

Environmental Product Declaration

According to ISO 14025 and ISO 21930

An industry average cradle-to-gate EPD for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels produced by Gypsum Association member companies for the USA and Canadian Markets.

Declaration Number: EPD- 038

Date of Issue: 08/17/2016

Period of Validity: 5 years

EPD Summary Results - 1 MSF of 1/2" and 5/8" Glass Mat Panels

Category Indicator	Unit	1 MSF ½" GMP	1 MSF ⁵/ଃ" GMP	
Global warming potential	kg CO₂ equiv.	358	417	
Ozone depletion potential	kg CFC-11 equiv.	5.8E-05	6.6E-05	
Acidification potential	kg SO₂ equiv.	2.8	3.4	
Eutrophication potential	kg N equiv.	0.51	0.58	
Smog creation potential	kg O₃ equiv.	35.1	42.0	
Total primary energy consumption				
Non-renewable, fossil	MJ, HHV	5,483	6,441	
Non-renewable, nuclear	MJ, HHV	433	483	
Renewable, solar, wind, hydroelectric, and geothermal	MJ, HHV	90	99	
Renewable, biomass	MJ, HHV	89	94	
Material resources consumption				
Non-renewable materials	kg	739	912	
Renewable materials	kg	2.1	2.4	
Recovered materials	kg	102	135	
Net fresh water	L	1,705	1,952	
Waste generated				
Hazardous waste	kg	0.27	0.28	
Non hazardous waste	kg	17.5	20.9	



This is an industry average business-to-business Type III environmental product declaration (also known as an "industry-wide" or "generic" cradle-to-gate EPD) for glass mat panels as manufactured by the Gypsum Association member companies in the USA and Canada. This declaration has been prepared in accordance with ISO 14025 [5], ISO 21930 [6], ISO 14040 [2], ISO 14044 [3] the governing glass mat panels category rules [1] and ASTM international's EPD program operator rules [7].

The intent of this document is to further the development of environmentally compatible and more sustainable construction products by providing comprehensive environmental information related to potential impacts of glass mat panels available in the USA and Canada in accordance with international standards.

General Summary	
Owner of the EPD	
	Gypsum Association (GA)
	6525 Belcrest Road, Suite 480
	Hyattsville, MD 20782
	Link (URL): <u>www.gypsum.org</u>
GYPSUM ASSOCIATION	info@gypsum.org
	The GA is a not-for-profit trade association founded in
	1930. Its mission is to promote the use of gypsum while
	advancing the development growth, and general
	welfare of the gypsum industry in the U.S. and Canada
	on behalf of its member companies. GA members
	include all the active gypsum board (panel)
	manufacturers in the U.S. and Canada.
	Each GA member company provided both LCI and meta-
	data for the reference year 2013. GA members, with the
	inclusion of their Canadian holdings and affiliates,
	produce and ship over 95% of the glass mat panel
	sheathing consumed in the USA and Canada.
	The owner of the declaration is liable for the underlying
	information and evidence.

Environmental Product Declaration Summary



GA Member Companies Corporate Locations			
0	American Gypsum Company LLC		
	3811 Turtle Creek Blvd., Suite 1200		
GYPSUM	Dallas, TX 75219, USA		
	Member Link (URL):		
	http://www.americangypsum.com/		
CertainTeed	CertainTeed Gypsum, Inc.		
CEILAIIIIEEU	CertainTeed Gypsum Canada, Inc.		
SAINT-GOBAIN	20 Moores Road		
Gypsum	Malvern, PA 19355, USA		
	Member Link (URL):		
	http://www.certainteed.com/gypsum		
	Continental Building Products Operating Company, LLC		
	12950 Worldgate Drive		
	Suite 700, Herndon, VA 20170, USA		
	Member Link (URL):		
	http://www.continental-bp.com/en/		
CONTINENTAL [™] BUILDING PRODUCTS			
	Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC		
	133 Peachtree Street NE		
	Atlanta, GA 30303, USA		
Georgia-Pacific	Member Link (URL):		
Gypsum	http://www.buildgp.com/Georgia-Pacific-Gypsum		
	National Gypsum Company		
National	2001 Rexford Road		
Curroum	Charlotte, North Carolina 28211, USA		
Gypsum _®	Member Link (URL):		
~ -	http://nationalgypsum.com/		
	PABCO [®] Gypsum		
PABCO' Gypsum	a division of PABCO [®] building products, LLC		
what the job demands"	10600 White Rock Road, Suite 100		
	Rancho Cordova, CA 95670, USA		
	Member Link (URL):		
	http://www.pabcogypsum.com/		



GA Member Companies Corporate Locations (continued)					
			States Gypsum Company	/	
		st Adams Street			
USG			, IL 60661-3676, USA		
UJU		-	r Link (URL):		
	TM		tp://www.usg.com/content/usgcom/en.html		
		CGC INC.			
CCC		350 Burnhamthorpe Road West			
CGC		5th Floor Mississauga, ON, L5B 3J1, Canada			
	TM		r Link (URL):	,	
			vww.usg.com/content/us	sgcom/en CA east.html	
Product Group and Name			at Gypsum Panel		
Product Definition		Glass m	at gypsum panels (knowi	n as glass mat panels)	
			gned to be used as exter		
			g ng for weather barriers. 1		
		a noncombustible water-resistant gypsum core,			
		surfaced with glass mat partially or completely		or completely	
		embedded in the core [9].			
Product Category Rules (P	oduct Category Rules (PCR) ASTM International, Product Category Rules For		egory Rules For		
		Preparing an Environmental Product Declaration For			
		Glass M	at Gypsum Panels, Augus	st 2016 [1].	
Certification Period		08/17/2016 - 08/17/2021			
Declared Unit		1,000 so	quare feet (1MSF) of Glas	s Mat Gypsum Panel	
		with a n	ominal finished thicknes	s of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ "	
ASTM Declaration Numbe	er	EPD-038			
EPD Information					
			ASTM International		
Program Operator					
	Gypsum Association (GA))		
Declaration Holder	•				
Product group	Date of Issue		Period of Validity	Declaration Number	
Glass Mat Gypsum Panel	08/17/2016		5 years	EPD- 038	



Declaration Type

A "cradle-to-gate" EPD for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels manufactured by GA members. Activity stages or information modules covered include production with the product ready for shipment at the manufacturing plant (modules A1 to A3). The declaration is intended for use in Business-to-Business (B-to-B) communication.

Applicable Countries

United States and Canada

Product Applicability

Glass Mat Gypsum Panels are typically used as exterior building envelope sheathing providing weather barriers, mold and fire resistance for new construction or renovation work.

Content of the Declaration

This declaration follows Section 11; Content of the EPD, ASTM International, Product Category Rules For Preparing an Environmental Product Declaration for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels, March 2016.

This EPD was ind	lependently verified	VIK IA A		
by ASTM in accordance with ISO 14025:		deligs Bearle		
Internal External		U Tim Brooke		
		100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700		
		West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, USA		
	Х	www.astm.org/EPDs.htm		
EPD Project Repo	ort Information			
EPD Project Repo	ort	An Industry Average Cradle-to-Gate Life Cycle		
		Assessment of Glass Mat Gypsum Panel for the		
		USA and Canadian Markets, August 2016.		
Prepared by		Lindita Bushi, Jamie Meil and Grant Finlayson		
		Athena Sustainable Materials Institute		
	Athena	119 Ross Avenue, Suite 100		
	Sustainable Materials	Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1Y 0N6		
IAAA Institute		email: <u>info@athenasmi.org</u>		
		www.athenasmi.org		
This EPD project	report was independently	Thomas P. Gloria, Ph.D.		
verified by in acc	cordance with ISO 14025 and	Industrial Ecology Consultants		
the reference PC	R:	35 Bracebridge Rd.		
		Newton, MA 02459-1728		
		direct: 617.553.4929		
		mobile: 857.636.0585		
		email: <u>t.gloria@industrial-ecology.com</u>		

Gypsum Association Industry Average EPD for Glass Mat Panels



PCR Information	
Program Operator	ASTM International
	ASTM International, Product Category Rules For
Reference PCR	Preparing an Environmental Product
	Declaration For Glass Mat Gypsum Panels
Date of Issue	August 2016
PCR review was conducted by:	Gary Jakubcin, B&G Jakubcin and Associates,
	LLC (Chairperson)
	email: gary.jakubcin@gmail.com
	Steven Butler, ACG Materials
	Mark Flumiani, Innogyps



1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

1.1 PRODUCT DEFINITION

Glass mat panels (GMP) UNSPSC Code 30161500, as defined in ASTM C1177 are designed to be used as an exterior substrate or sheathing for weather barriers [9]. The substrates consist of a noncombustible water-resistant gypsum core, surfaced with a glass mat partially or completely embedded in the core [9]. Typically glass mat panels are 4' wide and 8' length panels (4'×8') produced with a square edge and are compatible with most exterior wall and roof applications. GMP may be available in other lengths and can vary in thickness and fire rating properties depending on the application (e.g., tile backer board). The focus of this industry average LCA study is exterior sheathing applications for panels with a finished nominal thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ ". GMPs are also proprietary products and while they all employ glass matting and a water-resistant gypsum core the panel composition varies across manufacturers.



Figure 1 Glass Mat Panels

1.2 PRODUCT STANDARD

Applicable product standards for glass mat panels (UNSPSC Code 30161500) include:

- ASTM C1177 Standard Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing
- ASTM C1658 Standard Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels
- ASTM C11 Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems
- ASTM C22 Specification for Gypsum
- ASTM C473 Test Methods for Physical Testing of Gypsum Panel Products



- ASTM C1264 Specification for Sampling, Inspection, Rejection, Certification, Packaging, Marking, Shipping, Handling, and Storage of Gypsum Panel Products
- ASTM E119 Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials

2 PRODUCT APPLICATION

Glass mat gypsum panels are typically used as exterior building envelope sheathing providing weather barriers, mold and fire resistance for new construction or renovation work.

3 DECLARED UNIT

The declared unit is 1,000 square feet (1MSF) of glass mat panels with a nominal finished thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ " [1].

4 MATERIAL CONTENT

Table 1 below presents the weighted average composition by input material for one thousand square feet (1MSF) of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ " glass mat panels as derived from the GA member facilities LCI data collection for the reference year 2013.

Inputs	Units	½" GMP	⁵ /8" GMP		
Gypsum material and glass matting					
Natural gypsum ore	Pounds	1,440	1,816		
Pre- consumer gypsum- FGD synthetic gypsum	Pounds	205	275		
Post-consumer gypsum ¹	Pounds	19.1	23.6		
Glass matting	Pounds	99.0	99.0		
Additives (both dry and wet)					
Starch	Pounds	0.4	0.4		
Fiberglass (other than matting above)	Pounds	2.8	4.2		
Dispersant	Pounds	2.6	2.8		
Retarder	Pounds	0.3	0.3		
Potassium Sulfate	Pounds	2.2	2.3		
Dextrose	Pounds	0.01	0.00		
Boric Acid	Pounds	0.09	0.16		
Land Plaster	Pounds	1.2	1.5		

Table 1: Weighted Average Material Content for 1MSF of Glass Mat Panels by Thickness

¹ Post-consumer gypsum includes GMP on-site construction off-cuts and recovered gypsum material collected from demolition sites.

Gypsum Association Industry Average EPD for Glass Mat Panels



Inputs (Table 1 continued)	Units	½" GMP	⁵ /8" GMP
Foaming agent (soap)	Pounds	0.4	0.4
Ball mill (BM) accelerator	Pounds	2.6	2.6
Edge Paste	Pounds	2.2	2.3
Fly ash	Pounds	0.6	0.6
Biocide	Pounds	0.2	0.5
Silicone products	Pounds	8.8	9.8
Sodium omadine and sodium trimetaphosphate (STMP) ²	Pounds	0.25	0.33
Wax	Pounds	0.8	0.9
Barium Metaborate Monohydrate (Busan) and emulsion solids ²	Pounds	0.10	0.17
Prime paint	Pounds	2.4	2.4
Water	Pounds	1,365	1,734
Total (wet weight)	Pounds	3,089	3,886
Finished density (with 1.7% MC)	Pounds	2,027	2,578
Final moisture content (MC)	%	1.7%	1.7%

5 PRODUCT STAGE

The Product Stage includes the following modules [1]:

- A1 Raw material supply;
- A2 Transport to the manufacturer; and
- A3 Manufacturing operations.

Construction, Use and End-of-life stages are excluded from the system boundary. Figure 2 shows the product stage system boundary for the declared product system.

The Product Stage includes the following processes [1]:

- Extraction and processing of raw materials, including fuels used in product production;
- Average and/or specific transportation of raw materials from the extraction site or source to manufacturing site, inclusive of empty backhauls (where applicable);
- Manufacturing of glass mat panels;

• Product packaging with product ready for shipment to distribution points or customers;

• Average or specific transportation from manufacturing site to recycling/reuse/landfill for pre-consumer wastes and unutilized by-products from manufacturing, including empty backhauls; and

² LCI data are rolled up for confidentiality reasons.



• Final disposition of pre-consumer wastes inclusive of transportation.

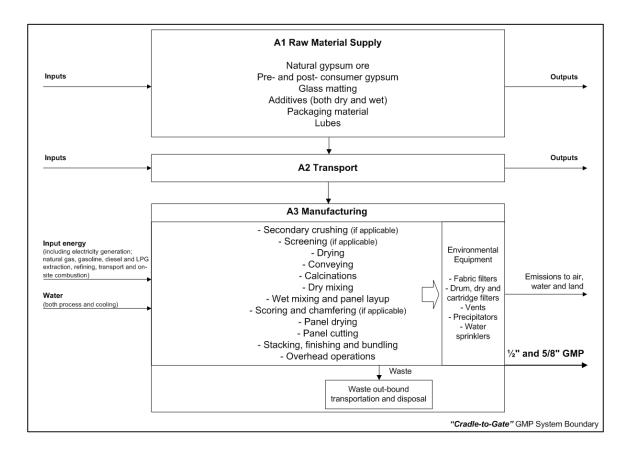


Figure 2 Product stage (module A1 to A3) system boundary

The Product Stage excludes the following processes [1]:

- Capital goods and infrastructure
- Personnel related activities (travel, office operations and supplies)
- Energy and water use related to company management and sales activities that may be located either within the factory site or at another location.



6 LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY

6.1 DATA COLLECTION AND REPRESENTATIVENESS

Data collection was based on an initial survey of all GA member facility operations. GA members operate 31 facilities in the USA and Canada producing various glass mat panel products. Some facilities are 100% dedicated to the production of GMP while others may produce both GMP and paper faced gypsum boards. In total 11 facilities operated by the 7 GA company members (American Gypsum Company LLC; CertainTeed Gypsum, Inc.; CertainTeed Gypsum Canada, Inc.; Continental Building Products Operating Company, LLC; Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC; National Gypsum Company; PABCO® Gypsum, a division of PABCO® building products, LLC; United States Gypsum Company and CGC Inc.) completed LCI data collection questionnaires representing 35% of all GA member facilities producing GMP. To ensure representativeness, the GMP manufacturing plant sample also considered the scale of operations including a mix of small, medium and large GMP production volume facilities, their geographical location in each US census region and their source of gypsum. All LCI data were averaged on the annual production basis across facilities.

6.2 CUT OFF RULES, ALLOCATION RULES AND DATA QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

The cut-off requirements as per the ASTM PCR for glass mat panels, Section 7.2, were followed [1]. All input/output flow data reported by the participating GA member facilities were included in the LCI modelling. None of the reported flow data were excluded based on the cut-off criteria.

Allocation procedures observed the requirements and guidance of ISO 14044:2006, Clause 4.3 and those specified in ASTM PCR for glass mat panels, Section 7.5 [1]. ISO requirements and recommendations were followed for allocation procedures in general (Clause 4.3.4.2) and allocation procedures for reuse and recycling (Clause 4.3.4.3). The majority of the GA facility operations produce other products besides glass mat panels as well as other glass mat panel products other than thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{1}{8}$ " for exterior sheathing applications and as such allocation was necessary. As a result, plant specific generic formulations for 1 MSF of the two products of interest were used to model and calculate the required input raw (both primary and secondary) and ancillary materials. "Mass" was deemed as the most appropriate physical parameter for allocation used for the glass mat panels system (between $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ " glass mat panel products and other types of calcined co-products) to estimate the input energy flows (electricity, natural gas, propane, etc.), water input, process emissions and waste flows.

"Mass" was also deemed as the most appropriate physical parameter for allocation of the total environmental load of the quarry system between the main product and coproducts. For synthetic FGD gypsum, an ISO 14044 conformance system expansion



methodology was used whereby the glass mat panel product system is debited for intermittent treatment of FGD (de-watering, transportation) and credited for avoided landfilling of FGD- see Section 3.2.4 for details [11].

In addition, the following allocation rules are applied- see Section 7.5 [1]:

- Allocation related to transport is based on the mass and distance of transported product;
- The environmental flows related to the disposal of the manufacturing (preconsumer) solid and liquid waste are allocated to module A3 Manufacturing.

Data quality requirements, as specified in ASTM Glass Mat Panels PCR, Section 7.3, were observed [1]. This section also describes the achieved data quality relative to the ISO 14044:2006 requirements [3]. Data quality is judged on the basis of its precision (measured, calculated or estimated), completeness (e.g., unreported emissions), consistency (degree of uniformity of the methodology applied within a study serving as a data source) and representativeness (geographical, temporal, and technological).

Precision: The GA participating member companies through measurement and calculation collected primary data on their production of glass mat panels. For accuracy the LCA team individually validated these plant gate-to-gate input and output data.

Completeness: All relevant, specific processes, including inputs (raw materials, energy and ancillary materials) and outputs (emissions and production volume) were considered and modeled to provide an industry average for glass mat panels with a thickness of ½" and 5/8". The relevant background materials and processes were taken from the US LCI Database (adjusted for known data placeholders known as "dummy"), ecoinvent v 3.1 LCI database for US and Canada and modeled in SimaPro LCA software v.8.1.0.60, April 2016.

Consistency: To ensure consistency, the LCI modeling of the production weighted input and output LCI data for the glass mat panels used the same modeling structure across the selected GA member facilities, which consisted of input raw and ancillary material, energy flows, water resource inputs, product and co-products outputs, emissions to air, water and soil, and material recycling and pre-consumer solid and liquid waste treatment. Crosschecks concerning the plausibility of mass and energy flows were continuously conducted. The LCA team conducted mass and energy balances at the plant and selected process level to maintain a high level of consistency.

Reproducibility: Internal reproducibility is possible since the data and the models are stored and available in GA Athena LCI database developed in SimaPro, 2016. A high level of transparency is provided throughout the EPD report as the weighted average LCI profile is presented for the declared product [13]. The provision of more detailed data to allow full external reproducibility was not possible due to reasons of confidentiality.



Representativeness: The data are representative according to temporal, geographical, and technological requirements as per the ASTM PCR for glass mat panels, Section 7.1. The representativeness of the data is summarized as follows.

Time related coverage:

- Glass mat panels manufacturing process- primary collected data from 11 facilities: reference year 2013 (12 months);

- In-bound/ out-bound transportation data- primary collected data from 11 facilities: reference year 2013 (12 months);

Natural gypsum ore - primary collected data from six quarries and one gypsum ore underground mine: reference year 2010 (12 months); the upstream natural gypsum ore profiles were updated with the most recent U.S, Canada and Spain electricity grids data; the activity data for the natural gypsum ore extraction process are deemed timely robust and no material changes are expected in the quarry/mine operations;
Generic data: the most appropriate LCI datasets were used as found in the US LCI (adjusted) Database, ecoinvent v.3.1 database for US, Canada and global, 2014.

- Geographical coverage: the geographical coverage is the U.S and Canada.
- Technological coverage: typical or average.

7 LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT

7.1 RESULTS OF THE LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT

This section summarizes the product stage life cycle impact assessment (LCIA) results including resource use and waste generated metrics based on the cradle-to-gate life cycle inventory inputs and outputs analysis. The results are calculated on the basis of one thousand square feet of glass mat panel with a nominal thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ " (Table 2).

As per ASTM PCR for glass mat panels, the US EPA Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts (TRACI), version 2.1, 2012 impact categories are used as they provide a North American context for the mandatory category indicators to be included in this EPD [1]. These are relative expressions only and do not predict category impact end-points, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks. Total primary energy includes the total energy consumed over the cradle-to-gate (modules A1-A3) in delivering the declared unit (including pre-consumer waste treatment). Material resource consumption and generated waste reflect cumulative life cycle inventory flow information. In addition, "recovered materials" indicator (including pre-consumer- FGD synthetic gypsum, post-consumer gypsum) is reported under "material resources consumption".

Figures 3 and 4 provide a percent contribution summary by information module for each of the selected LCIA indicators and LCI parameters for $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$ glass mat panels,



respectively. Contribution analysis is an analytical method used to support the interpretation of LCA results and to facilitate the reader's understanding of the environmental profile of the declared product.

Table 2: EPD Summary Results - 1	1 MSF of ½"	and ⁵ /8"	Glass Mat Panels
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Category Indicator	Unit	1 MSF ½" GMP	1 MSF ⁵/ଃ" GMP	
Global warming potential, GWP	kg CO₂ equiv.	358	417	
Ozone depletion potential, ODP	kg CFC-11 equiv.	5.8E-05	6.6E-05	
Acidification potential, AP	kg SO₂ equiv.	2.8	3.4	
Eutrophication potential, EP	kg N equiv.	0.51	0.58	
Smog creation potential, POCP	kg O₃ equiv.	35.1	42.0	
Total primary energy consumption				
Non-renewable, fossil, PENR-fossil	MJ, HHV	5,483	6,441	
Non-renewable, nuclear, PENR-nuclear	MJ, HHV	433	483	
Renewable, solar, wind, hydroelectric, and geothermal, PER-SWHG	MJ, HHV	90	99	
Renewable, biomass, PER-biomass	MJ, HHV	89	94	
Material resources consumption				
Non-renewable materials, NRMR	kg	739	912	
Renewable materials, RMR	kg	2.1	2.4	
Recovered materials, RM	kg	102	135	
Net fresh water, NFW	L	1,705	1,952	
Waste generated				
Hazardous waste, HW	kg	0.27	0.28	
Non hazardous waste, NHW	kg	17.5	20.9	



Gypsum Association Industry Average EPD for Glass Mat Panels

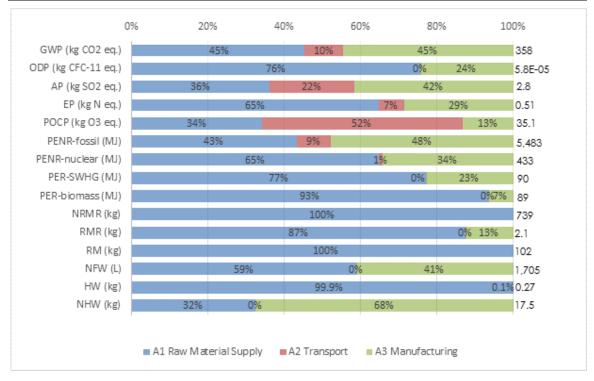


Figure 3: EPD Results by Information Module – 1 MSF of ½" GMP – % Basis

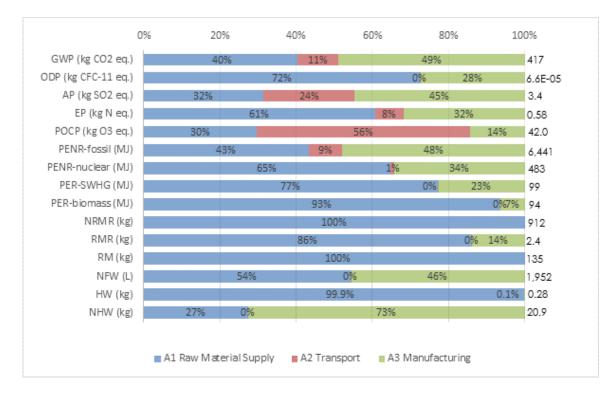


Figure 4: EPD Results by Information Module – 1 MSF of 5/8" GMP – % Basis



7.2 INTERPRETATION

The cradle-to-gate manufacture of 1 MSF of ½" and 5/8" glass mat panel embodies about 6.1 GJ and 7.1 GJ of primary energy use and emits in the order of 358 kg and 417 kg of greenhouse gases, respectively. For both panel thicknesses, over 90% of the total primary energy is derived from non-renewable fossil fuels.

Across the three production information modules, Module A1 Raw Material Supply, generally contributes the largest share of the LCIA category results – accounting for between 30% (smog) and 76% (ozone depletion) of the impact burden. The application of pre-consumer- FGD synthetic gypsum and post-consumer gypsum material in the manufacturing process is beneficial for the gypsum industry as it reduces the dependency on non-renewable material resources (natural gypsum ore).

With the exception of acidification and smog potential impacts, Module A2 Transportation is generally a minor contributor (<10%) to the overall impact of glass mat panels.

Module A3 Manufacturing is responsible for a significant share of total energy use (50%) and is generally the largest source of greenhouse gas emissions (over 45%), acidification potential (over 42%) and non-renewable fossil energy (48%). Plant energy use, specifically natural gas and electricity use, are the largest contributors to the manufacturing burdens.

8 ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Health Protection Manufacture
 The OSHA standards are applicable and followed.
 - U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA),
 29 CFR, PART 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards.
 (https://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owasrch.search_form?p_doc_type=STANDARDS&
 p_toc_level=1&p_keyvalue=1910)
 No additional health protection measures extending beyond mandatory
 occupational safety measures for commercial operations are required.
 Environmental Protection Manufacture and Equipment
 The GA member manufacturing facilities comply with the regional (US and

The GA member manufacturing facilities comply with the regional (US and Canadian) environmental protection requirements, monitor and report the emissions to air during the manufacturing process as per the following: - EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory Reporting (U.S) (http://www.ecy.wa.gov/epcra/section313.html)



- The Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI) reporting (<u>http://www.ec.gc.ca/inrp-npri/default.asp?lang=En&n=4A577BB9-1</u>)

Environmental equipment typically used in the glass mat panels manufacturing facilities are as follows: fabric filter – high temperature (baghouse), fabric filter- low temperature (baghouse), bin vent filter, drum filter, dry filter, cartridge filter, precipitator and water sprinkler for dust control.

9 DECLARATION TYPE AND PRODUCT AVERAGE DECLARATION

The type of EPD based on this EPD project report is defined as:

- A "Cradle-to-gate" EPD of glass mat panels covering the product stage (modules A1 to A3) and is intended for use in Business-to-Business communication.

GA EPD of glass mat panels UNSPSC Code 30161500 falls under the description:

- An average product EPD, as an average from several GA manufacturers' facilities

(in this case, GA member manufacturers as listed under "GA Member Companies Corporate Locations", see pg. III).

- GA EPD represents an average performance for the glass mat gypsum panels with a nominal finished thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{5}{8}$ ".

10 DECLARATION COMPARABILITY LIMITATION STATEMENT

The following ISO statement indicates the EPD comparability limitations and intent to avoid any market distortions or misinterpretation of EPDs based on the ASTM's Glass mat panels PCR: 2014:

- EPDs from different programs (using different PCR) may not be comparable.

- Declarations based on the ASTM Glass mat panels PCR [1] are not comparative assertions; that is, no claim of environmental superiority may be inferred or implied.

11 EPD EXPLANATORY MATERIAL

For any explanatory material, in regard to this EPD, please contact the program operator.

ASTM International

Environmental Product Declarations

100 Barr Harbor Drive,

West Conshohocken,

PA 19428-2959, http://www.astm.org



12 REFERENCES

- 1. ASTM International, Product Category Rules For Preparing an Environmental Product Declaration For Glass Mat Panels, August 2016.
- 2. ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Principles and framework.
- 3. ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management Life cycle assessment Requirements and guidelines.
- 4. ISO 14021:1999 Environmental labels and declarations -- Self-declared environmental claims (Type II environmental labelling).
- 5. ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labeling and declarations Type III environmental declarations Principles and procedures.
- 6. ISO 21930:2007 Building construction Sustainability in building construction Environmental declaration of building products.
- 7. EN 15804:2012, Sustainability of construction works- Environmental product declarations- Core rules for the product category of construction products.
- 8. ASTM Program Operator for Product Category Rules (PCRs) and Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs), General Program Instructions, Version 7.0, 14/06/2016.
- 9. ASTM C1177 Standard Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing.
- 10 ASTM C1658 Standard Specification for Glass Mat Gypsum Panels.
- 11. A Cradle-to-Gate Life Cycle Assessment of ½" Regular and 5/8" Type X Gypsum Wallboard. Prepared by the Athena Sustainable Materials Institute, December 2011, <u>http://www.pharosproject.net/uploads/files/sources/1238/1337635897.pdf</u>, Section 4.1, pgs. 37-41.
- 12. ISO 14046:2014 Environmental management Water footprint Principles, requirements and guidelines.
- 13. An Industry Average Cradle-to-Gate Life Cycle Assessment of Glass Mat Gypsum Panel for the USA and Canadian Markets, Prepared by the Athena Sustainable Materials Institute, August 2016.