Supplementary Musicianship Exercises for Chapter 3

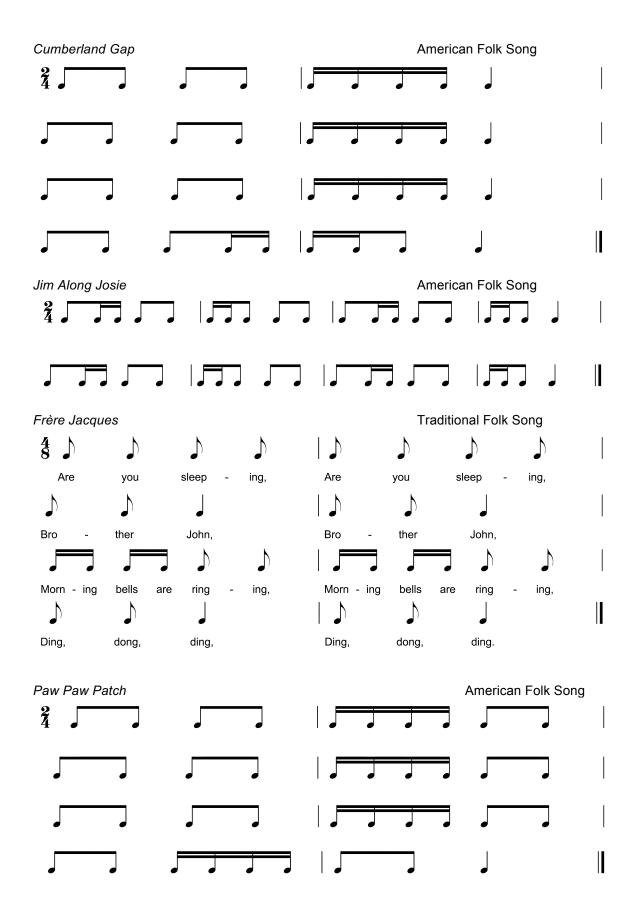
Sight Reading Known and Unknown Melodies and Rhythms

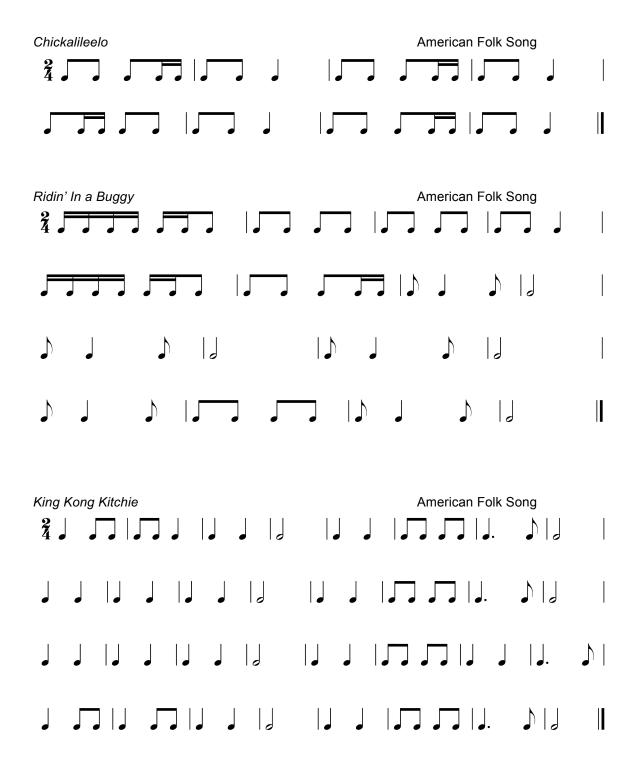
Practice Suggestions

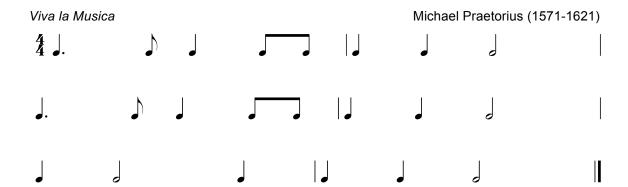
Before sight singing, look at the musical example and complete the chart below each example.

- 1. Silently read each example with rhythm syllables while tapping the beat.
- 2. Clap the rhythm and say the rhythm syllables.
- 3. Say the rhythm syllables and conduct the meter.
- 4. Clap the rhythm and count using numbers.









Improvisation and Composition Practice

Improvisation and Composition Exercise 3.1

The following eight-measure musical exercise is written in duple meter. Several measures are included. Keep a beat and clap what's written but improvise rhythms in the empty measures. When you have performed it several times, compose rhythms to complete the eight-measure work. Include dotted and syncopated patterns in your composition.



Improvisation and Composition Exercise 3.2

The following sixteen-measure musical exercise is written in duple meter. Several measures are included. Keep a beat and clap what's written but improvise rhythms. Use the form AABA. When you have performed it several times, compose rhythms to complete the sixteen-measure work. Include dotted and syncopated patterns in your composition.



Composition Exercise 3.3

Using your own paper compose an eight measure rhythmic composition. The composition should

be written in 4 meter. It should be written in two eight-beat phrases. Include at least three different sixteenth note patterns in your composition. Provide tempo and dynamic markings for your composition.

Composition Exercise 3.4

Using your own paper compose a sixteen-beat rhythmic composition. The composition should be

written in 7 meter. It should be written in four, four-beat phrases and use the form A, B, A 1 C. Include at least three different sixteenth note patterns in your composition. Provide tempo and dynamic markings for your composition.

Composition Exercise 3.5

Using your own paper compose a thirty-two beat rhythmic composition. The composition should

be written in 4 meter; It should be written in four, eight be phrases and use the form A A B C. Provide tempo and dynamic markings for your composition.

Composition Exercise 3.7

Select one of the focus melodies in this chapter and create a rhythmic accompaniment to the focus melody. It is important to look at the focus melody and try to identify a possible rhythm pattern or motive that you could use in your rhythmic accompaniment.). A motive is "a short melodic or rhythmic idea, the smallest part of a theme or phrase to have a specific identity. A motive is the main building-building block for themes and melodic lines, and brings unity and comprehensibility to a work through its repetition and varied occurrence. There are several ways of incorporating this rhythmic pattern into your accompaniment:

- 1. Repeat a motive and use it as a rhythmic ostinato.
- 2. Try combining several motives together to create a rhythmic accompaniment.
- 3. Try writing the rhythm of the melody in canon and then singing the melody and clapping the rhythm.

The following is an example of a rhythmic accompaniment written below the notation of *Dinah*.



Composition Exercise 3.8

Create a two part sixteen beat rhythmic composition for percussion instruments using the form A B C D in 4 meter. You may use the following note values and corresponding rests in your composition.



To begin the compositional process try putting together the rhythms of two known melodies together. Can you vary the rhythms to create your own composition?

Keyboard Practice

Keyboard Exercise 3.1Piano Performance Exercise For Dotted Eighth-Note Followed by Sixteenth Note Rhythm Patterns

Play the following exercises while counting with numbers and with rhythm syllables.

Begin on C



Ensemble Practice

Ensemble Practice Exercise 3.1

1. Sing *Dinah* while clapping the following ostinato



Ensemble Practice Exercise 3.2

This Exercise is for class or small group practice.

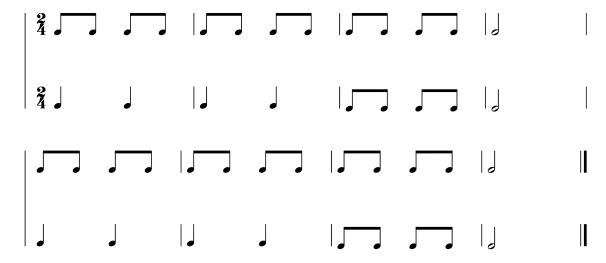
- 1. Sing Ida Red with rhythm syllables.
- 2. Sing Ida Red in canon after two beats with rhythm syllables.
- 2. Sing *Ida Red* while clapping the following ostinato . An **ostinato** "is a fairly short melodic or rhythmic phrase repeated continuously throughout a piece or section."



Ensemble Practice Exercise 3.3

This Exercise is for class or individual practice. The following rhythmic example is written in two parts.

1. Perform the top part with your right hand and the lower part with your left hand.



Ensemble Practice Exercise 3.4

This Exercise is for class, small group or individual practice. The following rhythmic example is written in two parts.

- 1. Divide into two groups of any size.
- 2. One group or person should tap the top part while saying the rhythm syllables silently.
- 3. The second group or person should tap the lower part saying the rhythm syllables silently.



Ensemble Practice Exercise 3.5

This Exercise is for class, small group or individual practice. The following rhythmic example is written in two parts.

- 1. Divide into two groups of any size.
- 2. One group or person should tap the top part while saying the rhythm syllables silently.
- 3. The second group or person should tap the lower part saying the rhythm syllables silently.

