# **Calibration and Settings EVC-E2**

IPS350/400/450/500/600 IPS800/950 IPS1050/1200



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# **Calibration and Settings**

## General

- When the installation is complete, auto-configuration and calibration of the controls must always be carried out. Keys must be added to the system.
- Auto-configuration means that the system detects and defines all the components connected to it.
- Perform the calibrations according to the order in this manual.
- Auto-configuration must always be carried out when any changes are made to the EVC system, e.g. if the system is extended or modified.
- During control lever calibration, lever settings and idle rpm are defined for the EVC system. If a control lever is replaced, the new one must be calibrated.
- The engine cannot be started until keys are added to the system.

**NOTICE!** Not all steps are shown for new installations. These exceptions are marked by asterisks (\*) in the illustration sequences.

## e-Key

The key fob is held in front of the panel to unlock the boat's EVC system. There are ignition and Start/Stop buttons for each driveline.

The system has autostart, which means the button need only be pressed once to start the engines. The system will attempt to start the engines for a maximum of 10 seconds after which the starter motor circuit is broken to protect the starter motor from overheating. If possible, allow the starter motor to cool for at least five minutes before making a new start attempt.











## Displays

### 7" display

- A. Controls instrument lighting.
- B. Press to go back in the menu.

**C.** Confirm selection. Open sub menus and the *Set*-tings menu.

**D.** Turn to scroll through the menus.

#### 4" display

B. Press to go back in the menu.

**B.** Button functions are shown on screen; they change according to the menu selection.

C. Controls instrument lighting.

## 2.5" display

**B.** Press to go back in the menu. Press repeatedly to return to the main menu; alternatively, hold down the button for a couple of seconds.

- **B.** Go left or up in the menu.
- **B.** Go right or down in the menu.
- D. Confirm selection.

## **Multifunction panel**

**A.** Button function depends on the software installed.



## Volvo Penta Glass Cockpit

The Home menu is divided into fields:

- A. Warning and alarm symbols.
- **B.** Active function symbols.
- $\textbf{C.} \ \text{Shows current Autopilot settings}.$
- **D.** Settings with further selections.
- E. Optional screen functions.
- F. Main menus in home screen.





With Interceptor System (IS)

# **Controls and Steering System**

## A. STATION Activated helm station.

Green LED indicator

- Constant light: Station activated.
- Extinguished: Station inactivated.
- Flashing: Warning or attempted unauthorized station transfer.

## Red LED indicator

- Lit when system is locked. The engine can be controlled from the locked helm station.

## **B. Neutral LED** Confirms neutral position.

Green LED indicator

- Constant light: Neutral.
- Extinguished: Ahead, Astern.
- Flashing: Calibration or warm-up mode.

## C. Warning lamp

LED indication:

- Orange: Remark.
- Red: Warning.

## D. MIL LED

Yellow indicator lamp.

E. LOW SPEED

Low speed function on/off.

F. THROTTLE ONLY

Gas only (disengaged drive) on/off.

## G. CRUISE CONTROL

Cruise control on/off.

## H. SINGLE LEVER

Yellow indicator lamp.

## I. IS / POWER TRIM BUTTONS

- Interceptor System (IS) manual: up/down
- Power Trim up/down.

## J. IS / TRIM ASSIST

- Interceptor System (IS) auto/manual.
- Power Trim Assist (PTA) on/off.



## Joystick

A. DYNAMIC POSITIONING SYSTEM
Dynamic positioning system on/off.
B. JOYSTICK DRIVING
Joystick steering on/off.
C. HIGH MODE
Extra power on/off.

D. DOCKING

Docking function on/off.









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## Alarm handling

# Error message from the engine and EVC system.

The engine, transmission and the EVC system are monitored and checked by the diagnostics function. Should the diagnostic function discover a malfunction it will protect the engine and ensure continued operation by controlling the engine. The engine is controlled in different ways depending on the severity of the fault.

When a malfunction is detected, the helmsman is warned by an audible alarm and a message is displayed on the screen.

The message shows the cause of the fault and its remedy. This information is also available in the Fault Code Register in the engine's Operator's Manual.

## Acknowledge message

- 1 Push OK to ackowledge the alarm. The buzzer becomes silent.
- 2 Read the message.
- 3 Push OK again and the message disappears.

The alarm has to be acknowledged before the engine can be started.



## **IPS Calibration**

The VODIA diagnostic tool may be used to adjust EVC system parameters. This is done with the **Parameter programming** tool in the **Service and maintenance** menu.

VODIA is a special tool from Volvo Penta, refer to Volvo Penta Partner Network to order. Further information about VODIA use is available in the VODIA Operator's Manual that can be downloaded from Volvo Penta Partner Network.

Once contact with the system has been established, contact is then made with the specific ECU (Engine Control Unit) in the menu to show which unit parameters can be adjusted.

## Adjustable parameters

**NOTICE!** Certain parameters may require special permission for adjustment.

## Neutral signal

VODIA text: "**Neutral signal**". Activated for one PCU (MID 187). The parameter enables activation or deactivation of the control lever neutral position function. The function can be activated individually at helm station HCUs. If the function is required for all helm stations it must be activated in the PCU via VODIA. This affects all helm stations for the driveline concerned with up to four HCUs possible per driveline.

## Calibrating Volvo Penta IPS drive units

Performed by the OEM and consists of two parts: Drive leg position, which calibrates the relative positions between the drive and Drive Alignment, is carried out using a centering tool for the drives.



1. Control lever in neutral position.



4. Select function group Steering.



8. Preconditions.



12. Turn the main switch on.



UOINO PENTA

2. Turn on the ignition.



5. Select calibration.



9. Step 1: Start Drive leg position and follow the instructions.



13. Confirm with OK.



3. Connect to VODIA. (Example shows guad)





6. Select OEM.

Is the red drive leg moving?

YES V NO X

10. For example: Is the

marked drive leg mov-

OEM Calibration

Part: 2/2 Drive Alignment, Calibration

This operation is used to calibrate the

relative position between the drive legs. The boat must be out of the water and you need the special drive center position

tool.

Tap play to start

14. Step 2: Start Drive

instructions.

alignment and follow the

**# 4**:19

ing?

VODIA

7. Select installation type.



11. Cut the current with the main switches. Wait 10 seconds.

VODIA		# € 4:31
Drive A	Alignment,	Calibration
VODIA		
9 Ist	his the corre	ect Hull
U ID?		
l v xx	X12345H10	1
XX	X12345H10	1

15. Confirm the hull ID.



**16.** Select driveline. Adjust the drive with arrow buttons and press Done.



**17.** Repeat for additional engines.



**18.** Are you sure that the drive legs are aligned with the center positioning tool?



**19.** Caution! Remove the positioning tool.



**20.** Report the result within 28 days.



**21.** VODIA web, select Report software.

## **Steering mode**

Steering mode specifies the relative positions between the drives. Select between steering rates Minimum, Medium and Maximum. Additionally, IPS2 and IPS3 have two medium positions: low and high. Maximum steering rate provides the smallest turning radius.

NOTICE! Where necessary, determine steering mode settings according to the Sea Trial Wizard.



**1.** Move control to neutral.



**4.** Select function group Steering.



8. Preconditions



2. Turn the ignition on.



5. Configuration.

# **≤**× 10:31

Steering Mode

The steering mode setting is the esponsibility of the boat builder. It should be based on the properties of the boat hull. At high speeds, the MAXIMUM setting gives the smallest turning radius.

Tap play to start

9. Tap Play to start.



3. Connect to VODIA. (Example shows quad)





- 6. Steering mode.
- 7. Select installation type.



**10.** Select steering mode.



**11.** Report the result within 28 days.



**12.** VODIA web, select Report software.

# Auto configuration, twin installation

In example below the 2.5" display is used. If 4" or 7" display, use keys / knobs to navigate and OK to confirm. \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation.





1. Put the gear in neutral

**CALIBRATION MODE** 

5.\* Calibration Mode 1.0

1.0

2.\* Turn the ignition on.

>5 sec...

X

6. Press THROTTLE

ONLY

Y 3. Press THROTTLE

り

VOLVO

7.\* Auto configuration

ONLY

begun.

>5 sec...



4.\* Indicates that calibration mode is activated.





8. Wait.



9. Select the engine to be shown in each display. Confirm with OK.



**10.** If multifunction panel: select type of panel.



11. Confirm with OK.



12. Configure any tachometer.



13. Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



14. Allocate port tachometer.



15. Confirm with OK.





**16.** Port ready, allocate starboard.

**20.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

17. Confirm with OK.

SBIS

**18.** Starboard confirmed.



**19.** Repeat steps **9–18** for further helm stations.

# Auto configuration, triple installation

In example below the 2.5" display is used. If 7" display, use keys / knobs to navigate and OK to confirm. **NOTICE!** \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation.



**1.** Move control to neutral.



**4.\*** Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



**8.** Wait until buzzer and ignition light activates.



11. Confirm with OK.



2.\* Turn the ignition on.



**5.**\* Calibration Mode 1.0 in the display.



6. Press THROTTLE ONLY



3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



**7.**\* Auto configuration begun.



9. Select the engine to be shown in each display.

VOLVO PENTA Select Panel Type Start/Stop Panel

**10.** If multifunction panel: select type of panel.



**12.** Configure any tachometer.

Confirm with OK.

PT?



**13.** Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



**14.** Allocate port tachometer.



PTIS

16. Port ready, allocate

starboard.



SBIS

17. Starboard Engine?



18. Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



22. Center engine?





19. Starboard Engine?





for further helm stations.





23. Confirm with OK.

24. Center confirmed.

25. Repeat steps 9-24





# Auto configuration, quadruple installation

In example below the 2.5" display is used. If 7" display, use keys / knobs to navigate and OK to confirm. **NOTICE!** \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation.



**1.** Move control to neutral.



**4.**\* Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



2.\* Turn the ignition on.



5.\* Calibration Mode 1.0



6. Press THROTTLE ONLY



3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



**7.**\* Auto configuration begun.



8. Wait.



11. Confirm with OK.



9. Select the engine to be shown in each display.



**10.** If multifunction panel: select type of panel.



Confirm with OK.

**12.** Configure any tachometer.



**13.** Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.





PTIS

16. Allocate port tach-

ometer.

**15.** Confirm with OK.



**19.** Repeat for all tachometers.

VOLVO PENTA

20. Confirm with OK.



17. Port center engine?



**21.** Repeat steps **9–20** for further helm stations.



**18.** Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



**22.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

# Auto configuration, 4" display

**NOTICE!** 4" display can not be used in combination with 2,5" or 7" display at the same helm station. **NOTICE!** \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation. (Example below show a twin installation)



1. Move control to neutral.



**5.**\* Calibration Mode 1.0



**9.** If multifunction panel: select type of panel. Confirm with OK.



**13.** Allocate port tachometer. Confirm with OK.



**2.**\* Turn the ignition on.



6. Press THROTTLE ONLY



**10.** Select display type. Confirm with OK.

SB ?

14. Port ready, allocate

PTIS

starboard.

Confirm with OK.



3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



**7.**\* Auto configuration begun.



**11.** Configure any tachometer.



**15.** Starboard confirmed.



**4.**\* Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



8. Wait.



**12.** Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



**16.** Repeat steps **9–15** for further helm stations.

# Auto configuration, 7" display

NOTICE! If two 7" displays are used on one helm station they must be configured as TWIN/TWIN SECONDARY respective port/starboard (on twin installations) as TRIPLE/TRIPLE SECONDARY (on triple installations) and as QUAD PORT/QUAD STARBOARD (on quad installations)

**NOTICE!** \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation.

(Example below show a twin installation)





1. Move control to neutral.

2.\* Turn the ignition on.

>5 sec... X

3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



4.\* Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



5.\* Calibration Mode 1.0



9. If multifunction panel: select type of panel.



6. Press THROTTLE ONLY



10. Confirm with OK.





7.\* Auto configuration begun.



11. Configure any tachometer.

8. Wait.



12. Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.





**13.** Allocate port tachometer. Confirm with OK.

**14.** Port ready, allocate starboard. Confirm with OK.



**15.** Starboard confirmed.



**16.** Repeat steps **9–15** for further helm stations.

**17.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

# Auto configuration, analog lever

In example below the 2.5" display is used. If 7" display, use keys / knobs to navigate and OK to confirm. NOTICE! \* Indication not shown / skip the item during new installation. (Example below show a twin installation)



1. Move control to neutral.



5. Push the Neutral button.



9. Confirm with OK.



**2.**\* Turn the ignition on.

6. Wait.

PT?



**CALIBRATION MODE** 1.0

3. Set active station.

4.\* Calibration Mode 1.0



7. Select Port engine. Confirm with OK.



**11.** Allocate tachometer. Scroll using the arrow buttons.



8. If multifunction panel: select type of panel.<sup>(1)</sup>



12. Confirm with OK.



13. Allocate port tachometer. OK



14. Port ready, allocate starboard. OK

**17.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.



15. Starboard confirmed.



16. Repeat steps 7-15 for further helm stations.



<sup>1.</sup> Start/Stop panel required at each station.

## Language

Select preferred language:

English, Danish, Finnish, French, Dutch, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish, Swedish and German.

**NOTICE!** The setting need only be made at one helm station to be displayed on all screens at all helm stations.









**1.** Turn the ignition on.

Units Language InfoBeep



2. Scroll the menu.

3. Settings

Language English Svenska
Svenska



4. Confirm with OK.

5. Scroll to Language menu.

6. Confirm with OK.

7. Select preferred language.

8. Confirm with OK.



**9.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

## Units

NOTICE! The setting need only be made at one helm station to be displayed on all screens at all helm stations.



**1.** Turn the ignition on.



**5.** Scroll to the Units menu.



9. Select preferred units.



13. Confirm with OK.



2. Scroll the menu.



6. Confirm with OK.



10. Confirm with OK.



**14.** Select unit and confirm with OK.



3. Settings



7. Select preferred units.



11. Scroll to set units of



distance.

**15.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.



4. Confirm with OK.



8. Confirm with OK.



**12.** Scroll to Distance.

# Add e-Key

**NOTICE!** The ignition must be on and engine(s) stopped.







- 2. Turn the ignition on.
- VOLVO PENTA S C OK

3. Scroll the menu.

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4. Settings.



5. Confirm with OK.



9. Select Add e-Key.



6. Scroll to the e-Key management menu.



10. Confirm with OK.



7. Confirm with OK.

**11.** Show e-Key to add.





8. If previous e-Key exists, confirm it before step 9.



12. Hold the new e-Key in panel.



13. e-Key added. Remaining available locations for e-Key in display.



14. Repeat steps 9-13 for additional e-Keys.



15. Restart the system to confirm the calibration.



# Lever Calibration, top mounted lever

**NOTICE!** Both levers must be calibrated at the same time to provide the same positions for all engines. **WOT = Wide Open Throttle.** 





**1.** Move control to neutral.



5. Calibration Mode 1.0.



9. Full power ahead.



13. Press THROTTLE ONLY



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**6.** Move the levers ahead to position 1.



**10.** Press THROTTLE ONLY



**14.** Calibration Mode 1.3.



3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



7. Press THROTTLE ONLY



**11.** Calibration Mode 1.2.



15. Full power astern.



**4.** Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



8. Calibration Mode 1.1.



**12.** Move the levers astern to position 3.



16. Press THROT-TLE ONLY











**17.** Calibration Mode 1.4.



**21.** Press THROTTLE ONLY An audible signal will confirm that calibration is complete.

**18.** Move control to neutral.



**22.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

ROTTLE 20. Calibrati

**20.** Calibration Mode 1.5.

## Lever calibration, analog lever with stand-alone HCU

## WOT = Wide Open Throttle.



1. Push the Neutral button.



5. Calibration Mode 1.1.



9. Move the levers astern to position 3.



13. Confirm the position.



2. Calibration Mode 1.0.



6. Move the lever to position 2.



10. Confirm the position.

CALIBRATION MODE

**14.** Calibration Mode 1.4.

1.4



3. Move the levers ahead to position 1.



4. Confirm the position.

CALIBRATION MODE

1.2



7. Confirm the position.

8. Calibration Mode 1.2.



11. Calibration Mode 1.3.



12. Move the lever to position 4, WOT astern.



15. Put the gear in neutral



16. Confirm the position.





17. Calibration Mode 1.5.

**18.** To finish, press Neutral.



**19.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

# **Fuel tank settings**

- If only one tank is fitted it must be configured as port side. If there are two tanks they must be calibrated ٠ separately; begin by configuring the port side tank.
- There are two alternative ways of calibrating the fuel tank level sensor. Full tank calibration is an approximate method while Multi-point calibration provides more precise results. Multi-point calibration is a prerequisite for the trip computer to show fully accurate information.
- Auto-configuration must be done when the fuel tank sensor is connected.

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## Setting alarm level and tank volume

NOTICE! The tank must be empty. **NOTICE!** The alarm is switched off at the factory = 0%.





1. Switch on ignition to the port engine.

2. System with 2.5" Display.

3. Settings.

SETTINGS





4. Confirm with OK.



5. Scroll to Fuel Tank. Confirm with OK.



9. Warning! May only be performed by qualified Volvo Penta personnel.

6. Select port side.

Side selection

Starboard

Port









11. Set the max volume.

- VOLVO PENTA S < D or
- 8. Confirm with OK.



12. Scroll to correct value.



13. Confirm with OK.



**17.** Warning! May only be performed by qualified Volvo Penta personnel.



**14.** System with 2.5" Display.



**18.** Confirm the warning message.



**15.** Select Fuel Tank Empty



16. Confirm with OK.

**19.** Make sure the tank is empty and the sensor is correctly positioned.



**20.** FUEL TANK PUSH WHEN EMPTY.



**24.** Set preferred alarm level.



**21.** Confirm that the tank is empty.



25. Confirm with OK.

Fuel Tank Volume Fuel Tank Empty Fuel Alarm

22. Scroll to Fuel Alarm.

23. Confirm with OK.

Repeat for further fuel tanks with port ignition off.



**27.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.



## **Multi-point calibration**

To carry out multi-point calibration, fill the fuel tank to max 20% of its total capacity. **NOTICE!** Empty tank calibration must be concluded before multi-point calibration is performed.

VOLVO PENTA

2. System with 2.5" Dis-

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 $\langle \rangle$ 

5

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play.

OK

## Calibration is carried out in five steps:

Position 1: 20% full tank. Position 2: 40% full tank. Position 3: 60% full tank. Position 4: 80% full tank. Position 5: 100% full tank.





· · · Fuel Tank · · ·

**5.** Scroll to the Fuel Tank menu.



**9.** Fill the tank with the quantity specified for Pos. 1



**13.** Confirm when tank is filled to the specified level.



6. Confirm with OK.

10. Wait for 10 seconds.



**14.** Repeat the procedure for Pos. 3, Pos. 4 and Pos 5.



3. Settings



**7.** Scroll to Multi-Point Calibration



**11.** Confirm when tank is filled to the specified level.



**15.** Confirm each position.



4. Confirm with OK.



8. Confirm with OK.



**12.** Fill to the volume specified for Pos. 2. Wait 10 seconds.



**17.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

## Water in oil sensor

## System with 7" Display

Applies to IPS 800-950 and IPS 1050-1200. Perform for new installations and oil change. NOTICE! Preconditions: Engine running below 1000 RPM.





1. Ignition must be on for 2. Go to Settings all drivelines.

MODE	BACKGROUND			
DAV	-	EVC	WARNING	
DAY	WHITE	SETTINGS	MANAGER	

SETTINGS NEUTRAL BEEP DRIVE OIL CHANGE INFO BEEP LEVEL TRIP COMPUTER RESET CAMERA DISPLAY TYPE INFO DISPLAY CONTRAST UNITS

DRIVE OIL CHANGE	PORT	
	STARBOARD	

#### 4. Select Service.

E-KEY MANAGEMENT





- 6. Select driveline.
- 7. Select Perform.





9. Calibration completed successfully.



10. Repeat for additional engines.



- 5. Select Drive oil change.

PERFORM.

3. EVC Settings.

## Slip calibration

# 

This procedure requires the engine to be running. The gear will be engaged, be prepared for sudden movements.

Carry out trolling calibration for one engine at a time to avoid excessive forces. Use both levers to calibrate trippel installation.

**NOTICE!** Do not perform calibration before transmission temperature has reached at least 30°C ( 86°F). **NOTICE!** To be performed in open water.





>5 sec...

**1.**Move control to neutral.



5. Press LOW SPEED.

**2.** Switch on ignition to the port engine.



6. Slip calibration 6.1.

3. Press THROTTLE ONLY





4. Calibration Mode 1.0.





- Trolling calibration is now performed. During calibration gears will be engaged and disengaged a number of times. This means the boat will move.
- 7. Start the port engine.

**8.** Move the levers ahead to position 1.



9. Slip calibration 6.2.



11. Slip calibration 6.3.

**12.** Move the levers astern to position 3.

**10.** Calibration for trolling ahead is performed. Lasts for 5 to 20 minutes.



## 

Trolling calibration is now performed. During calibration gears will be engaged and disengaged a number of times. This means the boat will move.

**13.** Slip calibration 6.4.

ration 6.2.

**REV IDLING** 





**14.** Calibration for trolling astern is performed. Lasts for 5 to 20 minutes.



17. Stop the engine.



**18.** Turn ignition off.





19. Repeat for additional engines. Restart the system to confirm the calibration.



**16.** Move control to neutral.

If this error message appears:

**SLIP CALIBRA-TION FAILED** 

20. Restart calibration.





1. Move control to neutral.

1.0

2. Turn the ignition on.



Idling speed calibration

3. Press THROTTLE ONLY



4. Indicates that calibration mode is activated.



8. Set the preferred idle speed using the control. D4: 700-750 rpm D6: 600-650 rpm D11: 550-700 rpm D13: 550-800 rpm



5. Calibration Mode 1.0.

9. Confirm: Press THROTTLE ONLY



6. Start the engines.

10. Move control to neutral.



11. Stop the engines.



**12.** Restart the system to confirm the calibration.





CALIBRATION **IDLE SPEED** SET RPM

7. CALIBRATION IDLE SPEED SET RPM appears in the display.

## **Calibrating the Joystick Function**

**NOTICE!** Calibration may be done in either direction, port or starboard, at one station.

- This calibration need only be made if boat maneuvers do not correspond to joystick movements. ٠
- Make sure there is sufficient space for maneuvering the boat. •





2. Turn the ignition on.



3. Start the engines.



1. Move control to neutral.



- 5. Joystick calibration started.
- 6. Buzzer and light confirm start of calibration.



8. The boat must move straight abeam.



9. Hold the position and confirm by pushing DOCKING.

Π

4. Hold the DOCKING button down for five seconds.



7. Compensate boat movements with the joystick.



10. Buzzer and light confirm end of calibration. Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

## Resetting calibration to the factory setting.





**1.** Move control to neutral.



**5.** Joystick calibration started.

**2.** Turn the ignition on.



**6.** Buzzer and light confirm start of calibration.



3. Start the engines.



**7.** Hold the position and confirm by pushing DOCKING.



**4.** Hold the DOCKING button down for five seconds.



Buzzer and light confirm end of calibration. Restart the system to confirm the calibration.

## **Joystick Docking force**

Changes the force when moving abeam. Select between Minimum, Medium and Maximum. Normal force mode and extra force mode are changed by the same factor.







2. Turn the ignition on.



3. Connect to VODIA. (Example shows quad)



4. Select function group Steering.



8. Preconditions



5. Configuration.

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Docking Force

This operation is used when the force noving sideways must be changed. Both he normal force mode and the high force mode will be changed with the same factor. Choose between Minimum,

ose betw um and M

9. Tap Play to start.

Tap play to start

13 VO



6. Dockingforce.



Cance



10. Report the result within 28 days.



11. VODIA web, select Report software.







# **Calibration of Interceptor System**

The IS system must be calibrated in order for it to be activated and function as expected. Calibration is carried out through parameter programming with the aid of the VODIA tool.

**NOTICE!** It is the boatbuilder's responsibility to decide on the mode selected in settings based on how the boat is intended to handle.

## Sea trial with inactive system

Always test the boat under load conditions that represent those of the end user. Assess the boat's characteristics such as trim, visibility, heel in turns and spray. Note the speed at which maximum trim angle is achieved; this value is used for calibrating PZW.

**NOTICE!** PZW, PZZ and PZX only require calibration on installations with auto function.

## Preparations

## 1. Identify the chassis number

Identify the port driveline chassis number.

## 2. Order the change kit

The change kits are available in four versions, auto or manual and two or four interceptors.

## 3. Download the software package

Go to Volvo Penta Partner Network and download the software package (MID194) to VODIA.

## 4. Program the control unit, ICM.

This is where the parameters PZP, PZR, PZQ and PZO are set; they need not be changed if no fault occurred when ordering the change kit.

**NOTICE!** Auto-configuration must be carried out once programming is completed so that the EVC system can identify the IS installation.



## ICM 2:PZT QAX 4:PZV QAZ QAY QAY QAW QAW QAW P0018157

## Adjusting blade position

Check the installed position of the interceptors on the transom, height above bottom (A). The system has a pre-installed value of 10% (5 mm) (0.2") of maximum interceptor blade extension (50 mm) (2").

Measure and take note of any deviation each interceptor may have from the pre-set value. Deviations mean that the parameters below must be set.

- PZS, Servo Module 1 Zero Offset Position Adjusting blade start position.
  If the unit is installed e.g. 8 mm (0,3") above the bottom the value must be set at 16% (16% of 50 mm = 8 mm) (16% of 2" = 0.3").
- 2 QAW, Servo Module 1 Working Range
   Pre-set value 90%. The sum total of PZS and QAW
   must be 100%.
   E.g. if PZS (start position) is changed to 16% then

QAW must be set at 84% (100%-16% = 84%).

- 3 PZV, Servo Module 4 Zero Offset Position Adjusting blade start position.
  If the unit is installed e.g. 8 mm (0,3") above the bottom the value must be set at 16% (16% of 50 mm = 8 mm) (16% of 2" = 0.3").
- 4 **QAZ, Servo Module 4 Working Range** Pre-set value 90%. The sum total of PZV and QAZ must be 100%.

E.g. if PZV (start position) is changed to 16% then QAZ must be set at 84% (100%-16% = 84%).

- 5 PZT, Servo Module 2 Zero Offset Position Adjusting blade start position.
  If the unit is installed e.g. 8 mm (0,3") above the bottom the value must be set at 16% (16% of 50 mm = 8 mm) (16% of 2" = 0.3").
- 6 **QAX, Servo Module 2 Working Range** Pre-set value 90%. The sum total of PZT and QAX

must be 100%.

E.g. if PZT (start position) is changed to 16% then QAX must be set at 84% (100%-16% = 84%).

- 7 PZU, Servo Module 3 Zero Offset Position Adjusting blade start position.
  If the unit is installed e.g. 8 mm (0,3") above the bottom the value must be set at 16% (16% of 50 mm = 8 mm) (16% of 2" = 0.3").
- 8 **QAY, Servo Module 3 Working Range** Pre-set value 90%. The sum total of PZU and QAY must be 100%.

E.g. if PZU (start position) is changed to 16% then QAY must be set at 84% (100%-16% = 84%).



## PZY, Roll Sensor Offset

The PZY parameter is used to enable the system to generate a flat thwartships trim angle. If the ICM unit is correctly installed in horizontal alignment with the boat's intended horizontal plane, the value needs no adjustment.

- 1 Check that the control unit (ICM) is installed straight in relation to the boat's horizontal plane. Measure and note any degrees of deviation.
- 2 Adjust PZY with the noted deviation.
- 3 Perform a test run at planing speed to verify the settings.
- Adjust further as necessary.
   Positive values adjust port side up/ starboard side down.
   Negative values adjust port side down/ starboard

Negative values adjust port side down/ starboard side up.

## PZW, Automatic Trim Demand

Setting the boat's angle of attack.

- 1 Select a suitable calibration graph Select the plot group based partly on the speed the boat has at maximum trim angle and partly on its top speed. The plot groups are 1-3, 4-6, 7-9, 10-12, 13-15 and 16-18 as illustrated below.
- 2 Set the selected graph in PZW. We recommend initiating the test run with the graph in the middle of the selected plot group, i.e. 2, 5, 8, 11, 14 or 17.

## 3 Verification runs

**NOTICE!** Verification of the graph selected must be done in test runs across the boat's full speed range.

Select how great compensation must be by testing the boat on a selected graph. If the angle of attack must be reduced select a higher graph number, and if it must be raised select a lower graph number.



P0017844

#### Graph 1–3

This plot group is suitable for boats whose maximum trim angle is achieved at 12–16 knots.



#### Graph 4-6

This plot group is suitable for boats whose maximum trim angle is achieved at 16-20 knots.

#### Graph 7-9

This plot group is suitable for boats whose maximum trim angle is achieved at 20-24 knots.

#### Graph 10-12

This plot group is suitable for boats whose maximum trim angle is achieved at 12–16 knots. E.g. for AQ-installations with PTA and IS collaboration.

#### Graph 13-15:

Slower types of boat. Autotrim compensation is required across the boat's entire planing speed range.

#### Graph 16-18:

Faster types of boat. Autotrim compensation is required across the boat's entire planing speed range.







12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40 44

Setting how aggressively the system must compensate heel in connection with the application of helm, when the helmsman steers the boat with the aid of a wheel or tiller (Joystick).

The illustrations above show a boat at planing speed when the helmsman makes a hard turn that would normally cause the boat to heel. Calibration takes place at two speeds in which boat handling in the turn is assessed according to the following:

A - an increase in heel during the turn is desired.

**B** – the boat heels to the preferred extent in the turn.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{C}}$  – an decrease in heel during the turn is desired.

#### Selecting a suitable calibration graph

- 1 Set graph 8 and test run the boat at a speed of 20-25 knots. Assess boat handling according to A, B or C.
- 2 If A is selected switch to graph 7.
   If B is selected retain graph 8.
   If C is selected switch to graph 9.
- 3 Increase speed to 30–35 knots and once again assess boat handling according to A, B or C.

#### 4 If graph 7 assessed according to:

- A switch to graph 4 (heel increases).
- B retain graph 7 (heel maintained).
- C switch to graph 1 (heel decreases).
- 5 If graph 8 assessed according to:
  - A switch to graph 5 (heel increases).
  - B retain graph 8 (heel maintained).
  - C switch to graph 2 (heel decreases).
- 6 If graph 9 assessed according to:
  - A switch to graph 6 (heel increases). B – retain graph 9 (heel maintained).
  - B = retain graph 9 (neer maintained).
  - C switch to graph 3 (heel decreases).

0 4 8



## PZX, Roll Sensitivity (List Compensation)

The system attempts to generate a level thwartships trim angle on a straight or almost straight heading at planing speed. The value PZX is pre-set at 50, which works well on most planing boats, but is variable from 0-100.

**NOTICE!** Tests and adjustments must be made at planing speeds (>20 kn).

- Adjust PZX in increments of 2 per test run.
- Adjust the value **up** if the boat does not stabilize quickly enough.
- Adjust the value down if the boat continues to oscillate at planing speed.

## **ODG, Trim Button Cross-coupling**

Changes the interceptor blade affected according to the button depressed on the control. ODG is pre-set to OFF = Port button down moves the starboard interceptor down; port button up moves the starboard interceptor up and vice versa.

If the opposite is preferred, set ODG to ON (crosscoupled) = port button down moves the port interceptor down; port button up moves the port interceptor up and vice versa.

**NOTICE!** If ODG is set to ON (cross-coupled) it should be noted in the owner's manual.

## **Depth Alarm**

Setting for the depth alarm level on Volvo Pentas echo sounders.

The setting need only be made at one helm station to be displayed on all screens at all helm stations. **NOTICE!** Ignition must be on for all drivelines.







VOLVO PENTA OK

1. Scroll to Depth Alarm in the Settings menu

- **3.** Scroll to Depth Alarm Level.
- 4. Confirm.



5. Select Depth Offset.



6. Set the value.



7. A Waterline.B Echo sounder.C Lowest point.

Set the distance for the echo-sounder/ waterline or echosounder/lowest point to the display depth.

**8.** Distance A–B: positive value. Distance B–C: negative value.



**9.** Depth Alarm: appears and sounds every 30 seconds.



**10.** Ceases when depth exceeds alarm level or when confirmed.



**11.** Signal fault. E.g. sensor not working.











P0018430

# Autopilot

The autopilot must be configured and tuned to suit the boat. Start by running the Sea Trial Wizard which calibrates the basic sensors. It is important to run the wizard under circumstances and load conditions that are representative for the end user.

**NOTICE!** If an interceptor system (IS) is installed it must be calibrated and in auto mode before the autopilot is calibrated.

#### **Autopilot buttons**

Use the panel buttons to scroll through menus and confirm settings Menu buttons function are shown on the display.

— Return to the previous menu. If the button is held down the display returns to the Autopilot menu.

— Menu buttons function are shown on the display.

Proceed to autopilot configuration by scrolling to *Set*tings> *Dealer settings, autopilot.* 

The display will show the message **WARNING!** Authorized Volvo Penta OEM or dealer only. Press OK to confirm the message.

## Sea Trial Wizard

The wizard calibrates the compass, adjusts the autopilot and sets North (if a GPS unit is connected).

## 

This procedure requires the engine to be running. The gear will be engaged, be prepared for sudden movements.

**NOTICE!** The wizard must be run in calm, open waters.

- 1 Scroll to Sea Trial Wizard. Press OK.
- Set the boat's planing rpm so that it corresponds to the boat's tachometer. Confirm with OK.

AUTOTUNE	CALIBRATE COMPASS
Bring engines to a constant RPM, below planing speed, on a constant heading, when you are ready, select BEGIN. The autopilot will take control of your boat.	Compass calibration requires a long stretch of open water. When ready press BEGIN
CANCEL BEGIN	CANCEL BEGIN



AUTOTUNE
Bring engines to a constant RPM, below planing speed, on a constant heading. when you are ready, select BEGIN. The autopilot will take control of your boat.
P0018431

3 Press BEGIN to start the Sea Trial Wizard. Follow the instructions on the display.

**NOTICE!** The autopilot will take over control of the boat at times; be prepared to take back control.

- 4 Test the autopilot after running the Sea Trial Wizard.
- 5 The Sea Trial Wizard may be run several times fully or in part.

## Test Drive

- 1 Run the boat dead ahead at low speed. The boat should not rock too much.
- 2 Turn the boat with the aid of the autopilot. The boat must turn smoothly; not too quickly nor too slowly.
- 3 If the boat turns too quickly or too slowly adjust using the autopilot *Acceleration limiter*.
- 4 If the boat is rocking or not correcting the course properly, adjust using the autopilot *Rudder sensitivity*.
- 5 Perform steps 3–4 until the boats turns smoothly and does not rock too much.
- 6 In the case of planing boats, repeat steps 1-4 at a higher speed.
- 1 Go to the settings menu and scroll to System > System information
- 2 Hold down the center button on the panel for 5 seconds.
- 3 Return to the settings menu using the back button.

## Automated Set Up

## Autotune

- 1 Make sure you have a long stretch of open water ahead.
- 2 Adjust the throttle so that the boat is below planing speed.
- 3 Press BEGIN.

**NOTICE!** The boat will zig-zag while adjustment is taking place.

4 When autotune is complete a message will be shown on the display. Press OK.



SET NORTH	
Bring the boat to cruising speed, at a constant heading, with at least 45 seconds of hazard-free water ahead. Select BEGIN when ready.	
	D

P0018433

#### **Calibrate Compass**

- 1 Run the boat at a chosen course.
- 2 Press BEGIN and continue on that course.
- 3 Follow the instructions on the display and turn slowly to starboard without letting the boat heel. Run as steadily and smoothly as possible. The autopilot will indicate if the speed maintained is too fast, too slow or just right.
- 4 When calibration is complete a message will be shown on the display. Press OK.

#### Set North

This setting is only shown when a GPS unit is connected. If a GPS is lacking set North using *Fine tuning course* under the *Navigation settings* menu.

- 1 Make sure you have at least 45 seconds of hazardfree, open water while at planing speed available.
- 2 Run the boat dead ahead at cruising speed.
- 3 When the setting is complete a message will be shown on the display. Press OK.

Speed Source Setup	
Planing RPM	3000
Low RPM Limit	500
High RPM Limit	6000
∧ OK	

COM SPEED	40%
Low Speed Counter	74%
High Speed	40%
High Speed Counter	74%

P0018410

## Speed Source Set up

- Tachometer Data Compares the RPM readings on the Autopilot with the tachometer.
- Planing RPM

Adjusts the boat's planing RPM in cases where the autopilot does not correspond to the boat's actual planing RPM. Use the arrow buttons to adjust.

- Low RPM Limit (Low RPM Limit) Adjusts the engine idle RPM in cases where it does not correspond to the RPM the autopilot shows. Use the arrow buttons to adjust.
- **High RPM Limit** (High RPM Limit) Adjusts engine RPM at full throttle in cases where it does not correspond the RPM the autopilot shows. Use the arrow buttons to adjust.

## Autopilot Tuning

**NOTICE!** If set values are too high the autopilot may become overactive and constantly seek to adjust the course. An overactive autopilot can cause wear on the drive unit and drain the battery.

#### Rudder Gains

Low speed and high speed sets the rudder gain for how strictly the autopilot holds a course and how tightly it performs turns. Low speed and high speed counters correct the autopilot if it turns too much or too little from a specified position.

**NOTICE!** Adjust rudder sensitivity in small increments and by only one value at a time. Carry out a test run after each adjustment.

#### - Low Speed

Adjusting the rudder angle at speeds below planing speed.

- Low Speed Counter

Adjusting the autopilot at speeds **below** planing speed in cases where turns are not executed correctly.

Too high a value may cause the boat to stop turning too early and then slowly approach the correct value.

Too low a value may cause the boat to turn too much and then return to the correct value.

#### - High Speed

Adjusting the rudder angle at speeds above planing speed.

#### - High Speed Counter

Adjusting the autopilot at speeds **above** planing speed in cases where turns are not executed correctly.

Too high a value may cause the boat to stop turning too early and then slowly approach the correct position.

Autopilot Tuning
Rudder Gains
Acceleration Limiter 61%
P0018414

Navigation Set	up			
Fine Heading Adjustment				
NMEA Setup				
Navigation Gain		e	58%	
	OK		$\mathbf{\vee}$	
P0018415				

Too low a value may cause the boat to turn too much and then return to the correct position.

#### Acceleration Limiter

Limits how quickly the autopilot yaws. Increase the value if the boat yaws too quickly. Reduce the value if the boat yaws too slowly.

## Navigation Set up

Fine Heading Adjustment

This setting is only shown when no GPS unit is connected.

- 1 Set North using a hand-held compass.
- 2 Adjust North on the autopilot until it corresponds with North on the magnetic compass.
- 3 Confirm with OK.
- NMEA Set up

#### - NMEA Checksum

If a GPS unit connected to NMEA 0183 calculates an erroneous checksum it is possible to disable checksum monitoring.

NOTICE! When the function is disabled data reliability may be at risk.

#### **Reversed XTE**

If the connected GPS unit sends an erroneous heading signal (port confused with starboard) it can be corrected by switching the setting on or off.

#### Navigation Gain

Setting how aggressively the autopilot counteracts deviations from a course set in the plotter. Too high a value may cause the boat to swing over the course. Too low a value may cause the autopilot to react too slowly to deviations from the course.

#### Navigation Trim Gain

Fine tuning of acceptable course deviations. Only adjust this value if Navigation search has been adjusted.

Too high a value may overcompensate for deviations from the set course. Too low a value allows excessive deviations from the set course.

## Volvo Penta Glass Cockpit, calibration

**NOTICE!** Applies only to EVC-E2. All EVC functions are integrated in the touch screen.

Select **Settings** in the main menu to reach calibration and settings.



P0018820

VOLVO PENTA		6 13a 6*ai
Settings		
	System	>
	Preferences	>
	Communication	ns >
	Alarms	>
	My Vessel	>
	Other Vessels	$\rightarrow$
	🗂 Bac	k
Engage Waypoints	fo Home Meny I	Mark SOS
	GARMIN	

P0019939

Select My Vessel for calibration and settings. Follow the instructions shown on screen.

Select Home to return to the main menu.

VOLVO PENTA		130 130
Fuel Tank Calibration		
	Multipoint	>
	Full Tank	>
	Empty Tank	>
	Evel Teals Malvere	
		<u> </u>
	Fuel lank volume	0_
	Fuel Tank Volume	
0.0m Waypoints Info	Home Meny Mark	

## Fuel tank settings

Carry out calibration in the following sequence:

- Fuel Tank Volume
- Empty tank
- Full tank
- Multipoint

Each menu has sub menus.

Select *Start* to begin the wizard concerned and then follow the instructions on the display.

## Autopilot calibration

The autopilot must be configured to suit the boat. Start by running the Sea Trial Wizard which calibrates the basic sensors. It is important that the wizard be run under circumstances and load conditions that are representative for the end user.

**NOTICE!** If an interceptor system (IS) is installed it must be calibrated and in auto mode before the autopilot is calibrated.

#### Autopilot menus

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Mark

> > Scroll to the main autopilot menu: Home> Settings> My Vessel> Dealer Autopilot setup

The display will show the message **WARNING!** Authorized Volvo Penta dealer or OEM only. Confirm the message: Press OK.

	5
Engage Waypoints Info Home	
GARMIN	

P0018821

My Vessel



P0018822

# The autopilot main view shows the following choices:

- Sea Trial Wizard
- Automated Set Up
- Speed Source Set Up
- Autopilot Tuning
- Restore Defaults

Each menu has sub menus.

Select *Start* to begin the wizard concerned and then follow the instructions on the display.



## Sea Trial Wizard

## CAUTION!

This procedure requires the engine to be running. The gear will be engaged, be prepared for sudden movements.

NOTICE! The wizard must be run in calm, open waters.

#### • Planing RPM

Adjust the boat's planing rpm so that it corresponds to the boat's tachometer.

• **High RPM Limit**. (High RPM Limit) Adjusts engine rpm at full throttle in cases where it does not correspond the rpm the autopilot shows. Select a value from the list to adjust.

#### Calibrate Compass

Make sure you have a long stretch of open water ahead.

- Autotune
- Set North

When the Sea Trial Wizard is finished *Ready* will be shown to the right of the wizard concerned. Settings can also be calibrated individually in the following menu groups.



P0018825



## **Automated Setup**

#### Autotune

**NOTICE!** If set values are too high the autopilot may become overactive and constantly seek to adjust the course. An overactive autopilot can cause wear on the drive unit and drain the battery.

Run the boat dead ahead at low speed. Start the wizard. The boat will change course in a cyclic zigzag for around 15 seconds.

Compass Calibration

Make sure you have at least 45 seconds of hazard-free water ahead.

- Set North Make sure you have at least 45 seconds of hazardfree water ahead.
- Fine Heading Adjustment

## **Speed Source Set Up**

- Low RPM Limit. (Low RPM Limit) Adjusts the engine idle rpm in cases where it does not correspond to the rpm the autopilot shows.
- **High RPM Limit**. (High RPM Limit) Adjusts engine rpm at full throttle in cases where it does not correspond the rpm the autopilot shows.
- Planing RPM

Adjusts the boat's planing rpm in cases where the autopilot does not correspond to the boat's actual planing rpm.



## Autopilot Tuning

Use the Up and Down buttons to adjust the value.

#### Acceleration Limiter

Limits how quickly the autopilot yaws. Increase the value if the boat yaws too quickly. Reduce the value if the boat yaws too slowly.

#### Rudder Gains

Low speed and high speed set rudder angle to how strictly the autopilot holds a course and how tightly it performs turns. Low speed and high speed counters correct the autopilot if it turns too much or too little from a specified position.

**NOTICE!** Adjust rudder sensitivity in small increments and by only one value at a time. Carry out a test run after each adjustment.

#### Low Speed

Adjusting the rudder angle at speeds below planing speed.

#### Low Speed Counter

Adjusting the autopilot at speeds **below** planing speed in cases where turns are not executed correctly.

Too high a value may cause the boat to stop turning too early and then slowly approach the correct value.

Too low a value may cause the boat to turn too much and then return to the correct value.

#### **High Speed**

Adjusting the rudder angle at speeds above planing speed.

#### **High Speed Counter**

Adjusting the autopilot at speeds **above** planing speed in cases where turns are not executed correctly.

Too high a value may cause the boat to stop turning too early and then slowly approach the correct position.

Too low a value may cause the boat to turn too much and then return to the correct position.

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