Contents

TEACHER GUIDE

• Assessment Rubric	4
How Is Our Literature Kit [™] Organized?	5
• Graphic Organizers	6
Bloom's Taxonomy for Reading Comprehension	
Teaching Strategies	7
• Summary of the Story	
• Vocabulary	



STUDENT HANDOUTS

• Spotlight on Jeanne DuPrau	10
Chapter Questions	
The Instructions to Chapter 2	11
Chapters 3-4	
Chapters 5-6	
-	20
	23
	26
Chapters 13-14	
Chapters 15-16	32
Chapters 17-18	
Chapters 19-20	
• Writing Tasks	
• Word Search	
Comprehension Quiz	45





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Spotlight On... Jeanne DuPrau

eanne DuPrau was born in San Francisco, California in June, 1944. Her father, James B. DuPrau, was a steel company executive. Her mother, Dolly DuPrau, was

a painter and homemaker. DuPrau has said she never really set out to be a writer, she just started writing and never stopped. As a child of about five, she illustrated and wrote a book called *Frosty the Snowman* which was six pages long. It was written in red and green crayon. She attended Scripps College in 1966, receiving a Bachelor of Arts degree. In 1967, she continued her education at the University of California, Berkeley, where she received her secondary school teaching credentials.

Through her formal education, she continued to write. Some of the writing was assigned by teachers in the form of her thesis, book reports, or essays. Other writing was done purely for the joy of the craft. These came in the form of stories, poems, letters, and journals. After graduating as an English major, she did plenty of work but it all involved writing and reading in some way. DuPrau taught high school English and instituted a creative writing club for students. Later, she moved on to work as an editor in educational publishing companies, writing stories for reading textbooks. She also worked for a computer company where she wrote about how to use computers.



During all of this time, DuPrau continued to write in her free time whenever she could. She used people and experiences from her own life and books she'd read as inspiration. She began to send some of these writings out to publishers and often they were published. Her most well-known work, *The City of Ember*, was published in 2003 and went on to win multiple awards. She followed the book up with sequels, *The People of Sparks* in 2004, *The Prophet of Yonwood* in 2006, and *The Diamond of Darkhold* in 2008. DuPrau lives in northern California where she enjoys hobbies such as gardening, drawing and reading.

Did You Know?

• The book won the 2006 Mark Twain Award.

10

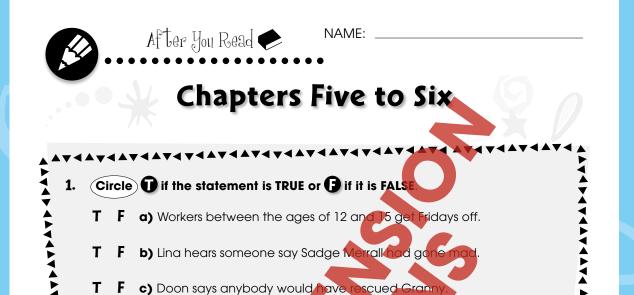
name, which stars Saoirse Ronan and Bill Murray.

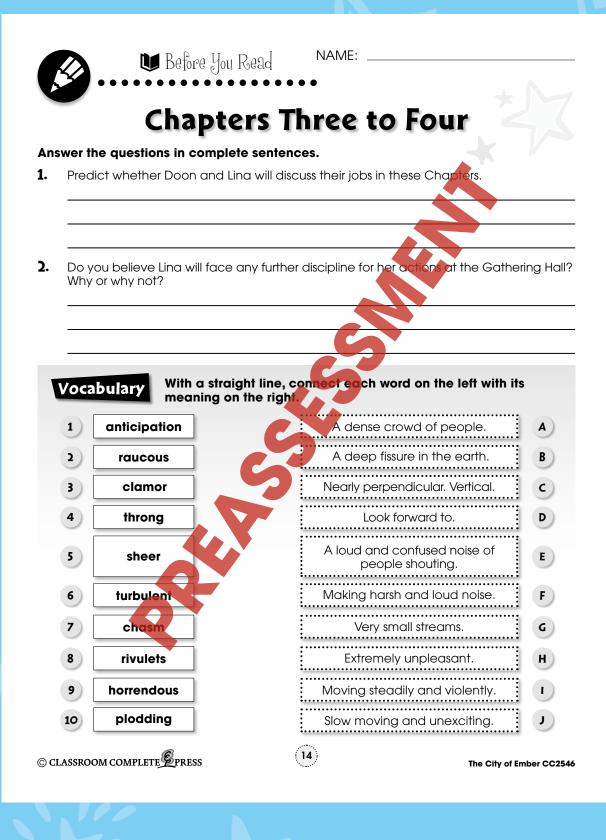
• Author Jeanne DuPrau has been a teacher, editor and tech writer.

• The book has been made into the 2009 movie of the same

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- NAME: _____
- After You Read 🌪

Chapters Nine to Ten

Answer each question with a complete sentence.

- 1. What connection does Doon make between the Instructions Ling found and the Pipeworks?
- 2. How does Lina feel about being in the Pipeworks?
- 3. How does Lina react to Ember's underground river? Why?



T F e) Doon's father tells him that angen is a good thin

2. Complete each sentence with a word from the list. summon whimper incoherently uirmed impatient a) Poppy a back and whimpered a little. b) Poppy's ime a wail. c) The man noise in the back of his throat. ade ar d) But the darkness pressed against her and she couldn't _ her voice. e) In the distance someone called out 18 © CLASSROOM COMPLETE The City of Ember CC2546 4. What does Lina think about as she takes ca of her grandmother? Why does Lina get frustrate 5. e draws her imaginary city? when s k Lina's li 6. How do you onge now that her grandmother has died? Lina has been making drawings of a bright city that is lit by something different than Ember for some time. Somehow, she feels there is more to draw, there are marvels. Now she **Journaling Prompt** has drawn a blue sky. Do you believe there's some way Lina is able to see a different city? Is there something else going on? Is this city coming entirely from her imagination? Explain your thoughts in a few sentences. 25 © CLASSROOM COMPLETE The City of Ember CC2546

Chapters 1 to 2

📕 Writing Task #1

📕 Writing Task #2

Assignment Day

When Lina Mayfleet and Doon Harrow graduate, they are each assigned jobs at random. Each job is important in its own way and helps ensure the city of Ember continues to run as smoothly as possible. These jobs are considered very important.

As a class, take a small piece of paper and write down a job that you believe is important to your city or town. Fold the pieces of paper and place them into a hat or other container. Draw jobs at random and announce what you've picked.

Once everyone has received a job, take a few minutes to consider the job and what sort of activities that you would be responsible for in that position. Write a few paragraphs about why the job is so important and how you feel about having the job.

Your finished product should be about 250 words in length.

Chapters 7 to 8

New Meanings

There are several moments when characters such as Doon Harrow and Lina Mayfleet encounter words and phrases that have lost their meaning over time. As Doon visits the library, he comes across some of these. For example, the word "boat" has lost its meaning, while Doon learns that "hogwash" means nonsense.

Take out a dictionary. Without looking at the definitions, choose some words at random that you believe sound strange or old-fashioned. Make sure these are words that you don't know the meaning of, or that are unfamiliar.

Now, write up some definitions of these words using your best guess at what they might mean. Once you've written your definitions, describe why you believe the words could mean what you think they do. Compare your definitions to the actual definition from the dictionary and comment on how they are different.

41

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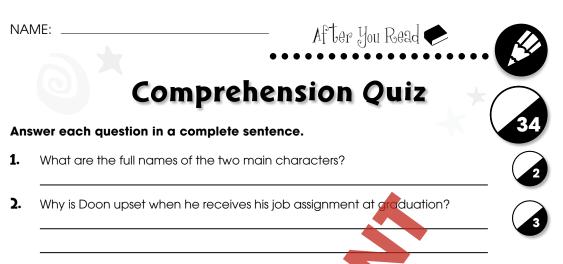
NAME: After You Read 🌪

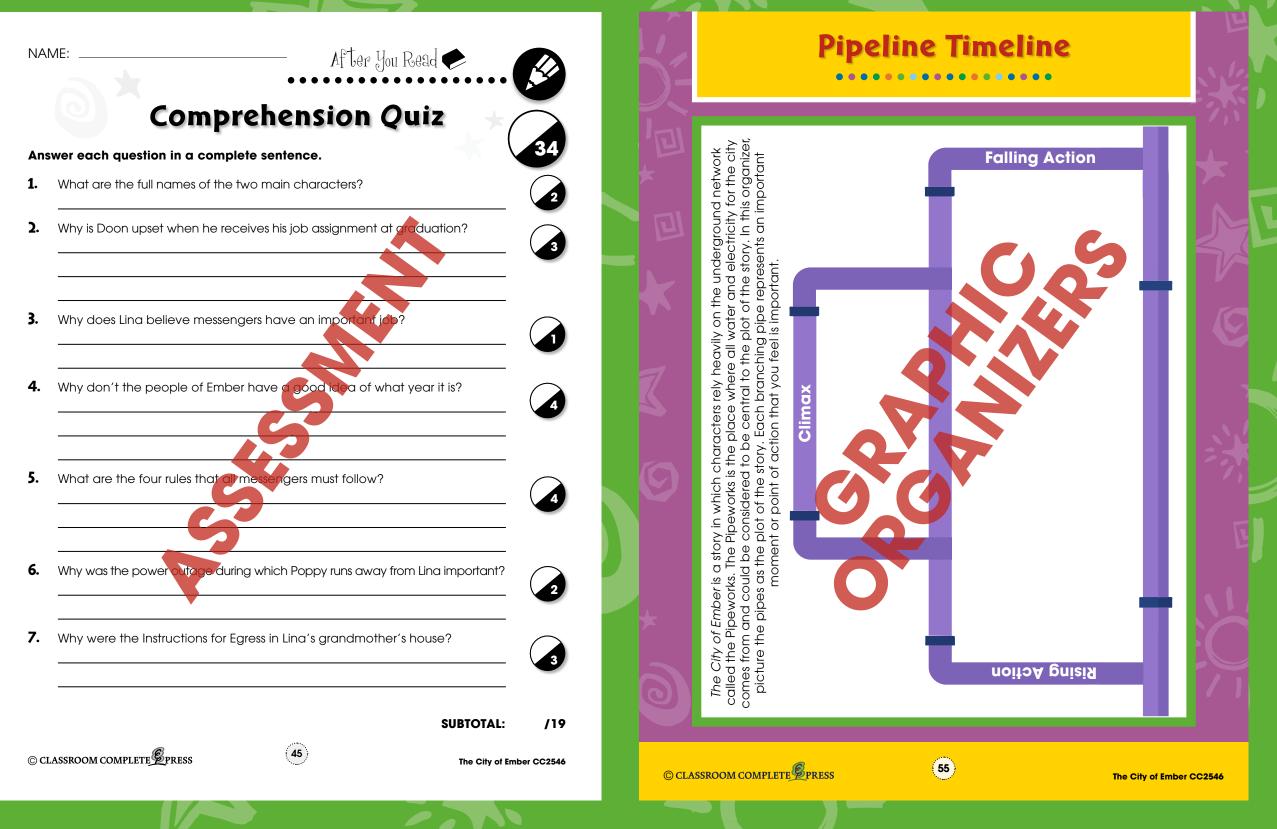
Word Search Puzzle

Find the following words from the story. The words are written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, and some are written backwards.

absently escort chasm joy chortled luxury curiosity mechanism egress narrow								pace pungent queasy rickety secrecy					squirmed tattered vast vital zigzags		
С	S	E	С	R	E	С	Y	N	м	s	A	н	С	А	
S	U	N	U	Q	D	R	Т	x	A		G	w	м	В	
Y	G	R	С	Z	S	Р	E	l l	Y	R	х	В	Р	S	
J	F	А	I	М	Ρ	А	K	0	E	J	R	Z	Н	E	
А	1	к	Z	0	Y	Р	С		V	L	К	0	0	Ν	
Т	S	A	V	G	S	Y		н	L	С	Α	E	W	Т	
R	G	N	X	D			R	R	0	Y	Т	т	С	L	
Н	н	V	W	т	A	Z	т	Z	Q	R	А	U	I	Υ	
L	U	х	U	R	Y	U	н	Y	U	w	Т	0	R	V	
F	D	0	Q	L	R	Р	D	0	E	Т	Т	L	I	F	
S	E	В	A	E	Y	E	F	J	A	F	E	D	E	Z	
S	W	S	3	Р	М	N	L	R	S	D	R	Q	S	D	
E	к	E	S	R	N	А	х	N	Y	N	E	J	J	E	
R	Z	N	I	н	М	С	S	Р	х	Z	D	Р	В	С	
G	Р	U	N	G	E	N	Т	R	0	С	S	E	V	А	
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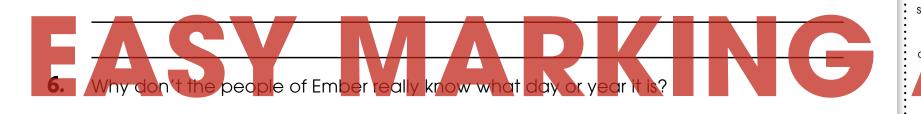
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The Instructions to Chapter Two

Answer each question with a complete sentence or short paragraph.

- 1. Why do you think people in Ember might have clothing that is described as frayed or worn out?
- 2. Why was Doon upset with his job assignment?
- **3.** Why are messengers important in Lina's opinion?
- 4. Where is the messengers' headquarters located?
- 5. What are the rules to be a messenger?



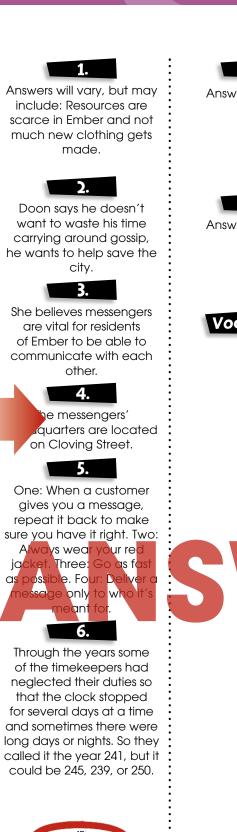


Now that you've read a little about the city of Ember, describe it. Discuss how the city looks, how it is able to operate (power, communication), and any other interesting points that have been discussed throughout the book so far. Compare this city to your own home. How are they different? How are they similar?

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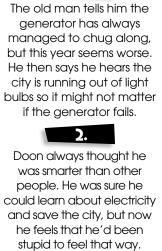


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_	
1. vers will vary.	<u> </u>
	a) 🚺
	b) 🚺
2. vers will vary.	c) 🕽
	d) 🚺
cabulary	e) 🚺
1. D	f) 🗗
2. F	
•	
3. E	2.
3. E 4. A 5. C	2.
3. E 4. A 5. C 6. 1	
3. E 4. A 5. C	a)] b) 4
3. E 4. A 5. C 6. 1	C) 5 d) 3
 3. E 4. A 5. C 6. 1 7. B 	c) 5 d) 3 e) 6
 3. E 4. A 5. C 6. 1 7. B 8. G 	C) 5 d) 3



He says "What you get is what you get. What you do with what you get though...that's more the point, wouldn't you say?"

4.

Doon feels like he can't go plodding around the pipeworks, stopping up leaks, looking for bugs and pretending there's no

nd a way to he

disease. The leaves are all spotted with black and the insides are runny and smell bad.

6.

Sadge Merrall appears from the darkness having gone off to the Unknown Regions in search of something that could help save the city.



The City of Ember – Gr. 5-6

- **RSL.5.1** Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- **RSL.5.2** Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.
- RSL.5.3 Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text.
- **RSL.5.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.
- **RSL.5.5** Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.
- **RSL.5.6** Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.
- **RSL.5.9** Compare and contrast stories in the same genre on their approaches to similar themes and topics.
- **RSL.5.10** By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
- **RSL.6.1** Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- **RSL.6.2** Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.
- **RSL.6.3** Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.
- **RSL.6.4** Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.
- **RSL.6.5** Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.
- **RSL.6.6** Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.
- **RSL.6.10** By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- **RSFS.5.3** Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. **A)** Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.
- **RSFS.5.4** Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. **A)** Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. **B)** Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. **C)** Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.
- WS.5.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. A) Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. B) Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details. C) Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses. D) Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.
- WS.5.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. A) Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group related information logically; include formatting, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 B) Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. C) Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses. D) Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E) Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.
- WS.5.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
 Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. B) Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. C) Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events. D) Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. E) Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- **WS.5.4** Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- WS.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- WS.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
- WS.5.9 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
- WS.6.1 Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence. A) Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.
 B) Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text. C) Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons. D) Establish and maintain a formal style. E) Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.
- WS.6.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. A) Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting, graphics, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. B) Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples. C) Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. D) Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. E) Establish and maintain a formal style. F) Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
- WS.6.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. A) Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. B) Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. C) Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another. D) Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events. E) Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- WS.6.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- WS.6.7 Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
- **WS.6.8** Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
- WS.6.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. A) Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature.
 B) Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction.

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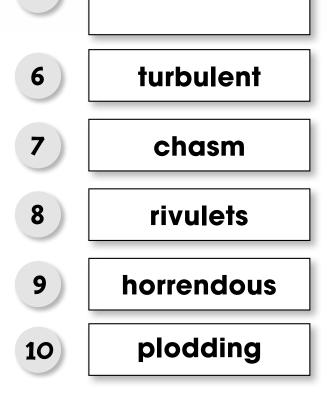
Answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Predict whether Doon and Lina will discuss their jobs in these Chapters.

2. Do you believe Lina will face any further discipline for her actions at the Gathering Hall? Why or why not?



anticipation	A dense crowd of peop	ole.
raucous	A deep fissure in the ea	arth.
lamor	amor Nearly perpendicular. Ver	tical.
ong	ong Look forward to.	
	A loud and confused noi	se of





people shouting.	
Making harsh and loud noise.	F
Very small streams.	G
Extremely unpleasant.	H
Moving steadily and violently.	I
Slow moving and unexciting.	J







Chapters 1 to 2

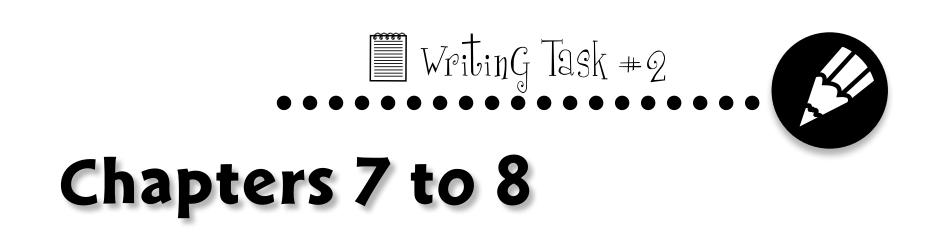
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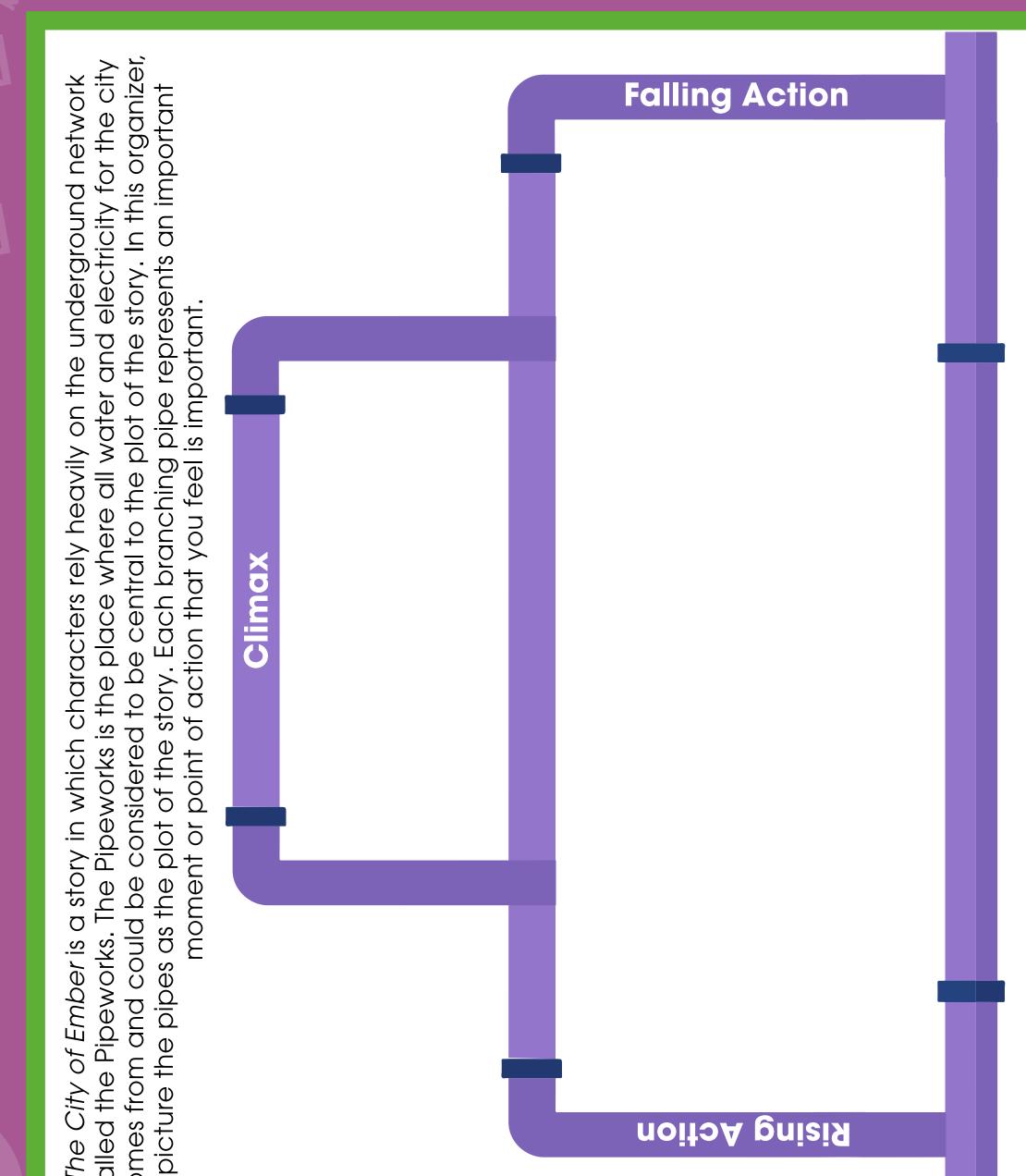
Take out a dictionary. Without looking at the definitions, choose some words at random that you believe sound strange or old-fashioned. Make sure these are words that you don't know the meaning of, or that are unfamiliar.

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Pipeline Timeline







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called the Pipeworks. T The City of Ember is a comes from and could

Rising Action