Sergeant of Band and Assistant Leader, USMA, 1909-1918; Assistant Band Leader, 1917-1918. Catalog 200.
Sergeant of Field Music, USMA, 1909-1918; Sergeant Bugler (unauthorized), World War I. Catalog 201.
Chief Musician, 1902-1916; Band Leader, 1916-1917. Catalog 202.
Chief Trumpeter, 1902-1916; Sergeant Bugler, 1916-1917. Cata- log 203.
Principal Musician, 1902-1916; Assistant Band Leader, 1916- 1917; Sergeant Bugler (general application), 1918-1920; Sergeant of Field Music (USMA Band), 1918-1920. Catalog 204.
Corporal Bugler, 1918-1920. Catalog 205.

Band and Musician Chevron Designs, 1902-1920.

1000 1000	Bugler First Class, 1918-1920. Catalog 206.
	Bugler, 1917-1920. Catalog 207.
	Band Leader, 1917-1918. Catalog 208.
A Back	Band Leader, 1918-1920. Catalog 209.
235	Assistant Band Leader, 1918-1920. Catalog 210.
	Sergeant Bugler, 1917-1918. Catalog 211.

	Band Sergeant, 1917-1920. Catalog 212.
	Band Corporal, 1917-1920. Catalog 213.
	Drum Major, 1902-1916; Drum Major (USMA Band), 1902-1920. Catalog 214.
	First Sergeant (Drum Major) (infantry, cavalry, field artillery, engineers); First Sergeant of Band (Drum Major) (coast artil- lery), 1916-1917. Catalog 215.
	Musician (First, Second, and Third Class), 1920; unauthorized band PFC, circa 1916-1920. Catalog 216.
the second	Chief Musician, unauthorized. Catalog 217.
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Chief Musician or Musician First or Second Class, unautho- rized. Catalog 218.



Chevron Designs for Quartermaster Corps and Associated Personnel, 1902-1920.

The Quartermaster Corps was created in 1912 by combining the Pay Department, the Quartermaster General's Department, and the Commissary General's Department. Dress chevrons had branch devices hand embroidered in yellow silk with white X's (representing stars) on the blue felloe (the outer wooden portion of the wagon wheel). When made in pairs, prior to about 1912, the sword hilt was to the wearer's front and the eagle looked forward. By 1914 most Quartermaster Corps chevrons were made with sword hilt on the chevron's right and only the eagle came in pairs. During World War I the direction the eagle faced and the manner the sword and key crossed varied widely.

Post Commissary Sergeant, 1902-1912. Catalog 220.
Post Quartermaster Sergeant, 1902-1912; Quartermaster Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps, 1912-1913; Sergeant, Quar- termaster Corps, 1913-1918. Catalog 221.
Sergeant First Class, Quartermaster Corps, 1913-1918. Catalog 222.

	Quartermaster Sergeant, 1913-1918. Catalog 223.
	Quartermaster Sergeant, 1918-1920. Catalog 224.
	Master Electrician, Quartermaster Corps, 1912-1916. Catalog 225.
A CONTRACT OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNE OWNER OWNE	Quartermaster Sergeant Senior Grade, 1916-1920. Catalog 226.
	Corporal, Quartermaster Corps, 1913-1918. Catalog 227.
	Private First Class, Quartermaster Corps, 1913-1919. Catalog 228.
	Quartermaster Corps, circa World War I, unauthorized. Cata- log 229.

	Ordnance Sergeant, 1902-1917. Catalog No. 230.
	Sergeant of Ordnance, 1902-1918. Catalog No. 231.
	Corporal of Ordnance, 1902-1918. Catalog No. 232
	Lance Corporal of Ordnance, 1905-1916. Catalog No. 233.
*	First Class Private of Ordnance, 1902-1915; Private First Class (Ordnance), 1915-1919. Catalog No. 234
	Ordnance Sergeant, 1917-1918. Catalog No. 235.

Ordnance Personnel, 1902-1920.

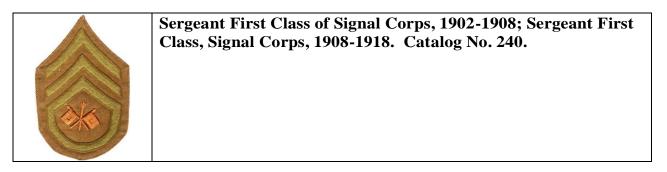
Ordnance Sergeant, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 236.
Sergeant First Class, Ordnance Department 1917-1918. Catalog No. 237.

Signal Corps, 1902-1920.

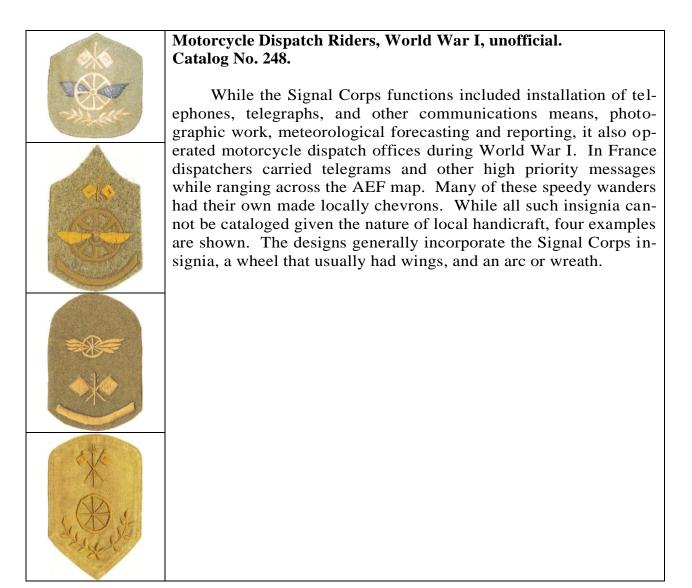
All of the original 1902 branch-colored Signal Corps chevrons had orange stripes piped in white and signal devices in "natural colors" so the white flag with red center was at the wearer's front. Due to remaining stocks of the pre-1902 black and white shirt chevrons, the orange and white chevrons were not issued at the Signal School until 1905.

Chevrons cataloged as Nos. 240 through 243 were also made all in green for members of the Army Service School Detachment at the Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, Signal School. In the summer of 1914 the War Department approved Signal Corps denim chevrons for wear on blue denim work uniforms. These bars and devices were outlined in white chain stitching and piped in orange.

In addition to chevrons cataloged as Nos. 240 through 247, master signal electricians wore No. 308 prior to 1909. The Chief Signal Officer considered the creation of master signal electricians a very positive step that encouraged skilled men to enlist "in the hope of ultimately reaching this grade."



	Sergeant of Signal Corps, 1902-1913; Sergeant, Signal Corps, 1913-1918. Catalog No. 241.
	Corporal of the Signal Corps, 1902-1913; Corporal, Signal Corps, 1913-1917. Catalog No. 242.
White white	Master Signal Electrician, 1909-1918. Catalog No. 243.
	Lance Corporal of Signal Corps, 1902-1913; Lance Corporal, Sig- nal Corps, 1913-1916. Catalog No. 244.
	Master Signal Electricians, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 245.
AND REAL	World War I, unauthorized. Catalog No. 246.
	Privates of the Signal Corps, 1902-1911; Private First Class, Sig- nal Corps, 1911-1919. Catalog No. 247.



Hospital Corps, 1902-1920

Maroon bars with white piping and a maroon caduceus went on branch-colored Hospital Corps chevrons. The Surgeon General instituted special chevrons with olive drab bars and a caduceus on white cotton cloth in 1905 for wear on the hospital white uniforms and these lasted through World War I. Army Service School Detachment members who were sergeants first class and PFCs of the Hospital Corps at the medical school also wore green bars and caduceus on dress uniforms.

	Hospital Sergeant, 1916-1918. Catalog No. 250:
	Hospital Steward, 1902-1903; Sergeant First Class of the Hospital Corps, 1903-1905; Sergeant First Class, Hospital Corps, 1905- 1918. Catalog No. 251.
	Acting Hospital Steward, 1902-1903; Sergeant of the Hospital Corps, 1903-1918. Catalog No. 252.
	Corporal of the Hospital Corps, 1903-1911. Catalog No. 253.
Ale and a second s	Lance Acting Hospital Steward, 1902-1903; Lance Corporal of the Hospital Corps, 1903-1916. Catalog No. 254.
Y	Private of the Hospital Corps, 1902-1903; Private First Class of the Hospital Corps, 1903-1917; Private First Class, Medical De- partment, 1917-1919. Catalog No. 255.

THE REAL	Master Hospital Sergeant, 1916-1920. Catalog No. 256.
the second	Hospital Sergeant, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 257.
	Hospital Supply Sergeant, unauthorized, circa WW I. Catalog No. 258.

Corps of Engineers, 1902-1920.

During World War I Corps of Engineer chevrons displayed a wide range of castles. Some simply outlined a castle, symbol of the Corps, but many castles were embroidered with windows, entrances, crenellations, and foundations. Other variations include details of wreaths on some chevrons and the overall shapes.

* Liniman y	Master Engineer Senior Grade, 1916-1920. Catalog No. 260.
Lal La	Master Engineer Junior Grade, 1916-1920. Catalog No. 261.

Sergeant First Class, Corps of Engineers, 1916-1918. Catalog No. 262.
Sergeant, Corps of Engineers, unauthorized. Catalog No. 263
Corporal, Corps of Engineers, unauthorized. Catalog No. 264.
First Class Private, Corps of Engineers, 1902-1915; Private First Class, Corps of Engineers, 1915-1919. Catalog No. 265.
Private First Class, Corps of Engineers, unauthorized, circa 1920. Catalog No. 266.

Coast Artillery Corps, 1902-1920.

After the Spanish-American War the coast artillery separated from the field artillery and expanded rapidly, becoming almost an army within the army. Some coast artillery units wore the old 1885-pattern coats and the large nineteenth century chevrons as late as 1912, but, especially after 1907, many special rank insignia unique to the Coast Artillery Corps came about.

Catalog Nos. 270-282 are rank chevrons used exclusive by the Coast Artillery Corps. Chevrons cataloged as Nos. 500 through 521, also solely of the sea coast de-

fense units, showed positions and ratings; however these are not ranks and are in Chapter Nine. The Coast Artillery Corps also used many of the standard chevrons cataloged as Nos. 300 through 330.

cataloged as 140s.	300 through 330.
	Electrician Sergeant, 1902-1907; Electrician Sergeant Second Class, Coast Artillery Corps, 1907-1908; Radio Sergeant, 1916- 1917, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 270.
	Electrician Sergeant First Class, 1908-1918. Catalog No. 271.
	Electrician Sergeant Second Class, 1908-1918. Catalog No. 272.
	Electrician Sergeant First Class, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 273.
State and	Master Electrician, 1907-1908; Unauthorized, World War I. Catalog No. 274.

*	Master Gunner, 1908-1920. Catalog No. 275.
*	Master Electrician, 1908-1920. Catalog No. 276.
	Fireman, 1907-1908. Catalog No. 277. Authorized in 1907 but never manufactured.
*	Engineer, Coast Artillery Corps, 1908-1920. Catalog No. 278.
	Assistant Engineer, Coast Artillery Corps, 1916-1920; Oiler, Mine Planter Service, 1920. Catalog No. 279.
	Fireman, Coast Artillery Corps, 1908-1914. Catalog No. 280.
	Fireman, Coast Artillery Corps, 1914-1917. Catalog No. 281.



Chemical Warfare Service and Similar Branches, 1917-1920.

The American Expeditionary Forces (AEF) in France established the Gas Service in September 1917 and retitled it the Chemical Warfare Service, AEF, in June 1918. Simultaneous with the 1918 change in France, in the United States the War Department established another temporary branch, the Chemical Warfare Service (CWS).

In 1917 the practice was for PFCs to wear an embroidered branch insignia as a chevron to show their rank. The Gas Service adopted a dragon's head above crossed gas artillery projectiles, which lead to Catalog No. 294, made in France. The CWS insignia was crossed retorts with a superimposed benzene ring. Some chevrons have the six-sided ring embroidered in blue.

In February 1918 the War Department authorized chevrons for any new temporary branch including for the "Chemical Service." These are cataloged as Nos. 290, 291, and 292, which the army officially replaced in May 1918, although men continued to wear these chevrons well into 1919.

Sergeant First Class, Chemical Warfare Service, 1918. Catalog No. 290.
Sergeant, Chemical Warfare Service, 1918. Catalog No. 291.

	Corporal, Chemical Warfare Service, 1918. Catalog No. 292.
680	Private First Class, Chemical Warfare Service, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 293.
	Private First Class, Gas Service, 1917-1919. Catalog No. 294.
The second secon	Master Chemical Sergeant, 1918. Catalog No. 295
Sheet of the second sec	Master Chemical Sergeant, Junior Grade, unauthorized. Cata- log No. 296.

General Use, Not Previously Designated, including Cavalry, Infantry, and Artillery, 1902-1920.



Regimental Sergeant Major (all arms except coast artillery) 1902-1920; Sergeant Major Senior Grade, (coast artillery), 1902-1920. Catalog No. 300.

Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant, 1902-1916; Regimental Supply Sergeant, 1916-1920. Catalog No. 301.
Regimental Commissary Sergeant, 1902-1916. Catalog No. 302.
Squadron or Battalion Sergeant Major (branches other than coast artillery), 1902-1920; Sergeant Major, Junior Grade (coast artillery) 1902-1920. Catalog No. 303.
Battalion of Engineers Quartermaster Sergeant, 1902-1917; Battalion Quartermaster Sergeant, (field artillery) 1907-1916; Battalion Supply Sergeant, (mounted engineer battalions) 1916-1918; Battalion or Squadron Supply Sergeant, 1918- 1920. Catalog No. 304.
Battalion Commissary Sergeant, unauthorized. Catalog No. 305.
Troop, Battery, or Company Quartermaster Sergeant, 1902- 1916; Supply Sergeant, 1916, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 306.

Company Commissary Sergeant, unauthorized. Catalog No. 307.
Master Electrician, 1903-1908; Master Signal Electrician, 1904- 1909; Electrician Sergeant First Class, CAC, 1907-1908; Radio Sergeant, 1917-1918; Electrician Sergeant Second Class, 1918- 1920. Catalog No. 308.
Color Sergeant, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 309.
Stable Sergeant, 1902-1916, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 310.
First Sergeant, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 311.
Sergeant, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 312.

	Companyal 1002 1020 Catalag Nr. 212
	Corporal, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 313.
	Lance Corporal, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 314.
	Farrier, 1910-1918. Catalog No. 315.
	Cook, 1902-1920. Catalog No. 316.
0	Farrier, 1902-1904, Farrier and Blacksmith, 1904-1910; Horse- shoer, 1910-1920. Catalog No. 317.
X	Mechanic and/or Artificer, 1902-1916; Mechanic, 1916-1920. Catalog No. 318.
Share and a state	Chief Mechanic, 1907-1918. Catalog No. 319.
	Chief Mechanic, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 320.
	Saddler, 1902-1920; Mechanic-Saddler, 1907-1913 (field artillery only). Catalog No. 321.
	Wagoner, 1910-1920. Catalog No. 322.

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Chief Wagoner, unauthorized. Catalog No. 323.
	Motor Sergeant, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 324.
	Chauffeur First Class, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 325.
	Chauffeur, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 326.
	Assistant Chauffeur, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 327
	Mess Sergeant, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 328
	Private First Class, Infantry, 1916-1919. Catalog No. 329.

	Private First Class, Cavalry, 1916-1919. Catalog No. 330.
23	Private First Class, Artillery, 1916-1919. Catalog No. 331.
	Private First Class, Service Schools and USMA Detachment, 1917-1919. Catalog No. 332.
	Private First Class, General Recruiting Service, 1918-1919. Cat- alog No. 333.
E.E	Private First Class, General Headquarters, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 334.
PM	Private First Class, Provost Marshal General's Department, 1919. Catalog No. 335.
21 PRIVATE FIRST CLAIS ALL ARMS AND DECHAND LINE PLANTER SERVICE.	Private First Class, all arms, and Deckhand Mine Planter Ser- vice, 1919-1920. Catalog No. 336. This shows an official sample.
	Sergeant First Class, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 337.



Cook (by branch), unauthorized circa 1917-1920. Catalog No.369. Transportation Corps shown, but made for various branches.

Tank Corps, 1918-1919.

Congress authorized the President to create temporary branches during World War I with soldiers assigned to these branches holding ranks authorized in the permanent arms or services. In the short World War I period the Tank Corps had two official branch insignia: the front view of an oncoming French tank and the side view of the Mark VIII tank supported by two dragons and a wreath. This second design further translated to chevrons in two different ways—just the tank and the full Tank Corps insignia which resulted in three possible chevron designs.

The Tank Corps was the only branch authorized master engineers senior grade (star above branch device and wreath) that was not also authorized master engineers junior grade (the same chevron less the star). Regulations never prescribed chevrons for Tank Corps sergeants first class, sergeant, and corporal although the government and various companies made them.

*	Master Engineer Senior Grade, Tank Corps, 1918. Catalog No. 338.
	Private First Class, Tank Corps, 1918. Catalog No. 339.
	Master Engineer Senior Grade, Tank Corps, 1918. Catalog No. 340.
	Private First Class, Tank Corps, 1918. Catalog No. 341.

*	Master Engineer Senior Grade, Tank Corps, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 342.
	Private First Class, Tank Corps, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 343.
	Master Engineer Senior Grade, Tank Corps, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 344.
	Private First Class, Tank Corps, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 345.
	Sergeant First Class, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 346.
	Sergeant, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 347.

Corporal, Tank corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 348.
Sergeant First Class, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 349.
Sergeant, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 350.
Corporal, Tank corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 351.
Sergeant First Class, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 352.
Sergeant, Tank Corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 353.



Corporal, Tank corps, unauthorized, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 354.

Air Service, 1917-1920.

When the army ventured into the air the Signal Corps was home for the soldiers, starting with Civil War observation balloons. Heavier-than-air machines followed after the Wright's successful flights. The army organized the first aviation squadron of two companies in December 1913, which included 90 enlisted men. In July 1914 Congress established the aviation section within the Signal Corps, initially authorizing up to 60 pilots and 260 enlisted men of all ranks. Late in World War I the War Department separated the Air Service from the Signal Corps, although it was 1920 before the Air Service became a permanent branch.

W. A.	Master Signal Electrician, Air Service, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 355.
	Sergeant First Class, Air Service, unauthorized. Catalog No. 356.
	Sergeant, Air Service, unauthorized. Catalog No. 357.
	Corporal, Air Service, unauthorized. Catalog No. 358.

Private First Class, Air Service, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 359.
Aviation Chief Wagoner, unauthorized. Catalog No. 323A. A varia- tion of unauthorized chevron Catalog No. 323 used by aviation per- sonnel.

Motor Transport Corps, 1918-1920.

Quartermaster Sergeant Senior Grade, Motor Transport Corps, 1918-1920. Catalog No. 360.
Quartermaster Sergeant Junior Grade, Motor Transport Corps, unauthorized, World War I. Catalog No. 361.
Sergeant First Class, Motor Transport Corps, unauthorized, World War I. Catalog No. 362.
Sergeant, Motor Transport Corps, unauthorized, World War I. Catalog No. 363.

Corporal, Motor Transport Corps, unauthorized, World War I Catalog No. 364.
Private First Class, Motor Transport Corps, 1918-1919. Catalog No. 365

Transportation Corps, 1919-1920.

* Contraction	Master Engineer Senior Grade, Transportation Corps, 1919- 1920. Catalog No. 370.
	Master Engineer Junior Grade, Transportation Corps, 1919. Catalog No. 371.
	Sergeant First Class, Transportation Corps, unauthorized. Cat- alog No. 372.
	Sergeant, Transportation Corps, unauthorized. Catalog No. 373.

Corporal, Transportation Corps, unauthorized. Catalog No. 374.
Private First Class, Transportation Corps, 1919. Catalog No. 375.

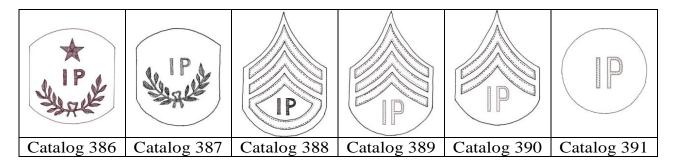
Intelligence Police and Corps of Interpreters, 1918.

The War Department authorized twelve chevrons for the Corps of Interpreters and for Intelligence Police soldiers by Change 3 to Special Regulation No. 42, dated 19 February 1918. The change did not provide for dress chevrons as was typical at that time, but it did call for soldiers in these two temporary branches to have chevrons "corresponding grades in the Medical Department, except that the device of the organization, as prescribed [the letters "INT" and "IP"]...will replace the caduceus as issued."

Special Regulation No. 42 made no further mention of these chevrons and it is doubtful troops even wore them. The next regulation change, published in May, provided for chevrons for "general application," or those common for all branches. Only certain of the Interpreters and Intelligence Police chevrons would have been replaced in May, while others—such as PFC insignia—should have remained, however these insignia were not listed. Samples sealed in 1919 and detailed clothing specifications written in February 1919 also fail to mention these chevrons.

The War Department established the Corps of Interpreters in July 1917 and included 72 sergeants who had the rank, pay, and allowances of an infantry sergeant. Strength increased to one sergeant for each 500 prisoner in 1918. The total Intelligence Police enlisted strength was set at 300 in November 1917.

INT AND REAL	INT,	INT	INT	INT	
Catalog 380	Catalog 381	Catalog 382	Catalog 383	Catalog 384	Catalog 385



Authorized 1920 Chevrons.

The Secretary of War approved four newly designed chevrons on January 7, 1920. The Quartermaster Corps sealed official samples in May 1920, then started to make them in quantity but these chevrons were never worn. In addition to Catalog Nos. 396 through 399, Nos. 236, 256, 257, 275, 276, 278, and 279 were also made at this time with green wreaths. Also approved and sealed, but never worn, were Catalog Nos. 209, 210, 212, 213, and 216, which can be distinguished by yellow lyres, Catalog Nos. 270, 273, and 308, which have white lightning bolts; and Catalog No. 282, which had the design in red.

