ANCIENT CHINA: Chinese River Valley

6th Grade Social Studies

• WHAT CONTINENT IS CHINA ON?

- LOCATED IN ASIA
- IS THE LARGEST COUNTRY
- LARGER THAN THE U.S.A

• WHERE IS ANCIENT CHINA LOCATED?

• CHINESE RIVER VALLEY & WAS BUILT ALONG THE HUANG HE & CHANG JIANG RIVER.

• WAS CHINA ISOLATED?:

• IN THE BEGINNING THE CHINESE DIDN'T KNOW THERE WERE OTHER ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS IN THE WORLD BECAUSE THEY WERE ISOLATED BY NATURAL BARRIERS.

WHERE IS CHINA?



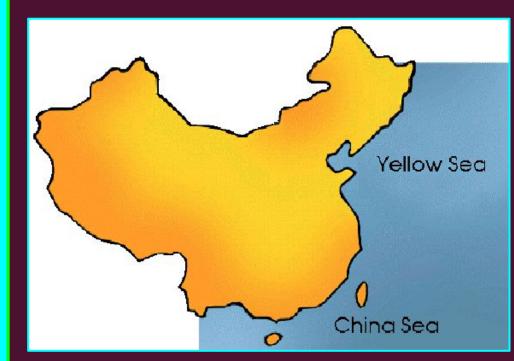
OCEANS AND SEAS:

CHINA SEA AND YELLOW SEA.
 PROVIDED FOOD AND WATER
 ROUTES FOR TRADE. BOTH
 SEAS ARE LOCATED IN THE
 PACIFIC OCEAN.

• **<u>RIVERS</u>**:

 CHINA'S RIVERS YANGTZE AND YELLOW, ARE ALL LOCATED TO THE EAST OF THE COUNTRY. THEY PROVIDED FERTILE LAND & SAFE DRINKING WATER.

BODIES OF WATER IN CHINA



MOUNTAIN RANGE: • CHINA IS SEPARATED FROM INDIA BY THE HIMALAYA MOUNTAIN TO THE SOUTH & SOUTHWEST.

• **DESERTS**:

THE GOBI AND
 TAKLIMAKAN DESERT
 ARE LOCATED TO THE
 WEST OF THE
 COUNTRY

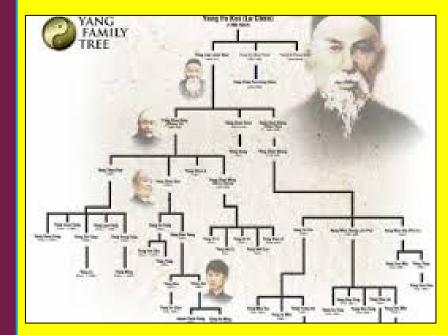
MOUNTAINS & DESERTS





what is a DYNASTY?

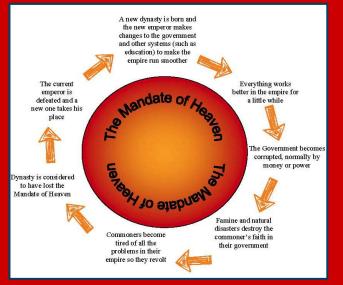
- THE CIVILIZATION OF
 ANCIENT CHINA DATES BACK
 1,000'S OF YEARS. OVER THIS
 TIME, CHINA WAS RULED BY
 DIFFERENT DYNASTIES.
- A DYNASTY IS A SERIES OF RULERS FROM THE SAME FAMILY OVER TIME.
 When a new family takes control a new dynasty begins.



Mandate of Heaven

- THIS IS WHAT THE CHINESE BELIEVE GAVE THE RULERS THE RIGHT TO BE KING OR EMPEROR.
- THE GODS HAVE BLESSED THAT PERSON WITH THE RIGHT TO RULE.
 - The ruler must be good and fair in order to keep the Mandate of Heaven.
 - When the dynasty lost power, they lost the mandate of heaven.





3 Philosophies of China

- CONFUCIANISM **CREATED BY CONFUCIUS**
- LEGALISM HAN FEIZI
- TAOISM **CREATED BY LAO-TZU**



TRAT

CONFUCIANISM

- CONFUCIUS SAW MANY PROBLEMS IN THE WORLD.
- THE MOST IMPORTANT IDEAS WERE PEACE AND ORDER.
 - EVERYONE HAD A ROLE IN SOCIETY. IF THEY FULFILLED IT THEN THERE WOULD BE PEACE AND HARMONY
- TO ESTABLISH ORDER HE CREATED AN OUTLINE OF HOW TO TREAT OTHERS.
 - MOST IMPORTANT RESPONSIBILITIES WERE FOR CHILDREN TO RESPECT AND LISTEN TO THEIR PARENTS & ELDERS.



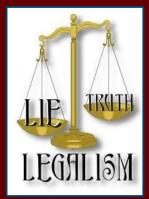
DAOISM/TAOISM

- LAOZI TAUGHT THAT A FORCE KNOWN AS THE DAO REPRESENTED ALL LIVING THINGS.
- THE MOST IMPORTANT THING YOU CAN DO IT REJECT THE WORLD & THEIR DESIRES. SEEK WORLDLY POSSESSIONS, POWER, & NATURE.
 - MANY PEOPLE IN CHINA PRACTICE BOTH CONFUCIANISM AND DAOISM.
 - CONFUCIANISM TAUGHT THEM HOW TO BEHAVE TOWARDS ONE ANOTHER.
 - DAOISM TAUGHT THEM HOW TO BEHAVE TOWARDS THE NATURAL WORLD & WITHIN THEMSELVES PERSONALLY.



LEGALISM

- LEGALIST BELIEVED THAT SOCIETY FUNCTIONED BEST THROUGH STRONG GOVERNMENT CONTROL
- PEOPLE MUST BE OBEDIENT TO AUTHORITY
- LAWS WERE CREATED THAT ORDER STRICT PUNISHMENTS & REWARDS FOR BEHAVIOR.
 - EMPEROR QIN SHI HUANGDI WORKED WITH LEGALIST TO BAN BOOKS ABOUT THE HISTORY OF CHINESE'S PAST RULERS AND IDEAS. BOOKS ABOUT CONFUCIUS WERE DESTROYED.
 - SCHOLARS WERE PUT TO DEATH BECAUSE OF THEIR BELIEFS OTHER THAN LEGALISM.



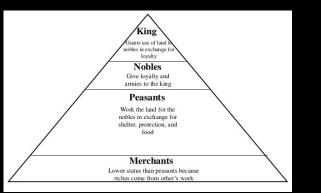
1ST DYNASTY: SHANG

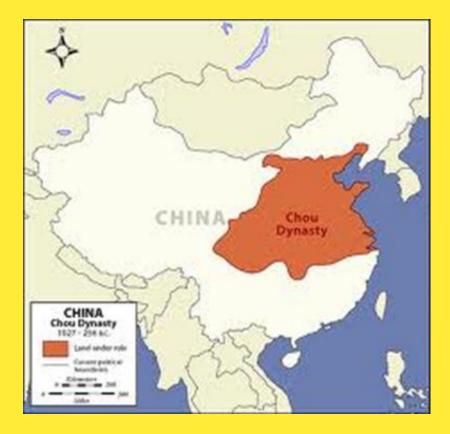
- → Ruled the area along the Yellow River. The first civilization of Ancient China.
- → ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE SHANG:
 - Writing began
 - Used oracle bones to predict the future
 - Developed bronze
 - **Glazed pottery**
 - Silk



2ND DYNASTY: ZHOU

- → The longest ruling dynasty in the history of China.
- → First dynasty to use the Mandate of Heaven
- → Land was ruled by feudal lords who were relatives of the Zhou family.





WARRING STATES

- → After the Zhou dynasty fell everything became chaotic.
- → For 250 years these 8 states battled for control over who would rule China.
 - The states were created during the Zhou dynasty to help govern the large amount of land.
- → The wars ended when the Qin state conquered them all.



3RD DYNASTY: QIN

- Emperor Shi Huangdi becomes the first emperor of China.
 He unified [brought together] China after the time period of the Warring States.
- → He changed the way China was ruled:
 ♦ He followed the philosophy of Legalism→ strict law with harsh punishments
 ♦ Established a military dictatorship.
 ♦ Destroyed the Nobles feudal power
 ♦ Created taxes



3RD DYNASTY: QIN

- → These advancements would be used in future dynasties to make China strong.
- → The dynasty didn't last long, but there were many accomplishments:
 - The Great Wall
 - Standardardized money
 - Roads and canals were built
 - □ Standardized writing € language
 - Terra Cotta Army
 - Multiplication Table



ATH DYNASTY: HAN

- → CREATED THE SILK ROAD TO TRADE GOODS FROM CHINA TO ROME [EUROPE]
- → ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF HAN DYNASTY
 - Created a civil service exam to create a strong and organized government.
 - Paper and porcelain were also invented during this time.
 - □ Followed the philosophy of Confucianism
 - Poetry and literature

 - □ Seismograph
 - □ Silk

