## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Warm Up

Find the cross products, and then tell whether the ratios are equal.

1. $\frac{16}{6}, \frac{40}{15}$
2. $\frac{3}{8}, \frac{18}{46}$
3. $\frac{8}{9}, \frac{24}{27}$
4. $\frac{28}{12}, \frac{42}{18}$

## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Problem of the Day

Every 8th telephone pole along a road has a red band painted on it. Every 14th pole has an emergency call phone on it. What is the number of the first pole with both a red band and a call phone?

## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

Similar figures are figures that have the same shape but not necessarily the same size. The symbol ~ means "is similar to."

## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

Corresponding angles of two or more similar polygons are in the same relative position. Corresponding sides of two or more similar polygons are in the same relative position. When naming similar figures, list the corresponding angles in the same order. For the triangles below, $\triangle A B C \sim$ $\triangle D E F$.


## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## SIMILAR FIGURES

Two figures are similar if

- the measures of their corresponding angles are equal.
- the ratios of the lengths of the corresponding sides are proportional.


## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Reading Math

A side of a figure can be named by its endpoints, with a bar above such as;

## $A B$

Without the bar, the letters indicate the length of the side.

## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Additional Example 1: Determining Whether Two Triangles Are Similar

## Tell whether the triangles are similar.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \overline{A B} \text { corresponds to } \overline{D E .} \\
& \overline{B C} \text { corresponds to } \overline{E F} . \\
& \overline{A C} \text { corresponds to } \overline{D F} .
\end{aligned}
$$



$$
\begin{array}{rll}
\frac{A B}{D E} & \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{B C}{E F} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{A C}{D F} & \text { Write ratios using the corresponding sides. } \\
\frac{4}{16} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{7}{28} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{10}{40} & \text { Substitute the length of the sides. } \\
\frac{1}{4} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{1}{4} & \text { Simplify each ratio. }
\end{array}
$$

Since the ratios of the corresponding sides are equivalent, the triangles are similar.

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## Check It Out: Example 1

Tell whether the triangles are similar.

$\overline{A B}$ corresponds to $\overline{D E}$; $\overline{B C}$ corresponds to $\overline{E F}$; $\overline{A C}$ corresponds to $\overline{D F}$.

$$
\frac{A B}{\overline{D E}} \stackrel{\Delta B}{\frac{B C}{\mid E F}}=\frac{A C}{\overline{D F}} ; \frac{3}{9}=\frac{7}{21}=\frac{9}{27} \text {; the triangles are similar. }
$$

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## Additional Example 2: Determining Whether Two Four-Sided Figures are Similar

## Tell whether the figures are similar.



The corresponding angles of the figures have equal measure.


Write each set of
corresponding sides as a ratio.

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## Additional Example 2 Continued



## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Additional Example 2 Continued

Determine whether the ratios of the lengths of the corresponding sides are proportional.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{M N}{Q R} \stackrel{?}{R O} \frac{N O}{R S} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{O P}{S T} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{M P}{Q T} & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Write ratios using } \\
\text { corresponding sides. }
\end{array} \\
\frac{6}{9} ? \frac{8}{12} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{4}{6} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{10}{15} & \text { Substitute the length of } \\
\text { the sides. } \\
\frac{2}{3} \stackrel{?}{3} \frac{2}{3} \frac{2}{3} ? \frac{2}{3} & \text { Simplify each ratio. }
\end{array}
$$

Since the ratios of the corresponding sides are equivalent, the figures are similar.

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## Check It Out: Example 2A

Tell whether the figures are similar.


No; the corresponding angles of the figures do not have equal measures.

## 4-8 Similar Figures and Proportions

## Check It Out: Example 2B

Tell whether the figures are similar.


