

Chapter 13 Skin

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For cost information please go to the most recent cost comparison charts

Key

R	Red drug see <u>GMMMG RAG list</u> Click on the symbols to access this list	
À	Amber drug see <u>GMMMG RAG list</u> Click on the symbols to access this list	
Gn	Green drug see <u>GMMMG RAG list</u> Click on the symbols to access this list	
U	If a medicine is unlicensed this should be highlighted in the template as follows Drug name <mark>U</mark>	
	Not Recommended	
отс	Over the Counter In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self-care. For further details see <u>GM commissioning statement</u> .	
Order of Drug Choice	Where there is no preferred 1^{st} line agent provided, the drug choice appears in alphabetical order.	



BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.2 Emollient and barrier preparations	
	If the patient's symptoms have not improved after using these preferred treatments then please refer to the BNF for other options. This is in preference to referring to a specialist centre.	
	Patients who have been discharged or recommended a product from a specialist centre should be maintained on the same product when it is effective. Those people without a diagnosed dermatological condition requesting a general skin moisturiser may purchase these over the counter. See <u>GM emollient ladder</u>	
	See GM guidelines for the management of eczema in primary care	
	See GM guidelines for the management of psoriasis in primary care	
Subsection	13.2.1 Emollients	
Notes	Once a suitable emollient has been determined for a patient then prescribe as 500g or 500ml.	
	Section 13.2 (only) Emollients and barrier preparations are listed in cost order based on cost per 500g or 500ml pack size.	
	(Source: Drug Tariff and MIMs Feb 2015).	
	Emollient products and fire safety advice	
	Emollients are not flammable in, or of themselves. However if the dried residue of an emollient is present on a fabric, this can act as an accelerant and increase the speed of ignition and intensity of a fire, if ignited.	
	Fire safety advice can be found via the following links:	
	MHRA DSU: Emollients: new information about risk of severe and fatal burns with paraffin-containing and paraffin-free emollients, Dec 2018	
	MHRA DSU: Emollients and risk of severe and fatal burns: new resources availab August 2020	
	The National Fire Chief's Council (NFCC) website here	
	Greater Manchester Fire and Rescue Service's website here	
Light	QV Skin lotion	
emollients	E45 [®] lotion or cream	
1 st choices		
Alternatives	Cetraben lotion Diprobase lotion	
Medium	Ultrabase [®] cream	
emollients	Oilatum [®] cream	
1 st choices	Doublebase [®] gel	
Alternatives	Cetraben emollient [®] cream Diprobase [®] cream	



Greasy emollients	Emulsifying ointment	MHRA DSU: Paraffin-based skin emollients on dressings and clothing: fire risk
1 st choices	White soft paraffin ointment	MHRA DSU: Paraffin-based treatments:
	Fifty:50 ointment	<u>risk of fire, Jan 2008</u>
Alternatives	Hydromol [®] ointment (not cream)	
	Zeroderm [®] ointment	
Preparations containing urea 1 st choice	imuDERM [®] cream	Preparations containing urea should only be used for severely dry, scaling skin.
Alternatives	Balneum [®] cream Balneum plus [®] cream	Preparations containing urea should only be used for severely dry, scaling skin.
Preparations	Dermol 500 [®] lotion	MHRA device alert: All products containing
with antimicrobials	Dermol [®] cream	chlorhexidine, Oct 2012
		Healthcare professionals are reminded that chlorhexidine is known to induce skin hypersensitivity, including generalised allergic reactions and anaphylactic shock
Do Not	Mild irritant dermatitis	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do
Prescribe	See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions	not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self-care. For further details see <u>GM commissioning statement</u> .
	Mild dry skin	
	Lanolin cream	Criterion 1 (see RAG list)
	e.g. Lansinoh HPA [®]	
	Bio-Oil [®]	Criterion 1 (see RAG list)
Subsection	13.2.1.1 Emollient bath and showe	r preparations
Grey drugs	Preparations with antimicrobials	Gn
Items which are	Dermol [®] 600 bath and shower	Criterion 1 (see RAG list)
listed as Grey are deemed not	preparations Only for short-term use in patients	MHRA device alert: All products containing
suitable for routine	with infected eczema.	chlorhexidine, Oct 2012
prescribing but may be suitable for a defined patient population		Healthcare professionals are reminded that chlorhexidine is known to induce skin hypersensitivity, including generalised allergic reactions and anaphylactic shock.
Do Not Prescribe	Emollient bath and shower preparations without	Criterion 1 (see RAG list)



antimicrobials
When used for the management of eczema in children or adults. This recommendation does not apply to the use of standard emollients when used in the bath or shower as a soap substitute

Subsection	Subsection 13.2.2 Barrier preparations	
	Zinc and Castor oil ointment	
	Conotrane [®] cream	
	Drapolene [®] cream	
Section	13.3 Topical local anaesthetics and antipruritics	
	Crotamiton cream (Eurax [®])	
	Levomenthol (Menthol in aqueous cream) 0.5%, 1%, 2%	
	Choose product with lowest acquisition cost. Prescribe by brand name	
BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.4 Topical corticosteroids	
See <u>GM steroid</u>	ladder	
MILD potency		
First Choice	Hydrocortisone 1% cream or ointment	
Alternative	Fluocinolone acetonide 0.0025% cream (Synalar 1 in 10 Dilution [®])	
MILD potency	with antimicrobials	·
First choice	Hydrocortisone 1%	MHRA DSU (June 2016): Topical
	with clotrimazole 1% (Canesten HC [®] cream)	miconazole, including oral gel: reminder of potential for serious
	with fucidic acid 2% (Fucidin $H^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$ Cream)	interactions with warfarin
	with miconazole 2% (Daktacort [®] cream or ointment)	
	with nystatin 100,000 units/g (Nystaform- HC^{\otimes} cream or ointment)	
MODERATE pot		1



First Choice	Clobetasone butyrate 0.05% cream or ointment (Eumovate [®])	
	Betamethasone valerate 0.025% cream or ointment (Betnovate RD [®])	
Alternatives	Alclometasone dipropionate 0.05% cream (Modrasone [®])	
	Fludroxycortide 4 microgram/cm ² tape 7.5cm x 50cm or 7.5cm x 200cm (Haelan [®])	Haelan [®] tape for chronic localised recalcitrant dermatoses (but not acute or weeping)
MODERATE potency	Trimovate [®] cream 30g	
with antimicrobials		
POTENT		
First Choice	Betamethasone valerate 0.1% cream or ointment (Betnovate [®])	
	Betamethasone valerate 0.1% scalp application (Betacap [®])	
Alternatives	Fluocinolone acetonide 0.025% cream, gel or ointment (Synalar [®])	
	Hydrocortisone butyrate 0.1% cream or ointment (Locoid [®])	
	Mometasone furoate 0.1% cream or ointment (Elocon [®])	
POTENT with a	ntimicrobials	
First choices	Betamethasone valerate 0.1%	
	with fusidic acid 2% (Fucibet [®] cream)	
	Fluocinolone acetonide 0.025%	
	with clioquinol 3% (Synalar C [®] cream or ointment)	
	with neomycin sulphate 0.5% (Synalar N^{\circledast} cream or ointment	
POTENT with s	alicylic acid	,
First choices	Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05%, salicylic acid 3% ointment (Diprosalic [®] ointment)	
	Betamethasone dipropionate 0.05%, salicylic acid 2% scalp application	



	(Diprosalic [®] scalp application)	
VERY POTENT		
First choices	Clobetasol propionate 0.05% cream, ointment or scalp application (Dermovate [®])	
	Clobetasol propionate 0.05% Shampoo (Etrivex [®])	
_	ance to be considered: 2007) Corticosteroids: early psychiatric side-effe	ects
Do Not Prescribe	Mild irritant dermatitis See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM</u> <u>commissioning statement</u> .
BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.5 Preparations for eczema and psoriasis	
Subsection	13.5.1 Preparations for eczema	
Notes	See <u>GM guidelines for the management of eczema in primary care</u> See section 13.2.1 emollients and 13.4 topical corticosteroids. Also see section 13.5.3 Drugs affecting the immune response and <u>NICE (2004) Tacrolimus and pimecrolimus for atopic eczema. (TA82)</u>	
Oral Retinoid	Alitretinoin capsules: 10mg, 30mg	R Alitretinoin should be prescribed only by a consultant. <u>NICE TA177: Alitretinoin for the</u> treatment of severe chronic hand eczema. <u>MHRA DSU: Oral retinoids:</u> pregnancy prevention, June 2013
Do Not Prescribe	Silk garments Including Dermasilk [®] , Dreamskin [®] , Skinnies Silk [®]	Criterion 1 (see RAG list) NHS England Items which should not be routinely prescribed in primary care: Guidance for CCGs



Subsection	13.5.2 Preparations for psoriasis		
	See GM guidelines for the management of psoriasis in primary care		
	See section 13.2.1 emollients.		
	See section 13.9 for shampoos.		
Vitamin D and a	nalogues		
First choices	Calcipotriol 50 micrograms/g ointment	NICE CG153: Psoriasis.	
	Calcipotriol 50micrograms/ml scalp solution	Note: Vitamin D and its	
	Calcitriol 3 micrograms/g ointment (Silkis [®])	analogues are first line for the long term treatment of plaque psoriasis.	
Vitamin D with	corticosteroid	·	
First choice	Calcipotriol 50 micrograms/g, betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% gel (Dovobet [®])	See <u>GM guidelines for the</u> management of psoriasis in primary care. And <u>GM steroid ladder.</u>	
Alternative	Calcipotriol 50 micrograms/g, betamethasone dipropionate 0.05% foam (Enstilar [®])	Note: Enstilar [®] is a first choice option for psoriasis of the scalp when combination vitamin D with corticosteroid is required.	
Tars			
First choices	Exorex [®] lotion		
	Psoriderm [®] cream		
Non- proprietary	Non-proprietary products (specials) are high cost (up to $£1,000$ per 500g).	Specials recommended by the British Association of	
preparations	Patients may find proprietary preparations more acceptable.	<u>Dermatologists</u>	
	Non-proprietary products (specials) should only be initiated following specialist advice.		
Bath preparatio	ns		
First choices	Polytar Emollient [®] bath additive		
	Psoriderm [®] bath emulsion		
Scalp preparatio			



First choices	Psoriderm[®] scalp lotion	
Thist choices	Sebco [®] scalp ointment	
Dithranol	Dithrocream [®] 0.1% , 0.25%, 0.5%, 1%, 2% cream	Gn following specialist recommendation
	Micanol [®] 1%, 3% cream	Gn following specialist recommendation
	Dithranol (unlicensed preparations) U	R
Oral retinoids		
First choice	Acitretin 10mg, 25mg capsules	R
		MHRA DSU: Oral retinoids: pregnancy prevention, June 2013
Dimethyl fuma	rate	
	Dimethyl fumarate (Skilarence [®]) 30mg, 120mg tablets	R NICE TA475: Dimethyl fumarate for
		<u>treating moderate to severe plaque</u> psoriasis
Subsection	13.5.3 Drugs Affecting the Immun	
	15.5.5 Drugs Ariecting the Initial	e Response
	is and severe eczema	e Response
	is and severe eczema Apremilast [▼] (Otezla [®])10, 20, 30mg	e Response
	is and severe eczema	
	is and severe eczema Apremilast [▼] (Otezla [®])10, 20, 30mg	R MHRA DSU (2017): risk of suicidal
	is and severe eczema Apremilast [▼] (Otezla [®])10, 20, 30mg	MHRA DSU (2017): risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviour NICE TA419: Apremilast for treating
	is and severe eczema Apremilast [▼] (Otezla [®])10, 20, 30mg tablets Ciclosporin 10mg, 25mg, 50mg,	MHRA DSU (2017): risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviour NICE TA419: Apremilast for treating moderate to severe plaque psoriasis TA433: Apremilast for treating active
	is and severe eczema Apremilast ^v (Otezla [®])10, 20, 30mg tablets	MHRA DSU (2017): risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviour NICE TA419: Apremilast for treating moderate to severe plaque psoriasis TA433: Apremilast for treating active psoriatic arthritis



	Methotrexate 2.5mg tablets	A
		NPSA Alert (2006): Improving
		compliance with oral methotrexate
		MHRA DSU: Methotrexate once-weekly
		for autoimmune diseases: new measures to reduce risk of fatal
		overdose due to inadvertent daily instead of weekly dosing, Sept 2020
topic mild to	moderate eczema or Maintenance ther	apy for psoriasis
	Pimecrolimus 1% cream	Gn following specialist recommendation
		NICE TA82: Tacrolimus and pimecrolimus for atopic eczema.
	Tacrolimus 0.03%, 0.1% ointment	Gn following specialist recommendation
		See also <u>NICE:CG153 Psoriasis</u>
		MHRA DSU: Tacrolimus ointment: possible risk of malignancies, June 2012
Severe refract	ory eczema	
	Azathioprine 50mg tablets U	À
	Mycophenolate mofetil	Å
	250mg capsules, 500mg tablets ${\sf U}$	MHRA DSU: Mycophenolate mofetil,
		mycophenolic acid: new pregnancy- prevention advice for women and men 2015
		MHRA DSU: Mycophenolate mofetil: pure red cell aplasia, July 2009
		MHRA DSU: Mycophenolate mofetil: risk of hypogammaglobulinaemia and risk of bronchiectasis, Jan 2015
Cytokine mod	ulators	
	dance to be considered:	
additional gai		



IKA DSU:	Tumour necrosis factor alpha inhibitors,	
	Adalimumab First choice: Amgevita [®] ▼ Alternative: Humira [®]	R NICE TA146: Adalimumab for the treatment of adults with psoriasis. NICE TA392: Adalimumab for treating moderate to severe hidradenitis suppurativa
	Brodalumab	R <u>NICE TA511: Brodalumab for</u> treating moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
	Certolizumab pegol	R NICE TA574: Certolizumab pegol for treating moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
	Dupilumab	R <u>NICE TA534: Dupilumab for treati</u> moderate to severe atopic dermatitis
	Etanercept	R <u>NICE TA103: Etanercept and</u> <u>efalizumab for the treatment of adults</u> with psoriasis.
	Guselkumab	R <u>NICE TA521: Guselkumab for treating</u> moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
	Infliximab	R <u>NICE TA134: Infliximab for the</u> treatment of adults with psoriasis.
	Ixekizumab	R <u>NICE TA442: Ixekizumab for treating</u> moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
	Risankizumab	R <u>NICE TA596: Risankizumab for treatin</u> moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
	Secukinumab	R N.B. Treatment with secukinumab should be stopped after 12 weeks if th psoriasis does not improve enough according to standard measures



	NICE TA350: Secukinumab for treating moderate to severe plaque psoriasis NICE TA445: Certolizumab pegol and secukinumab for treating active psoriatic arthritis after inadequate response to DMARDs
Tildrakizumab	R <u>NICE TA575: Tildrakizumab for treating</u> moderate to severe plaque psoriasis
Ustekinumab	NICE TA180: Ustekinumab for the treatment of adults with moderate to severe psoriasis.NICE TA340: Ustekinumab for treating active psoriatic arthritisMHRA DSU: Ustekinumab: risk of exfoliative dermatitis, Jan 2015



BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.6 Acne and rosacea	
Subsection	13.6.1 Topical preparations for acne	
See GM guidelines	for the management of acne in primary care	
NICE CKS (2018): acne	Acne vulgaris See link for guidance on the mar	agement of mild, moderate and severe
Subsection	Topical preparations for mild acne	
NB: Antibiotics hav	e no benefit in mild acne	
Do Not Prescribe	Mild acne	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self-care. For further details see <u>GM</u> <u>commissioning statement</u> .
Topical retinoids	Topical retinoids and related preparations	
First choice	Adapalene 0.1% cream or gel (Differin [®]) Topical retinoids are contraindicated in pregnancy	
Alternatives	Benzoyl peroxide	
	5% gel, wash OTC	
	4% cream	
Subsection	Topical preparations for mild-moderate inflammatory/papulopustular acne	
First choice Topical retinoid	Adapalene/benzoyl peroxide $0.1\%/2.5\%$ gel (Epiduo [®])	Topical retinoids are contraindicated in pregnancy
combination products		Use non-antibiotic antimicrobials (such as benzoyl peroxide or azelaic acid) to avoid development of resistance to erythromycin and clindamycin
Alternatives Topical benzoyl peroxide with antimicrobials	Benzoyl peroxide/clindamycin 5%/1% gel (Duac [®] Once Daily)	Try for 3 months. However, if scarring is present by 6 weeks refer to local provider



Alternatives	Tretinoin/clindamycin 0.025%/1% gel	Only for use in patients with
Topical retinoids with antimicrobials	(Treclin [®]) Isotretinoin/erythromycin 0.05%/2% gel (Isotrexin [®])	moderate to severe acne for whom topical antibacterial and benzoyl peroxide have failed or are not tolerated, and where a topical antibacterial/retinoid combination is indicated.
		Try for 3 months. However, if scarring is present by 6 weeks refer to local provider
		Topical retinoids are contraindicated in pregnancy
Azelaic acid	Azelaic acid 20% cream (Skinoren [®])	Acne vulgaris only
		Azelaic acid may be beneficial in patients with darker skin where acne can cause hyperpigmentation.
Subsection	13.6.2 Oral preparations for acne and	rosacea
See BNF for guidar	nce on course lengths and refer to <u>local antibac</u>	terial guidelines.
See <u>GM guidelines</u>	for the management of acne in primary care	
	and oral antibiotics should ideally not be combi additional benefit and may encourage the devel	
Oral antibacteria	ls for rosacea	
First Choice	Oxytetracycline 250mg tablets	
	Erythromycin 250mg tablets	
Alternatives	Doxycycline 100mg capsules	
Oral antibacteria	ls for acne	1
First Choice	Oxytetracycline 250mg tablets	Not to be used as sole treatment in
Alternatives	Lymecycline 408mg capsules	acne - prescribe with a topical retinoid and/or a benzoyl peroxide.
	Doxycycline 100mg capsules	
	Erythromycin 250mg tablets	
Do Not	Minocycline	Criterion 1 (see RAG list)
Prescribe	Tablets, capsules and MR capsules	NHS England Items which should not
	For treatment of acne	be routinely prescribed in primary care: Guidance for CCGs
Hormone treatment for acne	Co-cyprindiol tablets 2mg /35 microgram	MHRA DSU: Co-cyprindiol: balance of benefits and risks remains positive, Jun 2013



Oral retinoid for acne	Isotretinoin 5mg, 10mg, 20mg, 40mg capsules	 MHRA DSUS: Isotretinoin for severe acne: who should prescribe it, Aug 2007 Isotretinoin: risk of serious skin reactions, Sept 2010 Oral retinoids: pregnancy prevention, June 2013 Isotretinoin: reminder of possible risk of psychiatric disorders, Dec 2014 Isotretinoin (Roaccutane): rare reports of erectile dysfunction and decreased libido, Oct 2017 Isotretinoin (Roaccutane ▼): reminder of important risks and precautions, Aug 2020 Isotretinoin (Roaccutane ▼): contribute to expert review, Nov 2020
Subsection	13.6.3 Topical preparations for rosacea	
First choice	Metronidazole 0.75% cream or gel (Rozex [®]) Azelaic acid 15% gel (Finacea [®])	Prescribe by brand due to strength and cost variations
Grey drugs Items which are listed as Grey are deemed not suitable for routine prescribing but may be suitable for a defined patient population	 Brimonidine 3 mg/g gel (Mirvaso[®]) For treatment of acne rosacea erythema. Only for use in patients with severe erythema, where all other formulary options have failed, and immediately prior to referring for laser treatment. 	Gn Criterion 3 (see RAG list) MHRA DSU: Brimonidine gel (Mirvaso): risk of exacerbation of rosacea MHRA DSU: Brimonidine gel (Mirvaso): risk of systemic cardiovascular effects; not to be applied to damaged skin
	Ivermectin 10mg/g cream (Soolantra [®]) For treatment of acne rosacea. Only for use after more established therapies such as metronidazole gel and azelaic acid have failed.	Gn Criterion 3 (see RAG list) NICE Evidence summary: ivermectin 10 mg/g cream



Section	13.7 Preparations for warts and calluses	
See GM guidelines	for the management of warts in primary care	
Anogenital warts	Imiquimod 5% cream 12-sachet pack (Aldara [®]) Podophyllotoxin 0.5% solution	Gn following specialist initiation
	(Condyline [®]) Podophyllotoxin 0.15% cream (Warticon [®])	
Do Not Prescribe	Warts and verrucae Salicylic acid containing products, glutaraldehyde See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM</u> <u>commissioning statement</u> .
	Potassium hydroxide 5% topical solution (Molludab [®])	<u>Criterion 1 (see RAG list)</u>



BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.8 Sunscreens and Camouflagers	
Subsection	13.8.1 Sunscreen preparations	
ultraviolet radiatio cutaneous reaction photodermatoses (radiation causing s	ly prescribable for ACBS approved conditions i.e n and/or visible light in abnormal cutaneous ph is in genetic disorders (including xeroderma pig (both idiopathic and acquired) and in those with severe adverse effects due to chronic disease (s dical therapies and/or procedures.	otosensitivity causing severe mentosum and porphyrias), severe increased risk of ultraviolet
See <u>GM guidelines</u>	for the management of actinic keratoses in prin	mary care
	Sunsense [®] Ultra lotion UVB-SPF 50+ 500ml	Preparations with an SPF less than 30 should not be prescribed.
	Anthelios Shaka Fluide [®] liquid UVB-SPF 50+	
Do Not Prescribe	Sun protection Except when prescribed in line with ACBS- approved indications, as outlined above.	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM</u> commissioning statement.
	Sunburn due to excessive sun exposure	
Photodamage		
First choice	Fluorouracil 5% cream (Efudix [®])	NTS recommendation: Newer products for topical treatment of actinic keratosis (AK)
		which includes the <u>Primary Care</u> <u>Dermatology Society AK Treatment</u> <u>Pathway (April 2014)</u>
Superficial basal	cell carcinoma	1
	Imiquimod 5% cream (Aldara [®])	Gn following specialist advice



Subsection	13.8.2 Camouflagers	
	Camouflagers are only prescribable for ACBS postoperative scars and other deformities incl adjunctive therapy in the relief of emotional c disease, such as vitiligo.	uding burn scars, and as an
	Dermacolor [®]	
	Camouflage crème (100 shades)	
	Fixing powder (7 shades)	
	Covermark [®]	
	Classic foundation (10 shades)	
	Finishing powder	



BNF chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.9 Shampoos and other preparations for	or scalp and hair conditions
Shampoos	Ketoconazole 2% shampoo	
	Selenium sulphide 2.5% shampoo (Selsun [®])	
Coal tar shampoos	Alphosyl 2 in 1 [®] shampoo	
Shampees	Polytar [®] liquid	
	Polytar Plus [®] liquid	
	T/Gel [®] Therapeutic shampoo	
Coal tar and salicylic acid shampoos	Capasal [®] shampoo	
Do Not	Dandruff	In line with NHS England guidance,
Prescribe	Mild scaling of the scalp without itching	GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM</u> <u>commissioning statement</u> .
Hirsutism		
First choice	Co-cyprindiol	MHRA DSU: Co-cyprindiol: balance
	tablets: 2mg /35 microgram	of benefits and risks remains positive, Jun 2013
Grey drugs	Eflornithine	Gn
Items which are listed as Grey are deemed not	cream: 1.5% (Vaniqa [®])	<u>Criterion 3 (see RAG list)</u>
suitable for routine prescribing but may be suitable for a defined patient population	Only for use in patients with a confirmed diagnosis of an androgenic disease and in whom treatment with co-cyprindiol is ineffective, contraindicated, or considered inappropriate.	
Androgenetic alopecia	Not prescribable on the NHS	



BNF Chapter	13 Skin	
Section	13.10 Anti-infective skin preparations	
Subsection	13.10.1 Antibacterial preparations	
Subsection	13.10.1.1 Antibacterial preparations of	nly used topically
	Mupirocin 2% cream or ointment	Should only be used to treat methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)
	Silver sulfadiazine 1% cream (Flamazine	®)
	Polymyxin B 10,000units bacitracin zinc 500units/g ointment (Polyfax [®])	
Subsection	13.10.1.2 Antibacterial preparations also used systemically Fusidic acid 2% cream or ointment (Fucidin [®])	
	Metronidazole 0.75% gel - Anabact [®] 30g	For malodorous fungating tumours and malodorous gravitational and decubitus ulcers
Subsection	13.10.2 Antifungal preparations	
	Clotrimazole 1% cream Miconazole 2% cream Terbinafine 1% cream	MHRA DSU (June 2016): Topica miconazole, including oral gel: reminder of potential for seriou interactions with warfarin
Do Not Prescribe	Ringworm/athlete's foot Topical preparations containing miconazole clotrimazole, etc. See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exception	conditions which are self- limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM</u>
For oral antifunga	al options such as terbinafine see <u>GMMMG cha</u>	
Subsection	13.10.3 Antiviral preparations	
First choice	Aciclovir 5% cream	
Do Not Prescribe	Infrequent cold sores of the lip Aciclovir cream, Zovirax cold sore cream See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self-limiting or amenable to self-care. For further details see <u>GM</u> <u>commissioning statement</u> .



	Idoxuridine in dimethyl sulfoxideCriteriTopical solution (Herpid®)	on 1 (see RAG list)
Also see oral antiv	iral options in <u>GMMMG chapter 5.</u>	
Subsection	13.10.4 Parasiticidal preparations	
Head lice	Dimeticone 4% lotion (Hedrin [®])	NICE CKS (2015): Head lice
	Malathion 0.5% aqueous liquid (Derbac-M $^{\ensuremath{\$}}$)	
	Wet combing methods: Head lice can be mechanically removed by combing wet hair meticulously with a plastic detection comb.	
Do Not Prescribe	 Head lice Dimeticone, malathion, cyclomethicone, permethrin shampoos and liquids. "Bug buster" kits, nit combs. See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions 	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self- limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM commissioning statement</u> .
Scabies and crab lice	Permethrin 5% cream	NICE CKS (2011): Scabies
	Malathion 0.5% aqueous liquid (Derbac- M^{\otimes})	NICE CKS (2011): Pubic lice
Subsection	13.10.5 Preparations for minor cuts and abrasions	
	Cetrimide 0.5% cream BP	



BNF chapter	13 Skin	
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Section	13.11 Skin cleansers, antiseptics, and desloughing agents	
Subsection	13.11.1 Alcohols and saline	
Subsection	13.11.2 Chlorhexidine salts	
	Chlorhexidine gluconate 4% solution (Hibiscrub [®])	MHRA device alert: All products containing chlorhexidine, Oct 2012
		Healthcare professionals are reminded that chlorhexidine is known to induce skin hypersensitivity, including generalised allergic reactions and anaphylactic shock.
Subsection	13.11.3 Cationic surfactants and soaps	
Subsection	13.11.4 Iodine	
	Povidone-iodine 2.5% dry powder spray (Betadine [®]) Povidine-iodine 1.14% dry powder spray	
	(Savion [®] Dry)	
Subsection	13.11.5 Phenolics	
Subsection	13.11.6 Oxidisers and dyes	
	Potassium permanganate 400mg solution tablets (Permitabs [®])	<u>NHS Patient safety Alert</u> (2014):Risk of death or serious harm from accidental ingestion of potassium permanganate
	Hydrogen peroxide 1% cream (Crystacide [®])	
Do Not Prescribe	Minor burns and scalds See <u>commissioning statement</u> for exceptions	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for
		conditions which are self- limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM commissioning statement</u> .



Section	13.12 Antiperspirants	
	Botulinum toxin Type A (Botox [®] - licensed for severe hyperhidrosis of the axillae).	R GM EUR policy (2014) Hyperhidrosis
Do Not Prescribe	Excessive sweating (hyperhidrosis) Aluminium chloride 20% solutions (e.g. Driclor, Anhydrol Forte)	In line with NHS England guidance, GM do not routinely support prescribing for conditions which are self- limiting or amenable to self- care. For further details see <u>GM commissioning</u> <u>statement</u> .