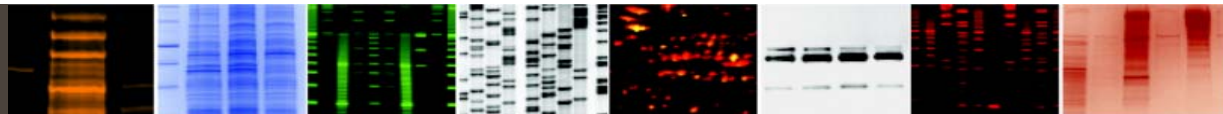


Bio-Rad's Camera Imaging Devices

Cathy Mainini/Ken Gresham
Sr. Prod Manager
NASD
March 2005



Understand Imaging

If you understand:

Sample properties – what is the sample, how abundant is it, how large are the features (spot, band, etc), what size is the gel or blot

Sensitivity

Resolution

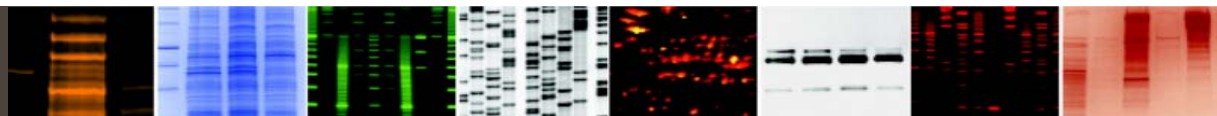
Imaging/Scan Area

Properties of the detection reagent – fluorescent, colorimetric (visible) or luminescent detection, multiplexing, multiple detection types, dynamic range

Illumination (laser, UV wavelength, white light)

Detector (camera, PMT)

Filters (excitation & emission)



Bio-Rad CCD Products



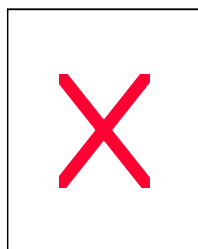
Gel Doc XR

ChemiDoc XRS

VersaDoc 4000

VersaDoc 5000

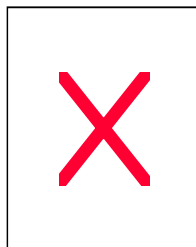
- Basic gel documentation (1-D DNA, RNA, & protein gels or blots), colony counting, X-ray film



- High resolution imaging

\$

- Basic gel documentation (1-D DNA, RNA, & protein gels or blots), colony counting, X-ray film
- Chemi imaging of robust and "faint" chemi signal



- High resolution imaging

\$\$\$

- 2-D protein gel imaging
- 1-D imaging
- Flexible – SYPRO ruby, Coomassie, silver + chemi
- Uniform data over large sample (2-D) area



- Highest resolution imaging

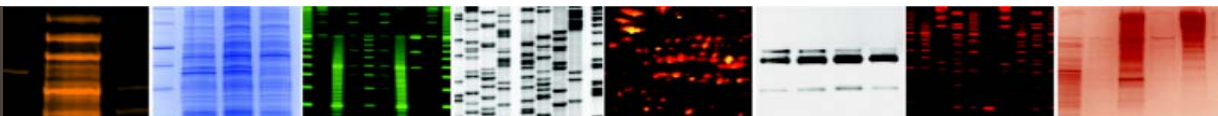
\$\$\$\$

- Highest limit of detection (sensitivity)
- Imaging of very faint chemi signal
- Excellent chemi detection



- Low resolution imaging

\$\$\$\$





Gel Documentation

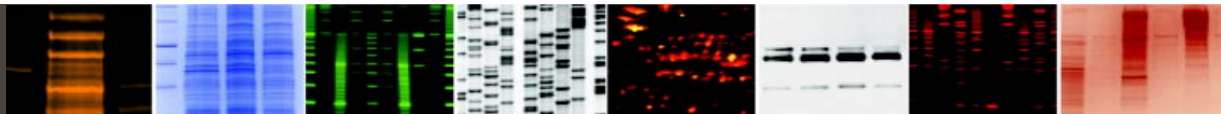
Gel Doc XR, ChemiDoc XRS

- Basic gel documentation & chemiluminescence
- Rarely use multi-fluorescent dyes
- Economical
- MZL
- Fast C-Mount optics

Multi Imager

VersaDoc 4000, 5000

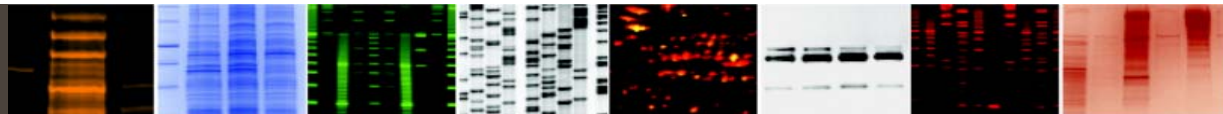
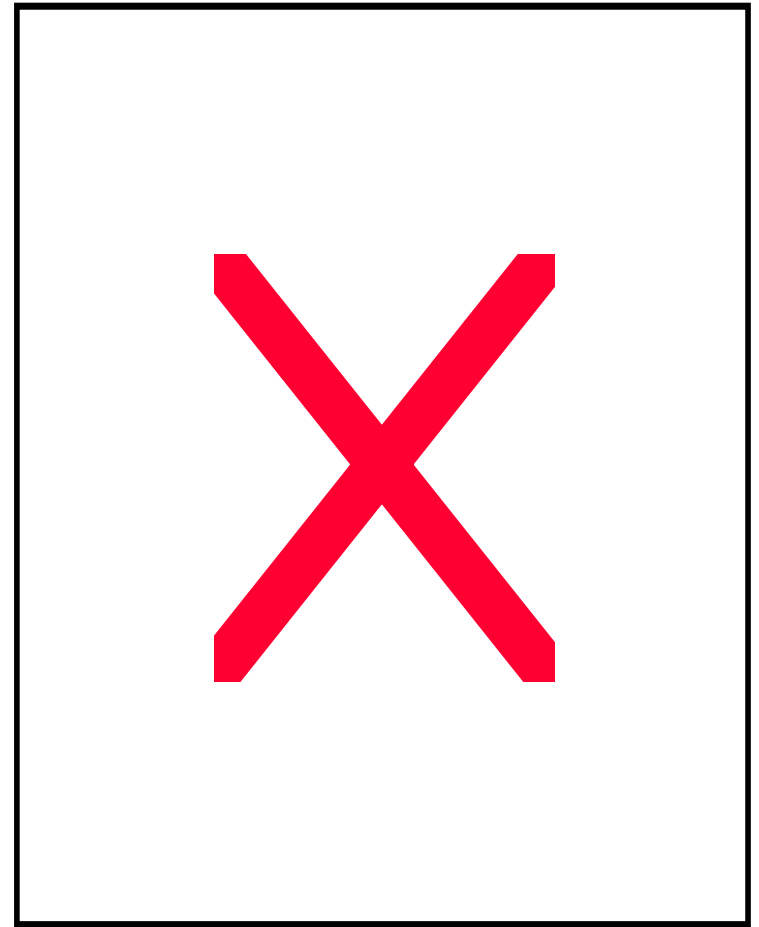
- Automated application selection
- Frequently use different dyes
- Imaging of fluorescently labeled blots
- Highly uniform F-Mount optics
- Excellent multi image registration





Gel Doc XR – *eXtra Resolution*

- Mega-pixel gel documentation
- 1.4M pixels
- 12-bit, 3 orders dynamic range
- FireWire interface
- PC and Mac (OS X) compatible
- \$9995



Key Applications – Gel Doc XR

Nucleic Acid Detection

Ethidium bromide

SYBR green

SYBR gold

Texas red

Rhodamine

Coumarin

Hoechst

1D & 2D Protein Gels/ Colorimetric Blots

SYPRO ruby

SYPRO red

SYPRO orange

Copper Stain

Silver Stain

Zinc stain

Coomassie

DAB

NBT-BCIP

Densitometry

Negative

X-ray film

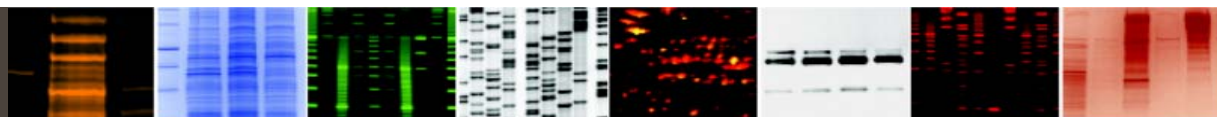
Colony counting

Betagalactocidase

GFP

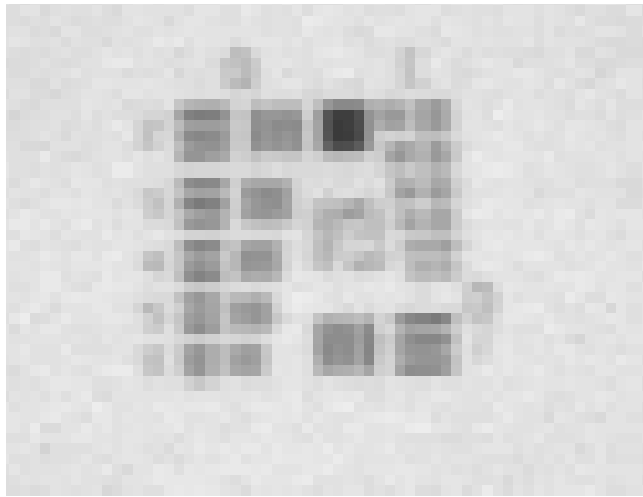
Carbohydrate Analysis

ANTs

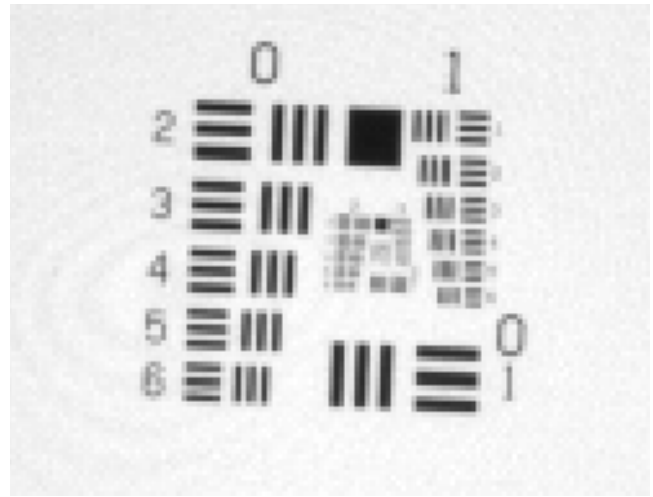




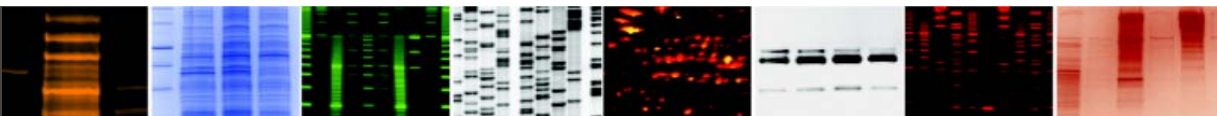
The benefits are obvious.....Greater Resolution....



Gel Doc EQ
0.4M pixels



Gel Doc XR
1.4M pixels

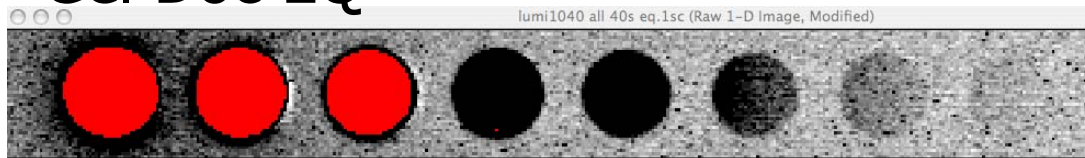


Gel Doc XR - eXtra Resolution



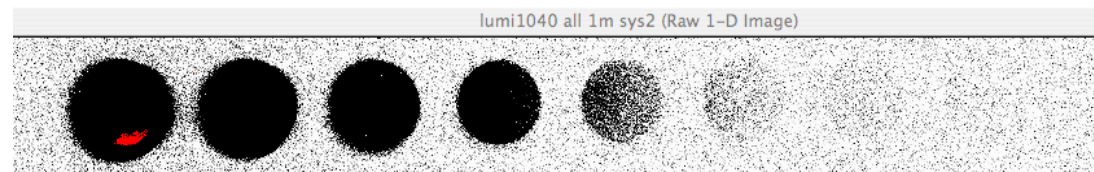
.....Greater Dynamic Range.

Gel Doc EQ



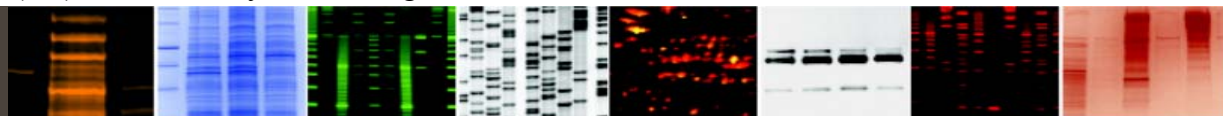
4 LEDs

Gel Doc XR



5 LEDs

* Greatest number of LEDs detected w/o saturation (red) = Greatest Dynamic Range

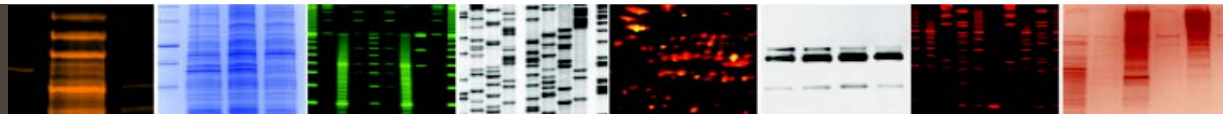


Key Advantages of Gel Doc XR system



- Motorized zoom lens - **#1 Feature**
 - Software or manual control
- 1.4M pixels & FireWire
- Different UV illumination intensities
 - Analytical and Preparative mode for cutting bands/reduce nicking
- 3 position filter slider
- 4 Optional emission filters
- Upgradeable to ChemiDoc XRS

- Quantity One Analysis, Basic Mode, Networking
- On-screen integration
- Print from acquisition window
- Direct links from acquisition to annotation, transformation and analysis



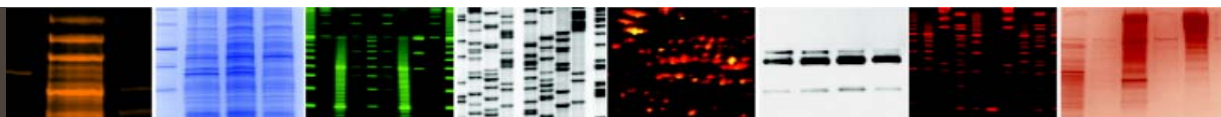


XRS Customers:

Gel Doc XR customers (Basic gel documentation)

PLUS

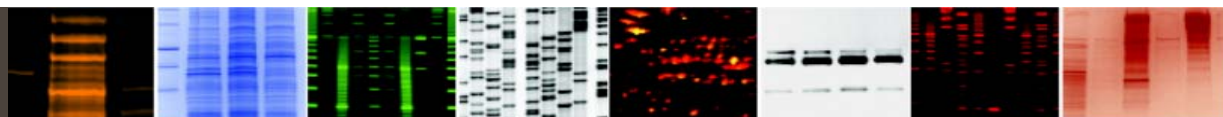
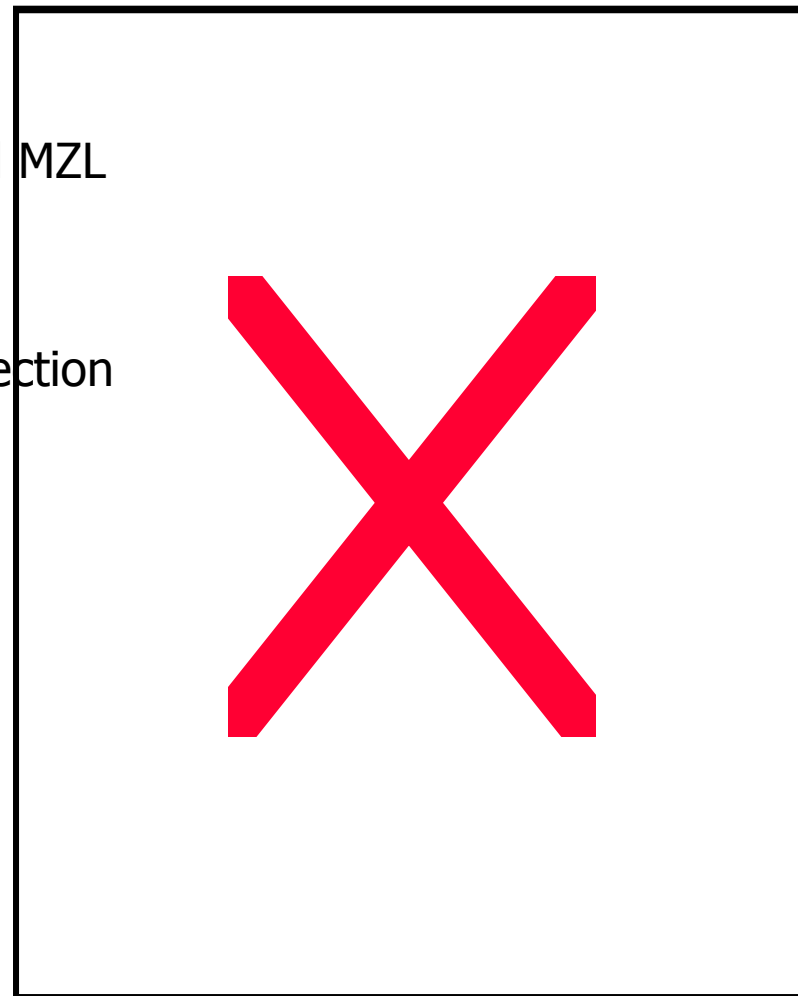
- Imaging of robust and “faint” chemi signal
- Customer’s primary imaging need is for chemiluminescence
- Customer’s routine chemi samples require an exposure time greater than 7 minutes





Key Advantages

- High resolution (1.4M pixel) camera
- Standard computer & instrument controlled MZL
- 3-position filter slider
- Optional filters available
- Optional lenses available for maximum detection
- 3.4 Orders dynamic range
- 1392 x 1040 pixels
- PC & Mac compatible
- Dynamic Flat Fielding
- List price \$24,995



Key Applications – ChemiDoc XRS

Nucleic Acid Detection

Ethidium bromide

SYBR green

SYBR gold

Texas red

Rhodamine

Coumarin

Hoechst

1D & 2D Protein Gels/ Colorimetric Blots

SYPRO ruby

SYPRO red

SYPRO orange

Copper Stain

Silver Stain

Zinc stain

Coomassie

DAB

NBT-BCIP

Chemiluminescence

Densitometry

Negative

X-ray film

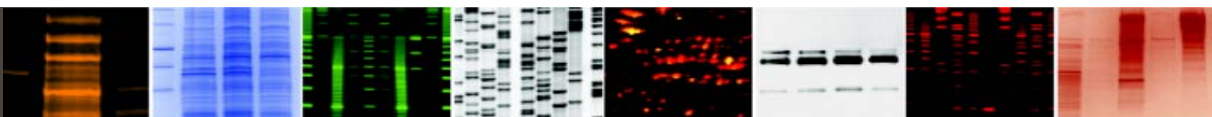
Colony counting

Betagalactocidase

GFP

Carbohydrate Analysis

ANTs



Key Advantages of ChemiDoc XRS system

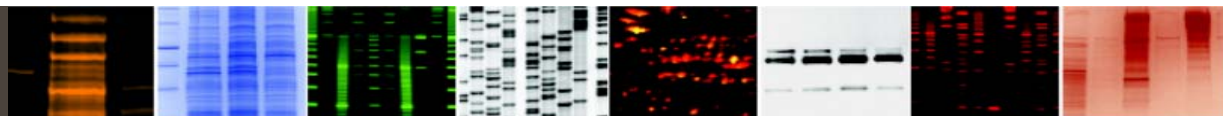


ChemiDoc XRS – many of the same features as Gel Doc XR

- Motorized zoom lens - **#1 Feature**
 - Software or manual control
- 1.4M pixels
- Different UV illumination intensities
 - Analytical and Preparative mode for cutting bands/reduce nicking
- 3 position filter slider
- 4 Optional emission filters
 - Same or better than most competitors
- Quantity One Analysis, Basic Mode, Networking
- On-screen integration
- Print from acquisition window
- Direct links from acquisition to annotation, transformation and analysis

PLUS

- Super cooled camera at -35°C for excellent signal to noise ratio
- Excellent quantum efficiency for chemi detection
- Two optional (manual) lenses – low f/stop for faster imaging
- Dynamic Flat Fielding



Blotting



Western Blotting 1-D and 2-D

Luminescent

Immun-Star HRP & AP

ECL

ECL Plus

SuperSignal

VersaDoc 4000 & 5000

Fluorescent

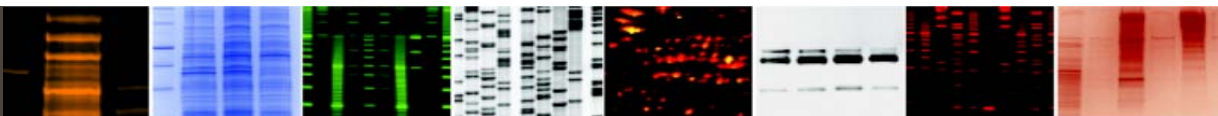
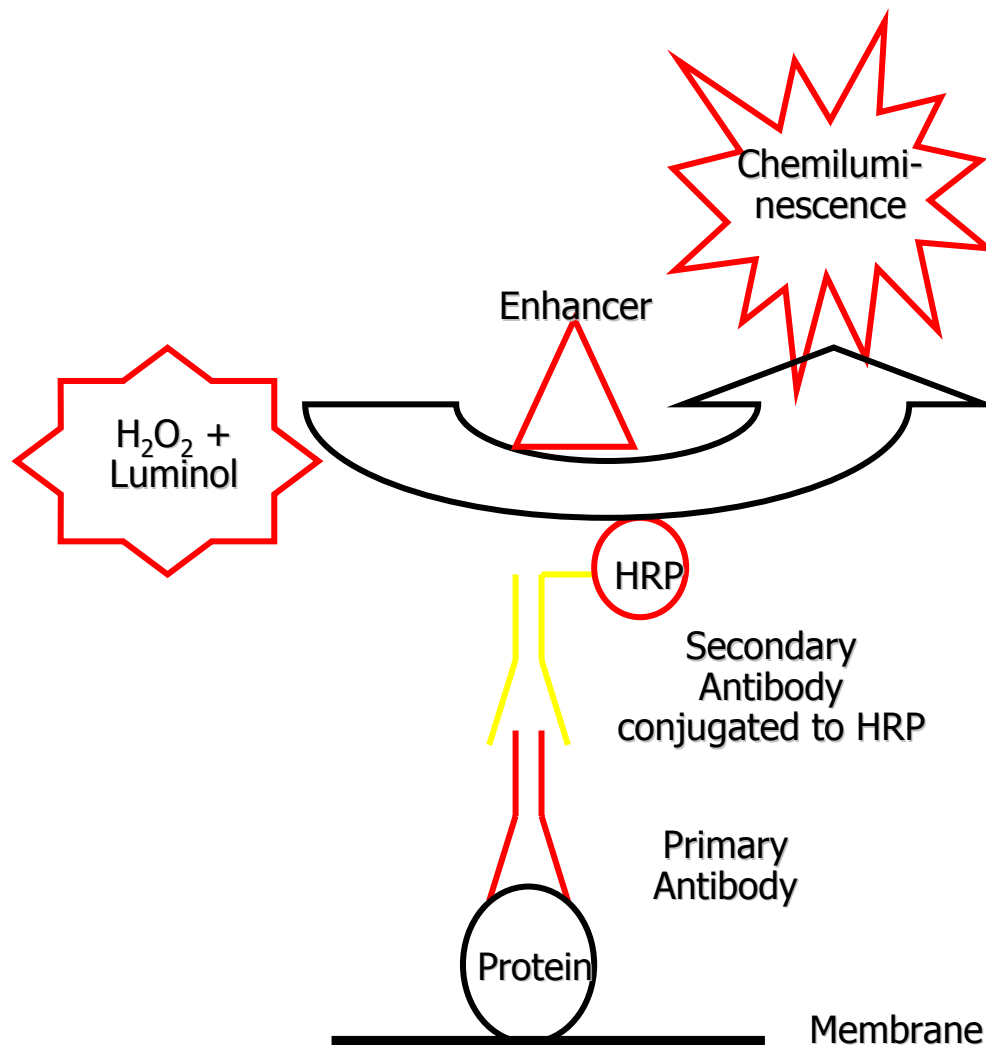
Attosphos

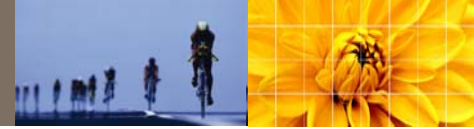
ECL Plus

Colorimetric detection

DAB

NBT-BCIP





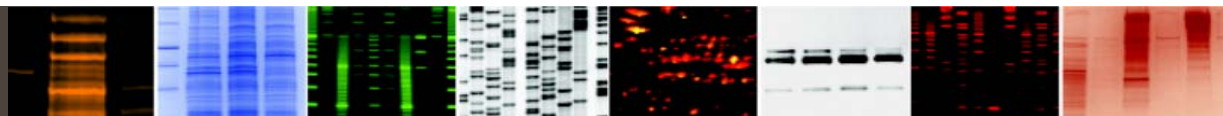
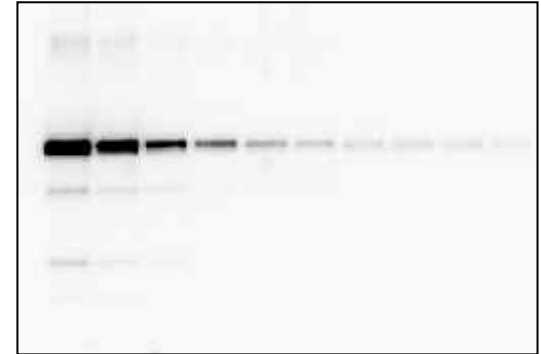
Typical Chemiluminescent Reagents

Luminols – **Immun-star HRP (Bio-Rad)**,

- Horseradish Peroxidase mediated
 - Brighter Signal, shorter half-life (less than 60 minutes)

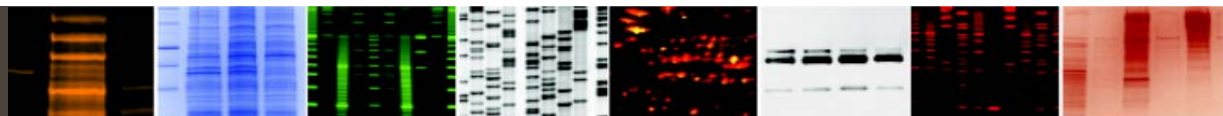
1,2-Dioxetanes – CDP-*Star* (Tropix)

- Alkaline Phosphatase mediated
- Less intense signal, long half-life (24 hours +)





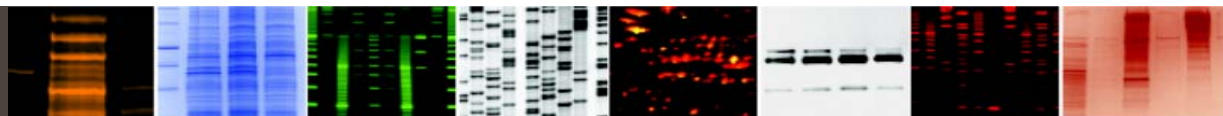
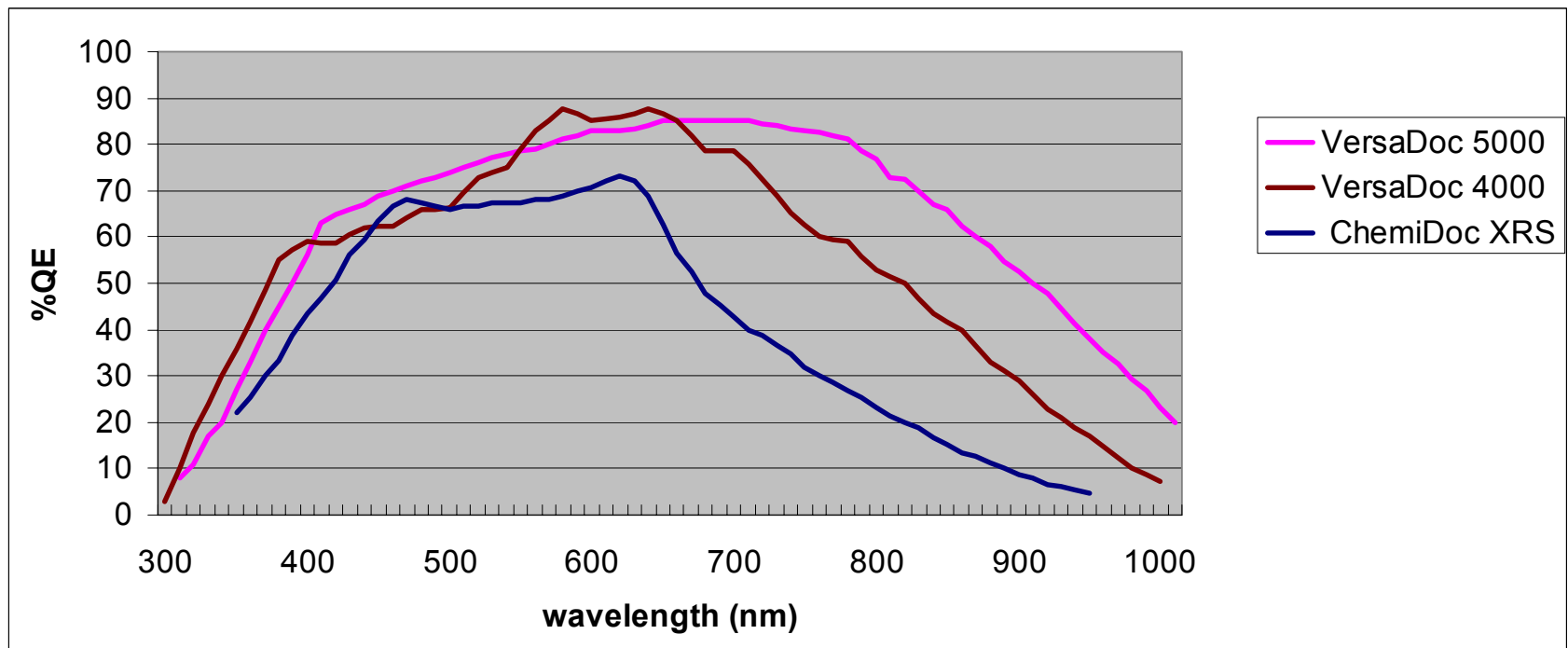
- Film manufacturers
 - Kodak and Fuji
- Film Advantages
 - Fast exposure times
 - Very fine resolution (approx. 3 micron silver grains)
- Film Disadvantages
 - Poor dynamic range (1.5 orders of magnitude, which is less than a chemi reaction!)
 - Must be scanned to use in presentation/publication



Quantum Efficiency



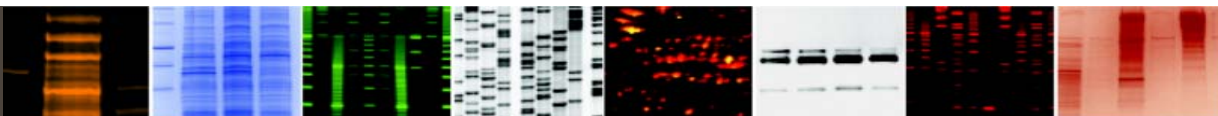
The efficiency at which photons of light are converted into electronic signal. If a detector had 100% QE every photon that reaches it would be converted to electronic signal.



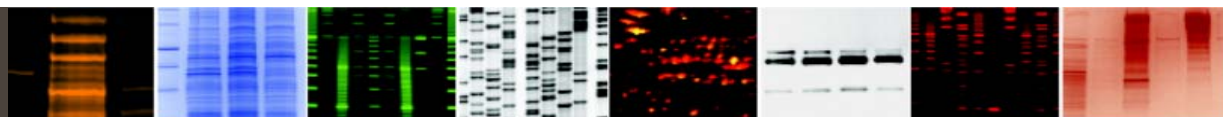
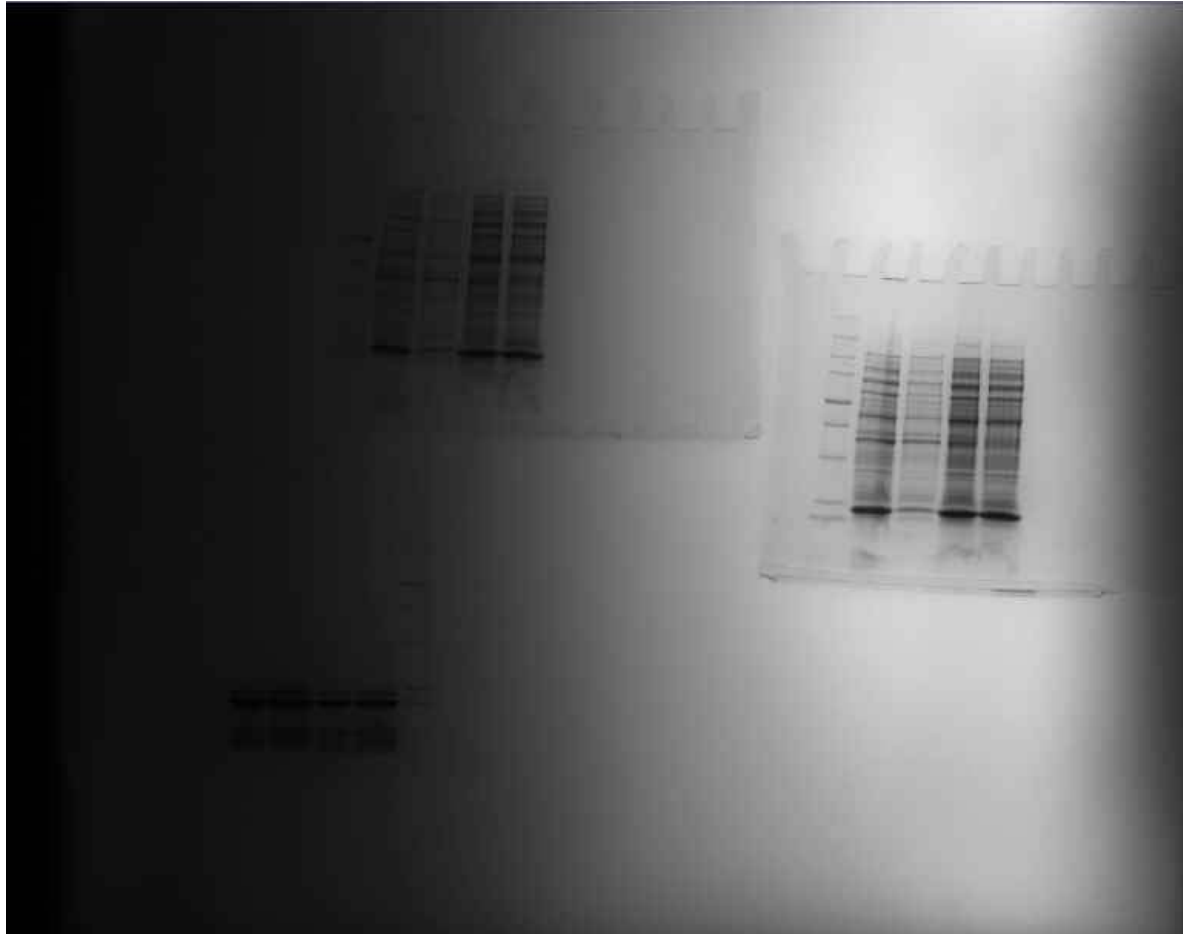
What Is Flat Fielding?



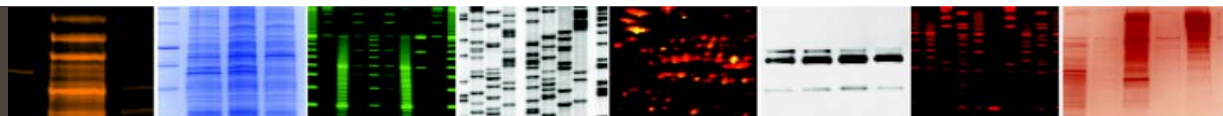
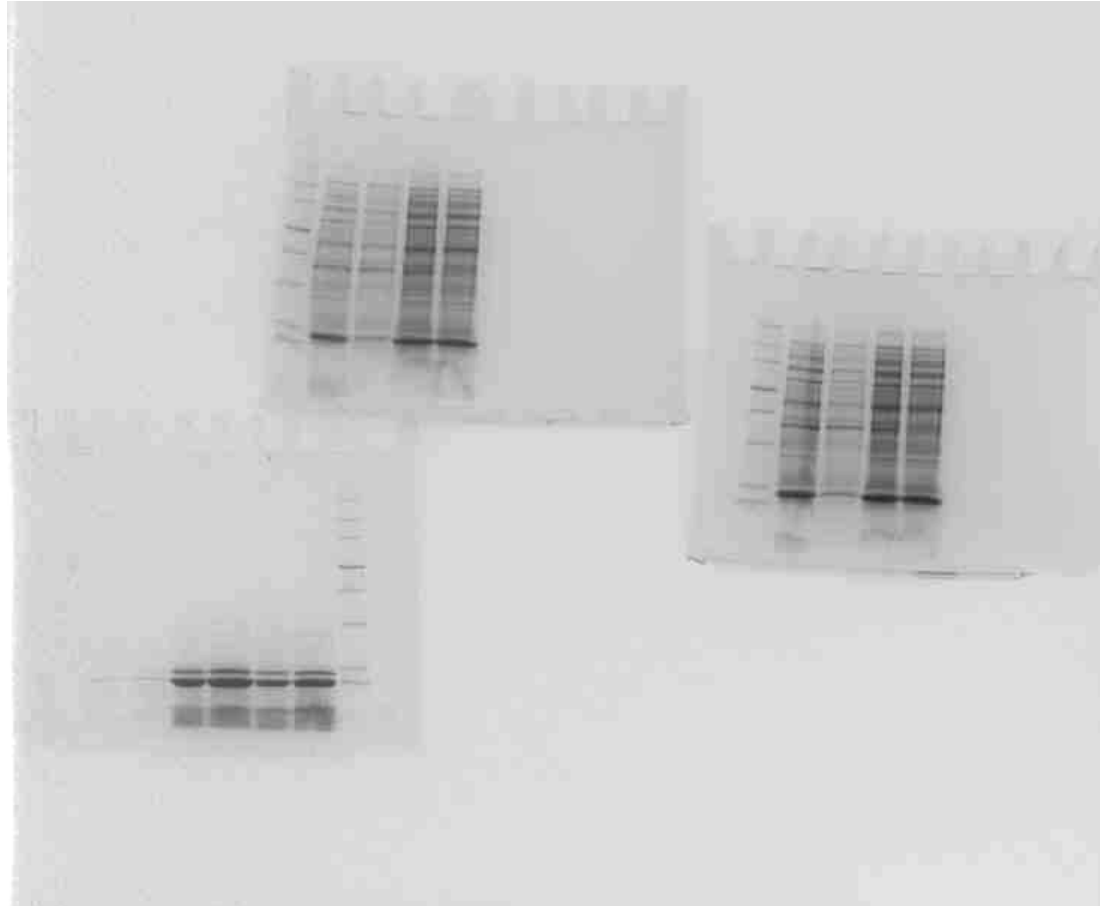
- It is a patent pending Bio-Rad technology for the elimination of non-uniformity's caused by variations in the optical path due to zoom setting, illumination, and/or lens.
- It is available for Trans UV and white light illumination.
- Bio Rad's VersaDoc CCD technology improves image quality by reducing background noise and enhancing the signal to noise ratio.
- Flat fielding is featured in the ChemiDoc XRS & VersaDoc



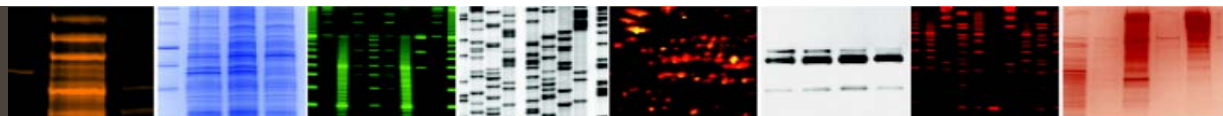
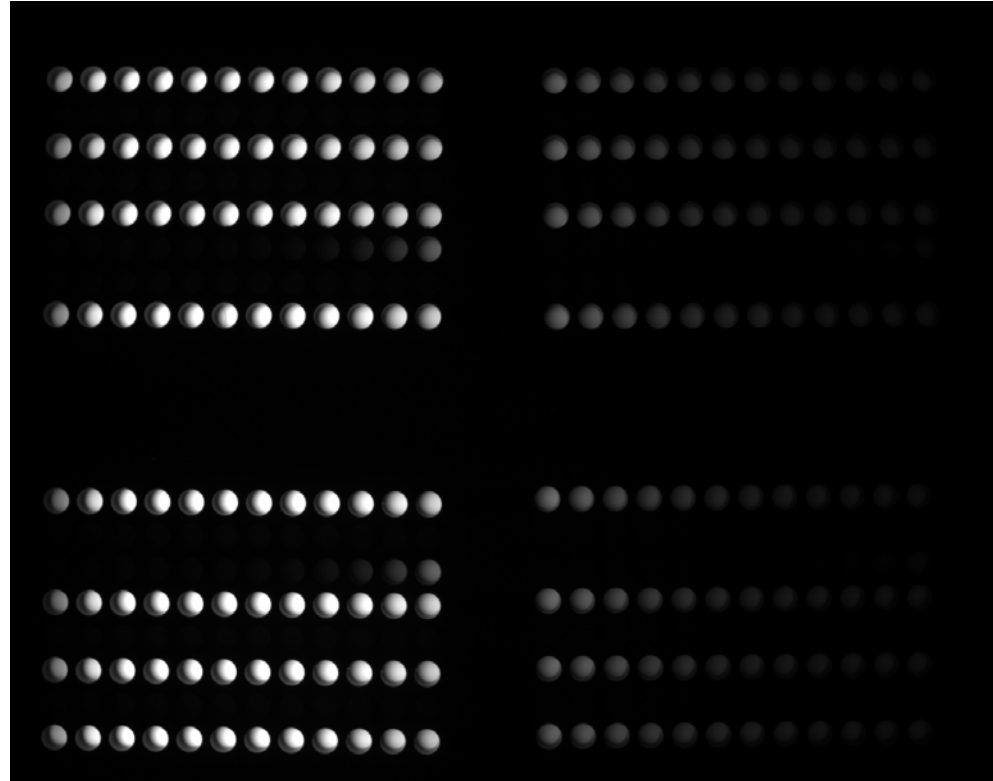
Gels Without Flat Fielding



Three Gels With Flat Fielding



Microtiter Plates w/o Flat Fielding



Microtiter Plate w/Flat Fielding

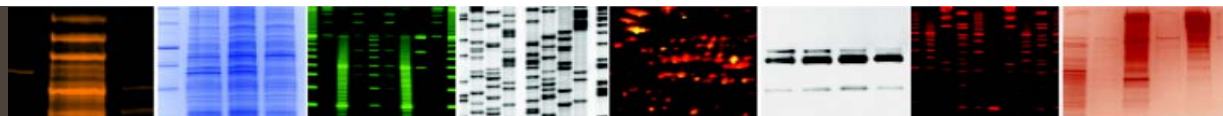
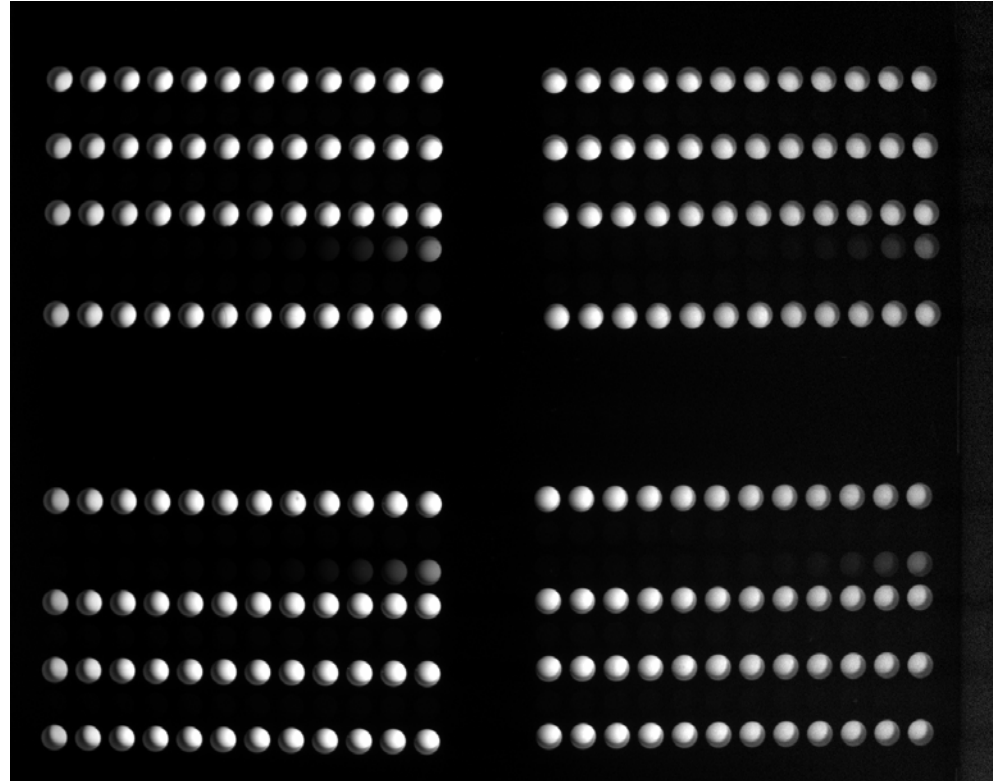
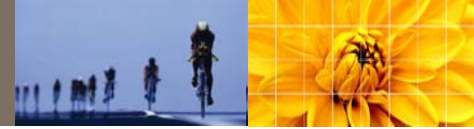


Image File Reduction

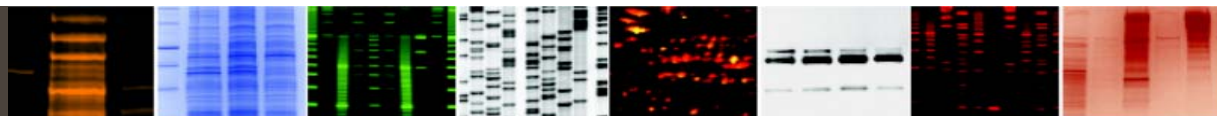


Image File Reduction

