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ABSTRACT

This booklet, part of the United States Atomic Energy Commission's series of information booklets, Jists selected commerically published books for the general public on atomic energy and closely related subjects. It includes annotated bibliographies for children (grade level indicated) and adults. The books are arranged by subject, alphabetized by title and also indexed by author. A list of publisher addresses is included along with a brief introduction to library usage. The booklet is illustrated with photographs of nuclear physicists, research installations, and some applications of nuclear energy. (BT)



A Bibliography of Basic Books on Atomic Energy

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Nuclear energy is playing a vital role in the life of every man, woman, and child in the United States today. In the years ahead it will affect increasingly all the peoples of the earth. It is essential that all Americans gain an understanding of this vital force if they are to discharge thoughtfully their responsibilities as citizens and if they are to realize fully the myriad benefits that nuclear energy offers them.

The United States Atomic Energy Commission provides this booklet to help you achieve such understanding.



A Bibliography of Basic Books on Atomic Energy

How to Use this	Bo	ool	le	E					•						ii
How to Find Inf	or	ma	tio	n	in :	a L	.ib	rar	у						2
Subjects									•						4
Accelerators															4
Biographies														•	5
Desalting .															13
Elements .			•												14
Elementary Pa	rti	icle	\$												16
Encyclopedias			-										-		19
Environment												•			21
Experiments fo	or	Sti	.ide	ent	IS										22
Fusion .					۰.										24
Noble Gases				*							:			:.	25
Nuclear Scienc	e														26
Physics .	×														38
Radiation .	÷														42
Radioisotopes															4 4
Ships and Subi	m	erin	ies												46
U.S. Atomic I	in	erg	y (Co	mr	nis	sio	n							49
Weapons															51
Publishers' Addr	es	ses													53
Author Index .															59
Title Index .															67

United States Atomic Energy Commission Office of Information Services

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HOW TO USE THIS BOOKLET

This booklet lists selected commercially published books for the general public on atomic energy and closely related subjects. Books for young readers have school grade annotations.

The books are alphabetized by title under the subjects listed on the contents page. An author index begins on page 59, a title index on page 67, and a list of publishers' addresses on page 53.

Those books marked "out of print" usually can be obtained through libraries.

This booklet is part of the AEC's series of information booklets; others in the series are listed on the inside back cover along with information on how to obtain them.

1



HOW TO FIND INFORMATION IN A LIBRARY

Persons seeking information on nuclear energy can find many sources in public or school libraries. The library card catalogue contains an alphabetical list of books filed by author's last name, title, and subject. Each card will have a call number in one corner. This number is usually derived from the Dewey Decimal System, which classifies books in the following way:

- 000 General Works
- 100 Philosophy
- 200 Religion
- 300 Social Sciences; Sociology
- 400 Linguistics
- 500 Pure Science
- 600 Applied Sciences
- 700 Arts and Recreation
- 800 Literature
- 900 History

Books on nuclear physics would be found in the 530 group, which is the physics classification.

The Subject Guide to Books in Print, revised annually, is a good supplement to the card catalogue. This guide is especially helpful since it uses subheadings. For example, under tomic Energy one finds subheadings such as Dictionaries, Economic Aspects, History, International Control, etc.

Encyclopedias provide a good starting point in an information search. The *Encyclopedia Americana* has 8 text pages under Atomic Energy in addition to a glossary, cross references, and bibliography.

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The Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature, issued monthly, lists articles by subject and author from 126 periodicals. (Titles are given only for works of fiction.)

Periodicals such as Science, Scientific American, Science Digest, Popular Science, and Science News are often sources of nuclear energy articles. The first two issue indexes.

Good general guides to information are:

- Basic Tools of Research. (revised edition). Philip H. Vitale. 1968. 173 pp. Barron's, \$5.00 (hardback); \$1.95 (paperback).
- Books, Libraries, and You. (3rd edition). Jessie Boyd, Leo B. Baisden, Carolyn Mott, and Gertrude Memicler. 1965. 205 pp. Scribner's, \$3.60.
- Children's Book on How to Use Books and Libraries. (3rd edition). Carolyn Mott and Leo B. Baisden. 1968. 207 pp. Scribner's, \$3.60.
- The First Book of Facts and How to Find Them. David C. Whitney. 1966. 72 pp. Watts. \$3.95. Grades 4-6.
- How and Where to Look It Up. A Guide to Standard Sources of Information. Robert W. Murphey. 1958. 721 pp. McGraw-Hill, \$16.50.
- How to Find Out. A Guide to Sources of Information for All. (3rd edition). George Chandler. 1968. 198 pp. Pergamon, \$4.50 (hardback): \$2.95 (paperback).

The following bibliographies are also useful:

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- The AAAS Science Book List. (3rd edition). Hilary J. Deason (Ed.). 1970. 454 pp. AAAS, \$10.00.
- The AAAS Science Book List for Children. (3rd edition).

3

SUBJECTS



ACCELERATORS

Accelerators: Machines of Nuclear Physics. Robert R. Wilson and Raphael Littauer. 1960. 196 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

Explains the most common types of accelerators, the history of their development and the way in which each type contributes to nuclear physics.



Grades 9-12.



BIOGRAPHIES.

Albert Einstein: Creator and Rebel. Banesh Hoffmann. 1972. 272 pp. Viking, \$8.95.

An extremely lucid delineation of Einstein's work as a theoretical physicist. Winner of the 1973 American Institute of Physics—U. S. Steel Foundation Science Writing Award in Physics and Astronomy.

An American Genius: The Life of Ernest Orlando Lawrence. Herbert Childs. 1968. 576 pp. Dutton, \$12.95.

This well-written, scientifically accurate, and very interesting biography captures the excitement of Lawrence's life. \mathfrak{S}_{25} t Lawrence was the inventor of the cyclotron, a major

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC member of the wartime atomic energy development, and the director of the Lawrence Radiation Laboratory.

The Atomists (1805-1933). Basil Schonland. 1968. 198 pp. Oxford, \$9.50.

This book, which can be understood by anyone who has had a high school physics course, presents atomic theory development from Dalton through Bohr. It achieves a good balance between popular treatments and highly technical works without slighting the technical aspects.

Atoms in the Family: My Life with Enrico Fermi. Laura Fermi. 1954. 267 pp. Chicago, \$5.00 (hardback); \$2.45 (paperback).

Laura Fermi writes about her husband, Enrico Fermi, the physicist who led the group that built the first nuclear reactor.

The Born-Einstein Letters: The Correspondence Between Albert Einstein and Max and Hedwig Born from 1916 to 1955. Commentaries by Max Born. Translated by Irene Born. 1971. 240 pp. Walker, \$8.50.

These interesting letters reveal the scientific and personal lives of these two atomic scientists.

The Cosmos of Arthur Holly Compton. Marjorie Johnston (Ed.). 1967. 468 pp. Knopf, out of print.

A collection of essays and reminiscences concerning Compton's life and work.

Discoverer of X Rays: Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen. Arnulf K. Esterer. 1968. 191 pp. Messner, \$3.50.

This interesting biography includes a brief, but very helpful, pronouncing gazetteer of the German, Swiss, and Dutch names in the text. Grades 7-10.

Einstein. Jeremy Bernstein. 1973. 242 pp. Viking, \$6.95 (hardback); \$1.95 (paperback).



This biography of Einstein is organized around the three basic themes in his work: The special theory of relativity, the general theory of relativity, and gravitation and quantum theory.

Einstein: His Life and Times. Philipp Frank. 1953. 298 pp. Knopf, \$7.95.

A brilliant biography that reveals the richness of Einstein's life and work and the tremendous impact he made upon physics.

Enrico Fermi: Atomic Pioneer. Doris Faber. 1966. 86 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$4.75.

A biography of the man who built the first nuclear reactor.

Grades 5-8.

Enrico Fermi, Physicist. Emilio Segrè. 1970. 288 pp. Chicago, \$6.95 (hardback); \$2.95 (paperback).

This biography tells of Enrico Fermi's intellectual history, achievements, and his scientific style. The scientific problems faced or solved by Fermi are explained in layman's terms. Emilio Segrè was a friend and scientific collaborator of Fermi for many years.

Ernest Rutherford: Architect of the Atom. Peter Kelman and A. Harris Stone 1969. 72 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$4.50.

A well-done biography of this famous atomic scientist. Many of the drawings illustrate theoretical ideas very well for the elementary grades. A glossary is included. Grades 5-7.

Faraday as a Natural Philosopher. Joseph Agassi. 1971. 359 pp. Chicago, \$12.50.

This well-written book combines a biography of Faraday with a historical and philosophical discussion of his work and ideas.



Frédéric Joliot-Curie: The Man and His Theories. Pierre Biquard. 1966. 192 pp. Eriksson, \$5.00 (hardback).

A brief account of this Nobel Laureate's contribution to nuclear physics. Joliot-Curie was Marie Curie's son-in-law. Grades 10-12.

Giant of the Atom: Ernest Rutherford. Robin McKown. 1962. 191 pp. Messner, \$3.50.

The life and accomplishments of a great scientist. Grades 7-12.

Harold Urey: The Man Who Explored from Earth to Moon. Alvin and Virginia Silverstein. 1971. 79 pp. Day, \$3.87.

Urey's personal life is described as well as his discovery of deuterium, his work on isotope separation, his research into the origin of the moon and planets, and his other work. Grades 6-12.

Isaac Newton: Scientific Genius. Pearle and Harry Schultz. 1972. 144 pp. Garrard, \$3.50.

A dramatic presentation of Newton's life and work for the young reader.

Grades 6-9.

Jacob Berzelius: His Life and Work. J. Erik Jorpes. Translated by Barbara Steele. 1970. 196 pp. California, out of print.

A short biography of one of the major figures in 19th century chemistry. Berzelius discovered new elements and determined the weights of 45 of the then 49 known elements. He contributed evidence in support of Dalton's hypothesis of the atom.

J. J. Thomson: Discoverer of the Electron. George Thomson. 1966. 240 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

This biography, written by J. J. Thomson's son, describes his research at the famed Cavendish Laboratory in Cambridge, England.



John Dalton and the Atom. Frank Greenaway. 1966. 256 pp. Cornell, \$8.00.

A biography for the general reader and the high school science student. Dalton is famous for his development of chemical combinations based on atomic theory. This provided the basis for modern structural theories of chemistry.

John Dalton and the Atomic Theory: The Biography of a Natural Philosopher. Elizabeth C. Patterson. 1970. 320 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

The drama of Dalton's life—his rigorous self-teaching, scientific work, and struggle to overcome class barriers in 19th century England—is well presented. Quotations from letters, diaries, and published works give a clear picture of Dalton's atomic theory research and his time.

Joseph Henry: Father of American Electronics. Patricia Jahns. 1970. 143 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$4.75.

A simply written biography of Joseph Henry, who was a physicist, inventor, and the first administrator of the Smithsonian Institution.

Grades 6-9.

Lise Meitner, Atomic Pioneer. Deborah Crawford. 1969. 192 pp. Crown, \$3 95.

A biography of the woman who first correctly interpreted the fission experiments of Otto Hahn. Grades 6-9.

Madame Curie: A Biography. Eve Curie. Translated by Vincent Sheean. 1937. 385 pp. Doubleday, \$5.95 (hard-back); \$0.95 (paperback).

This superb biography, which won the 1937 National Book Award for Nonfiction, illustrates dramatically the full spectrum of Marie Curie's life. Grades 8-12.

9

ERIC Full East Provided by ERIC Men Who Mastered the Atom. Robert Silverberg. 1965. 193 pp. Putnam, \$3.95.

Atomic energy history is told through the work of pioneer scientists from Thales to present-day researchers. Grades 7-9.

Michael Faraday: Apprentice to Science. Sam and Beryl Epstein. 1971. 144 pp. Garrard, \$3.08.

An excellent, well-illustrated biography. Grades 4-6.

Niels Bohr: His Life and Work as Seen by His Friends and Colleagues. S. Rozental (Ed.). 1967. 355 pp. Wiley, \$5.95.

An articulate and scholarly biography by the friends and co-workers of this outstanding atomic pioneer.

Niels Bobr: The Man, His Science, and the World They Changed. Ruth Moore. 1966. 436 pp. Knopf, \$7.95.

An interesting biography of one of the pioneers in the study of the internal structure of the atom.

Niels Bohr: The Man Who Mapped the Atom. Robert Silverberg. 1965. 189 pp. MacRae, out of print.

An exciting, suspenseful, and humorous biography of one of the pioneers in atomic energy. Includes a glossary and references.

Grades 8-12.

Oppenbeimer. Robert Serber, Victor F. Weisskopf, Abraham Pais, and Glenn T. Seaborg. 1969. 128 pp. Scribner, out of print.

Robert Oppenheimer's work as a scientist, teacher, and public servant is told in the personal recollections of his colleagues and friends.

Otto Habn: My Life. Otto Hahn. Translated by Ernest Kaiser and Eithne Wilkins. 1970. 240 pp. Herder, out of print.

Autobiography of the man who discovered that the atom could be split.



Otto Hahn: A Scientific Autobiography. Otto Hahn. Willy Ley, editor and translator. 1966. 320 pp. Scribner, \$9.95.

Otto Hahn, winner of the 1944 Nobel Prize for his work in atomic fission, reviews the pioneer days in which a new science was created, and the role he played in its development.

Out of My Later Years. Albert Einstein. 1950. 276 pp. Greenwood, \$11.00 (hardback); Citadel, \$2.95 (paperback).

A collection of essays ranging over such topics as "Convictions and Beliefs", "Science and Life", and "Public Affairs".

The Papers of Joseph Henry, Volume 1: December 1797-October 1832: The Albany Years. 1972. 496 pp. Smithsonian, \$15.00.

Henry's private letters to his friends and acquaintances reveal both the science and the culture of his period.

Rutherford: Recollections of the Cambridge Days. Mark Oliphant. 1972. 158 pp. Elsevier, \$7.50.

Warmly human portrait of Ernest Rutherford, his colleagues, and their pioneering work on atomic structure at Cambridge University in England.

Rutherford and the Nature of the Atom. Edward N. da C. Andrade. 1964. 218 pp. Peter Smith. \$3.75.

Andrade was one of Rutherford's assistants at the University of Manchester. Grades 10-12.

She Lived for Science: Irène Joliot-Curie. Robin McKown. 1961. 192 pp. Messner, \$3.50.

A biography of Marie Curie's daughter, who was herself a Nobel-Prize-winning chemist. Grades 7-10.



The Swift Years: The Robert Oppenheimer Story. Peter Michelmore. 1969. 273 pp. Dodd, \$6.95.

Oppenheimer's complex personality is delineated in this well-written biography. In the bibliography is a list of books that Oppenheimer felt "had done the most to shape his vocational attitude and philosophy of life".

Wilhelm Röntgen and the Discovery of X Rays. Bern Dibner. 1968. 149 pp. Watts, \$4.95.

This detailed biography, illustrated with line drawings, historical photographs and papers, is a fine addition to Watts' "Immortals of Science" Series. Grades 5-8

Working with Atoms. Otto R. Frisch. 1965. 96 pp. Basic Books, \$4.95.

Dr. Frisch presents a history of nuclear energy research and provides experiments for the reader. He gives a personal account of the pioneering work in which he and Lise Meitner explained the splitting of uranium and introduced the term "nuclear fission".

Grades 9-12.





DESALTING

Fresh Water from Salty Seas. David O. Woodbury. 1967. 96 pp. Dodd, \$3.50.

A well-illustrated and interesting account of desalination with a section on nuclear energy applications.

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ELEMENTS

Building Blocks of the Universe. (revised edition). Isaac Asimov. 1961. 380 pp. Abelard-Schuman, \$4.95 (hardback); \$1.25 (paperback).

A comprehensive and interesting discussion of the elements.

Grades 8-12.

Discovery of the Elements. (7th edition). Mary E. Weeks. Revised by Henry M. Leicester. 1968. 910 pp. Chemical Education, \$12.50.



A well-illustrated history of the chemistry of the elements.

Grades 9-12.

Elements of the Universe. Glenn T. Seaborg and Evans G. Valens. 1958. 253 pp. Dutton, \$5.95 (hardback); \$2.15 (paperback).

How transuranium elements were discovered, their position in the periodic table, and predictions of further discoveries.

Grades 6-9.

Man-Made Transuranium Elements. Glenn T. Seaborg. 1963. 120 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$6.95 (hardback); \$3.50 (paperback).

The discovery, properties, and applications of elements heavier than uranium are considered in this book, which is designed as an introduction to the subject. Seaborg was co-discoverer of 9 of the 12 transuranium elements.

The Transuranium Elements. Glenn T. Seaborg. 1958. 328 pp. Yale, out of print.

This book, based on lectures delivered by the author at Yale in 1957, covers the plutonium story, chemical properties of the actinide elements, nuclear properties of the transuranium elements, and future synthetic elements.





ELEMENTARY PARTICLES

The Discovery of the Electron: The Development of the Atomic Concept of Electricity. David L. Anderson, 1964. 138 pp. Van Nostrand, \$2.50.

This semitechnical book describes the experimental and conceptual developments that led to the discovery of the electron.

The Electron: Its Isolation and Measurement and the Determination of Some of Its Properties. Robert Andrews Millikan. 1917 edition edited by Jesse W. M. DuMond and reissued in 1963. 268 pp. Chicago, \$6.00 (hardback); \$3.95 (paperback).



These researches won for Millikan the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1923. An introduction by an associate of the author puts the discoveries in perspective.

Elementary Particles. David H. Frisch and Alan M. Thorndike. 1964. 153 pp. Van Nostrand, \$2.50.

An account of the basic properties of particles and the experimental techniques used to study them.

Elementary Particles. A Short History of Some Discoveries in Atomic Physics. Chen Ning Yang. 1961. 65 pp. Princeton, \$6.00.

Dr. Yang was a co-winner of the Nobel Prize along with Dr. Tsung-Dao Lee for suggesting the experiments that led to the downfall of the conservation of parity principle. Here he provides a general outline for laymen of the history of elementary particle research during the last 60 years.

The Neutrino: Gbost Particle of the Atom. Isaac Asimov. 1966. 223 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

The author traces a century-long chain of events that proved, to the surprise of scientists, that a strange little particle called the neutrino actually exists and is produced in astronomical numbers inside the sun and other stars.

The Neutron Story. Donald J. Hughes. 1959. 158 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

A substantial and interesting account of neutron physics. Grades 7-9.

The World of Elementary Particles. Kenneth W. Ford. 1963. 262 pp. Blaisdell, \$4.25.

A brief and simple presentation of this field.

Worlds-Antiworlds: Antimatter in Cosmology. Hannes Alfvén. 1966. 103 pp. Freeman, \$3.50.

This presentation elucidates the new theory of the universe based on atom-smashing experiments that reveal



symmetry in the production of particles and antiparticles. This new cosmology is based on the complete symmetry between matter and antimatter.

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ENCYCLOPEDIAS

Asimov's Biographical Encyclopedia of Science and Technology: The Lives and Achievements of 1195 Great Scientists from Ancient Times to the Present Chronologically Arranged. (new revised edition). Isaac Asimov. 1972. 805 pp. Doubleday, \$12.95.

This excellent collection of biographical sketches is clearly and interestingly written.

Atomic Energy Encyclopedia in the Life Sciences. Charles W. Shilling, editor and major contributor. 1964. 474 pp. Saunders, \$10.50.



This source book combines the features of a dictionary and an encyclopedia. It is designed to be of value to the medical and biological professions and as a quick reference work for researchers, teachers, administrators, and students. Its entries vary from concise definitions to journal-length articles.

Concise Dictionary of Atomics. Alfred Del Vecchio (Ed.). 1964. 262 pp. Philosophical Library, out of print.

This dictionary of terms also contains brief biographies of important research scientists in this field and descriptions of organizations that sponsor atomic research.

Concise Encyclopedia of the Atom. Paul Musset and Antonio Lloret. G. Wylie, editor and translator. 1968. 281 pp. Follett, out of print.

These definitions and explanations, given in nontechnical language as much as possible, form an admirable guide to terms used in nuclear science.

The Illustrated Nuclear Encyclopedia. Erik Bergaust (Ed.). 1971. 125 pp. Putnam, \$4.86.

This encyclopedia includes a glossary, chronology, reading list, and other useful tables and reference charts. Grades 7-12.

Newnes Concise Encyclopaedia of Nuclear Energy. D. E. Barnes et al., advisory editors. 1962. 886 pp. Wiley, out of print.

This encyclopedia is designed to be of use to both scientists and others. In addition to the nuclear items, entries are included from other technical fields with which nuclear energy is interrelated.





ENVIRONMENT

Nuclear Power and the Public. Harry Foreman, M.D. (Ed.). 1971. 290 pp. Minnesota, \$9.00.

These papers, taken from a conference at the University of Minnesota, concern the scientific, social, and political issues involved in the use of nuclear power plants and their impact on man and his environment.





EXPERIMENTS FOR STUDENTS

Experiments in Nuclear Science. (2nd edition). Grafton D. Chase, Stephen Rituper, and John W. Sulcoski. 1971. 167 pp. Burgess, \$4.95; teacher's guide, \$3.00.

A manual of 54 experiments that demonstrate the fundamentals and some of the applications of nuclear energy. Grades 8-12.

Experiments With Atomics. (revised edition). Nelson F. Beeler and Franklyn M. Branley. 1965. 160 pp. Crowell, \$3.95.



This well-written and well-illustrated book gives directions for conducting experiments and building an assortment of nuclear devices using ordinary materials. Grades 5-8.

Science Treasures: Let's Repeat the Great Experiments. Bob Brown. 1970. 159 pp. Fleet, \$5.50.

Step-by-step instructions are given so that high school science students may repeat great scientific experiments performed originally by Aristotle, Isaac Newton, Joseph Henry, Michael Faraday, Antoine Becquerel, and 14 other scientific pioneers.

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Grades 9-12.





FUSION

Project Sherwood: The U. S. Program in Controlled Fusion. Amasa S. Bishop. 1958. 216 pp. Addison-Wesley, \$9.75.

An account of the program in controlled nuclear reactions carried out by the AEC during the period 1951-1958.





NOBLE GASES

The Noble Gases. Isaac Asimov. 1966. 171 pp. Basic Books, \$5.95.

An historical account of the noble gases, which, until 1962, could not be made to combine chemically with each other or with other elements. Grades 8-12.





NUCLEAR SCIENCE

Anyone Can Understand the Atom. Henry Bentinck. 1965. 134 pp. Roy, out of print.

This text, couched in a question and answer form, provides a simple explanation of nuclear energy and its applications.

The Architecture of Matter. Stephen Toulmin and June Goodfield. 1962. 399 pp. Harper, \$2.75.

Scientific and philosophic concepts concerning the physics, chemistry, and physiology of matter from the beginning of scientific research are presented eloquently.



The Atom. Charles Hatcher. 1963. 108 pp. St. Martin's, out of print.

The story of atomic energy for junior high school readers. Grades 5-9.

The Atom. (6th edition). George Thomson. 1962. 228 pp. Oxford, out of print.

A detailed explanation of atomic theory.

The Atom and Beyond: A New Introduction to Modern Physical Science. E. Sheldon Smith. 1965. 160 pp. Bantam, out of print.

Principles and concepts of atomic science are defined. Included are the electrical nature of matter, the discovery of the electron and the nucleus, the meaning of quantum mechanics, wave theory of the atom, the nature of chemical bonding, the uncertainty principle, gas laws and ideal gases, and the geometry of molecules.

Grades 10-12.

The Atom and Its Nucleus. George Gamow. 1961. 153 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$1.95.

A popular-level discussion of nuclear structure and the applications of nuclear energy.

The Atom and the Universe. James S. Perlman. 1970. 633 pp. Wadsworth, out of print.

One third of this book discusses atomic physics.

The Atom at Work: How Nuclear Power Can Benefit Man. C. B. Colby. 1968. 48 pp. Coward-McCann, \$3.86.

A picture book of peaceful applications of atomic energy. Each application is illustrated by one or more photographs and described in a brief paragraph. Grades 4-8.

Atomic Energy. Irving Adler. 1971. 47 pp. Day, \$3.69.

A clearly written, accurate discussion of atomic energy. Grades 4-6.



Atomic Energy. Matthew Gaines. 1970. 159 pp. Grosset, \$3.95.

The peaceful uses of atomic energy in the U.S. and overseas are described. Grades 8-12

The Atomic Energy Deskbook. John F. Hogerton. 1963. 673 pp. Van Nostrand, \$14.95.

A one-volume encyclopedia prepared for nonspecialists. The entries range from simple explanation to treatment in depth.

Atomic Energy in Industry: A Guide for Tradesmen and Technicians. Leo Meyer. 1963. 127 pp. ATS, \$4.40.

This guide to what atomic energy is and how it is used is for readers with no special training in science. Questions and answers are included at the end of each chapter. Grades 10-12.

Atomic Energy: The Story of Nuclear Science. Irene D. Jaworski and Alexander Joseph. 1961. 218 pp. Harcourt, \$4.95.

Describes the nature and structure of the atom and presents many safe home experiments, such as producing and controlling an electron beam, photographing alpha tracks, observing scintillations, making a reactor model, and constructing a Van de Graaff generator. Grades 8-12

Atomic Quest. Arthur H. Compton. 1956. 370 pp. Oxford, out of print.

A personal narrative of the research that led to the release of atomic energy on a useful scale by a scientist who played a principal part in the atomic bomb project during World War II.

Atompower. Joseph M. Dukert. 1962. 127 pp. Coward-McCann, out of print.



Explains nuclear energy and how it is used. Atomic submarines and surface ships, reactors, nuclear space vehicles, peaceful atomic explosions, and radioisotope use in industry, medicine, and agriculture are described in words and pictures. A glossary is appended.

Grades 5-8.

Atoms. Melvin Berger. 1968. 46 pp. Coward-McCann, \$3.86. A simple book for young children.

Grades 1-3.

Atoms and Atomic Energy. Egon Larsen. 1963. 48 pp. Day, \$3.96

A simply written history of nuclear energy with special sections on nuclear power and isotopes. Grades 4-6.

Atoms and Molecules. Irving and Ruth Adler. 1966. 48 pp. Day, \$3.96.

An elementary introduction to nuclear energy principles. Grades 3-6.

Atoms for Peace. (revised edition). David O. Woodbury. 1965. 275 pp. Dodd, \$4.50.

A nontechnical introduction to atomic energy applications, including nuclear power and radioisotope use.

Atoms for the World. Laura Fermi. 1955. 227 pp. Chicago, \$4.50.

An intimate and informative account for the layman, illuminating the hopes and plans of the participants, the problems encountered, the people involved, and the successful culmination of months of planning and work entailed in U. S. participation in the 1955 Geneva Conference.

Atoms Today and Tomorrow. (4th edition). Margaret O. Hyde. 1970, 160 pp. McGraw-Hill, \$4,95.

Describes applications of atomic energy in agriculture, industry, and medicine. Radioactivity and its control and the



effect of bomb tests on the weather are also examined. Grades 7-11.

Basic Laws of Matter. (revised edition). Harrie S. W. Massey and Arthur R. Quinton. 1965. 178 pp. Herald, \$4.75.

A nontechnical presentation of atoms and the laws governing their behavior.

Grades 7-9.

Biography of an Atom. Jacob Bronowski and Millicent E. Selsam. 1965. 43 pp. Harper, \$4.09.

The history of a carbon atom from its birth in a star billions of years ago until it becomes part of a human being. Winner of the 1965 Thomas Alva Edison Foundation Annual Children's Book Award for the Best Children's Science Book. Grades 3-7.

City Under the Ice: The Story of Camp Century. Charles Michael Daugherty. 1963. 156 pp. Macmillan, out of print.

A popular-level, well-illustrated book describing Camp Century, a scientific research station directed toward opening the polar regions for human use. This army base, constructed under the ice 800 miles from the North Pole, used a nuclear reactor to provide power, heat, and light.

A Comprehensible World: On Modern Science and Its Origins. Jeremy Bernstein. 1967. 269 pp. Random House, out of print.

This excellent collection of essays, book reviews, and profiles originally appeared in *The New Yorker*. Several of the outstanding ones include "A Question of Parity: T. D. Lee and C. N. Yang", "I am this Whole World: Erwin Schrodinger", and "Einstein and Bohr: A Debate".

The Discovery of Nuclear Fission: A Documentary History. H.G. Graetzer and D.L. Anderson. 1971. 120 pp. Van Nostrand, \$2.95.

A compilation of 30 key articles beginning with the discovery of nuclear fission in 1938 and ending in 1945.



The Heart of the Atom: The Structure of the Atomic Nucleus. Bernard L. Cohen. 1967. 107 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

Describes all aspects of this "atomic heart". its structure, motion, radiation, and large-scale application. Grades 9-12.

Inside the Atom. (revised edition). Isaac Asimov. 1966. 197 pp. Abelard-Schuman, \$5.95.

This comprehensive, well-written text explains nuclear energy and its applications.

Grades 7-10.

Inside the Nucleus. Irving Adler. 1963. 192 pp. Day, \$5.95.

An explanation of the structure of the atom and the amazing discoveries in recent years about its nucleus.

Introduction to Nuclear Science. Alvin Glassner. 1961. 213 pp. Van Nostrand, out of print.

An outgrowth of an intensive course for high-school teachers developed by a committee of the Argonne National Laboratory Branch of the Scientific Research Society of America. Included are a brief review of atomic structure, discussion of detection methods and the known forms of radiation, description of the nucleus and nuclear reactions, survey of accelerators and reactors, and applications of nuclear science in chemistry and biology. The book is basic in content to narrow the gap between the training of the average high-school teacher and the state of scientific knowledge.

An Introduction to Physical Science: The World of Atoms. (2nd edition). John J. G. McCue. 1963. 775 pp. Ronald, \$9.50.

This textbook was written for college humanities students.

The Invisible Giants: Atoms, Nuclei, and Radioisotopes. Vivian Grey, 1969. 154 pp. Little, \$4.50.



The technological applications of nuclear energy. Grades 7-12.

Let's Go To An Atomic Energy Town. Kirk Polking. 1968. 46 pp. Putnam, \$2.86.

A nuclear reactor provides power for the "atomic energy town" of the title. A good explanation of how and why a nuclear power plant works is followed by descriptions of other peaceful uses of nuclear energy. A glossary, reference list, and a list of projects are appended. Grades 3-6.

Man and Atom: Shaping a New World Through Nuclear Technology. Glenn T. Scaborg and William R. Corliss. 1971. 320 pp. Dutton, \$10.00.

Provides a spectrum of the present and future uses of nuclear energy that can create a better world with cleaner cities, more productive agriculture, desalted seawater, etc.

Man and Atom: The Uses of Nuclear Energy. Frank Barnaby. 1971. 216 pp. Wagnalls, \$6.95.

This book begins its story with a discussion of the first reactor and then presents a very complete discussion of the peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

Men and Atoms. William Lawrence. 1959. 302 pp. Simon, \$4.50 (hardback); \$1.45 (paperback).

A history of atomic pioneers and their work. American wartime development of the nuclear weapon and subsequent accomplishments of the peaceful atom are also discussed.

Men and Decisions. Lewis L. Strauss. 1962. 468 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

One of the original members of the AEC, later its Chairman, recalls his experiences in a lifetime of public service.

Men Who Made a New Physics: Physicists and the Quantum Theory. Barbara Lovett Cline. 1969. 223 pp. New American


Library, \$0.75 (paperback), originally published in 1965 with the title *The Questioners: Physicists and the Quantum Theory.* Crowell, \$5.00 (hardback).

An exceptionally well-delineated and personable account of the development of the quantum theory by physicists in the first quarter of this century.

Grades 9-12.

Molecules and Atoms. Edward Victor. 1963. 32 pp. Follett, \$1.25.

An exploration of the structure of matter. Grades 2-6.

Mr. Tompkins in Paperback, George Gamow, 1967, 186 pp. Cambridge, \$8.50 (hardback); \$1.95 (paperback).

A reprint of the author's two books, Mr. Tompkins in Wonderland (1940) and Mr. Tompkins Explores the Atom (1944). The text has been enlarged to incorporate new information on nuclear energy.

Grades 8-12.

The Nature of Matter: Physical Theory from Thales to Fermi. Ginestra Amaldi. Translated by Peter Astbury. 1966. 332 pp. Chicago, \$5.95.

A nontechnical history of atomic energy.

The New World of the Atom. David O. Woodbury. 1965. 80 pp. Dodd, \$3.50.

An interesting, clearly written introduction to atomic energy.

Grades 4-6.

The New World of the Atom. (revised edition). James Stokley, 1970, 333 pp. Washburn, \$8.95.

An in-depth description of atomic energy today. Grades 8-12.

Nuclear Milestones: A Collection of Speeches. Glenn T. Seaborg. 1972. 390 pp. Freeman, \$7.50.



A commentary on many well-known nuclear scientists and their work.

Nuclear Physics and the Fundamental Particles. H. H. H. Heckman and P. W. Starring. 1963. 410 pp. Holt, out of print.

A nonmathematical textbook written for high school students. The basic science of the nucleus is stressed. Grades 10-12.

Our Friend the Atom. Heinz Haber. 1957. 165 pp. Golden Press, out of print.

Atomic history and theory are presented and dramatically illustrated, using the old fairy tale of the Fisherman and the Genie as an introduction. Grades 7-9.

The Peaceful Atom. Bernice Kohn. 1963. 72 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$4.95.

The birth of atomic energy, early experiments to harness it, its present uses, and its future. Grades 4-6.

Peacetime Uses of Atomic Energy. (revised edition). Martin Mann. 1961. 191 pp. Viking Press, out of print.

A well-illustrated, nontechnical introduction to atomic energy for high school science students. Includes a useful glossary.

Grades 9-12.

The Questioners: Physicists and the Quantum Theory. Barbara Lovett Cline. 1965. 274 pp. Crowell, \$5.00 (hardback); New American Library, \$0.75 (paperback) with the title Men Who Made a New Physics: Physicists and the Quantum Theory.

An exceptionally well-delineated and personable account of the development of the quantum theory by physicists in



the first quarter of this century. Grades 9-12.

The Restless Atom. Alfred Romer, 1960. 198 pp. Doubleday, out of print.

A stimulating nonmathematical account of the classic early experiments that advanced knowledge about atomic particles.

Grades 9-12.

Roads to Discovery. Ralph E. Lapp. 1960. 191 pp. Harper, out of print.

Historical survey of nuclear physics beginning with Roentgen's discovery of X rays and concluding with the discoveries of the rare elements.

Grades 10-12.

Secret of the Mysterious Rays: The Discovery of Nuclear Energy. Vivian Grey. 1966. 120 pp. Basic Books, \$3.95.

This outstanding history of nuclear research from Roentgen to Fermi is dramatically presented. The uncertainty of the unknown, the accidental discovery and the often lengthy and tedious research are woven into a fascinating tale. The international aspect of science is revealed in this story of scientists from around the world who pooled their knowledge and experience to unlock "the secret of the mysterious rays". Grades 4-8.

Secrets of the Nucleus. Joseph S. Levinger. 1967. 127 pp. McGraw-Hill, \$2.95; NSTA, \$0.50 (paperback).

This introduction to nuclear energy includes science projects and experiments. Grades 9-12.

Sourcebook on Atomic Energy. (3rd edition). Samuel Glasstone. 1967. 883 pp. Van Nostrand, \$13.95.

An excellent reference work, written for both scientists and the general public.



The Structure of Atoms. Verne H. Booth. 1964. 204 pp. Macmillan, out of print.

This history of the atom is for the college student or the above-average high school student.

Superpower: The Story of Atomic Energy. (revised edition). Frank Ross, Jr. 1960. 183 pp. Lothrop, \$4.25.

This popular narrative concerns development of the first sustained nuclear chain reaction and of the subsequent developments to use atomic energy in war, research, and industry.

Grades 8-12.

The Useful Atom. William R. Anderson and Vernon Pizer. 1966. 185 pp. World, out of print.

An interesting and well-illustrated account of atomic energy from Democritus through the development of SNAP reactors. Anderson was captain of the first atomic submarine, the *Nautilus*.

Grades 7-12.

What Makes a Nuclear Power Plant Work? Erich Fuchs. Translated from the German by Edite Kroll. 1973. Unnumbered pages. Delacorte, \$4.95.

Text and drawings describe a nuclear power plant. Grades 6-12.

The World of the Atom. 2 volumes. Henry A. Boorse and Lloyd Motz (Eds.). 1966. 1873 pp. Basic Books, \$36.50.

Contains the actual text of landmark documents in the history of atomic physics, each preceded by commentary that places it in the context of the discoverer's personal life and in the conditions prevailing in science and in society in his time.

AU

Young People's Book of Atomic Energy. (6th edition). Robert D. and Robert C. Potter. 1967. 202 pp. Dodd, \$3.75.

This book provides a history of and an introduction to nuclear energy. About half of the text covers current peaceful applications while the other half is devoted to explanations of atomic energy principles and history. Grades 7-9.





PHYSICS

Atomic Physics and Human Knowledge. Niels Bohr. 1958. 101 pp. Wiley, out of print.

This collection of addresses and articles is a valuable contribution to the philosophy of atomic physics.

Biography of Physics. George Gamow. 1961. 338 pp. Harper, \$6.50 (hardback).

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A history of theoretical physics. Grades 9-12.



The Birth of the New Physics. I. Bernard Cohen: 1960. 200 pp. Doubleday, \$1.45.

An account of Newton's formulation of classical physics that includes the historical events leading to this master stroke.

Breakthroughs in Physics. Peter Wolff (Ed.). 1965. 352 pp. New American Library, out of print.

Seven physics immortals—Archimedes, Galileo, Pascal, Newton, Huygens, Von Helmholtz, and Einstein—tell the stories of their discoveries.

Concepts and Development of Quantum Mechanics. John C. Slater. 1969. 322 pp. Dover, \$3.00.

This discussion of the development of 20th century physics is designed for both scientists and laymen who are interested in modern physics as a chapter in the history of human thought. Mathematics is kept to a minimum.

The Cosmic Power: Foundations of Nuclear Physics. Philip Kogan. 1966. 128 pp. Ginn, out of print.

Nuclear physics—its history and current uses. Grades 7-12.

The Evolution of Physics: The Growth of Ideas from Early Concepts to Relativity and Quanta. Albert Einstein and Leopold Infeld. 1938. 302 pp. Simon, out of print.

Traces the steps from the mechanical view of the universe held by the classical physicists through subsequent developments that led to quantum mechanics.

Great Experiments in Physics. Morris H. Shamos. 1959. 370 pp. Holt, out of print.

Classic experiments of 24 physicists are explained. Biographical sketches of the experimenters are included. Grades 9-12.



High Energy Physics. Hal Hellman. 1968. 192 pp. Lippincott, \$4.75.

A well-written survey of the field. Grades 7-12.

Matter and Light: The New Physics. Louis Victor de Broglie. Translated by W. H. Johnston. 1939. 300 pp. Gannon, \$4.75.

These essays on physics, which include the author's Nobel Prize speech, were written by one of the pioneers in quantum mechanics.

The New Physics. John G. Taylor. 1972. 224 pp. Basic, \$8.25.

A clearly written account of this science which ranges from the nucleus to the universe.

Physics and Beyond: Encounters and Conversations. Werner Heisenberg. Translated by Arthur J. Pomerans. 1970. 247 pp. Harper, \$2.95.

Werner Heisenberg, a Nobel Prize physicist, presents his autobiography in the form of conversations with such men as Max Planck, Albert Einstein, Niels Bohr, Ernest Rutherford, Otto Hahn, and Enrico Fermi.

Physics for Poets. Robert H. March. 1970. 302 pp. McGraw-Hill, \$7.95.

A physics textbook for nonscience students. The book covers certain developments of classical mechanics, relativity, and atomic and quantum physics. Winner of the 1971 American Institute of Physics—U. S. Steel Foundation Science Writing Award in Physics and Astronomy.

Relativity for the Million. Martin Gardner. 1962. 182 pp. Macmillan, \$6.95 (hardback).

A popular introduction to a complex subject. Includes a glossary and supplemental references.



The Story of Quantum Mechanics. Victor Guillemin. 1968. 332 pp. Scribner, \$9.95 (hardback); \$3.95 (paperback).

A complex subject is presented in a clear and fascinating way in this beautifully written book. Philosophical as well as scientific implications of quantum mechanics are discussed. A glossary and a well-annotated reference list are included.

Thirty Years That Shook Physics: The Story of Quantum Theory. George Gamow. 1966. 224 pp. Doubleday, \$5.95 (hardback); \$1.45 (paperback).

The development of the quantum theory presented in nontechnical language.

Understanding Physics. 3 volumes. Isaac Asimov. 1966. 768 pp. Walker, \$6.95 each (hardback); New American Library, \$1.25 each (paperback).

Surveys the development and growth of the physical sciences in terms that the general reader can grasp. Volume I deals with motion, sound, and heat; Volume II with light, magnetism, and electricity; Volume III with the electron, proton, and neutron.

Universe, Earth and Atom: The Story of Physics. Alan E. Nourse, 1969, 640 pp. Harper, \$12.50

The progress of physics from the Greek philosophers through classical physicists to Einstein, dealing with the tools of physics, methods of discovery, electricity, magnetism, light, general relativity, the puzzle of time, the birth of galaxies and planets, radioactivity, energy quanta, lasers, and many other subjects.





RADIATION

Genetics in the Atomic Age. (2nd edition). Charlotte Auerbach. 1965. 111 pp. Oxford, out of print.

A popular-level, well-written study of genetics and the effects of radiation.

Radiation, Genes, and Man. Bruce Wallace and Theodosius Dobzhansky. 1963. 127 pp. Holt, out of print.

A careful popular-level discussion of the genetic effects of radiation.

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er ا Radiation and Life. George E. Davis. 1967. 350 pp. Iowa, \$7.95.

Introduces the student or layman to the principles of atomic physics and biology and their interplay, with emphasis on the impact of radiation on human and animal life.

Radioactivity: Fundamentals and Experiments. Sister Mary Hermias and Sister Mary Joecile. 1963. 209 pp. Holt, \$2.72.

Fifty-one experiments for the enrichment of high school courses in biology, chemistry, and physics. Grades 8-12.

The Science of Ionizing Radiation. Lewis E. Etter (Ed.). 1965. 804 pp. Thomas, \$26.50.

A readable encyclopedic record that surveys the field from Roentgen's time to the present.

The Story of Radioactivity. Colin A. Mawson. 1969. 64 pp. Prentice-Hall, \$4.95

The complete story of radioactivity-its history, uses, and potential.

Grades 3-6.

X-Rays and Gamma Rays. Daniel S. Halacy. 1969. 159 pp. Holiday, \$4.95.

An interesting account of the history and present-day uses of this radiation.







RADIOISOTOPES

The Fabulous Isotopes: What They Are and What They Do. Robin McKown. 1962. 189 pp. Holiday, out of print.

The theory of radioisotopes and how they are used in laboratories, hospitals, and on farms. Grades 7-10.

Isotopes in Action. Dorothy Harper. 1963. 172 pp. Pergamon, \$5.50 (hardback); \$2.95 (paperback).

Isotope use in industry, science, medicine, and agriculture is discussed in nontechnical language.



Radioisotopes. John H. Woodburn. 1962. 128 pp. Lippincott, \$3.50.

The broad spectrum of radioisotope use is presented—ranging from determining the age of the Dead Sea Scrolls to locating a brain tumor. Grades 7-10.





SHIPS AND SUBMARINES

Atomic Submarines. William R. Anderson, James Baar, and William E. Howard. 1968. 63 pp. Childrens Press, \$5.25.

A lavishly illustrated history of nuclear submarines. William Anderson was the captain of the *Nautilus*, the first atomic submarine. Grades 4-8

Atomic Submarines. Norman Polmar. 1963. 286 pp. Van Nostrand, \$11.00.

NU

The story of nuclear submarines.



Atoms Afloat: The Nuclear Ship Savannah. Edward and Ruth S. Radlauer. 1963. 124 pp. Abelard-Schuman, out of print.

The construction and operation of the NS Savannah are explained in simple language. Good photographs and a glossary are included.

Grades 7-11.

Dive! The Story of an Atomic Submarine. H. B. Harris-Warren. 1960. 130 pp. Harper, \$4.09.

Describes a nuclear submarine and its crew. Grades 10-12.

Let's Go Aboard an Atomic Submarine. Lee David Hamilton. 1965. 48 pp. Putnam, \$2.86.

A fictionalized account of an overnight visit by two children on board the *Lafayette*. Grades 3-6.

Missile Base Beneath the Sea: The Story of Polaris. J. J. Dicerto. 1967. 165 pp. St. Martin's, out of print.

A history of the Polaris submarine.

Grades 7-12.

Nuclear Propulsion for Merchant Ships. A. W. Kramer. 1962. 600 pp. GPO, \$2.25.

This source book was prepared for commercial shippers, port authorities, regulation officials, construction and design engineers, writers and other interested persons. A substantial portion of the book is devoted to discussions of the NS *Savannab*, the first commercial nuclear ship, which is no longer in service.

Nuclear Ships of the World. Joseph M. Dukert. 1973. 207 pp. Coward, \$5.89.

A complete description of the more than 200 military and civilian nuclear-powered ships now in use.

Nuclear Submarine Skippers and What They Do. George P. Steele and Herbert J. Gimpel. 1962. 140 pp. Watts, out of print.



47.

The duties of nuclear submarine commanders are described. Grades 6-12.

Polaris! James Baar and William E. Howard. 1960. 245 pp. Harcourt, \$4.95.

The history of the U. S. nuclear submarine-missile combination.





U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Atomic Shield, 1947/1952. Volume II—History of the United States Atomic Energy Commission. Richard G. Hewlett and Francis Duncan. 1969. 716 pp. Pennsylvania, out of print; NTIS, \$9.00 (paperback); \$0.95 (microfiche).

A comprehensive history of the development of atomic energy in the United States from the transfer of the Government's atomic energy program to the AEC on January 1, 1947, until the end of 1952.

Education and the Atom. Glenn T. Seaborg and Daniel M. Wilkes. 1964. 150 pp. McGraw-Hill, out of print.



This book, which describes the role of the government in science education and information, was one of the Atomic Energy Commission presentation volumes at the 1964 Geneva Conference.

The New World, 1939/1946. Volume I—History of the United States Atomic Energy Commission. Richard G. Hewlett and Oscar E. Anderson, Jr. 1962. 766 pp. Pennsylvania, out of print; NTIS, \$9.00 (paperback); \$0.95 (microfiche).

The achievements of the Manhattan Project, the formulation of national and international policy on atomic energy, and the legislative origins of the AEC.

Nuclear Power, U. S. A. Walter H. Zinn, Frank K. Pittman, and John F. Hogerton. 1964. 200 pp. McGraw-Hill, out of print.

This book, which surveys the U. S. progress in the development of peaceful uses of atomic power, was one of the Atomic Energy Commission presentation volumes at the 1964 Geneva Conference.

Nuclear Research: Knowledge for the Future. Albert V. Crewe and Joseph J. Katz. 1969. 215 pp. Dover, \$2.95 (paperback). (Originally published as Research, U. S. A.: Knowledge for the Future. 1964. 215 pp. McGraw-Hill, out of print.)

This book, which describes the scope and pace of nuclear research, was one of the Atomic Energy Commission presentation volumes at the 1964 Geneva Conference.

Radioisotopes and Radiation: Recent Advances in Medicine, Agriculture, and Industry. John H. Lawrence, Bernard Manowitz, and Benjamin S. Loeb. 1964. 131 pp. McGraw-Hill, out of print; Dover, \$2.50 (paperback).

This book, which surveys the major advances in the use of radioisotopes and radiation in medicine, agriculture, and industry, was one of the Atomic Energy Commission presentation volumes at the 1964 Geneva Conference.



WEAPONS

Atomic Energy for Military Purposes. Henry D. Smyth. 1945. 308 pp. Princeton, \$7.50.

A complete account of the wartime project that developed the first nuclear weapons and of the considerations that prompted their use.

The Effects of Nuclear Weapons. Samuel Glasstone (Ed.). 1964. 730 pp. GPO, \$4.25; \$1.00 extra for plastic radiation computer.

A third edition of a standard reference work prepared by the Defense Atomic Support Agency, Department of De-



fense, at the request of the Atomic Energy Commission. It updates information published in the 1957 edition and includes data on radiological, blast, and heat effects of nuclear detonations and on civil-defense planning.

The German Atomic Bomb: The History of Nuclear Research in Nazi Germany. David Irving. 1968. 329 pp. Simon, \$6.95.

The German nuclear research program during the Second World War.

The History of the Atomic Bomb. Michael Blow. 1968. 150 pp. American Heritage, \$5.95.

This sumptuously illustrated history provides an informative explanation of nuclear physics in addition to comprehensive coverage of the bomb's development and use. Grades 5-9.

Manhattan Project: The Untold Story of the Making of the Atomic Bomb. Stephane Groueff. 1967. 372 pp. Little, \$8.50.

A very complete account of all branches of the wartime Maßhattan Project, which culminated in the construction of the first atomic bomb.

Now It Can Be Told: The Story of the Manhattan Project. Leslie R. Groves. 1962. 464 pp. Harper, out of print.

The history of the wartime atomic energy effort as told by its director.

The Oak Ridge Story. George O. Robinson, Jr. 1959. 181 pp. Kingsport Press, out of print.

A nontechnical story about the city where enriched uranium was produced for the first nuclear weapons, selection of the site, construction of the facilities, and community life.



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7





AUTHOR INDEX

ADLER, Irving Atomic Energy, 27 Inside the Nucleus,31

ADLER, Irving and Ruth Atoms and Molecules, 29

AGASSI, Joseph Faraday As a Natural Philosopher, 7

ALFVEN, Hannes Worlds-- Antiworlds, Antimatter in Cosmology, 17

AMALDI, Genestra The Nature of Matter: Physical Theory from Thales to Fermi, 33

ANDERSON, David L. The Discovery of the Electron: The Development of the Atomic Concept of Electricity, 16 (see Graetzer, H. G.)

ANDERSON, Oscar E. Jr. (see Hewlett)

ANDERSON, William R., James Baar, and William E. Howard Atomic Submarines, 46

ANDERSON, William R., and Vernon Pizer The Useful Atom, 36

ANDRADE, Edward N. da C. Rutherford and the Nature of the Atom, 11

ASIMOV, Isaac Asimov's Biographical Encyclopedia of Science and Technology: The Lives and

Achievements of 1195 Great Scientists from Ancient Times to the Present Chronologically Arranged, 19 Building Blocks of the Universe, 14 Inside the Atom, 31 The Neutrino Ghost Particle of the Atom, 17 The Noble Gases, 25 Understanding Physics, 41

AUERBACH, Charlotte Geneties in the Atomic Age, 42

BAAR, James (see Anderson, William R.)

BAAR, James, and William E. Howard *Polaris!*, 48

BARNABY, Frank Man and Atom. The Uses of Atomic Energy, 32

BARNES, D. E., et al. Newnes Concise Encyclopaedia of Nuclear Energy, 20

BEELER, Nelson F., and Franklyn M. Branley Experiments with Atomies, 22

BENTINCK, Henry Anyone Can Understand the Atom, 26

BERGAUST, Erik The Illustrated Nuclear Encyclopedia, 20

BERGER, Melvin Atoms, 29 BERNSTEIN, Jeremy. A Comprehensible World: On Modern Science and Its Origins, 30 Einstein, 6

BIQUARD, Pierre Frédéric Joliot-Curie: The Man and His Theories, 8

BISHOP, Amasa S. Project Sherwood: The U.S. Program in Controlled Fusion, 24

BLOW, Michael The Ilistory of the Atomic Bomb, 52

BOHR, Niels Atomic Physics and Human Knowledge, 38

BOORSE, Henry A., and Lloyd Motz The World of the Atom, 36

BOOTH, Verne H. The Structure of Atoms, 36

BORN, Max The Born-Einstein Letters: The Correspondence Between Albert Einstein and Max and Hedwig Born from 1916 to 1955, 6

BRANLEY, Franklyn M. (see Beeler)

BRONOWSKI, Jacob, and Millicent E. Selsam Biography of an Atom, 30

BROWN, Bob Science Treasures. Let's Repeat the Great Experiments, 23



CHILDS, Herbert An American Genius: The Life of Ernest Orlando Lawrence, 5

CLINE, Barbara Lovett Men Who Made a New Physics: Physicists and the Quantum

Theory, 32 The Questioners. Physicists and the Quantum Theory, 34

COHEN, Bernard L. The Heart of the Atom. The Structure of the Atomic Nucleus, 31

COHEN, I. Bernard The Birth of the New Physics, 39

COLBY, C. B. The Atom at Work: How Nuclear Power Can Benefit Man, 27

COMPTON, Arthur H. Atomic Quest, 28

CORLISS, William R. (see Seaborg)

CRAWFORD, Deborah Lise Meitner, Atomie Pioneer, 9

CREWE, Albert V., and Joseph J. Katz Nuclear Research: Knowledge for the Future, 50

CURIE, Eve Madame Curie: A Biography, 9

DAUGHERTY, Charles Michael City Under the Ice. The Story of Camp Century, 30



DAVIS, George E. Radiation and Life, 43

DE BROGLIE, Louis Victor Matter and Light: The New Physics, 40

DEL VECCHIO, Alfred Concise Dictionary of Atomics, 20

DIBNER, Bern Wilhelm Rontgen and the Discovery of X Rays, 12

DICERTO, J. J. Missile Base Beneath the Sea: The Story of *Polaris*, 47

DOBZHANSKY, Theodosius (see Wallace)

DUKERT, Joseph M. Atompower, 28 Nuclear Ships of the World, 47

DUNCAN, Francis (see Hewlett)

EINSTEIN, Albert Out of My Later Years, 11 EINSTEIN. Albert, and Leopold

Infeld The Evolution of Physics. The Growth of Ideas from Early Concepts to Relativity and Quanta, 39

EPSTEIN, Sam and Beryl Michael Faraday: Apprentice to Science, 10

ESTERER, Arnulf K. Discoverer of X Rays: Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen, 6

ETTER, Lewis E. The Science of Ionizing Radiation, 43 FARBER, Doris Enrico Fermi: Atomic Pioneer, 7

FERMI, Laura Atoms in the Family: My Life with Enrico Fermi, 6 Atoms for the World, 29

FORD, Kenneth W. The World of Elementary Particles, 17

FOREMAN, Harry Nuclear Power and the Public, 21

FRANK, Philipp Einstein: Ilis Life and Times, 7

FRISCH, David H., and Alan M. Thorndike Elementary Particles, 17

FRISCH, Otto R. Working with Atoms, 12

FUCHS, Erich What Makes a Nuclear Power Plant Work?, 36

GAINES, Matthew Atomic Energy, 28

GAMOW, George The Atom and Its Nucleus, 27 Biography of Physics, 38 Mr. Tompkins in Paperback, 33 Thirty Years That Shook Physics: The Story of Quantum Theory, 41

GARDNER, Martin Relativity for the Million, 40

GIMPEL, Herbert J. (see Steele)

GLASSNER, Alvin Introduction to Nuclear Science, 31



GLASSTONE, Samuel Sourcebook on Atomic Energy, 35 The Effects of Nuclear Weapons, 51

GOODFIELD, June (see Toulmin)

GRAETZER, II. G., and D. L. Anderson The Discovery of Nuclear Fisston: A Documentary History, 30

GREENAWAY, Frank John Dalton and the Atom, 9

GREY, Vivian The Invisible Giants: Atoms, Nuclei, and Radioisotopes, 31 Secret of the Mysterious Rays. The Discovery of Nuclear Energy, 35

GROUEFF. Stephane Manhattan Project: The Untold Story of the Making of the Atomic Bomb, 52

GROVES, Leslie R. Now It Can Be Told: The Story of the Manhattan Project, 52

GUILLEMIN, Victor The Story of Quantum Mechanics, 41

HABER, Heinz Our Friend the Atom, 34

HAHN, Otto Otto Hahn: A Scientific Autobiography, 11 Otto Hahn: My Life, 10

HALACY, Daniel S. X-Rays and Gamma Rays, 43



62

HAMILTON, Lee David Let's Go Aboard an Atomic Submarine, 47

HARPER, Dorothy Isotopes in Action, 44

HARRIS-WARREN, H. B. Dive! The Story of an Atomic Submarme, 47

HATCHER, Charles The Atom, 27

HECKMAN, H. H., and P. W. Storring Nuclear Physics and the Fundamental Particles, 34

HEISENBERG, Werner Physics and Beyond Encounters and Conversations. 40

HELLMAN, Hal High Energy Physics, 40

HENRY, Joseph The Papers of Joseph Henry, Volume 1: December 1797 – October 1832: The Albany Years, 11

HERMIAS, Sister Mary, and Sister Mary Joceile Radioactivity. Fundamentals and Experiments, 43

HEWLETT, Richard G., and Francis Duncan

Atomic Shield, 1947/1952. Volume 11–1listory of the United States Atomic Energy Commission, 49

HEWLETT, Richard G., and Oscar E. Anderson, Jr. The New World, 1939/1946. Volume 1--History of the United States Atomic Energy Commission, 50

HOFFMANN, Banesh Albert Einstein. Creator and Rebel, 5

HOGERTON, John F. The Atomic Energy Deskbook, 28 (see Zinn)

HOWARD, William E. (see Anderson, William R.) (see Baar, James)

HUGHES, Donald J. The Neutron Story, 17

HYDE, Margaret O. Atoms Today and Tomorrow, 29

INFELD, Leopold (see Einstein)

IRVING, David The German Atomic Bomb. The History of Nuclear Research in Nazi Germany, **5**2

JAHNS, Patricia Joseph Henry: Father of American Electronics, 9

JAWORSKI, Irene D., and Alexander Joseph Atomic Energy: The Story of Nuclear Science, 28

JOECILE, Sister Mary (see Hermias)

JOHNSTON, Marjorie The Cosmos of Arthur Holly Compton, 6

JORPES. J. Erik Jacob Berzelius: His Life and Work, 8 JOSEPII, Alexander (see Jaworski)

KATZ, Joseph J. (see Crewe)

KELMAN, Peter, and A. Harris Stone Ernest Rutherford. Architect of the Atom, 7

KOGAN, Philip The Cosmic Power. Foundations of Nuclear Physics, 39

KOHN, Bernice The Peaceful Atom, 34

KRAMER, A. W. Nuclear Propulsion for Merchant Ships, 47

LAPP, Ralph E. 3 Roads to Discovery, 35

LARSEN, Egon Atoms and Atomic Energy, 29

LAWRENCE, John H., Bernard Manowitz, and Benjamin S. Loeb Radioisotopes and Radiation.

Recent Advances in Medicine, Agriculture, and Industry, **5**0

LAWRENCE, William Men and Atoms, 32

LEVINGER, Joseph S. Secrets of the Nucleus, 35

LITTAUER. Raphael (see Wilson)

LLORET, Antonio (see Musset)

LOEB, Benjamin S. (see Lawrence, John II.)



MANN, Martin Peacetime Uses of Atomic Energy, 34

MANOWITZ, Bernard (see Lawrence, John H.)

MARCH, Robert H. Physics for Poets, 40

MASSEY, Harrie S. W., and Arthur R. Quinton Basic Laws of Matter, 30

MAWSON, Colin A. The Story of Radioactivity, 43

McCUE, John J. G.

An Introduction to Physical Science: The World of Atoms, 31

McKOWN, Robin She Lived for Science: Irène Joliot-Curie, 11 The Fabulous Isotopes: What They Are and What They Do, 44 Giant of the Atom: Ernest Rutherford, 8 MEYER, Leo

Atomie Energy in Industry: A Guide for Tradesmen and Technicians, 28

MICHELMORE, Peter The Swift Years: The Robert Oppenheimer Story, 12

MILLIKAN, Robert Andrews The Electron: Its Isolation and Measurement and the Determination of Some of Its Proper ties, 16

MOORE, Ruth Miels Bohr: The Man, His Science, and the World They Changed, 10

MOTZ, Lloyd (see Boorse)

MUSSET, Paul, and Antonio ****** Lloret Concise Encyclopedia of the Atom, 20

NOURSE, Alan E. Universe, Earth and Atom: The Story of Physics, 41

OLIPHANT, Mark Rutherford: Recollections of the Cambridge Days, 11

PAIS, Abraham (see Serber)

PATTERSON, Elizabeth C. John Dalton and the Atomic Theory: The Biography of a Natural Philosopher, 9

PERLMAN, James S. The Atom and the Universe, 27

PITTMAN, Frank K. (see Zinn)

PIZER, Vernon (see Anderson, William R.)

POLKING, Kirk Let's Go to an Atomic Energy Town, 32

POLMAR, Norman Atomie Submarines, 46

POTTER, Robert D. and Robert C. Young People's Book of Atomic Energy, 37

QUINTON, Arthur R. (see Massey)

64

RADLAUER, Edward and Ruth S. Atoms Afloat The Nuclear Ship

Savannah, 47

RITUPER, Stephen (see Chase)

ROBINSON, George O., Jr. The Oak Ridge Story, 52

ROMER, Alfred The Restless Atom, 35

ROSS, Frank Jr. Superpower: The Story of Atomic Energy, 36

ROZENTAL, S. Niels Bohr, His Life and Work as Seen by His Friends and Colleagues, 10

SCHONLAND, Basil The Atomists, 6

SCHULTZ, Pearle and Harry Isaac Newton: Scientific Genius, 8

SEABORG, Glenn T. Man-Made Transuranium Elements, 15 Nuclear Milestones. A Collection of Speeches, 33 The Transuranium Elements, 15

(see Serber)

SEABORG, Glenn T., and William R. Corliss Man and Atom: Shaping a New World Through Nuclear Technology, 32

SEABORG. Glenn T., and Daniel M. Wilkes Education and the Atom, 49 SEABORG, Glenn T., and Evans G. Valens Elements of the Universe, 15

SEGRE, Emilio Enrico Fermì, Physicist, 7

SELSAM, Millicent E. (see Bronowski)

SERBER, Robert, Victor F. Weisskopf, Abraham Pais, and Glenn T. Scaborg Oppenheimer, 10

SHAMOS, Morris H. Great Experiments in Physics, 39

SHILLING, Charles W. Atomic Energy Encyclopedia in the Life Sciences, 19

SILVERBFKG, Robert Men Who Mastered the Atom, 10 Niels Bohr: The Man Who Mapped the Atom, 10

SILVERSTEIN, Alvin and Virginia Harold Urey: The Man Who Explored from Earth to Moon, 8

SLATER, John C. Concepts and Development of Quantum Mechanics, 39

SMITH, E. Sheldon The Atom and Beyond: A New Introduction to Modern Physical Science, 27

SMYTH, Henry D. Atomic Energy for Military Purposes, 51

STARRING, P. W. (see Heckman)



STEELE, George P., and Herbert J. Gimpel Nuclear Submarine Skippers and What They Do, 48

STOKLEY, James The New World of the Atom, 33

STONE, A. Harris (see Kelman)

STRAUSS, Lewis L. Men and Decisions, 32

SULCOSKI, John W. (see Chase)

TAYLOR, John G. The New Physics, 40

THOMSON, George The Atom, 27 J. J. Thomson: Discoverer of the Electron, 8

THORNDIKE, Alan M. (see Frisch, David II.)

TOULMIN, Stephen, and June Goodfield The Architecture of Matter, 26

VALENS, Evans G. (see Seaborg)

VICTOR, Edward Molecules and Atoms, 33 WALLACE. Bruce, and Theodosius Dobzhansky Radiation, Genes, and Man, 42

WEEKS, Mary E. Discovery of the Elements, 14

WEISSKOPF. Victor F. (see Serber)

WILKES, Daniel M. (see Seaborg)

WILSON, Robert R., and Raphael Littauer Accelerators: Machines of Nuclear Physics, 4

WOLFF, Peter Breakthroughs in Physics, 39

WOODBURN, John H. Radioisotopes, 45

WOODBURY, David O. Atoms for Peace, 29 Fresh Water from Salty Seas, 13 The New World of the Atom, 33

YANG, Chen Ning Elementary Particles. A Short History of Some Discoveries in Atomic Physics, 17

ZINN, Walter H., Frank K. Pittman, and John F. Hogerton Nuclear Power, U.S.A., 50



TITLE INDEX

Accelerators: Machines of Nuclear Physics. Robert R. Wilson and Raphael Littauer, 4

Albert Einstein: Creator and Rebel Banesh Hoffmann, 5

An American Genius: The Life of Ernest Orlando Lawrence Herbert Childs, 5

Anyone Can Understand the Atom Henry Bentinck, 26

The Architecture of Matter Stephen Toulmin and June Goodfield, 26

Asimov's Biographical Encyclopedia of Science and Technology: The Lives and Achievements of 1195 Great Scientists from Ancient Times to the Present Chronologically Arranged Isaac Asimov, 19

The Atom Charles Hatcher, 27

The Atom George Thomson, 27

The Atom and Beyond: A New Introduction to Modern Physical Science E. Sheldon Smith, 27

The Atom and Its Nucleus George Gamow, 27 The Atom and the Universe James S. Perlman, 27

The Atom at Work: How Nuclear Power Can Benefit Man C. B. Colby, 27

Atomic Energy Irving Adler, 27

Atomic Energy Matthew Gaines, 28

The Atomic Energy Deskbook John F. Hogerton, 29

Atomic Energy Encyclopedia in the Life Sciences Charles W. Shilling, 19

Atomic Energy in Industry: A Guide for Tradesmen and Technicians Leo Meyer, 28

Atomic Energy for Military Purposes Henry D. Smyth, 51

Atomic Energy: The Story of Nuclear Science Irene D. Jaworski and Alexander Joseph, 28

Atomic Physics and Human Knowledge Nicls Bohr, 38

Atomic Quest Arthur H. Compton, 28

Atomic Shield, 1947/1952. Volume II-History of the United States Atomic Energy Commission



Richard G. Hewlett and Francis Duncan, 49

Atomic Submarines William R. Anderson, James Baar, and William E. Howard, 46

Atomic Submarines Norman Polmar, 46

The Atomists (1805-1933) Basil Schonland, 6

Atompower Joseph M. Dukert, 28

Atoms Melvin Berger, 29

Atoms Afloat: The Nuclear Ship Savannab Edward and Ruth S. Radlauer. 47 Atoms and Atomic Energy Egon Larsen, 29

Atoms and Molecules Irving and Ruth Adier, 29

Atoms for Peace David O. Woodbury, 29

Atoms for the World Laura Fermi, 29

Atoms in the Family: My Life with Enrico Fermi Laura Fermi, 6

Atoms Today and Tomorrow Margaret O. Hyde, 29

Basic Laws of Matter Harrie S. W. Massey and Arthur R. Quinton, 30

The Birth of the New Physics I. Bernard Coheu, 39 Biography of an Atom Jacob Bronowski and Millicent E. Selsam, 30

Biography of Physics George Gamow, 38

The Born-Einstein Letters: The Correspondence Between Albert Einstein and Max and Hedwig Born from 1916 to 1955, 6

Breakthroughs in Physics Peter Wolff, 39

Building Blocks of the Universe Isaac Asimov, 14

City Under the Ice: The Story of Camp Century Charles Michael Daugherty, 30

A Comprehensible World: On Modern Science and Its Origins Jeremy Bernstein, 30

Concepts and Development of Quantum Mechanics John C. Siater, 39

Concise Dictionary of Atomics Alfred Del Vecchio, 20

Concise Encyclopedia of the Atom Paul Musset and Antonio Lloret, 20

The Cosmic Power: Foundations of Nuclear Physics Philip Kogan, 39

The Cosmos of Arthur Holly Compton Marjorie Johnston, 6

Discoverer of X Rays: Wilhelm Conrad Roentgen Arnulf K. Esterer, 6



The Discovery of the Electron: The Development of the Atomic Concept of Electricity David L. Anderson, 16

Discovery of the Elements Mary E. Weeks, 14

The Discovery of Nuclear Fission: A Documentary History

H. G. Graetzer and D. L. Anderson, 30

Dive! The Story of an Atomic Submarine II. B. Harris-Warren, 47

Education and the Atom Glenn T. Scaborg and Daniel M. Wilkes, 49

The Effects of Nuclear Weapons Samuel Glasstone, 51

Einstein Jeremy Bernstein, 6

Einstein: His Life and Times Philipp Frank, 7

The Electron: Its Isolation and Measurement and the Determination of Some of Its Properties Robert Andrews Millikan, 16

Elementary Particles

David II. Frisch and Alan M. Thorndike, 17

Elementary Particles: A Short History of Some Discoveries in Atomic Physics Chen Ning Yang, 17

Elements of the Universe Glenn T. Scaborg and Evans G. Valens, 15 Enrico Fermi: Atomic Pioneer Doris Faber, 7

Enrico Fermi, Physicist Emilio Segré, 7

Ernest Rutherford: Architect of the Atom Peter Kelman and A. Harris Stone, 7

The Evolution of Physics: The Growth of Ideas from Early Concepts to Relativity and Quanta

Albert Einstein and Leopold Infeld, 39

Experiments With Atomics Nelson F. Beeler and Franklyn M. Branley, 22

Experiments in Nuclear Science Grafton D. Chase, Stephen Rituper, and John W. Sulcoski, 22

The Fabulous Isotopes: What They Arc and What They Do Robin McKown, 44

Faraday as a Natural Philosopher Joseph Agassi, 7

Frédéric Joliot-Curie: The Man and His Theories Pierre Biquard, 8

Fresh Water from Salty Seas David O. Woodbury, 13

Genetics in the Atomic Age Charlotte Auerbach, 42

The German Atomic Bomb: The History of Nuclear Research in Nazi Germany David Irving, 52


Giant of the Atom: Ernest Rutherford Robin McKown, 8

Great Experiments in Physics Morris H. Shamos, 39

Harold Urey: The Man Who Explored from Earth to Moon Alvin and Virginia Silverstein, 8

The Heart of the Atom: The Structure of the Atomic Nucleus Bernard L. Cohen, 31

High Energy Physics Hal Hellman, 40

The History of the Atomic Bomb Michael Blow, 52

The Illustrated Nuclear Encyclopedia Erik Bergaust, 20

Inside the Atom Isaac Asimov, 31

Inside the Nucleus Irving Adler, 31

Introduction to Nuclear Science Alvin Glassner, 31

An Introduction to Physical Science: The World of Atoms John J. G. McCue, 31

The Invisible Giants: Atoms, Nuclei, and Radioisotopes Vivian Grey, 31

Isaac Newton: Scientific Genius Pearle and Harry Schultz, 8

Isotopes in Action Dorothy Harper, 44 Jacob Berzelius: His Life and Work J. Erik Jorpes, 8

J. J. Thomson: Discoverer of the Electron George Thomson, 8

John Dalton and the Atom Frank Greenaway, 9

John Dalton and the Atomic Theory: The Biography of a Natural Philosopher Elizabeth C. Patterson, 9

Joseph Henry Father of American Electronics Patricia Jahns, 9

Let's Go Aboard an Atomic Submarine Lee David Hamilton, 47

Let's Go To An Atomic Energy Town Kirk Polking, 32

Lise Meitner, Atomic Pioneer Deborah Crawford, 9

Madame Curie: A Biography Eve Curie, 9

Man and Atom: Shaping a New World Through Nuclear Technology Glenn T. Seaborg and William R.

Corliss, 32

Man and Atom: The Uses of Nuclear Energy Frank Barnaby, 32

Manhattan Project. The Untold Story of the Making of the Atomic Bomb Stephane Groueff, 52



Man-Made Transuranium Elements Glenn T. Seaborg, 15 Matter and Light: The New Physics Louis Victor de Broglie, 40 Men and Atoms William Lawrence, 32 Men and Decisions Lewis L. Strauss, 32 Men Who Made a New Physics: Physicists and the Quantum Theory Barbara Lovett Cline, 33 Men Who Mastered the Atom Robert Silverberg, 10 Michael Faraday: Apprentice to Science Sam and Beryl Epstein, 10 Missile Base Beneath the Sea: The Story of Polaris J. J. Dicerto, 47 Molecules and Atoms Edward Victor, 33 Mr. Tompkins in Paperback George Gamow, 33 The Nature of Matter: Physical Theory from Thales to Fermi Ginestra Amaldi, 33 The Neutrino: Ghost Particle of the Atom Isaac Asimov, 17 The Neutron Story Donald J. Hughes, 17 Newnes Concise Encyclopedia of Nuclear Energy D. E. Barnes et al., 20

The New Physics John G. Taylor, 40

The New World, 1939/1946. Volume 1—History of the United States Atomic Energy Commission Richard G. Hewlett and Oscar E.

Anderson, Jr., 50 The New World of the Atom

David O. Woodbury, 33

The New World of the Atom James Stokley 33

Niels Bohr: His Life and Work As Seen by His Friends and Colleagues S. Rozental, 10

Niels Bohr: The Man, His Science, and the World They Changed Ruth Moore, 10

Niels Bohr: The Man Who Mapped the Atom Robert Silverberg, 10

The Noble Gases Isaac Asimov, 25

Now It Can Be Told: The Story of the Manhattan Project Leslie R. Groves, 52

Nuclear Milestones: A Collection of Speeches Glenn T. Seaborg, 33

Nuclear Physics and the Fundamental Particles H. H. Heckman and P. W. Starring, 34

Nuclear Power and the Public Harry Foreman, 21



71

Nuclear Power, U. S. A. Walter H. Zinn, Frank K. Pittman, and John F Hogerton, 50

Nuclear Propulsion for Merchant Ships A. W. Kramer, 47

Nuclear Research: Knowledge for the Future Albert V. Crewe and Joseph J. Katz, 50

Nuclear Ships of the World . Joseph Dukert, 47

Nuclear Submarine Skippers and What They Do George P. Steele and Herbert R. Gimpel, 48

The Oak Ridge Story George O. Robinson, Jr., 52

Oppenheimer Robert Serber, Victor F. Weisskopf, Abraham Pais, and Glenn T. Seaborg, 10

Otto Hahn: My Life Otto Hahn, 10

Otto Hahn: A Scientific Autobiography Otto Hahn, 11

Our Friend the Atom Heinz Haber, 34

Out of My Later Years Albert Einstein, 11

The Papers of Joseph Henry, Volume 1: December 1797– October 1832: The Albany Years Joseph Henry, 11 The Peaceful Atom Bernice Kohn, 34

Peacetime Uses of Atomic Energy Martin Mann, 34

Physics and Beyond: Encounters and Conversations Werner Heisenberg, 40

Physics for Poets Robert H. March, 40

Polaris! James Baar and William E. Howard, 48

Project Sherwood: The U. S. Program in Controlled Fusion Amasa S. Bishop, 24

The Questioners: Physicists and the Quantum Theory Barbara Lovett Cline, 34

Superpower: The Story of Atomic Energy Frank Ross, Jr., 36

The Swift Years: The Robert Oppenheimer Story Peter Michelmore, 12

Thirty Years That Shook Physics. The Story of Quantum Theory George Gamow, 41

The Transuranium Elements Glenn T. Scaborg, 25

Understanding Physics Isaac Asimov, 41

Universe, Earth and Atom: The Story of Physics Dr. Alan E. Nourse, 41



72

The Useful Atom William R. Anderson and Vernon Pizer, 36

What Makes a Nuclear Power Plant Work? Erich Fuchs, 36

Wilhelm Rontgen and the Discovery of X Rays Bern Dibner, 12

Working with Atoms Otto R. Frisch, 12

The World of the Atom Henry A. Boorse and Lloyd Motz, 36

The World of Elementary Particles Kunneth W. Ford, 17

Worlds-Antiworlds: Antimatter in Cosmology Hannes Alfvén, 17

X-Rays and Gamma Rays Daniel S. Halacy, 43

Young People's Book of Atomic Energy Robert D. and Robert C. Potter, 37

Radiation, Genes, and Man Bruce Wallace and Theodosius Dobzhansky, 42

Radiation and Life George E. Davis, 43

Radioactivity: Fundamentals and Experiments Sister Mary Hermias and Sister Mary Joccile, 43 Radioisotopes John H. Woodburn, 45

Radioisotopes and Radiation: Recent Advances in Medicine, Agriculture, and Industry John H. Lawrence, Bernard Manowitz, and Benjamin J. Loeb, 50

Relativity for the Million Martin Gardner, 40

The Restless Atom Alfred Romer, 35

Roads to Discovery Ralph E. Lapp, 35

Rutherford and the Nature of the Atom Edward N. da C. Andrade, 11

The Science of Ionizing Radiation Lewis E. Etter, 43

Science Treasures: Let's Repeat the Great Experiments Bob Brown, 23

Secret of the Mysterious Rays: The Discovery of Nuclear Energy Vivian Grey, 35

Secrets of the Nucleus Joseph S. Levinger, 35

She Lived for Science: Irène Joliot-Curie Robin McKown, 11



ŝ

Sourcebook on Atomic Energy Samuel Glasstone, 35 The Story of Radioactivity Colin A. Mawson, 43

The Story of Quantum Mechanics Victor Guillemin, 41

The Structure of Atoms Verne H. Booth, 36

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26 General Atomic Division, General Dynamics Corporation

38 Hale Observatories

46 U. S. Navy

74

- 49 United Press International
- 59 Nevada Test Site

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	Ancient Greece to the 19th					
	Century					
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- umes 1, 2, and 3

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