

#### INTRODUCTION

The chart below is meant to serve as a guide for clinicians to assess and treat common symptoms in MS. This list is comprehensive, but not exhaustive. It should be used as a tool and adjunct to your care plan within the context of your practice setting, and not in lieu of your own clinical decision making. Links are provided as appropriate to serve as further clarification of the assessments and interventions. Visit our Clinical Study Measures page for additional assessments.

SYMPTOM: FATIGUE (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Modified Fatigue Impact Scale (MFIS)</li> <li>Manual Muscle Test</li> <li>2-Minute Walk Test</li> <li>6-Minute Walk Test</li> <li>Timed 25-Foot Walk (T25-FW)</li> <li>Visual Analog Scale</li> <li>Fatigue Severity Scale</li> <li>Fitness assessment</li> <li>Equipment assessment</li> <li>Activity diary</li> <li>Sleep questionnaire</li> <li>Evaluation of medications for impact on fatigue level</li> <li>Depression instrument</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Energy effectiveness strategies</li> <li>Exercise program</li> <li>Equipment modifications (mobility, self-care, and ergonomic)</li> <li>Cooling strategies</li> <li>Environmental and behavioral modifications (home and jobsite)</li> <li>Transportation</li> </ul>



SYMPTOM: WALKING DIFFICULTIES (PT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Manual Muscle Test</li> <li>2-Minute Walk Test</li> <li>6 Minute Walk Test</li> <li>Timed 25-Foot Walk (T25-FW)</li> <li>12 Item Multiple Sclerosis Walking Scale (MSWS-12)</li> <li>Six Spot Step Test</li> <li>Four Step Square Test</li> <li>Hauser Ambulation Index</li> <li>Rivermead Mobility Index (RMI)</li> <li>Gait analysis</li> <li>Tinetti Performance Oriented Mobility Assessment</li> <li>Timed-Up and Go</li> <li>Dynamic Gait Index</li> <li>Functional Gait Assessment</li> <li>Analysis of environment and tasks</li> <li>Vestibular and sensory/proprioceptive assessments</li> <li>Safety evaluations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gait training</li> <li>Gait assistive devices</li> <li>Behavioral and environmental modifications</li> <li>Customized Wheeled Mobility</li> <li>Cooling strategies</li> </ul>



SYMPTOM: WEAKNESS (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
Manual Muscle Test	Exercises for deconditioning
Dynamometer; Pinch Meter	Adaptive equipment
Five Times Sit to Stand	Environmental modifications
Gait analysis	Cooling strategies
<ul> <li>Analysis of environment and tasks</li> </ul>	
Assessment of transitional movements	



SYMPTOM: POOR BALANCE/FALL RISK (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Vestibular, visual, proprioceptive, sensory, spasticity/range of motion, gait analyses</li> <li>Manual Muscle Test</li> <li>Berg Balance Scale</li> <li>2-Minute Walk Test</li> <li>6 Minute Walk Test</li> <li>Timed 25-Foot Walk (T25-FW)</li> <li>Timed Up and Go</li> <li>Dynamic Gait Index</li> <li>Functional Gait Assessment</li> <li>Activities-Specific Balance Confidence Scale (ABC)</li> <li>Functional Reach Test</li> <li>Dizziness Handicap Inventory</li> <li>Tinetti Performance Oriented Mobility Assessment</li> <li>Computerized balance assessment (using tools such as Balance Master)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Vestibular/balance rehabilitation</li> <li>Strength training</li> <li>Gait training – dynamic activities</li> <li>Supportive footwear</li> <li>Gait assistive devices</li> <li>Customized Wheeled Mobility</li> <li>Gait training</li> <li>Behavioral modification</li> <li>Environmental modification</li> <li>Cooling strategies</li> <li>Fall Prevention Program</li> </ul>



SYMPTOM: STIFFNESS, SPASMS, SPASTICITY (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Range of motion</li> <li>Modified Ashworth Scale</li> <li>Multiple Sclerosis Spasticity Scale (MSSS-88)</li> <li>Consistent communication with neurologist regarding medical management (e.g., medications; intrathecal baclofen pump if severe)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stretching exercise program</li> <li>Environmental modifications</li> <li>Cooling strategies</li> <li>Standing frame</li> <li>AFO, bracing and dynamic splinting</li> <li>Positioning</li> <li>Spasticity</li> </ul>

SYMPTOM: COGNITIVE CHANGES (OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Referral to a neuropsychologist</li> <li>Symbols Digit Modalities Test (SDMT)</li> <li>Timed Up and Go (Cognitive)</li> <li>Modified Fatigue Impact Scale (MFIS)</li> <li>Perceived Deficits Questionnaire</li> <li>PASAT and possibly other neuropsychological screens</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Instruction in compensatory strategies</li> <li>Assistive devices and environmental modifications</li> </ul>



SYMPTOM: REDUCED MANUAL DEXTERITY (OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
• 9-Hole Peg Test	Environmental modification
Box and Block	Behavioral modification
Dynamometer	Voice-activated software
Pinch Meter	Bigger grips
Semmes-Weinstein Sensory Test	Assistive devices
Spasticity	Stretching
Coordination	Positioning

SYMPTOM: PAIN (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>Trigger point assessment</li> <li>Pain scales</li> <li>Posture assessment</li> <li>Equipment/seating assessment</li> <li>Central vs. peripheral symptoms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Equipment/seating modifications</li> <li>Relaxation</li> <li>Exercise</li> <li>Pain in Multiple Sclerosis</li> <li>Behavioral/environmental modifications</li> </ul>



SYMPTOM: TREMOR/ATAXIA (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>9-Hole Peg Test</li> <li>ADL assessment</li> <li>Manual Muscle Test</li> <li>2-Minute Walk Test</li> <li>6 Minute Walk Test</li> <li>Timed 25-Foot Walk (T25-FW)</li> <li>Safety evaluation</li> <li>Canadian Occupational Performance Measure (COPM)</li> <li>Functional Independence Measure (FIM), or other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gait assistive devices</li> <li>Customized Wheeled Mobility</li> <li>Weighting; proximal stabilization</li> <li>Behavioral modification</li> </ul>

SYMPTOM: SENSORY CHANGES (PT AND OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul><li>Proprioception</li><li>Semmes-Weinstein Sensory Test</li><li>Hot/cold discrimination</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Larger grips</li> <li>Textured surfaces</li> <li>Supportive footwear</li> <li>Voice-activated software</li> <li>Sensory precautions</li> </ul>

SYMPTOM: POOR VISION (OT)	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul><li>Visual acuity</li><li>Tracking</li><li>Peripheral vision</li><li>Visual-perceptual assessment</li></ul>	Behavioral modification     Environmental modification

SYMPTOM: BLADDER/BOWEL DYSFUNCTION (PT)	
Assessment	Intervention
Always refer to a urologist, physical therapist or gastroenterologist that specializes in treatment	Pelvic floor training

SYMPTOM: DECREASED FUNCTIONAL	
Assessment	Intervention
<ul> <li>COPM</li> <li>Multiple Sclerosis Impact Scale (MSIS-29)</li> <li>Multiple Sclerosis Functional Composite (MSFC)</li> <li>MS Quality of Life-54 (MSQoL-54)</li> <li>Guys Neurological Disability Scale</li> <li>Functional Independence Measure (FIM), or other ADL assessment</li> <li>Customized Wheeled Mobility</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assistive equipment</li> <li>Customized Wheeled Mobility</li> <li>Behavior and environmental modifications</li> </ul>

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