# Essential Question How can you divide two powers that have the

same base?



## **ACTIVITY:** Finding Quotients of Powers

#### Work with a partner.

**a.** Copy and complete the table.

Quotient	Repeated Multiplication Form	Power
$\frac{2^4}{2^2}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 2}}{\frac{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2}}{1} \frac{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2}}{1}}$	2 <sup>2</sup>
$\frac{(-4)^5}{(-4)^2}$	$\frac{1}{(\cancel{-4}) \cdot (\cancel{-4}) \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4) \cdot (-4)}}_{(\cancel{-4}) \cdot (\cancel{-4})}_{1}$	(-4) <sup>3</sup>
$\frac{7^{7}}{7^{3}}$		
$\frac{8.5^9}{8.5^6}$		
$\frac{10^8}{10^5}$		
$\frac{3^{12}}{3^4}$		
$\frac{(-5)^7}{(-5)^5}$		
$\frac{11^4}{11^1}$		

**b. INDUCTIVE REASONING** Describe the pattern in the table. Then write a rule for dividing two powers that have the same base.

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a$$

**c.** Use your rule to simplify the quotients in the first column of the table above. Does your rule give the results in the third column?

## 2 ACTIVITY: Comparing Volumes

Work with a partner.

How many of the smaller cubes will fit inside the larger cube? Record your results in the table. Describe the pattern in the table.



	Volume of Smaller Cube	Volume of Larger Cube	Larger Volume Smaller Volume	Answer
a.	$4^3$	$(4^2)^3 = 4^6$	$\frac{4^6}{4^3}$	$4^3$
b.				
c.				
d.				

# -What Is Your Answer?

**3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you divide two powers that have the same base? Give two examples of your rule.

Practice

Use what you learned about the Quotient of Powers Property to complete Exercises 3–6 on page 366.

#### 9.3 Lesson





### **Quotient of Powers Property**

**Words** To divide powers with the same base, subtract their exponents.

Numbers 
$$\frac{4^5}{4^2} = 4^{5-2} = 4^3$$

Algebra 
$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$
, where  $a \neq 0$ 



Now You're Ready

Exercises 7–14

Simplify.

The base is *h*. Subtract the exponents.

Simplify.

## On Your Own

Simplify the expression. Write your answer as a power.

**1.**  $\frac{9^7}{9^4}$ **2.**  $\frac{4.2^6}{4.2^5}$ **4.**  $\frac{x^8}{x^3}$ **3.**  $\frac{(-8)^8}{(-8)^4}$ 





**Real-Life Application** Д

> The projected population of Tennessee in 2030 is about  $5 \cdot 5.9^8$ . Predict the average number of people per square mile in 2030.

Use a model to solve the problem.

People per square mile	$= \frac{\frac{\text{Population in}}{\text{Land area}}$	2030 La abou	nd Area: ut 5.9 <sup>6</sup> mi <sup>2</sup>	
	$=\frac{5\cdot 5.9^8}{5.9^6}$	Substitute.		
	$=5 \cdot \frac{5.9^8}{5.9^6}$	Rewrite.		
	$= 5 \cdot 5.9^2$	Subtract the exponents	5.	
	= 174.05	Evaluate.		

There will be about 174 people per square mile in Tennessee in 2030.

### On Your Own



The projected population of Alabama in 2020 is about  $2.25 \cdot 2^{21}$ . 7. The land area of Alabama is about 2<sup>17</sup> square kilometers. Predict the average number of people per square kilometer in 2020.

# 9.3 Exercises





- 1. WRITING Explain in your own words what it means to divide powers.
- **2.** WHICH ONE DOESN'T BELONG? Which quotient does *not* belong with the other three? Explain your reasoning.





Practice and Problem Solving

Simplify the expression. Write your answer as a power.



**15. ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in simplifying the quotient.



### Simplify the expression. Write your answer as a power.



**22. SOUND INTENSITY** The sound intensity of a normal conversation is 10<sup>6</sup> times greater than the quietest noise a person can hear. The sound intensity of a jet at takeoff is 10<sup>14</sup> times greater than the quietest noise a person can hear. How many times more intense is the sound of a jet at takeoff than the sound of a normal conversation?



Simplify the expression.

4 23. 
$$\frac{x \cdot 4^8}{4^5}$$
  
26.  $\frac{5^{12} \cdot c^{10} \cdot d^2}{5^9 \cdot c^9}$ 

MP3 Player	Memory (GB)	Price
А	$2^{1}$	\$70
В	2 <sup>2</sup>	\$120
С	2 <sup>3</sup>	\$170
D	$2^{4}$	\$220
Е	$2^{5}$	\$270

**24.**  $\frac{6^3 \cdot w}{6^2}$ **27.**  $\frac{x^{15}y^9}{x^8y^3}$ 

**25.**  $\frac{a^3 \cdot b^4 \cdot 5^4}{b^2 \cdot 5}$ **28.**  $\frac{m^{10}n^7}{m^1n^6}$ 

- **29. MEMORY** The memory capacities and prices of five MP3 players are shown in the table.
  - **a.** How many times more memory does MP3 Player D have than MP3 Player B?
  - **b.** Do the differences in price between consecutive sizes reflect a constant rate of change?

**30.** CRITICAL THINKING Consider the equation 
$$\frac{9^m}{\alpha^n} = 9^2$$
.

- **a.** Find two numbers *m* and *n* that satisfy the equation.
- **b.** Are there any other pairs of numbers that satisfy the equation? Explain.



#### Milky Way Galaxy 10 • 10<sup>10</sup> stars

- **31. STARS** There are about 10<sup>24</sup> stars in the Universe. Each galaxy has approximately the same number of stars as the Milky Way Galaxy. About how many galaxies are in the Universe?
- **32.** Find the value of x that makes  $\frac{8^{3x}}{8^{2x+1}} = 8^9$  true. Explain how you found your answer.

