### Analyzing large flow data sets using modern open-source data search and visualization tools

FloCon 2014 Max Putas

## About me

- Operations Engineer "DevOps"
- BS, MS, and CAS in Telecommunications
- Work/research interests
  - System automation
  - Efficiency improvement
  - System and network monitoring
  - Traffic/service analysis
  - Open-Source software

## **Common tools for analysis**

- Scripts: Bash, Perl, Python
  - Learning curve, time-intensive
  - GnuPlot for graphing/visualization
- Application-specific tools
  - SiLK, Apache Chainsaw, Wireshark
- Splunk EXPEN\$IVE
- Excel

### **General model**



### Components



# Components Logstash



#### Components Logstash : About

- Can act as an agent, server, or both
- Single jar file only depends on Java
- Very young project
  - Started in late 2010
  - First official book released last year
     (2013)



## Components Logstash : Plugins



#### Components Logstash : Configuration

```
input {
    file {
         path => "/tmp/silk-data.csv"
         start position => "beginning"
         type => "silkcsv"
filter {
•••
    date {
         type => "silkcsv"
         match => [ "sTime", "yyyy/MM/dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS" ]
         add tag => [ "dated" ]
•••
output {
    elasticsearch { host => "localhost" }
```

### Components Elasticsearch : About

- Built on Apache Lucene (indexing/search library)
- Java
- RESTful API
- Distributed, scalable architecture.
  - Nodes can find eachother through discovery
- JSON-based
- "Big data" focus

# elasticsearch.

### Components Elasticsearch : Data storage

- Index document "database"
  - Document types 
     → fields 
     → type mappings
- Shards pieces of the index
  - More shards, better indexing performance across the cluster
- Replicas how many copies of each shard
  - More replicas, better search performance and redundancy



### Components Elasticsearch : Performance

- Lab setup: 6-core CPU : 16GB RAM : SATA HD
   Indexing performance: 4000/s
- Double the number of shards and machines
  - ∼2x index performance increase
- Double the number of replicas
  - ~2x search performance increase
- Can take full advantage of SSDs

#### Components Elasticsearch : Type Mapping

```
. . .
"dIP" : {
    "type" : "ip"
},
"dPort" : {
     "type" : "integer"
},
. . .
"duration" : {
               "type" : "float"
},
. . .
"eTime" : {
     "type" : "date",
     "format" : "yyyy/MM/dd'T'HH:mm:ss.SSS"
},
. . .
```

## Kibana



### Components Kibana : Features

- Pure Javascript: connects directly to Elasticsearch
   A reverse proxy will be necessary to limit access
- Graphing/visualization: histograms, scatter plots, pie charts, ranked lists, maps, and line graphs
- Statistics: trends, min, mean, and max
- Real-time search: Simultaneous queries, sortable results, filters, field drill-down, and derived (faceted) queries

## Components Development

• The developers of Kibana and Logstash were recently hired by Elasticsearch



 There is a possibility of even tighter integration in the future

## **More possibilities**

#### • Logs

- Web, database, e-mail, and DNS servers
- Firewalls, IDS/IPS, switches, and routers
- Syslog and Windows events
- Monitoring alerts: SNMP
- Performance metrics
- Others?
  - If it's textual and log-like it'll probably work
  - Custom plugins are possible
- Gather related data to correlate events in Kibana or through the Elasticsearch API

More possibilities
Parsing

 Problem? Regex complexity [0-9]+-(?:0?[1-9]]1[0-2])-(?:(?:0[1-9])](?:[12])[0-9])(?:3[01])[1-9])(?:2[0123]][01][0-9]):(?:[0-5][0-9]):(?:(?:[0-5][0-9]|60)(?:[.,][0-9]+)?),(?:(?<![0-9.+-])(?>[+-]?(?:(?:[0-9]+(?:\.[0-9] +)?)((?:\.[0-9]+))))

# More possibilities Parsing

Logstash provides built-in parsing ("grok") rules:
 HTTPDATE %{MONTHDAY}/%{MONTH}/%{YEAR}:%{TIME} %{INT}

#### • Common Apache log format:

127.0.0.1 - frank [10/Oct/2000:13:55:36 -0700] "GET /apache\_pb.gif HTTP/1.0" 200 2326

#### • Complete rule:

APACHELOG %{IPORHOST:clientip} %{USER:ident} %{USER:auth}
\[%{HTTPDATE:timestamp}\] "(?:%{WORD:verb} %{NOTSPACE:
request}(?:HTTP/%{NUMBER:httpversion})?|%{DATA:
rawrequest})" %{NUMBER:response} (?:%{NUMBER:bytes}|-)



## **References and resources**

- <u>http://logstash.net</u>
- <u>http://www.elasticsearch.org</u>
- <u>http://www.elasticsearch.org/overview/kibana/</u>
- Try Kibana yourself:
  - <u>http://demo.kibana.org</u>
- Debug grok parsing rules:
  - <u>http://grokdebug.herokuapp.com</u>
- SiLK Kibana 3 demo video:
  - <u>https://vimeo.com/71393353</u>
- Contact: <u>max.putas@gmail.com</u>

