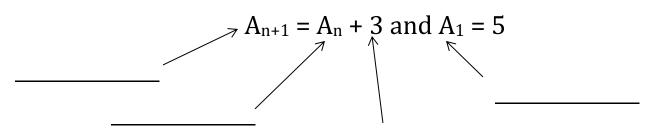
Algebra I Block	Name	
<b>Unit #2:</b> Sequences & Exponential Functions		Period
Lesson #3: Recursive Formulas		Date
<ul> <li>Ex #1: Consider the sequence 5, 8, 11, 14, 17</li> <li>What is the pattern of the sequence?</li> </ul>		
• Is the sequence arithmetic or geometric?		
• What is the next number in the sequence	í	

Another formula that can be used to describe the pattern is



But what does  $A_{n+1}$  even mean? Let's look back at the pattern... 5 8 = 5 + 3 11 = 8 + 3 14 = 11 + 3 17 = 14 + 3 What we call the 5<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How do we find the 5<sup>th</sup> term if we know the 4<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How do we write that? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How do we find the 6<sup>th</sup> term if we know the 5<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How do we find the (n+1)<sup>th</sup> term if we know the n<sup>th</sup> term? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How do we write that? \_\_\_\_\_\_

The statement  $A_{n+1} = A_n + 3$  is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ formula. A recursive formula relates a \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the sequence to preceding \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ of the sequence.

**<u>NOTE</u>**: You may see the same sequence written as A(n+1) = A(n) + 3. It means the EXACT SAME THING!!!

**Ex #2**: Find the first five terms of the sequence defined by  $A_{n+1} = A_n - 3$  where  $A_1 = 5$ 

**Ex #3**: Find the first five terms of the sequence defined by  $A_{n+1} = 3A_n$  where  $A_1 = 5$ 

**Ex #4**: Find the first five terms of the sequence defined by f(n + 1) = 2f(n) - 3 where f(1) = 5

**Ex #5**: Find the first five terms of the sequence defined by  $A_{n+1} = 3A_n + 4$  where A(1) = 1

**<u>Ex #6</u>**: Consider the sequence given by the formula  $A_n = A_{n-1} - 5$  where  $A_1 = 12$ 

The first five terms of the sequence are \_\_\_\_\_

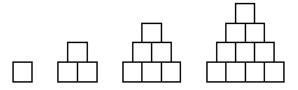
An explicit formula for the sequence would be \_\_\_\_\_

Find A<sub>6</sub>\_\_\_\_\_

Find A<sub>11\_\_\_\_\_</sub>

Find A<sub>100</sub>\_\_\_\_\_

**Ex #6**: A sequence of blocks is shown in the diagram below.



This sequence can be defined by the recursive function  $a_1 = 1$  and  $a_n = a_{n-1} + n$ Assuming the pattern continues, how many blocks will there be when n = 7?

1) 13	3) 28
2) 21	4) 36

- **Ex #7**: In 2014, the cost to mail a letter was 49¢ for up to one ounce. Every additional ounce cost 21¢. Which recursive function could be used to determine the cost of a 3-ounce letter, in cents?
  - 1)  $a_1 = 49$ ;  $a_n = a_{n-1} + 21$
  - 2)  $a_1 = 0$ ;  $a_n = 49a_{n-1} + 21$
  - 3)  $a_1 = 21$ ;  $a_n = a_{n-1} + 49$
  - 4)  $a_1 = 0$ :  $a_n = 21a_{n-1} + 49$

**Ex #8**: Which recursively defined function represents the sequence 3, 7, 15, 31,... ?

1) f(1) = 3,  $f(n + 1) = 2^{f(n)} + 3$ 2) f(1) = 3,  $f(n + 1) = 2^{f(n)} - 1$ 3) f(1) = 3, f(n + 1) = 2f(n) + 14) f(1) = 3, f(n + 1) = 3f(n) - 2

## Try these...

## 1.) 45, 41, 37, 33...

- What is the first term? \_\_\_\_\_\_

## 2.) 28, 33, 38, 43,...

- What is the first term? \_\_\_\_\_\_

• What is the 22<sup>nd</sup> term of the sequence?

## 3.) 1, 3, 9, 27...

- What is the first term? \_\_\_\_\_\_

320, 160, 80,... 4.) Is this sequence arithmetic or geometric? \_\_\_\_\_ • Is there a common difference or a common ratio? \_\_\_\_\_ • What is the first term? • The explicit formula for this sequence is: \_\_\_\_\_ The recursive formula for this sequence is: \_\_\_\_\_ • What is the 9<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence? 7, 19, 31, 43,... 5.) Is this sequence arithmetic or geometric? \_\_\_\_\_ • What is the first term? \_\_\_\_\_ The explicit formula for this sequence is: \_\_\_\_\_ The recursive formula for this sequence is: • What is the 57<sup>th</sup> term of the sequence?