

SECTION 263213 - ENGINE GENERATORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Certain requirements common to all the mechanical and electrical trades (Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, and Tele/Data) are specified in Division 20. To avoid repetition, they are not repeated in each relevant Division of the Specifications. However, these requirements are applicable to the work of this Division, and are hereby incorporated by reference.
- B. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes packaged engine-generator sets for emergency power supply with the following features:
 - 1. Engine generator set
 - 2. Engine
 - 3. Control and monitoring
 - 4. Generator overcurrent and fault protection
 - 5. Generator exciter and voltage regulator
 - 6. Load bank
 - 7. Outdoor generator set enclosure
 - 8. Vibration isolation devices
 - 9. Finishes
- B. Requirements for certification of completion (affidavit)
 - 1. Notify the Design Professional in writing that the life safety systems are complete at least five (5) working days prior to requesting final certification of completion ("affidavits") from the Architect/Engineer. The notification shall be in the form of a single formal document endorsed by an individual charged with management responsibility for all trades associated with the life safety systems.
 - 2. In order for an affidavit to be signed the generator and the emergency system shall be tested per NFPA 110.
 - 3. NFPA 110 Acceptance Tests: Perform tests required by NFPA 110 that are additional to those specified herein. The NFPA test generally consists of a cold start, a 2 hour load test, a 5 minute cool down, a 100 percent load test and then another 2 hour load test for a total test time of 4 hours and 5 minutes.
 - 4. All completed testing forms shall be submitted to the Design Professional a minimum of two (2) days prior to requiring affidavits.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Operational Bandwidth: The total variation from the lowest to highest value of a parameter over the range of conditions indicated, expressed as a percentage of the nominal value of the parameter.
- B. LP: Liquid petroleum.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of packaged engine generator indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories. In addition, include the following:
 - 1. Thermal damage curve for generator.
 - 2. Time-current characteristic curves for generator protective device.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
 - 1. Dimensioned outline plan and elevation drawings of engine-generator set and other components specified.
 - 2. Design Calculations: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and seismic restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.
 - 3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include base weights.
 - 4. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
 - 5. Over-current protection, relays, and control devices shall be identified and their ratings marked.
 - 6. Electrical schematic drawings shall be provided to detail the operation of the load bank and the provided safety circuits. A system interconnection drawing shall be included for control wiring related to the load bank.
 - 7. Noise Emissions: Provide a submittal with suitably supported and documented noise emission calculations or measurement data to demonstrate compliance with noise levels outlined in the specification. The submittal shall ensure all aspects of noise emission from the unit have been included.
 - 8. Copy of blank NFPA 110 Acceptance Test form for review.
- C. Qualification Data: For installer and manufacturer.
- D. Source quality-control test reports.
 - 1. Certified summary of prototype-unit test report.
 - 2. Certified Test Reports: For components and accessories that are equivalent, but not identical, to those tested on prototype unit.
 - 3. Report of sound generation.
 - 4. Report of exhaust emissions showing compliance with applicable regulations.
 - 5. Certified Torsional Vibration Compatibility: Comply with NFPA 110.

- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For packaged engine generators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Division 01, include the following:
1. List of tools and replacement items recommended to be stored at Project for ready access. Include part and drawing numbers, current unit prices, and source of supply.
- F. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE
- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
1. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than four hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.
 2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for vibration isolators and seismic restraints of engine skid mounts, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer. Maintain, within 200 miles of Project site, a service center capable of providing training, parts, and emergency maintenance repairs.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain packaged generator sets and auxiliary components through one source from a single manufacturer.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- E. Comply with ASME B15.1.
- F. Comply with NFPA 37.
- G. Comply with NFPA 70.
- H. Comply with NFPA 110 requirements for Level 2 emergency power supply system.
- I. Comply with UL 2200.
- J. Engine Exhaust Emissions: Comply with applicable state and local government requirements.
- K. Noise Emission: Comply with applicable state and local government requirements for maximum noise level at adjacent property boundaries due to sound emitted by generator set including engine, engine exhaust, engine cooling-air intake and discharge, and other components of installation.
- 1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS
- A. Interruption of Existing Electrical Service: Do not interrupt electrical service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electrical service according to requirements indicated:
1. Notify Architect and Owner no fewer than fourteen days in advance of proposed interruption of electrical service.
 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electrical service without Owner's written permission.
- B. Environmental Conditions: Engine-generator system shall withstand the following environmental conditions without mechanical or electrical damage or degradation of performance capability:

1. Ambient Temperature: 5 to 40 deg C.
2. Relative Humidity: 0 to 95 percent.
3. Altitude: Sea level to 1000 feet.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases for package engine generators. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of packaged engine generators and associated auxiliary components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 1. Warranty Period: 2 years from date of Substantial Completion.

1.9 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, provide 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of manufacturer's designated service organization. Include quarterly exercising to check for proper starting, load transfer, and running under load. Include routine preventive maintenance as recommended by manufacturer and adjusting as required for proper operation. Provide parts and supplies same as those used in the manufacture and installation of original equipment.

1.10 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 1. Fuses: One for every 10 of each type and rating, but no fewer than one of each.
 2. Indicator Lamps: Two for every six of each type used, but no fewer than two of each.
 3. Filters: One set each of lubricating oil, fuel, and combustion-air filters.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product by Caterpillar; Engine Div. or a comparable product by one of the following:
 1. MTU Onsite Energy
 2. Kohler Co.; Generator Division.
 3. Onan/Cummins Power Generation; Industrial Business Group.

2.2 ENGINE-GENERATOR SET

- A. Factory-assembled and -tested, engine-generator set.
- B. Mounting Frame: Maintain alignment of mounted components without depending on concrete foundation; and have lifting attachments.

1. Rigging Diagram: Inscribed on metal plate permanently attached to mounting frame to indicate location and lifting capacity of each lifting attachment and generator-set center of gravity.
- C. Capacities and Characteristics:
1. Power Output Ratings: Nominal ratings as indicated, with capacity as required to operate as a unit as evidenced by records of prototype testing.
 2. Output Connections: Three-phase, four wire.
 3. Nameplates: For each major system component to identify manufacturer's name and address, and model and serial number of component.
- D. Generator-Set Performance:
1. Steady-State Voltage Operational Bandwidth: 3 percent of rated output voltage from no load to full load.
 2. Transient Voltage Performance: Not more than 20 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Voltage shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within three seconds.
 3. Steady-State Frequency Operational Bandwidth: 0.5 percent of rated frequency from no load to full load.
 4. Steady-State Frequency Stability: When system is operating at any constant load within the rated load, there shall be no random speed variations outside the steady-state operational band and no hunting or surging of speed.
 5. Transient Frequency Performance: Less than 5 percent variation for 50 percent step-load increase or decrease. Frequency shall recover and remain within the steady-state operating band within five seconds.
 6. Output Waveform: At no load, harmonic content measured line to line or line to neutral shall not exceed 5 percent total and 3 percent for single harmonics. Telephone influence factor, determined according to NEMA MG 1, shall not exceed 50 percent.
 7. Sustained Short-Circuit Current: For a 3-phase, bolted short circuit at system output terminals, system shall supply a minimum of 250 percent of rated full-load current for not less than 10 seconds and then clear the fault automatically, without damage to generator system components.

2.3 ENGINE

- A. Fuel: Natural gas.
- B. Rated Engine Speed: 1800 rpm.
- C. Maximum Piston Speed for Four-Cycle Engines: 2250 fpm.
- D. Lubrication System: The following items are mounted on engine or skid:
 1. Filter and Strainer: Rated to remove 90 percent of particles 5 micrometers and smaller while passing full flow.
 2. Thermostatic Control Valve: Control flow in system to maintain optimum oil temperature. Unit shall be capable of full flow and is designed to be fail-safe.
 3. Crankcase Drain: Arranged for complete gravity drainage to an easily removable container with no disassembly and without use of pumps, siphons, special tools, or appliances.
- E. Engine Fuel System:

1. Natural Gas (Vapor-Withdrawal) System:
 - a. Carburetor.
 - b. Secondary Gas Regulators: One for each fuel type.
 - c. Fuel-Shutoff Solenoid Valves: One for each fuel source.
 - d. Flexible Fuel Connectors: One for each fuel source.
- F. Coolant Jacket Heater: Electric-immersion type, factory installed in coolant jacket system.
- G. Governor: Adjustable isochronous, with speed sensing.
- H. Cooling System: Closed loop, liquid cooled, with radiator factory mounted on engine-generator-set mounting frame and integral engine-driven coolant pump.
 1. Coolant: Solution of 50 percent ethylene-glycol-based antifreeze and 50 percent water, with anticorrosion additives as recommended by engine manufacturer.
 2. Size of Radiator: Adequate to contain expansion of total system coolant from cold start to 110 percent load condition.
 3. Temperature Control: Self-contained, thermostatic-control valve modulates coolant flow automatically to maintain optimum constant coolant temperature as recommended by engine manufacturer.
 4. Coolant Hose: Flexible assembly with inside surface of nonporous rubber and outer covering of aging-, ultraviolet-, and abrasion-resistant fabric.
 - a. Rating: 50-psig (345-kPa) maximum working pressure with coolant at 180 deg F (82 deg C), and noncollapsible under vacuum.
 - b. End Fittings: Flanges or steel pipe nipples with clamps to suit piping and equipment connections.
- I. Muffler/Silencer: Critical type, sized as recommended by engine manufacturer and selected with exhaust piping system to not exceed engine manufacturer's engine backpressure requirements.
 1. Minimum sound attenuation of 25 dB at 500 Hz.
 2. Sound level measured at a distance of 23 feet from the generator enclosure shall be 65 dBA or less.
- J. Air-Intake Filter: Heavy-duty, engine-mounted air cleaner with replaceable dry-filter element and "blocked filter" indicator.
- K. Starting System: 24-V electric, with negative ground.
 1. Components: Sized so they will not be damaged during a full engine-cranking cycle with ambient temperature at maximum specified in Part 1 "Project Conditions" Article.
 2. Cranking Motor: Heavy-duty unit that automatically engages and releases from engine flywheel without binding.
 3. Cranking Cycle: As required by NFPA 110 for system level specified.
 4. Battery: Adequate capacity within ambient temperature range specified in Part 1 "Project Conditions" Article to provide specified cranking cycle at least twice without recharging.
 5. Battery Cable: Size as recommended by engine manufacturer for cable length indicated. Include required interconnecting conductors and connection accessories.
 6. Battery-Charging Alternator: Factory mounted on engine with solid-state voltage regulation and 35-A minimum continuous rating.

7. Battery Charger: Current-limiting, automatic-equalizing and float-charging type. Unit shall comply with UL 1236 and include the following features:
- a. Operation: Equalizing-charging rate of 10 A shall be initiated automatically after battery has lost charge until an adjustable equalizing voltage is achieved at battery terminals. Unit shall then be automatically switched to a lower float-charging mode and shall continue to operate in that mode until battery is discharged again.
 - b. Automatic Temperature Compensation: Adjust float and equalize voltages for variations in ambient temperature from minus 40 deg. C to plus 60 deg. C to prevent overcharging at high temperatures and undercharging at low temperatures.
 - c. Automatic Voltage Regulation: Maintain constant output voltage regardless of input voltage variations up to plus or minus 10 percent.
 - d. Ammeter and Voltmeter: Flush mounted in door. Meters shall indicate charging rates.
 - e. Safety Functions: Sense abnormally low battery voltage and close contacts providing low battery voltage indication on control and monitoring panel. Sense high battery voltage and loss of ac input or dc output of battery charger. Either condition shall close contacts that provide a battery-charger malfunction indication at system control and monitoring panel.
 - f. Enclosure and Mounting: NEMA 250, Type 1, wall-mounted cabinet.

2.4 CONTROL AND MONITORING

- A. Automatic Starting System Sequence of Operation: When mode-selector switch on the control and monitoring panel is in the automatic position, remote-control contacts in one or more separate automatic transfer switches initiate starting and stopping of generator set. When mode-selector switch is switched to the on position, generator set starts. The off position of same switch initiates generator-set shutdown. When generator set is running, specified system or equipment failures or derangements automatically shut down generator set and initiate alarms. Operation of a remote emergency-stop switch also shuts down generator set.
- B. Configuration: Operating and safety indications, protective devices, basic system controls, and engine gages shall be grouped in a common control and monitoring panel mounted on the generator set. Mounting method shall isolate the control panel from generator-set vibration.
- C. Indicating and Protective Devices and Controls: As required by NFPA 110 for Level 2 system, and the following:
 1. AC voltmeter.
 2. AC ammeter.
 3. AC frequency meter.
 4. DC voltmeter (alternator battery charging).
 5. Engine-coolant temperature gage.
 6. Engine lubricating-oil pressure gage.
 7. Running-time meter.
 8. Ammeter-voltmeter, phase-selector switch(es).
 9. Generator-voltage adjusting rheostat.
 10. Generator overload.

- D. Supporting Items: Include sensors, transducers, terminals, relays, and other devices and include wiring required to support specified items. Locate sensors and other supporting items on engine or generator, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Connection to Data Link: A separate terminal block, factory wired to Form C dry contacts, for each alarm and status indication is reserved for connections for data-link transmission of indications to remote data terminals. Data system connections to terminals are covered in Division 26.
- F. Common Remote Audible Alarm: Signal the occurrence of any events listed below without differentiating between event types. Connect so that after an alarm is silenced, clearing of initiating condition will reactivate alarm until silencing switch is reset.
 - 1. Engine high-temperature shutdown.
 - 2. Lube-oil, low-pressure shutdown.
 - 3. Overspeed shutdown.
 - 4. Remote emergency-stop shutdown.
 - 5. Engine high-temperature prealarm.
 - 6. Lube-oil, low-pressure prealarm.
 - 7. Low coolant level.
- G. Remote Emergency-Stop Switch: Flush; wall mounted, unless otherwise indicated; and labeled. Push button shall be protected from accidental operation.

2.5 GENERATOR OVERCURRENT AND FAULT PROTECTION

- A. Generator Circuit Breaker: Molded-case, electronic-trip type; 100 percent rated; complying with UL 489.
 - 1. Tripping Characteristics: Adjustable long-time and short-time delay and instantaneous.
 - 2. Trip Settings: Selected to coordinate with generator thermal damage curve.
 - 3. Shunt Trip: Connected to trip breaker when generator set is shut down by other protective devices.
 - 4. Mounting: Adjacent to or integrated with control and monitoring panel.
- B. Ground-Fault Indication: Comply with NFPA 70, "Emergency System" signals for ground-fault. Integrate ground-fault alarm indication with other generator-set alarm indications.

2.6 GENERATOR, EXCITER, AND VOLTAGE REGULATOR

- A. Comply with NEMA MG 1.
- B. Drive: Generator shaft shall be directly connected to engine shaft. Exciter shall be rotated integrally with generator rotor.
- C. Electrical Insulation: Class H or Class F.
- D. Stator-Winding Leads: Brought out to terminal box to permit future reconnection for other voltages if required.
- E. Construction shall prevent mechanical, electrical, and thermal damage due to vibration, overspeed up to 125 percent of rating, and heat during operation at 110 percent of rated capacity.
- F. Enclosure: Dripproof.
- G. Instrument Transformers: Mounted within generator enclosure.

- H. Voltage Regulator: Solid-state type, separate from exciter, providing performance as specified.
 - 1. Adjusting rheostat on control and monitoring panel shall provide plus or minus 5 percent adjustment of output-voltage operating band.
- I. Windings: Two-thirds pitch stator winding and fully linked amortisseur winding.
- J. Subtransient Reactance: 12 percent, maximum.

2.7 LOAD BANK

- A. Description: Permanent, outdoor, weatherproof, remote-controlled, forced-air-cooled, resistive unit capable of providing a balanced 3-phase, delta-connected load to generator set at 50 percent rated-system capacity, at 80 percent power factor, lagging. Unit may be composed of separate resistive and reactive load banks controlled by a common control panel. Unit shall be capable of selective control of load in 25 percent steps and with minimum step changes of approximately 5 and 10 percent available.
- B. Resistive Load Elements: Corrosion-resistant chromium alloy with ceramic and steel supports. Elements shall be double insulated and designed for repetitive on-off cycling. Elements shall be mounted in removable aluminized-steel heater cases.
- C. Load-Bank Heat Dissipation: Integral fan with totally enclosed motor shall provide uniform cooling airflow through load elements. Airflow and coil operating current shall be such that, at maximum load, with ambient temperature at the upper end of specified range, load-bank elements operate at not more than 50 percent of maximum continuous temperature rating of resistance elements.
- D. Load Element Switching: Remote-controlled contactors switch groups of load elements. Contactor coils are rated 120 V. Contactors shall be located in a separate NEMA 250, Type 3R enclosure within load-bank enclosure, accessible from exterior through hinged doors with tumbler locks.
- E. Contactor Enclosures: Heated by thermostatically controlled strip heaters to prevent condensation.
- F. Load-Bank Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 3R, complying with NEMA ICS 6. Louvers at cooling-air intake and discharge openings shall prevent entry of rain and snow. Openings for airflow shall be screened with 1/2-inch-square, galvanized-steel mesh. Reactive load bank shall include automatic shutters at air intake and discharge.
- G. Protective Devices: Power input circuits to load banks shall be fused, and fuses shall be selected to coordinate with generator circuit breaker. Fuse blocks shall be located in contactor enclosure. Cooling airflow and overtemperature sensors shall automatically shut down and lock out load bank until manually reset. Safety interlocks on access panels and doors shall disconnect load power, control, and heater circuits. Fan motor shall be separately protected by overload and short-circuit devices. Short-circuit devices shall be noninterchangeable fuses with 200,000-A interrupting capacity.
- H. Remote-Control Panel: Separate from load bank in NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure with a control power switch and pilot light, and switches controlling groups of load elements.
- I. Control Sequence: Control panel may be preset for adjustable single-step loading of generator during automatic exercising.

2.8 OUTDOOR GENERATOR-SET ENCLOSURE

- A. Description: Vandal-resistant, weatherproof steel housing, wind resistant up to 100 mph. Multiple panels shall be lockable and provide adequate access to components requiring maintenance. Panels shall be removable by one person without tools. Instruments and control shall be mounted within enclosure.

- B. Qualifications
1. The design is based on Pritchard-Brown (Division of Enviro Industries), to establish standards of quality for materials and performance. The naming of a specific manufacturer or catalog number does not waive any requirements or performance of individual components described in the specifications.
 2. Acceptable alternate manufacturers are Robinson or Yancy .
- C. Enclosure color shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturers standard available colors. A minimum of six colors shall be available for enclosure exterior
- D. Sound Attenuation
1. The enclosure shall be designed for 65dBA or less at 23 feet from the enclosure.
- E. Description: Prefabricated or pre-engineered enclosure with the following features:
1. Construction: Galvanized-steel, metal-clad, integral structural-steel-framed building.
 2. Structural Design and Anchorage: Comply with ASCE 7 for wind loads.
 3. Space Heater: Thermostatically controlled and sized to prevent condensation.
 4. Louvers: Equipped with bird screen and filter arranged to permit air circulation when engine is not running while excluding exterior dust, birds, and rodents.
 5. Hinged Doors: With padlocking provisions.
 6. Thermal Insulation: Manufacturer's standard materials and thickness selected in coordination with space heater to maintain winter interior temperature within operating limits required by engine-generator-set components.
 7. Muffler Location: Within enclosure.
- F. Integral Power Distribution: The enclosure shall contain a 100A, 3 phase, 208Y/120V load center with main breaker to feed all ancillary items within the enclosure. Ancillary items shall include, but not be limited to, jacket water heater, battery heater, lights, and receptacles. The enclosure shall include AC lighting, duplex receptacles, unit heaters, etc. The AC lights shall have timer type switch. All devices in the enclosure, including specified generator set accessories, shall be pre-wired in EMT by enclosure manufacturer. In addition, the manufacturer shall perform the system integration of all components in the enclosure, mechanical and electrical.
- G. Engine Cooling Airflow through Enclosure: Maintain temperature rise of system components within required limits when unit operates at 110 percent of rated load for 2 hours with ambient temperature at top of range specified in system service conditions.
1. Louvers: Fixed-engine, cooling-air inlet and discharge. Storm-proof and drainable louvers prevent entry of rain and snow.
 2. Automatic Dampers: At engine cooling-air inlet and discharge. Dampers shall be closed to reduce enclosure heat loss in cold weather when unit is not operating.
- H. Interior Lights with Switch: Factory-wired, vaporproof-type fixtures within housing; arranged to illuminate controls and accessible interior. Arrange for external electrical connection.
1. AC lighting system and connection point for operation when remote source is available.
- I. Convenience Outlets: Factory wired, GFCI.. Arrange for external electrical connection.
- J. Where the generator entrance point is more than 12" above finished grade (or roof level) provide an access platform with stairs on both sides of the unit to access the generator enclosure. Materials shall be hot dipped galvanized. Stair and platform shall include the associated structural elements to support the stairs and platform. Coordinate support of stairs

and platform with other Divisions. Provide shop drawing detailing materials and support points that are coordinated with the field conditions.

2.9 VIBRATION ISOLATION DEVICES

- A. Elastomeric Isolator Pads: Oil- and water-resistant elastomer or natural rubber, arranged in single or multiple layers, molded with a nonslip pattern and galvanized-steel baseplates of sufficient stiffness for uniform loading over pad area, and factory cut to sizes that match requirements of supported equipment.
1. Material: Standard neoprene.
 2. Durometer Rating: 50.
 3. Number of Layers: Three.
- B. Restrained Spring Isolators: Freestanding, steel, open-spring isolators with seismic restraint.
1. Housing: Steel with resilient vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to wind loads or if weight is removed; factory-drilled baseplate bonded to 1/4-inch- thick, elastomeric isolator pad attached to baseplate underside; and adjustable equipment mounting and leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.
 2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of compressed height of the spring at rated load.
 3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of required deflection at rated load.
 4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
 5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.

2.10 FINISHES

- A. Indoor and Outdoor Enclosures and Components: Manufacturer's standard finish over corrosion-resistant pretreatment and compatible primer.

2.11 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Prototype Testing: Factory test engine-generator set using same engine model, constructed of identical or equivalent components and equipped with identical or equivalent accessories.
1. Tests: Comply with NFPA 110, Level 1 Energy Converters and with IEEE 115.
- B. Project-Specific Equipment Tests: Before shipment, factory test engine-generator set and other system components and accessories manufactured specifically for this Project. Perform tests at rated load and power factor. Include the following tests:
1. Test components and accessories furnished with installed unit that are not identical to those on tested prototype to demonstrate compatibility and reliability.
 2. Full load run.
 3. Maximum power.
 4. Voltage regulation.
 5. Transient and steady-state governing.
 6. Single-step load pickup.
 7. Safety shutdown.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas, equipment bases, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation and other conditions affecting packaged engine-generator performance.
- B. Examine roughing-in of piping systems and electrical connections. Verify actual locations of connections before packaged engine-generator installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with packaged engine-generator manufacturers' written installation and alignment instructions and with NFPA 110.
- B. Install packaged engine generator to provide access, without removing connections or accessories, for periodic maintenance.
- C. Install packaged engine generator with restrained spring isolators having a minimum deflection of 1 inch on 4-inch- high concrete base. Secure sets to anchor bolts installed in concrete bases. Concrete base construction is specified in Division 26.
- D. Install Schedule 40, black steel piping with welded joints and connect to engine muffler. Install thimble at wall. Piping shall be same diameter as muffler outlet. Flexible connectors and steel piping materials and installation requirements are specified in Division 23.
- E. Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by equipment manufacturers but not specified to be factory mounted.

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in Division 23 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping and specialties.
- B. Connect fuel, cooling-system, and exhaust-system piping adjacent to packaged engine generator to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Connect engine exhaust pipe to engine with flexible connector.
- D. Connect fuel piping to engines with a gate valve and union and flexible connector.
- E. Natural-gas piping, valves, and specialties for gas distribution are specified in Division 23.
- F. Ground equipment according to Division 26.
- G. Connect wiring according to Division 26.
- H. Control Wiring
 - 1. Control wiring shall be provided as follows:
 - a. Between fuel oil pumps, starters, and day tank solenoid.
 - b. Between each ATS and generator start panel. Wiring shall be run in 1" C and shall not be wired in parallel to each switch but separately from each ATS to generator start panel.
 - c. To remote mounted annunciator to be located adjacent to fire alarm control panel. Provide wiring from all specified alarm and indicating points.

- d. Other control wiring as required by manufacturers shop drawings.
- e. Where required to be annunciated on building automation system (BAS), provide wiring to junction box with terminal strip and numbered connections for all generator functions. Locate junction box in generator room for BAS contractor to connect to.

I. Power Wiring

- 1. Power wiring shall be provided as shown on contract drawing one lines and branch circuit power to generator as follows from local emergency/normal panel.
 - a. Electric service to weatherproof enclosure sized to manufacturers recommendations.
 - b. Fuel oil pumps and louver control system.
 - c. Heaters as specified and shown on manufacturer's shop drawings.
 - d. To generator control panel.
 - e. To and from battery charger and batteries.
 - f. Other power wiring as required by manufacturers shop drawings.

- J. Generator shall be grounded in accordance with NEC. Provide ground strap from building ground to generator frame.

3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components according to Division 23 and Division 26.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections. Report results in writing.

- B. Tests and Inspections:

- 1. The system shall have two tests. The first test shall be a Pre-test to verify system operation prior to the acceptance test. The second test shall be the NFPA 110 acceptance test. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer and each electrical test and visual and mechanical inspection (except those indicated to be optional) for "AC Generators and for Emergency Systems" specified in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.

- 2. Generator Pre Testing

- a. Pre-testing is required to prepare for the Installation Acceptance Test. Prior to scheduling the Installation Acceptance Test, a Pre-Acceptance Test of the system is performed by the contractor to verify that the system is operating properly and is ready for the Installation Acceptance Test.
- b. Pre-Acceptance Test Procedure:
 - 1) The Pre-Acceptance Test is typically performed two weeks prior to scheduling the Installation Acceptance Test.
 - 2) Verify that the generator starts and runs when normal power is shut off.

- 3) Operate the Generator long enough to assure it is operating properly, to verify it starts and transfers load to emergency loads in less than 10 seconds, and that all connected equipment is operating properly.
 - 4) Verify that dampers open and ancillaries operate properly.
 - 5) Verify that fuel delivery system is operational and functioning as designed.
 - 6) Check and adjust equipment.
 - 7) Set and verify time delays on transfer switches.
 - 8) Correct deficiencies and verify that the system is ready for the Installation Acceptance Test.
 - 9) The Owner's representative should witness this test.
3. NFPA 110 Acceptance Tests: Perform tests required by NFPA 110 that are additional to those specified here including, but not limited to, single-step full-load pickup test.
 4. Battery Tests: Equalize charging of battery cells according to manufacturer's written instructions. Record individual cell voltages.
 - a. Measure charging voltage and voltages between available battery terminals for full-charging and float-charging conditions. Check electrolyte level and specific gravity under both conditions.
 - b. Test for contact integrity of all connectors. Perform an integrity load test and a capacity load test for the battery.
 - c. Verify acceptance of charge for each element of the battery after discharge.
 - d. Verify that measurements are within manufacturer's specifications.
 5. Battery-Charger Tests: Verify specified rates of charge for both equalizing and float-charging conditions.
 6. System Integrity Tests: Methodically verify proper installation, connection, and integrity of each element of engine-generator system before and during system operation. Check for air, exhaust, and fluid leaks.
 7. Exhaust Emissions Test: Comply with applicable government test criteria.
 8. Voltage and Frequency Transient Stability Tests: Use recording oscilloscope to measure voltage and frequency transients for 50 and 100 percent step-load increases and decreases, and verify that performance is as specified.
 9. Harmonic-Content Tests: Measure harmonic content of output voltage under 25 percent and at 100 percent of rated linear load. Verify that harmonic content is within specified limits.
 10. Noise Level Tests: Measure A-weighted level of noise emanating from generator-set installation, including engine exhaust and cooling-air intake and discharge, at six locations to be determined by Owner and Architect, and compare measured levels with required values.
- C. Coordinate tests with tests for transfer switches and run them concurrently.
 - D. Test instruments shall have been calibrated within the last 12 months, traceable to standards of NIST, and adequate for making positive observation of test results. Make calibration records available for examination on request.
 - E. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.

- F. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
- G. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- H. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- I. Retest: Correct deficiencies identified by tests and observations and retest until specified requirements are met.
- J. Report results of tests and inspections in writing. Record adjustable relay settings and measured insulation resistances, time delays, and other values and observations. Attach a label or tag to each tested component indicating satisfactory completion of tests.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain packaged engine generators. Refer to Division 01.

END OF SECTION

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Project Location: _____

Project Description: _____

Date of Test: _____

Witnessed By: _____

System Classification: Emergency Standby Optional Standby
(NEC) (NEC 700) (NEC 701) (NEC 702)

Level: Level 1 Level 2 Other
(2002 NFPA 110 Paragraph 4.4)(Emergency)(Typically Standby) (Optional Standby)

Classification: Class 2 Class 6 Class 48 Class X
(2002 NFPA 110 Table 4.1.a) (2 Hours) (6 Hours) (48 Hours) (Other
Time,
(Length of Time) in hours)

Type: Type 10 Type 60 Type 120 Type M
(2002 NFPA 110 Table 4.1.b) (10 seconds) (60 seconds) (120 seconds)
(Non-automatic) (Lights off till Lights on)

Test Procedure: Follow the sequence below. The sequence follows the NFPA 110 Acceptance Testing procedure outlined in Paragraph 7.13, Installation Acceptance, in the 2002 Edition of NFPA 110. The **Operational Test** is conducted **prior** to the **Full Load Test** (Load Bank Test) in accordance with NFPA 110.

OPERATIONAL TEST: This phase of the test verifies operation of the generator start circuit, transfer switches, and verifies that all loads connected to the generator are energized. The load bank is not used for this part of the test.

Cold Start Condition: The generator should not be run prior to the test on the day of the test.

Normal Building Loads On: Prior to starting the test, verify that normally operating building loads are connected and operating.

At Time t = 0, Open All Service Switches to the building.

Record the following:

TIME DELAY ON START: _____ **Seconds**
(From time t = 0, measure the time till the generator starts to crank. NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.3)

CRANKING TIME FOR START/RUN: _____ **Seconds**
(Time between engine starting to running per NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.4)

TIME TO REACH OPERATING SPEED: _____ **Seconds**
(From time t = 0, per NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.5)

VOLTAGE OVERSHOOT: _____ **Volts**
(Per NFPA 110, 7.13.4.1.6)

FREQUENCY OVERSHOOT: _____ **HZ**
(Per NFPA 110, 7.13.4.1.6)

ATS TRANSFER TIMES
(From Time t = 0, record the time for each ATS to transfer load to the generator. In general, it's the time from lights off until lights on. NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.7)

ATS 1: _____ **Seconds**
ATS 2: _____ **Seconds**

ATS 3: _____ **Seconds**

ATS 4: _____ **Seconds**

AT STEADY STATE
(Record per NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.8, 9)

Volts: _____ VAB _____ VBC _____ VCA
 _____ VAN _____ VBN _____ VCN

Amperes: _____ Ø A _____ Ø B _____ Ø C

Oil Pressure: _____ **PSI**

Water Temperature: _____ ° F

The Test Continues for 2 Hours: During the two hours, the Owner's Representative will verify that all loads connected to the generator are energized. Exit lights and egress lighting will be checked for proper operation. The fire pump and elevators will be operated if connected to the generator. (NFPA 110 7.13.4.11)

Record Battery Charge Rate & Power Fluctuations as Follows:

Time Minutes	Oil Pressure	Water Temp F	Battery Charge Rate	Kilowatts	Amperes			Volts Line - Line			HZ	Remarks (Load Changes Observed)
					Ø A	Ø B	Ø C	Vab	Vbc	Vca		
0												
5												
10												
15												
30												
45												
60												
75												
90												
105												
120												

Shaded areas are recorded if load changes are observed.

At Time t = 2 hours, **Restore Normal Power**

Record the following:

ATS TRANSFER TIMES

(From Time t = 2 hours, record the time for each ATS to transfer load back to the normal source. NFPA 110 7.13.4.1.12)

ATS 1: _____ seconds

ATS 2: _____ seconds

ATS 3: _____ seconds

ATS 4: _____ seconds

TIME DELAY FOR COOLDOWN: _____ Minutes

(From time last transfer switch transfers back to normal power till generator shuts down. NFPA 110, 7.13.4.1(13). Delay should be 5 minutes minimum per NFPA 110 6.2.10 for units greater than or equal to 15KW.

Cool Generator for 5 Minutes
(NFPA 110 7.13.5)

FULL LOAD TEST (Load Bank Test): This phase of the test is an endurance test of the generator. Disconnect building load from generator and connect a load bank that is equal to 100% of the nameplate KW rating of the generator.

Connect Load Bank to the generator. Load Bank shall be equal to 100% of the generator rating (NFPA 110 7.13.6)

Initiate Full Load Test immediately after the 5 minute cool down that followed the Operational Test (NFPA 110 7.13.7). Apply 100% load as soon as the generator is running and stable.

Record the following:
(NFPA 7.13.8)

CRANKING TIME FOR START/RUN: _____ **Seconds**
(Time between engine starting to running)

TIME TO REACH OPERATING SPEED: _____ **Seconds**

VOLTAGE OVERSHOOT: _____ **Volts**

FREQUENCY OVERSHOOT: _____ **HZ**

Time Minutes	Oil Pressure PSI	Water Temp ° F	Battery Charge Rate	Kilowatts	Amperes			Volts Line - Line			HZ
					Ø A	Ø B	Ø C	Vab	Vbc	Vca	
0											
15											
30											
45											
60											
75											
90											
105											
120											

Shutdown Generator. The test is complete.

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