# Building AppSec Automation with python

Abhay Bhargav - CTO, we45



# A Gentle Introduction to DevOps

- What is DevOps?
- Where does Security fit in?

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### What is DevOps?

- Key Objective Harmonize IT Operations by working with Developers and Ops seamlessly
- Rely on processes and automation to achieve higher throughput - Continuous
   Delivery

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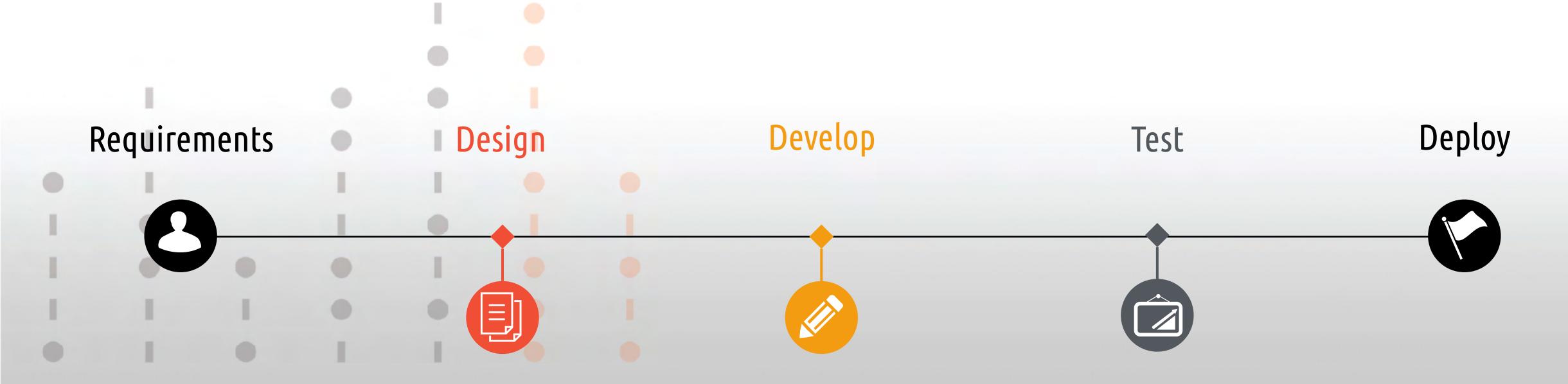




### Without DevOps













## With DevOps (hopefully...)

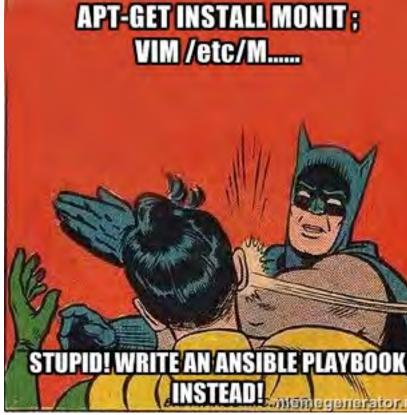


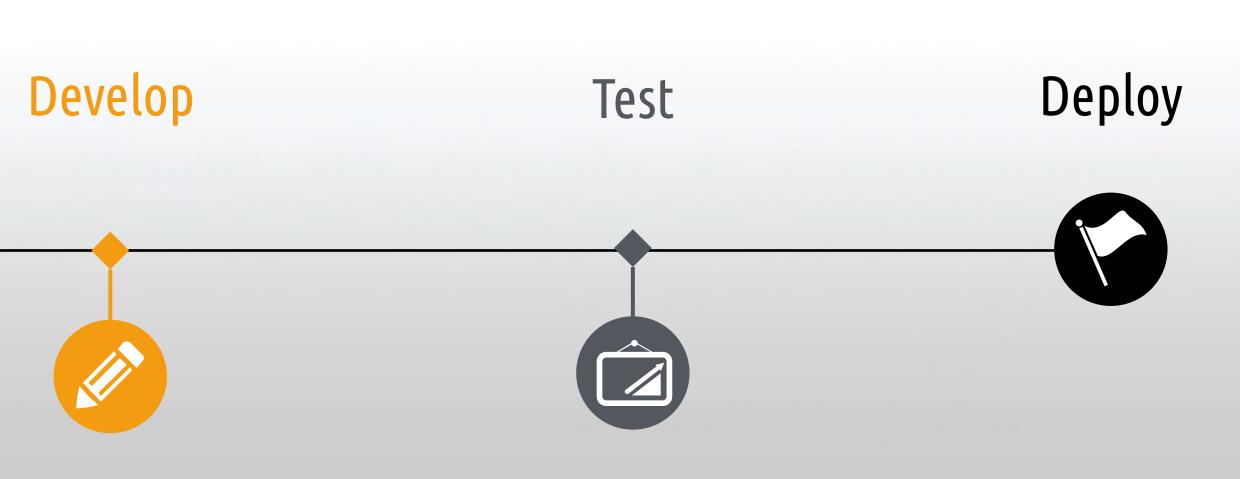


Requirements

Design



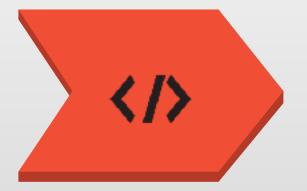




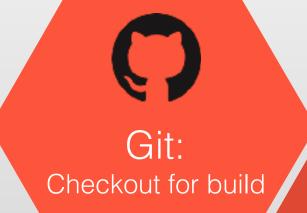


## Example pipeline

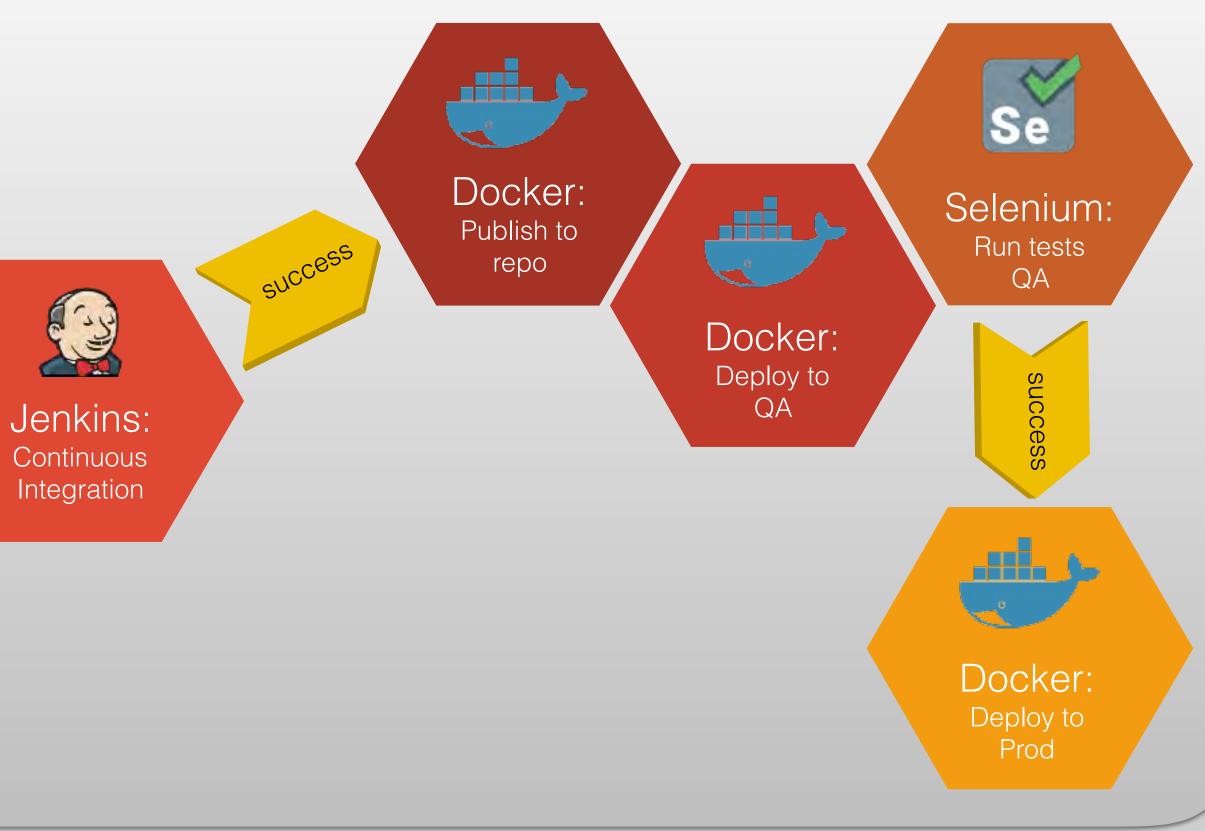
#### Developer



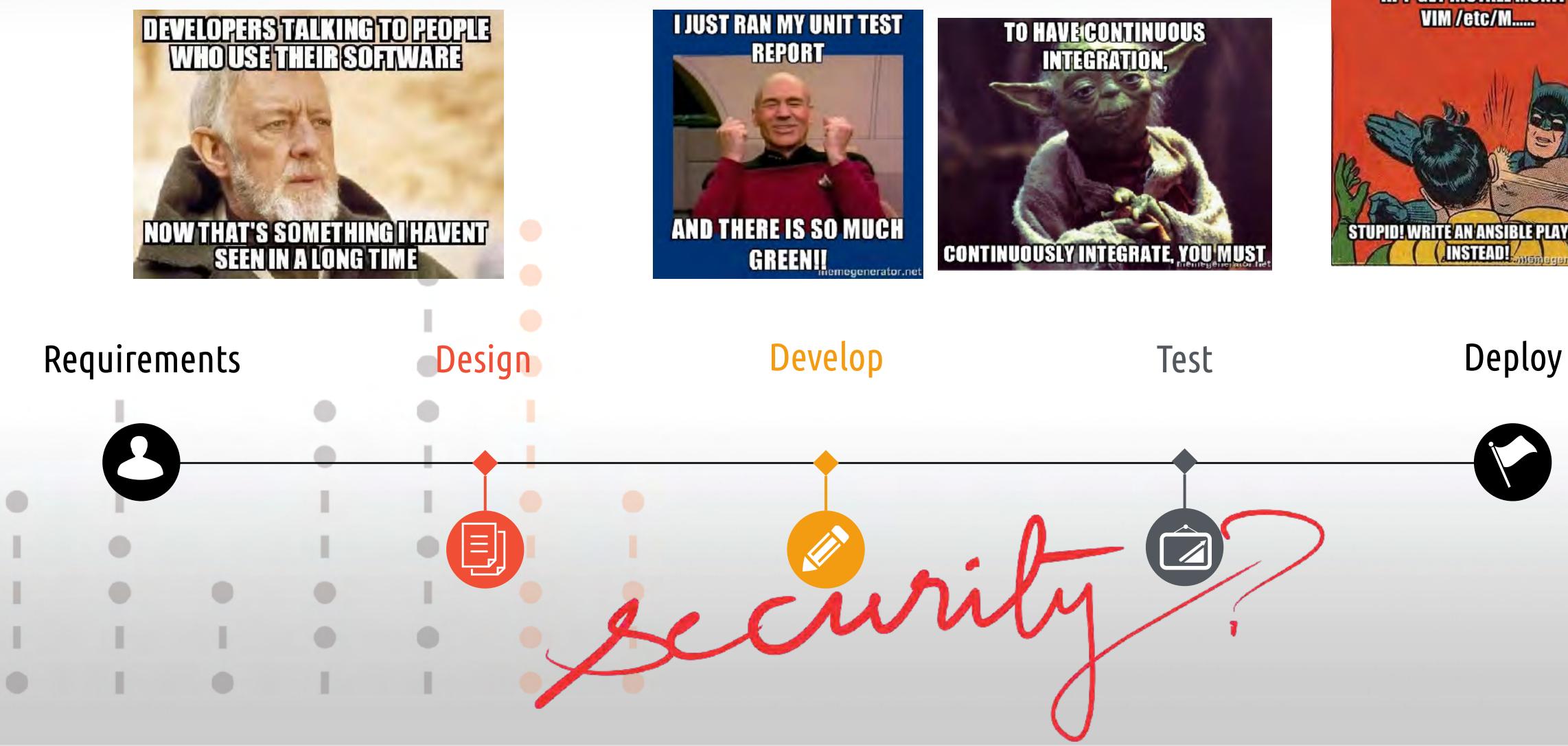
Coding -Modify and commit



#### Orchestration engine



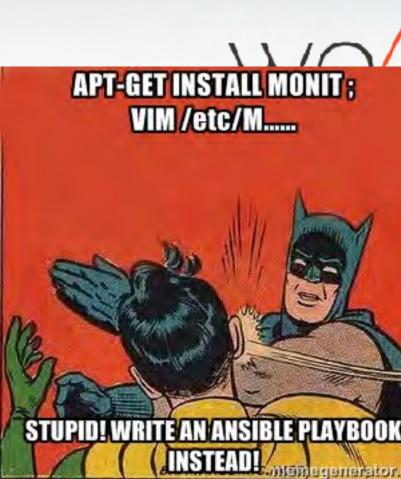




#### But...











#### Let's do a security test just before we go live....

#### The line that has ruined Application Security for all of us.

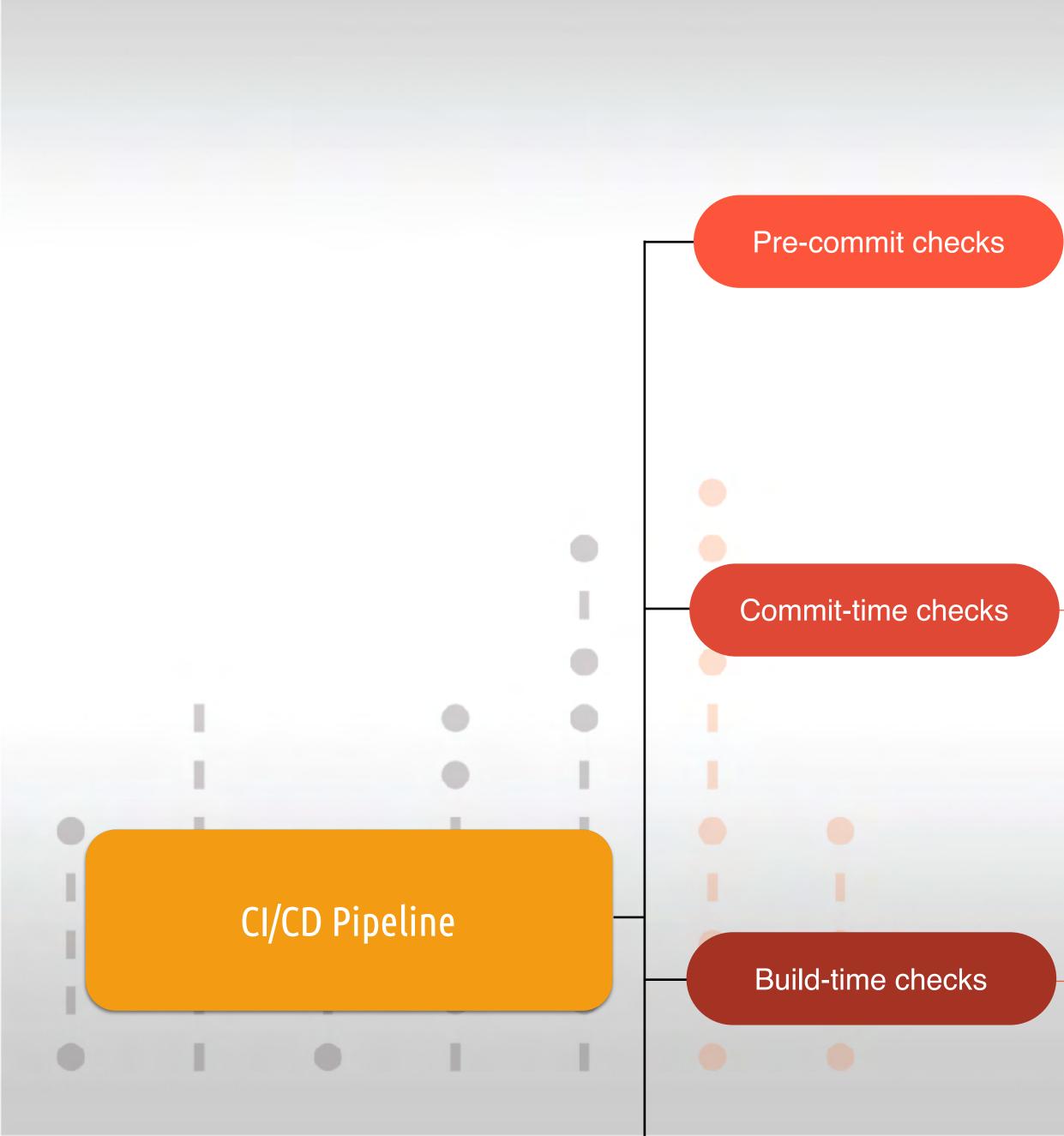


## In Short...

## Application Delivery

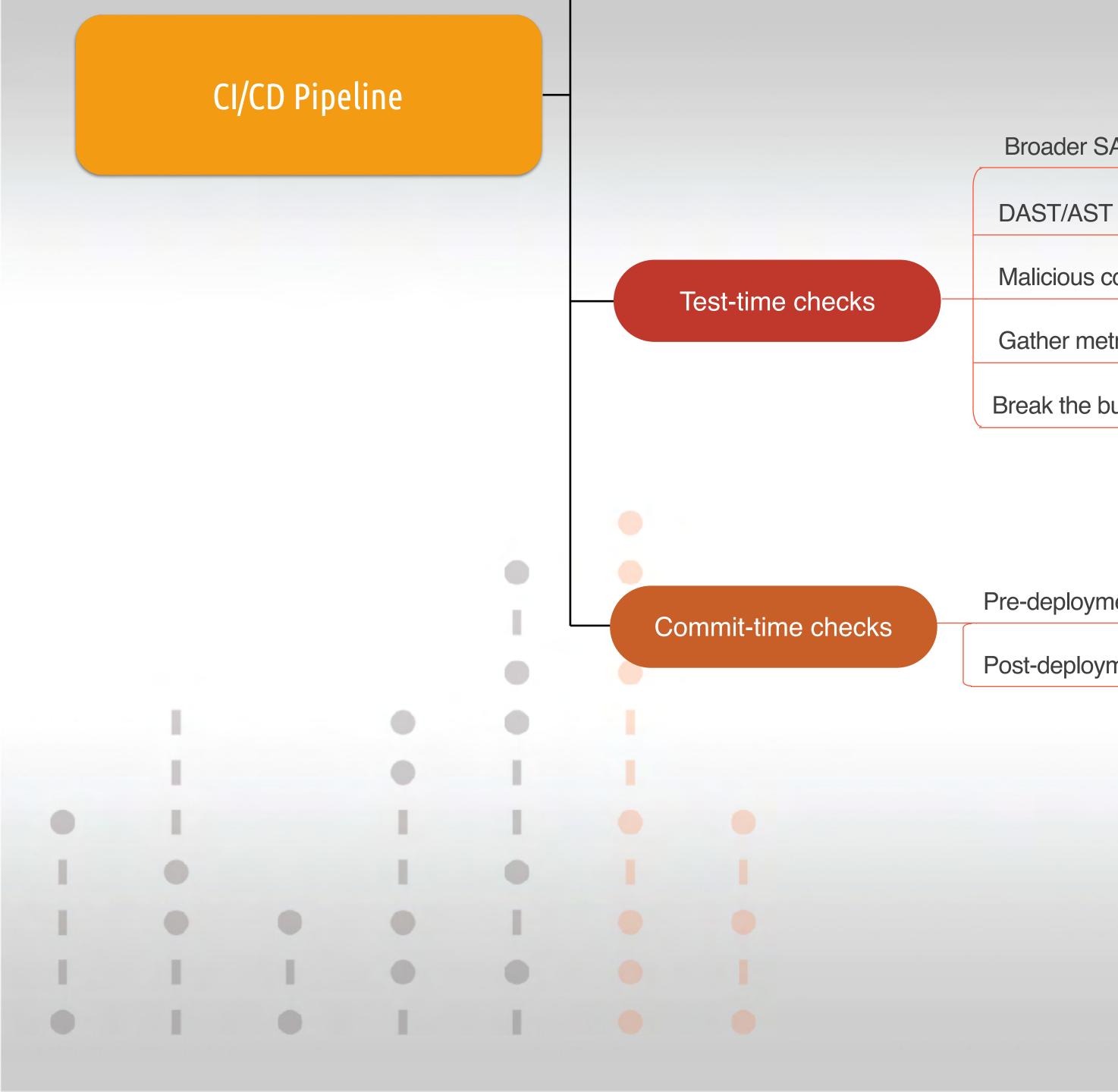






	Trigger threat modelling	
	Trigger ARA	
	Trigger manual code review	We-
	Email notifications	
	Configuration review	•
	Compile and build code	•
	Run SAST tools	
	Automatic security testing	
	Gather metrics	
	Break the build	
	Comprehensive SAST	
	SCA	•
-	Risk based security testing	
	Gather metrics	•
	Break the build	





Broader SAST	
DAST/AST	
Malicious code detection	We
Gather metrics	
Break the build	

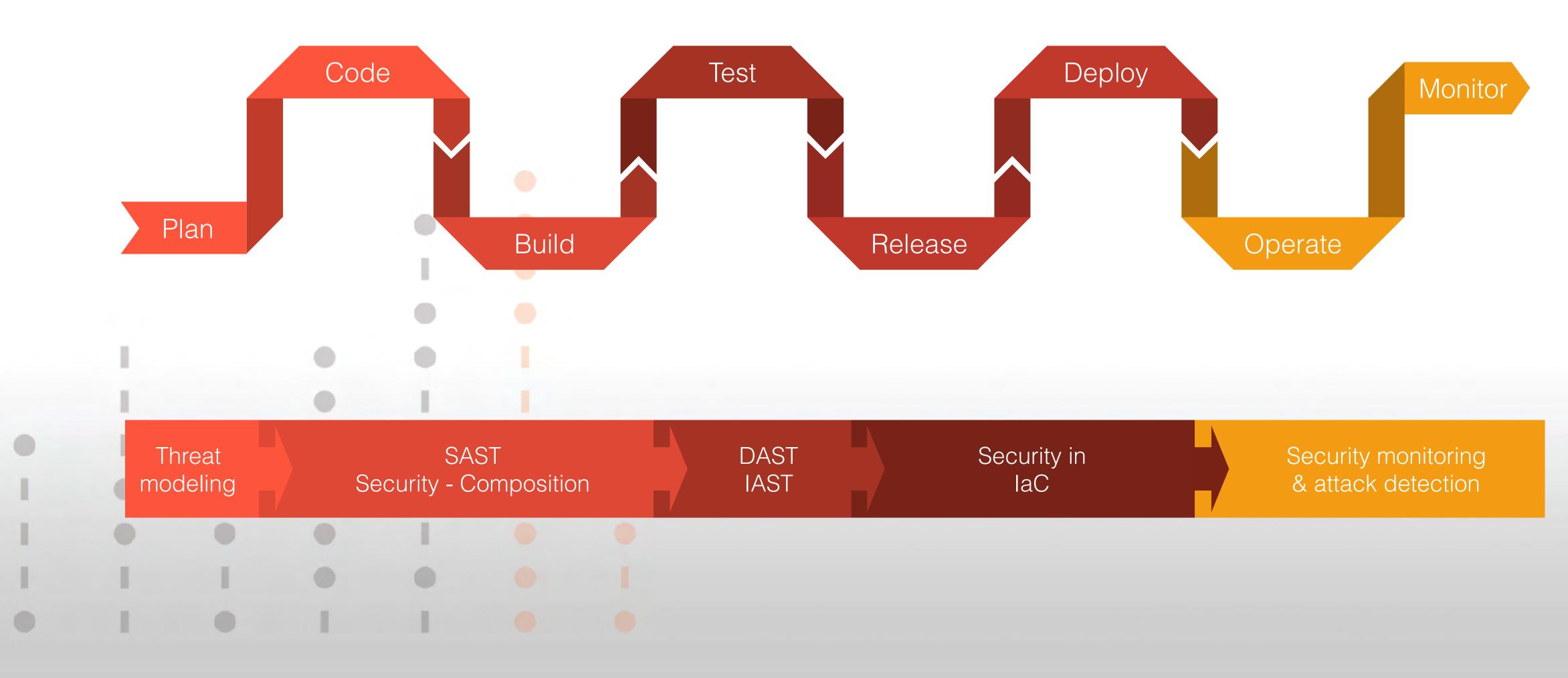
Pre-deployment checks	Provisioning runtime environment
Post-deployment checks	Security scanning
	Vulnerability scanning
	Bug bounty program
	Threat intelligence



## The Need of the Hour...

- Continuous Application Security Practices to keep pace with Continuous Delivery
  - Dynamic Application Security Testing in the Pipeline
  - Static Application Security Testing in the Pipeline





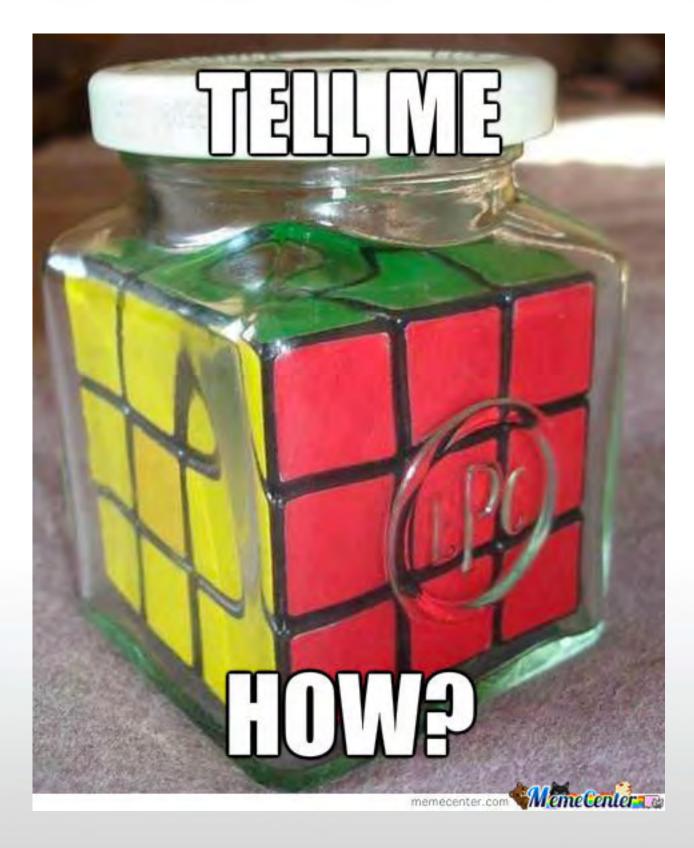
## Security in DevOps



#### The Application Security Engineer<sup>9</sup>s Story

- How?
  - Run DAST in the Pipeline?

- Correlate Results from DAST
- Compare Results from scans in time?



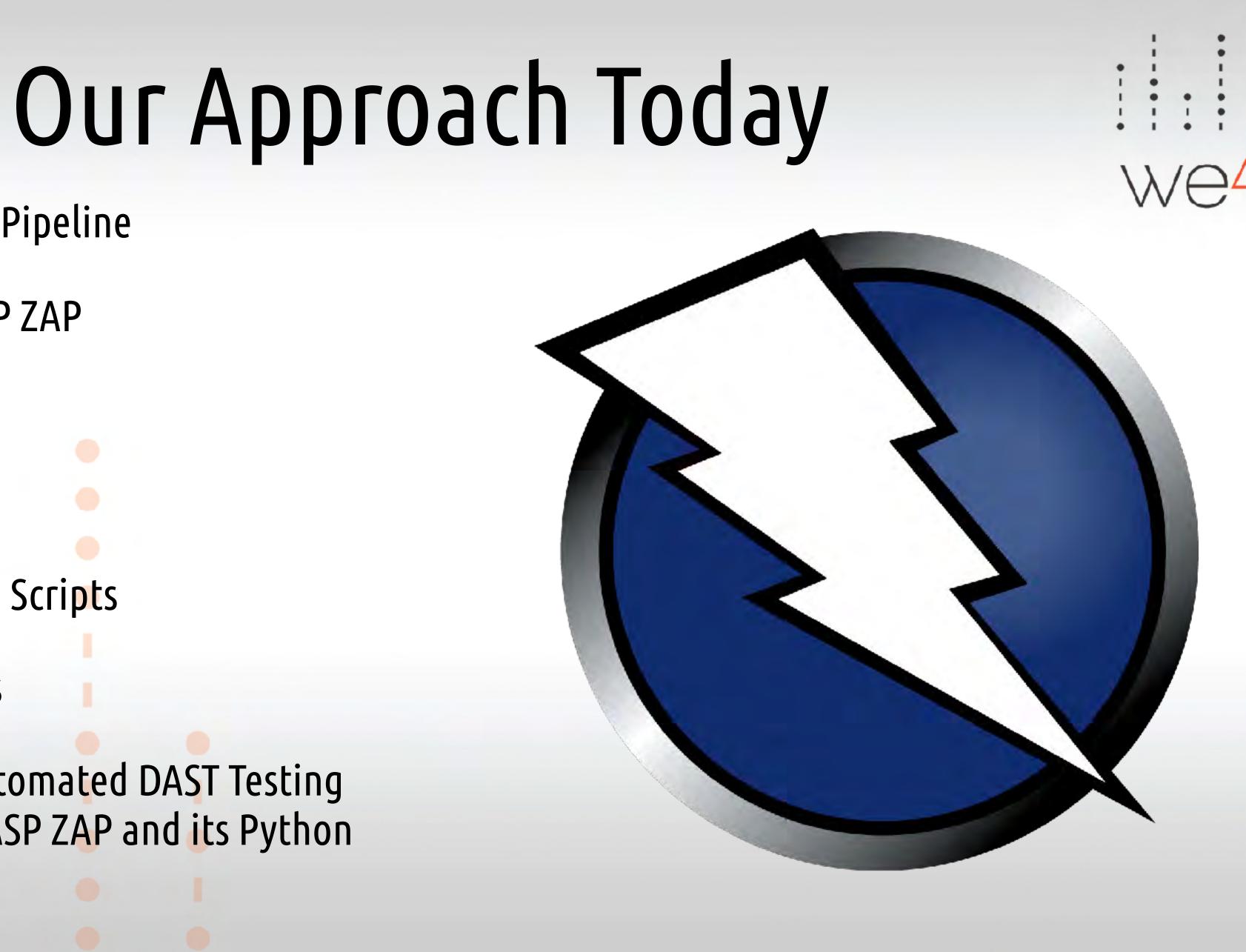


## The Need of the Hour...

- Continuous Application Security Practices to keep pace with Continuous Delivery
  - Dynamic Application Security Testing in the Pipeline
  - Static Application Security Testing in the Pipeline



- A View of DAST in the Pipeline
- Tool of Choice: OWASP ZAP
  - with:
  - Jenkins •
  - Customized Python Scripts
  - ElasticSearch/Redis
- Objective: Explore Automated DAST Testing Approaches with OWASP ZAP and its Python API

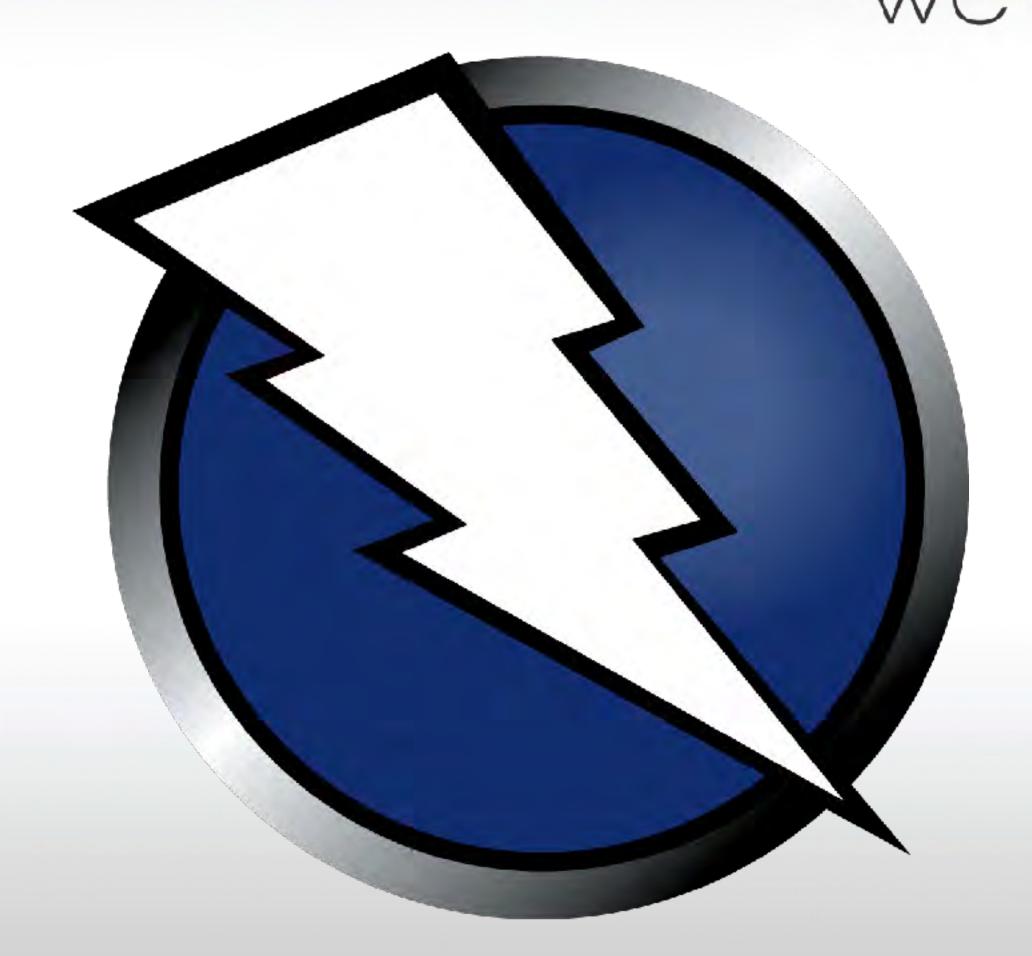




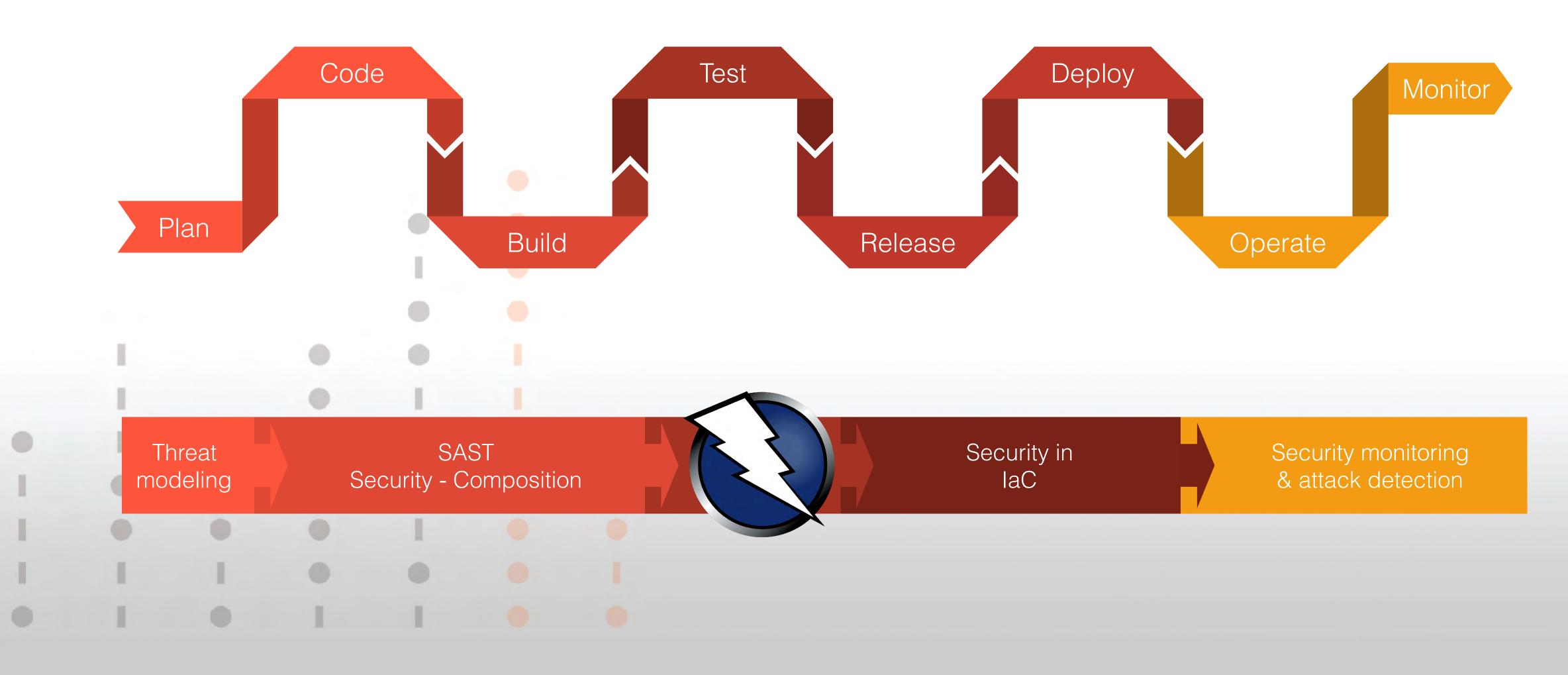
## Why OWASP ZAP?

- Free and Open Source Web Application
   Vulnerability Scanner
- Feature-Rich, well supported, with several contributors
- Community Support Plugins, Add-ons, etc.
- Documentation Better than most scanners out there
- Great API and Scriptable Scanner

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## Security in DevOps



### Stories for today...

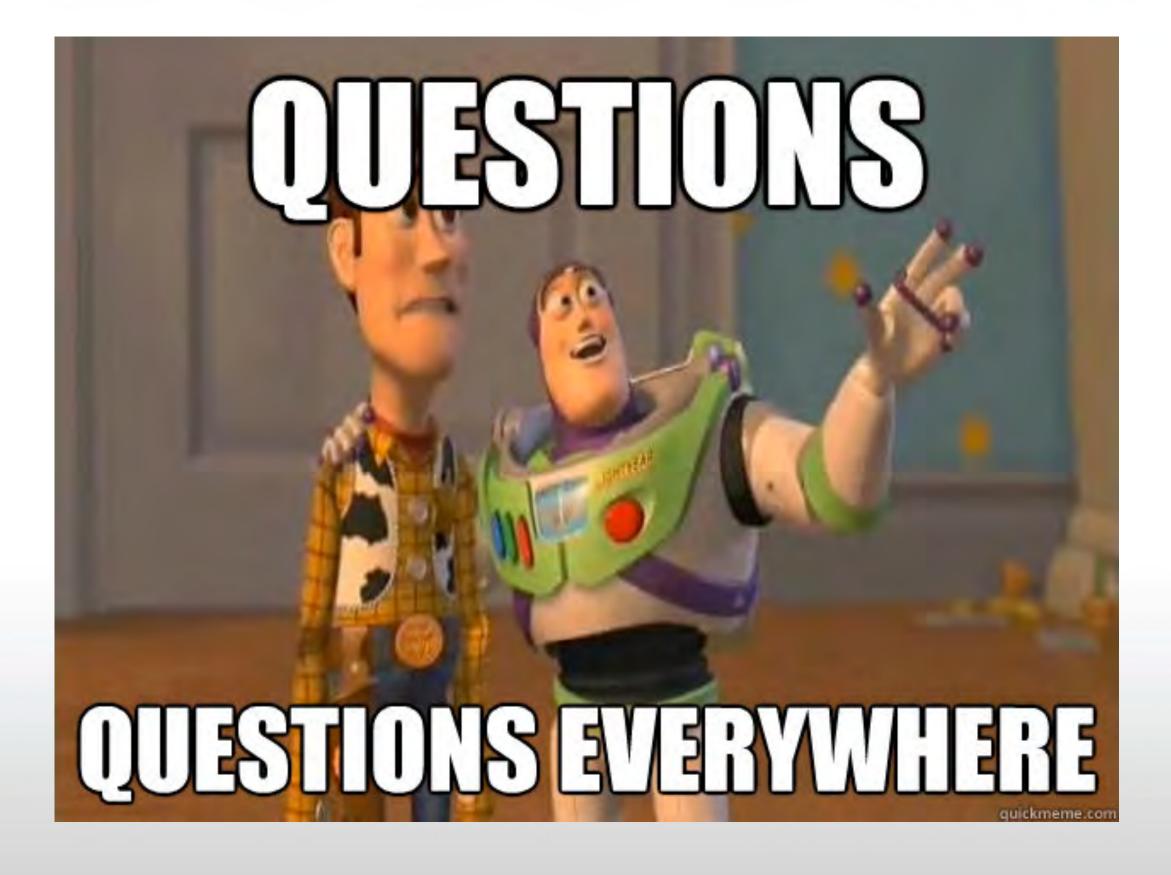
- The Application Security Engineer/ DevSecOps Engineering Perspective
- The Automation-focused Pentester
   Perspective





# Key Questions - AppSec Engineering/DevSecOps

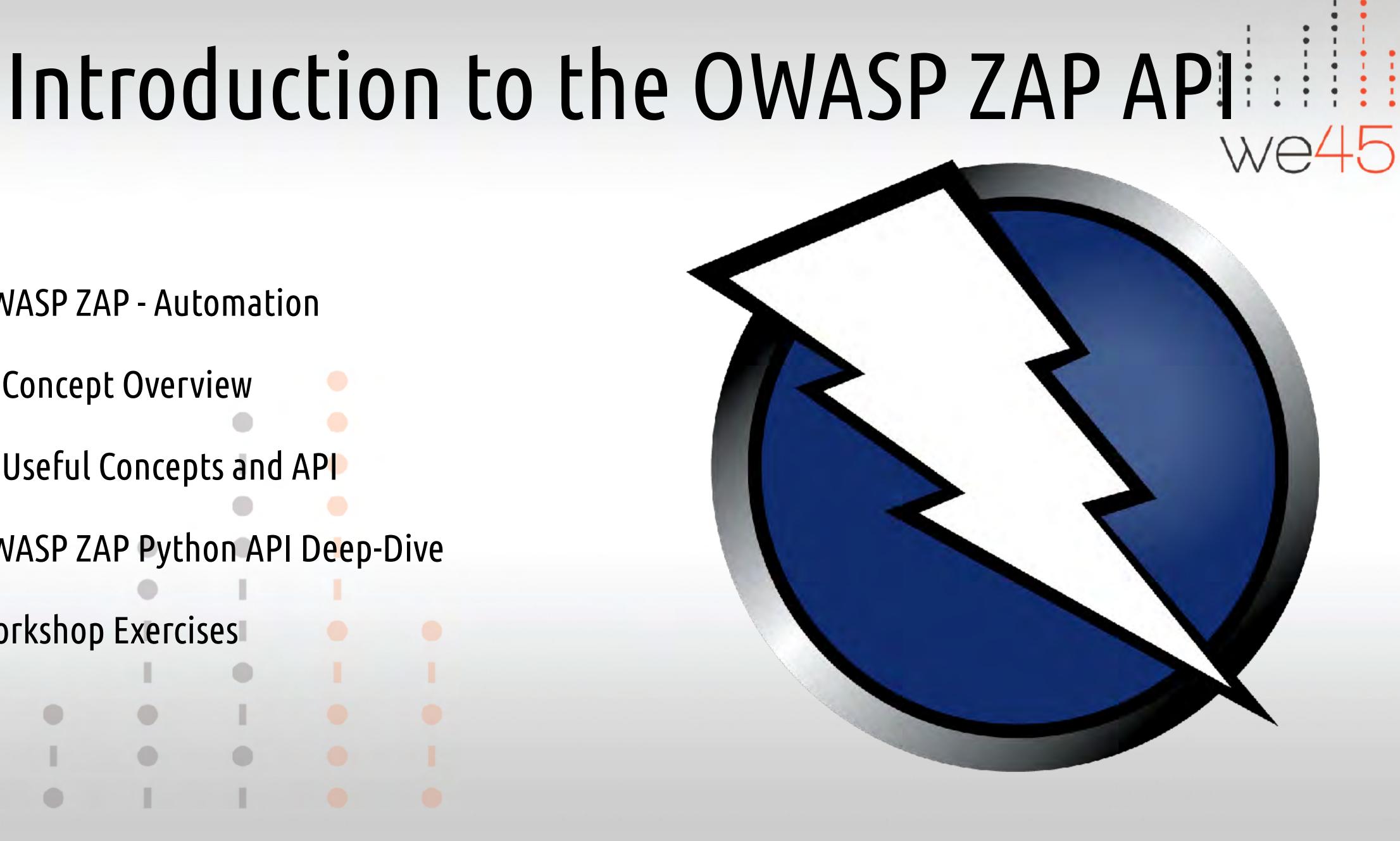
- How do we roll out Automated Security Testing in the pipeline?
  - Authenticated Scanning in the Pipeline for Apps/API, etc
  - Account for changes in Attack Surface





- OWASP ZAP Automation
  - Concept Overview
  - Useful Concepts and APP
- OWASP ZAP Python API Deep-Dive
- Workshop Exercises

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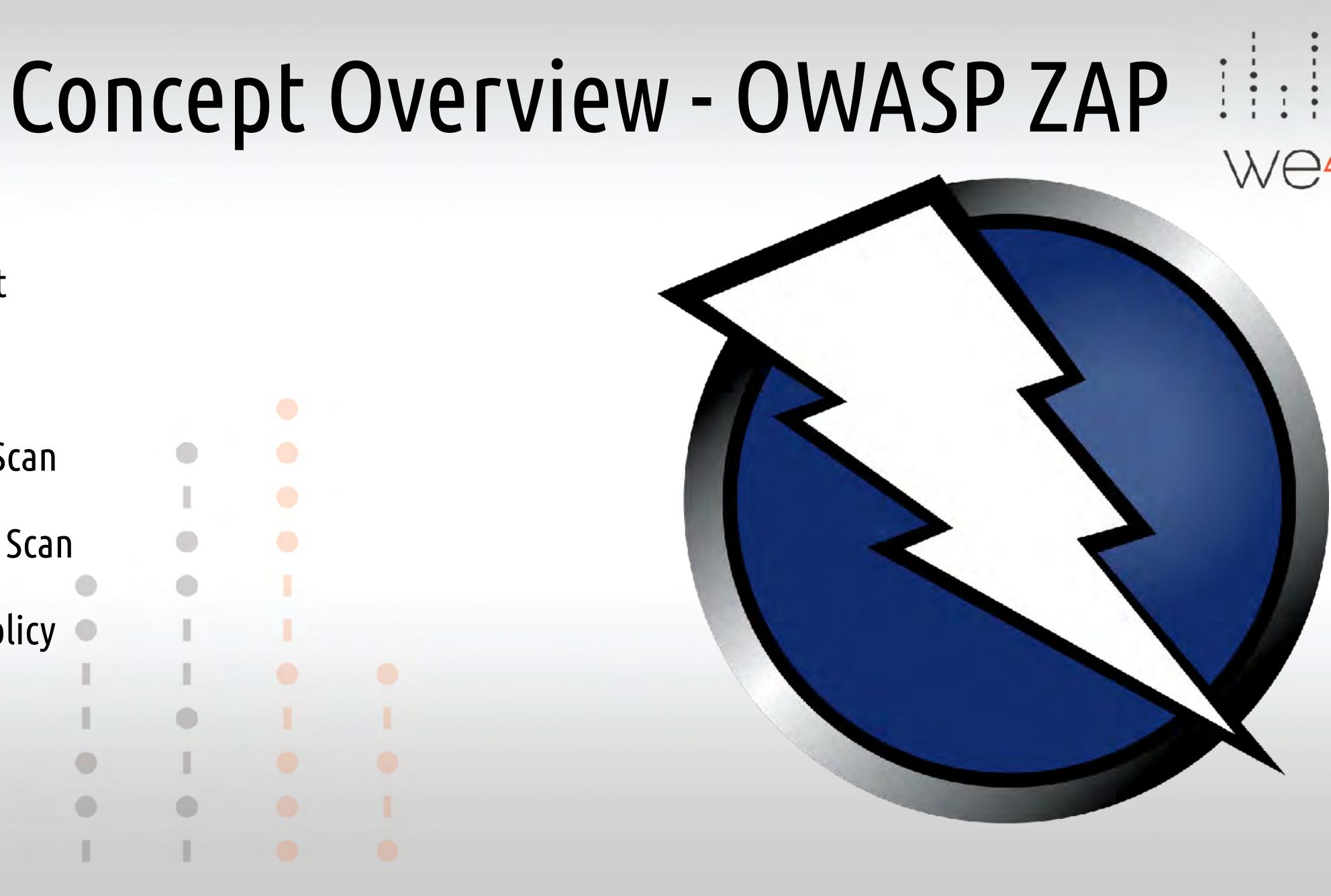


- Context
- Session
- Active Scan
- Passive Scan
- Scan Policy

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• Alert

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# Workshop Exercise - Basic ZAP Functionality

- Concept overview:
  - Context
  - Sites
  - Scan Policy
  - Scripts

• Script Console

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#### ZAP - Useful API Operations

#### from zapv2 import ZAPv2 as ZAP

zap.spider
#spider operations

zap.core
#App-wide operations

zap.ascan #Active Scan

zap.pscan
 #Passive Scan

zap.script
 #Operations with ZAP Scripts

zap.context
#Context related operations



#### ZAP API Quicksearch operations

zap.spider.scan() #initiate ZAP Spider Scan against target

zap.ascan.scan() #initiate ZAP Active Scan against Target

zap.core.alerts() #all alerts (scan results) from the ZAP Scanner

zap.core.urls() #list of URLs from ZAP

zap.ascan.status(), zap.spider.status() #real time status of the spider or ascan

zap.ascan.scan\_progress() #List of Vulnerabilities being tested for with number of payloads



# Workshop Exercise - ZAP API Walkthrough

1. ipython walkthrough

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2. Walkthrough ZAP API Code - Please refer to Instructions in the HTML



# Running Authenticated Scans in OWASP ZAP

- Approaches:
  - Selenium-driven Scan Process
  - Leveraging canned ZAP Sessions

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Zest Scripting







## Selenium-Authenticated Scan







## ZAP Session-Authenticated Scan

Stored OWASP ZAP Session loaded into ZAP

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Programmatically invoked with ZAP API

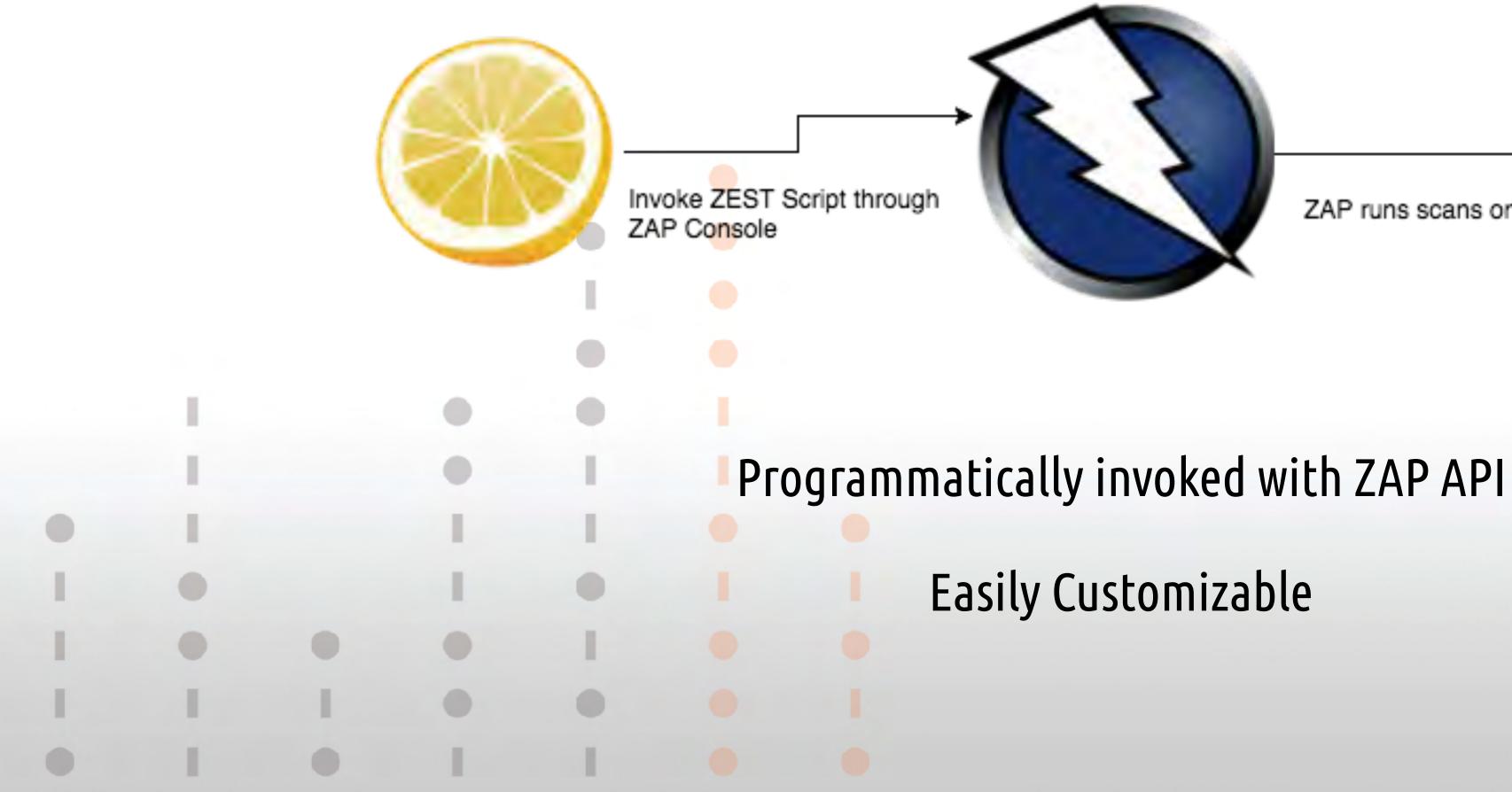
Maintains state with Sessions/Tokens, etc







## ZestScript Authenticated Scan







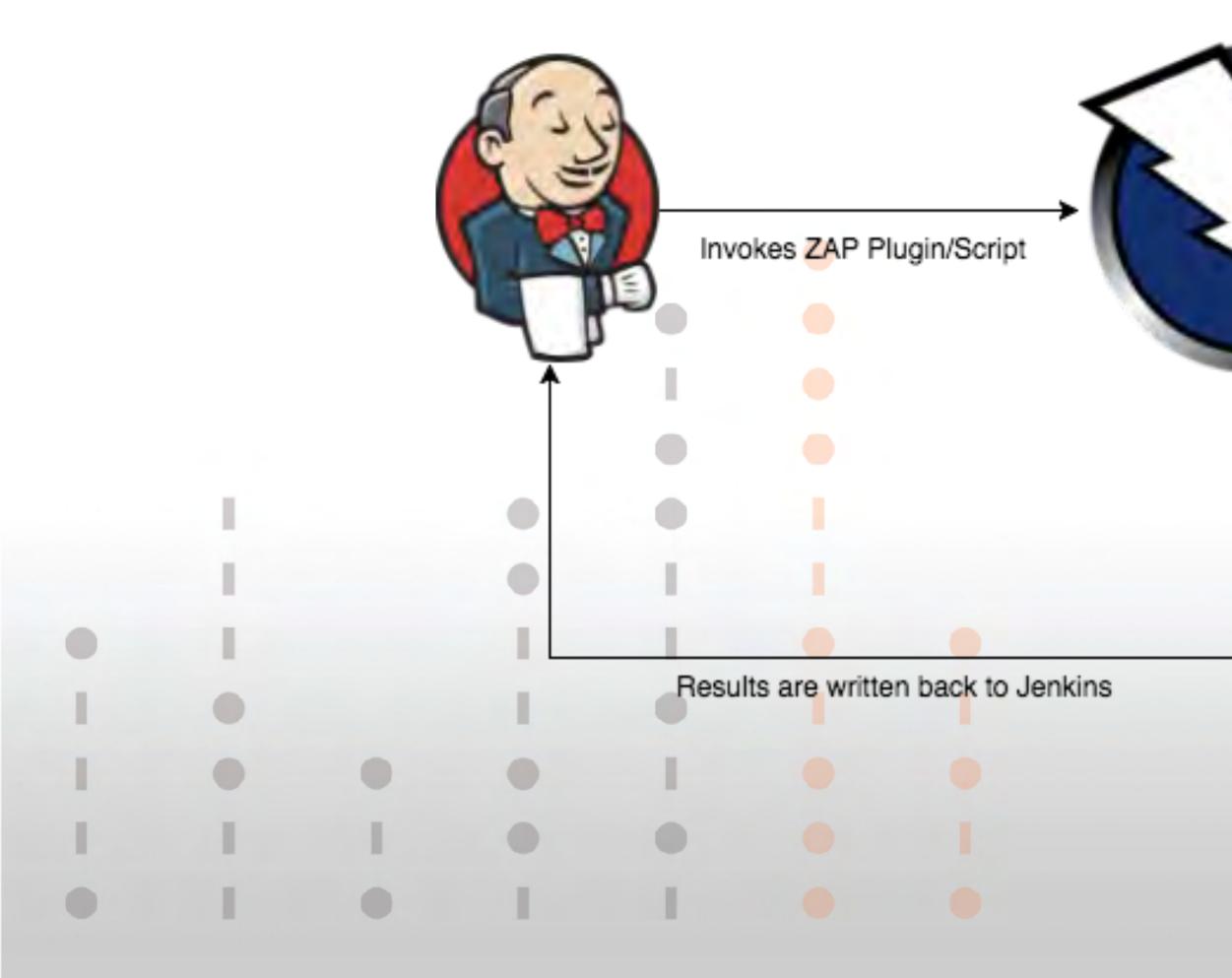
# Workshop Exercise - Automated, Authenticated ZAP Scans

- 1. Selenium-ZAP Scan Follow the HTML Instructions
- 2. ZAP Session Scans Follow the HTML Instructions
- 3. Zest ZAP Scans Follow the HTML Instructions

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# ZAP in the Continuous Delivery Pipeline







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Authenticated ZAP Scans -Jenkins Integration - Follow HTML Instructions

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## Correlating DAST Results

- The Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) system is the best we have for correlation right NOW
- Problems:

- Several tools don<sup>9</sup>t give any/accurate CWEs
- Multiple CWE values tend to be difficult to handle and correlate with - BurpSuite, etc





#### Workshop Exercise

- 1. Correlation of Application Vulnerabilities based on CWE Follow HTML Instructions
- 2. Diff Scans with ZAP Follow HTML Instructions

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# AppSec Automation - A Pentester's perspective we45

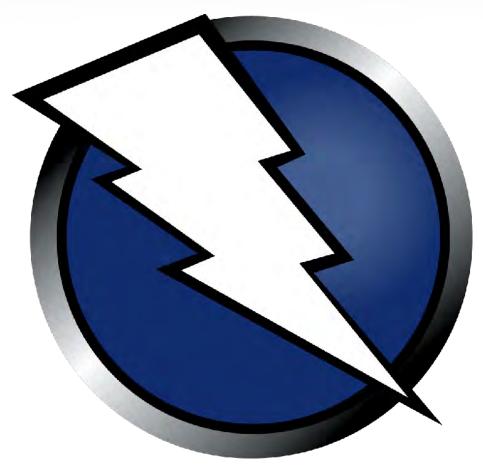
- How do we go beyond traditional DAST?
  - Scale Custom/Business Logic Security Flaws
  - Create Custom Application Exploits for non-standard/esoteric flaws
  - Create a Library of attacks extending/ complementing DAST Scanners





#### Tools we will use





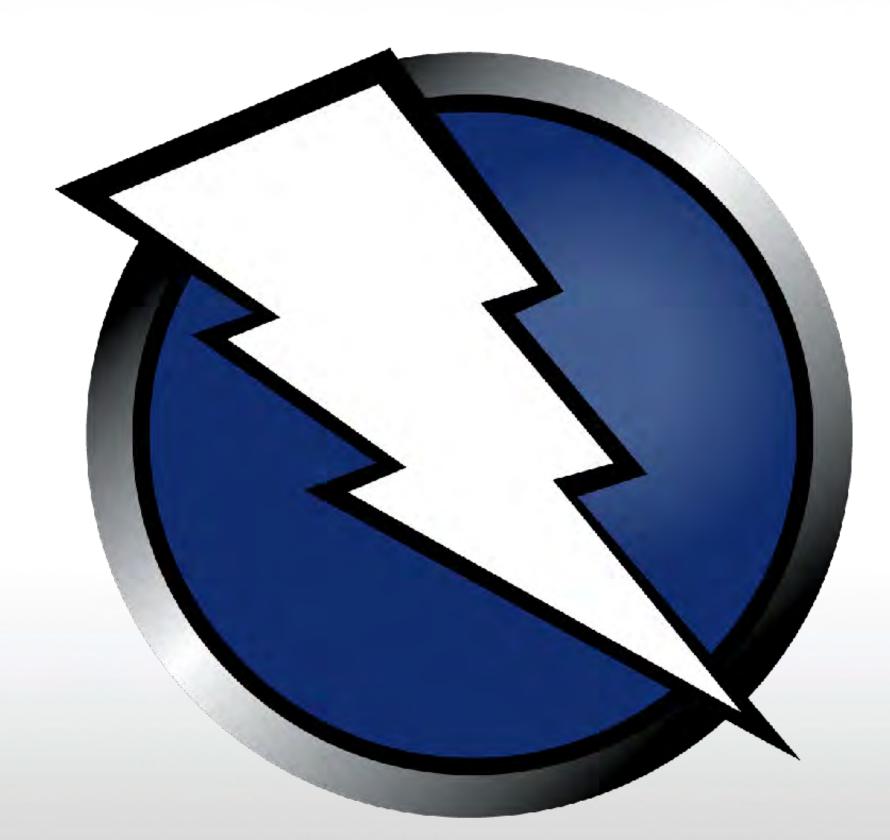


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## OWASP ZAP - Scripting Framework

- Active Rules => Scripts invoked during Active Scan
- Authentication Scripts => Scripts invoked to facilitate authentication for a Context
- Fuzzer Processors => Scripts invoked after Fuzzers are run with ZAP
- HTTPSender => Scripts invoked against every request/ response received by ZAP
- Proxy => Runs inline and acts on all requests and responses
- Targeted Rules => Invoked on specific urls or on manual start only
- Standalone => Invoked manually
- Passive Rules => Passive Scanning Rules





#### Configuring ZAP to run with Python

- ZAP supports scripts written in Jython
  - Python on Java JVM

- Not fully compatible with python libraries
- limitations on networking and i/o libraries in python
- Works when <sup>®</sup>Python Scripting<sup>®</sup> add-on is installed in OWASP ZAP.



• Third Party Python Libs can be linked when refer to the jython site-packages directory

- Primarily used as an extensible, interception proxy.
- Powerful Inline scripting framework
- Pure Python implementation :) Highly extensible and scriptable
- Current version is 2.x on python 3 only

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#### mitmproxy



#### ZAP Scripting QuickSearch

msq

#the message object that is acted upon to parse/manipulate

msg.getRequestHeader() #Request Header Object

msg.getRequestHeader().getURI() #fetches the URI from the request header

msg.getRequestBody() #Fetches the request body from the request

msg.getResponseBody() #Fetches the request body from the request

msg.setRequestBody() #Sets a different request body from the one in the original request



## ZAP Active Rules Template

11 11 11	
The	scanNode function will typically
The	scan function will typically be
URL '' '' ''	and Form for every page
def	<pre>scanNode(sas, msg): #Invoke something for every page</pre>
def	<pre>scan(sas, msg, param, value): #invoke something for every para</pre>
	<pre>sas.raiseAlert(1, 1, 'Active Vu msg.getRequestHea param, 'Your atta</pre>
	', 0, 0, msg);

ly be called once for every page a called for every parameter in every

ge here

ram here.

ilnerability title', 'Full description',
eader().getURI().toString(),
tack', 'Any other info', 'The solution



### mitmproxy inline scripting

def request(context, flow):
 flow.request.headers
 #request headers object

flow.request.host
 #host in the request

flow.request.path
 #request path

flow.request.content
 #request body

def response(context, flow):
 flow.response.headers
 # request headers object

flow.response.host
# host in the request

flow.response.path
# request path

flow.response.content
# request body



### Workshop Exercises

- 1. ZAP POST Request Insecure Direct Object Reference Active Script
- 2. ZAP JSON Insecure Direct Object Reference Active Script
- 3. ZAP Standalone Script

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- 4. mitmproxy JWT Bruteforce Script
- 5. mitmproxy JWT Attribute check script

