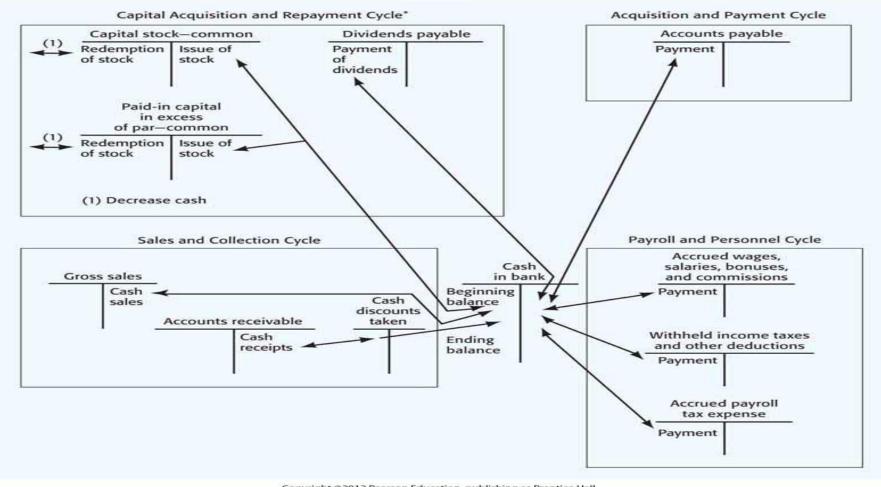
Audit of Cash Balances

Chapter 23

Learning Objective 1

Show the relationship of cash in the bank to the various transaction cycles.

Relationships of Cash in the Bank and Transaction Cycles



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Misstatements which may <u>not</u> be discovered as a part of the audit of the bank reconciliation:

- > Failure to bill a customer
- An embezzlement of cash receipts from customers



Misstatements (continued):

- Duplicate payments
- Improper payments of personal expenses
- Payment for raw materials not received
- Payment to employee for hours not worked
- Payment of excessive interest to related party

Misstatements which <u>are</u> normally discovered as a part of the tests of a bank reconciliation:

- Failure to include a check on the outstanding check list
- Cash received by the client recorded in the wrong period

Misstatements which <u>are</u> normally discovered as a part of the tests of a bank reconciliation:

- Deposits recorded near year end, deposited in the bank in the same month, and included in the bank reconciliation as a deposit in transit
- Payments on notes payable debited directly to the bank balance but not entered in the client's records

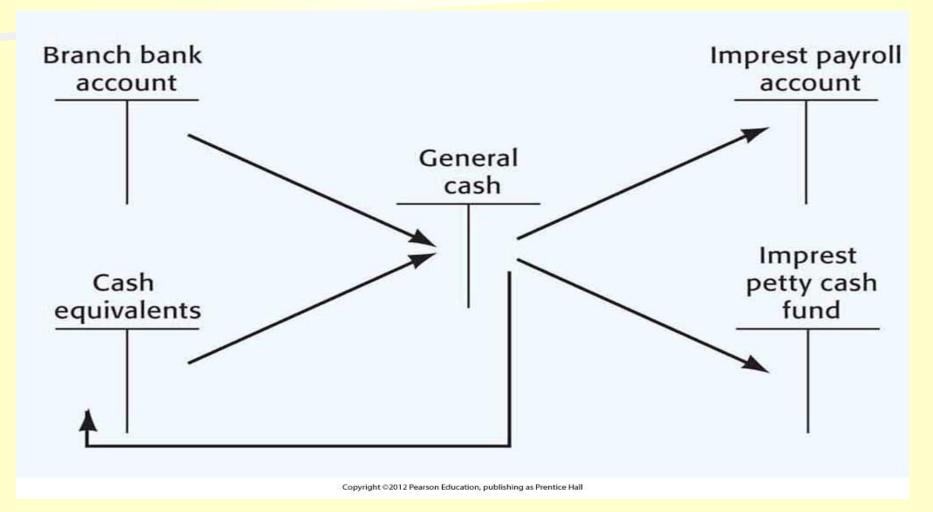
Learning Objective 2

Identify the major types of cash accounts maintained by business entities.

Types of Cash Accounts

- General cash account
- Imprest accounts
- Branch bank account
- Imprest petty cash fund
- Cash equivalents

Relationship of General Cash to Other Cash Accounts



Learning Objective 3

Design and perform audit tests of the general cash account.

Methodology for Designing Tests of Balances for Cash in the Bank

Identify client business risks affecting cash in bank

Phase I

Set tolerable misstatement and assess inherent risk for cash in bank

Phase I

Assess control risk for several cycles

Phase I

Methodology for Designing Tests of Balances for Cash in the Bank

Design and perform tests of controls and substantive tests of transactions for several cycles

Phase II

Methodology for Designing Tests of Balances for Cash in the Bank

Design and perform analytical procedures for cash in bank

Phase III

Design tests of details of cash in bank to satisfy balance-related audit objectives

Audit procedures

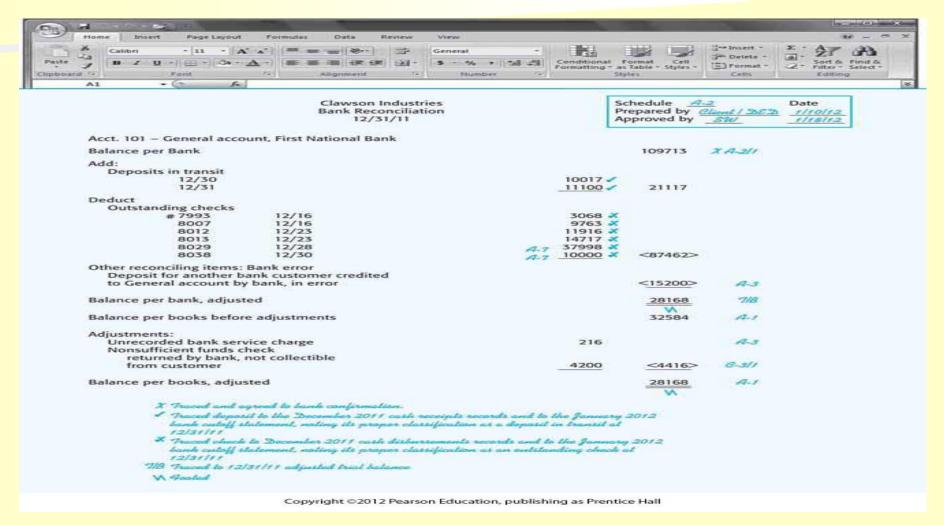
Sample size

Items to select

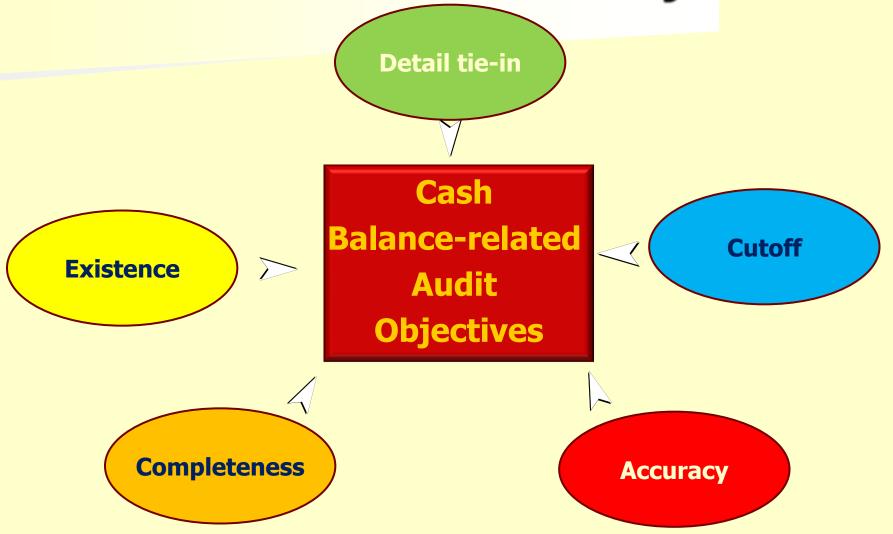
Timing

Phase III

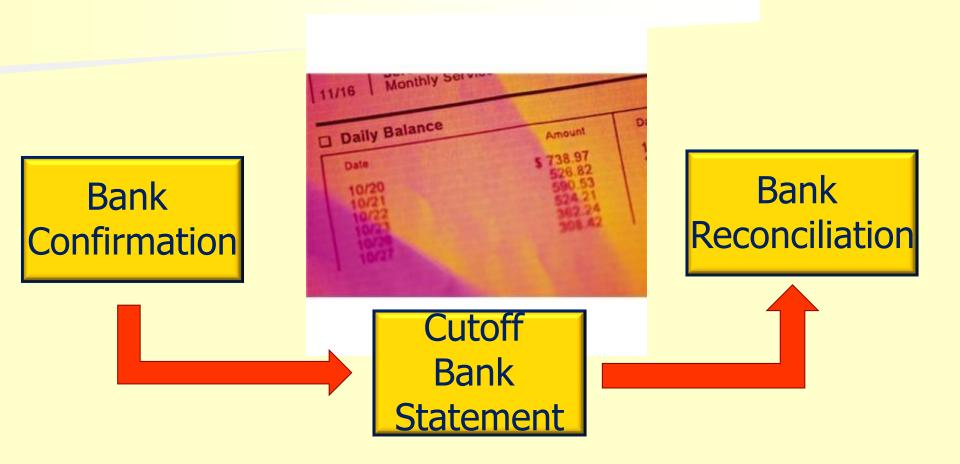
Audit Schedule for a Bank Reconciliation



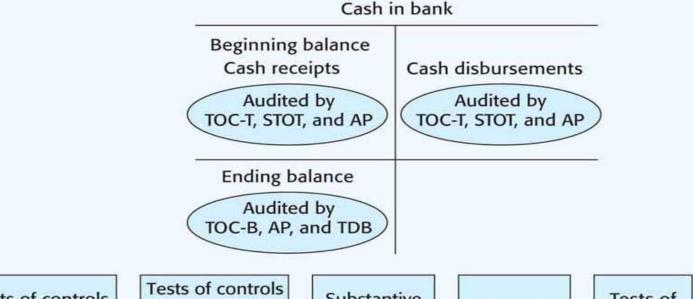
Balance-related Audit Objectives



Procedures



Types of Audit Tests Used for General Cash in Bank



Tests of controls in transaction cycles* (TOC-T) Tests of controls
over bank
reconciliation
process
(TOC-B)

Substantive tests of transactions* (STOT)

Analytical procedures* (AP)

Tests of details of balances (TDB)

Sufficient appropriate evidence

^{*}Tests of controls in transaction cycles, substantive tests of transactions, and analytical procedures are done for the four transaction cycles included in Figure 23-1 (p. 733). The primary tests of the ending cash balance are tests of details of balances.

Learning Objective 4

Recognize when to extend audit tests of the general cash account to test further for material fraud.

Fraud-oriented Procedures

The auditor must extend the procedures in the audit of year-end cash to determine the possibility of a material fraud.

Extended Tests of the Bank Reconciliation

When the auditor believes that the year-end bank reconciliation may be intentionally misstated, it is appropriate to perform extended tests of the year-end bank reconciliation.



Proof of Cash

- > All recorded cash receipts were deposited
- ➤ All deposits in the bank were recorded in the accounting records
- All recorded cash disbursements were paid by the bank
- All amounts that were paid by the bank were recorded

Proof of Cash Schedule

# Calibri - 11 - A A B = = 8		General -	Conditional	Format Cell Imp	Sort & Find &	
and Font Alignmen		Number		as Table - Styles - Forms	t - 2 Filter - Select Editing	
A1 - 6 &						
(at 12 min			E			
Clawson Industries Interim Proof of Cash				Schedule A-5 Date Prepared by 10 7/15/11		
6		Approved by RP	7/17/11			
Acct. 101 – General account, First National	Bank					
		5/31/11	Receipts	Disbursements	6/30/11	
Balance per Bank	0	121782.12	627895.20	631111.96	118565.36	
Deposits in transit						
5/31	2	21720.00	<21720.00	>		
6/30	0		16592.36		16592.36	
Outstanding checks						
5/31	3	<36396.50>		<36396.50>		
6/30	3			14800.10	<14800.10>	
NSF checks	@		<4560.00	> <4560.00>		
To allow for effect of a cash disburse-						
ment recorded as a credit item						
in cash receipts journal			<8500.00> <8500.00>			
Balance per bank, adjusted		107105.62	609707.56	596455.56	120357.62	
Balance per books, unadjusted		107105.62	609707.56	597957.04	118856.14	
Bank debit memos	9			120.00	<120.00>	
Payroll checks erroneously entered						
in General Disbursements Journal	0			<1621.48>	1621.48	
Balance per books, adjusted		107105.62	609707.56	596455.56	120357.62	
1 Por 6/30/11 bank Haten	unt.					
2 Detailed listing filed bel		subsequent bank s	tatomoute			
3 Outslanding-check list						
Detailed listing filed bel				and had all cleared as al	6/30/11.	

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Proof of Cash

Includes the following reconciliation tasks:

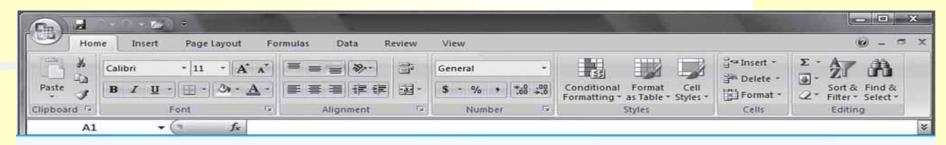
- 1. The balance on the bank statement with the general ledger balance at the beginning of the proof-of-cash period
- 2. Cash receipts deposited per the bank with the cash receipts journal for a given period

Proof of Cash

Includes the following reconciliation tasks:

- 3. Cancelled checks clearing the bank with those recorded in the cash disbursements journal for a given period
- 4. The balance on the bank statement with the general ledger balance at the end of the proof-of-cash period

Interbank Transfer Schedule



Clawson Industries Schedule of Interbank Transfers December 31, 2011 Schedule <u>A-7</u>

Prepared by <u>Client</u> / <u>3E3</u> <u>1/10/12</u>

Approved by <u>SW</u> <u>1/18/12</u>

01-03-12

	Disbursements				Receipts			
Bank (2)	Amount (3)	Date Recorded in Books (4)	Date Paid by Bank (5)	Bank (6)	Date Recorded in Books (7)	Date Received by Bank (8)		
First National - general	\$37,998 / 4-2	12-28-11 💥	01-02-12	Federal Charter - savings	12-29-11 🕖	12-27-11		
First National - general	\$10,000 V A-2	12-30-11	01-04-12	Federal Charter - savings	12-30-11	01-03-12 🗆 🥮		
	(2) First National - general First National - general	Bank Amount (3) First National - general \$20,642	Bank Amount in Books (4) First National - general \$20,642 \(4) First National - general \$37,998 \(\sqrt{A-2}\) 12-28-11 \(\sqrt{A-2}\)	Bank (2) Date Recorded in Books (4) Date Paid by Bank (5) First National - general \$20,642	Bank (2) Date Recorded in Books (4) Date Paid by Bank (5) (6) First National - general \$20,642 \(\) 12-26-11 \(\) 12-26-11 \(\) Federal Charter - payroll 12-28-11 \(\) 01-02-12 \(\) Federal Charter - savings	Bank Amount (3) Date Recorded by Bank Bank in Books (5) (6) (7) First National - general \$20,642✓ 12-26-11 ☑ 12-26-11 ☐ Federal Charter - payroll 12-26-11 ⊘		

01-04-12 Federal Charter - payroll

- I Traced to cash disbursements records.
- Traced to cash receipts records.
- * Check included as outstanding on bank reconciliation.

01-02-12

- Ocheck or E47 (Electronic Aunds Transfer) not included as outstanding on bank reconciliation.
- @ Receipt included as a deposit in transit.
- ☐ Traced to bank statement.

First National - general \$21,014

Receipt not included as a deposit in transit.

Note: Examined cash disbursements and cash receipts records for checks to and deposits from bank accounts. None included except those listed above.

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01-04-12

Interbank Transfers

The accuracy of the information on the interbank transfer schedule should be verified.

The interbank transfers must be recorded in both the receiving and disbursing banks.

The date of the recording of the disbursements and receipts for each transfer must be in the same fiscal year.

Interbank Transfers

Disbursements on the interbank transfer schedule should be correctly included in or excluded from year-end bank reconciliation as outstanding checks.

Receipts on the interbank transfer schedule should be correctly included in or excluded from year-end bank reconciliations as deposits in transit.

Learning Objective 5

Design and perform audit tests of the imprest payroll bank account.

Audit of the Imprest Payroll Bank Account

Typically, the only reconciling items are outstanding checks.



Learning Objective 6

Design and perform audit tests of imprest petty cash.

Petty Cash

Petty cash is a unique account because it is often immaterial in amount, yet it is verified on many audits.

The account is verified primarily because of the potential for embezzlement and the client's expectation of an audit review even when the amount is immaterial.

End of Chapter 23