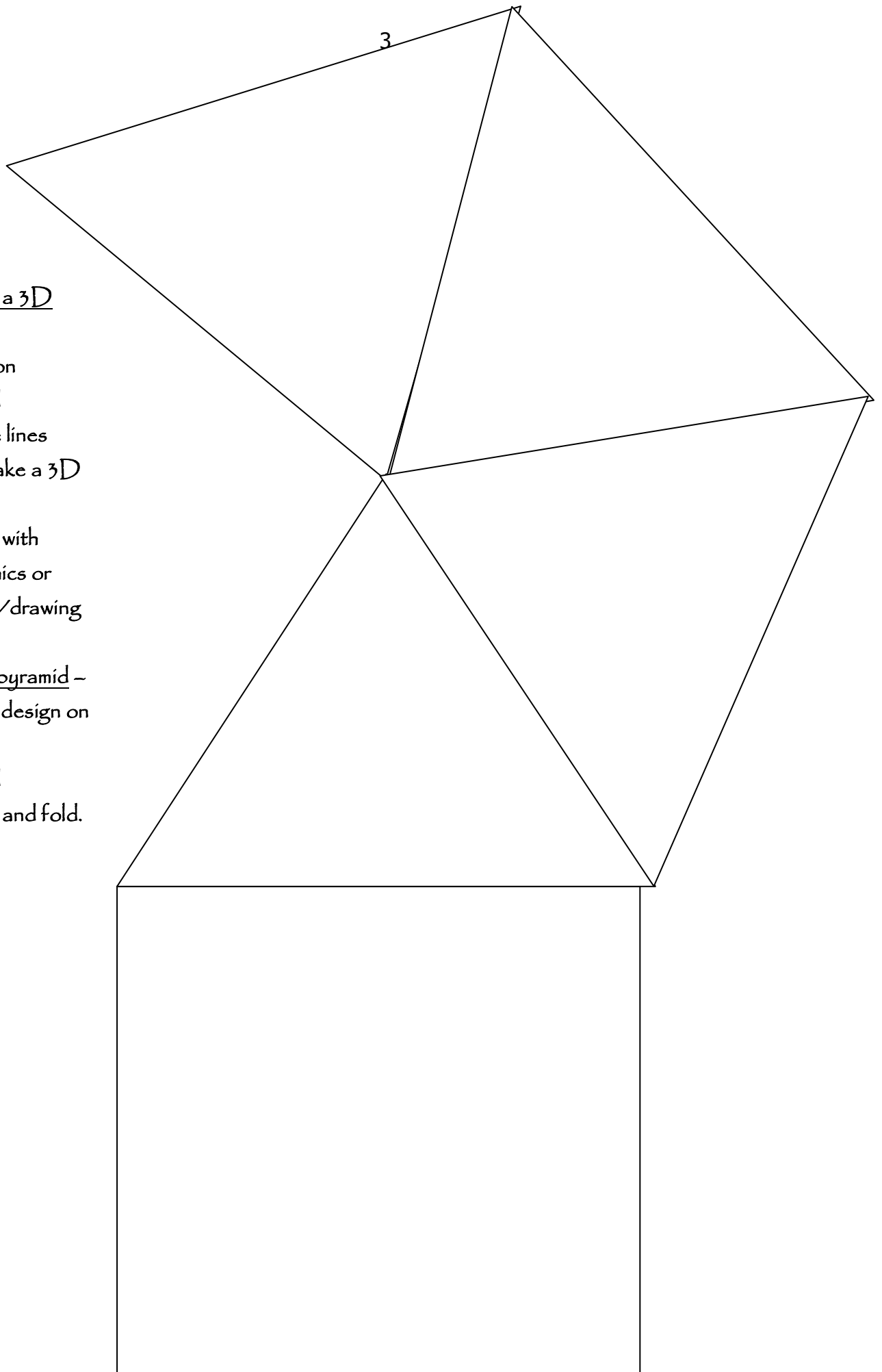


Ancient Egypt Lapbook & Activities

<u>Topic:</u>	<u>Ancient Egypt</u>	
<u>Sub-Topics</u>	<u>Minibook/ Activity</u>	<u>Reference/Website</u>
3D Pyramid Folder	3D Triangle Pyramid ~ Cut and fold cardboard triangles. Store all minibooks in this folder.	
People Pyramid	Triangle fold minibook~ Cut labels and paste as bricks on pyramid. (Priest, soldier, merchant, mechanic, shopkeeper, farmer, shepherd, swineherd)	
Hieroglyphic Message	Simple fold minibook ~ Solve message using clues (TUTANKHAMENS TOMB WAS FULL OF TREASURE)	The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 111
Word Search	Circle the words	
Hieroglyphic Cartouche	Tri-fold minibook ~ Write your name in hieroglyphics in cartouche.	The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 111
The Rosetta Stone	Triangle petal minibook~ Write facts inside each petal.	The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 126
Making Papyrus	Accordion minibook ~ Write (or cut and paste) facts on each fold.	The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 110

Egyptian Burial	Tab minibook~ explain each step to prepare the body for burial	The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 120 The Usborne Book of <u>World History</u> pg.18 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Embalmed http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egyptian_mummification
Egyptian Food	Circle Accordion minibook ~ Draw the food and drinks served at feast.	The Usborne Book of <u>World History</u> pg.17 The Usborne <u>Time Traveller</u> pg. 106 The Usborne book of <u>Living Long Ago</u> pg.52-53
Colouring Picture Puzzle	Pictures to colour in, cut out and glue pieces as puzzle.	
King Tutankhamen Biography	Notebook page	
Other hands-on ideas	Bake bread in pottery pots and season with honey Make model of shed/ home in shoe box Make pyramid shaped model Make doll mummy for burial Make water clock Make a shaduf	
Biography	Notebook page	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tutankhamun



To Make a 3D

Pyramid:

Print this on
cardboard

Score the lines

Fold to make a 3D
pyramid.

Decorate with
hieroglyphics or
minibooks/drawing

For large pyramid -

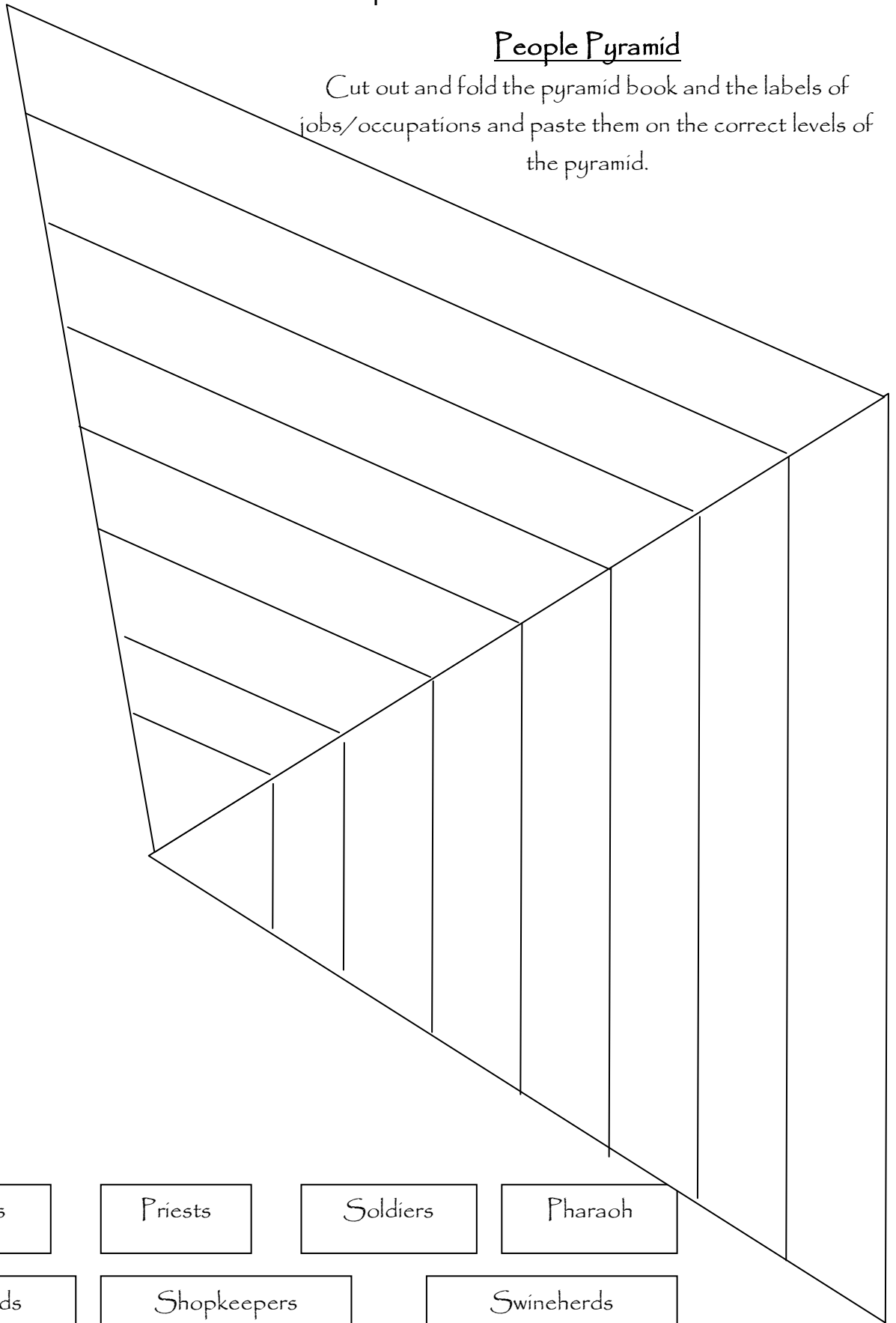
Draw this design on
A4

cardboard

Cut, tape and fold.

People Pyramid

Cut out and fold the pyramid book and the labels of jobs/occupations and paste them on the correct levels of the pyramid.



Farmers

Priests

Soldiers

Pharaoh

Shepherds

Shopkeepers

Swineherds

Merchants

Mechanics

Egyptian Word Search

M A B F E C A L A P D C

Y A Z A E A N G Y B M D

R G R F X O Z E L P C H

L H B C L E O P A T R A

E W P S A V I L Z O K U

W R M G Q N C T F L J K

E E L I N U T J O E G T

J S V F K D C O S M Y T

Q U E E N A E P N Y X P

W A G X E L P J R Y F Y

B N P S I C I S N E T G

Q B A R G E Y D A V H E

S R F E U Q M W R O U G

WORD LIST

CLEOPATRA

MARC

ANTONY

CAESAR

PTOLEMY

ASP

BARGE

FIGS

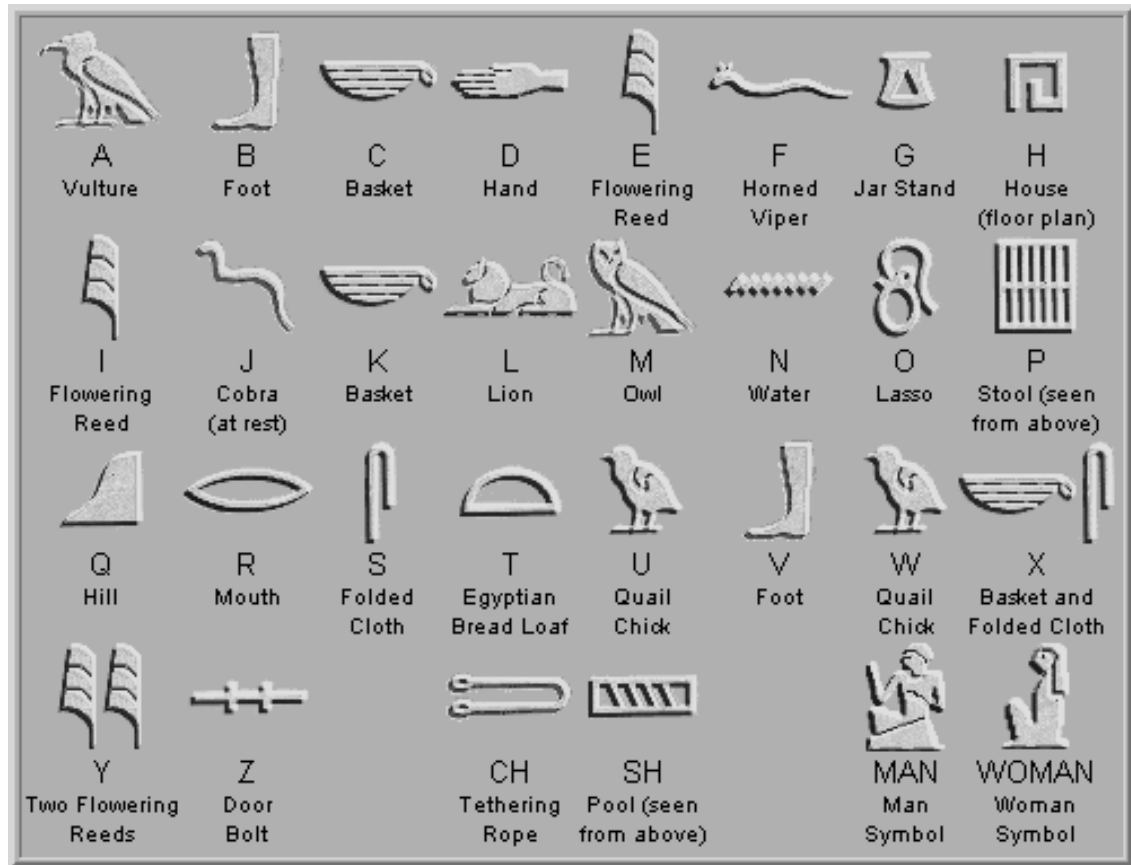
NILE

EGYPT

QUEEN

JEWELRY

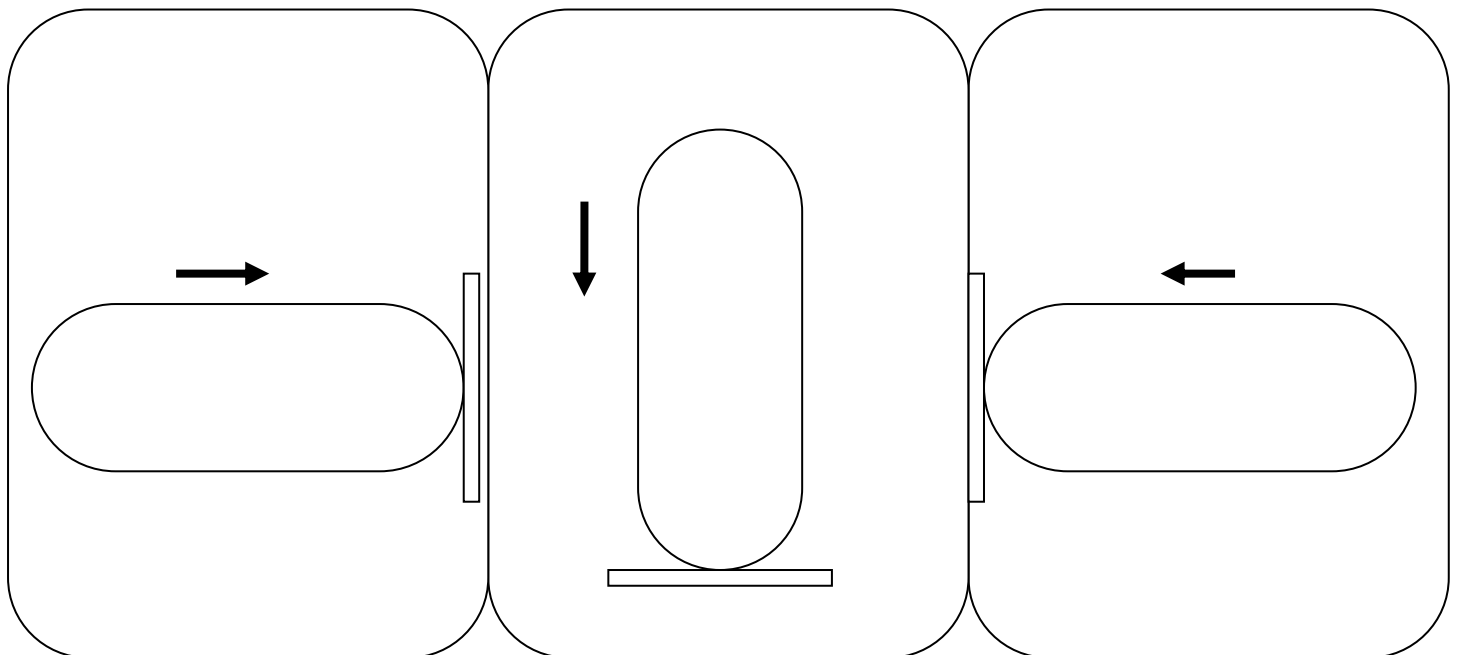
PALACE



Hieroglyphics Code

Names can be written across from left to right, or from right to left. Names could also be written vertically, from the top down (but not from the bottom up).

Cut out tri-fold minibook as 1 piece and write your name in the cartouches. Fold sides in.



Cut
out in
one
piece
and
fold
this
book in
middle

A	B	C	D	E
¢	α	¥	§	«
F	G	H	I	J
¬	μ	¶	°	»
K	L	M	N	O
¿	¡	π	†	•
P	Q	R	S	T
...	‰	<	‡	€
U	V	W	X	Y
◇	˘	~	∞	≠
Z				
∫				

€	◇	€	¢	†	¿	¶	¢	π	«	†	‡	
€	•	π	α		~	¢	‡		¬	◇	¡	¡
•	¬		€	<	«	¢	‡	◇	<	«		

Solve this "hieroglyphic" clue
Use the key to solve the message:

The Rosetta Stone

In 1799 a stone was found at Rosetta in Northern Egypt. There were three kinds of writing on it. At the bottom the writing was in Greek, in the middle Demotic and at the top ... **hieroglyphics**, demotic and Greek.

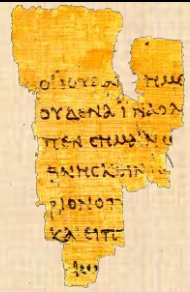


People could read Greek and Demotic and the stone told the same story in both languages. So the same story must be told in hieroglyphics too. Unfortunately the people still couldn't work out what each hieroglyph meant.

Write facts inside each triangle, fold in sides.
Glue here.



In 1822, a Frenchman, Jean-François Champollion, managed to solve the code. He discovered that many of the hieroglyphs stood for a single sound. Some were for 'ideas'. As a result, archaeologists were able to read the walls and rediscover the mysteries of Egypt.



Making Papyrus

You need a lot of river reeds (or papyrus)

Weave them together as if you were making a placemat, about half the size of a placemat.

You'll need a way to anchor the vertical reeds while you weave them – use pegs on a board.

Then you pound the mat flat with a rock or a hammer.

Flip it over and pound the other side flat. Let it dry (you can hang them on a clothesline with clothespins) until it is not green anymore but all brown and dry.

And there is your papyrus!

You could also do this with strips of thick sugar paper 1/2 inch (1 cm) wide and about 11 inches (30 cm) long.

After you weave them, soak the mat in water before you pound it flat on both sides and let it dry.

Egyptian Burial



Cut
out

Use the information below and write or illustrate the processes of an Egyptian burial.

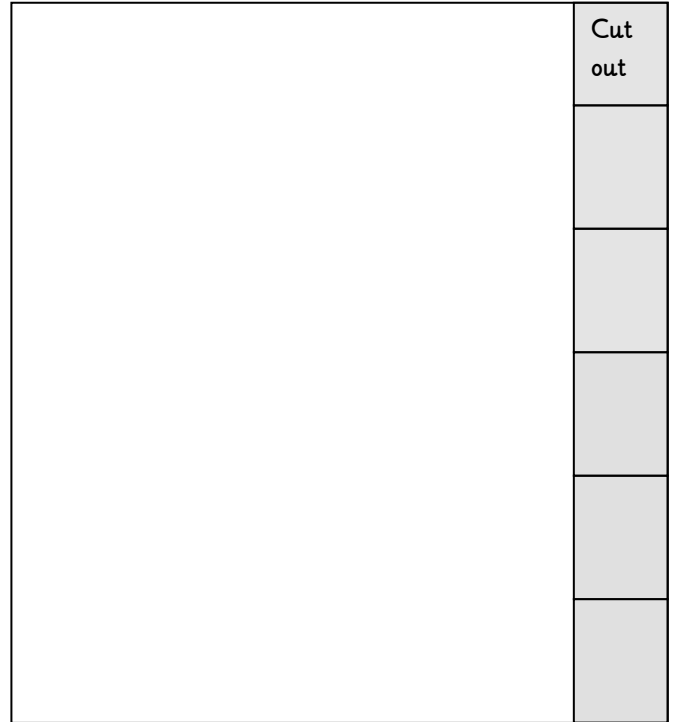
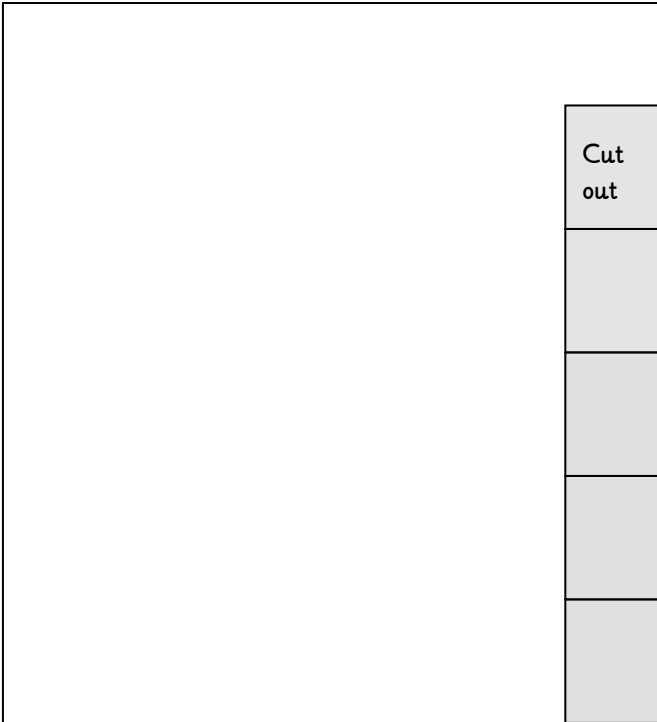
Cut out and staple the tab minibook at the side or bottom.

Cut
out

Cut
out

Cut
out

Cut
out

Cut
out

In Ancient Egypt, a body was prepared for burial in a very special process to preserve the body.

Embalmers removed the brain and some internal organs. They would clean the body and fill it with spices and herbs.

They would cover the body with salt called natron and leave the body to dry out.

Then they would wrap the body in linen bandages to make a mummy. The body would be coated with oils, and decorated with jewels and charms. A mask would be put over the face and they would wrap the body again.

The mummy would be placed in a sarcophagus. This would be put into a tomb with possessions needed in his afterlife.

Glue to 1st strip

12

Egyptian Food

Draw (or write) the food and drinks served at an Ancient Egyptian feast.

A grid of 12 empty circles arranged in two columns and six rows. The top-left circle has the number '12' written above it. The top-right circle has a small rectangular box above it containing the text 'Glue to 1st strip'. The circles are intended for drawing or writing about Ancient Egyptian food and drinks.

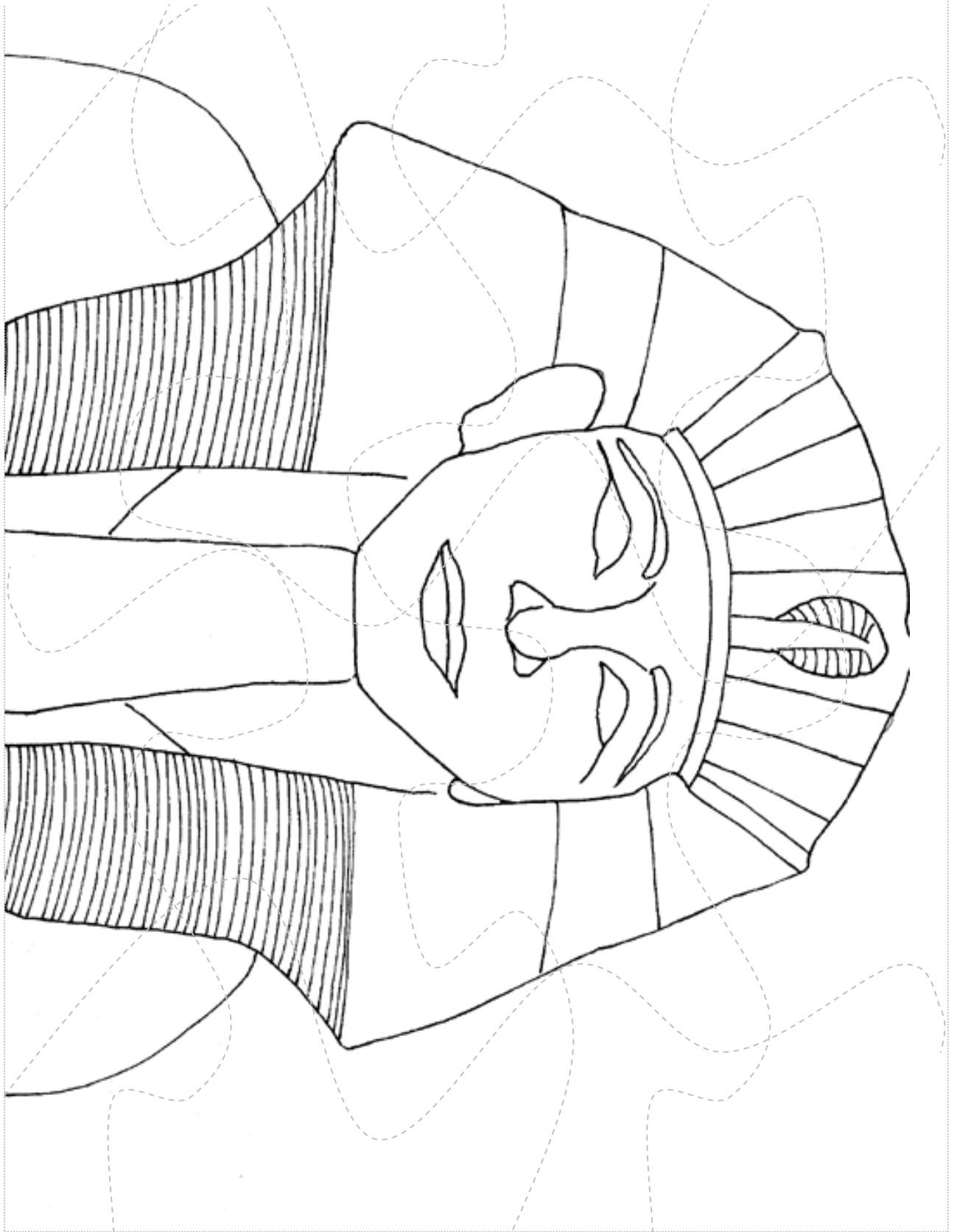
Make your own puzzle!

Colour in the picture, and then cut out on the dotted grey lines. Now put your puzzle back together



Make your own puzzle!

Colour in the picture, and then cut out on the dotted grey lines. Now put your puzzle back together



Statue of Pharaoh Tuthmosis III, 18th dynasty was found at Karnak.

Make your own puzzle!

Colour in the picture, and then cut out on the dotted grey lines. Now put your puzzle back together



A painting of Ramses II.

King Tutankhamen



King Tutankhamen

Reign 1333-1324 BCE, 18th Dynasty

He is depicted only once as a prince, on a block from Hermopolis, where he is called Tutankwhaten in Egyptian hieroglyphs is:

(Ref:

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tutankhamun>)

