



Teacher Guide SAMPLE Pearson **David Grant**

Inspire English International

Year 9 Teacher Guide

David Grant

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Welcome to Inspire English International!

We hope that your students will find this book useful (and inspiring!) as they develop their skills and knowledge in written English. We believe this course will help all lower secondary students looking to make good progress in English.

The books have been written using a mix of real-world texts and purpose-written passages, designed to inspire discussion and help to maintain a focus on key curriculum objectives.

The programme explicitly supports learners following Pearson Edexcel's international curriculum (iLowerSecondary) **and** learners following the English National Curriculum. It provides specific preparation for International GCSE teaching in English Language and Literature, as well as for English Curriculum GCSEs in the same subjects.

Students may choose to sit the Year 9 examination in iLowerSecondary English, and details can be found on the Pearson Edexcel qualifications website. This provides an international benchmark for achievement and progress.

How Inspire English International supports learning

The course has four key principles:

- Explicitly curriculum driven
- Rigorous, challenging and supportive
- Structured preparation for later assessment (at GCSE or International GCSE)
- Focused, in-depth delivery of skills

Each unit is based around a theme and has an overarching outcome (either reading or writing), with a range of linked skills building recursive familiarity and development.

Each lesson of the course is clearly linked to curriculum objectives. Inspire English International follows Pearson's iLowerSecondary English curriculum, which meets all the requirements of the English National Curriculum (2013) but provides greater granularity and progression.

The course ensures students are not only given a structure to their learning, but also the chance to apply this learning to different contexts, preparing them fully to meet different challenges. Inspire English International supports the development of students 'learning to learn' through the growth of a range of 21st-century skills, such as critical thinking, creativity, collaboration and communication.

The use of the iLowerSecondary curriculum, and the design of the course, ensure that students are explicitly prepared to begin their next phase of education, whether they are taking Pearson Edexcel GCSEs or International GCSEs.

The use of a key focus throughout each unit, supported by secondary areas of focus, makes sure students can achieve mastery of key concepts and understand key ideas. This means that the foundations for future learning and success are secure.

Course Components

There are three core components to the course:

- Student Book
- Teacher Guide
- Workbook.



Student Book

- The Student Book provides a clear structure. Each unit is based around a theme and uses a range of engaging texts to help students focus on the mastery of key skills. These skills are set out at the start of each unit, along with a clear explanation of what students will be able to do by the end of that unit.
- Within each unit, the theme is broken down into sections designed to help students master those key skills in a clear learning progression.
- Activities and Boosts (covering skills, grammar, spelling and punctuation) all build towards students' learning.
- Two assessment sections per unit provide students with the tools and structure to enhance their assessment skills.
- A glossary at the end of the book contains the key terms identified across all years of the course, along with clear definitions.



Teacher Guide

- This Teacher Guide provides lesson-by-lesson planning, closely linked to the Student Book and Workbook.
- At the start of the book there is a comprehensive document mapping the iLowerSecondary curriculum to the English National Curriculum, which means you can be confident of all of the areas of curriculum coverage.
- A scheme of work outlines the coverage of each unit, including key skills, student outcomes and the curriculum objectives covered in each section of the unit.
- The glossary from the Student Book is included at the end of the Teacher Guide for reference.



Workbook

- The Workbook gives students the chance to practise and embed the key skills introduced in the Student Book and through teaching.
- It helps deepen and broaden students' understanding of their learning, with clear links to the corresponding learning in the Student Book.
- Set extension activities within each section provide further practice of the key skills covered.
- Two assessment sections per unit provide students with further opportunities to practise their assessment skills.

Pedagogy

Pedagogical structure and approach

Each unit of work in Inspire English International focuses students on the specific curriculum areas of either reading or writing. In the reading-focused units, in addition to responding to a range of extracts, students are frequently asked to write their own texts to deepen their understanding of the choices that writers make and the impact these can have on a reader. Similarly, in the writing-focused units, as well as crafting their own texts, students explore a range of extracts in depth in order to emulate the skills exemplified and so develop their own.

Each unit is also sharply focused on a specific text purpose: for example, Reading Information, Writing Description, Reading Narrative. The units are designed to support students in exploring and building the skills essential in either responding to, or achieving, that particular text purpose. Units are unified with an overarching theme, linking the reading extracts and writing tasks, and providing an accessible and familiar topic for students to work with, allowing them to concentrate their efforts more closely on developing skills than on familiarising themselves with, or generating, content.

Over the course of the three years' learning that Inspire English International is intended to support, each skill is visited and re-visited as appropriate, each visit building on the last. This recursive, skills-focused approach has been designed to foster and build a cumulative competence and confidence in the application of these essential skills throughout the broader English curriculum and, indeed, the whole school curriculum.

Pedagogical content

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The text extract in each section of each unit has been written or selected to exemplify the skills on which that section focuses. Similarly, each activity in each section explicitly focuses on one specific aspect or skill found in, or prompted by, that text. An appropriate level of support is often provided in activities in order to facilitate and sharpen the skill focus: for example, sentence starts or sentence frames may be provided to support students in expressing their response to a text; relevant vocabulary may be provided to allow students to focus on crafting sentence structure, without being distracted by the need to select their own; likewise, appropriate information may be provided to support the skill of structuring an information text without students having to overcome the distraction of gathering that information beforehand.

The Skills Boosts that appear in each section have been designed to encourage students to explore and understand the mechanics of spelling, punctuation and grammar, rather than simply to provide rote practice. Embedded within the context of the broader skill focus, the intention is to make the Boosts both relevant and integral to the effective crafting of fluent and accurate responses, both in reading and writing.

At the end of each section, there is a supported, structured opportunity for students to demonstrate and further develop the skills they have built in the course of that section, and for teachers to evaluate their progress. The Teacher Guide frequently identifies opportunities for students to peer-assess their achievement in these final activities: an opportunity for readers to discuss and compare their personal response to a text, and for writers to discuss their work with readers.

At the end of each unit, an assessment provides a less supported, more formal opportunity for students to demonstrate their progress in reading and/or writing, and for teachers to assess that progress. Teachers can then make use of that assessment to identify opportunities, objectives and targets for the future learning and progression of individual students and the whole class.

About the Teacher Guide

Curriculum mapping from iLower Secondary **English** to the **National Curriculum** or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects. R8.3A: Explore the impact of some of the writer's key structural or norganisational choices. 88.4A: Explore the impact of some of a writer's or speaker's cho grammatical features and sentence structure. R8.4B: Explore the impact of some of the writer's or speaker's organisational choices. R8.2B: Express a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects. R8.3A: Explore the impact of some of the writer's key structural or

Scheme of work

Section summary

Students read two extracts based on the same story and answer comprehension questions on each. They practise the skills of picking out key points, using active and possive voices, thinking about characters and comparing texts.

Students read an extract from a novel and answer comprehension questions. They practise the skills of inferring and responding to characters, revealing a villain, punctuating speech and building a villainous of their own.

Students read an extract from a short story. They practise the skills of tracking key events, identifying elements of the story, using word classes, explosing vocabulary and writing an extract of their own.

Students read the accession of characters are considered as the skills of tracking key events, identifying elements of the story, using word classes, explosing vocabulary and writing an extract of their own.

of their own.

R8.1B, R8.1E, R8.2A/B, skills of reading between the lines, responding to the opening, choosing tense and person, choosing the first sentence and

choosing tense and person, choosing the first sentence and writing an opening.

Students complete an assessment by reading a fictional extract, then answering questions about what they have read and writing the opening to a story of their own.

Students read a summary of a short story. They practise the skills of using postrophes, exploring idea and intentions, and structuring and planning a story.

Students read synopses of three different stories. They practise the skills of identifying endings, responding to endings, using colons and semi-colons, exploring the writter's intention and writing an ending of their own.

Students read on extract from a story and answer comprehension questions. They practise the skills of identifying and using different ways of telling stories, using identifier verbs and adverbs, and writing an extract from a story of their own. Students read the opening of a short story. They practise the skills of exploring short sentences and longer sentences, building sentences, linking with adverbials and experimenting with structure.

with structure.

Students practise the skills of identifying homophones, using irregular past tenses, proofreading, reviewing vocabulary, conjunctions and relationships, reviewing sentence structure and

The mapping at the start of the book demonstrates how the iLowerSecondary objectives relate to the English National Curriculum objectives.

The scheme of work gives you an overview of each unit and the main focuses.

The teaching and learning progression is provided as an 'at-a-glance' overview for you here.

The main iLowerSecondary English curriculum objectives covered in each section are recorded here.

Any additional 'boosts' in the lessons are covered here.

About the Teacher Guide

The skills focus of a

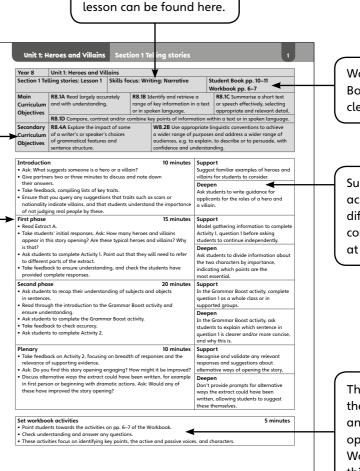
Each individual lesson within a unit provides more detail to support your teaching.

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The main and secondary objectives covered by a lesson are found here.

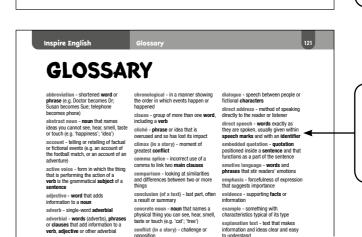
The teaching itself is split into a clear and consistent structure and progression, with indicative timings - and clear notes where the teaching links to the Student Book.



Workbook and Student Book page references are clearly labelled.

Support and Deepen activities help support differentiation and ensure content can be accessed at multiple levels.

This section summarises the extension, embedding and challenge opportunities in the Workbook that link to this lesson.



The glossary at the end of the book contains the key terms identified across all years of the course, along with clear definitions.

Curriculum mapping from iLower Secondary English to the National Curriculum

READING			
English National Curriculum objective	This matches the iLowerSecondary Curriculum objective		
reading a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and plays with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors	R9.1F: Make informed decisions about their personal preferences when reading for pleasure, justifying their preferences by drawing on their experiences.		
choosing and reading books independently for challenge, interest and enjoyment	R9.1F: Make informed decisions about their personal preferences when reading for pleasure, justifying their preferences by drawing on their experiences.		
re-reading books encountered earlier to increase familiarity with them and provide a basis for making comparisons	R9.1D: Compare, contrast and/or combine key points of information within a text or in spoken language.		
learning new vocabulary, relating it explicitly to known vocabulary and understanding it with the help of context and dictionaries making inferences and referring to evidence in	R9.1A (A): Maintain comprehension while reading increasingly consistently. R9.1A (B): Read accurately and with understanding. R9.1B: Identify and retrieve a range of key and supporting information		
the text	in a text or in spoken language. R9.1E: Make inferences from a range of evidence found in texts or instances of spoken language. R9.2C: Select a range of relevant, focused evidence to support ideas.		
knowing the purpose, audience for and context of the writing and drawing on this knowledge to support comprehension	R9.2A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.		
checking their understanding to make sure that what they have read makes sense	R9.1A (A): Maintain comprehension while reading increasingly consistently. R9.1A (B): Read accurately and with understanding.		
knowing how language, including figurative language, vocabulary choice, grammar, text structure and organisational features, presents meaning	R9.3A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's key structural or organisational choices for effect and impact. R9.4A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's choices of grammatical features and sentence structure for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language. R9.4B: Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		
recognising a range of poetic conventions and understanding how these have been used	R9.3A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's key structural or organisational choices for effect and impact.		
studying setting, plot, and characterisation, and the effects of these	R9.2B: Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects. R9.3A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's key structural or organisational choices for effect and impact.		

Curriculum mapping from iLower Secondary English to the National Curriculum

READING		
English National Curriculum objective	This matches the iLowerSecondary Curriculum objective	
understanding how the work of dramatists is communicated effectively through performance and how alternative staging allows for different interpretations of a play	R9.2B: Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects. R9.3A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's key structural or organisational choices for effect and impact.	
making critical comparisons across texts	R9.2D: Make detailed comparisons of writers' ideas and perspectives between two texts.	
studying a range of authors, including at least two authors in depth each year	R9.1F: Make informed decisions about their personal preferences when reading for pleasure, justifying their preferences by drawing on their experiences. R9.2D: Make detailed comparisons of writers' ideas and perspectives between two texts.	

WRITING	
English National Curriculum objective	This matches the iLowerSecondary Curriculum objective
writing for a wide range of purposes and audiences, including: well-structured formal expository and narrative essays; stories, scripts, poetry and other imaginative writing; notes and polished scripts for talks and presentations; a range of other narrative and non-narrative texts, including arguments, and personal and formal letters	 W9.2A: Select appropriate forms to achieve intention and purpose selecting and using their conventions correctly. W9.2B: Select and use appropriate linguistic conventions for a rare of purposes and audiences, including intonation, tone, volume as expression in spoken language. W9.2C: Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisation conventions correctly.
summarising and organising material, and supporting ideas and arguments with any necessary factual detail	W9.1A: Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writin
applying their growing knowledge of vocabulary, grammar and text structure to their writing and selecting the appropriate form	W9.2A: Select appropriate forms to achieve intention and purpose selecting and using their conventions correctly. W9.2C: Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achintention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisation conventions correctly. W9.2D: Link paragraphs in text and ideas in spoken language using wider range of adverbials to achieve a variety of intentions and purposes. W9.3B: Structure paragraphs to organise content effectively. W9.3C: Develop variety, clarity and precision in single-clause sent and subordinate structures in text and spoken language. W9.3D: Develop a range of sentence openings, considering their impact, in text and spoken language. W9.3E: Make deliberate choices of sentence length for effect, in text spoken language. W9.3F: Use synonyms to achieve cohesion and clarity in text and spoken language. W9.3G: Select vocabulary in text and spoken language for effect.

Curriculum mapping from iLower Secondary English to the National Curriculum

WRITING		
English National Curriculum objective	This matches the iLowerSecondary Curriculum objective	
drawing on knowledge of literary and rhetorical devices from their reading and listening to enhance the impact of their writing	W9.2B: Select and use appropriate linguistic conventions for a range of purposes and audiences, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.	
plan, draft, edit and proof-read through: considering how their writing reflects the audiences and purposes for which it was intended	W9.1A: Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writing. W9.2A: Select appropriate forms to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using their conventions correctly. W9.2B: Select and use appropriate linguistic conventions for a range of purposes and audiences, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language. W9.2C: Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisational conventions correctly.	
plan, draft, edit and proof-read through: amending the vocabulary, grammar and structure of their writing to improve its coherence and overall effectiveness	W9.1B: Develop a reliable proofreading strategy based on an evaluation of strengths and weaknesses in written accuracy. W9.1C: Review and revise sentence and text structure and vocabulary choice after writing.	
plan, draft, edit and proof-read through: paying attention to accurate grammar, punctuation and spelling; applying the spelling patterns and rules set out in English Appendix 1 to the Key Stage 1 and 2 programmes of study for English.	W9.1B: Develop a reliable proofreading strategy based on an evaluation of strengths and weaknesses in written accuracy. W9.3B: Structure paragraphs to organise content effectively. W9.3C: Develop variety, clarity and precision in single-clause sentences and subordinate structures in text and spoken language. W9.3D: Develop a range of sentence openings, considering their impact, in text and spoken language. W9.3E: Make deliberate choices of sentence length for effect, in text and spoken language. W9.3G: Select vocabulary in text and spoken language for effect and impact. W9.3H: Spell largely accurately with only occasional errors in less common words.	

Curriculum mapping from iLowerSecondary English to the National Curriculum

GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY			
English National Curriculum objective	This matches the iLowerSecondary Curriculum objective		
extending and applying the grammatical knowledge set out in English Appendix 2 to the Key Stage 1 and 2 programmes of study to analyse more challenging texts	W9.3B: Structure paragraphs to organise content effectively. W9.3C: Develop variety, clarity and precision in single-clause sentences and subordinate structures in text and spoken language. W9.3D: Develop a range of sentence openings, considering their impact, in text and spoken language. W9.3E: Make deliberate choices of sentence length for effect, in text and spoken language. W9.3F: Use synonyms to achieve cohesion and clarity in text and spoken language. W9.3G: Select vocabulary in text and spoken language for effect and impact. W9.3I: Use upper-case letters, end punctuation, commas, speech marks and apostrophes correctly, with accuracy and confidence, for effect and impact. W9.3J: Use a wide range of grammatical terminology correctly and with confidence.		
studying the effectiveness and impact of the grammatical features of the texts they read	R9.4A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's choices of grammatical features and sentence structure for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		
drawing on new vocabulary and grammatical constructions from their reading and listening, and using these consciously in their writing and speech to achieve particular effects	W9.3B: Structure paragraphs to organise content effectively. W9.3C: Develop variety, clarity and precision in single-clause sentences and subordinate structures in text and spoken language. W9.3D: Develop a range of sentence openings, considering their impact, in text and spoken language. W9.3E: Make deliberate choices of sentence length for effect, in text and spoken language. W9.3F: Use synonyms to achieve cohesion and clarity in text and spoken language. W9.3G: Select vocabulary in text and spoken language for effect and impact. W9.3I: Use upper-case letters, end punctuation, commas, speech marks and apostrophes correctly, with accuracy and confidence, for effect and impact.		
knowing and understanding the differences between spoken and written language, including differences associated with formal and informal registers, and between Standard English and other varieties of English	W9.3A: Select and maintain an appropriate register, writing and/or speaking in Standard English with some consistency where required, considering intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		
using Standard English confidently in their own writing and speech	W9.3A: Select and maintain an appropriate register, writing and/or speaking in Standard English with some consistency where required, considering intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		
discussing reading, writing and spoken language with precise and confident use of linguistic and literary terminology	Rq.4A: Respond to a writer's or speaker's choices of grammatical features and sentence structure for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language. Wq.3G: Select vocabulary in text and spoken language for effect and impact. Wq.3J: Use a wide range of grammatical terminology correctly and with confidence.		

Scheme of work

Year:	q
Unit:	1
Theme:	Mysteries
Outcome:	Critical writing
Key skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1); Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2); Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Reading: Language use (R9.4); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Lesser skills:	_
Minor skills:	-

By the end of the unit, students will be able to analyse an explanation text, exploring the writer's selection and presentation of information, and use of language.

During the course of the unit, students will explore a range of explanation texts about unexplained mysteries from around the world.

This unit focuses on critical responses to explanation texts, supported with developed analysis and relevant evidence.

Students will practise selecting evidence and analysing texts.

Students will revise reading skills and text structure, and develop their sentence structure, planning and spelling skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
1	Students read an extract from a mystery story. They practise the skills of identifying and linking key ideas, selecting information, using their own words and writing a summary.	R9.1A, R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.1D	R9.1A Using context for understanding
2	Students read an extract from a narrative account of a real- life mystery. They practise the skills of identifying key ideas, responding to a text, selecting and structuring key ideas, and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.3A	W9.3H Regular and irregular plurals
3	Students read an extract about the extinction of dinosaurs. They practise the skills of identifying and inferring key points, exploring the writer's intention, commenting on vocabulary choice, and planning and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B	W9.3C Non-finite clauses
4	Students read an extract about the sasquatch. They practise the skills of identifying key points, inference, vocabulary choice and planning a response.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.2C, R9.4B	W9.3D Varying sentence starts
5	Students read an extract about Easter Island. They practise the skills of exploring the writer's intention, structuring paragraphs, commenting on ideas and vocabulary choice, and planning and writing a response.	R9. 2A, R9.2B, R9.2C, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3B	W9.3A Writing in a formal register
6	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading an extract about an automated device. They answer questions about the extract and write two or three paragraphs in response to an extended question.	R9.1 B/C/D/E, R9.2A/B/C, R9.4B	-
7	Students read a newspaper article about a mysterious 'global Hum'. They practise the skills of identifying intentions and impressions, opening and ending an explanation, identifying elements of explanations and planning an explanation text.	R9. 2A, R9.2B, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C	R9.4A/W9.3I Using upper-case letters for effect
8	Students read an article about Göbekli Tepe from a travel website. They practise the skills of identifying impressions, identifying facts and viewpoints, exploring significant sentence structures, and commenting on sentence structure and vocabulary.	R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.3C Relative clauses
q	Students read an article about the Antikythera Mechanism. They practise the skills of identifying their response, identifying significant key points, identifying significant vocabulary, identifying significant sentence structures and organising their response.	R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.2C, R9.4A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.2C	R9.1C Making notes
10	Students read two explanation texts on the yeti. They practise the skills of identifying and comparing ideas and viewpoints, comparing how ideas are presented and planning a comparison.	R9.1B, R9.2A/B/C/D, R9.4A/B, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.2D Adverbials for comparison
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading two extracts about mythical creatures and responding to questions about them. They write a comparison of the extracts, focusing on the writers' viewpoints.	R9.2A/B/C/D, R9.4A/B, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.3B	-

Scheme of work

Year:	q
Unit:	2
Theme:	Growing up
Outcome:	Letter
Key skills:	Writing: Writing processes (W9.1); Writing: Whole text (W9.2); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Lesser skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1); Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Reading: Language use (R9.4)
Minor skills:	Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2)

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By the end of the unit, students will be able to write an article offering advice, using an appropriate and effective structure and language choices.

During the course of the unit, students will explore advice texts, and compare them with argument and persuasive texts, considering the writer's intentions and language choices, to support their planning and, structural and language choices in their own writing.

This unit focuses on crafting an effective advice text in which appropriate advice is persuasively and compellingly expressed. Students will practise structuring a text and selecting language appropriate to purpose.

Students will revise sentence punctuation and structure, and develop their language and spelling skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
1	Students read an extract from a letter written by Charles Dickens. They practise the skills of linking key ideas, identifying and responding to intentions, summarising and sending advice.	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.1D, R9.2A, W9.1A	W9.2B Modal verbs
2	Students read a magazine article which gives advice about being a teenager. They practise the skills of inference, identifying and responding to intentions, tracking the text's structure and planning an article.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A	W9.3I Revising apostrophes
3	Students read a letter of advice from a father to his son about going back to school. They practise the skills of finding key points, exploring vocabulary and intention, choosing vocabulary and writing advice.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.4B, W9.1A. W9.3G	W9.3G Building a synonym bank
4	Students practise the skill of scanning a text for key ideas. They then read an article from a website about back-to-school worries and practise the skills of structuring advice paragraphs and writing a paragraph of advice.	R9.1B. R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.3B	W9.2D Adverbials for emphasis and contrast
5	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading an extract about peer pressure from a website aimed at young people. They answer questions about the extract and write two paragraphs of their own advice.	R9.1B/E, R9.2A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.2D, W9.3G	-
6	Students read three extracts from websites aimed at young people. They practise the skills of comparing intentions and audiences, persuasive vocabulary and writing for different purposes.	R9.2A, R9.2D, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	W9.3H The suffixes -ful and -ly
7	Students read an extract from a book about how teenage readers can achieve their goals. They practise the skills of exploring intention, exploring sentence length, exploring sentence structure and writing advice.	R9.2A, R9.4A, W9.3C/D/E	W9.3C Experimenting with sentence structure
8	Students read an extract from an article about managing your parents. They practise the skills of identifying key ideas and intentions, exploring vocabulary choice, exploring language devices and making language choices.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.4B, W9.3G	W9.3I Commas and clauses
q	Students read four extracts which are the openings and endings to texts they have already read. They practise the skills of exploring openings, engaging the reader, exploring endings, and writing an opening and an ending for an advice text.	R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.3G	W9.2B/W9.3A Writing in an informal register
10	Students read an advice text written by a student. They practise the skills of assessing their intention, checking their register, checking for clarity, checking punctuation, reviewing vocabulary choice and reviewing sentence structure.	W9.1B, W9.1C, W9.2C, W9.3A	W9.3H Eliminating errors
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of planning, writing, reviewing and revising an article giving the reader advice on a topic of their choice.	W9.1A/B, W9.2C, W9.3B/C/E/G/H/I	-

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Scheme of work

Year:	9
Unit:	3
Theme:	People and places
Outcome:	Critical writing
Key skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1) Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2); Reading: Language use (R9.4)
Lesser skills:	Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Minor skills:	Writing: Writing processes (W9.1); Writing: Whole text (W9.2)

By the end of the unit, students will be able to analyse a description, exploring the writer's key points and language choices, and their impact on the reader.

During the course of the unit, students will explore a range of descriptive and narrative texts, describing a variety of people and places.

This unit focuses on critical analysis of the writer's language choices and their impact on the reader.

Students will practise identifying the writer's choices and analysing their effect.

Students will revise sentence structures, and develop their language and spelling skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
1	Students read an extract from a story about a young man working in a bookshop. They practise the skills of inferring key ideas, exploring their response, developing a response and describing a character.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	W9.3H Spelling strategies
2	Students read an extract from an account of the Taj Mahal in India. They practise the skills of visualising information they have read, creating atmosphere, appealing to the senses and describing a place.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	W9.3H Spelling with double letters
3	Students read an extract from a novel. They practise the skills of summarising key events, understanding and linking key details, exploring structure and planning a description.	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.1D, R9.2A, R9.3A	W9.3H Building spelling families
4	Students read an extract from an online travel magazine. They practise the skills of understanding, linking and summarising key ideas, exploring structure, responding to structure and planning a description.	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.1D, R9.2A, R9.3A	W9.3H Tricky terminology
5	Students read an extract from a novel containing a character description. They practise the skills of identifying and inferring key details, exploring the writer's intention, responding to vocabulary choice and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B	W9.2C/W9.3B Building a response paragraph
6	Students complete an assessment task by reading a newspaper article about a travel experience. They answer questions about the article and write two or three paragraphs in response to an extended question.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.2C, R9.3A, R9.4B	-
7	Students read an extract of an account of the Shetland Isles in Scotland. They practise the skills of gathering impressions, building impressions through vocabulary choice, exploring language choice and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B	W9.2B/W9.3J Identifying figurative language
8	Students read an article about Angkor Wat in Thailand. They practise the skills of responding to the text, exploring sentence structure, experimenting with sentence structure and writing a description.	R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3C	W9.3C/W9.3D Non-finite clauses
q	Students read an extract from a story about an eccentric writer who lives in an unusual home. They practise the skills of responding to key ideas, exploring vocabulary choice, exploring structure and sentence structure, and planning their response.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.2C, R9.3A, R9.4A, R9.4B, W9.1A	W9.3F Using synonyms to refer back
10	Students read two extracts about different exploration experiences. They practise the skills of identifying and comparing key ideas, comparing how ideas are presented and writing a comparison.	R9.2A/B/C/D, R9.4A/B, W9.1A	W9.3C Practising conjunctions for comparison
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading two extracts about different locations, responding to each and then comparing the two extracts.	R9.2A/B/C/D, R9.4A/B, W9.2C, W9.3B	-

Scheme of work

Year:	q
Unit:	4
Theme:	Making history
Outcome:	Writing a report
Key skills:	Writing: Writing processes (W9.1); Writing: Whole text (W9.2); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Lesser skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1); Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Reading: Language use (R9.4)
Minor skills:	Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2)

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By the end of the unit, students will be able to write an effective information article, presenting effectively structured, detailed information about a significant event, person or period in history. During the course of the unit, students will explore a range of texts giving information about significant historical or recent events, considering the writers' intentions and use of information and structure, to support their own writing.

This unit focuses on crafting an effectively structured information text to provide the reader with comprehensive and detailed information.

Students will practise structuring and writing a text, appropriate to purpose.

Students will revise punctuation skills, and develop their language and grammar skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
		1	
1	Students read two different extracts about Christopher Columbus.	R9.1B, R9.1D, R9.1E,	W9.3A Comparing formal and informal
	They practise the skills of identifying key information, exploring	R9.2A, R9.2D, R9.4B	
	viewpoint and vocabulary, and comparing information and intention.		language choices
2	Students read an extract about Timbuktu from a book about	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.2A,	W9.3I Checking for
	famous legends. They practise the skills of understanding and	R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C	comma splices
	summarising, introducing information, selecting information to		
	engage the reader and planning an information text.		
3	Students read an article about the Shaanxi earthquake. They	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.3A,	R9.1A Fact and
	practise the skills of finding key points, responding to information,	W9.1A, W9.2C	opinion
	exploring and experimenting with structure, and structuring an		
	information text.		
4	Students read an extract from an historical text about slavery. They	R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B,	W9.3J Past and
	practise the skills of gathering information and impressions, adding	W9.1A, W9.3J	present tense
	numbers, adding description and planning an information text.		
5	Students read an article about the Salt March led by Mohandas	R9.1B, R9.3A, W9.1A,	W9.3F Referring
	Gandhi. They practise the skills of identifying key points, adding	W9.2C, W9.3B	back with
	details, experimenting with paragraphs and planning an		determiners,
	information text.		synonyms and
			pronouns
6	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading an	R9.1B/D/E, R9.2A,	_
	extract from an historical text about the bubonic plague. They	R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.2C,	
	answer questions about the extract and write an account of a	W9.3B, W9.3G	
	memorable event.		
7	Students read an information sheet about Chinese inventions.	R9.2A, R9.4A, W9.3C,	W9.3C/W9.3D/
	They practise the skills of noting intention, crafting for clarity,	W9.3D, W9.3E	W9.3E Building
	experimenting with sentences and writing an information text.		sentences
8	Students read two extracts about people in Britain, written 2,000	R9.2A, R9.4B, W9.2B,	W9.3I Using
	years ago. They practise the skills of comparing information,	W9.3G	semi-colons
	impressions and vocabulary, selecting vocabulary and writing an		
	information text.		
q	Students read an information text about Shaka Zulu. They practise	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.1D,	R9.1C Making notes
	the skills of gathering and summarising information, gathering	W9.1A	J
	information from two texts and writing a short information text.		
10	Students read an information text written by a student. They	R9.3A, W9.1B, W9.1C,	W9.3I Hearing
	practise the skills of reviewing intention, structure and vocabulary	W9.2C	what you wrote
	choices, reviewing sentences for clarity and checking for	VV 1.2C	What you wrote
	punctuation errors.		
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of planning,	W9.1A/C, W9.2A/B/C,	
11	writing, reviewing and revising an information article on a topic of	W9.1A/C, W9.2A/B/C, W9.3A/B/C/D/E/F/G/I	_
	their choice.	VV 1.3A/D/C/D/E/F/G/I	

Scheme of work

Year:	q
Unit:	5
Theme:	Attention!
Outcome:	Critical writing
Key skills:	Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2); Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Reading: Language use (R9.4)
Lesser skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Minor skills:	Writing: Writing processes (W9.1)

By the end of the unit, students will be able to analyse narrative texts, exploring ways in which the writer has engaged the reader's interest and attention.

During the course of the unit, students will explore a range of narrative extracts, considering the writer's selection of ideas, use of structure and language, and its impact on the reader.

This unit focuses on analysis of writers' use of language and structure to create characters, settings, action, dialogue, etc. that engage the reader's attention.

Students will practise selecting evidence and commenting on its effect.

Students will revise cohesion, speech punctuation and grammatical terminology, and develop awareness of narrative structures and critical writing skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
1	Students read a short story. They practise the skills of understanding key ideas, identifying elements and intentions, identifying structural elements, building up mystery and selecting ideas.	R9.1A, R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A	R9.1A Reading long sentences
2	Students read an opening of a novel. They practise the skills of understanding an opening, structuring a story, structuring an opening and structuring a short story.	R9.1B, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.3J Present, past, perfect and past perfect
3	Students read a short story about a boy who enjoys swimming in the sea. They practise the skills of gathering key points, exploring intention and response, including focused evidence, selecting focused evidence and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.1D, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.2C	W9.2D Linking points with adverbials
4	Students read an opening of a short story featuring an unlikeable character. They practise the skills of reading between the lines, looking at vocabulary choice, creating a voice with register, creating a voice with sentence structure and writing a response.	R9.1B, R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	W9.3B Building a paragraph of critical response
5	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading an extract from a short story about a woman sailing a boat on her own. They answer questions about the extract and write their own opening to a short story.	R9.1B/D/E, R9.2A/B/C, R9.3A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	_
6	Students read a synopsis of a short story. They practise the skills of inferring key ideas, exploring intention and response, breaking down a story, building up a story and planning a short story.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.3A, W9.2C	W9.3F Linking ideas clearly
7	Students read an extract from the opening of a novel. They practise the skills of responding to the text, looking at noun phrases, exploring action vocabulary and writing a response.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B, W9.1A	W9.3J Revising word class
8	Students read an extract from a short story about a travelling salesman. They practise the skills of tracking their response, identifying significant sentence structures, building a comment on sentence structure and crafting sentences.	R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4A, W9.1A, W9.3C/E	W9.3J Sentence terminology
q	Students read an extract from the opening of a short story. They practise the skills of exploring dialogue, beginning a response, gathering key points, adding and commenting on evidence, and writing a response.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.2C, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.3I Speech and quotation punctuation
10	Students read a synopsis of the opening of a novel and then the ending of the novel in full. They practise the skills of responding to openings and endings, experimenting with endings and planning a short story.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.2C, R9.3A, W9.2C	W9.3H Spelling your response
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of reading an extract from a novel and responding to questions about it. They write three or four paragraphs in response to an extended question.	R9.1B/E, R9.2A/B/C, R9.3A, R9.4A/B	_

Scheme of work

Year:	q
Unit:	6
Theme:	Being yourself
Outcome:	Speech
Key skills:	Writing: Writing processes (W9.1); Writing: Whole text (W9.2); Writing: Language use (W9.3)
Lesser skills:	Reading: Responding to texts (R9.2); Reading: Text structure (R9.3); Reading: Language use (R9.4)
Minor skills:	Reading: Reading for meaning (R9.1)

By the end of the unit, students will be able to write an engaging speech presenting a developed, carefully structured point of view.

During the course of the unit, students will explore a range of argument texts considering issues of fashion, appearance, conformity and personal choice, exploring the writer's selection of ideas, use of structure and language to support their own writing.

This unit focuses on crafting a compelling and engaging speech to present a point of view.

Students will practise planning, structuring and writing to express a point of view.

Students will revise proofreading and develop their sentence structure, spelling and punctuation skills.

Section	Section summary	Curriculum reference	Boosts
1	Students read an article about young people and social media. They practise the skills of identifying and summarising the argument, identifying key features and responding to the argument.	R9.1B, R9.1C, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.3A	W9.3H Dropping the letter 'e'
2	Students read two letters about school uniform. They practise the skills of reading the argument, exploring vocabulary choice, experimenting with modification and writing an argument.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.2B, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.3G	W9.3C Expanding single-clause sentences
3	Students read an article about teenagers and fashion. They practise the skills of responding to the argument, exploring sentence structure, adding impact and crafting sentences.	R9.1E, R9.2A, R9.4A/B, W9.3C, W9.3G	W9.3I Punctuating for effect
4	Students read an article about men's clothing. They practise the skills of responding to the writer's intention, tracking the argument, sequencing points and planning an argument.	R9.1A, R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.3H f, ff, gh and ph
5	Students read an article about the environmental cost of fashion. They practise the skills of identifying the argument, exploring evidence and explanation, writing an explanation and writing an argument.	R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.3B	W9.3I Commas
6	Students complete an assessment in the form of reading an article about the value of self-esteem. They answer questions about the article and write an argument text on the topic of appearance.	R9.1B, R9.2A/C, R9.3A, R9.4A/B, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.3B/C/E/G	-
7	Students read an article on judging others on their appearance. They practise the skills of reading the argument, exploring a counter-argument, looking from a different angle and writing a counter-argument.	R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C, W9.3B	W9.3D Structuring sentences for impact
8	Students read a motivational text from a Paralympian swimmer. They practise the skills of exploring the argument, identifying and experimenting with rhetorical devices, and writing with rhetorical devices.	R9.2A, R9.4A, R9.4B, W9.1A, W9.2B, W9.3E, W9.3G	W9.3H Homophones
q	Students read an article arguing against the 'myth' of ideal shape. They practise the skills of identifying the argument, exploring the introduction, exploring a conclusion, and writing an introduction and conclusion.	R9.2A, R9.3A, W9.1A, W9.2C	W9.3A Common errors
10	Students read an article about social media written by a student. They practise the skills of reviewing intention and structure, and reviewing vocabulary choice, sentence structure and rhetorical devices for impact.	W9.1B, W9.1C, W9.2C	W9.1B Building a proofreading strategy
11	Students complete an assessment task in the form of planning, writing, reviewing and revising an argument piece on the topic of 'Being Yourself'.	W9.1A, W9.1C, W9.2C, W9.3A, W9.3B/C/E/G/H/I	_



Section 1 Summarising Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9 Section 1 Sur	Unit 1: Mysteries mmarising: Lesson 1	Skills focus: Reading	Student Book pp. 10–11	
Jection i Jul	initialishig. Lessoii i	explanation texts	Workbook pp. 6–7	
	D0 14 14 1 1 1	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.1A Maintain comprehension while reading increasingly consistently.	R9.1B Identify and retrieve a range of key and supporting information in a or in spoken language.	·	
Secondary Curriculum Objectives	·			
Introduction	า	10 minutes	Support	
 Ask student 	s to recall the definition o	of 'context'.	Use pictures to support the model	
	-	(knee), 'axilla' (armpit) and	sentences.	
•	tip of the chin).		Deepen	
	s whether they can define		Ask students to explain how the context	
	word into a sentence. For	•	of each sentence helped them to guess	
	r crawled on his hands an I her arm to put deodorar	-	each word's meaning.	
	tiny beard growing only			
	, , ,	ne meaning of each word.		
First phase	, gaess a	15 minutes	Support	
•	tract. Ask students to sug	gest possible solutions to the crime	Complete question 1 of the Skills Boost activity as a whole class or in supported groups.	
	king at the answer at the	•		
• Discuss resp	_	. 5		
	gh the Skills Boost activity	Deepen		
	s to complete the Skills Bo ack to check understandin	g.	Challenge students to write their own sentences containing nonsense words, and to challenge a partner to guess the words' meanings.	
Second phas	se	20 minutes	Support	
Read through			Begin Activity 1, question 3 as a whole	
		ing a single piece of information (as	class or in supported groups, identifying	
	_	3 , 3	two or three measures before students	
	(as needed to answer qu	uestions 1 and 3).	complete the task independently.	
 Ask student 	s to complete Activity 1.		Deepen	
			Ask students to write their response to	
			Activity 1, question 3 as a single sentence that combines all the information.	
Planary		10 minutes		
Plenary • Take feedba	ack on Activity 1 to share u		Support Recognise and validate any	
	•	measures students missed, if any.	relevant responses.	
		ches to this synthesis task,	Deepen	
	their effectiveness.	•	Ask students to summarise clues that	
			suggest how the robbery was done.	
Set workboo	ok activities		5 minute	
• Point studer	nts towards the activities	on pp. 6–7 of the Workbook.		
• Check unde	rstanding and answer an	•		
		at to understand words and identifying		

- Discuss which of the various security measures students missed, if any.
- Ask students to recount their approaches to this synthesis task, considering their effectiveness.

Deepen

Set workbook activities

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 6–7 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on using context to understand words and identifying key ideas.

2	Section 1 Summarising	Unit 1: Mysteries
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Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteries		
Section 1 Summarising:		Skills focus: Reading	Student Book pp. 12–13
Lesson 2		explanation texts	Workbook pp. 8-9
Main	R9.1C Summarise longer texts or speeches effectively, selecting appropriate and relevant information		
Curriculum	and detail.		
Objectives			
Secondary			
Curriculum			
Objectives			

Curriculum			
Objectives			
o The cat no The room • Challenge s	or three multi-clause sentences. For example: neowed because it was hungry. n went dark when I turned out the light. tudents to restructure the sentences without chang	0 minutes	Support Begin by modelling how to restructure one sentence. Deepen Challenge students to restructure clauses
meaning by swapping clauses. First phase Ask volunteers to recap the extract. Read through the introduction to Activity 2, checking understanding of the role of a summary. Ask students to complete Activity 2. Take feedback, asking students to evaluate each other's choices. Read through the introduction to Activity 3, and ask volunteers to explain			using the passive voice. Support In Activity 2, discuss and complete question 1 as a whole class or in supported groups. In Activity 3, encourage students to focus on either restructuring sentences or using synonyms.
 its advice in their own words. Ask students to complete Activity 3. Take feedback, comparing clarity and accuracy of suggested revisions. 		evisions.	Deepen In Activity 3, ensure students both restructure the sentences and use synonyms. Challenge them to rewrite each sentence in more than one way.
selecting in	gh Activity 4. Highlight the different stages of the p formation, writing a summary and reviewing word s to complete Activity 4.		Support Focus students on a limited number of paragraphs. Take feedback after each stage of the process.
			Deepen Challenge students to reduce their summary to 50 words, and then 30.
•	s to compare their summaries. ou or your partner selected different pieces of info	10 minutes formation?	Support Recognise and validate any effective choices of information, sentence structure or vocabulary choice.
paragraph	s to evaluate how effectively and clearly each write		Deepen Ask: If you had to add ten more words to your summary, which one extra piece of information would you add?

5 minutes

Section 2 Responding to information Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9		Unit 1: Mysteries		
Section 2 Responding to information: Lesson 3		Skills focus: Reading	Student Book pp. 14-15	
			explanation texts	Workbook pp. 10-11
Main	R9.1	A Maintain	R9.2B Develop a critical respon	se to a text through writing,
Curriculum		prehension while reading	discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features	
Objectives	incre	easingly consistently.	and their effects.	
Secondary				
Curriculum				
Objectives				

Objectives	
 Introduction 10 minutes Ask students to note down at least ten emotions, individually. Take feedback. Discuss how many of these emotions can be created by a text, such as a book, play or film. 	Support Compile a list of emotions as a whole class or in supported groups. Deepen Challenge students to use two or three
Guide responses to acknowledge the impact that words can have.	synonyms for each emotion on their list.
First phase • Read the extract. • Ask students to complete Activity 1. • Take feedback to consolidate understanding of the extract, and to	Support Take feedback after each question to support and develop understanding.
compare theories.	Deepen Ask students to suggest multiple theories about what may have happened, based on the clues given.
Second phase • Recap the list of emotions gathered in the introduction to the lesson. Ask: Which emotions could be prompted by the extract?	Support Suggest that students omit Activity 2, question 1b.
 Focus students on their personal responses. Ask students to complete Activity 2, question 1. Read through question 2, emphasising the importance of supporting ideas with explanations and/or evidence from the extract. Ask students to complete question 2. 	Deepen Challenge students to identify two or more responses to Activity 2, questions 1a and 1b, and support each with both a quotation and an explanation in response to Activity 2, question 2.
 Plenary Take feedback on Activity 2. Highlight and validate the variety of relevant responses to question 1. Ask volunteers to share sentences they have written in response to 	Support Recognise and validate any relevant responses, working with students to identify supporting evidence.
 question 2. Ask the class to evaluate how effectively and clearly each writer has used explanation and/or evidence from the extract. 	Deepen Ask students to imagine describing a scene aboard the <i>Dei Gratia</i> after the discovery. Ask: What response would you aim to create in the reader?

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 10–11 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on identifying key ideas and responding to the text.

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Year 9

Section 2 Respon	ding to information: Lesson 4	Skills focus: explanation		ng	Student Book pp. 16–17 Workbook pp. 12–13
Main Curriculum Objectives	·			•	se to a text through writing, onsidering the text's features
·	R9.3A Respond to a writer's or speaker's key W9.3H				gely accurately with only in less common words.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives					
Introduction		10 mir	toc	Cupport	
Complete question	on 1 of the Spelling Boost activity by on the twelve words' plurals, reading the inswers aloud.	giving students		Spelling B modelling	questions 1a and 1b of the oost activity as a whole class, the application of the two re conducting the spelling test.
 Ask: Can you identify any patterns in the words? Read through the 'Remember' box to consolidate understanding. Ask students to complete question 2 of the Spelling Boost activity. Take feedback to check accuracy. 			Deepen Challenge students to list other words with similar spelling patterns.		
First phase Read through Activity 3. Remind students of their work in the previous lesson, on possible responses. Ask students to complete Activity 3, question 1a. Take feedback. Ask: How might the reader's response differ if a group of only adult sailors – or pirates – had disappeared?			to the extr their respo	udents to consider how changes ract's structure might affect onse, for example if they had om the beginning that none of was seen again.	
 Ask students to complete questions 1b and 1c. Take feedback, guiding students to consider the writer's manipulation of mystery and tension. 			other way	nts to suggest the effects of is in which the extract could in structured.	
Second phase • Read through Activity 4. • Ask students to complete question 1.				Activity 4, questions 1 and 2 as lass or in supported groups.	
 Take feedback to check understanding. Ask students to complete questions 2 and 3. Highlight the importance of close textual reference to support ideas. 			as 'tension	word bank of vocabulary such n' and 'intrigue' to develop written responses.	
Plenary Take feedback on Ask volunteers to	Activity 4. share one paragraph of their respo	10 mir			and validate any relevant or elements of responses.

Section 2 Responding to information

Unit 1: Mysteries

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

Deepen

Ask students to review and revise their writing for clarity and precision.

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 12–13 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.

reader's response to this.

• These activities focus on plurals, and responding to structure and key ideas.

to recap the lesson: the focus on the writer's chosen structure, and the

Unit 1: Mysteries Section 3 Describing for effect

Skills focus: Reading

explanation texts

Unit 1: Mysteries

Section 3 Describing for effect: Lesson 5

		explanation texts		Tronkbook pp. 11 15
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.1B Identify and retrieve a range of key and supporting information in a text or in spoken language.	Rq.1E Make inferences a range of evidence fo in texts or instances of spoken language.	und	R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives				
millions of years of them out. Ask students to su use in describing to Focus on the most	icture a scene in which dinosaurs ago – until an asteroid collides witaggest ten or more words they worthe events. It vividly descriptive suggestions. Aulary have on a reader?	th Earth and wipes	during the example to impact, or Deepen	rompts for specific moments e sequence of events, for the peacefulness prior to the r the moment of impact. e students to suggest only verbetives.
First phase Read the extract, encouraging students to note when one of their suggested words appears in it. Ask students to complete Activity 1. Take feedback, encouraging students to consider in which questions they needed to use close reading skills, and in which they needed to use inference skills.			Support Work on A a class or scanning: Deepen Note any did not ap might the	Activity 1, questions 1 and 2 as in supported groups to refresh skills. suggested vocabulary that opear in the extract. Ask: Why writer have chosen not to use ds? Focus responses on the
 Discuss the writer and violence of the 	introduction and question 1 of Ad's intention as a whole class: to ende events on that day. Somplete question 2.	•	Support Take feed check und Deepen In Activity	back after each question to derstanding and scanning skills. v 2, question 2, ask students te the effectiveness of
Plenary Take feedback on Take suggestions As in the introduct would expect a w	suggest words they	Support Recognise relevant re Deepen	and validate any	

Set workbook activities

5 minutes

Student Book pp. 18-19

Workbook pp. 14-15

- \bullet Point students towards the activities on pp. 14–15 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on key points and intention.

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Unit 1: Mysteries

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Year 9

Lesson 6

Section 3 Describing for effect:

Main	R9.2B Develop a critical response to	R9.4B Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabul				
Curriculum	a text through writing, discussion or	choices for effect and impact, including inton				
	presentation, by considering the text's	tone, volume and expression in spoken langua				
Objectives	features and their effects.					
	W9.3C Develop variety, clarity and precision in single-clause sentences and subordinate structu					
	in text and spoken language.	_				
Secondary						
Curriculum						
Objectives						
Introduction	-	10 minutes	Support			
	'getting', 'running', 'have' and 'making'.		Guide students in forming the			
	dentify the 'odd one out', and what the other	s have	non-finite verbs 'hurrying' and			
in common.			'whistling' before asking them to use			
	m for and concept of non-finite verb forms. E	xplain that	one to link the sentences.			
verbs ending '-in	•	Aprail Clar	Deepen			
Display the follow	~		Ask: How does the non-finite verb add			
	. I whistled happily.		to the clarity of the sentences? Look for responses that recognise that it conveys			
	uggest how a non-finite '–ing' form could linl	k them into				
one multi-clause		two simultaneous actions.				
		15 minutes				
First phase		Support Complete Activity 2 question 1 as a class				
students to comp	ction to the Grammar Boost activity before as lete it.	sking	Complete Activity 3, question 1 as a class or in supported groups.			
1	check accuracy and understanding.	Deepen Deepen				
Ask a volunteer to	,		In the Grammar Boost activity, challenge			
	ents have access to their responses to Activity	1 from the	students to write their own pairs of			
previous lesson.	,		sentences that can be linked with the			
Ask students to co	omplete Activity 3.		non-finite verb form '-ing'.			
Second phase		20 minutes	Support			
•	introduction to Activity 4 and ask students f		Take feedback after each step in the			
initial responses t	·	0	planning process to ensure progress.			
•	omplete Activity 4, questions 1–3.		Deepen			
	estion 4, recapping the importance of suppor	rtina ideas	Encourage students to select two or			
	the text and with explanation.	9	more quotations to support each of their			
	omplete question 4.		ideas, showing the way an impression is			
	4	built up.				
Dlongry		10 minutes	Support			
Plenary		io minutes				
· ·	hare their first paragraphs.	a kov noint	Recognise and validate any effective			
a quotation and	heck that their partner's paragraph contains	u key point,	elements in students' responses.			
	an explanation. share effective sentences, in particular those	containing	Deepen			
a non-finite claus		containing	Challenge partners to develop the clarity			
a non-ninite claus	ec.	and/or depth of their responses.				

Section 3 Describing for effect

Skills focus: Reading explanation texts

Unit 1: Mysteries

Unit 1: Mysteries

Student Book pp. 20-21

Workbook pp. 16-17

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 16–17 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on finite and non-finite verbs and clauses, and responding to vocabulary choices.

Section 4 Selecting evidence Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9	Unit 1:	Unit 1: Mysteries					
Section 4 Selecting evidence:		Skills focus: Reading		Student Book pp. 22–23			
Lesson 7	esson 7 explanation te		explanation texts	Workbook		c pp. 18–19	
Main Curriculum Objectives	and supp	R9.1B Identify and retrieve a range of key and supporting information in a text or in spoken language.		R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.		R9.2C Select a range of relevant, focused evidence to support ideas.	
Secondary Curriculum Objectives							

<u> </u>			
 Introduction Discuss a locally well-known mythical creature, the existence of which is not fully proven (for example, the Loch Ness Monster or the Yeti). Ask students to suggest arguments for and against its existence. Lead students to the conclusion that it is difficult to be persuaded of 	Support Use targeted questioning to prompt students to consider the need for evidence. For example, ask: How do know? What could convince you?		
 something without good evidence. Introduce the focus of this and the next lesson: using quotations to provide evidence. 	Deepen Challenge students to consider who evidence would be most effective in proving a creature's existence.		
First phase • Read the extract. • Take students' initial responses. Ask: Would you have been convinced by the hoax? Why were the witnesses convinced?	Support Work with the class or in supported groups to complete Activity 1, quest and 2.		
 Read through Activity 1, emphasising the strict limitation imposed on quotation length. Ask students to complete Activity 1. Take feedback, evaluating the relevance of suggestions. 	Deepen Challenge students to make some of chosen quotations even shorter, with reducing their relevance.		
Second phase 20 minutes	Support		
 Remind students of the concept of inference, noting that it is sometimes described as 'reading between the lines'. Ask students to suggest descriptions that could give away an opinion on a 	Discuss each question in Activity 2 of whole class before asking students express their ideas in writing.		
film or book, without clearly stating the opinion. • Ask students to complete Activity 2.	Deepen In Activity 2, question 1, challenge students to identify further evidence support their inferences.		
Plenary • Take feedback on Activity 2, discussing any variety in responses. • Focus students on the range of responses to question 3. Ask: Which	Support Recognise and validate any relevant responses.		
quotation most effectively shows the writer's opinion?	Deepen Discuss the tone of the extract: the in which the writer might have read aloud. Explore which words suggest		

Set workbook activities

5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 18–19 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on choosing quotations to support key points and inferring opinions.

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Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteries				
Section 4 Selecting evidence:		Skills	focus: Reading	Student Book pp. 24–25	
Lesson 8 expl		explo	nation texts Workbook pp		p. 20–21
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.2C Select a range relevant, focused evide to support ideas.	of R9.4B Respond to a writer's or sp		t and impact, volume and	Wq.3D Develop a range of sentence openings, considering their impact, in text and spoken language.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives					

Section 4 Selecting evidence

Unit 1: Mysteries

Objectives	to support racus.	including intoriation, toric, vo	tarric arra	considering their impact, in
•		expression in spoken languag	ge. text and spoken langua	
Secondary				
Curriculum				
Objectives				
-				
Introduction		10 minutes	Support	
• Display the fol	lowing sentence:		Model restri	ucturing one or two
Some people	e believe <u>although</u> there is no e	vidence.	multi-clause	sentences by swapping
• Ask students to	o restructure the sentence with	out changing its words	around thei	r clauses. Provide a word
or meaning.			bank of sub	ordinating conjunctions
• Take feedback	, clarifying that subordinate cla	auses can come before or	such as 'who	en', 'if', 'because'
after main cla			and 'althou	gh'.
• Ask students to	o add a clause to the following	sentence using a	Deepen	
subordinating	conjunction:		•	tudents to write their own
I love Englisi	h lessons.		_	sentences that can be
• Ask: Can all th	e sentences created be restruct	ured?	similarly res	tructured.
First phase		15 minutes	Support	
Ask students to	o recap what they understand	about the non-finite verb	In the Skills Boost activity, recap	
form '-ing' (stu	udied in Section 3).		understanding by asking students to give	
Ask students to	o complete the Skills Boost acti	vity.	the '-ing' forms of a range of verbs.	
• Take feedback	to check understanding and \boldsymbol{a}	ccuracy.	Deepen	
 Ask a voluntee 	er to recap the extract.		-	, encourage students to
 Ask students to 	o complete Activity 3.			quotations to include only the
 Take feedback 	on Activity 3, comparing and ϵ	evaluating a variety	most releva	-
of responses.				
Second phase		20 minutes	Support	
_	Activity 4. Ask: Is this an effect		In Activity 4	, take feedback after students
•	s task focuses on selecting sho		have comme	ented on Paragraph 1. Limit
allows for com	ments on the writer's vocabuld	ry choice.	students to	working on just two of the
 Ask students to 	o complete Activity 4.		four planne	d paragraphs.
			Deepen	
			Encourage s	tudents to select two
			quotations t	to support each point.
Plenary		10 minutes	Support	
• Take feedback	on Activity 4, comparing and e	Recognise a	nd validate any relevant	
of responses.			choices of q	uotation or comments.
	a whole-class response to the t	ask, while emphasising the	Deepen	
validity of a ra	nge of responses.		Encourage s	tudents to argue for their

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

choices of quotation and vocabulary.

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 20–21 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on sentence openings and commenting on vocabulary choice.

Section 5 Building a response Unit 1: Mysteries

Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.2A Respond to a write intention and viewpoint	explanation texts		Student Book pp. 26– Workbook pp. 22–23	
Curriculum Objectives	-	•	Ma SD Charles	• •	
Curriculum Objectives	-	er's or speaker's			
Objectives		e. s e. speake. s		ure paragraphs to organise	
	intention and viewpoint.		content effect	ively.	
Secondary					
Curriculum					
Objectives					
Introduction		10 mir	nutes Suppo	ort	
	for descriptions of a classr	_ ,		t students to describe what th	
_	school detention and in the	_		see, hear, smell and feel in ea	
	ich the descriptions could c	reate different responses	in the de	scriptions.	
the reader.			Deepe	en	
	that choices of detail and v	ocabulary are key in		nge students to craft both a	
manipulating the	e reader's response.		•	e and a negative description	
				room during a lesson, noting	
			what c	liffers.	
First phase		15 mir			
	and take students' initial in	•		ete Activity 1, question 1a as c	
	sum up verbally, in one or	two sentences, some key		class or in supported groups,	
points of informa	ation about the island.		1	g at each topic in turn, to che	
	complete Activity 1, emphas	ising that questions 1b ar	nd 1c and co	nsolidate understanding.	
ask for personal			Deepe	en	
 Take feedback to 	check and share understa	nding.	Encour	Encourage students to select focused	
			eviden	ce to support their responses	
Second phase		20 mir	nutes Suppo	ort	
• Read the introdu	ction to Activity 2, recappir	ng and consolidating	Model	one different structure for	
understanding o	f the key elements of a criti	ical paragraph.	the pa	ragraph.	
 Ask students to c 	complete Activity 2.		Deepe	en	
			Challe	nge students to rewrite their	
			restruc	tured paragraphs in their	
			own w	ords.	
Plenary		10 mir	nutes Suppo	ort	
Take feedback or	n Activity 2.		Valida	te any effective examples of	
	o the variety of ways the el		d. clear e	xpression.	
•	whatever order is chosen, t		Deepe	en	
appropriately lin	ked to form a clearly expre	ssed response.	Compi	le and reflect on the clarity o	
			linking	phrases students have used	
			their re	esponses.	
Set workbook ac				5 mir	
	wards the activities on pp.				
	ding and answer any quest				
• These activities to	ocus on exploring intention	and structuring paragro	aphs.		
These activities for	ocus on exploring intention	and structuring paragro	aphs.		

 Introduction Take suggestions for descriptions of a classroom during a busy lesson, during an after-school detention and in the middle of the night. Note ways in which the descriptions could create different responses in the reader. 	Support Prompt students to describe what they could see, hear, smell and feel in each o the descriptions.	
Discuss the idea that choices of detail and vocabulary are key in manipulating the reader's response.	Deepen Challenge students to craft both a positive and a negative description of a classroom during a lesson, noting what differs.	
 First phase Read the extract and take students' initial impressions of Easter Island. Ask volunteers to sum up verbally, in one or two sentences, some key points of information about the island. Ask students to complete Activity 1, emphasising that questions 1b and 1c ask for personal responses. Take feedback to check and share understanding. 	Complete Activity 1, question 1a as a whole class or in supported groups, looking at each topic in turn, to check and consolidate understanding. Deepen Encourage students to select focused	
 Second phase Read the introduction to Activity 2, recapping and consolidating understanding of the key elements of a critical paragraph. Ask students to complete Activity 2. 	evidence to support their responses. Support Model one different structure for the paragraph. Deepen Challenge students to rewrite their restructured paragraphs in their own words.	
Plenary • Take feedback on Activity 2. • Draw attention to the variety of ways the elements can be structured. • Emphasise that, whatever order is chosen, the elements must be appropriately linked to form a clearly expressed response.		

Set workbook activities

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 22–23 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on exploring intention and structuring paragraphs.

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Objectives	writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.	vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.	and/or speaking in Standard English with some consistency where required, considering intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives	R9.2C Select a range of relevo support ideas.	int, focused evidence to	W9.1A Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writing.
could wear in cIn a similar warlanguage: howAsk students to	erence between formal and info different situations. y, discuss the difference between people could speak in different premind you and each other who t is simply grammatically correct	n formal and informal situations. at Standard English is.	Support Suggest different situations, such as a wedding, a visit to the beach, a conversation with the head teacher and a conversation with a friend. Deepen Ask students to discuss why critical responses to texts should be written in formal language.
 Take feedback of non-Standar Read through A Ask students to 	o complete the Grammar Boost of to share and develop understar ord English. Activity 3 to check understanding to complete Activity 3. If ocusing on the relevance of ever	Support Take feedback after each step of Activity 3 to support and develop understanding. Deepen Challenge students to add a third explanation to their paragraph, focusing on a different vocabulary choice.	
• Read through A in the planning before the mos	Activity 4. Point out that this act process: after a variety of idea it relevant and useful points are o complete Activity 4.	Support Ask students to comment on either ideas or vocabulary choice in their paragraph, rather than both. Deepen Challenge students to add a further point of their own to the given plan.	
Ask volunteersAsk students to	nutes for students to review and to share their writing with the co evaluate effective examples of ach other's work.	lass.	Support Validate any effective responses and examples of formal language. Deepen Challenge students to rewrite their paragraphs in inappropriately

Section 5 Building a response

R9.4B Respond to a

writer's or speaker's

Skills focus: Reading

explanation texts

Unit 1: Mysteries

R9.2B Develop a critical

response to a text through

Section 5 Building a response:

Year 9

Main

Lesson 10

Curriculum

Unit 1: Mysteries

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Student Book pp. 28-29

W9.3A Select and maintain an

appropriate register, writing

Workbook pp. 24-25

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

informal language.

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 24–25 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on commenting on ideas and vocabulary choice.

Unit 1: Mysteries Section 6 Assessment

Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteries								
Section 6 As	sessment:		Skills focus: Reading			Student	: Book pp. 30–31		
Lesson 11	11 explanation texts Workbook pp. 26–27								
Main	R9.1B Identify and retrieve a				longer texts	R9.1D Compare, contrast			
Curriculum Objectives	information	range of key and supporting information in a text or in spoken language.		or speeches effectively, selecting appropriate and relevant information and detail.		elevant	and/or combine key points of information within a text or in spoken language.		
	R9.1E Make inferences from a range of evidence found in texts or instances spe		to o	2A Respo writer's a aker's inte viewpoir	or ention	R9.2B Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.			
)	and imp	•	•	eaker's vocabulary choices for effect tone, volume and expression in		
Secondary									
Curriculum									
Objectives									

Introduction 10 minutes

- Ask students to read the article. Check their understanding of any unfamiliar vocabulary.
- Explain to students that they will have 25 minutes to complete the reading section of the assessment, and a further 25 minutes to complete the writing section.

Assessment task 50 minutes

- Ask students to complete the reading section of the assessment. Any students finishing sooner can begin the writing task.
- After 25 minutes, ask students to move on to complete the writing section of the assessment.
- Point out that they should plan their writing, and that you will assess their plans as well as their finished pieces of writing.
- You may wish to give students further guidance on how much they should write, and the amounts of time they should use for planning, writing and checking their responses.

Workbook assessment task

- Point students towards the extract and activities on pp. 26–27 of the Workbook.
- Give students the opportunity to read the extract. Briefly discuss it with them and answer any questions.
- Students should read the extract again carefully before answering the questions that follow it.
- Make clear your expectations of when this activity will be completed. For example, it may be a homework, or students may be given time during an additional lesson.

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Year 9

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Section 7 Exploring structure:		Skills foc	us: Reading	Student Book pp. 32–33
Lesson 12		explanat	ion texts	Workbook pp. 28-29
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.		R9.2B Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.	R9.3A Respond to a writer's or speaker's key structural or organisational choices for effect and impact.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives				
the article in Se	ction 7. they can guess w		10 minutes plain that this is the topic of ase means, and so what the	Support Prompt students to use key question words: 'what', 'when', 'where', 'how' and 'why'.
• Ask: What questhe topic?		Deepen Challenge students to note five different questions to ask, and then to select the two most useful.		
 First phase Read the article, checking understanding of unfamiliar vocabulary. Ask: Do you now understand what 'the global Hum' is? Note that not even experts completely understand it. With this in mind, ask: Is this an effective explanation text? How could it 				Support Complete Activity 1 as a whole class or in supported groups, discussing each question before students note their responses.
be made moreAsk students toTake feedback	complete Activity	Deepen Ask students to consider the use of the phrase 'it is said' in paragraph 3 of the article. Ask: What might the writer be implying?		
 Second phase Reread the first paragraph of the article. Ask: Do you sympathise with Simon Payne? Does this sympathy help to engage you in the article? 				Support Prompt students with additional questions. For example: Does the opening make you want to read on?
Read through AAsk students to		Deepen Encourage students to explain their ideas in depth, supporting them with closely focused evidence.		
PlenaryTake feedbackUse students' re openings and e	esponses to conso	10 minutes	Support Recognise and validate any relevant responses.	
 Ask students to 		Deepen Ask: What else might the writer have included in the opening or ending of the		

Section 7 Exploring structure

Unit 1: Mysteries

Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9

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Lesson 13

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

article to help achieve the listed aims?

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 28–29 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on impressions, and openings and endings.

Unit 1: Mysteries Section 7 Exploring structure

Skills focus: Reading

explanation texts

Student Book pp. 34-35

Workbook pp. 30-31

Unit 1: Mysteries

Section 7 Exploring structure:

	- April 1			Tronkbook pp. 50 51
Main Curriculum Objectives			W9.3I Use upper-case letters, end punctuation, commas, speech marks and apostrophes correctly, with accuracy and confidence, for effect and impact.	
Secondary Curriculum Objectives	Rq.4A Respond to a writer's or of grammatical features and se for effect and impact, including volume and expression in spok		Gather and shape a range of relevant efore writing.	
o MTWtFS o JFmAMJ • Ask: Which let • Lead discussio	I A S O N D ters are incorrect in some way? n to recognise that these are the the months of the year, and that	initial letters of the		Support Prompt students by revealing that each sequence has an 'odd one out'. Deepen Display an additional sequence: o t t f F s s e n t (This sequence represents the initial letters of the numbers 1–10, which do not require upper-case letters.)
 Take feedback Read through	o complete the Punctuation Boos , comparing and discussing answ Activity 3, using the examples to o complete Activity 3.	inutes	Support Model using the guidance in the 'How do I do that?' box to work through the article to identify examples. Deepen Ask students to suggest verbally their own examples of the different elements of explanation texts.	
 Second phase Ask students to complete Activity 4, questions 1–6. Look again at the unanswered questions noted at the end of the previous lesson. Ask: How can you ensure that your article answers all the questions a reader may have? Ask students to complete Activity 4, questions 7–9. 				Support Take feedback after each step in the process to monitor progress. Deepen Ask students to identify the response they want their article to create, and how they have tried to achieve it.
Plenary • Take feedback ending of their • As a class, eva	on Activity 4, asking volunteers	10 m to share the opening ending achieves its	inutes g or	Support Recognise and validate all effective elements of planning. Deepen Prompt students to consider using an unusual upper-case letter for effect.

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 30–31 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on identifying features of explanation texts and planning an explanation text.

Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteri	Unit 1: Mysteries					
. 5		Skills focus: Reading	Skills focus: Reading explanation texts				
		explanation texts					
Main Curriculum Objectives	through writing, disci	9.2B Develop a critical response to a text arough writing, discussion or presentation, by		R9.4B Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.			
Secondary Curriculum	R9.2A Respond to a	writer's or speaker's intentio	n and viewpoint.				

Section 8 Exploring sentences

Secondary Curriculum Objectives	R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.					
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
 them, as if they w Ask students to ci the item persuasi Ask volunteers to 	·	Support Prompt students to describe the item's appearance, usefulness and other relevant qualities. Deepen Give students two or three minutes to review and revise their vocabulary choices, aiming to make them as persuasive as possible.				
Göbekli Tepe? Wh Ask students to co Take feedback, as	omplete Activity 1. ssuring students that there are no incorrect answers to k for viewpoints, as long as they are supported with	Support Draw students' attention to the prompts by Activity 1, question 1. Emphasise that a personal response is required in answer to Activity 1, question 2. Deepen In Activity 1, question 2, ask students to select and support two contrasting viewpoints.				
 Read through Act question 3, student one or two words 	20 minutes is the difference between facts and viewpoints. Exivity 2, ensuring understanding. Emphasise that, in instants should focus on explaining the fact, including only revealing their viewpoint. In the difference of the article. It is provided in the article of the article. It is provided in the article of the article. It is provided in the article of the article. It is provided in the article of the a	Support Complete Activity 2, question 1 as a whole class or in supported groups before asking students to continue independently. Deepen Ask students to complete Activity 2, question 3 in relation to both viewpoints identified in Activity 1. Challenge them to identify all examples of vocabulary in the article that reveal the writer's viewpoint.				
understanding of	Activity 2. explicitly reinforce and consolidate students' critical vocabulary such as 'viewpoint', 'impression', est', 'create' and 'evoke'.	Support Recognise and validate any relevant responses to Activity 2. Deepen Encourage students to keep a log of				

Set workbook activities

useful critical vocabulary.

5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 32–33 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on impressions, and facts and viewpoints.

Unit 1: Mysteries

Section 8 Exploring sentences

Year 9 **Unit 1: Mysteries Section 8 Exploring** Student Book pp. 38-39 Skills focus: Reading sentences: Lesson 15 explanation texts Workbook pp. 34-35 Main R9.4A Respond to a W9.2C Organise texts and **W9.3C** Develop variety, clarity and writer's or speaker's spoken presentations or precision in single-clause sentences Curriculum choices of grammatical debates to achieve intention and subordinate structures in text and Objectives features and sentence and purpose, selecting and spoken language. structure for effect using the form's organisational and impact, including conventions correctly. intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language. W9.1A Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writing. Secondary Curriculum

Objectives	
Introduction Display the following sentence: The tall old man sang quietly. Ask students to identify the noun and then the adjectives used to describe it. Repeat this activity using the following sentence: The song was long and sad. First phase Read through the introduction to the Grammar Boost activity, and check for thorough understanding. Ask students to complete the Grammar Boost activity.	Support Remind students of the definitions of 'noun' and 'adjective'. Deepen Challenge students to write their own similar sentences containing one noun and two adjectives. Support In the Grammar Boost activity, complete question 1a as a whole class or in supported groups before asking students
 Take feedback to check accuracy, including in students' use of commas. Ask students to complete Activity 3. Take feedback to check understanding. 	to continue independently. Deepen In Activity 3, challenge students to identify other effective uses of sentence structure in the article.
 Second phase Read through Activity 4. Point out that this activity links the skills explored in Activities 2 and 3, combining comments on sentence structure with comments on vocabulary. Ask students to complete questions 1 and 2. Take feedback to assess understanding. Ask students to complete question 3. 	Support Take feedback after each step in Activity 4, questions 1 and 2 to ensure understanding and monitor progress. Deepen Challenge students to write a second paragraph, drawing on ideas gathered during this and the previous lesson.
 Plenary Ask the class to suggest success criteria by which their responses to Activity 4 could be judged, such as fluency of expression and relevance of comments. Ask volunteers to share their paragraphs with the class, while the class evaluates each paragraph against the agreed success criteria. 	Support Recognise and validate any effective elements of responses. Deepen Allow students to review and revise their writing in light of the agreed success
	criteria before sharing it.

Set workbook activities

5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 34–35 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on relative clauses and exploring sentence structures.

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Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9	Unit 1: My	steries		
Section 9 Planning a		Skills focus	: Reading	Student Book pp. 40-41
response: Less	on 16	explanatio	n texts	Workbook pp. 36-37
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.1C Summarise longer texts or speeches effectively, selecting appropriate and relevant information and detail.		R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.	R9.2B Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.
Secondary Curriculum Objectives				
Introduction			10 minutes	Sunnort

Section 9 Planning a response

Unit 1: Mysteries

	ana aetail.		
Secondary			
Curriculum			
Objectives			
Ask volunteers	rases 'first impressions' and 'last to describe their first impression and how they changed over tim	Support Provide a modelled example, for example discussing first impressions of a person shouting angrily.	
this or your ide • Lead students	ions. ging impression, ask: What creat as that changed? to the conclusion that impression t that they can change whether	Deepen Challenge students to describe a character giving a good first impression but gradually revealing their true, less-appealing self. They could note dialogue and action, as well as description.	
	e and check understanding. initial impressions, and ask for c	Support Complete Activity 1, question 1 as a whole class or in supported groups before students continue independently.	
• Take feedback,	o complete Activity 1. recognising a variety of valid re essions created throughout the o	Deepen Encourage students to discuss how the two contrasting impressions accentuate one another.	
You may want	the introduction to the Skills Boo to provide additional modelling tted from the following diary no	Support Complete question 1 of the Skills Boost activity – entirely or partially – as a whole class or in supported groups.	
	Vatched TV. Bed at 10. complete the Skills Boost activi	Deepen In question 2b of the Skills Boost activity, challenge students to reduce their notes to as few words as possible, without losing meaning.	
whole-class res • Discuss the adv	on the Skills Boost activity, effectsponse. vantages and disadvantages of valud notes be used? When should	writing in note form.	Support Encourage students to experiment with removing one word at a time, and then checking to see if meaning is lost. Deepen
	udents will be writing in note for	Ask students to produce a guide to writing in note form, using note form.	

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 36–37 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on identifying your response and making notes.

Unit 1: Mysteries Section 9 Planning a response

Year 9	Unit 1: Mys	teries			
Section 9 Planning a		Skills focus: Reading		Student Book pp. 42–43	
response: Les	son 17	explanation texts		Workbook pp. 38-39	
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.4A Respond writer's or speak of grammatical and sentence str for effect and im including intona volume and exp spoken languag	er's choices features ucture apact, tion, tone, ression in	R9.4B Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		W9.2C Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisational conventions correctly.
Secondary Curriculum Obiectives		R9.2C Select a range of relevant, focused			Gather and shape a range of relevant efore writing.
Objectives Introduction				inutes	Support
mechanism fo When was it	ound? How did it lo	ok? How was	ontent. Ask: Where was it studied? What was		Allow students to scan the article during the test. Deepen Suggest that partners formulate their

Introduction 10 minutes	Support
• Recap the article by giving a short test on its content. Ask: Where was the mechanism found? How did it look? How was it studied? What was it?	Allow students to scan the article during the test.
When was it made? • Provide answers for peer marking.	Deepen Suggest that partners formulate their own tests for one another.
First phase • Ensure that students have access to their responses to Activity 1 from the previous lesson, and ask them to recall their impressions of the mechanism.	Support Identify a first key point as a whole class before students select two more independently.
 Explain that, in Activity 2, students will begin to identify evidence for how these impressions were created. Ask students to complete Activity 2. Take feedback to share and develop understanding. 	Deepen Encourage students to rank the given ideas from the most to the least effective.
Second phase 20 minutes • Read through Activities 3 and 4 to check understanding, particularly of Activity 4.	Support In Activity 3, complete question 1 as a whole class or in supported groups.
 Ask students to complete Activities 3 and 4, discussing and developing ideas with a partner. Ask students to complete Activity 5. 	Deepen In Activity 3, encourage students to gather as wide a variety of vocabulary choices as they can.
Plenary • Ask volunteers to share the key point, evidence and explanation from one paragraph of their writing.	Support Recognise and validate all relevant elements in students' writing.
 Ask the class to evaluate the effectiveness of the evidence chosen. Challenge the class to identify further evidence for each key point. 	Deepen Encourage students to suggest additional explanations as well as

Set workbook activities

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5 minutes

additional evidence.

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 38–39 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on identifying significant key points, vocabulary choices and sentence structure.

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Section 10 Comparing texts Unit 1: Mysteries

Year 9	Unit 1: Mys	teries			
Section 10 Comparing texts: Skills focus: Reading Student Book pp. 44-		Student Book pp. 44-45			
Lesson 18		explanation texts		Workbook pp. 40-41	
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.1B Identify a range of key and information in a spoken language	I supporting text or in	R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.	R9.2D Make detailed comparisons of writers' ideas and perspectives between two texts.	
Secondary Curriculum Objectives					

Objectives	
 Introduction Explain that this lesson and the next will focus on comparison. Suggest two partially similar sports and ask students to suggest points of similarity and difference between them. Compile the suggested points of comparison. 	Support Prompt students to consider different aspects of the sports, such as equipment, venues, rules and team size. Deepen
 Ask volunteers to express a preference for one sport. Ask the class to compare those students' viewpoints. 	Challenge students to identify at least five similarities and five differences between the sports.
 First phase Read Extract A. Take students' initial responses to the information given and to the writer's viewpoint. Ask students to complete Activity 1. 	Support Complete Activity 1, question 2 as a class or in supported groups, identifying and assessing possible pieces of evidence in turn.
 Take feedback on questions 1 and 2, focusing on accuracy of understanding. Take feedback on question 3, exploring how the writer has tried to convey her viewpoint. 	Deepen Ask: How could the writer have made her viewpoint even more convincing?
 Second phase Read Extract B. Take students' initial responses to the information given and to the writer's viewpoint. Ask students to complete Activity 2. Take feedback on questions 1 and 2, focusing on accuracy 	Support Complete Activity 2, question 2 as a class or in supported groups (as in the first phase of the lesson), identifying and assessing possible pieces of evidence in turn.
of understanding. • Take feedback on question 3, exploring how the writer has tried to convey his viewpoint.	Deepen Ask: How could the writer have made his viewpoint even more convincing?
Plenary • Allow 2–3 minutes for students to note any immediately apparent points of comparison between Extract A and Extract B.	Support Recognise and validate any relevant points of comparison.
Take feedback to share and develop understanding.	Deepen Encourage students to compare information, viewpoints and methods

Set workbook activities

5 minutes

of persuasion.

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 40–41 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on identifying and comparing ideas.

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Unit 1: Mysteries Section 10 Comparing texts

Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteries				
Section 10 Comparing texts: Lesson 19		Skills focus: Reading explanation texts		Student Book pp. 46–47 Workbook pp. 42–43	
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.2D Make detailed comparisons of writers' ideas and perspectives between two texts.	W9.2C Organise tes spoken presentation debates to achieve i and purpose, selecti	W9.2C Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisational W9.2D Link paragraphs in text and ideas in spoken language using a wider range of adverbing to achieve a variety of intention and purposes.		W9.2D Link paragraphs in text and ideas in spoken language using a wider range of adverbials to achieve a variety of intentions
Secondary Curriculum Objectives	R9.2B Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.	R9.2C Select a range of relevant, focused evidence to support ideas.	R9.4A Respond to a writer's or speaker's choices of grammatical features and sentence structure for effect and impact, including intonation, tone		
	R9.4B Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.			W9.1A Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writing.	
• Look for resp	re comparisons helpful or nece conses that relate making comp act that noting similarities and	ssary? parisons to making choic		for ex	est contexts for comparisons, cample selecting between two ble purchases.

expression in spoken language.		
 Introduction Ask: When are comparisons helpful or necessary? Look for responses that relate making comparisons to making choices. Discuss the fact that noting similarities and differences helps to suggest 	Support Suggest contexts for comparisons, for example selecting between two possible purchases.	
 riteria for evaluation. Note that comparing texts can help them to analyse and understand each one more fully. 	Deepen Ask students to suggest criteria by which they might compare and judge two possible purchases.	
First phase • Read through the Grammar Boost activity to ensure understanding, before asking students to complete it. • Ask partners to assess one another's work, awarding marks for effective	Support In Activity 3, questions 2 and 3, ensure students' understanding of all vocabulary in the given sentences.	
 comparisons and adverbials. Ask students to complete Activity 3. Take feedback to develop awareness of significant vocabulary and sentence structure choices. 	Deepen In the Grammar Boost activity, encourage students to use their own ideas rather than those suggested.	
 Second phase Read through Activity 4. Explain that students could choose to focus on one extract and then the other, or make more-direct and more-immediate comparisons within 	Support Complete Activity 4, question 1 as a whole class or in supported groups before asking students to continue independently.	
each paragraph.Ask students to complete Activity 4.	Deepen Ask students to plan a third paragraph, comparing the evidence used in the two extracts.	
Plenary 10 minutes • Ask students to review and develop their use of adverbials for comparison in their planning.	Support Recognise and validate any relevant or effective elements of comparison.	
 Ask partners to identify effective points of comparison in each other's work. Ask volunteers to share examples of their partner's planning. 	Deepen Encourage students to use a wider range of adverbials for comparison.	

Set workbook activities 5 minutes

- Point students towards the activities on pp. 42–43 of the Workbook.
- Check understanding and answer any questions.
- These activities focus on adverbials for comparison and comparing how ideas are presented.

Year 9	Unit 1: Mysteries				
Section 11 Ass Lesson 20	essment:	Skills focus: Reading explanation texts	Student Book pp. 48–49 Workbook pp. 44–45		
Main Curriculum Objectives	R9.2A Respond to a writer's or speaker's intention and viewpoint.	R9.2B Develop a critical response to a text through writing, discussion or presentation, by considering the text's features and their effects.	R9.2C Select a range of relevant, focused evidence to support ideas.		
	R9.2D Make detailed comparisons of writers' ideas and perspectives between two texts.	R9.4A Respond to a writer's or speaker's choices of grammatical features and sentence structure for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.	R9.4B Respond to a writer's or speaker's vocabulary choices for effect and impact, including intonation, tone, volume and expression in spoken language.		
	W9.2C Organise texts and spoken presentations or debates to achieve intention and purpose, selecting and using the form's organisational conventions correctly.		W9.3B Structure paragraphs to organise content effectively.		
Secondary Curriculum Objectives	W9.1A Gather and shape a range of relevant ideas before writing.				

Introduction 10 minutes

- Ask students to read both extracts. Check their understanding of the unfamiliar vocabulary, particularly the prefix 'crypto-' (relating to mythical creatures) in Extract B.
- Explain to students that they will have 25 minutes to complete the two reading sections of the assessment, and a further 25 minutes to complete the writing section.

Assessment task 50 minutes

- Ask students to complete the reading section of the assessment. Any students finishing sooner can begin the writing task.
- After 25 minutes, ask students to move on to complete the writing section of the assessment.
- Point out that students should plan their writing, and that you will assess their plans as well as their finished pieces of writing.
- You may wish to give students further guidance on how much they should write, and the amounts of time they should use for planning, writing and checking their responses.

Workbook assessment task

- Point students towards the extract, question and sample student response on pp. 44–45 of the Workbook.
- Give students the opportunity to read the extract, question and sample response. Briefly discuss these with them and answer any questions.
- Students should identify the errors in the sample response before planning how they will improve it. They should then write an improved version, adding one or two paragraphs of text.
- Make clear your expectations of when this activity will be completed. For example, it may be a homework, or students may be given time during an additional lesson.