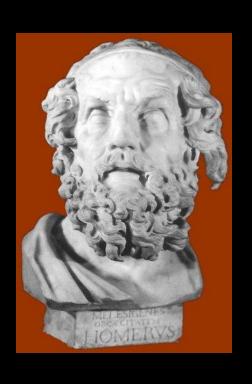
#6
Introduction to
The Odyssey CN



## SETTING: TIME & PLACE= GREECE 1250 B.C



# The Trojan War: What started it?



- took place from about 1260-1250 B.C.
- Archaeological remains provide <u>evidence that</u> there was a war but cause unknown.
- Scholars believe the war began over control of the trade route between the Aegean Sea and the Black Sea between the Trojans and Greeks.
- Ancient mythology states that the war began over a single woman, Helen, queen of Sparta.

## King Peleus marries sea nymph Thetis



- All gods on Olympus invited except ERIS, the evil goddess of Discord
- Apple "For The Fairest"
- Hera (Queen of Gods), Athena, (Goddess of Wisdom/War), and Aphrodite (Goddess of Love) all claim apple.
- Paris, Prince of Troy, will be the judge



### The Bribe

• Hera - POWER

Athena - WISDOM

Aphrodite - MOST
 BEAUTIFUL WOMAN
 (Helen)

Paris chooses Aphrodite

### Helen is Abducted!



Giordano Luca 1634-1705: Enlèvement d'Hélène. Photo @ Maicar Förlag - GML

- Helen- beautiful daughter of King of Sparta (in Greece)
- Helen has many suitors- they swear oath to protect Helen and her new husband.
- Paris abducts Helen.
- 1000 ships, including
   Odysseus & Achilles, leave for
   Troy.

#### The Gods Take Sides

TROJANS
(Paris, Hector)

- Aphrodite
- Ares, God of War
- Apollo
- Artemis
- Zeus (favored, but stayed neutral to please Hera)

GREEKS
(Achilles, Odysseus)

- Hera
- Athena
- Poseidon, God of the Sea

## The Bloody Battle



- lasted for <u>10 long</u> <u>years</u>
  - Hand to hand combat
  - Periods of temporary truce to bury the dead
  - No fighting after sunset
  - Gods took sides

## The Clever Odysseus



- Greeks build a gigantic hollow horse & hide inside.
- Sinon chosen to tell a tale of the Greeks leaving.
- Priest Laocoon tried to warn Trojans "I fear the Greeks even when they bear gifts."
- Poseidon sent serpent to kill Laocoon.

## Surprise Attack



- Trojans thought they had won.
- Sinon tells them horse is an offering to Athena.
- Trojans fall for it and drag horse into city gates to temple of Athena.

## Troy is in Flames!



- In middle of night, Greeks leave horse and attack.
- Troy is in flames before Trojans know what has happened.
- King of Troy dead
- Women and Children become slaves
- Helen is returned to Menelaus

## Odysseus, King of Ithaca, angers the Gods



- Trojans were slaughtered and city sacked and burned.
- Greeks violated Trojan temples.
- Greeks did not offer sacrifices to the gods to thank them for their victory.
- Odysseus, creator of Horse, will suffer the most.

## 2 Epic Poems written in 725B.C. by Homer, a blind poet



#### The Illiad

- First written record of Greece.
- Describes the events of 51 days during the last year of the war when Achilles kills Hector.

#### The *Odyssey*

- Describes the 10-year journey of Odysseus as he tries to go home to Ithaca after the Trojan War
- He and his men face monsters, giants, cannibals, temptation, and death.

<sup>\*\*50</sup> years gap between the actual war & when the story was written down

## What is an epic?

- An epic is a story-poem about a great hero who performs daring deeds that require superhuman courage
  - long narrative poem
  - great and serious subject
  - related in an elevated style
  - centered on a heroic or quasi-divine figure on whose actions depends the fate of a tribe, a nation, or the human race.
- <u>Told orally</u>, not written, recited from memory by minstrels (traveling entertainers)
- In Greek epics the <u>gods either help or hinder the hero</u>, like in The Odyssey, Poseidon hinders Odysseus while Athena helps him

## Characteristics of Epic Poetry

- 1. There must be a hero
- 2. The hero makes an extraordinary journey/quest
- 3. Supernatural realms (ex. Underworld) and beings
- 4. Begins with an invocation or a <u>prayer to the Muse</u> or Muses
- 5. Begins in media reis (in the middle) and then flashes back to the events that took place before the current time setting
- 6. Includes <u>Epic Similes</u>: elaborately <u>extended comparisons</u> relating heroic events to simple, everyday events
- Includes <u>Epithets</u>: <u>descriptive adjectives or phrases</u> used repeatedly with or in place of a noun or proper name (ex. Hector, the tamer of horses)

#### Conflict

- A struggle between opposing forces
- External Conflict: man vs. man, man vs. gods, man vs. nature
- <u>Internal Conflict: man vs. himself</u> (emotions like pride, courage, etc).
- Conflicts put the traits of the epic hero on display.

## **Definition of Odyssey**

- a long wandering and eventful journey
- a Greek epic poem (attributed to Homer) describing the journey of Odysseus after the fall of Troy

### Summary

• Something that is becoming clear to me about the background of the *Odyssey* and who Odysseus may be is... (3 sentences)