

Appendix C:
Building Enclosure Calculations



Perm-A-Barrier® Wall Membrane

Self-adhesive, rubberized asphalt/polyethylene waterproofing membrane for air and vapor barrier applications

Advantages

- **Fully bonded** – transmits wind loads directly to the substrate
- **Waterproof and virtually impermeable to moisture** – virtually impermeable to the passage of liquid water and vapor
- **Air tight** – exceeds CCMC requirements for air barrier membranes and complies with Massachusetts State Energy Code
- **Cross laminated film** – provides dimensional stability, high tear strength, puncture and impact resistance
- **Cold applied** – no flame hazard; self-adhesive overlaps ensure continuity
- **Flexible** – accommodates minor settlement and shrinkage movement
- **Controlled thickness** – factory made sheet ensures constant, non-variable site application
- **Aggressive, conformable adhesive** – allows self-sealing around mechanical fasteners
- **Wide application window** –
 - Perm-A-Barrier® Wall Membrane surface and ambient temperatures at 5°C (40°F) and above

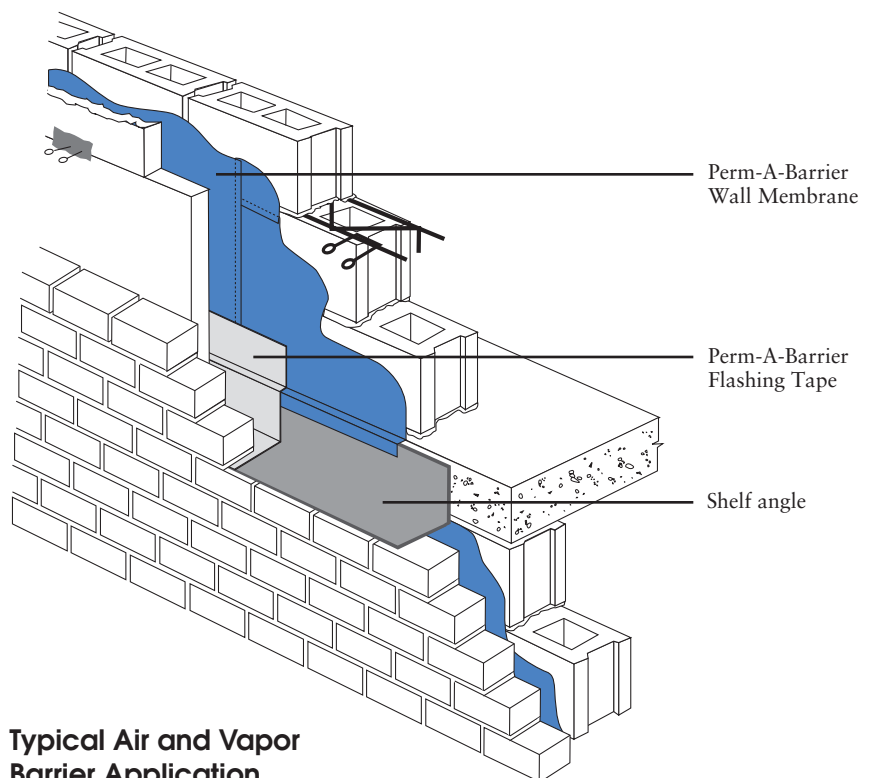
- Perm-A-Barrier System 4000 Wall Membrane surface and ambient temperatures at -4°C (25°F) and above
- Perm-A-Barrier Low Temperature Wall Membrane surface and ambient temperatures between -4°C (25°F) and 16°C (60°F)

By minimizing air and water vapor flow through the building exterior, Perm-A-Barrier wall membranes:

- Prevent premature deterioration of the building envelope
- Enhance thermal performance of the structure and save energy costs
- Improve comfort for the building occupants

Description

Perm-A-Barrier wall membranes are ideal for protecting the building superstructure from the damaging effects of the elements.



Typical Air and Vapor Barrier Application

System Components

- **Perm-A-Barrier System 4000 Wall Membrane** – extended temperature range system for use at all temperatures above -4°C (25°F), conveniently packaged with a unique water-based surface conditioner
- **Perm-A-Barrier Wall Membrane** – standard grade for use at temperatures above 5°C (40°F)
- **Perm-A-Barrier Low Temperature Wall Membrane** – low temperature grade for use at temperatures between -4°C (25°F) and 16°C (60°F)
- **Perm-A-Barrier Surface Conditioner** – water-based surface treatment for use with System 4000 on cementitious substrates
- **Perm-A-Barrier WB Primer** – high tack, water-based primer for use on exterior wallboards
- **Bituthene® Mastic Trowel Grade** – rubberized asphalt mastic for sealing patches, terminations, brick ties, etc.

Installation

Safety

Perm-A-Barrier products must be handled properly. Vapors from the mastic and solvent-based primer are harmful and flammable. For these products, the best available information on safe handling, storage, personal protection, health and environmental considerations has been gathered. Refer to product label and Material Safety Data Sheet before use. All users should acquaint themselves with this information prior to working with the material. Carefully read detailed precaution statements on the product labels and MSDS before use. MSDSs can be obtained from our web site at www.graceconstruction.com or by contacting us toll free at 866-333-3SBM (3726).

Surface Preparation

Surface must be smooth, clean, dry and free of voids, spalled areas, loose aggregate, loose nails, sharp protrusions or other matter that will hinder the adhesion or regularity of the wall membrane installation. Clean loose dust or dirt from the surface to which the wall membrane is to be applied by wiping with a clean, dry cloth or brush.

If the substrate is damp, allow to dry or use Bituthene Primer B2 to prepare the area to receive the membrane.

Temperature

Perm-A-Barrier System 4000 Membrane and Bituthene Surface Conditioner may be applied only in dry weather when air and surface temperatures are above -4°C (25°F). Perm-A-Barrier Low Temperature Membrane may be applied only in dry weather when air and surface temperatures are between -4°C (25°F) and 16°C (60°F). Perm-A-Barrier Wall Membrane may be applied only in dry weather when air and surface temperatures are above 4°C (40°F).

Application

Conditioning and Priming:

Bituthene System 4000 Surface Conditioner is supplied ready to use. It should not be diluted with water or solvent. Mix and apply a light coating with a portable spray unit, brush or roller. Conditioner will cover 7.5 m²/L (300 ft²/gal) when applied with a low pressure, portable sprayer. Allow surface conditioner to dry completely before membrane application. The surface conditioner is considered dry when the substrate returns to its original color (minimum 1 hour). To test for dryness, rub small conditioned area by hand. Wet conditioner will ball up under the fingertips. Let dry until conditioner cannot be rubbed off.

Condition only areas that can be covered the same day. Conditioned areas not covered the same day should be reconditioned.

Perm-A-Barrier WB Primer is a water-based primer which imparts an aggressive, high tack finish on the treated substrate. It is packaged ready to use and is specifically designed to facilitate tenacious adhesion of Perm-A-Barrier flashing tapes and wall membranes to glass mat surfaces and exterior gypsum boards such as Dens-Glass® Gold. Apply Perm-A-Barrier WB Primer by roller at a coverage rate of 6-7.4 m²/L (250-300 ft² gal). Allow to dry for a minimum of 1 hour (longer at low temperatures).

Membrane Application

Cut membrane into easily handled lengths. Apply wall membranes horizontally to the primed blockwork between projecting masonry reinforcing, beginning at the base of the wall. Each length of the membrane must be installed so that the upper edge runs continuously along the underside of the line of masonry reinforcing. Subsequent sheets applied above must overlap the sheet below by 51 mm (2 in.) immediately below the line of reinforcing. Since the membrane width appropriate for this application of 457 mm (18 in.) is wider than the typical spacing between the lines of reinforcing 406 mm (16 in.), it will be necessary to cut the membrane at the location of the tie wires projecting from the wall to enable the sheet to be laid in place. End laps that occur in subsequent lengths that follow should maintain a minimum overlap of 51 mm (2 in.). See Figures 1 and 2.

The membrane must be pressed firmly into place with a hand roller or the back of a utility knife as soon as possible, ensuring

* Dens-Glass® Gold is a trademark of the Georgia Pacific Corporation

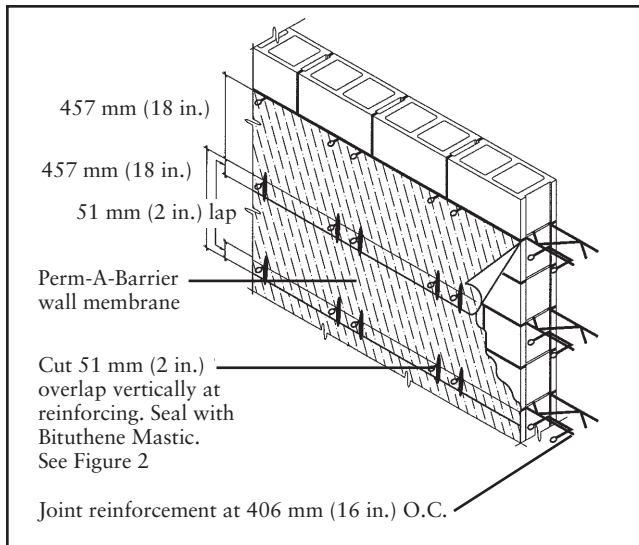


Figure 1: Membrane System Detail

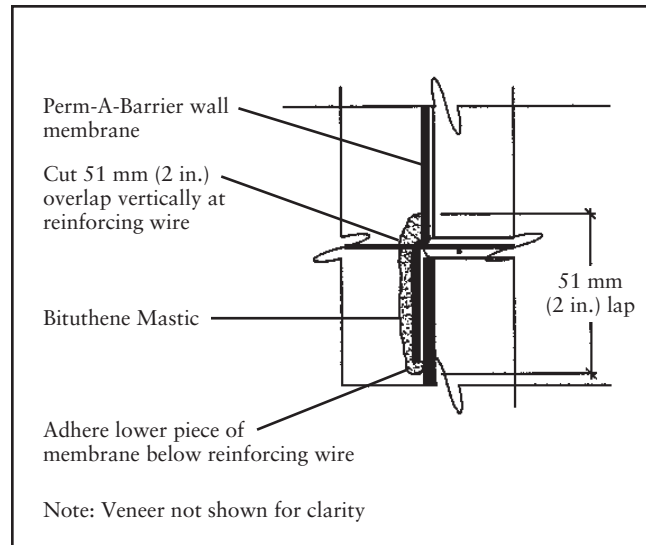


Figure 2: Horizontal Reinforcing

continuous and intimate contact with the substrate to prevent water from migrating under the membrane.

In certain applications such as on soffits, ceilings or substrates such as oriented strand board (OSB), backnail the membrane along the side lap prior to installing the next sheet of membrane to ensure positive contact to the substrate.

Apply Bituthene Mastic to seal around the tie wire projections. Fit the Perm-A-Barrier wall membrane tightly around all penetrations through the membrane and seal using Bituthene Mastic.

Continue the membrane into all openings in the wall area, such as windows, doors, etc., and terminate at points that will prevent interior visibility. The installation must be made continuous at all framed openings. Coordinate installation of the Perm-A-Barrier wall membrane with the roofing trade to ensure continuity with the roofing system at this critical transition area.

At the end of each working day, if the wall has been only partially covered, apply a bead of Bituthene Mastic along the top edge of the membrane at its termination to prevent vertical drainage of

precipitation from penetrating the end and undermining the membrane adhesion. Tool the Bituthene Mastic to ensure it is worked into the surface. Inspect the membrane before covering and repair any punctures, damaged areas or inadequately lapped seams.

Membrane Repairs

Repairs must be made using Perm-A-Barrier wall membrane sized to extend 150 mm (6 in.) in all directions from the perimeter of the affected area. If repairs are required, carefully cut out affected areas and replace in similar procedure as outlined above. The repair piece must be pressed into place with a hand roller as soon as possible to ensure continuous and intimate contact with the substrate.

Membrane Protection

Perm-A-Barrier wall membranes must be protected from damage by other trades or construction materials.

Storage and Handling Information

All materials must be protected from rain and physical damage. Pallets of Perm-A-Barrier wall membrane must not be double

stacked on the job site. Provide cover on top and all sides, allowing for adequate ventilation. Store membrane where temperatures will not exceed 32°C (90°F) for extended periods. All products must be stored in a dry area away from high heat, flames or sparks. Store only as much material at point of use as is required for each day's work.

Limitations

Perm-A-Barrier wall membrane systems must not be applied in areas where they will be permanently exposed to UV light and must be covered within a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed 30 days.

Warranty

Perm-A-Barrier products are warranted to be free of defects in manufacture for a period of 5 years. Material will be provided at no charge to replace any defective product.

Technical Service

Support is provided by full-time technically trained Grace field sales representatives and technical service personnel, backed by a central research and development technical services staff.

Supply

Product	Unit of Sale	Approximate Coverage	Weight	Palletization
Perm-A-Barrier System 4000 Wall Membrane (includes surface conditioner)	1 roll	20.9 m ² (225 ft ²) per roll 0.9 x 25 m (3 x 75 ft) roll	73 lbs/roll	25 cartons (25 rolls) per pallet
Perm-A-Barrier Wall Membrane	1 roll	20.9 m ² (225 ft ²) per roll 0.9 x 25 m (3 x 75 ft) roll	67 lbs/roll	25 cartons (25 rolls) per pallet
Perm-A-Barrier Low Temperature Wall Membrane	1 roll	20.9 m ² (225 ft ²) per roll 0.9 x 25 m (3 x 75 ft) roll	67 lbs/roll	25 cartons (25 rolls) per pallet
Perm-A-Barrier Wall Flashing				
– 305 mm (12 in.)	3 rolls	83 linear ft per roll	25 lbs/roll	25 cartons (75 rolls) per pallet
– 457 mm (18 in.)	2 rolls	83 linear ft per roll	37.5 lbs/roll	25 cartons (50 rolls) per pallet
– 610 mm (24 in.)	1 roll	83 linear ft per roll	55 lbs/roll	35 cartons (35 rolls) per pallet
– 914 mm (36 in.)	1 roll	83 linear ft per roll	75 lbs/roll	25 cartons (25 rolls) per pallet
Bituthene Mastic – 5 gal pail	1 pail	approx. 120 ft ² at 60 mils	54 lbs/roll	36 pails per pallet
Bituthene Mastic – 30 oz tube	12 tubes	approx. 30 lin. ft x ¼ in. bead	32 lbs/carton	72 cartons (864 tubes) per pallet
Perm-A-Barrier Surface Conditioner – 1 gal jug	4 jugs	6-7.4 m ² /L (250-300 ft ² /gal)	9 lbs/jug	36 cartons (144 jugs) per pallet
Perm-A-Barrier WB Primer – 5 gal pail	1 pail	7.4 m ² /L (300 ft ² /gal)	45 lbs/pail	24 pails per pallet
Bituthene Primer B2 – 5 gal pail	1 pail	6-8 m ² /L (250-350 ft ² /gal)	44 lbs/pail	48 pails per pallet

Physical Properties

Property and Test Method	Perm-A-Barrier System 4000	Perm-A-Barrier Wall Membrane	Perm-A-Barrier Low Temperature	Test Method
Thickness	1 mm (3/64 in.)	1 mm (3/64 in.)	1 mm (3/64 in.)	ASTM D3767 Method A
Minimum tensile strength, membranes	2.8 MPa (400 psi)	2.8 MPa (400 psi)	2.8 MPa (400 psi)	ASTM D412 Die C Modified
Minimum tensile strength, film	34.5 MPa (5000 psi)	34.5 MPa (5000 psi)	34.5 MPa (5000 psi)	ASTM D412 Die C Modified
Minimum elongation, to failure of rubberized asphalt	200%	200%	200%	ASTM D412 Die C Modified
Pliability, at 180° bend over 25 mm (1 in.) mandrel	Pass at -43°C (-45°F)	Pass at -32°C (-25°F)	Pass at -43°C (-45°F)	ASTM D1970
Crack cycling, 3.2 mm (1/8 in.) at -32°C (-25°F)	Unaffected	Unaffected	Unaffected	ASTM C836
Minimum puncture resistance, membrane	178 N (40 lbs)	178 N (40 lbs)	178 N (40 lbs)	ASTM E154
Lap peel adhesion at minimum application temperature	1100 N/m width (6.3 lbs/in.)	700 N/m width (4 lbs/in.)	875 N/m width (5 lbs/in.)	ASTM D1876 Modified
Maximum permeance to water vapor transmission	2.9 ng (0.05 perms/(Pa.s.m ²))	2.9 ng (0.05 perms/(Pa.s.m ²))	2.9 ng (0.05 perms/(Pa.s.m ²))	ASTM E96 Method B
Air permeance of in-place membrane ¹	8x10 ⁻⁵ L/s/m ² (4x10 ⁻⁶ cf/min/ft ²)	1.7x10 ⁻⁴ L/s/m ² (8.5x10 ⁻⁵ cf/min/ft ²)	1.7x10 ⁻⁴ L/s/m ² (8.5x10 ⁻⁵ cf/min/ft ²)	ASTM E283
Air permeance of in-place membrane ²	No change in air permeance value	No change in air permeance value	No change in air permeance value	ASTM E330
Water absorption (weight gain at 24 hours)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	ASTM D570

Footnote:

- Air permeance measured at a pressure differential of 68 Pa (1/4 in.) Hg.
- Air permeance measured at a pressure differential of 68 Pa (1/4 in.) Hg after wall being subjected to a negative 3014 Pa (57/64 in.) Hg pressure difference for 10 seconds.

For Technical Assistance call toll free at 866-333-3SBM (3726).

 Visit our web site at www.graceconstruction.com

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W. R. Grace & Co.-Conn.

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Source: "Comparative Climatic Data", National Climatic Data Center, NOAA, 2001. See: Data Explanations
<http://ggweather.com/ccd/avgrh.htm>
 Average Relative Humidity(%)

Morning (M), Afternoon (A)

DATA THROUGH 2001	YEARS		JAN		FEB		MAR		APR		MAY		JUN		JUL		AUG		SEP		OCT		NOV		DEC		ANN	
	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A	M	A		
BRIDGEPORT, CT	35	35	70	59	70	57	70	55	69	53	75	59	78	61	78	60	80	61	82	61	80	59	77	60	74	60	75	5
HARTFORD, CT	42	42	72	57	72	54	72	51	69	45	73	48	77	51	79	51	83	53	86	55	84	51	79	56	76	59	77	5

Hartford, Connecticut

Weather can't be forecast more than a week or so in advance, but weather averages are good indicators of what to expect any month.

Fahrenheit

Month	Average high	Average low	Warmest ever	Coldest ever	Average dew point	Average precipitation
JAN.	34.0	17.0	66.0	-26.0	15.0	3.4
FEB.	37.0	19.0	73.0	-21.0	17.0	3.1
MARCH	46.0	28.0	87.0	-8.0	24.0	3.9
APRIL	60.0	38.0	96.0	9.0	33.0	3.9
MAY	71.0	47.0	97.0	28.0	45.0	3.7
JUNE	80.0	57.0	101.0	37.0	56.0	3.5
JULY	85.0	62.0	102.0	44.0	61.0	3.3
AUG.	82.0	60.0	101.0	36.0	60.0	4.0
SEP.	74.0	52.0	101.0	27.0	53.0	3.8
OCT.	64.0	41.0	91.0	17.0	42.0	3.6
NOV.	51.0	33.0	83.0	1.0	32.0	4.1
DEC.	38.0	22.0	74.0	-14.0	20.0	3.9

Latitude: 41 degrees, 56 minutes north

Longitude: 72 degrees, 41 minutes west

<http://www.usatoday.com/weather/climate/usa/conn/whartfor.htm>

Celsius

Average high	Average low	Warmest ever	Coldest ever
1.1	-8.3	18.9	-32.2
2.8	-7.2	22.8	-29.4
7.8	-2.2	30.6	-22.2
15.6	3.3	35.6	-12.8
21.7	8.3	36.1	-2.2
26.7	13.9	38.3	2.8
29.4	16.7	38.9	6.7
27.8	15.6	38.3	2.2
23.3	11.1	38.3	-2.8
17.8	5.0	32.8	-8.3
10.6	0.6	28.3	-17.2
3.3	-5.6	23.3	-25.6

0.15 -17.7

Ice Hockey: Interior Temperature=0 C, RH=75%
 Winter Ave Low T=-9 degrees C, RH=72%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	0.334656	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	1.81545411	-0.334655998	15.93	0.0628	32.50628	458.1	593.0883594
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0	0.0000	0	-2.150110106	2.9	0.3448	178.5603	425.5937	519.0524546
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	296.5	0.036	0.47244094	2.1167	5.87934813	-2.150110106	22.3	0.0448	23.22085	247.0334	519.0524546
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	372.7		6.25	0.1600	0.44442317	-8.029458234	0	0.0000	0	223.8125	332.3057741
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	385.4	0.1	6.25	0.1600	0.44442317	-8.4738814	625	0.0016	0.82852	223.8125	320.999642
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	0.08169543	-8.918304565	0	0.0000	0	222.984	310.0376492
h					401.4					-9				222.984	309.7
						ΣRsi =	3.2402			Σ =	0.4540	235.116			
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			9		2.777645	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			235.116		517.8250125				
			3.2402						0.4540						
Rimp =			5.678Rsi		18.3976	V =			1/ΣRv		2.202423538				
U =			1/Rsi		0.308627										

Summer Ave High T=30 degrees C, RH=86%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	ΔP (Pa)	Pa (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	-1.11552	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8	0	458.1
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	-6.0515137	1.115519994	15.93	0.0628	-441.159	458.1	658.8034575	421.955	-3434.95
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0	0.0000	0	7.167033687	2.9	0.3448	-2423.33	899.2594	1007.984062	2317.843	-3012.99
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	296.5	0.036	0.47244094	2.1167	-19.597827	7.167033687	22.3	0.0448	-315.142	3322.594	1007.984062	4194.471	-695.15
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	372.7		6.25	0.1600	-1.4814106	26.76486078	0	0.0000	0	3637.736	3499.321265	0	3499.321
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	385.4	0.1	6.25	0.1600	-1.4814106	28.24627133	625	0.0016	-11.2443	3637.736	3815.911785	149.6587	3499.321
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	-0.2723181	29.72768188	0	0.0000	0	3648.98	4157.116084	0	3648.98
h					401.4					30				3648.98	4243	0	3648.98
						ΣRsi =	3.2402			ΣRv =	0.4540	-3190.88	7083.928				
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			-30		-9.25882	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			-3190.88		-7027.669219						
			3.2402						0.4540								
Rimp =			5.678Rsi		18.3976	V =			1/ΣRv		2.202423538						
U =			1/Rsi		0.308627												
											upstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	6721.743901 ng/(s*m^2)				
													0.580758673 g/(day*m^2)				
											downstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	93536.70938 ng/(s*m^2)	first accumulation rate =	7.5008 g/(day*m^2)		
													8.081571691 g/(day*m^2)				

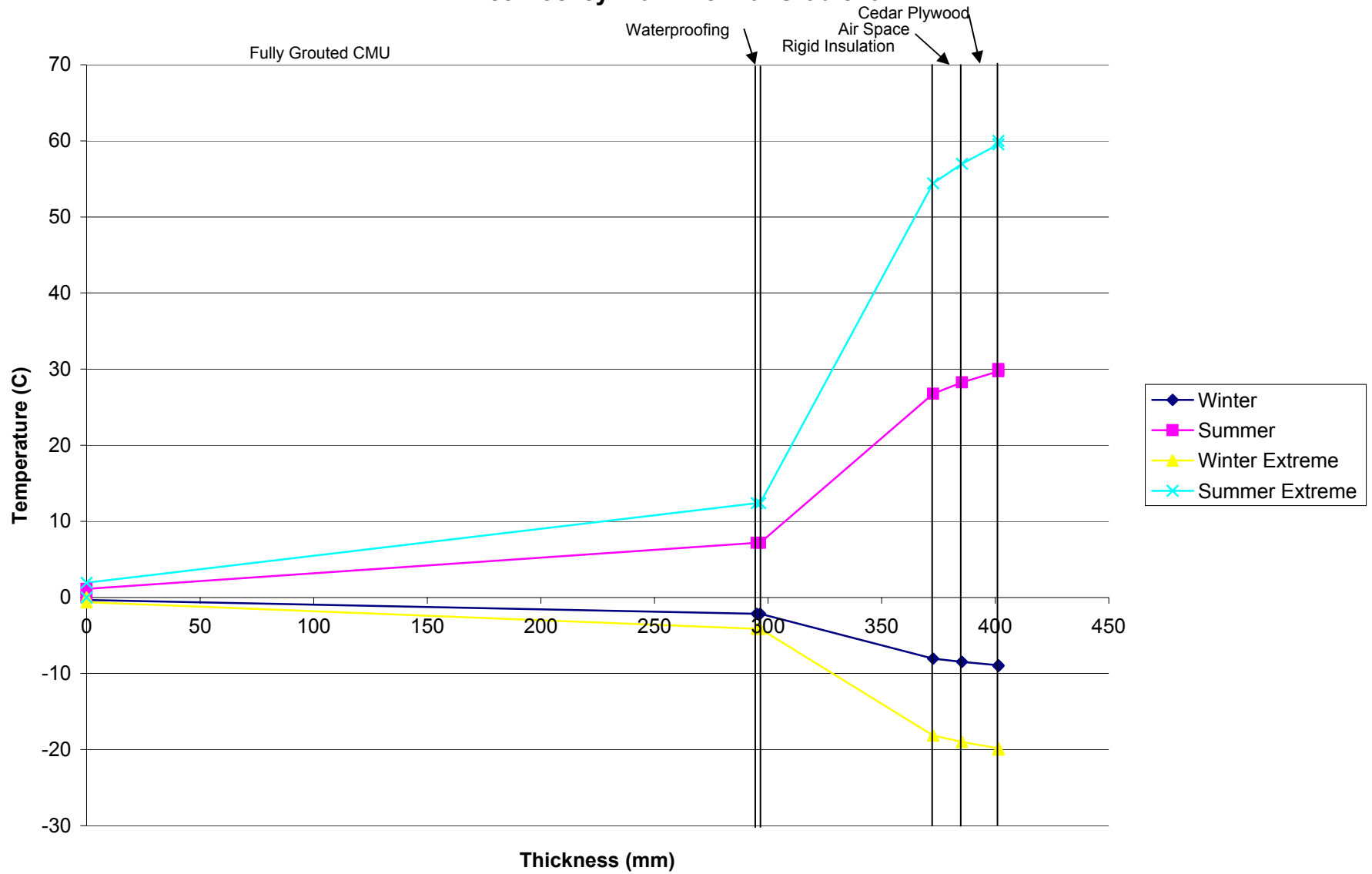
Ice Hockey: Interior Temperature=0 C, RH=75%
 Winter Extreme Low T=-20 degrees C, RH=72%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	0.64238619	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8	
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	295		1.53	0.6536	3.4848401	-0.642386187	15.93	0.0628	50.85234	458.1	579.9156169	
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	296.5		0		0	-4.127226285	2.9	0.3448	279.3372	407.2477	447.862304	
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	372.7	0.029	0.38057743	2.6276	14.0097782	-4.127226285	22.3	0.0448	36.32636	127.9105	447.862304	
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	385.4		6.25	0.1600	0.85308886	-18.13700448	0	0.0000	0	91.58412	146.2412419	
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	401.4		0.1	0.1600	0.85308886	-18.99009334	625	0.0016	1.296124	91.58412	135.997048	
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	0.1568178	-19.8431822	0	0.0000	0	90.288	126.4013794	
h					401.4					-20				90.288	125.4	
						ΣRsi =	3.7511			Σ =	0.4540	367.812				
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			20 =	5.331805	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			367.812 =	810.0778063							
			3.7511				0.4540									
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =	21.2986	V =			1/ΣRv =	2.202423538							
U =			1/Rsi =	0.26659												

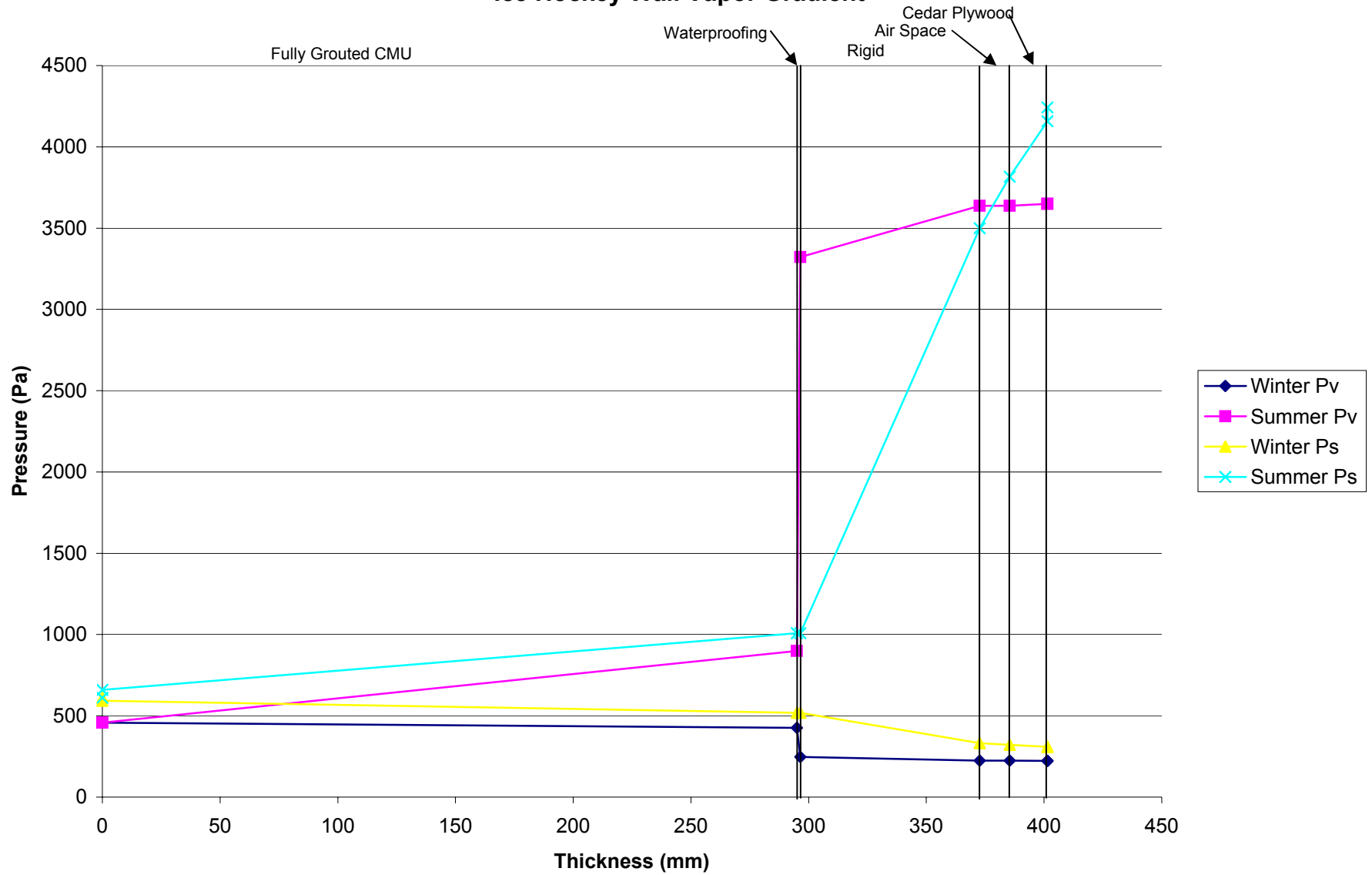
Summer Extreme High T=37 degrees C, Tsol=60 C, RH=86%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	ΔP (Pa)	Pa (Pa)	
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	-1.9271586	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8	0	458.1	
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	295		1.53	0.6536	-10.45452	1.927158561	15.93	0.0628	-2305.16	458.1	698.3305918	2046.387	458.1	
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	296.5		0		0	12.38167886	2.9	0.3448	-12662.5	2763.262	1430.616683	11241.01	2504.487	
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	372.7	0.029	0.38057743	2.6276	-42.029335	12.38167886	22.3	0.0448	-1646.69	15425.75	1430.616683	1461.836	13745.5	
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	385.4		6.25	0.1600	-2.5592666	54.41101345	0	0.0000	0	17072.45 >	15207.33569	0	15207.34	
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	401.4		0.1	0.1600	-2.5592666	56.97028002	625	0.0016	-58.754	17072.45	17175.58474	1923.864	15207.34	
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	-0.4704534	59.52954659	0	0.0000	0	17131.2	19356.46052	0	17131.2	
h					401.4					60				17131.2	19920	0	17131.2	
						ΣRsi =	3.7511			ΣRv =	0.4540	-16673.1	16673.1					
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			-60 =	-15.9954	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			-16673.1 =	-36721.22789									
			3.7511				0.4540											
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =	21.2986	V =			1/ΣRv =	2.202423538									
U =			1/Rsi =	0.26659							upstream ωu =		ΔP/Rv =	32598.93852 ng/(s*m^2)				
														2.816548288 g/(day*m^2)				
												downstream ωu =		ΔP/Rv =	1202415.193 ng/(s*m^2)	first accumulation rate =		101.0721 g/(day*m^2)
														103.8886727 g/(day*m^2)				

Ice Hockey Wall Thermal Gradient



Ice Hockey Wall Vapor Gradient



Basketball Interior Temperature=22 C, RH=65%
 Winter Ave Low T=-9 degrees C, RH=72%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	1.15270399	22	0	0.0000	0	1717.95	2643
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	6.25232082	20.84729601	15.93	0.0628	206.6885	1717.95	2451.332042
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0		0	14.59406519	2.9	0.3448	1135.361	1511.261	1652.553178
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	296.5	0.036	0.47244094	2.1167	20.251088	14.59406519	22.3	0.0448	147.6479	375.9	1652.553178
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	372.7		6.25	0.1600	1.5307909	-5.657022806	0	0.0000	0	228.2521	398.8789053
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	385.4	0.1	6.25	0.1600	1.5307909	-7.18781371	625	0.0016	5.268077	228.2521	354.6936167
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	0.28139539	-8.718604613	0	0	0	222.984	314.9213946
h					401.4					-9				222.984	309.7
						ΣRsi =	3.2402			Σ =	0.4540	1494.966			
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			31 =	9.567443	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			1494.966 =	3292.548307						
			3.2402				0.4540								
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =	18.3976	V =			1/ΣRv =	2.202423538						
U =			1/Rsi =	0.308627											

Summer Ave High T=30 degrees C, RH=86%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	ΔP (Pa)	Pa (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	-0.297472	22	0	0	0	1717.95	2643	0	1717.95
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	-1.613737	22.297472	15.93	0.0628	-266.977	1717.95	2678.787889	190.2654	1717.95
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0		0	23.91120898	2.9	0.3448	-1466.53	1984.927	2953.362901	1045.148	1908.215
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	296.5	0.036	0.47244094	2.1167	-5.2260872	23.91120898	22.3	0.0448	-190.715	3451.46 >	2953.362901	671.6525	2953.363
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	372.7		6.25	0.1600	-0.3950428	29.13729621	0	0.0000	0	3642.175	4018.086907	0	3625.015
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	385.4	0.1	6.25	0.1600	-0.3950428	29.53233902	625	0.0016	-6.80471	3642.175	4110.659664	23.96456	3625.015
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	-0.0726182	29.92738184	0	0	0	3648.98	4205.079377	0	3648.98
h					401.4					30				3648.98	4243	0	3648.98
						ΣRsi =	3.2402			ΣRv =	0.4540	-1931.03	1931.03				
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			-8 =	-2.46902	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			-1931.03 =	-4252.945924								
			3.2402				0.4540										
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =	18.3976	V =			1/ΣRv =	2.202423538								
U =			1/Rsi =	0.308627													
												upstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	3030.927763 ng/(s*m^2)			
													=	0.261872159 g/(day*m^2)			
												downstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	14977.85157 ng/(s*m^2)	first accumulation rate =	1.0322 g/(day*m^2)	
													=	1.294086376 g/(day*m^2)			

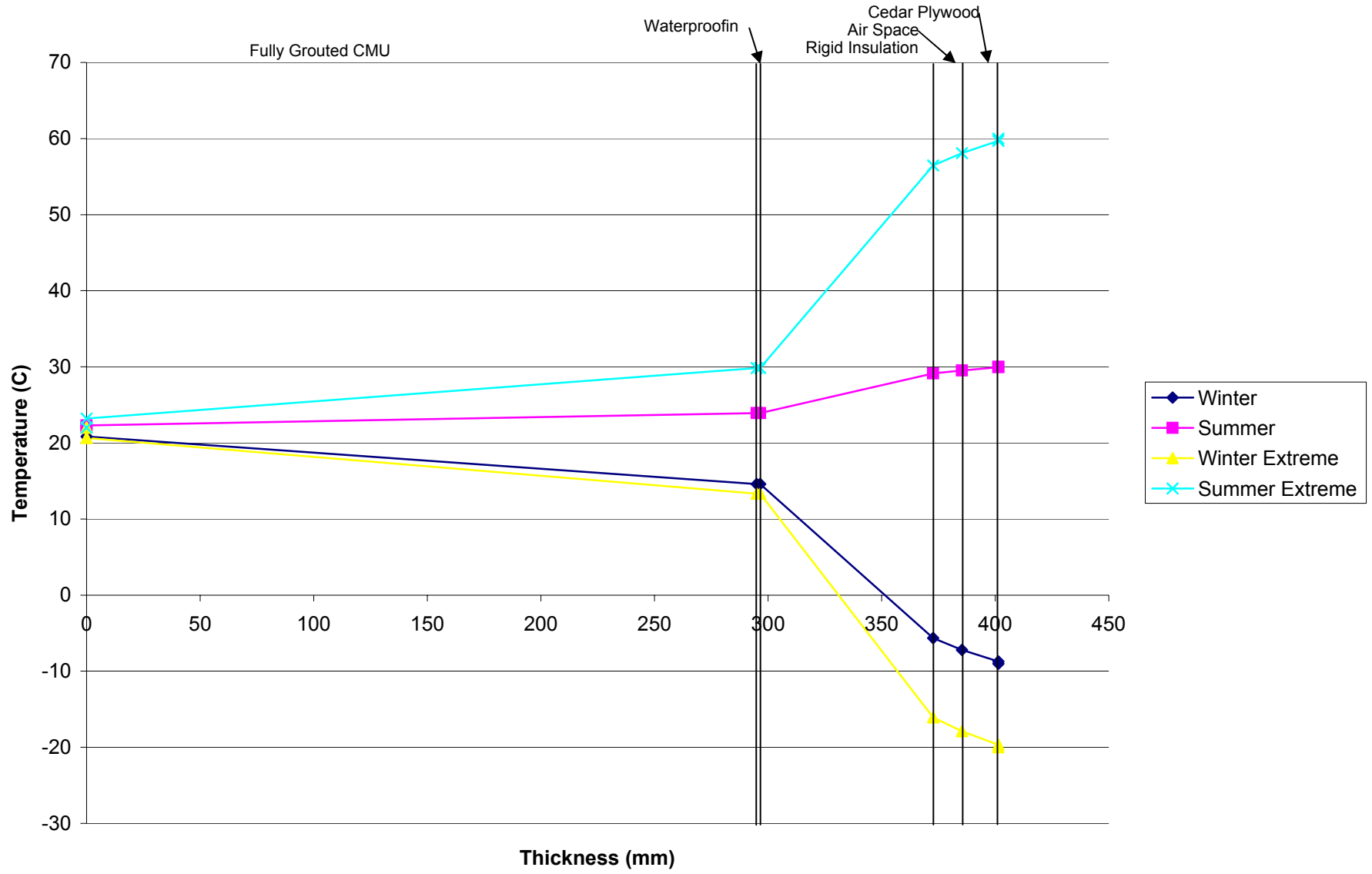
Basketball Interior Temperature=22 C, RH=65%
 Winter Extreme Low T=-20 degrees C, RH=72%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	1.34901099	22	0	0.0000	0	1717.95	2643
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	295		1.53	0.6536	7.31816421	20.65098901	15.93	0.0628	225.0346	1717.95	2421.877956
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	296.5		0		0	13.3328248	2.9	0.3448	1236.138	1492.915	1522.595665
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	372.7	0.029	0.38057743	2.6276	29.4205342	13.3328248	22.3	0.0448	160.7534	256.7771	1522.595665
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	385.4		6.25	0.1600	1.7914866	-16.08770941	0	0.0000	0	96.02368	173.7326298
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	401.4		0.1	0.1600	1.7914866	-17.87919601	625	0.0016	5.735682	96.02368	149.4704145
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	0.32931739	-19.67068261	0	0	0	90.288	128.2911516
h					401.4					-20				90.288	125.4
						ΣRsi =	3.7511			Σ =	0.4540		1627.662		
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			42 =		11.19679		ωc = ΔP/Rv =			1627.662 =		3584.801101			
			3.7511							0.4540					
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =		21.2986		V =			1/ΣRv =		2.202423538			
U =			1/Rsi =		0.26659										

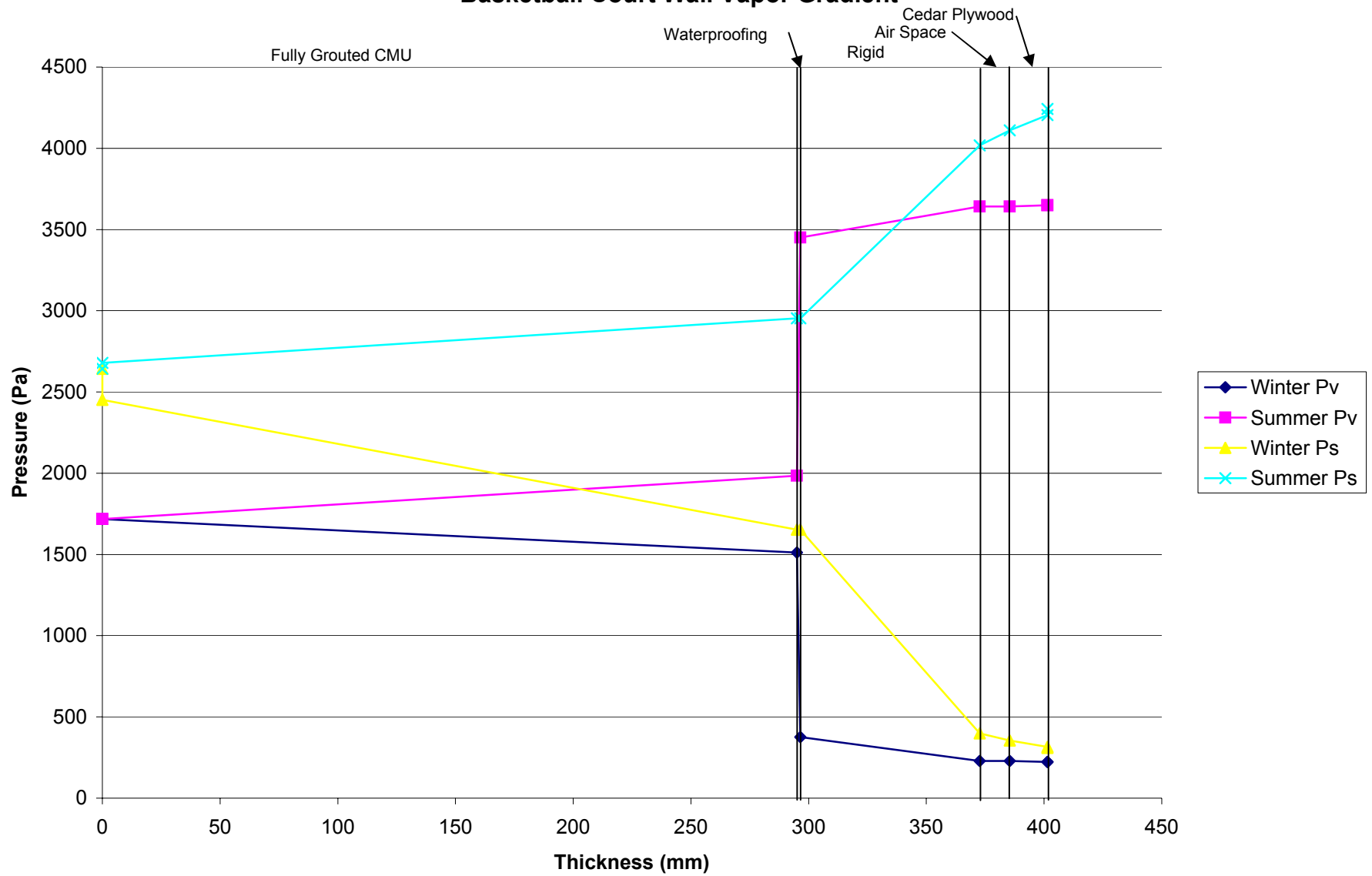
Summer Extreme High T=37 degrees C, Tsol=60 C, RH=86%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	ΔP (Pa)	Pa (Pa)	
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	-1.2205338	22	0	0.0000	0	1717.95	2643	0	1717.95	
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	295		1.53	0.6536	-6.6211962	23.22053376	15.93	0.0628	-2130.98	1717.95	2832.979209	2087.981	1717.95	
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	296.5		0		0	29.84172994	2.9	0.3448	-11705.7	3848.93	4184.44925	11469.5	3805.931	
d	4	Rigid insulation	76.2	0.0762	296.5	0.029	0.38057743	2.6276	-26.618579	29.84172994	22.3	0.0448	-1522.26	15554.62	4184.44925	1491.549	15275.43	
e	5	Air Space	12.7	0.0127	372.7		6.25	0.1600	-1.6208688	56.46030852	0	0.0000	0	17076.89 >	16766.97677	0	16766.98	
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	385.4		0.1	0.1600	-1.6208688	58.08117734	625	0.0016	-54.3144	17076.89	18095.08184	364.2232	16766.98	
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	401.4		34	0.0294	-0.2979538	59.70204617	0	0	0	17131.2	19511.54622	0	17131.2	
h					401.4					60				17131.2	19920	0	17131.2	
						ΣRsi =	3.7511			ΣRv =	0.4540		-15413.3		15413.25			
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			-38 =		-10.1304		ωc = ΔP/Rv =			-15413.25 =		-33946.5046						
			3.7511							0.4540								
Rimp =			5.678Rsi =		21.2986		V =			1/ΣRv =		2.202423538						
U =			1/Rsi =		0.26659													
											upstream ωu =		ΔP/Rv =		33261.54038 ng/(s*m^2)			
															2.873797088 g/(day*m^2)			
											downstream ωu =		ΔP/Rv =		227639.52 ng/(s*m^2)		first accumulation rate =	
															19.66805453 g/(day*m^2)		16.7943 g/(day*m^2)	

Basketball Court Wall Thermal Gradient



Basketball Court Wall Vapor Gradient



Ice Hockey: Interior Temperature=0 C, RH=75%
 Winter Ave Low T=-9 degrees C, RH=72%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	0.25161975	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	1.36499602	-0.251619749	15.93	0.0628	32.50628	458.1	596.6879673
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0	0.0000	0	-1.61661577	2.9	0.3448	178.5603	425.5937	539.9068185
d	4	Rigid insulation	114.3	0.1143	296.5	0.036	0.31496063	3.1750	6.63080942	-1.61661577	22.3	0.0448	23.22085	247.0334	539.9068185
e	5	Air Space	38	0.038	410.8		5.85	0.1709	0.35699896	-8.247425193	0	0.0000	0	223.8125	326.7171068
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	448.8	0.1	6.25	0.1600	0.33415103	-8.604424153	625	0.0016	0.82852	223.8125	317.7444343
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	464.8		34	0.0294	0.06142482	-8.938575179	0	0.0000	0	222.984	309.5457178
h					464.8					-9				222.984	309.7
						ΣRsi =	4.3094			Σ =	0.4540	235.116			
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			9	=	2.088444	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			235.116	=	517.8250125				
			4.3094						0.4540						
Rimp =			5.678Rsi	=	24.46894	V =			1/ΣRv	=	2.202423538				
U =			1/Rsi	=	0.232049										

Summer Ave High T=30 degrees C, RH=86%

Interface	Layer	Material	L (mm)	L (m)	ΣL (mm)	k (W/mK)	C (W/m^2K)	Rsi (m^2K/W)	ΔT (K)	T (°C)	M (ng/Pa*s*m^2)	Rv (Pa*s*m^2/ng)	ΔP (Pa)	Pc (Pa)	Ps (Pa)	ΔP (Pa)	Pa (Pa)	
a	1	Interior Film	0		0		8.3	0.1205	-0.8387325	0	0	0.0000	0	458.1	610.8	0	458.1	
b	2	12" fully grouted CMU	295	0.295	0		1.53	0.6536	-4.5499867	0.838732495	15.93	0.0628	-441.159	458.1	645.7843757	66.7468	458.1	
c	3	Membrane Waterproofing	1.5	0.0015	295		0	0.0000	0	5.388719233	2.9	0.3448	-2423.33	899.2594	891.493871	366.6471	524.8468	
d	4	Rigid insulation	114.3	0.1143	296.5	0.036	0.31496063	3.1750	-22.102698	5.388719233	22.3	0.0448	-315.142	3322.594	891.493871	2662.489	891.4939	
e	5	Air Space	38	0.038	410.8		5.85	0.1709	-1.1899965	27.49141731	0	0.0000	0	3637.736	3651.613417	0	3553.982	
f	6	Cedar Plywood	16	0.016	448.8	0.1	6.25	0.1600	-1.1138368	28.68141384	625	0.0016	-11.2443	3637.736	3913.513281	94.99759	3553.982	
g	7	Exterior Film	0	0	464.8		34	0.0294	-0.2047494	29.7952506	0	0.0000	0	3648.98	4173.29106	0	3648.98	
h					464.8					30				3648.98	4243	0	3648.98	
						ΣRsi =	4.3094			ΣRv =	0.4540	-3190.88	3190.88					
q = ΔT/ΣRsi =			-30	=	-6.96148	ωc = ΔP/Rv =			-3190.88	=	-7027.669219							
			4.3094						0.4540									
Rimp =			5.678Rsi	=	24.46894	V =			1/ΣRv	=	2.202423538							
U =			1/Rsi	=	0.232049													
												upstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	1063.276509 ng/(s*m^2)				
													=	0.09186709 g/(day*m^2)				
												downstream ωu =	ΔP/Rv =	59373.4944 ng/(s*m^2)	first accumulation rate =	5.0380 g/(day*m^2)		
													=	5.129869916 g/(day*m^2)				

4/6/03

1

CMU SHRINKAGE & THERMAL EXPANSION

SHRINKAGE:

INTERMEDIATE HUMIDITY (SEE WEATHER STATS)

0.045% OVER 20' WALL

$$\Delta L = 20(12)(0.00045) \\ = 0.108$$

THERMAL EXPANSION

$$\Delta L = \alpha L \Delta T$$

$$\alpha = 0.52 \text{ in} / 100\text{ft} / 100^\circ\text{F}$$

PER 20' WALL OVER 50°F (SEE THERAL GRADIENT)

$$\Delta L = 0.52 (20/100) (50/100) \\ = 0.052$$

MAX MOV'T PER 20' = 0.16"

ALLOW FOR 1/4"

3-0235 — 50 SHEETS — 5 SQUARES
 3-0236 — 100 SHEETS — 5 SQUARES
 3-0237 — 200 SHEETS — 5 SQUARES
 3-0137 — 200 SHEETS — FILLER

COMET