

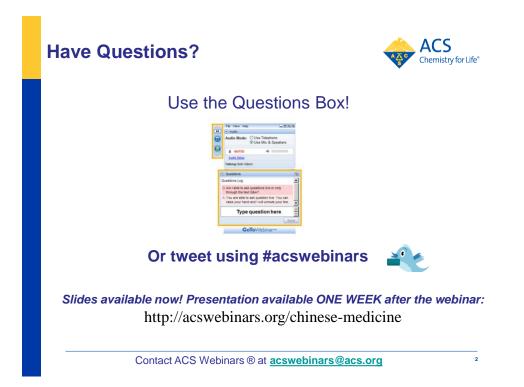


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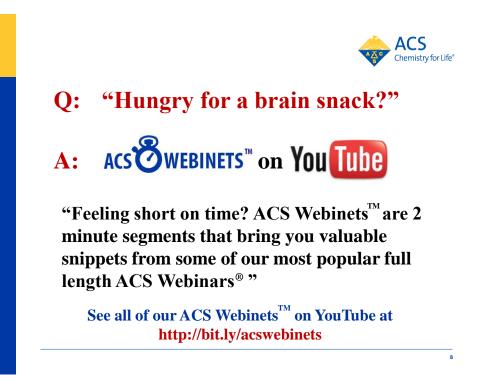
"allowing me to attend seminars on a broader range of topics without having to leave my desk. It also improves access to cutting edge research for scientists who would not otherwise have access to the resources to see such speakers."

Beth McClure, PhD Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory



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Thursday, August 1, 2013

Alternative Careers: Chemistry and the Art Detective

Dr. Suzanne Lomax, Organic Chemist, National Gallery of Art Patricia Simpson, Director of Academic Advising, University of Illinois



Thursday, August 8, 2013

Writing Winning Proposals -Heilmeier Catechism

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Advances in Natural Product Chemistry: Benefits of Evidence-Based Chinese Medicine



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10

ACS Webinar - July 25, 2013

Advances in Natural Products Chemistry – Benefits of Evidence-Based Chinese Medicine







Chun-Tao Che Norman R. Farnsworth Professor of Pharmacognosy Department of Medicinal Chemistry and Pharmacognosy and

WHO Collaborating Center for Traditional Medicine College of Pharmacy, University of Illinois at Chicago Chicago, Illinois 60612, U.S.A.





Question 1

Do you use any herbal or traditional medicinal products?

- o Yes, regularly
- o Yes, but only if recommended by people I trust
- o Yes, but only if I have read study reports
- o Never

Natural Drugs



Natural (non-synthetic)

- Crude (undergone only simple preparation procedures)
- Complex chemical composition (the "metabolome")
- Variable in quantities
- Many structures unknown



Unclear pharmacological mechanism

Possibly > 1 active ingredient

- May act on multiple targets (→ systems biology)
 - Possible synergism / antagonism

New Drug Discovery

Natural Products Chemistry

- Isolation / purification of secondary metabolites
- Structural elucidation and characterization of secondary metabolites (spectroscopic properties, stereochemistry, etc.)
- Structural modification
- Chemical synthesis
- Biosynthesis and microbial transformation

Analytical Chemistry Separation Science Spectroscopy Synthetic Organic Chemistry Biotechnology

Focus of this talk

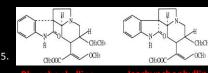
- Quality and standardization of herbal medicines
- Multi-target concept of herbal medicines
- Synergy research on herbal medicines

Contributions of Natural Products Chemistry to Herbal Medicine

- Understanding the chemical composition
- Identification of active principles
- Rationalizing the traditional use

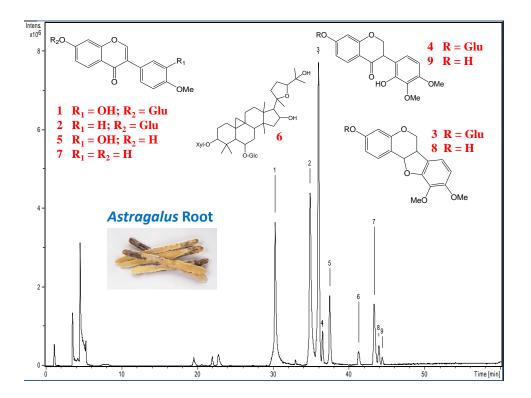


Xian et al., *E-CAM*, 2012, 802625.



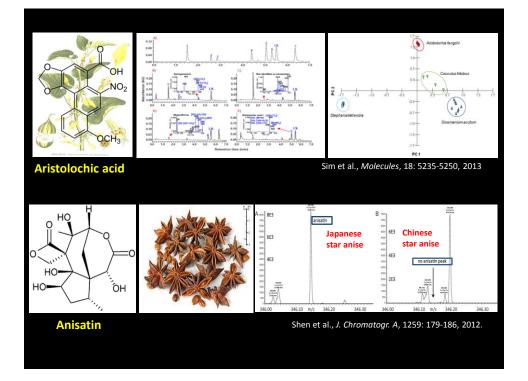


 Setting analytical standards for quality control and assessment



Contributions of Natural Products Chemistry to Herbal Medicine

- Understanding the chemical composition
- Identification of active principles
- Rationalizing the traditional use
- Setting analytical standards for quality control and assessment
- Detection of toxic components



Question 2

What do you think is the biggest issue that would make people skeptical about the use of herbal products?

- o Unreliable quality
- o Unsafe
- o Unproven efficacy
- o Often not recommended by doctors
- o People have little knowledge about herbal products



Standardization

Current practice

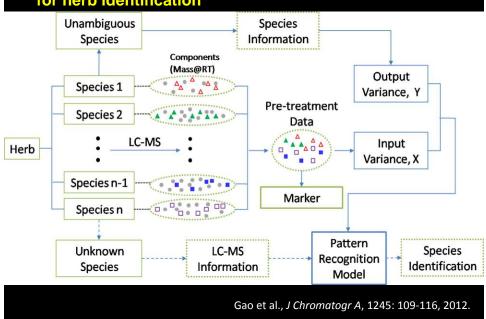
- Quantitative measurement of small number of marker compounds (often with little biological irrelevance to the clinical effects)
- Chromatographic profile (TLC / HPLC fingerprints) based on small number of reference peaks (or bands)
- More appropriate to assess the whole medicine in the context of multiple components
- Plant metabolomics analysis provides better analytical methods for standardizing herbal medicines

The Metabolomic Approach

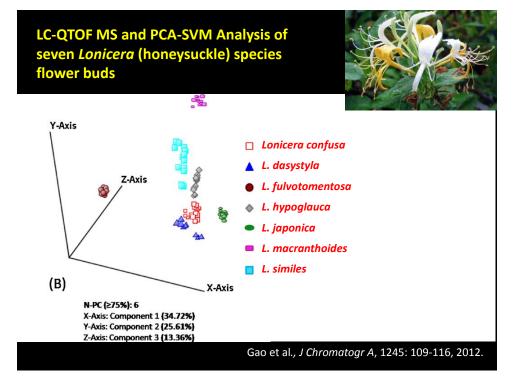
- A holistic, simultaneous and systematic qualitative and quantitative determination of plant metabolites
- Dealing with the distribution of metabolites in its entirety (metabolome)
- Allowing quick and efficient identification and quantification of secondary metabolites in a mixture
- A breakthrough to accelerating and streamlining the analytical process of medicinal plant research
- Easily coupled to bioactivity screening data
- Making use of analytical processes such as spectroscopy, chromatography, and multivariate analysis

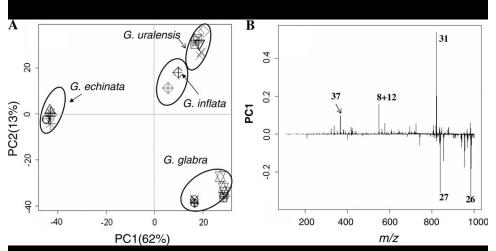
Applications of Metabolomics in Medicinal Plant Research

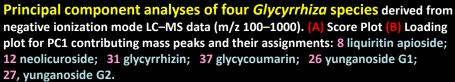
- Classification of medicinal plants
 - Species and varieties
 - Geographical origin
 - Adulterants
- Quality control and standardization
- Characterization of plant cell cultures
- Proof of efficacy of medicinal plants from urine and/or blood samples



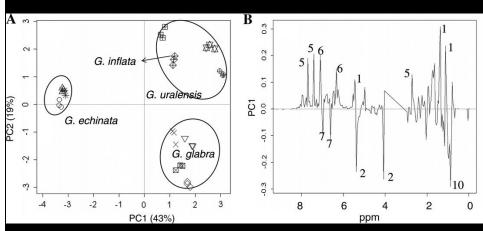
A Workflow illustrating the plant metabolomic strategy for herb identification







Farag et al., Phytochemistry, 76: 60-72, 2012.

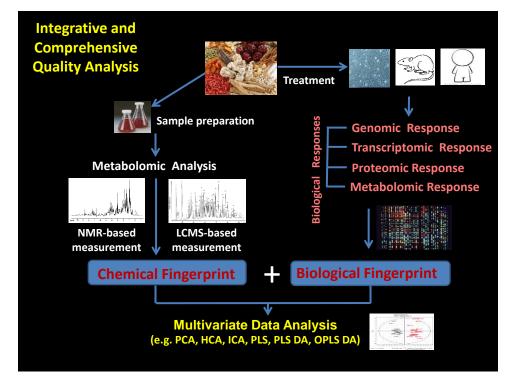


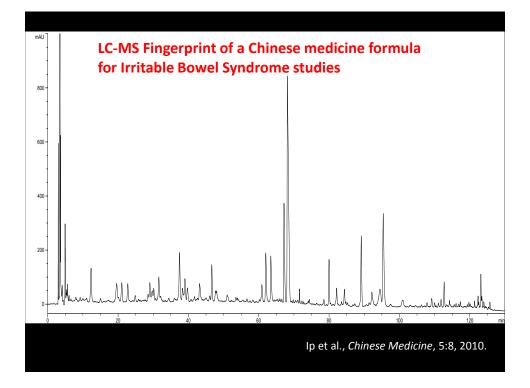
1H NMR peak based principal component analyses of different *Glycyrrhiza* samples. (A) Score Plot. Group discrimination is related to
qualitative and quantitative differences in the saponin and flavonoid patterns.
(B) Loading plot for PC1 components: 1 glycyrrhizin; 2 sucrose; 5 liquiritigenin;
6 isoliquiritgenin; 7 4-hydroxyphenyl acetic acid; 10 rhamnose moiety.

Farag et al., Phytochemistry, 76: 60-72, 2012.

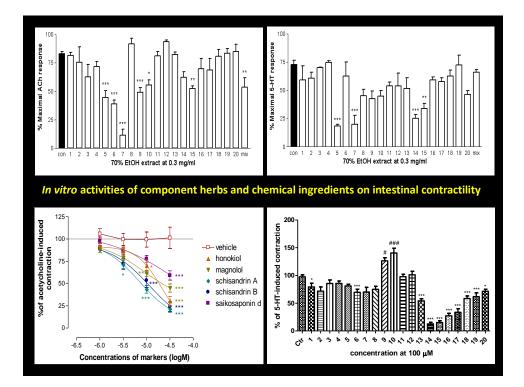
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- Classification of medicinal plants
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- Characterization of plant cell cultures
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	APCI M	<u>S Data (Positive Ion)</u>	
Peak Identification	M/QM	Other Peaks	MS2 of M/QMIP
1 Esculin	341 (M+H)+	179	179
2 Chlorogenic acid	355 (M+H)+	163	163
3 Aesculetin	179 (M+H)+		134, 123, 109
4 Paeoniflorin	498 (M+H2O)+	301, 179	301, 179
5 prim-O-Glucosylcimifugin	469 (M+H)+		307
6 Magnoflorine	342 (M)+		297, 265
7 Liquiritin	419 (M+H)+	307, 257	
8 5-O-Methylvisamminoside	453 (M+H)+	291	290
9 Hesperidin	610 (M)+	465, 449, 303	463
10 Columbamine	338 (M)+		323, 294
11 Jatrorrhizine	338 (M)+		323, 294
12 Epiberberine	336 (M)+		
13 Coptisine	320 (M)+		304, 292
14 Palmatine	352 (M)+		337, 308
15 Berberine	336 (M)+		321, 292
16 Glycyrrhizic acid	823 (M+H)+	647, 471, 453, 406	
17 Schisandrin	433 (M+H)+	415	
18 Honokiol	266 (M)+	263	
19 Magnolol	266 (M)+	261	
20 Schisandrin A	417 (M+H)+		402, 347, 316



Applications of Metabolomics in Medicinal Plant Research

- Classification of medicinal plants
 - Species and varieties
 - Geographical origin
 - Adulterants
- Quality control and standardization
- Characterization of plant cell cultures
- Proof of efficacy of medicinal plants from urine and/or blood samples

Question 3

What do you believe is more effective?

- Mixture of herbal ingredients in a natural or semipurified form
- o Mixture of conventional drug with herbal drug
- o Pure chemical compound

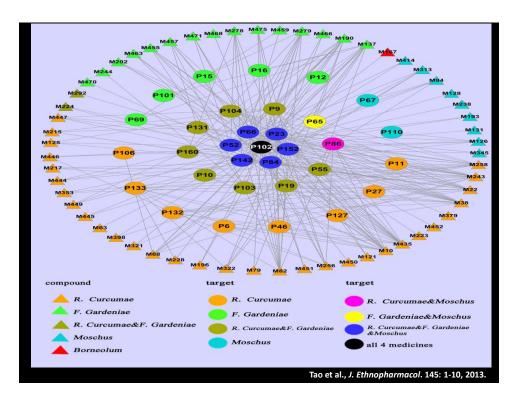
Therapeutic Approaches

Reductionistic Approach

- Mainstream approach
- One target one drug
- Selective ligand (single substance) acts on a single disease target
- Aiming for highly specific and safe drugs
- Not quite effective for diseases of multi-factorial pathogenesis
- Subject to development of resistance

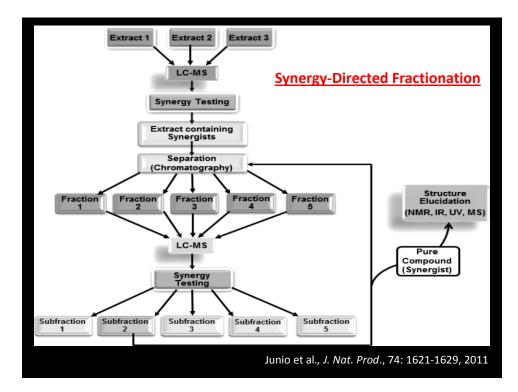
Holistic Perspective

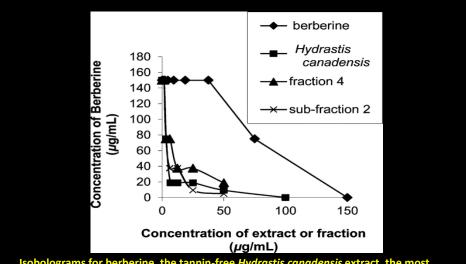
- Many diseases possess multicausal etiology and a complex pathophysiology
- Multi-drug therapy
- Most traditional medicinal systems make use of combination of herbs
- Mixture of compounds (multicomponent) act on multitargets
- Network Pharmacology would help explain the mechanisms of multi-component herbal medicines



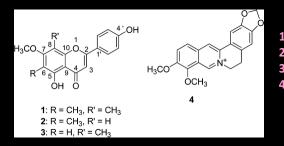
Synergy Effect

- The efficacy of herbal medicines may be a result of the combined action of multiple constituents.
- Studies have shown the therapeutic superiority of herbal drugs as compared with single constituents.
- The practice of Chinese medicine is built upon the concept of synergistic or polyvalent effects among various plant metabolites present within the herbal decoction.
- The specific components responsible for these effects, and the fundamental mechanisms by which they interact, have rarely been demonstrated.
- A synergy-directed fractionation approach was developed to probe into the possible mode of synergy.





Isobolograms for berberine, the tannin-free *Hydrastis canadensis* extract, the most active fraction from the first stage of the separation (fraction 4), and the most active fraction from the second stage of the separation (subfraction 2). All were tested in combination with berberine. The crude extract and its two fractions synergistically enhanced the antimicrobial activity of berberine, as demonstrated by the convex shape of the isobolograms.



1. Sideroxylin

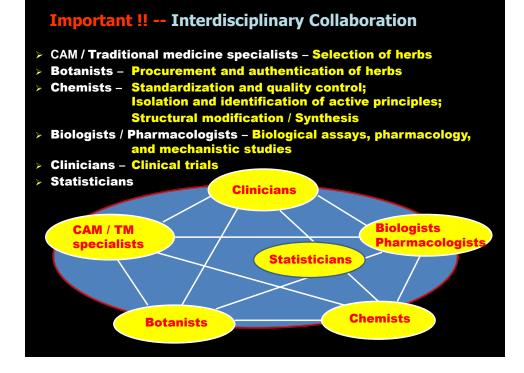
- 2. 8-Desmethyl-sideroxylin
- 3. 6-Desmethyl-sideroxylin
- 4. Berberine
- Compounds 1-3 were identified as synergists that enhance the antimicrobial activity of berberine.
- They act by inhibiting the NorA multidrug resistance pump, and possess no inherent antimicrobial activity.
- They could have been missed using traditional bioactivitydirected isolation.

Junio et al., J. Nat. Prod., 74: 1621-1629, 2011

Closing Remarks

Natural Products Chemistry play important major roles in advancing the evidence-base of herbal medicine :

- <u>Bioactivity-directed isolation</u> of novel compounds from natural sources will remains an important and useful approach in new drug discovery. New analytical and spectroscopic techniques are needed to provide better tools for the isolation and identification of minor constituents.
- The emergence of <u>metabolomics</u> has opened up new opportunities to answer the challenges in the area of medicinal plant development. A unique feature is the capability of integrating and correlating the chemical data with biological data.
- New tools to probe into <u>network pharmacology</u> will enhance the modern development of herbal medicine by providing in-depth understanding of the complex pharmacology involved.





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45



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