# DUCKER WORLDWIDE

Advancing Growth

#### **Aluminum Content in Cars**

- Summary Report -

- Public version -

Prepared Exclusively for:



June 2016







Introduction: Vehicle Scope



### **Modelling Method**

2012 Sample vehicles (still in production) were used to augment the 2016 sample vehicles ONLY to derive the extrapolated and estimated content for the entire 2016 production of 17,360,446 vehicles in 2016

#### 1 2012 Sample

2012
Sample Vehicles
Audi A1(AU210)
Audi A6(AU571)
Audi A7(AU573)
Audi A8(AU641)
BMW 1 (F20)
Citroen C3 Picasso(A58)
Citroen C4(B71)
Fiat 500(312)
Fiat Panda(139)
Ford Focus(C346)
Jaguar XJ(X351)
Lancia Ypsilon(846)
Land Rover Range Rover Evoque(L538)
Mercedes-Benz B-Class(W246)
Opel Insignia(GM G3700)
Peugeot 208(A9)
Peugeot 508(W2)
Porsche Cayenne(PO526)
Renault Clio(X98)
Toyota Yaris(850L)
Volkswagen Up (VW120)
Volkswagen Polo(VW250)
Volkswagen Golf(VW370)
Volkswagen Touareg(VW526)
Volvo S60(Y283)
Volvo XC60(Y413)

19.1%	3,308,867	units
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2016 Sample

44,4%

2016 Sample Vehicles	2016 Sample Vehicles
Alfa-Romeo Giulia (952)	Mercedes-Benz GLA (X156)
Audi A3(AU370)	Mercedes-Benz GLC (X253)
Audi A4(AU491)	Mercedes-Benz-S-Class (W222)
Audi Q1 (AU276)	Mini Countryman(F60)
Audi Q3 (AU316)	Nissan Juke (P12C)
Audi Q7(AU536)	Nissan Qashqai (P32S)
BMW 5 (G30)	Opel Astra (D2JO)
BMW 7 (G11)	Opel Corsa (GM 4530)
BMW i3 (l01)	Peugeot 2008 (A94)
BMW X1 (F48)	Peugeot 308 (T9)
Citroen C3 (B61)	Peugeot 5008(P87)
Dacia Duster (H79)	Porsche Macan (PO416)
Fiat 500X (334)	Porsche Panamera(PO623)
Ford C-Max(C344)	Renault Captur (J87)
Ford Fiesta (B299)	Renault Kadjar (HFE)
Ford Kuga (C520)	Renault Megane(BFB)
Ford Mondeo (CD391)	Renault Zoe (X10)
Honda Civic(2SV)	Seat Ibiza (SE250)
Hyundai Tucson (TL)	Seat Leon (SE370)
Jaguar F-PACE (X761)	Skoda Fabia (SK260)
Jaguar XE (X760)	Skoda Octavia (SK371)
Jaguar XF(X260)	Smart Fortwo (C453)
Jeep Renegade (520)	Smart Fortwo (C453) Electric Version
Kia Sportage (QL)	Toyota Auris (130A)
Land Rover Ranger Rover (L405)	Volkswagen Passat(VW481)
Range Rover Sport (L494)	Volkswagen Tiguan (VW326)
Mercedes CLA (C117)	Volkswagen Touran(VW378)
Mercedes-Benz A-Class (W176)	Volvo V40 (Y555)
Mercedes-Benz C-Class(W205)	Volvo V60 (Y352)
Mercedes-Benz E-Class(W213)	Volvo XC90 (V526)

7,710,040 units

3 Combined Sample

Combining 2012 and 2016 sample vehicles with 2016 production volumes

63,5% 11,018,907 units

4 Extrapolation

Extrapolation of sample and/or OEM specifications onto entire 2016 European vehicle production

100,0% 17,360,446 units

Representation of 2016 total production



## Product group and component overview

#### Overview of product groups and components

Engine
Engine Block
Heads
Pistons
Mounts
Anti-Vibration
Other Engine

Chassis & Suspension	
Suspension arms	
Knuckles	
Subframes	

Trim & Interior
Sunroofs
Roof Rail
Glass Surrounds

Body Structures
Complete Body Structure
Shock Towers
Rails
Radiator Support
Structural Members
IP-Structures
Floor Group
Body Side Panels
Other

Body Closures
Hoods
Fenders
Boots
Front Doors
Rear Doors
Window Frames
Door Intrusion Beams
Roofs

Steering	
Steering Rack	

Wheels & Brakes	
Wheels	
Brakes	
Other	

Driveline	
Transmission Case	
Transfer Case	
Other Transmission	
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2016 Aluminum Content

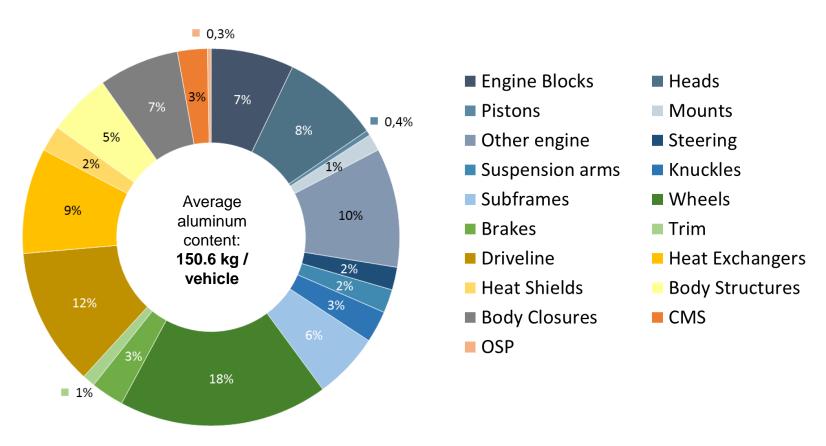


## Total European Car Production – Component Weight Distribution

Although much focus is on aluminum sheet products for body and closure, the share of castings, between powertrain and wheels is nearly 50% of the total average aluminum content

#### Average component content per vehicle 2016

- Total European car production -



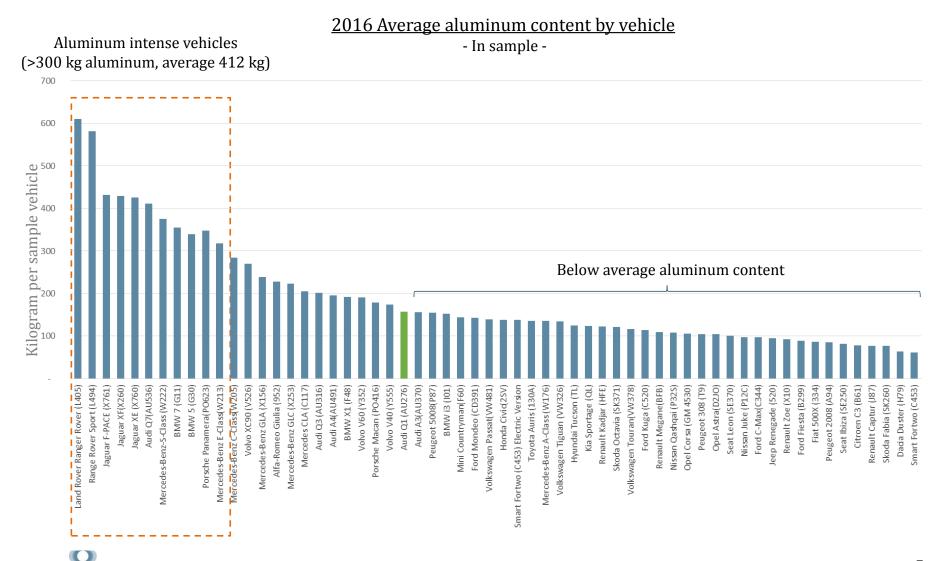
CMS = Crash Management Systems OSP = Other Small Parts



## **Average Aluminum Content**

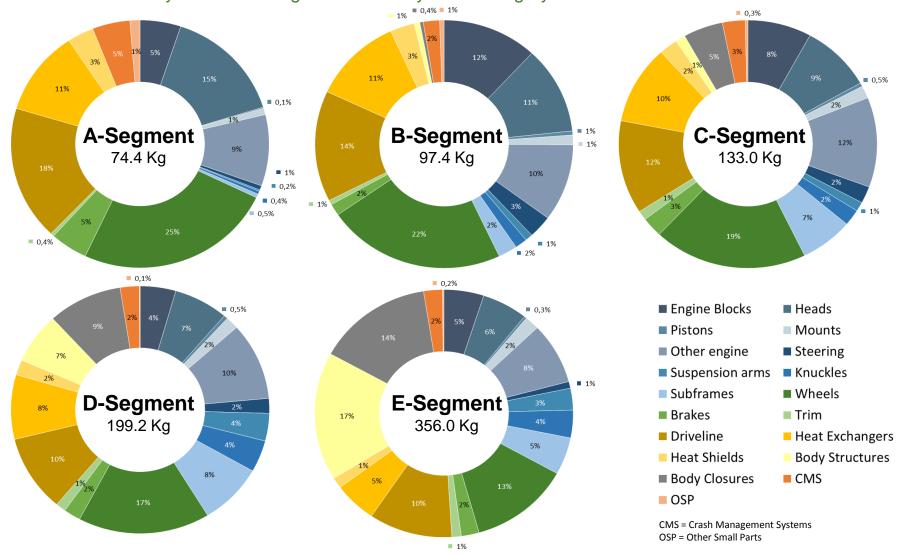
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Average aluminum content per vehicle ranges from 62 kg for the Smart Fortwo, up to 610 kg for the Range Rover Sport.



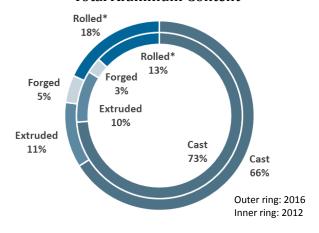
### Total Production Component Comparison by Segment

Aluminum content share by application varies most significantly within the E-Segment, where the share of aluminum for body & closures is greater than any other category



## Product Form Analysis – Total Market

#### 2016 vs. 2012 semi product for aluminum content - Total Aluminum Content-



2016 aluminum production by semi product
- Total Aluminum Content-

	Cast	Extruded	Forged	Rolled*
2016 Average Kg per vehicle	99.5	16.8	7.1	27.2
2016 Total content	1,731 tT	292 tT	123 tT	473 tT

<sup>\*</sup> Rolled includes sheet aluminum used in body closures, body structure, heat exchangers and heat shields / sinks and other sheet components

- Although still dominant, the share of aluminum castings in the total aluminum consumption has decreased by 8 percentage points in the last 4 years
- Especially the share of rolled products has grown significantly due to the increased penetration rate for body closures and body structures, predominantly for C, D, and E-Segment vehicles

The share of forgings and extrusions remains relatively stable in the total aluminum consumption

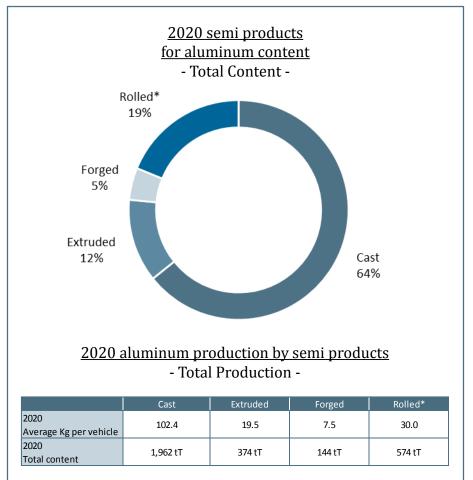




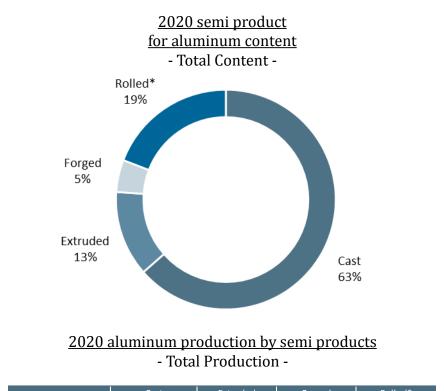
Future Aluminum Use

## Product Form Analysis – Total Market 2020 Forecasts

#### Low forecast



#### High forecast



	Cast	Extruded	Forged	Rolled*
2020 Average Kg per vehicle	107.6	21.4	8.0	32.5
2020 Total content	2,062 tT	409 tT	154 tT	622 tT

<sup>\*</sup> Rolled includes sheet aluminum used in body closures, body structure, heat exchangers and heat shields / sinks and other sheet components.

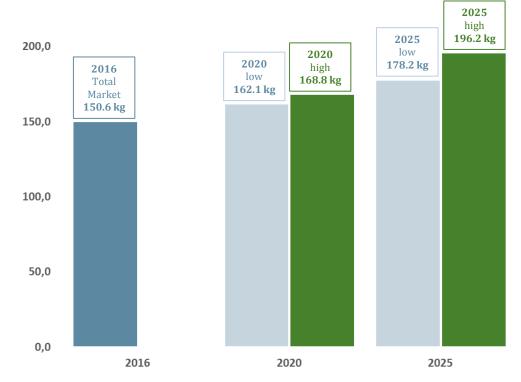
<sup>\*</sup> The growth for rolled products are mainly coming from body closure and body structures.

<sup>\*</sup> The share of heat exchangers will go down.

#### Future Scenarios – Total Market

Overall aluminum content per vehicle is poised to grow from 2016 thru 2025. The vast majority of growth is expected to be sheet driven, particularly for closure applications





2020	20	20	2025		
	low	high	low	high	
CAGR (2016- Year)	1,9%	2,9%	1,9%	3,0%	
Growth (Year compared to 2016)	7,7%	12,1%	18,3%	30,3%	

- Based on scenario forecasts, aluminum content per vehicle will continue to grow to nearly 170 kg in 2020, and around 190 kg by 2025
- The use of aluminium Auto Body Sheet is expected to increase by 110% over the next 10 years
- Differences between low and high case scenarios are largely attributed to penetration rates and use of aluminum for body closures, structures, as well as chassis & suspension components
  - A great deal of growth is due to an anticipated increase of aluminum vacuum die casting replacing steel stamped components (sub-frames, shock towers) within the body and structure
- Additionally, growth of aluminum content will also fluctuate largely based on the OEMs ability to meet CO2 requirements with powertrain improvements and a potential switch from a mass based European CO2 regulation in the future
- Forecast aluminium content for a specific year is based on vehicle production data of future models. A decision to postpone a major update of one or several models can have large effects on the average aluminium content for a given year.
- If for example an OEM are planning convert some models to aluminium shortly after 2020 it will not be included in the 2020 forecast but only in the 2025 forecast



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Your contacts: Hélène Wagnies, Principal

helene.wagnies@duckereurope.com

Tel: +49 30 92 10 16 64

Jochen Kemnitz, Managing Principal jochen.kemnitz@duckereurope.com

Tel: +33 1 46 99 59 60

Wouter Vogelaar, Project Manager wouter.vogelaar@duckereurope.com

Tel: +49 30 92 10 16 69

Abey Abraham, Director abeya@ducker.com
Tel: +1 248 644 0086

