneous values, average value, r.m.s value, form factor, power factor etc.
- 6.4. Concept of phasor and phase difference.
- 6.5. Representation of alternating sinusoidal quantities by vectors
- 6.6. Phasor algebra (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of complex quantities)
- 7. AC Circuits
  - 7.1. AC through pure resistance, inductance and capacitance
  - 7.2. Alternating voltage applied to RL,RC and RLC series and parallel circuits (impedance triangle, phasor diagram and their solutions)

(7 Hrs)

(8 Hrs)

(5 Hrs)

- 7.4. J-notation and its application in solving problems in ac circuits
- 7.5. Power in pure resistance, inductance, capacitance and series RL, RC, RLC circuits
- 7.6. Active and reactive components of current and their significance
- 7.7. Power factor and its practical significance
- 8. Poly-Phase systems

(8 Hrs)

- 8.1 Advantages of 3 phase over single phase system
- 8.2 Star and delta connections ( derive relationship between phase and line voltages, phase and line currents in star delta connections
- 8.3 Power in 3 phase circuits and measurement by two wattmeter method
- 8.4 Measurement of power and power factor of a 3-phase load by two wattmeter method using balanced/unbalanced load.

# LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. (a) Determination of voltage-current relationship in a dc circuit under specific physical conditions and to draw conclusions (to verify ohm's law)
  - (b) Filament lamp
    - measure the resistance of a cold lamp filament with the help of calculations.
    - measure the current drawn by the lamp at different voltages from zero to 220 volts and the resistance of lamp at different voltages, plot a graph between current and voltage
- 2. (a) To verify that  $R_t = R_1 + R_2 + \dots$  where  $R_1, R_2$  etc. are resistances connected in series
  - (b) To verify 1 1 1 1 1 1 -- = -- + -- + -- + --Rt  $R_1$   $R_2$   $R_m$ Where  $R_1, R_2$  etc. are resistances connected in parallel
- 3. Verification of Kirchhoff's current and voltage laws applied to DC circuits
  - a) to construct a circuit arrangement consisting of resistances in series, parallel combination
  - b) identification of node points in the circuit
  - c) to see that algebraic sum of currents at node point is zero
  - d) to see that algebraic sum of emfs and voltage drops in a closed loop is zero
- 4. To observe the a.c and d.c wave shapes on CRO.
- 5. To find ratio of inductance values of a coil having air /iron core respectively and to see the effect of introduction of a magnetic core on coil inductance

- 6. To construct an RL and RC circuit and to measure
  - a) impedance of the circuit
  - b) phase angle between voltage and current
  - c) construct impedance triangle
- 7. Measurement of power and power factor of a single phase RLC circuit. To calculate KVA and KVAR
- 8. Measurement of power and power factor of a 3-phase circuit by using 2- wattmeter method using induction motor as a load and to calculate KVA and KVAR
- 9. Testing a battery for its charged condition and to charge it/replace it

### Note: The results should be verified analytically also.

### INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Basic electrical engineering being a fundamental subject need to be handled very carefully and in a manner such that students develop clear understanding of principles and concepts and develop skill in their application in solving related problems. Teacher may lay emphasis on laboratory experiments and give lot of tutorial work to students in order to giver them an opportunity in mastering the basics in solving related problems.

### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Sahdev, Uneek Publication, Jalandhar
- 2. Basic Electrical Engineering by PS Dhogal, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Electrical Science by VK Mehta, S Chand and Co., New Delhi
- 4. Electrical Engineering by DR Arora, Ishan Publications, Ambala
- 5. Electrical Technology by JB Gupta, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi
- 6. Electrical Technology by BL Theraja, S Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 7. Electrical Science by S. Chandhni, R Chakrabarti and PK Chattopadhyay. Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 8. Basic Electrical Engineering by Mool Singh, Galgotia Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 9. Principles of Electrical Engineering by BR Gupta, S Chand & Co., New Delhi
- 10. Handbook of Electrical Engineering by SL Bhatia, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi

Sr. No	Торіс	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allocation (%)
1	Application and advantages of Electrical Energy	04	5
2	DC Circuits	10	15
3	Batteries	10	15
4	Magnetism and Electromagnetism	07	10
5	Electromagnetic Induction	08	15
6	AC Fundamentals	05	5
7	AC Circuits	12	20
8	Poly-Phase systems	08	15
	Total	64	100

# SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR FACILITATING THE PAPER SETTER

# 3.2 ELECTRONICS - I

RATIONALE

At present, electronics gadgets are being extensively used in various manufacturing processes in industries, power system operations, communication systems, computers etc. Even for an electrical diploma holder, it is absolutely necessary to have a basic understanding of electronic components, their function and applications. This understanding should facilitate in operation and maintenance equipment, which are electronically controlled.

In this course, topics like semi-conductor theory, semi-conductor Diodes, Bipolar transistors, rectifiers, single stage and multistage amplifiers and field effect transistors have been included.

# DETAILED CONTENTS

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Brief history of development of electronics
- 1.2 Active and passive components
- 1.3 Concept of current and voltage sources, constant voltage and current sources, their graphical representation. Conversion of voltage source into current source and vice-versa
- 1.4 Difference between actual voltage source and constant voltage source
- 2. Semi-conductor Theory
  - 2.1 Atomic structure, crystalline structure
  - 2.2 Energy band theory of crystals, energy band structure of insulator, semiconductor and conductor, generation and recombination of electron hole pairs. Energy band structure of Silicon and Germanium
  - 2.3 Silicon versus Germanium for mobility and conductivity
  - 2.4 Concept of Doping, intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors
  - 2.5 Effect of temperature on intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors
- 3. Semiconductor Diodes
  - 3.1 PN Junction, mechanism of current flow in PN junction, drift and diffusion currents, depletion layer, potential barrier, effect of forward and reverse biasing in a PN junction. Concept of junction capacitance in forward and reverse biased conditions. Breakdown mechanism
  - 3.2 Ideal diode, Semiconductor diode characteristics, static and dynamic resistance
  - 3.3 Use of diode as half wave and full wave rectifiers (centre tapped and bridge type), relation between DC output and AC input voltage, rectifier efficiency

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(10 hrs)

(10 hrs)

(05 hrs)

- 3.4 Concept of ripples, filter circuits shunt capacitor, series inductor, and pie ( $\pi$ ) filters and their applications
- 3.5 Diode ratings/specifications
- 3.6 Various types of diodes such as zener diode, varactor diode, schottky diode, light emitting diode, tunnel diode, photo diode; their working characteristics and applications
- 3.7 Zener diode and its characteristics
- 3.8 Use of zener diode for voltage stabilization
- 4. Bi-polar Transistors
  - 4.1 Concept of junction transistor, PNP and NPN transistors, their symbols and mechanism of current flow
  - 4.2 Transistor configurations: common base (CB), common emitter (CE) and common collector (CC), current relation and their input/output characteristics; comparison of the three configurations
- 5. Transistor Biasing and Stabilization
  - 5.1 Transistor biasing, its need, operating point, effect of temperature on the operating point of a transistor and need of stabilization of operating point.
  - 5.2 Different biasing circuits, limitations, simple problems to calculate operating point in different biasing circuits. Use of Thevenin's theorem to determine operating point
  - 5.3 Concept of h-parameters of a transistor
  - 5.4 Use of data book to know the parameters of a given transistor
- 6. Single-Stage Transistor Amplifiers
  - 6.1 Single stage transistor amplifier circuit in CE configuration, function of each component
  - 6.2 Working of single stage transistor amplifier, physical and graphical explanation, phase reversal
  - 6.3 Concept of DC and AC load line
  - 6.4 Voltage gain of single stage transistor amplifier using characteristics of the device
  - 6.5 Concept of input and output impedance
  - 6.6 AC equivalent circuit of single stage transistor amplifiers
  - 6.7 Calculation of voltage gain using AC equivalent circuit
  - 6.8 Frequency response of a single stage transistor amplifier
- 7. Multi-Stage Transistor Amplifiers
  - 7.1 Need of multi-stage transistor amplifiers different types of couplings, their purpose and applications.
  - 7.2 Knowledge of various terms such as voltage gain, current gain, power gain, frequency response, decibel gain and band width
  - 7.3 RC coupled two-stage amplifiers, circuit details, working, frequency response, applications
  - 7.4 Loading effect in multistage amplifiers

(08 hrs)

(07 hrs)

(10 hrs)

(07 hrs)

(07 hrs)

- 7.5 Elementary idea about direct coupled amplifier, its limitations and applications
- 7.6 Transformer coupled amplifiers, its frequency response. Effect of co-efficient of coupling on frequency response. Applications of transformer coupled amplifiers
- 8. Field Effect Transistor (FET)
  - 8.1 Construction, operation, characteristics and applications of a N channel JFET and P channel JFET
  - 8.2 JFET as an amplifier
  - 8.3 Types, construction, operation, characteristics and applications of a MOSFET
  - 8.4 Comparison between BJT, JFET and MOSFET

# LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. a) Identification and testing of electronic components such as resistor, inductor, capacitor, diode, transistor and different types of switches used in Electronic circuits
- b) Measurement of resistances using multimeter and their comparison with colour code values
- 2. V-I characteristics of a Semiconductor diode and to calculate its static and dynamic resistance
- 3. a) V-I characteristics of a zenor diode and finding its reverse breakdown voltage
- b) Fabrication of a zenor diode voltage stabilizer circuit using PCB
- 4. Observation of input and output wave shapes of a half-wave rectifier and verification of relationship between dc output and ac input voltage
- 5. Observation of input and output wave shapes of a full wave rectifier and verification and relationship between dc and ac input voltage
- 6. Observation of input and output wave shapes of a full wave rectifier with (i) shunt capacitor) (ii) series inductor (iii) Π filter circuits
- 7. Plotting input and output characteristics of a transistor in CB configuration
- 8. Plotting input and output characteristics of a transistor in CE configuration
- 9. Measurement of operating point in case of (i) fixed biased circuit (ii) potential divider biasing circuit and to observe the effect of temperature variation on the operating point.
- 10. To measure the voltage gain and band width by plotting frequency response curve of a single stage amplifier using CE configuration at different loads
- 11. To study the effect of coupling capacitor on lower cut off frequency and upper cut off frequency by plotting frequency response curve of a two stage RC coupled amplifier
- 12. To plot V-I characteristics of a FET

# INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This subject gives the knowledge of fundamental concepts of basic electronics. The teacher should give emphasis on understanding of concepts and various term used in the subject. The students be made familiar with diodes, transistors, resistors, capacitors, inductors etc. and electrical measuring instruments etc. Practical exercises will reinforce various concepts. Application of Semiconductor Diodes, Transistors, Field Effect Transistors etc must be told to students.

# **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Basic Electronics and Linear Circuit by NN Bhargava, Kulshreshta and SC Gupta, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Electronic Principles by SK Sahdev, Dhanpat Rai & Co., New Delhi
- 3. Principles of Electrical and Electronics Engineering by VK Mehta; S Chand and Co., New Delhi
- 4. Electronic Components and Materials by SM Dhir, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 5. Principles of Electronics by SK Bhattacharya and Renu Vig, SK Kataria and Sons, Delhi
- 6. Electronics Devices and Circuits by Millman and Halkias; McGraw Hill.
- 7. Principles of Electronics by Albert Paul Malvino; Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 8. Basic Electronics Problems and Solutions by Albert Malvino and David J. Bates; Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 9. Basic Electronics by J.S. Katre, Sandeep Bajaj, Tech. Max. Publications, Pune.
- 10. Analog Electronics by DR Arora, Ishan Publications, Ambala City.
- 11. Analog Electronics by JC Karhara, King India Publication, New Delhi
- 12. Electrical Devices and Circuits by Rama Reddy, Narosa Pulishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 13. Electronic Devices and Circuits by Dharma Raj Cheruku and Battula Tirumala Krishna: Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt Ltd., Indian Branch, 482 F.I.E Patparganj, Delhi- 92
- 14. Basic Electronics by JB Gupta, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi
- 15. Grob's Basic Electronics- A text Lab Manual (Special Indian Edition) by Schultz, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.

# SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR FACILITATING THE PAPER SETTER

Sr.	Торіс	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allocation
No			(%)
1	Introduction	05	10
2	Semi-conductor Theory	10	15
3	Semiconductor Diodes	10	15
4	Bi-polar Transistors	07	10
5	Transistor Biasing and Stabilization	08	15
6	Single-Stage Transistor Amplifiers	10	15
7	Multi-Stage Transistor Amplifiers	07	10
8	Field Effect Transistor	07	10
	Total	64	100

# ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING MATERIALS

# RATIONALE

3.3

A diploma holder in Electrical Engineering will be involved in maintenance, repair and production of electrical equipment and systems. In addition, he may be required to procure, inspect and test electrical and electronic engineering materials. Knowledge of various types of materials will be needed in order to execute the above mentioned functions. He may also have to decide for an alternative when a particular material is either not readily available in the market or its cost becomes prohibitive.

### DETAILED CONTENTS

### 1. Classification:

Classification of materials into conducting, semi conducting and insulating materials through a brief reference to their atomic structure and energy bands

- 2. Conducting Materials
  - 2.1 Introduction
  - 2.2 Resistance and factors affecting it such as alloying and temperature etc
  - 2.3 Classification of conducting material as low resistivity and high resistivity materials, Low resistance materials
    - a. Copper:

General properties as conductor: Resistivity, temperature coefficient, density, mechanical properties of hard-drawn and annealed copper, corrosion, contact resistance. Application in the field of electrical engineering.

b. Aluminium:

General properties as conductor: Rresistivity, temperature coefficient, density, mechanical properties of hard and annealed aluminium, solderability, contact resistance. Applications of aluminium in the field of electrical engineering.

c. Steel:

General properties as conductor: Resistivity, corrosion, temperature coefficient, density, mechanical properties, solderability, Applications in the field of electrical engineering.

Introduction to bundle conductors and its applications.

Low resistivity copper alloys: Brass, Bronze (cadmium and Beryllium), and their practical applications with reasons for the same

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(3 Hrs)

(12 Hrs)

- 2.4 Applications of special metals e.g. Silver, Gold, Platinum etc.
- 2.5 High resistivity materials and their applications e.g., manganin, constantin, Nichrome, mercury, platinum, carbon and tungsten, Tantalum
- 2.6 Superconductors and their applications
- 3. Review of Semi-conducting Materials

Semi Conducting material such as Germanium, Silicon, Carbon-their atomic structure/application/against, pure and impure semi conductors and their use for making electronic devices.

- 4. Insulating materials; General Properties: (12 Hrs)
  - 4.1 Electrical Properties:

Volume resistivity, surface resistance, dielectric loss, dielectric strength (breakdown voltage) dielectric constant

4.2 Physical Properties:

Hygroscopicity, tensile and compressive strength, abrasive resistance, brittleness

4.3 Thermal Properties:

Heat resistance, classification according to permissible temperature rise. Effect of overloading on the life of an electrical appliance, increase in rating with the use of insulating materials having higher thermal stability, Thermal conductivity, Electro-thermal breakdown in solid dielectrics

4.4 Chemical Properties:

Solubility, chemical resistance, weatherability

- 4.5 Mechanical properties, mechanical structure, tensile structure
- 5. Insulating Materials and their applications:

(16 Hrs)

- 5.1 Plastics
  - a. Definition and classification
  - b. Thermosetting materials:

Phenol-formaldehyde resins (i.e. Bakelite) amino resins (urea formaldehyde and Malamine-formaldehyde), epoxy resins - their important properties and applications

- c. Procedure of preparation of plastic (PVC)
- d. Thermo-plastic materials:

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethelene, silicons, their important properties and applications

(2 Hrs)

- a) Mica and Mica products
- b) Asbestos and asbestos products
- c) Ceramic materials (porcelain and steatite)
- d) Glass and glass products
- e) Cotton
- f) Silk
- g) Paper (dry and impregnated)
- h) Rubber, Bitumen
- i) Mineral and insulating oil for transformers switchgear capacitors, high voltage insulated cables, insulating varnishes for coating and impregnation
   j) Enamels for winding wires
- k) Glass fibre sleeves
- 5.3 Gaseous materials; Air, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, SF<sub>6</sub> their properties and applications
- 6. Magnetic Materials:

5.2

(11 Hrs)

- 6.1 Introduction ferromagnetic materials, permeability, B-H curve, magnetic saturation, hysteresis loop including coercive force and residual magnetism, concept of eddy current and hysteresis loss, curie temperature, magnetostriction effect, method of reduction of eddy current loss and hysteresis loss.
- 6.2 Soft Magnetic Materials:
  - a) Alloyed steels with silicon: High silicon, alloy steel for transformers, low silicon alloy steel for electric rotating machines
  - b) Cold rolled grain oriented steels for transformer, Non-oriented steels for rotating machine
  - c) Nickel-iron alloys
  - d) Soft Ferrites
- 6.3 Hard magnetic materials

Tungsten steel, chrome steel, hard ferrites and cobalt steel, their applications

- 7. Special Materials (4 hrs) Thermocouple, bimetals, leads soldering and fuses material, mention their applications
- 8. Introduction of various engineering materials necessary for fabrication of electrical machines such as motors, generators, transformers etc (4 hrs)

# INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

The teacher should bring different materials, electronic components and devices in the class while taking lectures and explain and make students familiar with them. Also he may give emphasis on practical applications of these devices and components in the field. In addition, the students should be

# RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Electrical and Electronic Engineering Materials by SK Bhattacharya, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- 2. Electronic Components and Materials by Grover and Jamwal, Dhanpat Rai and Co., New Delhi
- 3. Electrical Engineering Materials by Sahdev, Uneek International Publications
- 4. Electronic Components and Materials by SM Dhir, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi
- 5. Electrical Engineering Materials by PL Kapoor, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- 6. Electrical and Electronics Engineering Materials BR Sharma and Others, Satya Parkashan, New Delhi
- 7. Electrical and Electronics Engineering Materials DR Arora, Ishan Publications, Ambala City
- 8. Electrical Engineering Materials by Rakesh Dogra, SK Kataria and Sons, NEW Delhi

# SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR FACILITATING THE PAPERSETTER

Sr. No	Торіс	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allocation (%)
1	Classification	03	5
2	Conducting Materials	12	20
3	Review of Semi-conducting Materials	02	5
4	Insulating materials; General Properties:	12	20
5	Insulating Materials and their Applications	16	25
6	Magnetic Materials:	11	15
7	Special Materials	04	5
8	Introduction of various Engineering	04	5
	Materials		
	Total	64	100

### RATIONALE

Computer plays a very vital role in present day life, more so, in the professional life of Diploma engineers. In order to enable the students use the computers effectively in problem solving, this course offers the modern programming language C along with exposure to various engineering applications of computers. The knowledge of C language will be reinforced by the practical exercises and demonstration of application software in the field of Electrical Engineering during the course of study. Introduction to data base management system is also a very significant field with vast employment potential.

### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1. Algorithm and Program Development
  - Steps in development of a program
  - Flow-charts, algorithm development
  - Introduction to various computer languages
  - > Concept of interpreter, compiler, high level language(HLL), machine language (ML) and Assembly Language
- 2. Program Structure (C Programming)
  - History of 'C': a) Data types, input output statements, arithmetic and logical operations, data assignments, precedence and associatively
  - b) I/O statements Assignment, Variables, arithmetic operation- their precedence, data types standard I/O function, formulated I/O
  - **Control Statements** c) Logical and relational operators; if-else, while, do- while, for loops, breaks, switch statements
  - Functions: d) Function declaration, parameter passing- by value, storage classes (Local, Global and Static variables), standard library functions
  - e) Arrays: Single and multi dimensional arrays, character arrays
  - f) Pointers: To various data types, pointers in parameters passing, pointers to function

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LTP 2 -

(4 hrs)

(24 hrs)

- g) Structures: Definition of a structure, pointer to structure, union and array of structure
- h) Strings: String processing, functions and standard library function
- Data files
   File handling and manipulation, file reading and writing, Binary and ASCII files, file records using standard function type mouse
- 3. Software Applications in Electrical Engineering (4 hrs)

Computer application overview through various applications software related to Electrical Engineering branch viz: PSIM, PSPICE in Electrical Engineering

### LIST OF PRACTICALS

- 1. Programming exercise on executing a C Programs.
- 2. Programming exercise on editing a C program.
- 3. Programming exercise on defining variables and assigning values to variables
- 4. Programming exercise on arithmetic and relation operators
- 5. Programming exercise on arithmetic expressions and their evaluation
- 6. Programming exercise on reading a character
- 7. Programming exercise on writing a character
- 8. Programming exercise on formatting input using print
- 9. Programming exercise on formatting output using scan
- 10. Programming exercise on simple IF statement
- 11. Programming exercise on IF... ELSE statement
- 12. Programming exercise on SWITCH statement
- 13. Programming exercise on GOTO statement
- 14. Programming exercise on DO-WHILE statement
- 15. Programming exercise on FOR statement
- 16. Programming exercise on one dimensional arrays
- 17. Programming exercise on two dimensional arrays
- 18. Demonstration of Application software to Electrical Engineering branch such as: MATLAB, PSIM,
- 19. MULTISIM, PSPICE in Electrical Engineering

# INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

This course is a highly practical and self- study oriented courses. The teachers are expected to explain the theoretical part and make the students to execute and debug different programs. The PC needed to have Turbo C.

# **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Programming in C by Schaum series McGraw Hill
- 2. Programming in C by Kerning Lan and Richie; Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 3. Programming in C by Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill, Education Pvt Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Let us C- Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publications, New Delhi
- 5. Vijay Mukhi Series for C and C++
- 6. Programming in C by R Subburaj, Vikas Publishhing House Pvt. Ltd., Jangpura, New Delhi
- 7. Programming in C by Kris A Jansa, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., Daryaganj, New Delhi
- 8. Programming in C by BP Mahapatra, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- 9. Elements of C by MH Lewin, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi
- 10. The Complete Reference to Visual Basic 6, by Noel Jerke, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 11. Web site <u>www.Beyondlogic.org</u>
- 12. Pointers in C by Yashwant Kanetkar, BPB Publishers New Delhi
- 13. Programming in Applications by Chandershekhar, Uneek Publications, Jalandhar
- 14. The essentials of Computer Organizing and Architecture by Linda Null and Julia Labur, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

# SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR FACILITATING THE PAPER SETTER

Topic No.	Торіс	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allocation
1.	Algorithm and Program Development	4	15
2.	Program Structure (C Programming)	24	70
3.	Software Applications	4	15
	Total	32	100

# 3.5 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING DESIGN AND DRAWING

### RATIONALE

A polytechnic pass-out in electrical engineering is supposed to have ability to :

- i) Read, understand and interpret engineering drawings
- ii) Communicate and co-relate through sketches and drawings
- iii) Prepare working drawings of panels, transmission and distribution

The contents of this subject has been designed to develop requisite knowledge and skills of electrical drawings in the students of diploma in electrical engineering.

#### DETAILED CONTENTS (To make 16 Sheets)

1. Symbols and Signs Conventions (2 Sheets) (6 hrs)

Various Electrical Symbols used in Domestic and Industrial Installation and Power System as per BIS.

2. Panels/Distribution Boards (3 Sheets) (18 hrs)

Design and Drawing of panels/Distribution board using MCBs, ELCB, main switches and change over switches for domestic installation, industrial and commercial installation.

#### 3. Orthographic projections of Simple Electrical Parts (4 Sheets) (24 hrs)

- Kit Kat
- Bus bar post/ Kit Kat
- Pin type and shackle type insulator (Pin Type 11kV/66kV)
- Bobbins of a small transformer / choke
- Stay insulators/Suspension type insulators
- Free hand sketching of M.C.B. and E.L.C.B Placed on Distribution Board.

#### 4. Orthographic Projection of Machine Parts (4 Sheets)

- Rotor of a squirrel cage induction motor
- Motor body (induction motor) as per IS Specifications (using outside dimensions)
- Slip rings of 3-phase induction Motor.
- Stator of 3 phase Induction motor (Sectional View)
- 5. Contactor Control Circuits: Schematic and wiring diagram. (3 Sheets) (24 hrs)
  - DOL Starter of 3-phase induction Motor.

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(24 hrs)

- Forwarding/reversing of 3-phase induction motor
- Limit switch control of a 3-phase induction motor
- Sequence operation of two motors using T.D.R.
- Two speed motor control.
- Automatic star-delta starter for 3-phase induction motor.

### INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

Teacher should identify/prepare more exercises on the pattern shown above. The teacher should make the students confident in making drawing and layouts of electrical wiring installations and doing estimation and costing. This capability will lead the students to become a successful entrepreneur. Take the students to field/laboratory and show the material and equipment.

# SUGGESTED DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR FACILITATING THE PAPERSETTER

Sr. No	Торіс	Time Allotted (Hrs)	Marks Allocation (%)
1	Symbols and Signs Conventions	6	10
2	Design and Drawing of panels	18	20
3	Orthographic projections of simple electrical parts	24	20
4	Drawing of Machine Parts	24	25
5	Contactor Control Circuits	24	25
	Total	96	100

### **RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

- 1. Electrical Engineering Design and Drawings by Surjeet Singh, Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi
- 2. Electrical Engineering Design and Drawings by SK Bhattacharya, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi
- 3. Electrical Engineering Design and Drawings by Ubhi & Marwaha, IPH, New Delhi
- 4. Electrical Design and Drawing by SK Sahdev, Uneek Publications, Jalandhar
- 5. Electrical Engineering Drawing by Surjit Singh, SK Kataria and Sons, New Delhi

# 3.6 ELECTRICAL WORKSHOP PRACTICE - I

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### RATIONALE

An electrical diploma holder will be required to inspect, test and modify the work done by skilled workers working under him. In addition, many a times, it will become necessary for him to demonstrate the correct method and procedure of doing a job. In order to carry out this function effectively in addition to conceptual understanding of the method or procedure he must possess appropriate manual skills. The subject aims at developing special skills required for repairing, fault finding, wiring in electrical appliances and installations.

### DETAILED CONTENTS

- 1. Study of electrical safety measures as mentioned in the Electricity Rules and shock treatment including first aid
- 2. Wire jointing
  - 2.1 Straight married joint
  - 2.2 Technology-joint
  - 2.3 Western union joint
  - 2.4 Britania joint
  - 2.5 Twist sleeve joint
  - 2.6 Bolted type joint
- 3. Types of wiring and to make different light control circuits in the following types of wiring. Casing and capping (PVC) wiring.
- 4. Conduit wiring (surface/concealed), Filling and crimping of thimbles (using hydraulic and hand crimping tool)
- 4. Study of ISI standard for MCBs and Conduct one test on MCB on above basis
- 5. Wiring of main distribution board with four outgoing circuits for light and fan loads including main switch and fuses (only internal connection) Types of wiring and to make different light control circuits in the following types of wiring:
  - 5.1 Casing and Capping (PVC) wiring
  - 5.2 Conduit wiring (surface/concealed)
- 6. Contruction/assembly of Distribution Board and Extension Board
  - (a) Construction of an extension board with two 5A sockets and one I5A Socket controlled by their respective switches, a fuse and indicator with series test lamp provision.

- (b) Assembly of distribution board panel using MCB, main switch, change over switch and ELCB and RCCB.
- 7. Wiring of main distribution board with four outgoing circuits for light and fan loads including main switch and fuses (only internal connection)
- 8. Simple light and Alarm Circuits(any four)
  - a) One lamp controlled by two switches (staircase circuit)
  - b) Two lamps controlled by three switches (double staircase circuit)
  - c) Two ordinary bells (for day and night) used at a distant residence
  - d) Bell response circuit using one bell and one relay
  - e) Bell response circuit of an office (for three rooms)
  - f) Traffic light control system for two roads crossing.
- 9. Testing of domestic wiring installation using meggar
- 10. Fault finding and repair of a tube light circuit
- 11. Wiring and testing of alarm and indicating circuits using relay, push buttons and bells (simple single phase circuits)

# ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS CAMP

A diploma holder must have knowledge of different types of pollution caused due to industries and constructional activities so that he may help in balancing the eco system and controlling pollution by pollution control measures. He should also be aware of environmental laws related to the control of pollution.

This is to be organized at a stretch for 3 to 4 days. Lectures will be delivered on following broad topics. There will be no examination for this subject.

- 1. Basics of ecology, eco system and sustainable development
- 2. Conservation of land reforms, preservation of species, prevention of advancement of deserts and lowering of water table
- 3. Sources of pollution natural and man made, their effects on living and non-living organisms
- 4. Pollution of water causes, effects of domestic wastes and industrial effluent on living and nonliving organisms
- 5. Pollution of air-causes and effects of man, animal, vegetation and non-living organisms
- 6. Sources of noise pollution and its effects
- 7. Solid waste management; classification of refuse material, types, sources and properties of solid wastes, abatement methods, methods of vermicomposting
- 8. Mining, blasting, deforestation and their effects
- 9. Legislation to control pollution and protect environment
- 10. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), Elements for preparing EIA statements
- Current issues in environmental pollution and its control, Global warming
   Green house gases, non-conventional sources of energy, introduction to clean technology.
- 12. Introduction to Green buildings, site selection, material efficiency, energy efficiency, water efficiency, building form.