

Thank you to our Alliance Partners









Speakers

- Hollis Carter, Principal Hollis Carter, LLC
- Mary Kropp, President
 Power Steering Unlimited, Inc.
- John Evans, Executive Vice President and Credit Administrator

Mountain West Small Business Finance



- By way of background...
 - The MWSBF portfolio consists of +1,600 loans, with a total balances in excess of \$600MM
 - We had our Annual Internal Review in the Fall of 2014, which was very intense
 - The Reviewer was very much "up to speed" on OCRM expectations
 - He had a few findings and some recommendations
 - These results were immediately addressed and reported to our Board



- Our OCRM on-site SMART review was done in April 2015
- 8 reviewers on site
 - SBA: One OCRM, One SBA (Fresno), One OGC
 - Contractor firm: Five
- One full week
- Reviewed <u>all</u> components of SMART



- The review process consisted of:
 - Several meetings and interviews with various members of CDC staff and management
 - Including financial/accounting staff
 - Interviews with two board members (separately)
 - Comprehensive review of 52 loan files
 - 30 "active" performing
 - 22 problem or charged off loans



- As each loan was reviewed, the reviewer would generate an Deficiency Sheet, which listed deficiencies with each loan
 - I believe there were ~ 80 questions addressed on every loan
 - Rumor has it this list may still be changing, updating.
- The CDC was given the opportunity to find "missing" docs and/or to address each deficiency
 - We returned each sheet with the documents, a written response ("Agree", "Disagree", "See enclosed documents", a rebuttal, etc.)
 - The CDC CEO reviewed/signed each returned sheet



- The reviewers needed all week to get through the 52 loans (so you can see how intense it was)
- All of the reviewers were pleasant and professional.
 - CDC employees should respond in like manner
- As general issues were identified or if policies/practices needed clarification, they were willing to have impromptu meetings to enhance their understanding.

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- What can a CDC do to prepare?
 - Have a competent intensive Internal Review done by an independent party that really understands credit, SBA 504 lending, SOP, risk rating, and the SMART expectations
 - Address problems found in that review
 - On a few occasions, I think it probably helped us to say: "that issue was addressed in our internal review six months ago and it has been addressed as follows..."



- What can a CDC do to prepare (cont'd)?
 - Search for and fix any problems that could result in cause a loss
 - Perfection of security interest, particularly UCC filings
 - Documentation of TPL paydown/modification
 - Property tax monitoring
 - Hazard Insurance coverage
 - Collateral verification and liquidation procedures, particularly equipment, verification of TPL Trustee's Sales, etc.
 - Life insurance



- What can a CDC do to prepare (cont'd)?
 - Organize your files, so stuff can be easily found
 - Document major actions, particularly liquidation
 - Wrap Up Reports are a major focus
 - Go back and beef them up with missing facts, details.
 - Again, explain how/why collateral was liquidated
 - A somewhat new liquidation item: don't just refer guarantors to Treasury...first, assess "collectability", to see if a lawsuit is warranted (>\$50,000 net collectability)



Portfolio Management Best Practices NADCO Spring SUMMIT MAY 10-13, 2015 // WASHINGTON, DC

Portfolio Management Defined

Loan portfolio management is the process by which *risks* that are inherent in the credit process are managed and controlled.

- Risks associated with lending must be accurately identified and appropriately communicated to senior management and the board of directors.
- Focus is on what management does to identify issues before they become problems.
- Appropriate corrective action is taken when necessary.



How Is Risk Managed Loan Level

- ☐ Effective underwriting that identifies and mitigates risk
- □ Clear and effective communication
- ☐ Effective monitoring and servicing
- ☐ Timely and firm approach to collections
- □ Technical assistance



How Is Risk Managed Portfolio Level

- □ Loan Policy
- □ Internal Control Policy
- □ Portfolio Management
 - Loan monitoring
 - Reporting
 - Problem loan & liquidation case management
 - Portfolio diversification
 - Risk rating system
 - Independent loan review
- □ Credit Culture



Loan Monitoring

- ☐ Financial statements & tax returns
- □ Hazard insurance certificates
- □ Life insurance
- □ Real property taxes
- □ UCC continuations
- □ 504 loan performance
- □ TPL loan performance



Reporting

- Management, board and SBA
- What should be reported?
 - Portfolio quality
 - Problem loans
 - Delinquent loans
 - Risk ratings
 - Concentrations
 - ILR results
- ☐ How often?



Problem Loans/Liquidation

- □ Why do loans go "sideways?"
- □ Communicate! Borrower, TPL & SBA
- Make collections a priority
- What were the risks that led to the problems?
- ☐ Are these risks identified in underwriting?
- □ Lessons learned?



Portfolio Diversification

- □ Why is this important?
- ☐ Should be addressed in loan policy.
- ☐ Limit portfolio concentrations.
 - Industry
 - Single Borrower Limit
 - Collateral type
 - Borrower location
 - Stage of development, i.e., start ups



Risk Rating System

- ☐ Required of all CDCs by SBA SOP 51 00.
- □ Should be addressed in internal control policy.
- ☐ Timely and accurate loan classification.
- □ SBA doesn't dictate a particular risk rating system.
- Requires consistency with classifications used by Federal Financial Institution Regulators, i.e., Special Mention, Substandard, Doubtful & Loss.
- Must be risk rated at origination and at least annually on an ongoing basis.
- Should be used as a portfolio management tool and reported to board.



Independent Loan Review

- □ Should be addressed in internal control policy.
- ☐ In-house review permitted, but <u>must</u> be independent.
- □ Should be conducted annually.
- □ Should evaluate credit risk levels and credit risk management.
- □ Results reported to board and management.
- Results should be used to improve loan underwriting, credit administration and monitoring functions, i.e., portfolio management.



Credit Culture

- ☐ The board and all staff should understand the CDC's credit culture and risk profile.
- □ This knowledge should pass from the CEO to loan officers to support staff.
- □ Credit culture is the sum of its credit values, beliefs and behaviors.
- □ It is what is done and how it is accomplished.
- □ Values and behaviors that are rewarded become standards and will take precedence over written policies and procedures.



Final Thought

To stay out of trouble with SBA... lend, service and liquidate your 504 loan portfolio like you would if it was your own money!



What's Up Next?

2:15 PM - 3:15 PM

General Session V

Governance Concerns: How Does Your Organization Stack Up?

Grand Ballroom Salons 1-4

3:30 PM - 5:00 PM

General Session VI

SMART Review Process and Potential Loss: What Else Do You Need to Know?

Grand Ballroom Salons 1-4

