

# A Simple Start to Managing Your Business Finances

A Guide to the Essentials

### INSTRUCTOR

 LeAnn Markowski, Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisor & Notary Public

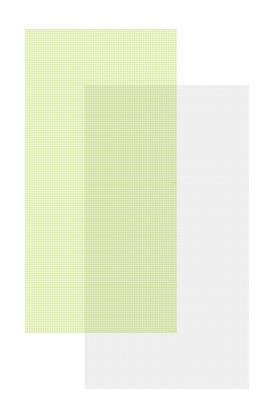
- Bizy Hands Bookkeeping Service
- Provide Onsite & Remote Services
- http://www.bizyhandsbookkeeping.com
- 907-306-1828 | LEANN@GCI.NET

### STUDENT HANDOUTS

- Student Handouts
- http://webservicesfp.lscsoft.com/downloads/aicdownloads/Handouts.pdf
- Sample File
- http://webservicesfp.lscsoft.com/downloads/aicdownloads/Training\_sam ple\_file.zip

### Financial Management Essentials

- Introduction to Financial Management
- 2. Why Accounts are Important
- 3. Using Reports
- 4. Managing Essential Tasks: Practice Session
- 5. Tips and Resources
- 6. Appendix: Additional Concepts & Terms



### 1. What is Financial Management?

#### Process of:

- Running your business
- Recording money coming in and out
- Using reports to:
  - Understand how your business is doing
  - Make decisions



# Six Ways Financial Management Helps Your Business Succeed

#### 2. Manage Customers and Sales.

Know and understand your customers through consolidated records.

#### 1. Cash Flow.

Track the money going in and out of your business.

#### 6. Funding.

To be considered for a loan or investment, you'll need complete financial statements.



#### 5. Insight and Decision Making.

Make informed decisions – and price your product or service for profitability – with financial reports

#### 3. Production.

Obtain goods and services. Apply for and establish credit with your vendors.

#### 4. Compliance.

Report your company's incomes, expenses, and payroll accurately to the IRS.



### Information is Power

### What do you want to know about your business?

How much money am I bringing in?

Sales

How much am I spending?Expenses

• Is my business making any money? ----- Sales – Expenses

 What's the value of what my business owns?

• How much does my business owe to \_\_\_\_\_ Liabilities others?

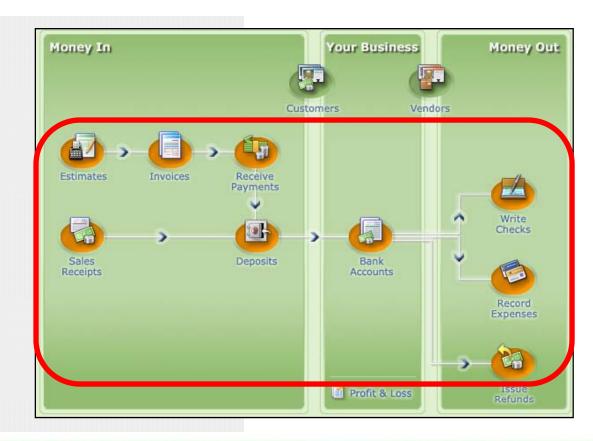
What is my business worth?

### 2. Financial Accounts

### **Why They Matter to Your Business**

## Accurate record keeping lets you understand and use all your information

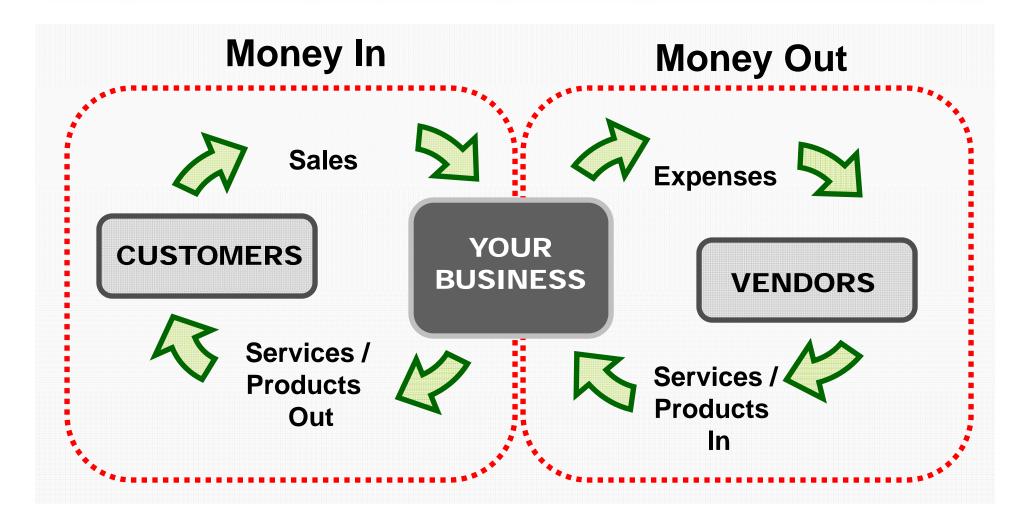
- Money in from payments received
- Data on customers and vendors
- Record of your bank accounts
- Money out for checks written, refunds and other expenses



Provided by

### **Cash Flow:**

**Money In and Money Out** 



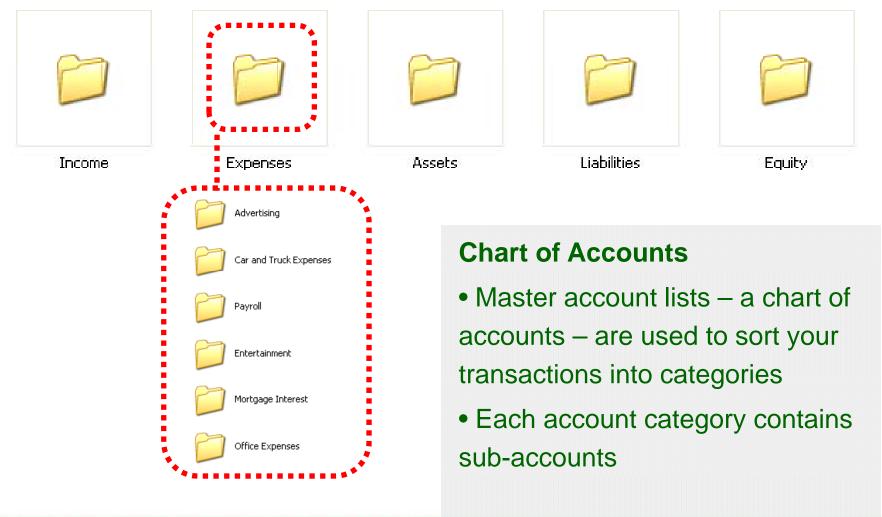
### **Major Account Types**

#### **Assets Everything your** Current (cash, inventory, business accounts receivable, etc.) Fixed (property, vehicles, possesses machinery, etc.) Liabilities-**Everything your** Current (within one year) business has Long Term borrowed **Equity** Everything your Contributed capital: owner's business owns investment Retained earnings (profits)

**Assets = Liabilities + Equity** 



# Categorize Your Transactions With a Chart of Accounts



### **Chart of Accounts:**

### **Your Master List of Accounts and Sub-Accounts**

NAME TYPE NAME TYPE

INCOME		ASSET	
Sales	Income	Checking	Bank
Other income	Other income	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable
EXPENSE		Undeposited funds	Other Current Asset
Advertising	Expense	Equipment	Asset
Car and Truck Expenses	Expense	LIABILITY	
Contract labor / payroll	Expense	Loans	Liability
Cost of goods sold	Expense	Sales Tax Payable	Other Current Liability
Entertainment / meals	Expense	EQUITY	
Office expenses	Expense	Contributed Capital	Equity
Repairs and maintenance	Expense	(Owner's invested funds)	
Supplies	Expense	Retained Earnings	Equity
Taxes and licenses	Expense	(Business' profits)	
Utilities	Expense		
Other expenses	Other expenses		

# Accounts: What We've Learned

- Consolidate your record keeping
- Use a standard set of accounts or categories to "file away" transactions—there is a common language
- Keep it simple: Significant accounts only

## Use Industry Specific Accounts

Master account lists – a chart of accounts – are readily available for most types of business. Choose one specific to your industry, and make minor changes if needed.

### 3. Reports

### **Understanding Your Business and Decision-Making**

## Reports help you understand how your business is doing

- Use reports as a planning tool
  - Gain insight into your sales
  - Income statement (P&L) shows your profitability
  - Balance sheet shows assets, liabilities and equity
- Regularly monitor your profitability and your cash flow



### Make the Most of Your Reports

### What do you want to know about your sales?

- What is selling?
- Who is buying?
- Who owes me money?

Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs

Total sales by customer

December 1 - 15, 2007

	♦ De	ec 1 - 15, 07 🌣
Cendana,Benit	•	120.00 ◀
Dowden, John		3,700.00
<b>Durbin Consulting</b>		1,620.00
Lee Sporting Goods	\$	665.00
Raj, Shoba		5,742.50
enna Computers		180.00
/u,Don		605.00
TAL		12,632.50

Gain insight into the health of your business with reports:

- Sales by item
- Sales by
- customer
- Unpaid invoices by customer

Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs		
Invoices that haven't been paid		
As of December 15, 2007		

♦ Num ♦ P. O. # ♦ Date 12/14/2007 Durbin 11/30/2007 111 Cendar 11/30/2007 116 Bolinsk 12/15/2007 Cendar 12/15/2007 Lochrie 12/07/2007 123 Vu,Dor 12/10/2007 125 Raj, Sh

Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs
Total sales by item

December 1 - 15, 2007

	Dec 1 - 15, 07			
<b>♦</b>	Qty +	Amount	♦ % of Sales ∢	Avg Price 💠
Other Charges				
Graphics Design 🕨	59.5 ◀	2,677.50	21.2%	45.00
MultiMedia	125.5	1,255.00	9.9%	10.00
Web Design	87	8,700.00	68.9%	100.00
Total Other Charges		12,632.50	100.0%	
TOTAL		12,632.50	<u>100.0%</u>	

### **Income Statement**

Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs					
Profit & Loss Standard					
December 1 - 15, 2007					
	♦ <u>Dec 1 - 15, 07</u> ♦				
Ordinary Income/Expense					
Income					
Sales	<u>12,632.50</u> ◀				
Total Income	12,632.50				
Expense					
Contract labor	910.00				
Insurance (other than health)	383.39				
Repairs and maintenance	1,775.00				
Supplies	473.25				
Taxes and licenses	699.12				
Utilities	23.27				
Total Expense	4,264.03				
Net Ordinary Income	<u>8,368.47</u>				
Net Income	8,368.47				

- Summarizes the revenue and expenses of a company over a period of time
- Also called a Profit & Loss or P&L

### **Balance Sheet**

- Shows the assets, liabilities, and equity at a given moment in time
- Assets = Liabilities + Equity

Equity also referred to as Owners Equity or Retained Equity.

#### **Balance Sheet Summary** As of December 15, 2007 ♦ Dec 15, 07 ♦ ASSETS **Current Assets** 31,990.56 Checking/Savings Accounts Receivable 20,384.70 Other Current Assets 5,794.50 **Total Current Assets** 58,169.76 TOTAL ASSETS 58,169.76 **LIABILITIES & EQUITY** Liabilities **Current Liabilities** Credit Cards 1,300.22 Other Current Liabilities 44.58 1,344.80 Total Current Liabilities **Total Liabilities** 1,344.80 Equity 56,824.96

Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs

58,169.76

**TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY** 

### 4. Manage Essential Tasks

Practice Session: Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs

### Money in

- A. Record a sale
- B. Invoice a customer
- C. Receive a payment
- D. Make a deposit

### **Money Out**

- E. Write a check / record an expense
- F. Use a credit card / record an expense

Remember, the better you understand your cash flow situation, the better you'll be prepared to make the right business decisions.

### A. Record a Sale

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### Money In: Record a Sale



Customer buys business cards.

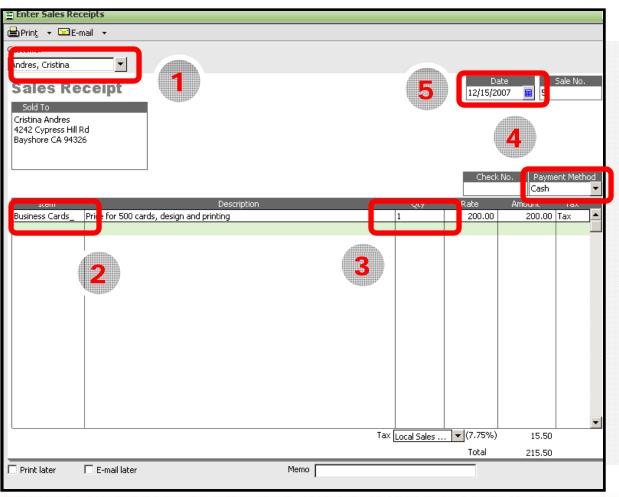
Pays on spot with cash.

You issue sales receipt.

### A. Record a Sale

### **Practice Session - Money In**

### **Track Your Business**



## Issue sales receipt

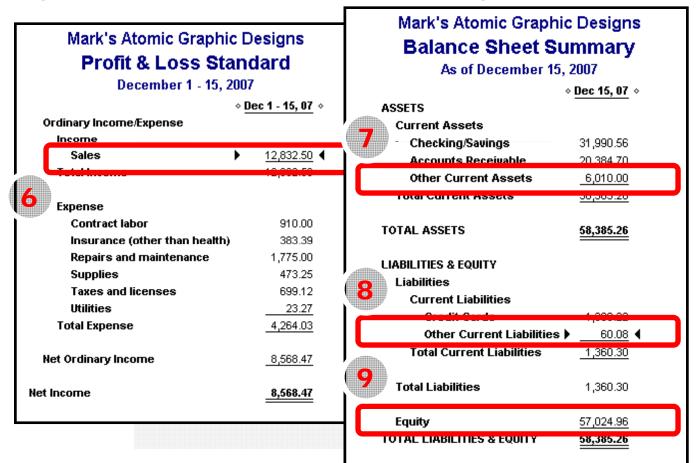
#### Record:

- 1. Customer
- 2. Item
- 3. Quantity
- 4. Payment type
- 5. Date

### A. Record a Sale

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### See Where Your Business Stands



#### **Profit & Loss**

6. Sales increase by \$200.00

#### **Balance Sheet**

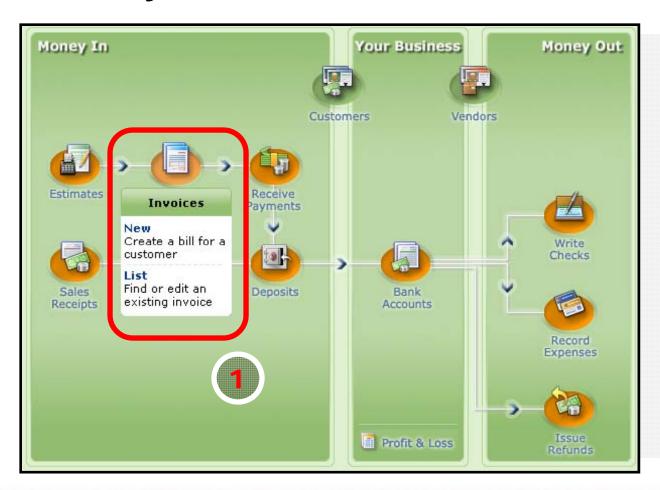
- 7. Assets increase by \$215.50
- 8. Liabilities
  (sales tax
  payable)
  increase by
  \$15.50
- 9. Equity increases by \$200.00

Provided by

### B. Invoice a Customer

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### Money In: Invoice Customer



Customer buys graphic design services.

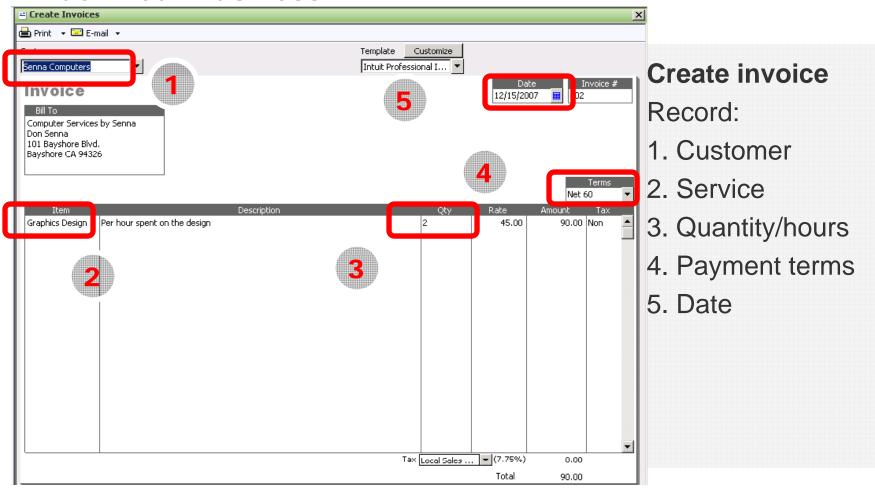
You complete the design.

You invoice customer.

### B. Invoice a Customer

**Practice Session - Money In** 

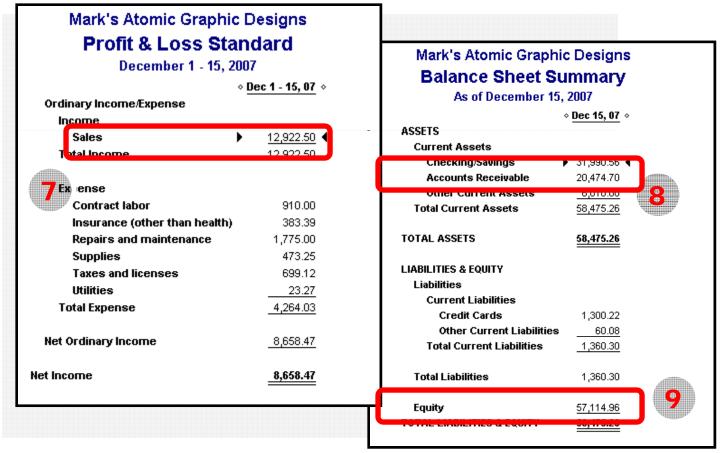
#### **Track Your Business**



### B. Invoice a Customer

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### See Where Your Business Stands



#### **Profit & Loss**

7. Sales increase by \$90.

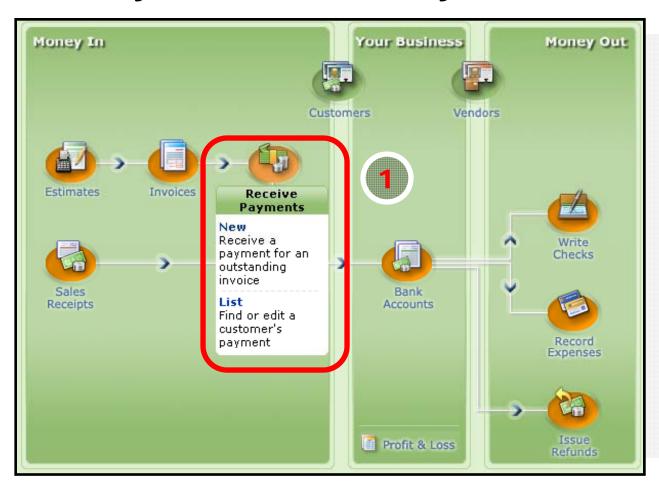
### **Balance Sheet**

- 8. Accounts receivable increase by \$90.
- 9. Equity increases by \$90

### C. Receive a Payment

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### **Money In: Receive Payment**



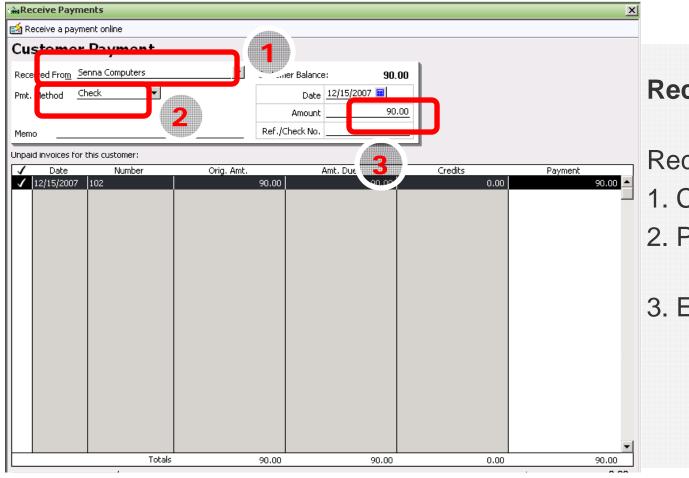
Customer pays
by check for
business
card design
services
invoice.

Record receipt of payment.

### C. Receive a Payment

**Practice Session - Money In** 

#### **Track Your Business**



## Receive payment

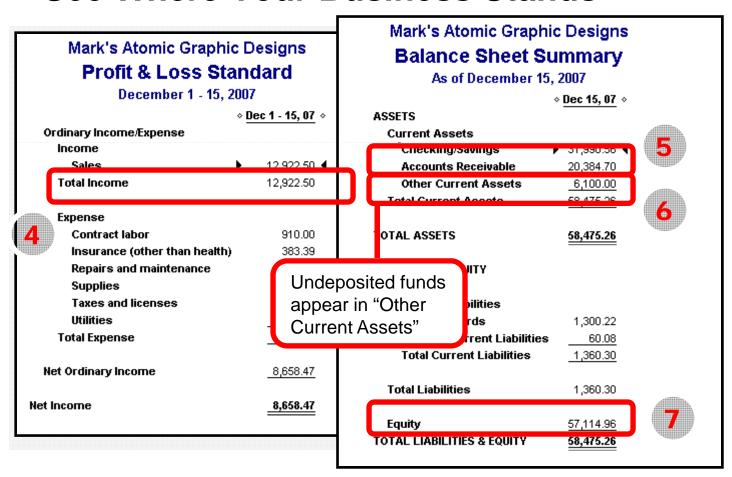
Record:

- 1. Customer
- 2. Payment type
- 3. Enter amount

### C. Receive a Payment

**Practice Session - Money In** 

#### See Where Your Business Stands



#### **Profit & Loss**

- 4. Unchanged. Balance Sheet
- 5. Accounts receivable decrease by \$90.
- 6. Undeposited funds increase by \$90.
- 7. Equity unchanged.

### D. Make a Deposit

**Practice Session - Money In** 

### Money In: Make a Deposit



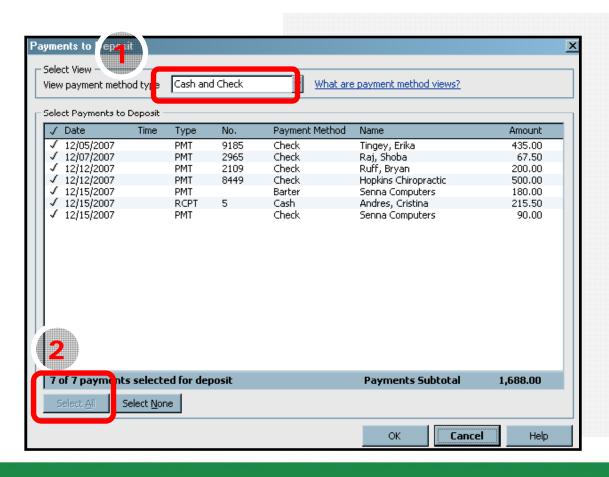
Go to bank to deposit check for design services and cash for business cards.

Make deposit.

### D. Make a Deposit

**Practice Session - Money In** 

#### **Track Your Business**



#### Make deposit

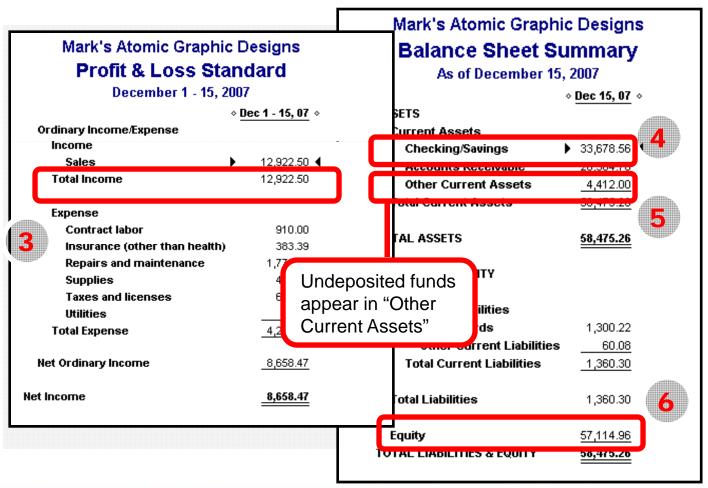
Select:

- 1. Cash and Check
- 2. All funds to deposit

## D. Make a Deposit

**Practice Session - Money In** 

#### **See Where Your Business Stands**



#### **Profit & Loss**

3. Unchanged.

#### **Balance Sheet**

- 4. Checking / Savings increases.
- 5. Other current assets decrease.
- 6. Equity unchanged.

## E. Write a Check / Record an Expense Practice Session - Money Out

### **Money Out: Write a Check**



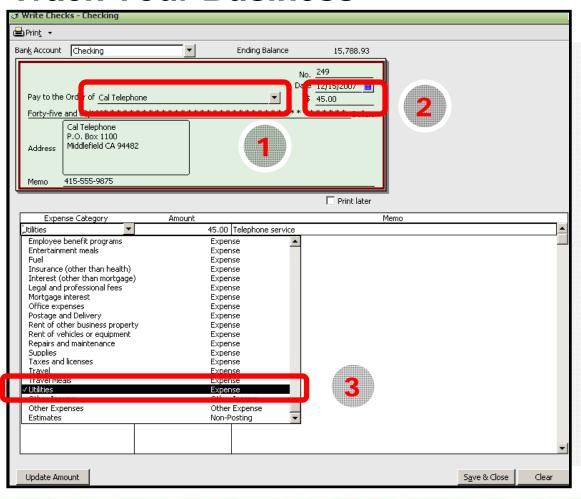
Pay your telephone bill by check.

Write check / record expense.

### E. Write a Check / Record an Expense

**Practice Session - Money Out** 

### **Track Your Business**



#### Write check

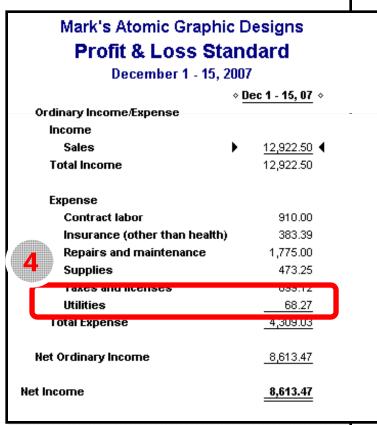
Select:

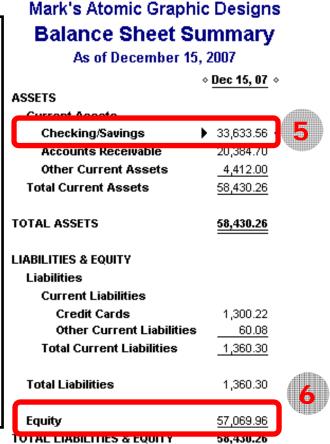
- 1. Payee
- 2. Amount
- 3. Transaction type (Expense "Utilities")

### E. Write a Check / Record an Expense

**Practice Session - Money Out** 

#### **See Where Your Business Stands**





#### **Profit & Loss**

4. Expense (Utilities) increases by \$45.

#### **Balance Sheet**

- 5. Checking /
  Savings
  decreases
  by \$45.
- 6. Equity
  decreases
  by \$45

## F. Use Credit Card / Record an Expense Practice Session - Money Out

### Money Out: Use a Credit Card

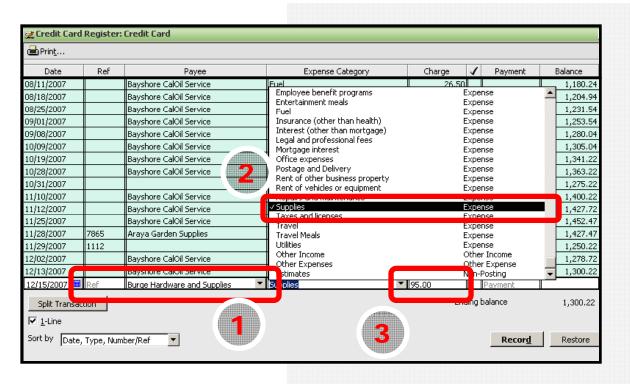


Buy office supplies with credit card.

Use credit card / record expense.

## F. Use Credit Card / Record an Expense Practice Session - Money Out

#### **Track Your Business**



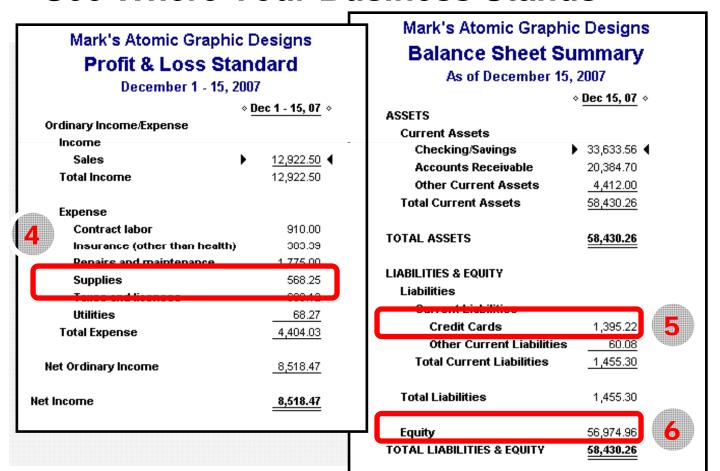
## Update credit card register

#### Select:

- 1. Payee
- 2. Transactiontype (Expense-- Supplies)
- 3. Amount

## F. Use Credit Card / Record an Expense Practice Session - Money Out

#### See Where Your Business Stands



#### **Profit & Loss**

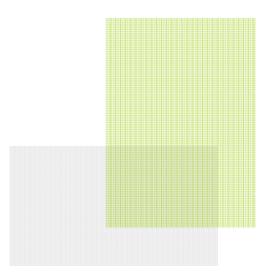
4. Expense (Supplies) increases by \$95.

#### **Balance Sheet**

- 5. Credit cards increases by \$95.
- 6. Equity decreases by \$95.

### 6. Tips and Advice

- 1. Getting Started
- 2. Helpful Resources
- 3. Online Resources
- 4. Congratulations!



## **Getting Started**

## Establish Good Accounting Habits

- Record transactions regularly
- Accuracy and consistency are essential
- Fix mistakes as they happen
- Manage and reconcile bank account regularly

### 1. Build your toolkit

 Consider software packages such as QuickBooks Simple Start (Trial Edition is available)

#### 2. Structure your accounts

 Start with a minimum # of accounts and add as needed

## 3. Establish an accounting routine – and stick to it

- Reconcile accounts monthly
- Update financial statements quarterly

### **Helpful Resources**

Advance Your Knowledge

### Professional Help

- Accountants
  - Look for knowledge of your industry
- QuickBooks ProAdvisors
  - Expert set-up can save you time
  - Free 1-hour consultation
- Small Business Development Center (SBDC) counselors

#### Training Tools

- Take classes (either online or at local colleges)
- QuickBooks Learning Solutions (look under "Training" at www.QuickBooks.com)

Expert help can make the process of setting-up and maintaining your books much easier. Be sure to look for a professional with knowledge of your industry – and of course, don't be afraid to ask for references.

### **Online Resources**

### Small Business Development Centers

www.sba.gov/sbdc/ sbdcnear.html

Internal Revenue Service www.irs.gov/businesses/ small/

U.S. Chamber of Commerce www.uschamber.com

QuickBooks Financial Software www.quickbooks.com

Find a Certified QuickBooks
ProAdvisor
www.usequickbooks.com
/locateadvisor)





## Congratulations!

#### You now know:

- Why financial management is critical to effectively run a business
- How to set-up and manage your accounts
- The usefulness of financial reports

Time to put your knowledge to work! Good luck!

# **Appendix: Additional Terms and Concepts**

A Simple Start to Managing Your Business Finances

# Financial Management Terms and Concepts

- 1. Business types
- 2. Cash or accrual
- 3. Debits and credits
- 4. Journal
- 5. Ledger



### **Determine Your Business Type**

There are more than 23.7 million small businesses in the United States. 572,900 new firms are founded each year.

Source: SBA, Office of Advocacy. Based on 2003 data.

- 1. Sole Proprietorship
  - One owner
- 2. Partnership or Limited Liability Corporation
  - Two or more owners
- 3. S Corporation
  - Small business with one or more shareholders
- 4. C Corporation
  - Large business with one or more shareholders
- 5. Non-profit Organization



## Choosing an Accounting Type

### **Cash or Accrual?**

### A. Cash accounting

 The practice of recording sales and expenses only when cash is actually received or paid out

### **B.** Accrual accounting

- The practice of reporting income when earned and expenses when incurred
- Businesses with inventory (e.g. retailers) must use this method

## Most businesses opt for accrual method of accounting

 At any given time, gives a more realistic picture of the health of the business Choose whichever accounting method works best for you – the important thing is to be consistent once you've selected an accounting type

### **Debits and Credits**

#### **Double Entry Accounting**

- Accountants use "debits and credits" to describe how transactions are recorded in the general ledger
- Each transaction increases one account and decreases another
- System balances itself

You don't need to be too concerned with the mechanics of double entry accounting, debits and credits, as software programs handle automatically. But as a business owner, you might run into these terms.

## Mark's Atomic Graphic Design: Journal

Journal
entries
capture all
cash in
and all
cash out
activity.

9:51 PM 12/15/07	Mark's Atomic Graphic Designs  Journal											
December 1 - 15, 2007												
Trans# 0	Туре		♦ <u>Num</u>	♦ Name	♦ Memo		Account	<u>۰</u>	Debit +	Credit		
11	Payment	12/07/2007		Bowden, Brenda		U	Indeposited Funds		208.85			
				Bowden, Brenda		Α	kccounts Receiva	_		208		
									208.85	208		
12	Deposit	12/07/2007			Deposit	С	hecking		208.85			
				Bowden, Brenda	Deposit	U	Indeposited Funds	_		208		
									208.85	208		
23	Payment	12/12/2007	2109	Ruff, Bryan		U	Indeposited Funds		200.00			
				Ruff, Bryan		Α	ccounts Receiva	_		200		
									200.00	200		
27	Payment	12/04/2007		Cendana,Benit		U	Indeposited Funds		1,000.00			
				Cendana,Benit		Α	ccounts Receiva			1,000		
									1,000.00	1,000		

# Mark's Atomic Graphic Design: General Ledger

50 PM			Mark's Atomic	Graphic De	esigns						
2/15/07		General Ledger									
Accrual Basis As of December 15, 2007											
♦ Type	_	♦ Num	♦ Name	♦ Memo	♦ Split	_	Amount +	Balance +			
Advertising								275.00			
Total Advertising								275.00			
Car and Truck Exp	oenses							50.00			
Total Car and Truck	Expenses							50.00			
Commissions an	d fees							300.00			
Total Commissions 8	and fees							300.00			
Contract labor								75.00			
Check	12/15/2007	1	Computer Services	1jk90-so	Checking		110.00	185.00			
Check	12/15/2007		Smith, Derek C	contract labor	Checking	_	800.00	985.00			
Total Contract labor							910.00	985.00			

General ledger (GL) shows all activity by account type.

### Acknowledgements

Intuit would like to thank the following advisors for their help developing this presentation:

- Peter Pappas, Regional Director,
   Connecticut Small Business Development
   Center, Groton, CT
- Neal Nelson, Counselor, Maricopa Community College Small Business Development Center, Phoenix, AZ
- Charles Eason, Director, Solano College Small Business Development Center, Fairfield, CA

Do you have feedback, success stories or suggestions for improving this course? Email us at sbdcsupport@intuit.com.

### INSTRUCTOR

 LeAnn Markowski, Certified QuickBooks ProAdvisor & Notary Public

- Bizy Hands Bookkeeping Service
- Provide Onsite & Remote Services
- http://www.bizyhandsbookkeeping.com
- 907-306-1828 | LEANN@GCI.NET