## Ancient Achievements Sample Lesson

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## Lesson 20: Chinese Printing (All Letter Patterns: Split Review)

- This lesson continues to review chunking by having the student mark three of the patterns he has learned on worksheets A, B, and C and the other three patterns on worksheets D and E .
- The Spotlight introduces the term affix. An affix may be added to the beginning or the end of a word. Suffixes and prefixes are different kinds of affixes. They may make a noun plural, change the tense of a verb, change a word to a different part of speech, or give a word an opposite meaning. Your student may learn about some of these functions in her other studies. For this course, just call your student's attention to the power of these little pieces of words and encourage her to notice how they are attached to the original words.
- In the Spotlight, the student is asked what happens to the final $e$ in challenge when the affix is added. He should see that it is dropped rather than included. Again, the student's experience in marking word endings and his visual memory should tell him that challengeed is not correctly spelled.


## Answer Key

Sometimes a word has overlapping chunks. For example, a vowel chunk may overlap with a Bossy $r$ chunk (heard), or a consonant chunk may overlap with an ending (really). In the answer key, we have tried to remain consistent with the focus of each lesson. In lessons with multiple chunks, we marked vowel chunks before Bossy $r$ chunks, but Bossy $r$ chunks before consonant chunks.

If the student chooses a different chunking pattern than the one marked in the answer key, please do not consider it incorrect. Instead, take a moment to talk about the word and the overlap of chunks. You might ask the student which letter pattern he thinks would be most helpful for him to remember and let him mark that one. Remember that the goal is to create a visual memory for non-phonetic words.

## 20A-C:

The Chinese were the first people to print books. Their language uses thousands of characters instead of a simple alphabet. For many years they carved each page into a wooden block. Later, each character was carved from clay. The characters were baked so they would harden. Next they were fastened onto iron plates. A page was printed from each plate. Thankfully the clay characters could be used over and over! The process was a challenge. Still, it was easier than copying books by hand.

Word Count: 84 Vowel Chunks: 20 Consonant Chunks: 27 Bossy r Chunks: 21

## 20D-E:

The Chinese were the first people to print books. Their language uses thousands of characters instead of a simple alphabet. For many years they carved each page into a wooden block. Later, each character was carved from clay. The characters were baked so they would harden. Next they were fastened onto iron plates. A page was printed from each plate. Thankfully the clay characters could be used over and over! The process was a challenge. Still, it was easier than copying books by hand.

Word Count: $\mathbf{8 4}$ Tricky y Guy: $\mathbf{3}$ Endings: 11 Silent Letters: 13

