1. The boundary between the United States and Canada is both

- A) ethnic and religious
- B) ethnic and geometric
- C) geometric and religious
- D) geometric and physical
- E) linguistic and religious

2. Two different ethnicities are most likely to come into conflict when they are separated by a(n)

- A) enclave
- B) frontier
- C) rimland
- D) shatterbelt
- E) wall

3. Chile is most commonly thought of as a(n)

state.

- A) compact
- B) elongated
- C) fragmented
- D) perforated
- E) prorupted

4. A state the divides power between a central government and several regional governments has a form of government.

- A) compact
- B) confederal
- C) fragmented
- D) federal
- E) unitary

5. Which of the following is in the correct order in Europe beginning furthest in the past and ending with the most recent?

- A) City-states, nation-states, Roman Empire
- B) City-states, Roman Empire, nation-states
- C) Nation-states, city-states, Roman empire
- D) Roman Empire, city-states, nation-states
- E) Roman Empire, nation-states, city-states

6. European sought colonies in the sixteenth though the nineteenth centuries for all of the following reasons EXCEPT

- A) captive markets
- B) egalitarianism
- C) nationalism
- D) raw materials
- E) religion

7. Which of the following has a forward capital?

- I. Brazil II. Canada III. Mexico IV. USA
- A) I and III
- B) I and IV
- C) II and III
- D) I, II, and IV
- E) II, III, and IV

8. Which of the following is best described as a nationstate?

- A) Cyprus
- B) Japan
- C) South Africa
- D) United Kingdom
- E) United States

9. Which of the following is best described as a multiethnic state?

- A) Canada
- B) Denmark
- C) Iraq
- D) Ireland
- E) United States

10. Which of the following is best described as a multinational state?

- A) Australia
- B) Belgium
- C) Korea
- D) Poland
- E) Saudi Arabia

11. Which of the following is best described as a multistate nation?

- A) France
- B) Israel
- C) Korea
- D) Russia
- E) United States

12. Which of the following is an example of a devolved government since 1990?

- A) Brazil
- B) China
- C) South Africa
- D) United Kingdom
- E) Yugoslavia

13. The provisions of the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea set laws, regulate use, and use any resource in which of the following zones?

- A) The continental shelf
- B) Exclusive economic zones
- C) Internal waters
- D) Twelve-nautical-mile territorial sea zone
- E) Two-hundred-nautical-miles off the coast of a state

14. The map below illustrates



- A) an elongated state
- B) a prorupted state
- C) gerrymandering
- D) a rimland
- E) a zone of disamenity

15. Who produces 70% of the food on Subsaharan Africa?

- A) men
- B) women
- C) children
- D) agribusiness
- E) immigrants

16. "Barrioization" refers to

- A) the increasing political influence of Mexican immigrants in big-city politics
- B) the replacement of Anglo street names with Spanish street names
- neighborhoods, especially in Los Angeles, where the Hispanic population rapidly displaces the original residents.
- D) the gerrymandering of voting districts to provide Hispanic representation.
- E) states where Hispanics will represent a majority population in the next 20 years.

- 17. Which supranational organization focuses on the production of oil?
- A) ASEAN
- B) OPEC
- C) EU
- D) NAFTA
- E) NATO

18. In New York, Puerto Ricans took over Jewish neighborhoods in a process geographers call

- A) residential segregation
- B) urban renewal
- C) residential transition
- D) blockbusting
- E) Invasion and succession

19. What would happen to the world's gross national income if the work women do at home was calculated at market value and included?

- A) there is no way to accurately estimate the value of such work
- B) global GNI would remain the same
- C) global GNI would actually decline
- D) global GNI would grow by 10%
- E) global GNI would grow by one-third
- 20. What is a term used in discussion of sexual behavior, gender, and society, primarily within fields of queer theory and gender theory to describe (and frequently to criticize) the manner in which many social institutions an policies are seen to reinforce certain beliefs?
- A) transgender
- B) sexual identity
- C) gender roles
- D) identity
- E) heteronormative
- 21. The EU's possible future expansion into the Muslim realm by the inclusion of _______ is highly controversial and strongly opposed by Greece.
- A) Saudi Arabia
- B) Bosnia
- C) Algeria
- D) Turkey
- E) Iraq

22. The movement of power from the central government to regional governments is called

- A) revolution
- B) pluralism
- C) supranationalism
- D) devolution
- E) decentralization

23. Yugoslavia was a prime example of a

- A) multistate nation
- B) nation-state
- C) stateless nation
- D) unitary state
- E) multination state

24. The present number of countries in the world is approximately

- A) 400
- B) 350
- C) 300
- D) 200
- E) 100

25. The adoption of Sharia law in the states of the Northern Nigeria, indicates it has what system of government?

- A) unitary
- B) federal
- C) secular
- D) multiculturalist
- E) hegemony

26. In 1943, Sir Halford MacKinder wrote about his concern over the potential of Stalin's control over the countries of Eastern Europe. His views led to the development of the United States' containment policy and the establishment of

- A) the League of Nations
- B) COMECON
- C) NATO
- D) the European Union
- E) the United Nations

27. Political states that have a religious government are known as:

- A) atheistic
- B) theocratic
- C) secular
- D) egalitarian
- E) mercantile

28. Which of the following is in the correct order regarding the establishment of boundaries?

- A) define delimit demarcate
- B) delimit define demarcate
- C) demarcate delimit define
- D) delimit demarcate define
- E) define demarcate delimit

29. In which of the following state morphologies is internal circulation/transportation/contact or other friction of distance issues MOST likely to be a major problem?

- A) fragmented
- B) compact
- C) perforated
- D) prorupted
- E) elongated

30. Which of the following phrases BEST defines a "stateless nation"?

- A) many ethnic groups within several contiguous states with no one group dominating
- B) a group of people with a common culture and sense of unity but with no sovereign territory
- a single nation dispersed across and predominant in two or more states
- D) a distinct group of people occupying their own territory and sharing a common set of values.
- E) an independent political entity that is not subdivided into regional or local units.

31. Which of the following concepts does the map below best highlight?

- A) gerrymandering
- B) reapportionment
- C) shatterbelt
- D) neocolonialism
- E) annexation

32. ______ is the reallocation of Congressional seats to each state according to population after each census.

- A) supranationalism
- B) reapportionment
- c) redistricting
- D) gerrymandering
- E) balkanization

33. Which of the following is the BEST example of a set of stateless nations on the international stage?

- A) Basques Palestinians Kurds
- B) Cherokee Sioux Choctaw
- C) Lithuanians Latvians Estonians
- D) Thais Vietnamese Cambodians
- E) Bengalis Burmese Bhutanese

34. Ratzel's Organic Theory postulates that the state's essential, life-giving force is:

- A) population
- B) a strong military
- C) religious belief
- D) territory
- E) homogeneity

35. Which of the following devolutionary movements does not match accurately with its country?

- A) Catalon Spain
- B) Croatians, Bosnians Yugoslavia
- C) Walloons, Flemish Belgium
- D) Scotland UK
- E) Sardinia Greece

36. Efforts by three or more countries who give up some measure of sovereignty to forge associations for common advantage and goals is known as:

- A) superinternationalism
- B) internationalism
- C) supranationalism
- D) intranationalism
- E) neocolonialism

37. The Peace of Westphalia is MOST important to the study of political geography because it

- A) was the treaty that ended the Thirty Years' War
- B) finally helped France make peace with Germany
- contained language that recognized the sovereignty of states
- D) organized the first example of supranationalism
- E) opened talks between the Ottoman Turks and Portugal

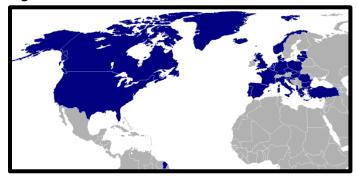
38. Which of the following is NOT a necessary criterion for a state?

- A) sovereignty
- B) defined boundary
- C) common culture and identity
- D) recognition by other states
- E) a permanent population

39. Which event symbolically marked the end of the Cold War?

- A) the election of President Ronald Reagan in 1980
- B) the end of World War II in 1945
- C) the end of the Vietnam War in 1975
- D) the Soviet invasion of Hungary in 1956
- E) the collapse of the Berlin Wall in 1989

40. Countries highlighted in the darker shade on the map below represent which of the following organizations?



- A) North Atlantic Treaty Organization
- B) Warsaw Pact
- C) United Nations
- D) League of Nations
- E) European Union

41. When Russia annexed Crimea in 2014, it said it wanted to reunite a Russian minority living in the area then controlled by Ukraine with Russia. This is an example of

- A) nationalism
- B) irredentism
- C) supranationalism
- D) allocation dispute
- E) operational dispute

42. Uruguay's national government sets policies that are administered by local governments. This system is best described by the term

- A) federal
- B) municipal
- C) confederate
- D) autocratic
- E) unitary

43. Which boundary concept is most clearly shown in the image below?



- A) defined boundary
- B) delimited boundary
- C) physical boundary
- D) open boundary
- E) demarcated boundary

44. The 49th parallel separating the United States and Canada from Minnesota to Washington state is an example of a(n)

- A) relict boundary
- B) superimposed boundary
- C) antecedent boundary
- D) subsequent boundary
- E) physical boundary

45. The United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea allows naval ships that are 100 miles off the coast of their country to

- A) turn away another country's naval vessel sailing through the area
- B) check a freighter for customs violations
- C) board a ship looking for possible illegal immigrants
- D) aid an oil company exploring the ocean floor for petroleum drilling potential
- E) enforce all of the laws of its country within this area

45. In the map below, Indonesia best fits what type of state morphology?

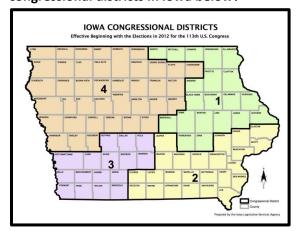


- A) perforated
- B) compact
- C) fragmented
- D) prorupted
- E) elongated

46. Argentina has both a national legislature and 23 provincial legislatures, which exercise power separately from the national legislature. Which term best describes the country's government?

- A) federal
- B) municipal
- C) confederate
- D) autocratic
- E) unitary

48. Which statements best describes the map of congressional districts in Iowa below?



- A) It shows why the Constitution requires redistricting after each census.
- B) It demonstrates how reapportionment can favor one party.
- C) It suggests strong support for irredentism.
- D) It provides little evidence of gerrymandering.
- E) It reflects the idea of open boundaries.

49. Which provides the strongest support for the conclusion that Japan has few centrifugal forces?

- A) Japan is a group of islands located off the east coast of China.
- B) Japan is part of the United Nations.
- C) Japan once colonized Korea and Formosa (Taiwan).
- D) Japan has a high degree of ethnic and linguistic homogeneity.

E) Japan has one of the largest economies in the world.

50. Globalization includes all of the following EXCEPT

- A) stronger transnational corporations
- B) more isolated states
- C) weaker state sovereignty
- D) more powerful financial markets
- E) stronger forces pushing for devolution