KS1 BUDHISM PLANNING

Class: Term: Subject: RE Unit: Buddhism

Differentiation and support (Detailed differentiation in weekly plans.)

SEN: Provide with writing frames. Given the information that they need. Support from more able partners in mixed ability work. Additional adult support.

GT: Work in books. Provide extension activities to apply their own knowledge and to research information independently. Encourage independence. Support less able peers in mixed ability work

English: speaking to and listening to each other, extracting information from books, texts and videos, new vocabulary, stories, sequencing events, crosswords, justifying opinions

Maths: sorting items, dates

ICT: learning from online activities. taking screenshots, working with images

Geography: global distribution of Buddhists, pilgrimage destinations

History: dates

Art & D+T: cutting and sticking

PSHCE: other people's religions, celebrations and festivals, taking turns, rules

Unit overview

Lesson 1: Introduction to Buddhism

Lesson 2: The Buddha's Life

Lesson 3: Noble Eightfold Path

Lesson 4: The Five Moral Precepts

Lesson 5: Buddhists Temples

Lesson 6: Buddhist monks

Lesson 7: Buddhist prayer

Lesson 8: Stories

Lesson 9: Ceremonies

Lesson 10: Festivals – Wesak

Lesson 11: Special places

You can access the complete <u>Buddhism KS1 planning</u>, and all of the resources needed to teach each lesson, at:

https://www.saveteacherssundays.com/re/year-2/718/

W	Learning objective	Teaching activities	Resources	Assessment: Success Criteria
	To know the main	Intro:	PowerPoint	MUST: correctly sort
	aspects of	Ask the children to share what they already know about Buddhism and what it means to be		some of the items as
	Buddhism	a Buddhist	Worksheets	being part of
		Ask the children if any of them are Buddhist, and if they are, to share some of the things		Buddhism or not
	(45 mins)	that they do as a Buddhist e.g. go to a temple	Scissors	
		Go through PowerPoint that answers the following questions about Buddhism:		SHOULD: correctly
	4.0	What is Buddhism?	Glue	sort all of the items
		When did Buddhism begin?		as being part of
		Who started Buddhism?	Books on	Buddhism or not
		Where did Buddhism begin?	Christianity and	
		Who was Buddha and what did he do?	PCS / laptops /	COULD:
		What did Buddha teach people?	tablets (for	independently
		What does the 'Noble Eightfold Path' involve?	extension)	research and record
		What do Buddhists believe?		some additional
		Are there different groups of Buddhists?		information about
		Do Buddhists have a holy book?		Buddhism
		Do Buddhists have a sacred language?		
		● What festivals do Buddhists celebrate?		
		How do Buddhists celebrate festivals?		
		What other special times do Buddhists celebrate?		
1		Where do Buddhists go to pray?		
		Who are Buddhists religious leaders?		
		What clothes do Buddhists wear?		
		What special symbols and objects do Buddhists have?		
		Where do Buddhists live?		
		How many Buddhists are there?		
		Which places are special for Buddhists?		
		Ask the children to think, pair, share as much as they can remember from the PowerPoint		
		Explain the independent work		
		Main:		
		Children to sort religious artefacts, places, leaders etc as being Buddhist or non- Buddhist		
		Lower ability children to work on the worksheet; higher ability children to work in their books		
		Extension: children to research in books and / or online to find out more about Buddhist and		
		write some sentences about what they find out		
		Plenary:		
		Children to compare their work with a partner and discuss any differences		
		Ask children who got on to the extension to share any additional information that they found		
		out		

MUST: know some To know the main Intro: Worksheets Ask the children to think, pair, share some of the things that they learnt about Buddhism in events in the life of of the main events the previous lesson the Buddha Scissors from the Buddha's Revise how Buddhism was founded by Siddhartha Gautama (can be spelt other ways e.g. Siddhattha Gotama), who was renamed the Buddha when he gained 'Enlightenment' (40 / 50 mins. Glue Explain that the Buddha is the most important person ever to have lived for Buddhists depending on if SHOULD: know all of Go through the PowerPoint that tells the story of the Buddha's life (remember the notes for watch video and the main events from each slide, given under them in non-slideshow mode) the Buddha's life ao through AND / OR PowerPoint) Watch the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsN7NLs-0jl - watch from 27 secs in COULD: consider the (if the link does not work, Google 'YouTube The Life of the Buddha animation.divx') motivations and Explain that the video is an animation of the Buddha re-telling his life story to his closest emotions of the friend at the time of his death Buddha and the Note: the video misses out some of the events in the Buddha's life e.g. his marriage and the people around him birth of his son Explain that because the Buddha lived so long ago (about 2,500 years ago), we do not know for sure exactly when events in his life happened Main: Children given a number of images with text, like the one below, in a jumbled up order The Buddha leaves home, his family and The children need to sort the images to be in the correct chronological order Lower attaining children given the events with numbers in the top left-hand corner to help with ordering them; higher attaining children not given numbers Extension: children to answer some questions requiring higher-level thinking skills, based around the events of the Buddha's life Plenary: Children to compare their work with a partner and discuss any differences Ask the children to think, pair, share which part of the story was their favourite part and why, emphasising that they should give a reason for their answer Discuss the questions from the extension with the children Explain that because these events happened so long ago, they were not written down straight after they happened, but hundreds of years later Ask the children what problems this might cause (the accounts being changed deliberately or accidentally by people over time) Ask the children to think, pair, share which parts of the story could be true and which parts they think are less likely to be true

Ask the children if they think that the Buddha did the right thing when he left home, or

should he have stayed with his family (ask them to justify their answers)

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	Google images	MUST: know some
	search for 'Dharma	of the parts of the
	Wheel Eightfold	Noble Eightfold Path
	Path' on IWB for	and what they mean
	plenary	
he knew how to help people stop being unhappy		SHOULD: know
Explain what the word 'Noble' means	Cards for plenary	more of the parts of
Revise how the Buddha taught the Four Noble Truths:	(keep for next year)	the Noble Eightfold
1) That everyone suffers (is unhappy) sometimes	, , ,	Path and what they
2) This is because they want things	Large space for the	mean
3) People can stop wanting things	children to make a	Illean
4) The way to stop wanting things is to follow the 'Noble Eightfold Path'	human Dharma	COULD: be able to
(Note: the Four Noble Truthe have been simplified here to make them understandable	Wheel (not essential	
for KS1 children – the Four Noble Truths are too complicated to do a whole lesson on	if unavailable)	identify examples of
for children of this age)		the parts of the
		Noble Eightfold Path
Explain that we will be learning more about the 'Noble Eightfold Path' today	If paper-based main:	
Explain that the Noble Eightfold Path helps Buddhists know how to live their lives in		
	Sets of cards	
	laminated:	
	- one set of answer	
	cards, not cut up	
	- one set cut up / for	
paper-based main, now to play 'Go Fish'	children to cut up,	
	per pair of children	
	(keep for next year)	
Main:	Worksheets	
Children given cards with either the harrie of one part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g.	WORKSHEELS	
'Right livelihood' or the meaning of one part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g. 'Doing a	Scissors	
userui job that does no narm	00103013	
Extension: children given cards with examples of each part of the Noble Eightfold Path	Glue	
to match with the name of each part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g. 'Becoming a	Cido	
doctor' to go with 'Right livelihood'		
	If ICT-based main:	
Paper-based main:		
The answer set is put to the side (this will be used for checking if pairs match in the	PCs / Laptops /	
	Tablets	
The other sets are set out separately and used to play 'Go Fish':		
	Links and	
	passwords available	
	for children to open	
dati tima tanto a tani to con ion ana any to mia a matering pair in they mia	(save on school	
cards back in the same position, face down again continue playing until all of	network as Microsoft	
the matching pairs have been found and see who has the most	template to prevent	
and materially paint that a door had and door mile had and most	'Read-only'	

After playing 'Go Fish' for a while: Children to cut out and stick each part of the Noble Eightfold Path next to its meaning in a table e.g. 'Right livelihood' would be stuck next to 'Doing a useful job that does no harm' Extension: children to cut out and stick an example of each part of the Noble Eightfold Path next to the part of the path that it best fits e.g. 'Becoming a doctor' to go with 'Right livelihood' Extension 2: children to come up with some of their own examples for each part of the Noble Eightfold Path ICT-based main: Children to use online activities to practise matching the names of each of the parts of	message coming up)	
the Noble Eightfold Path with their meanings e.g. matching 'Right livelihood' with 'Doing a useful job that does no harm' Extension: Children to use online activities to practise spelling the names of each part of the Noble Eightfold Path Extension 2: Children to use online activities to practise matching the names of each of the parts of the Noble Eightfold Path with examples of them e.g. 'Becoming a doctor' to go with 'Right livelihood' Plenary: Revise the key points about the Noble Eightfold Path		
Give each child a card with either: a part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g. 'Right livelihood' a meaning of a part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g. 'Doing a useful job that does no harm' an example of a part of the Noble Eightfold Path e.g. 'Becoming a doctor' a blank card for them to add an example of their own for a part of the Noble Eightfold Path Children need to find their corresponding partners and stand in a group with them Explain that the parts of the Noble Eightfold Path are often represented on a Dharmachakra or 'Dharma Wheel' Ask the children to make a human Dharma Wheel by lying on the floor in their groups Ask each group to read out what is on their cards in turns		