

Charting Outcomes in the Match

Characteristics of Applicants Who Matched to Their Preferred Specialty in the 2009 Main Residency Match

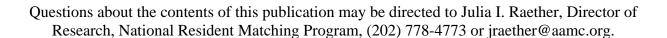
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Prepared by:

National Resident Matching Program and Association of American Medical Colleges

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Questions about the NRMP should be directed to Mona Signer, Executive Director, National Resident Matching Program, (202) 828-0629 or msigner@aamc.org.

Questions about the AAMC data collections may be directed to Paul Jolly, Ph.D., Senior Director, Association of American Medical Colleges, (202) 828-0257 or pjolly@aamc.org.

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2009

Introduction

The first edition of *Charting Outcomes in the Match* was published in August 2006 using data from the 2005 Main Residency Match. The second edition, published in August 2007 and based on the 2007 Match, built on the original report by adding two specialties (Otolaryngology and Neurology), incorporating several additional measures, and conducting regression analyses to predict match success.

The 2009 report is based on the 2009 Match and includes one new specialty (Neurological Surgery) and two new measures (number of work and volunteer experiences). For this edition, the regression analyses have been replaced with two graphs for each specialty showing the relationship between the number of contiguous programs ranked (number of programs in the first-choice specialty before another specialty appears on the rank order list) and USMLE Step 1 scores and the probability of matching to the preferred specialty. These changes should provide more useful information for applicants and advisors as they prepare for the Match.

For the purposes of this report, match success is defined as a match to the specialty of the applicant's first-ranked program, because that is assumed to be the specialty of choice. Lack of success includes matching to another specialty as well as failure to match at all. No distinction was made based on whether applicants matched to their first, second, third, or last choice.

Combining data from the NRMP, the database of AAMC's Electronic Residency Application Service (ERAS), USMLE scores made available by the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) and the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG), and other AAMC data sources, we identified twelve applicant characteristics. NBME and ECFMG have granted permission to use USMLE scores, and the National Resident Matching Program and the Association of American Medical Colleges have collaborated to produce this report.

Because graduating seniors from U.S. allopathic medical schools match at higher rates than do other applicant groups, and because some of those groups contain small numbers of applicants, this report distinguishes only two types of applicants: U.S. seniors and independent applicants. It should be noted, however, that the independent applicant category is a heterogeneous group. Moreover, because independent applicants match to their preferred specialties at much lower rates than do U.S. seniors, the specialty-specific probability graphs for independent applicants are less predictive of success.

Summary

Some general observations apply to all of the specialties in this report. Applicants who are successful in matching to their preferred specialty are more likely to:

- Rank more programs within their preferred specialty
- Be U.S. seniors
- Have higher USMLE Step 1 and Step 2 scores
- Be members of AOA

Although some other measures seemed to be related to match success for some specialties, the relationships were not consistent enough to draw broad conclusions across specialties. In addition, the data sources used for *Charting Outcomes* do not include other important applicant factors such as course evaluations, reference letters, and the Medical School Performance Evaluation.

Despite the fairly strong relationship between USMLE Step scores and match success, the distributions of scores show that program directors consider other qualifications, and a high score is not a guarantee of success. Even in the most competitive specialties a few individuals with higher scores are not successful. Neither is a lower score a bar to success. In the less competitive specialties, U.S. seniors with scores slightly above passing usually match to their preferred specialties.

The data also are reassuring because they indicate that at least some programs do not employ an arbitrary cutoff or decline to consider applicants with less than excellent test performance.

The data in this report support the following straightforward advice one should give to an applicant.

- Rank all of the programs you really want, without regard to your estimate of your chances with those programs.
- Include a mix of both highly competitive and less competitive programs within your preferred specialty.
- Include all of the programs on your list where the program has expressed an interest in you and where you would accept a position.
- If you are applying to a competitive specialty and you would want to have a residency position in the event you are unsuccessful in matching to a program in your preferred specialty, also rank your most preferred programs in an alternate specialty.
- Include all of your qualifications in your application, but know that you do not have to be AOA, to have the highest USMLE scores, to have publications, or to have participated in research projects to match successfully.

Program directors and applicants will find the tables and charts for the specialty of their particular interest later in this report.

For questions, comments or more information, please contact:

Julia I. Raether, Director of Research National Resident Matching Program Tel: (202) 778-4773 Email: jraether@aamc.org

Or

Paul P. Jolly, Ph.D., Senior Director, Special Studies Association of American Medical Colleges

Tel: (202) 828-0629 Email: pjolly@aamc.org

¹ Independent applicants are defined on page 2.



Active Applicants in the 2009 Main Residency Match by Applicant Type

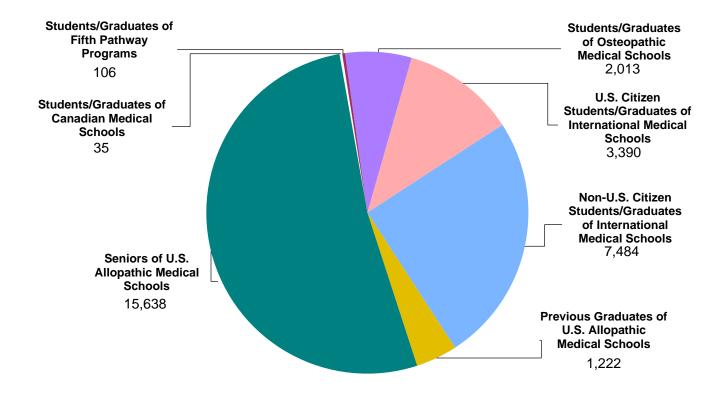


Chart 1 shows the number of active applicants (applicants who submitted rank order lists of programs) by applicant type . U.S. allopathic medical school seniors constitute 52.3 percent of the applicants in this report. The next largest group is non-U.S. citizen students and graduates of international medical schools (25.0%). For the remainder of this report, all applicants who are not U.S. allopathic seniors will be grouped into the "independent applicants" category.



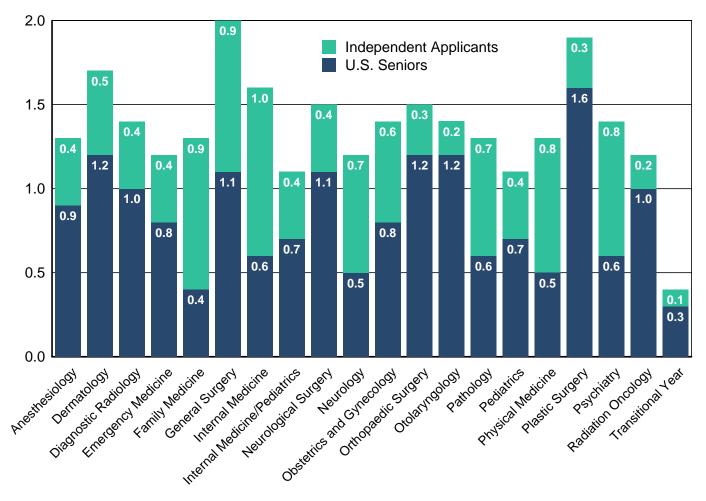
Number of Applicants and Positions in the 2009 Main Residency Match by Preferred Specialty

		Total Number of Applicants		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Preferred Specialty				Matched	Not Matched	Matched	Not Matched
Anesthesiology	1,374	1,729	1.3	888	306	179	356
Dermatology	338	567	1.7	264	147	47	109
Emergency Medicine	1,515	1,817	1.2	1,128	117	308	264
Family Medicine	2,535	3,302	1.3	1,040	23	973	1,266
Internal Medicine	4,922	8,051	1.6	2,838	171	2,093	2,949
Neurological Surgery	191	295	1.5	171	44	19	61
Neurology	581	704	1.2	237	79	193	195
Obstetrics and Gynecology	1,185	1,596	1.4	874	67	284	371
Orthopaedic Surgery	641	923	1.4	586	158	53	126
Otolaryngology	275	373	1.4	260	66	10	37
Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical	522	708	1.4	316	20	164	208
Pediatrics	2,392	2,797	1.2	1,631	92	574	500
Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	370	479	1.3	135	36	156	152
Plastic Surgery	101	192	1.9	86	77	12	17
Psychiatry	1,066	1,563	1.5	643	38	371	511
Diagnostic Radiology	1,095	1,477	1.4	829	257	124	267
Radiation Oncology	156	179	1.1	127	28	8	16
General Surgery	1,065	2,151	2.0	1,032	153	316	650
Internal Medicine/Pediatrics	354	393	1.1	238	14	80	61
Transitional Year	981	325	0.3	193	68	15	49

^{*}Preferred specialty is the specialty ranked first on an applicant's rank order list, excluding preliminary programs in specialties except Transitional Year. *Note:* Only integrated Plastic Surgery programs participate in the National Resident Matching Program. For those specialties where both exist, PGY-1 and PGY-2 positions have been combined *Source:* NRMP Data Warehouse.

Table 1 provides a summary of the numbers of applicants and positions for selected specialties. Only those specialties offering 50 or more positions are included. The numbers of applicants matched by applicant type (U.S. senior and independent applicants) also are provided in this table.

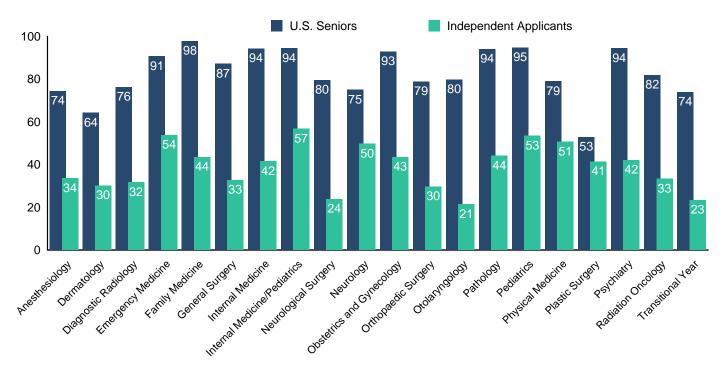
Ratio - Applicants Ranking Specialty First / Available Positions by Preferred Specialty



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse

Chart 2 shows the ratios of U.S. seniors and independent applicants to available positions in each specialty. All specialties except Dermatology, General Surgery, Neurological Surgery, Orthopaedic Surgery, and Otolaryngology have enough positions to accommodate all U.S. seniors who prefer that specialty. As the number of applicants has increased in recent years, fewer specialties have offered enough positions for all applicants who prefer that specialty.

Match Rates Percent Matched by Preferred Specialty and Applicant Type



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse.

Chart 3 shows the percentages of U.S. seniors and independent applicants who matched to their preferred specialty. Overall, 87.3 percent U.S. seniors matched to their preferred specialty, ranging from a high of 97.8 percent (Family Medicine) to a low of 52.8 percent (Plastic Surgery). For independent applicants, the overall match rate was 42.3 percent, ranging from a high of 56.7 percent (Internal Medicine/Pediatrics) to a low of 21.3 percent (Otolaryngology). In general, independent applicants are less successful in matching to their preferred specialty than are U.S. seniors.

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants		
Me	asure	Matched (n=13,516)	Unmatched (n=1,961)	Matched (n=5,979)	Unmatched (n=8,165)	
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	9.0	6.9	5.8	2.8	
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.5	
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	225	219	217	208	
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	231	220	221	209	
5.	Mean number of research experiences	2.2	2.3	1.3	1.2	
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.7	
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.7	2.6	3.3	3.6	
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.3	5.5	3.5	2.5	
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	15.7	7.8	n/a	n/a	
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	35.2	27.5	n/a	n/a	
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	4.2	3.7	n/a	n/a	
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.9	12.8	n/a	n/a	

n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

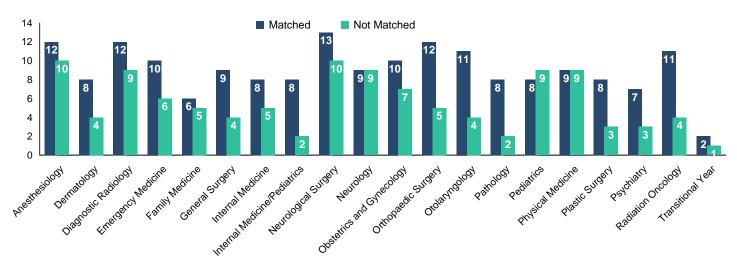
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

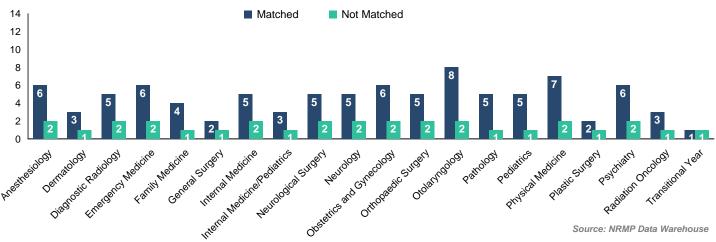
Table 2 provides summary statistics by applicant type and match outcome on the 12 measures presented in this report. Data on each of these measures will be displayed graphically by preferred specialty on the following pages. Of the 12 measures, only the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE) Step 1 and Step 2 scores had significant missing data. Overall, there were Step 1 scores for 92.9 percent of applicants. Almost all of the applicants who did not have Step 1 scores were osteopathic medical school seniors and graduates who either take an alternative examination (the Comprehensive Osteopathic Medical Licensing Examination, or COMLEX-USA) or who take the USMLE exams but whose data are not shared with the AAMC. Step 2 scores were available for 79.0 percent of the applicants. In addition to missing Step 2 scores for the osteopathic applicants, only 73.2 percent of U.S. seniors had Step 2 scores. The missing data for U.S. seniors can be attributed to the fact that few medical schools require students to take and/or pass the Step 2 examination prior to the NRMP's rank order list deadline.

Median Number of Contiguous Ranks by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants



In general, applicants are more likely to be successful if they rank more programs in their desired specialty. To quantify this aspect of applicant behavior, we tallied the number of programs ranked in the first-choice specialty before a program in another specialty appeared on the applicant's rank order list.

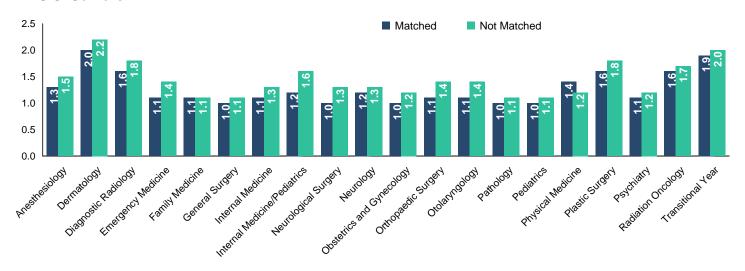
Chart 4 provides the median number of contiguous ranks by preferred specialty for U.S. seniors and independent applicants who matched and did not match. The top panel shows significant variation across the specialties for U.S. seniors. Neurological Surgery had the longest average contiguous rank list for matched U.S. seniors (13) and Family Medicine (6) and Transitional Year (2) had the shortest. In general, U.S. senior applicants who preferred the more competitive specialties submitted longer contiguous lists. For all specialties except Neurology, Pediatrics, and Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, U.S. seniors who matched to their preferred specialty had median contiguous rank lists that were longer than U.S. seniors who did not match.

A similar pattern can be found for independent applicants, although their lists are shorter than the lists submitted by U.S. seniors. Independent applicants who matched had longer contiguous lists compared with independent applicants who did not match to their preferred specialty.

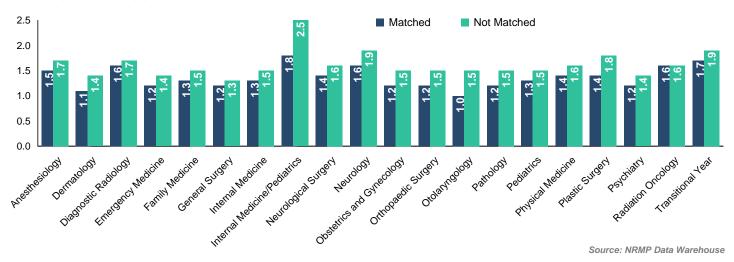
The principal message of these graphs is that applicants with longer rank order lists are more successful than those with shorter ones. The NRMP has been recommending longer list for many years, but some applicants apparently do not heed the advice. Others may have shorter lists because they found only a few programs willing to entertain their applications or because they could not afford a large number of interview trips.

Mean Number of Different Specialties Ranked by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants



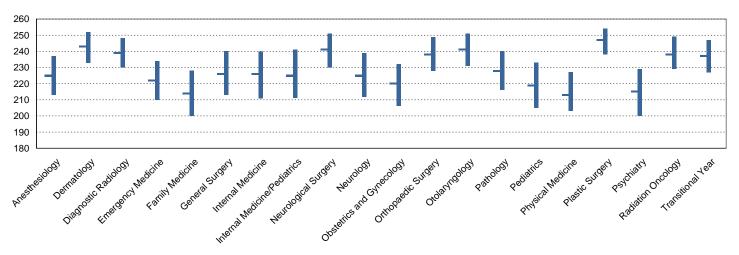
Some applicants are interested in a single specialty while others consider two or more. Chart 5 displays the average number of different specialties ranked by applicant type, preferred specialty, and match outcome.

The top chart shows the data for U.S. seniors. In general, seniors who preferred the more competitive specialties were more likely to rank more than one specialty. For almost all specialties, seniors who did not match to their preferred specialty were more likely to rank more than one specialty compared to seniors who matched.

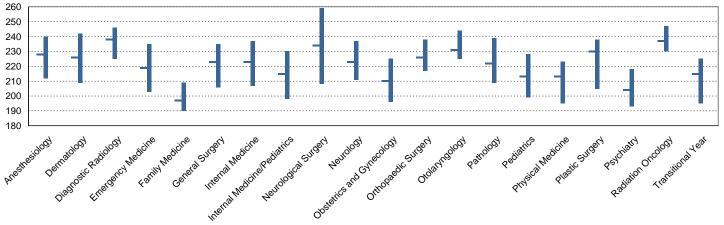
A similar pattern can be seen for the independent applicants, although on average they were more likely to rank more than one specialty when compared with U.S. seniors.

USMLE Step 1 Scores of Matched Applicants *by Preferred Specialty and Applicant Type*

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Note: Step 1 scores are not available for the majority of Osteopathic seniors and graduates included within the independent applicant category. Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

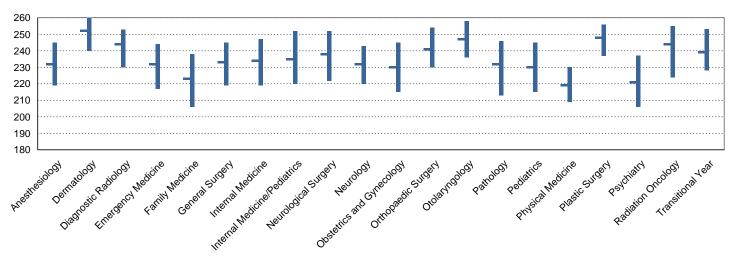
USMLE Step 1 scores are a measure of a student's understanding of important basic science concepts and the ability to apply that knowledge to the practice of medicine. Although such knowledge is only one facet of applicant qualifications considered by program directors in their selection process, it is the only one that is comparable across applicants, and available during the interview season and prior to the NRMP's ranking deadline. Overall, U.S. senior applicants have mean USMLE Step 1 scores of 224.3 (s.d. = 19.6) and independent applicants have mean scores of 211.0 (s.d. = 19.7), both well above the minimum passing score of 182.

Chart 6 displays the median Step 1 scores for matched U.S. seniors (top panel) and independent applicants (bottom panel) by specialty. The horizontal bars are the median values for successful applicants and the vertical lines show the interquartile ranges (the range of scores for applicants excluding the top and bottom quarters of the distribution). Scores generally are higher for the more competitive specialties, but there is substantial overlap when specialties are compared.

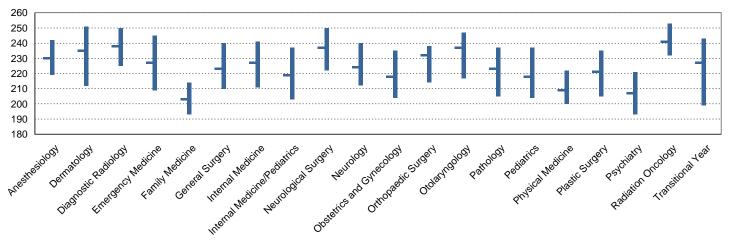
In general, U.S. seniors who matched to their preferred specialty have median Step 1 scores that are higher than those of independent applicants who matched, but there are a few exceptions. Independent applicants who matched in Radiation Oncology, General Surgery, Internal Medicine, and Neurology had equivalent median Step 1 scores when compared with matched U.S. seniors.

USMLE Step 2 Scores of Matched Applicants *by Preferred Specialty and Applicant Type*

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Note: Approximately 30 percent of U.S. seniors did not take the Step 2 examination in time to be included in this report. Step 2 scores are not available for the majority of Osteopathic seniors and graduates included within the independent applicant category.

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

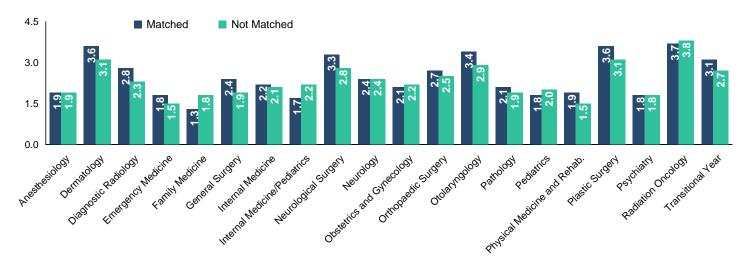
USMLE Step 2 scores are a measure of an applicant's ability to apply the medical knowledge, skills, and understanding of clinical science essential for providing patient care. Overall, U.S. senior applicants had mean USMLE step 2 scores of 229.7 (s.d. = 21.8) and independent applicants had mean scores of 213.4 (s.d. = 21.3), both well above the minimum passing score of 182.

Chart 7 shows the median Step 2 scores for matched U.S. seniors (top panel) and independent applicants (bottom panel) who matched by preferred specialty. The horizontal bars are the median values for successful applicants and the vertical lines show the interquartile ranges. As was the case for the Step 1 scores, the more competitive specialties have higher average Step 2 scores.

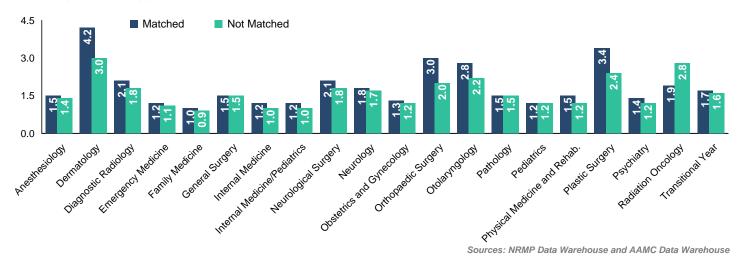
For some specialties (e.g., Plastic Surgery, Family Medicine) the differences in median Step 2 scores between matched U.S. seniors and independent applicants are quite dramatic; other specialties (e.g., Neurological Surgery, Radiation Oncology, Anesthesiology) show only minor differences.

Mean Number of Research Experiences by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants



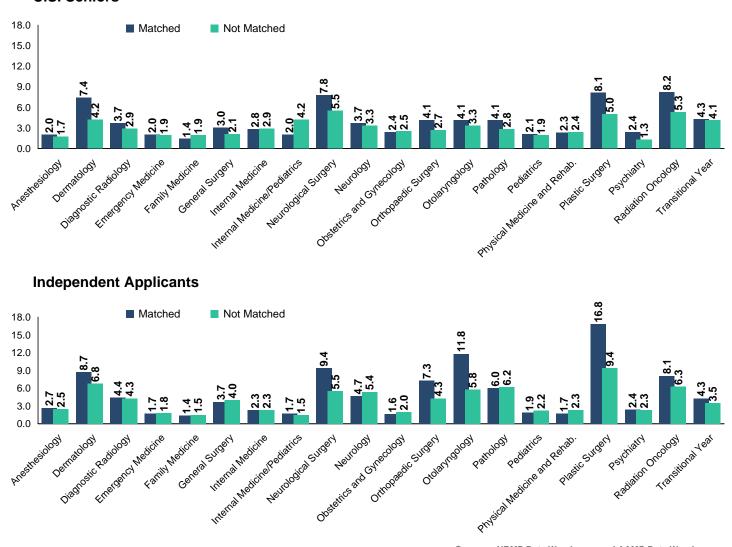
The ERAS application allows applicants to self-report their participation in research projects. These experiences are not verified or evaluated and may vary greatly. Chart 8 shows the average number of research experiences by applicant type, preferred specialty, and match outcome.

U.S. seniors averaged 2.2 research experiences with 83.6 percent reporting at least one experience. Independent applicants reported, on average, fewer experiences (1.3), and a smaller percentage (58.6%) listed having any research experiences.

The same competitive specialties stand out with the highest average numbers of this added qualification. Matched U.S. seniors (top panel) who preferred Dermatology, General Surgery, Neurological Surgery, Otolaryngology, and Plastic Surgery reported on average, slightly more research experiences when compared to unmatched seniors in these specialties. A similar pattern can be seen for the independent applicants.

Mean Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

The ERAS application also permits applicants to list their publications. This information is self-reported and may include peer-reviewed articles, abstracts, poster sessions, and invited national or regional presentations. Some residency programs may independently verify and even review publications for applicants in whom they have an interest, but most probably do not.

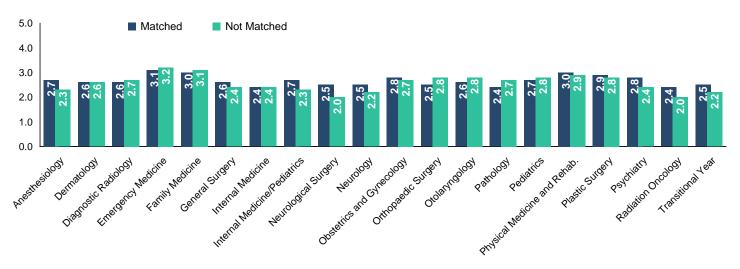
Many applicants report abstracts, presentation, or publications, sometimes dozens or even hundreds. In the individual specialty sections, we distinguish between no publications, 1 to 5 publications, and more than 5 publications. Chart 9 shows the average number of publications by applicant type, preferred specialty, and match outcome.

U.S. seniors averaged 2.9 publications with 64.0 percent reporting at least one publication. Independent applicants reported, on average, slightly fewer experiences (2.6); however, a smaller percentage (48.7%) listed any publications.

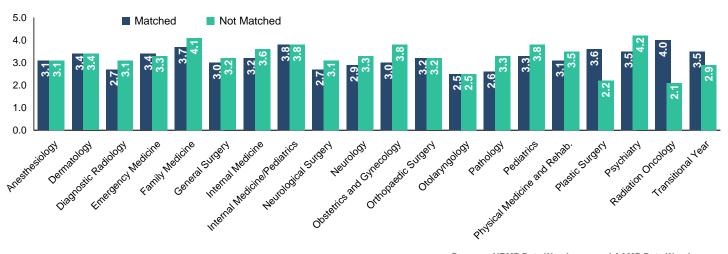
As one might expect, the averages are higher for the more competitive specialties. And for Dermatology, Neurological Surgery, Plastic Surgery, and Radiation Oncology matched U.S. seniors reported significantly more publications when compared with unmatched seniors. Independent applicants followed a similar pattern.

Mean Number of Work Experiences by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Independent Applicants

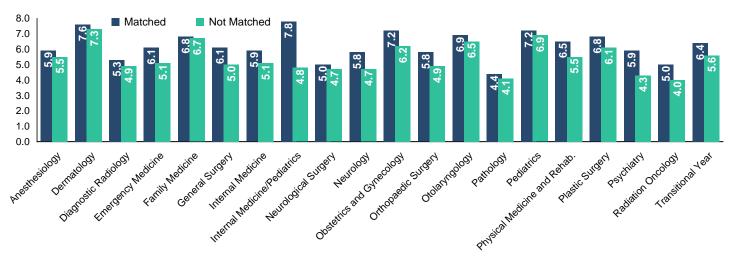


Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

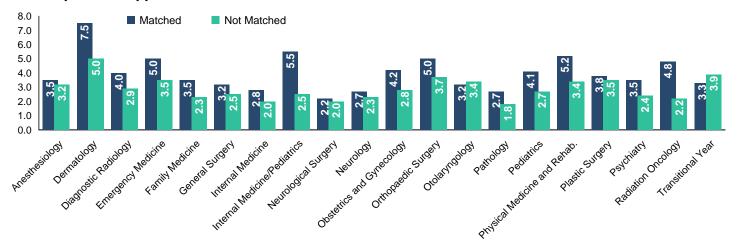
Chart 10 shows the average number of work experiences reported on the ERAS application by applicant type, preferred specialty, and match outcome. There is little variation across specialties or within specialties (matched or not matched) for either the U.S. seniors or independent applicants. Across all specialties, however, independent applicants averaged more work experiences than U.S. seniors (3.5 versus 2.7), and a higher proportion of independent applicants (89.0% versus 84.8%) reported at least one work experience.

Mean Number of Volunteer Experiences by Preferred Specialty, Applicant Type, and Match Status





Independent Applicants



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

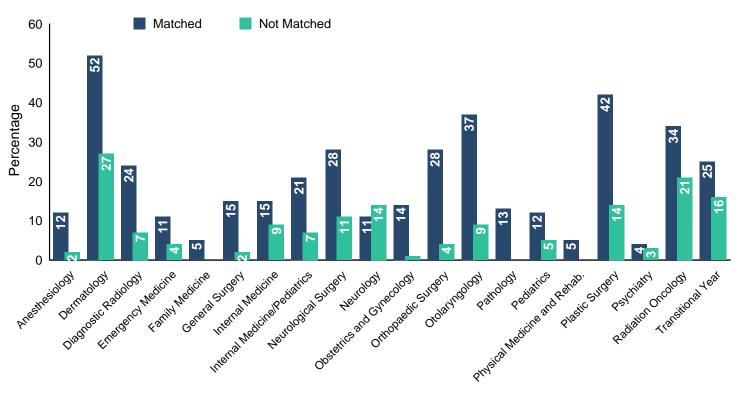
Chart 11 provides the average number of volunteer experiences reported on the ERAS application by applicant type, preferred specialty, and match outcome. U.S. seniors who matched to Internal Medicine/Pediatrics averaged significantly more volunteer experiences than did unmatched seniors who preferred that specialty (7.8 versus 4.8). Matched U.S. seniors in all specialties averaged more volunteer experiences when compared to unmatched seniors in the same specialties, with several averaging at least one more experience.

A similar pattern can be found for independent applicants. Matched applicants averaged more volunteer experiences when compared to unmatched applicants.

Overall, U.S. seniors averaged twice as many volunteer experiences compared to independent applicants (6.2 versus 2.9), and a higher percentage of U.S. seniors (95.2% versus 72.2%) reported at least one volunteer experience.

Percentage of U.S. Allopathic Seniors Who are Members of AOA by Preferred Specialty and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

Membership in Alpha Omega Alpha (AOA), the national medical honor society, is an honor reserved for students with high academic achievement. AOA membership is limited to students in medical schools that sponsor an AOA chapter. Most, but not all, allopathic schools in the U.S. and Canada participate, and there is one foreign chapter in Beirut. Among the independent applicants, only graduate U.S. physicians, Canadians, and a small number of others could legitimately claim membership. For that reason, AOA status for each specialty in Chart 9 is reported only for U.S. seniors.

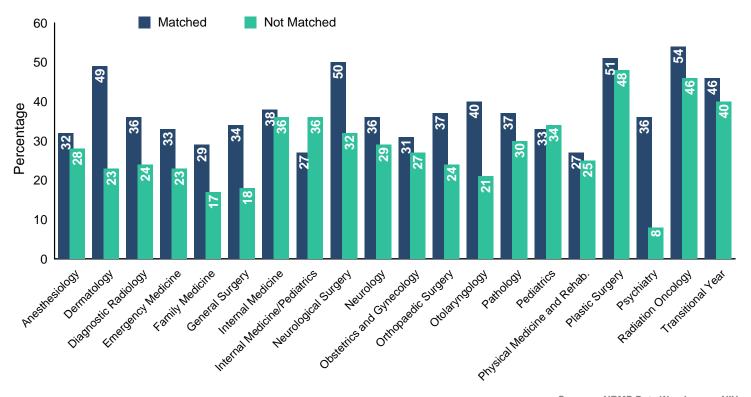
Data on AOA membership are self-reported on the ERAS application. Even for U.S. seniors, however, an analysis of its relationship with success in the Match is limited by the relatively small number of applicants who are members, by the fact that some schools do not have AOA chapters, and by the fact that other schools elect AOA members too late in the academic year for it to be considered in the application process. Overall, 14.7 percent of U.S. seniors included in this report claimed AOA membership on their ERAS application. Among applicants who matched to their preferred specialty, 15.7 percent reported AOA membership, compared to 7.8 percent of unmatched applicants.

As with several of the other measures, the most competitive specialties are able to attract the greatest proportion of AOA members. All specialties attract some AOA applicants, but for most specialties AOA members account for fewer than one in five successful applicants.



Percentage of U.S. Allopathic Seniors Graduating from One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding* by Preferred Specialty and Match Status

U.S. Seniors



Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse, NIH

Some program directors may give preference to applicants with research experience or who graduated from a research-intensive medical school. To test this assumption, we obtained data on the amount of NIH grant awards and identified the 40 schools with the highest NIH funding (\$100 million or more). This measure, by definition, is limited to graduates of U.S. medical schools. Overall, 35.2 percent of matched and 27.5 percent of unmatched U.S. seniors were graduates of one of the 40 medical schools with the highest NIH funding.

Chart 13 shows the percentage of U.S. seniors who graduated from those schools by specialty and match outcome. For example, 32 percent of U.S. seniors who matched in Anesthesiology were graduates of one of the 40 medical schools with the highest NIH funding and 28 percent of seniors who did not match in Anesthesiology were graduates of those schools.

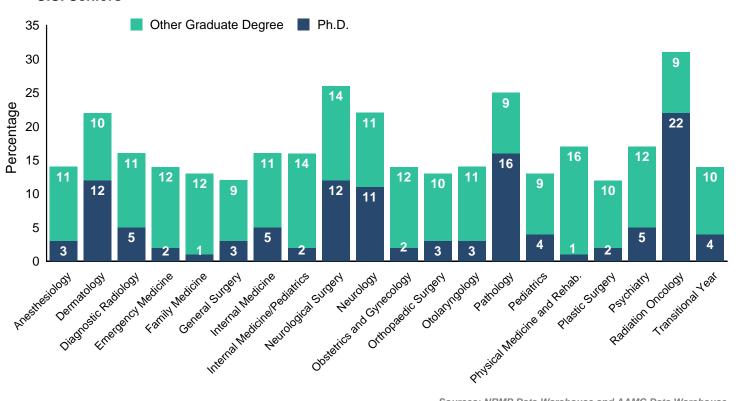
Radiation Oncology had the highest percentage of matched U.S. seniors who were graduates of a medical school with the highest NIH funding. Plastic Surgery, Dermatology, Neurological Surgery, and Transition Year also had higher percentages of matched applicants from those schools compared to the other specialties. For all specialties except Internal Medicine/Pediatrics and Pediatrics, smaller percentages of seniors who did not match to their preferred specialty were graduates of a medical school with the highest NIH funding compared to seniors who matched. The average across all specialties and match outcome was 34.3 percent.

^{*}Source: http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls. Total awards include both direct and indirect costs. Awards to the 127 U.S. allopathic medical schools ranged from \$1.08 to \$422 million. The 40 medical schools with the highest NIH funding received \$100 million or more.



Percentage of Matched U.S. Allopathic Seniors Who Have a Graduate Degree





Sources: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

Chart 14 shows by preferred specialty the percentage of matched U.S. allopathic seniors who have a graduate degree. Radiation Oncology had the highest percentage (31%) and Transitional Year the lowest (14%). Radiation Oncology, Anatomic and Clinical Pathology, Dermatology, Neurological Surgery, and Neurology had the highest percentages of matched applicants with Ph.D.s and Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, Internal Medicine/Pediatrics, and Neurological Surgery had the highest percentages with other graduate degrees.

AN Anesthesiology

	U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants		
Measure	Matched (n=888)	Unmatched (n=306)	Matched (n=179)	Unmatched (n=356)	
Mean number of contiguous ranks	11.7	10.5	6.8	3.8	
2. Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7	
3. Mean USMLE Step 1 score	225	217	225	214	
4. Mean USMLE Step 2 score	231	221	230	213	
5. Mean number of research experiences	1.9	1.9	1.5	1.4	
Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.0	1.7	2.7	2.5	
7. Mean number of work experiences	2.7	2.3	3.1	3.1	
8. Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.9	5.5	3.5	3.2	
9. Percentage who are AOA members	11.7	2.3	n/a	n/a	
 Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding 	32.4	28.1	n/a	n/a	
11. Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.7	1.0	n/a	n/a	
12. Percentage who have another graduate degree	11.0	14.1	n/a	n/a	

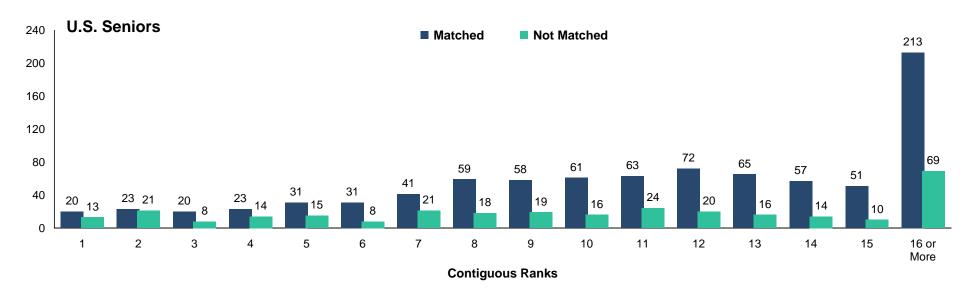
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

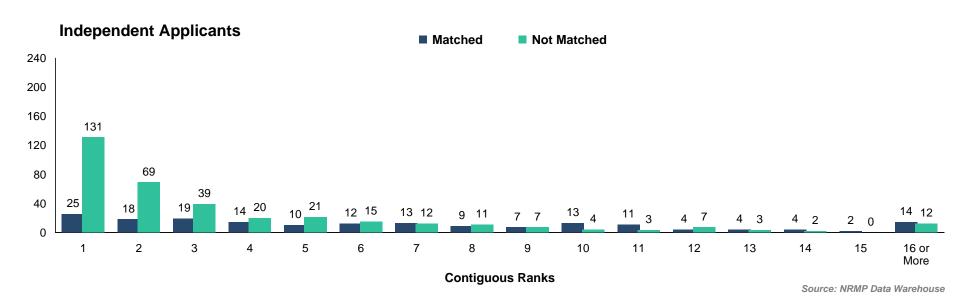
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Anesthesiology







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Anesthesiology

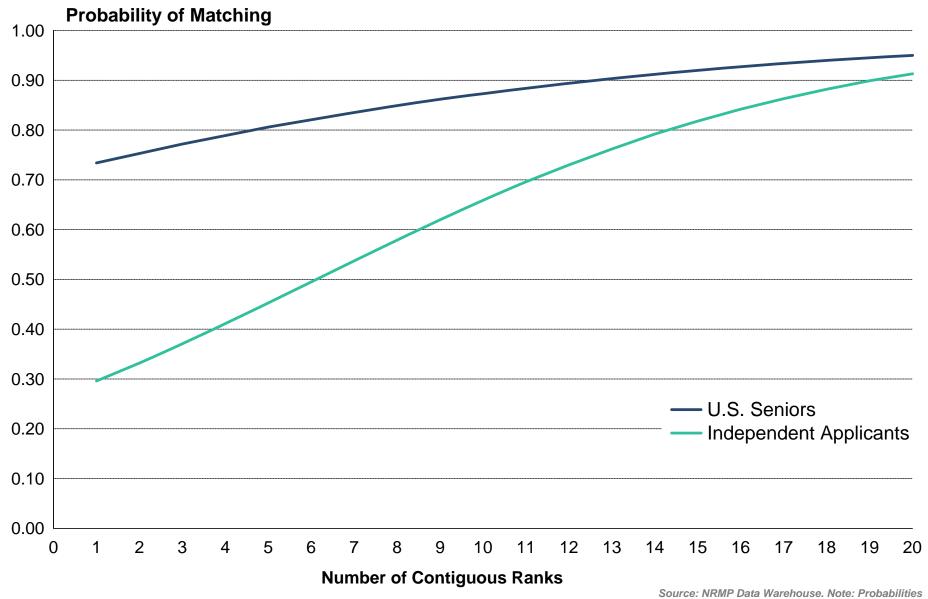
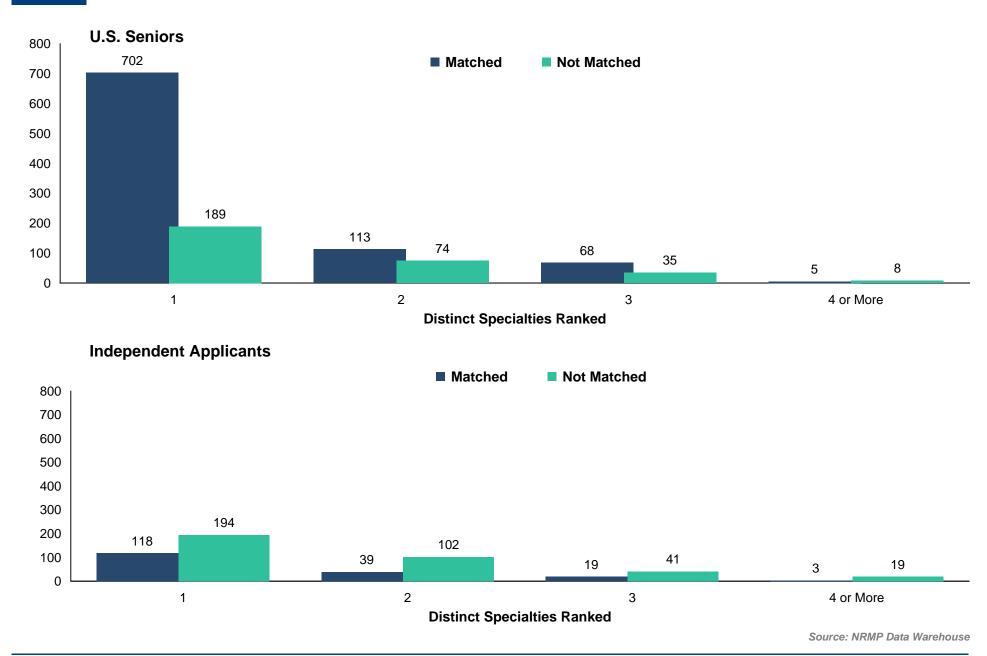
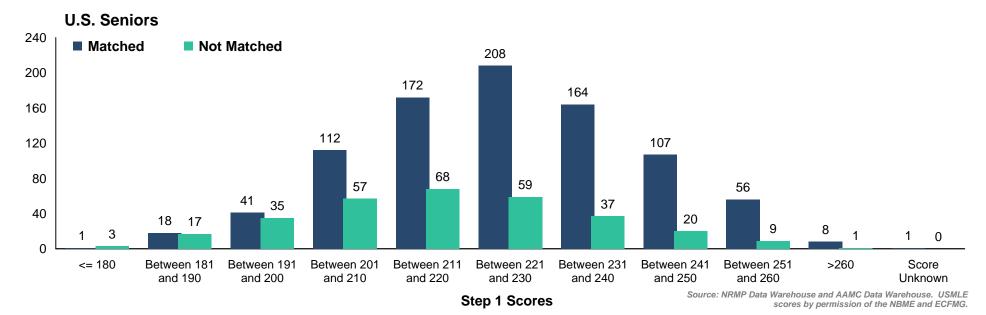


Chart AN-2

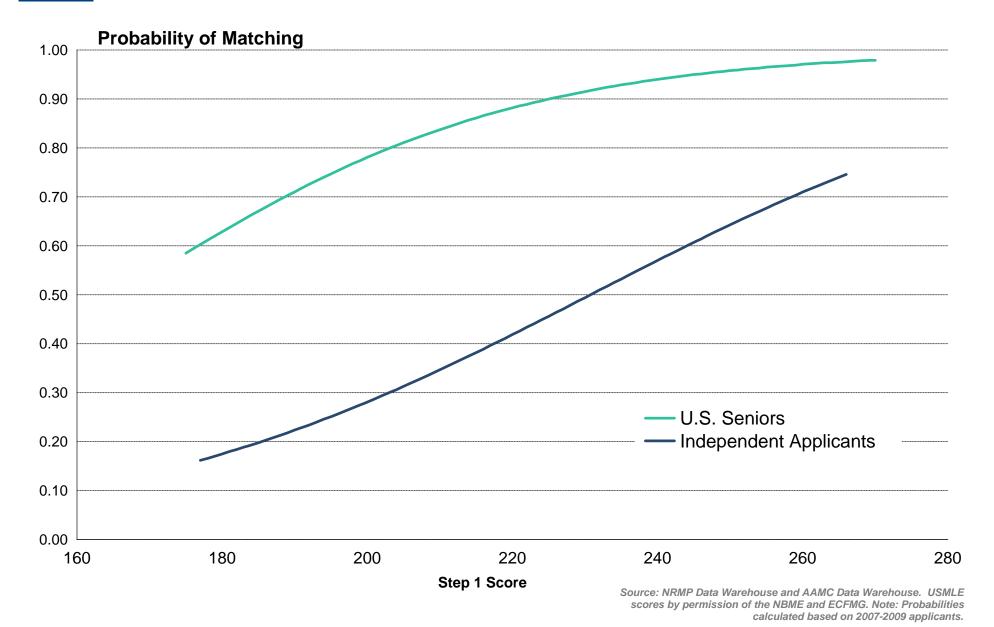
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Anesthesiology





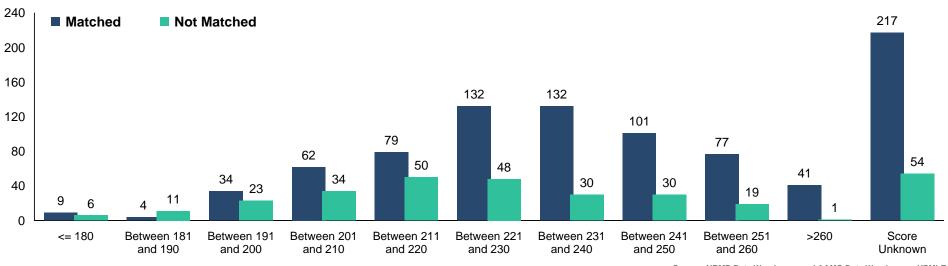
Independent Applicants 99 100 Matched Not Matched 76 80 60 55 49 42 40 34 34 28 26 21 17 20 10 10 6 6 0 0 Between 231 <= 180 Between 191 Between 201 Between 211 Between 221 Between 241 Between 251 >260 Score Between 181 and 230 and 190 and 200 and 210 and 220 and 240 and 250 and 260 Unknown Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE **Step 1 Scores** scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Anesthesiology



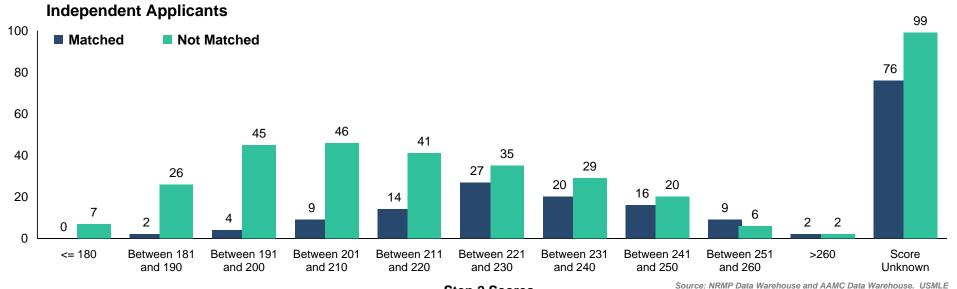
24





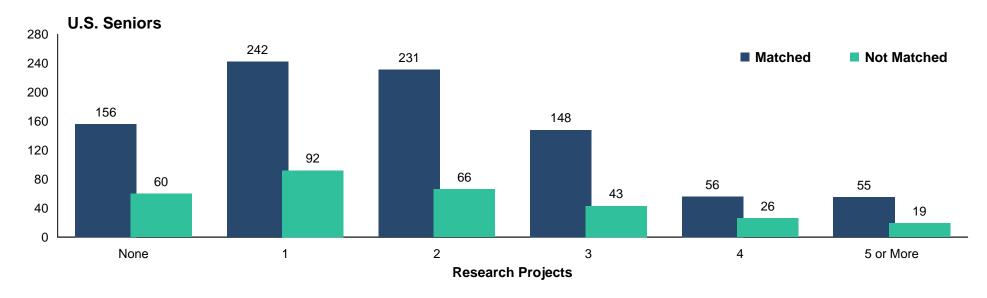
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

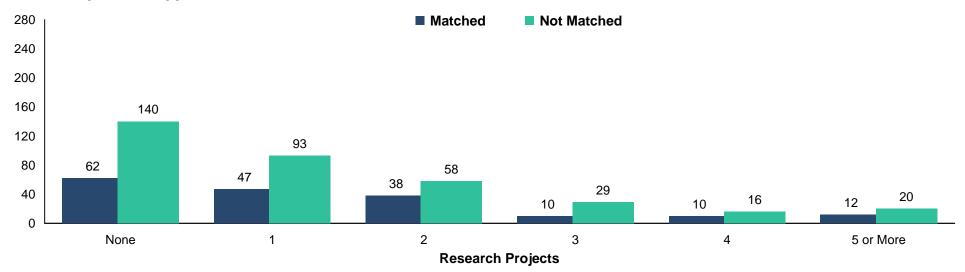


scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart Anesthesiology Number of Research Projects Anesthesiology

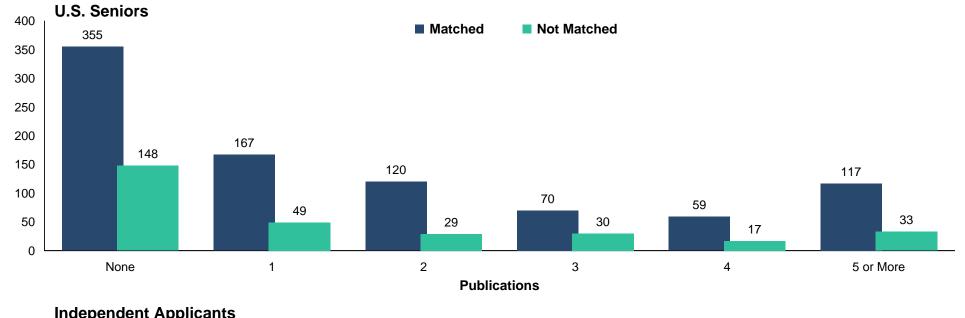


Independent Applicants





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Anesthesiology



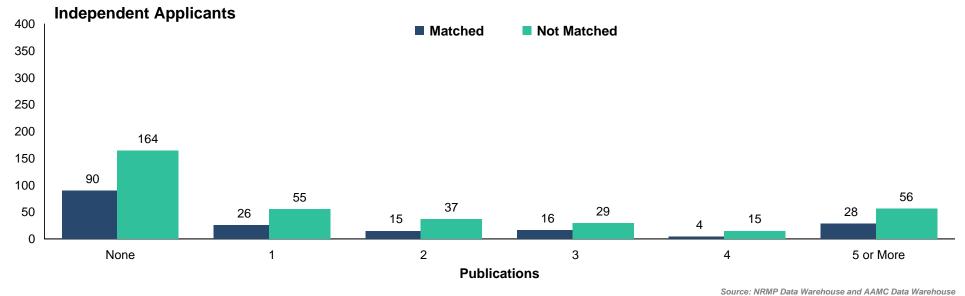
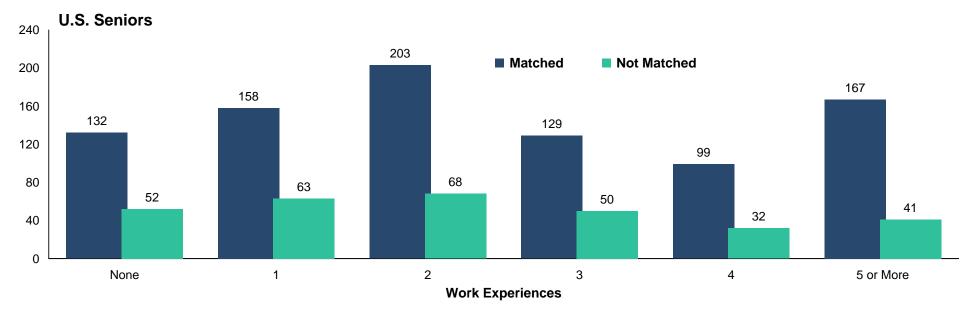


Chart Anesthesiology Number of Work Experiences Anesthesiology



Independent Applicants

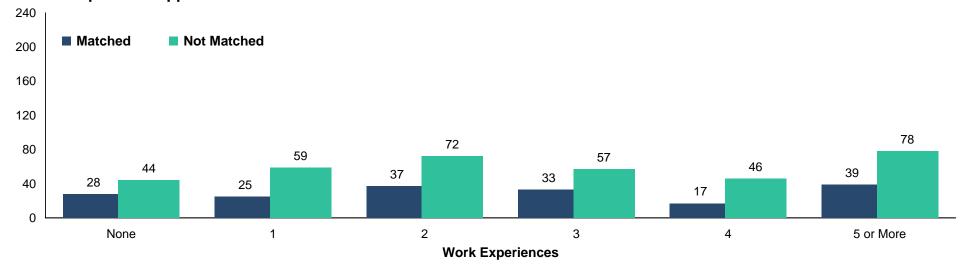
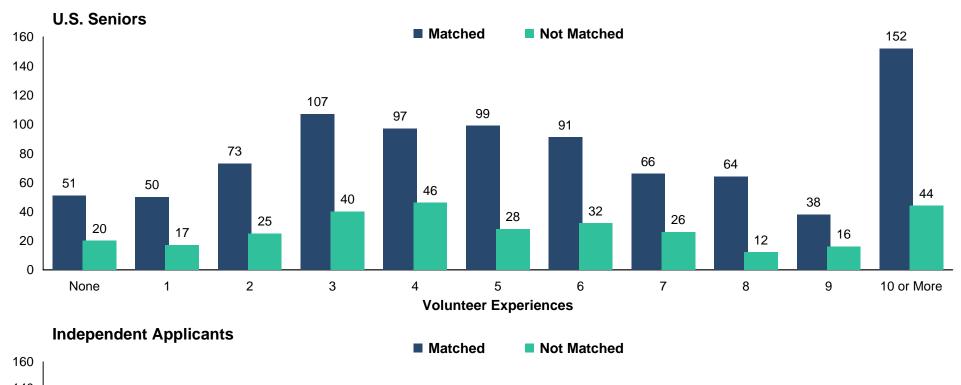
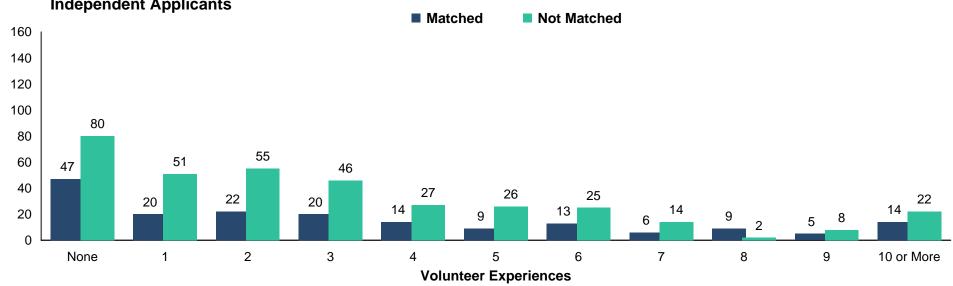


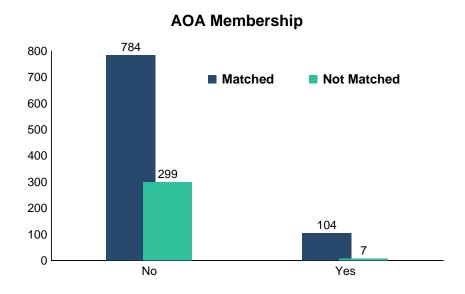
Chart AN-8

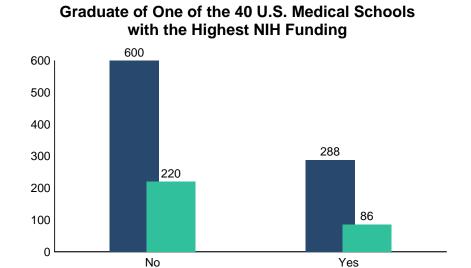
Number of Volunteer Experiences Anesthesiology

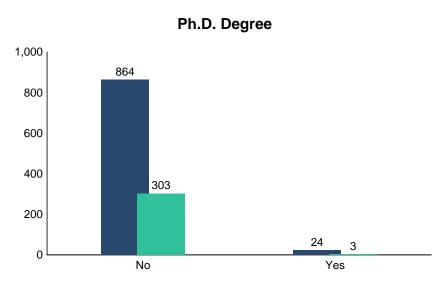


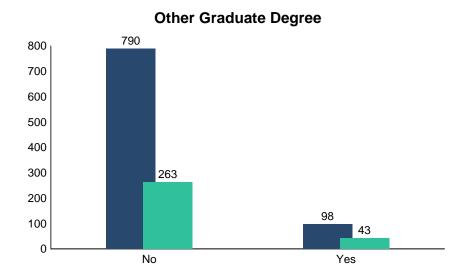


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Anesthesiology









Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

DM Dermatology

Table Summary Statistics DM-1 Dermatology

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants		
Measure		Matched (n=264)	Unmatched (n=147)	Matched (n=47)	Unmatched (n=109)	
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.6	4.4	3.6	2.2	
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	2.0	2.2	1.1	1.4	
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	242	232	225	218	
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	251	242	231	223	
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.6	3.1	4.2	3.0	
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	7.4	4.2	8.7	6.8	
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.6	2.6	3.4	3.4	
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	7.6	7.3	7.5	5.0	
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	51.5	27.2	n/a	n/a	
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	48.9	23.1	n/a	n/a	
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	11.7	2.0	n/a	n/a	
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	9.8	8.2	n/a	n/a	

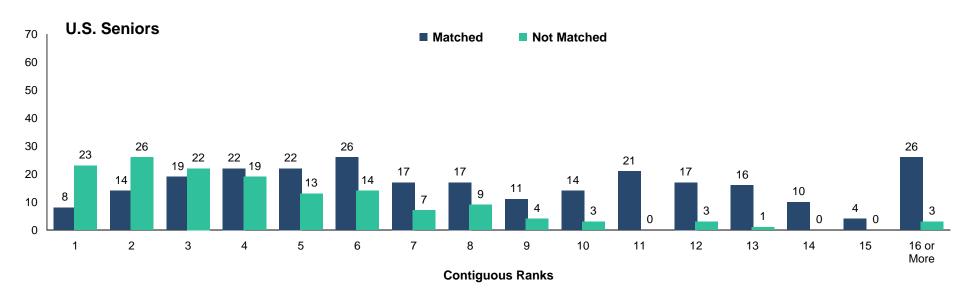
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

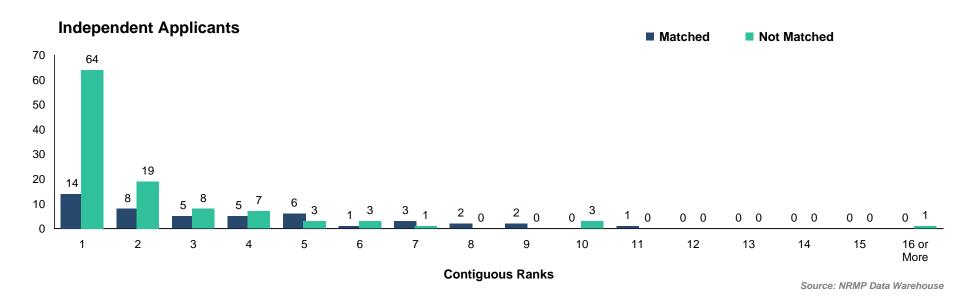
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Dermatology







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Dermatology

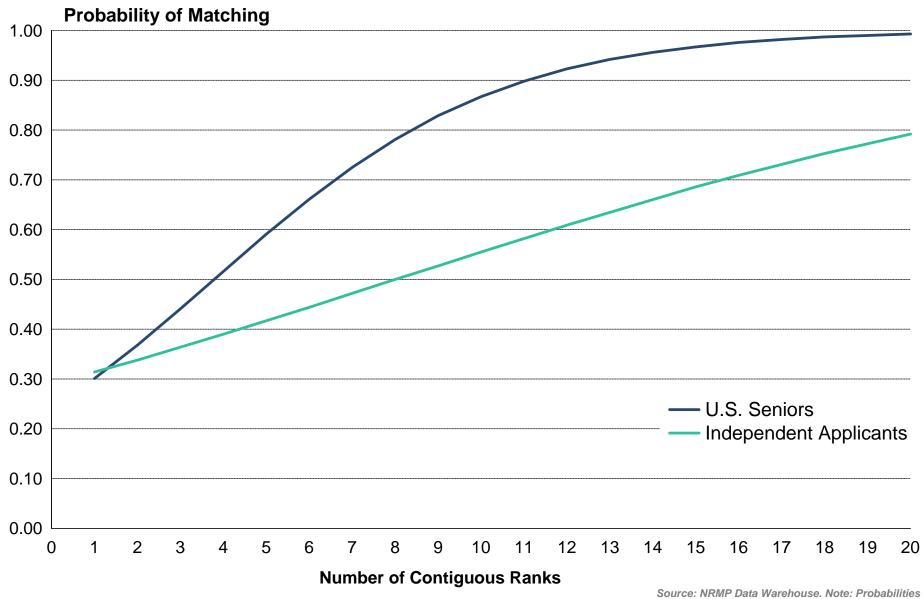
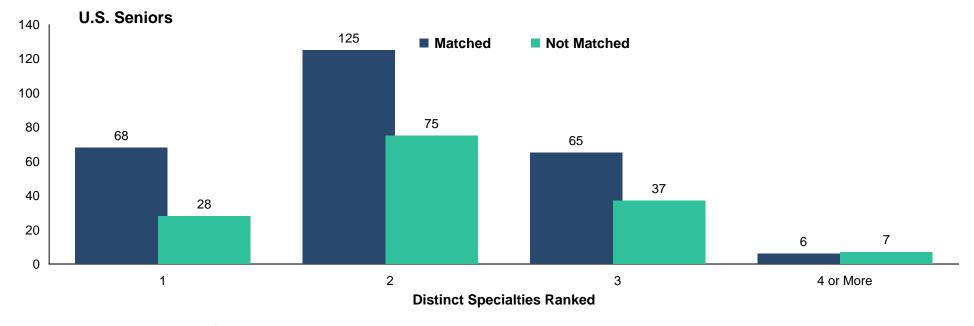
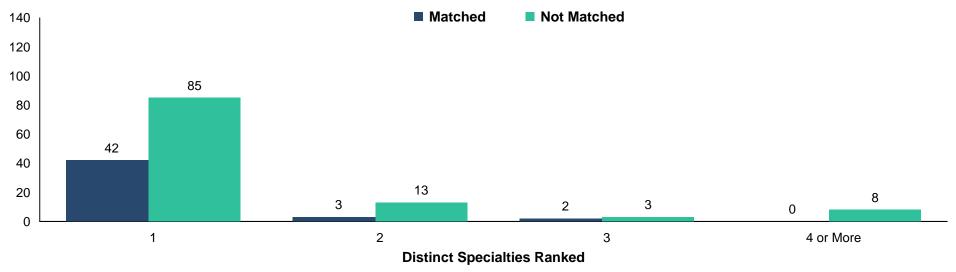


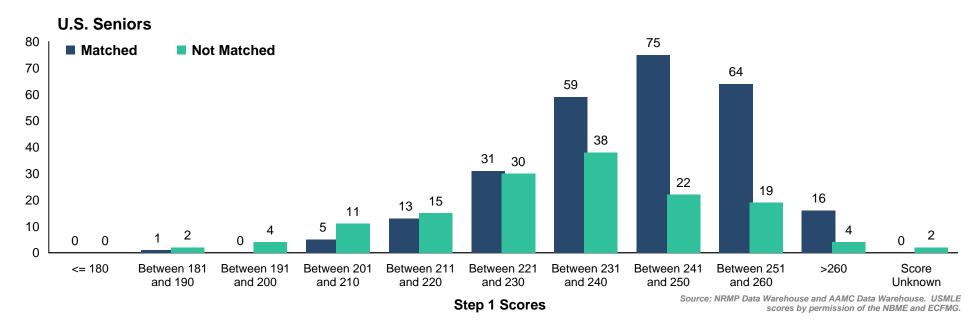
Chart DM-2

Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Dermatology





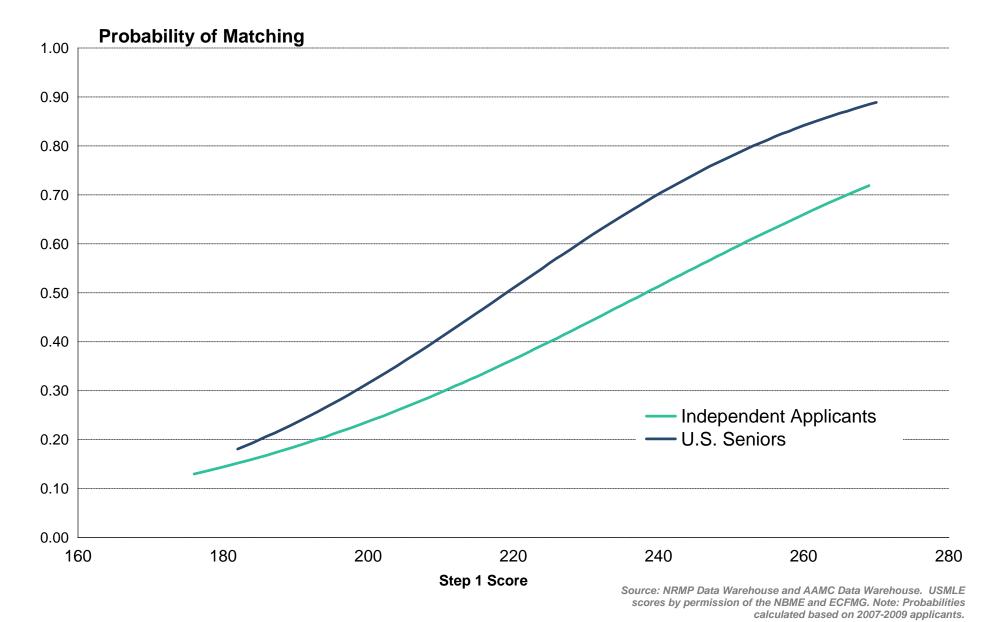


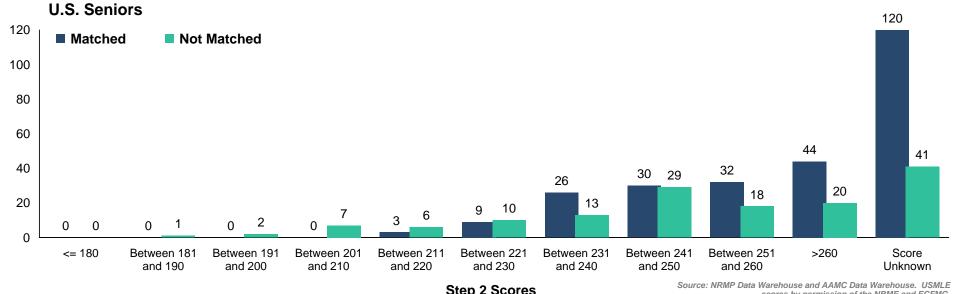


Independent Applicants 19 20 ■ Matched Not Matched 18 18 16 12 12 12 8 8 7 7 8 6 5 5 3 4 0 <= 180 Between 181 Between 191 Between 201 Between 211 Between 221 Between 231 Between 241 Between 251 >260 Score and 230 and 190 and 200 and 210 and 220 and 240 and 250 and 260 Unknown Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. **Step 1 Scores**



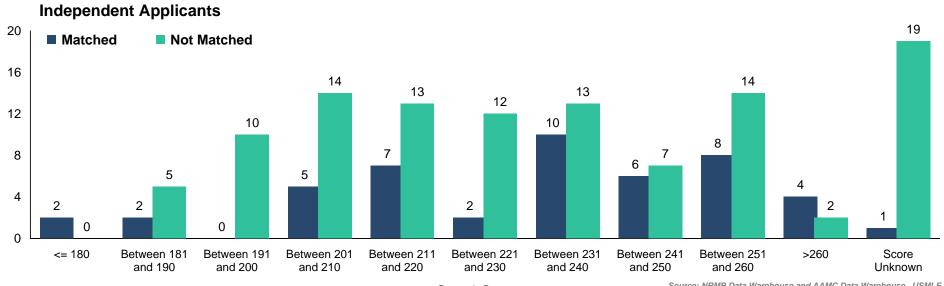
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Dermatology





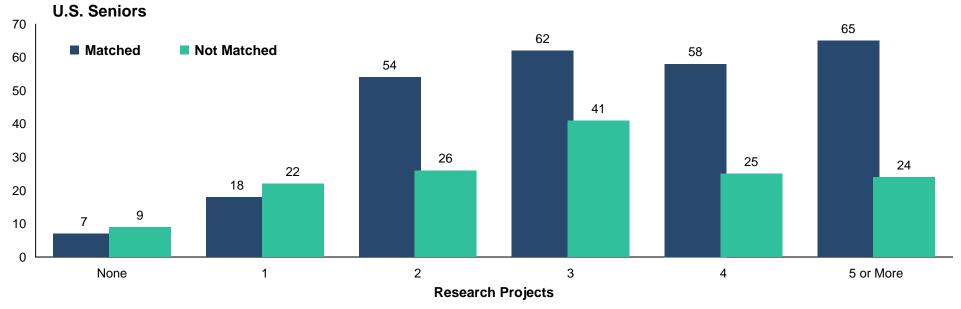
Step 2 Scores

scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart DM-5 Number of Research Projects Dermatology



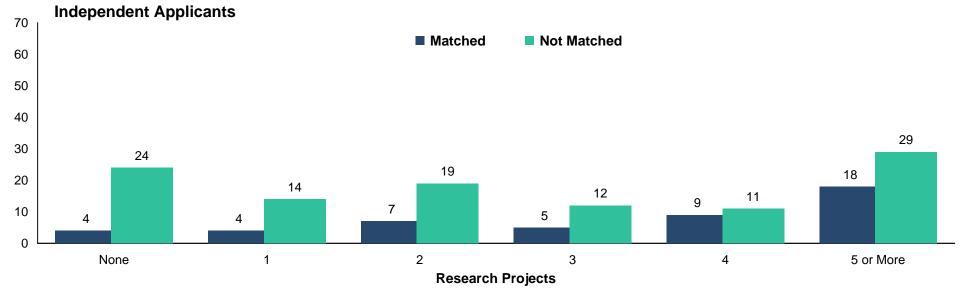
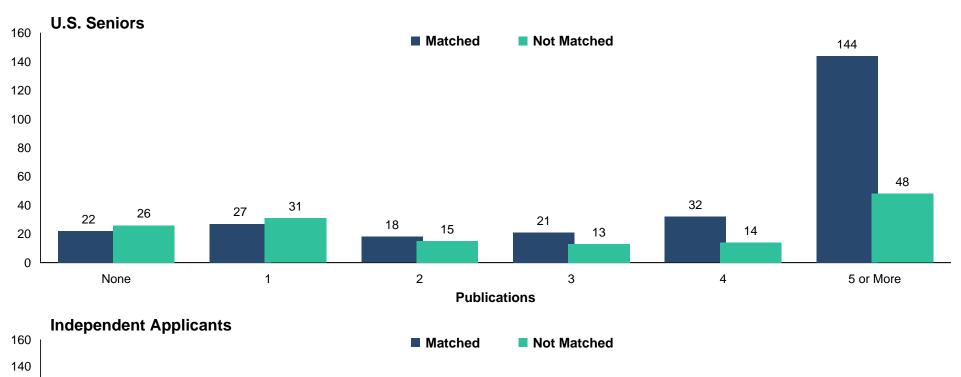


Chart DM-6

Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Dermatology



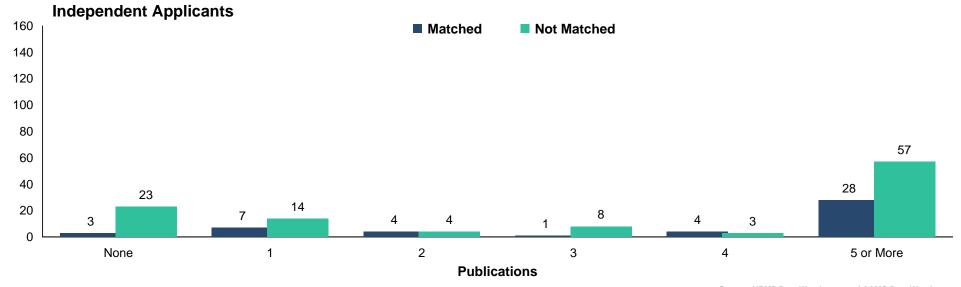


Chart DM-7 Number of Work Experiences Dermatology

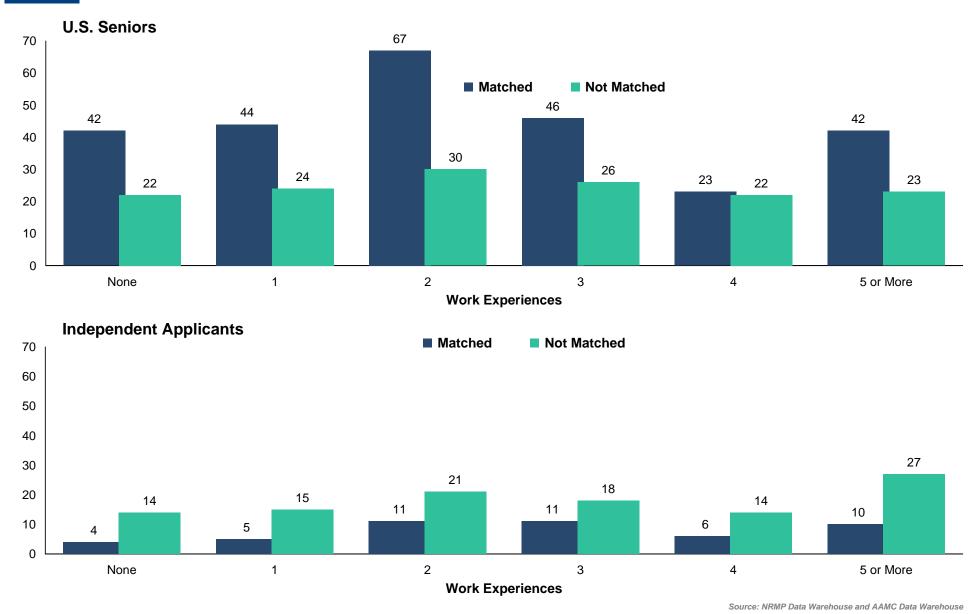
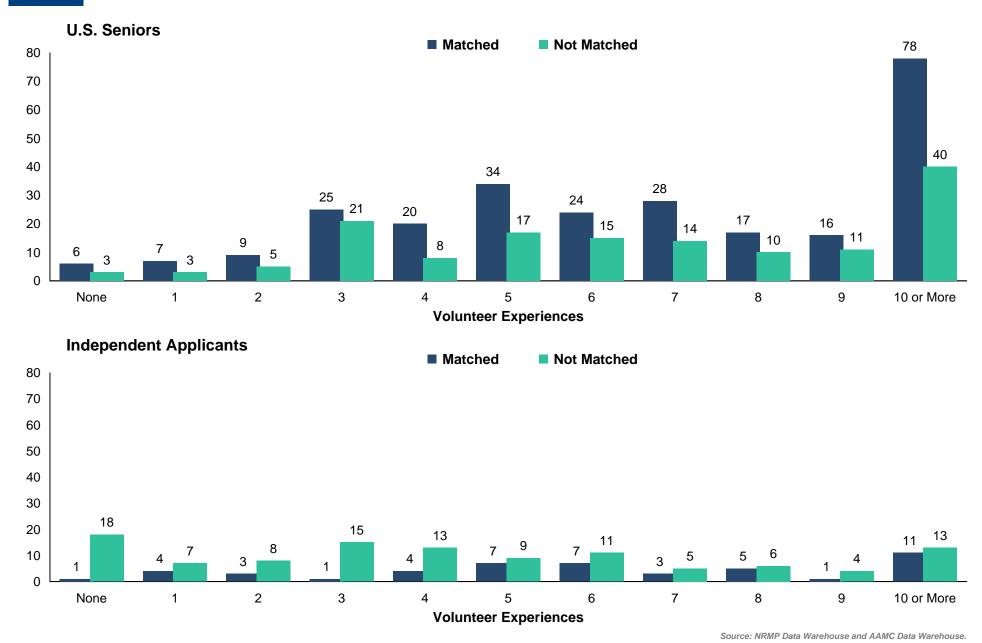
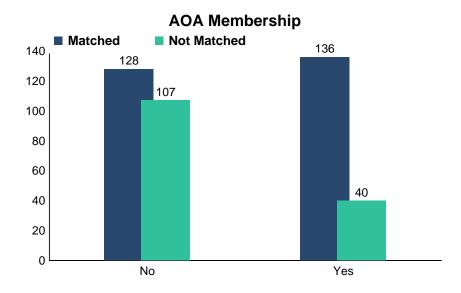


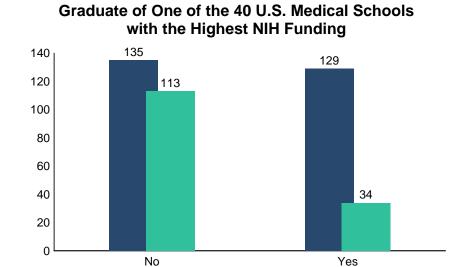
Chart DM-8

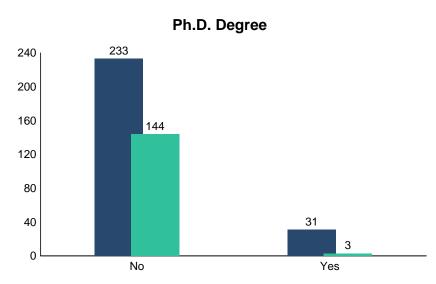
Number of Volunteer Experiences Dermatology

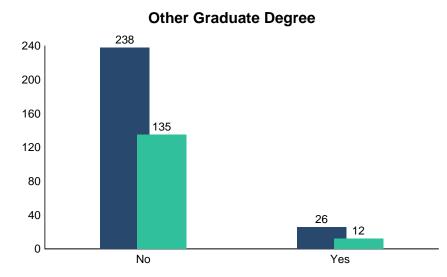


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Dermatology









Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

DR Diagnostic Radiology

	U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure	Matched (n=829)	Unmatched (n=257)	Matched (n=124)	Unmatched (n=267)
Mean number of contiguous ranks	11.9	8.6	6.6	3.2
2. Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.7
3. Mean USMLE Step 1 score	238	226	235	224
4. Mean USMLE Step 2 score	241	227	238	224
5. Mean number of research experiences	2.8	2.3	2.1	1.8
Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	3.7	2.9	4.4	4.3
7. Mean number of work experiences	2.6	2.7	2.7	3.1
8. Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.3	4.9	4.0	2.9
9. Percentage who are AOA members	24.2	7.0	n/a	n/a
 Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding 	35.7	24.1	n/a	n/a
11. Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	5.1	5.1	n/a	n/a
12. Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.7	13.6	n/a	n/a

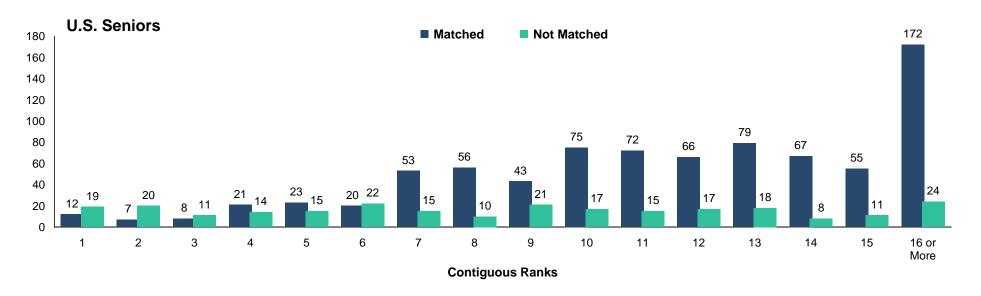
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Diagnostic Radiology







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Diagnostic Radiology

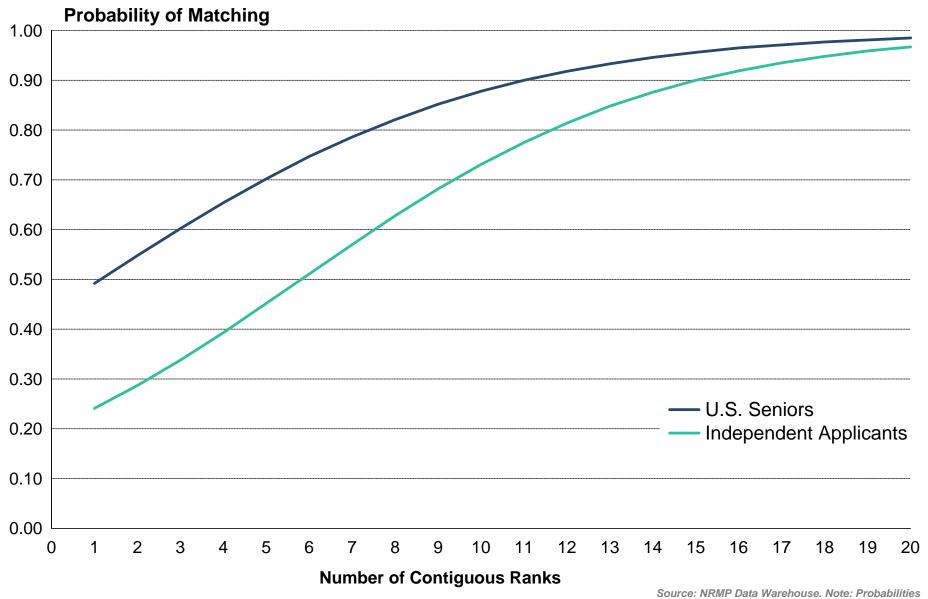
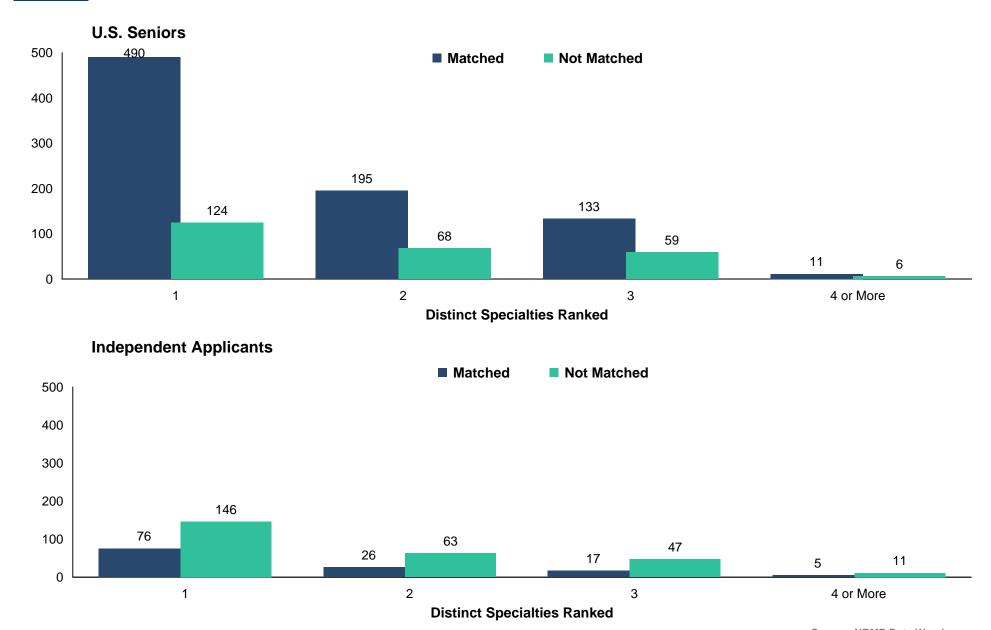
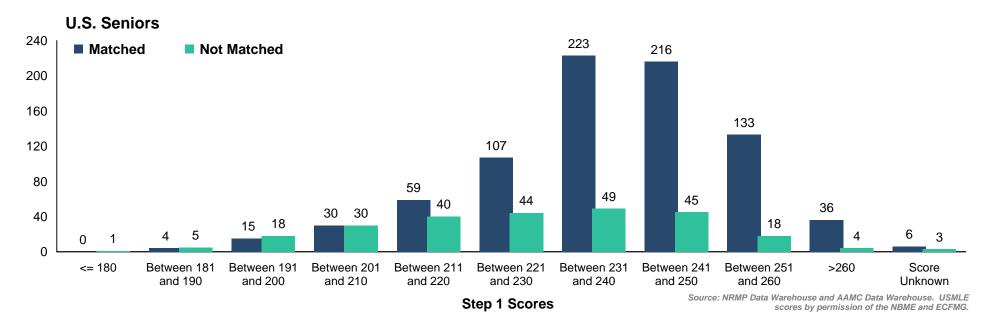
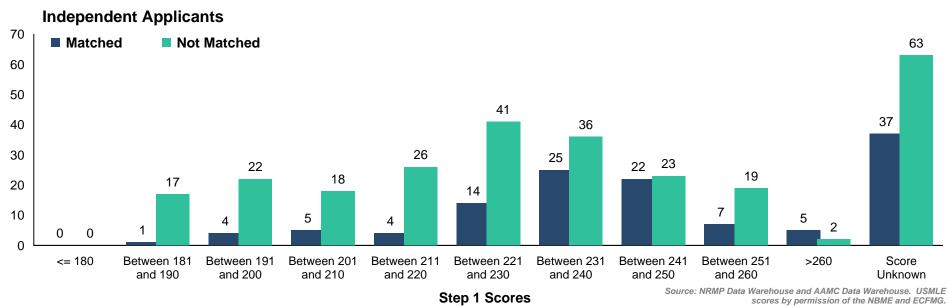


Chart DR-2

Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Diagnostic Radiology

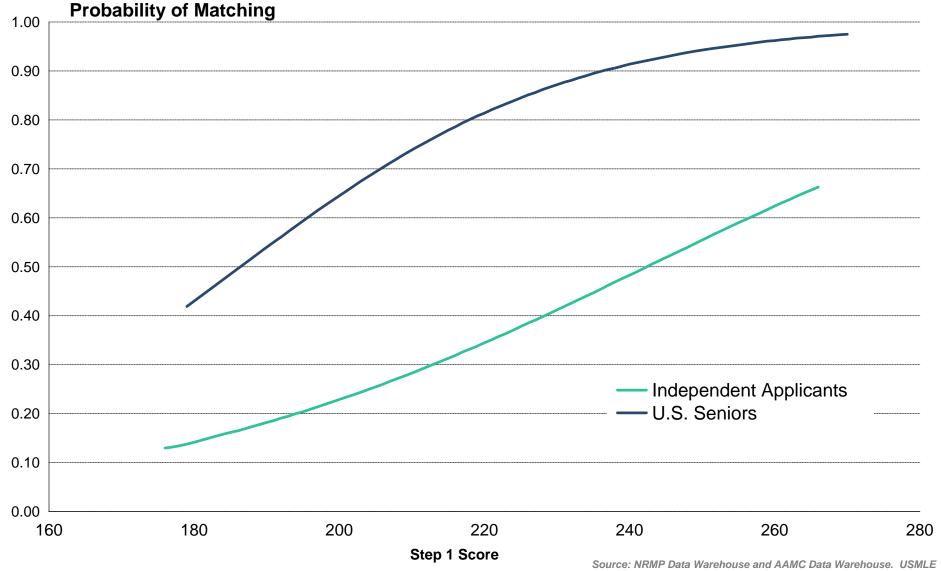




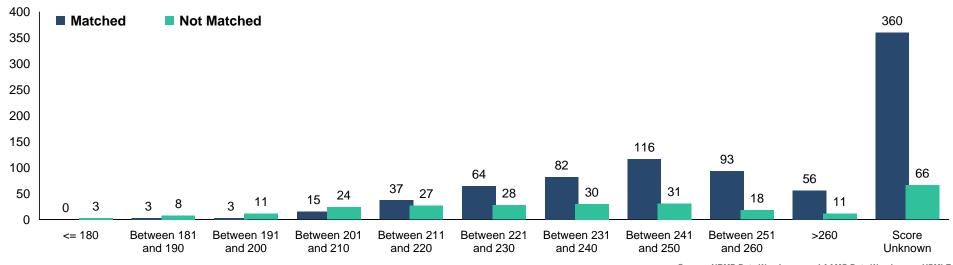




Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Diagnostic Radiology



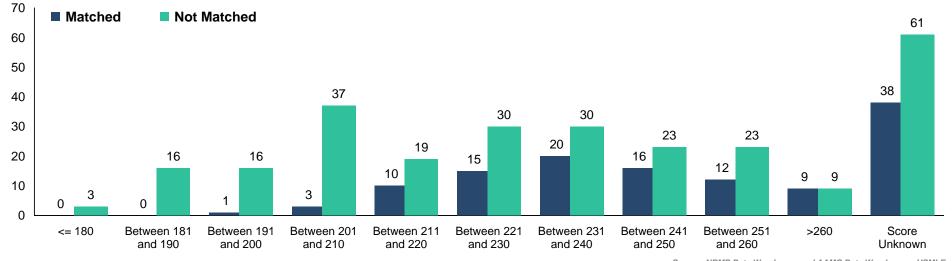




Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

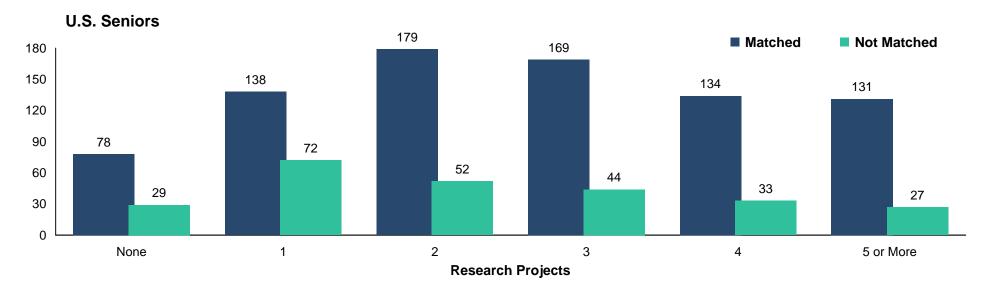
Independent Applicants



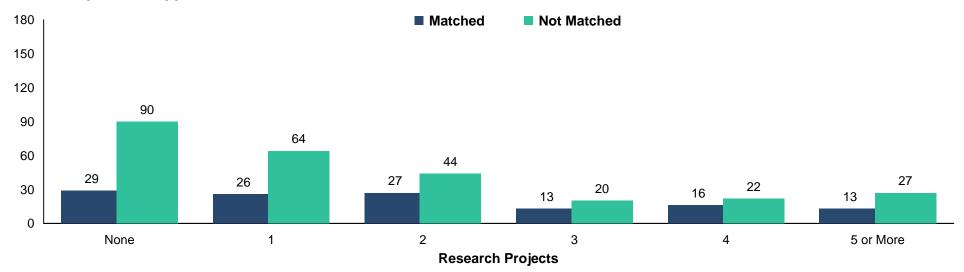
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart DR-5 Number of Research Projects Diagnostic Radiology

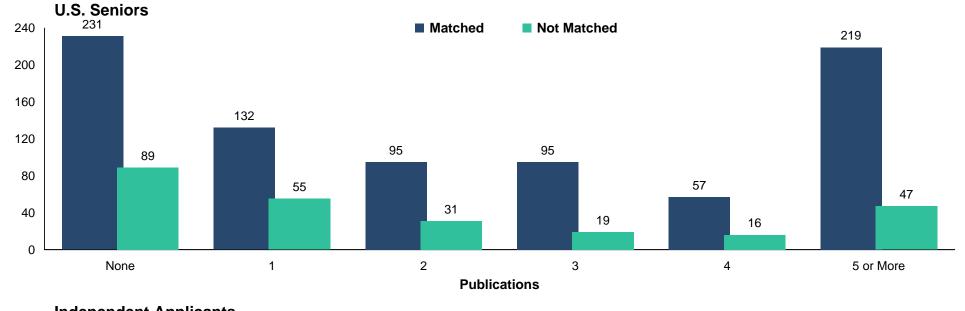


Independent Applicants





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Diagnostic Radiology



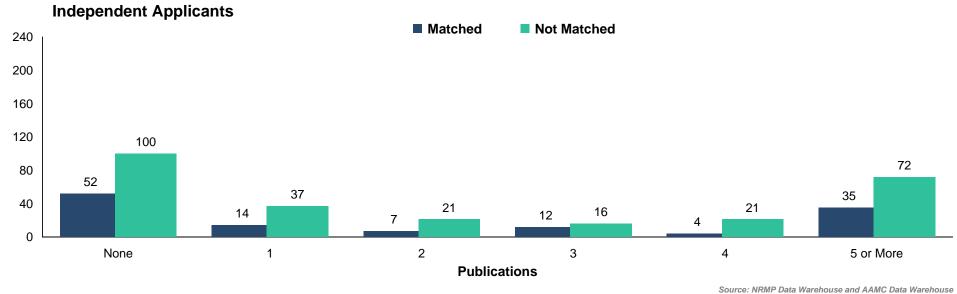
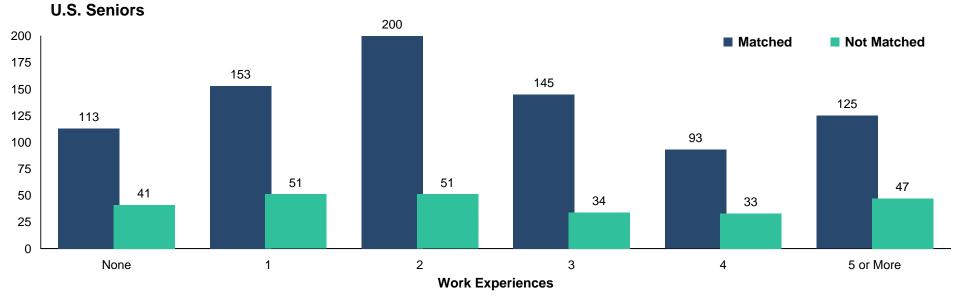


Chart DR-7 Number of Work Experiences Diagnostic Radiology



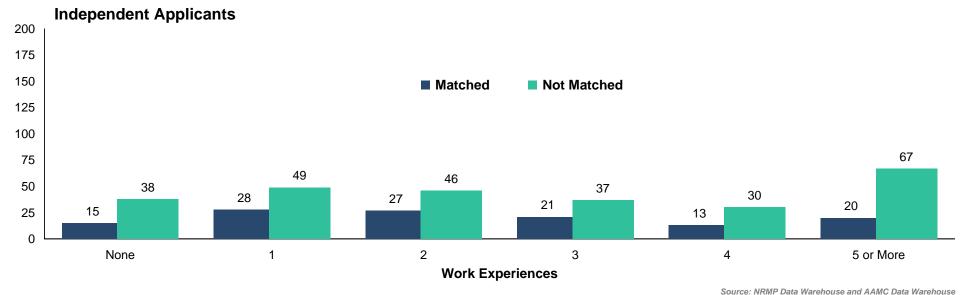
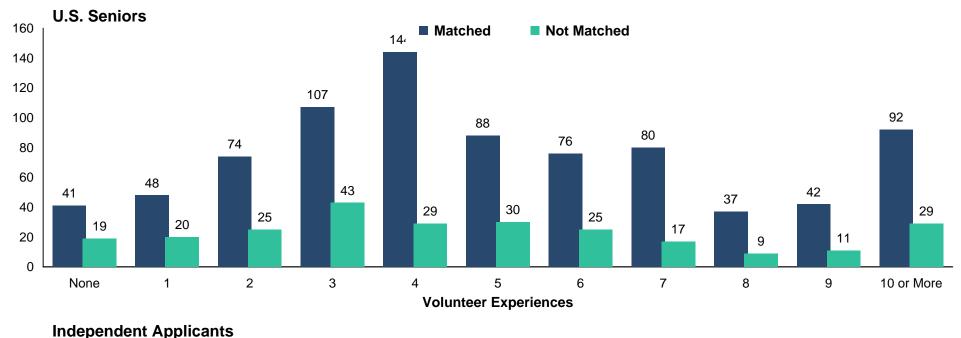
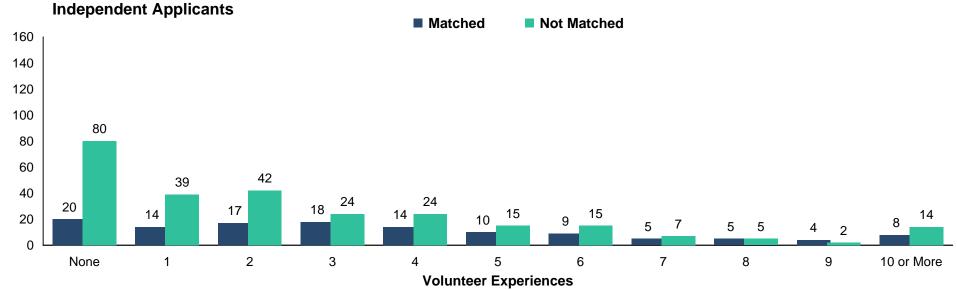


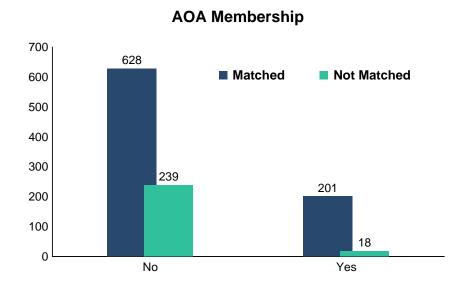
Chart DR-8

Number of Volunteer Experiences Diagnostic Radiology

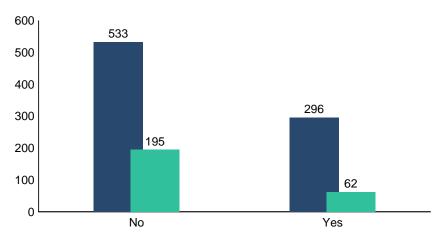


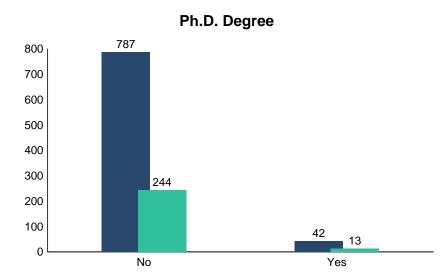


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Diagnostic Radiology

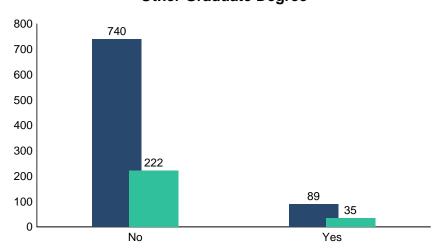


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

EM Emergency Medicine

Measure	U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
	Matched (n=1,128)	Unmatched (n=117)	Matched (n=308)	Unmatched (n=264)
Mean number of contiguous ranks	9.9	6.1	6.3	3.1
2. Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.4
3. Mean USMLE Step 1 score	222	207	219	206
4. Mean USMLE Step 2 score	230	209	226	208
5. Mean number of research experiences	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.1
Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.8
7. Mean number of work experiences	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.3
8. Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.1	5.1	5.0	3.5
9. Percentage who are AOA members	11.0	4.3	n/a	n/a
 Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding 	32.6	23.1	n/a	n/a
11. Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	1.6	1.7	n/a	n/a
12. Percentage who have another graduate degree	12.2	15.4	n/a	n/a

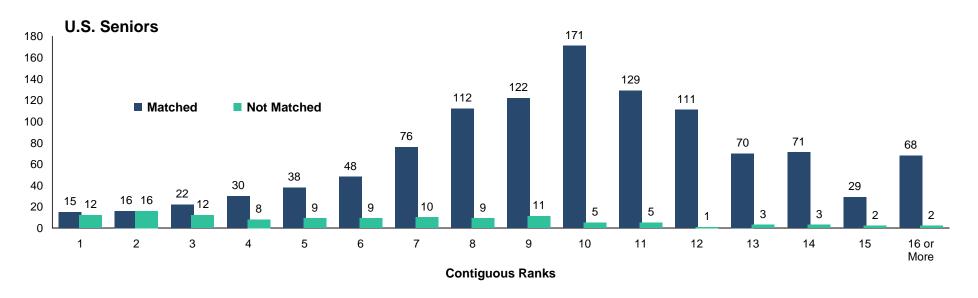
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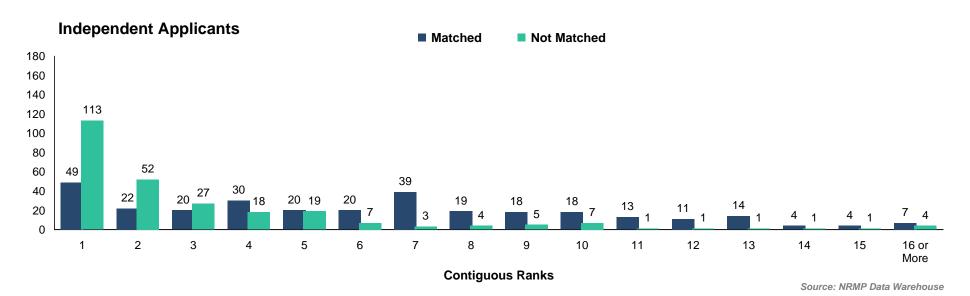
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



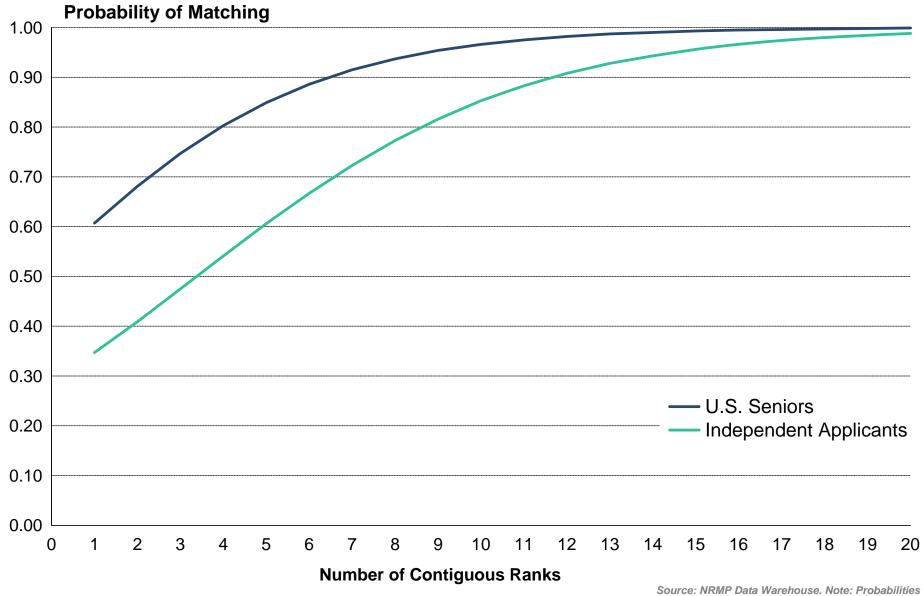
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Emergency Medicine





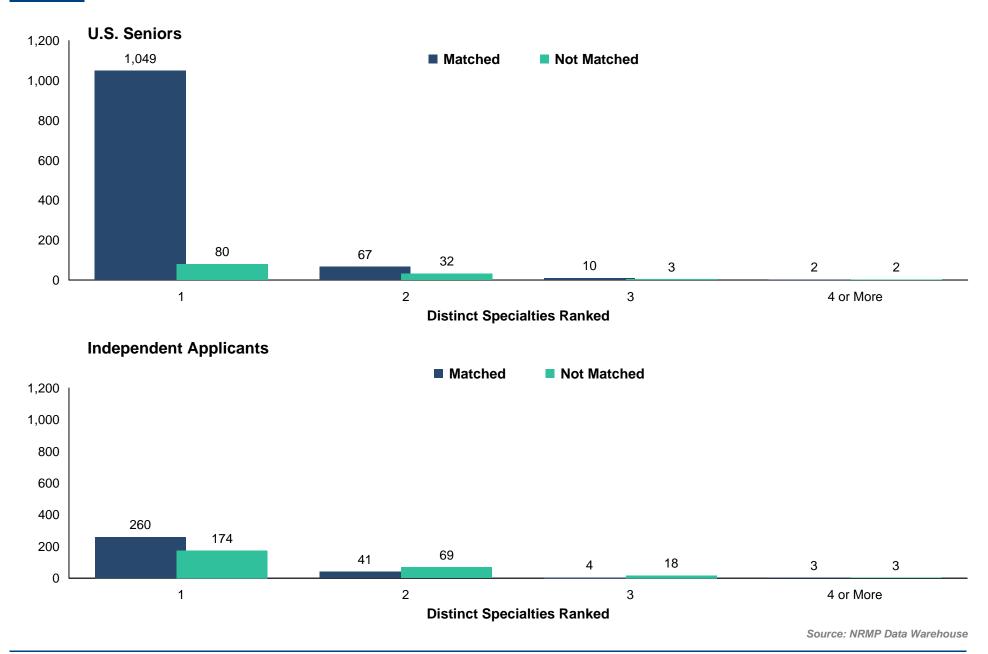


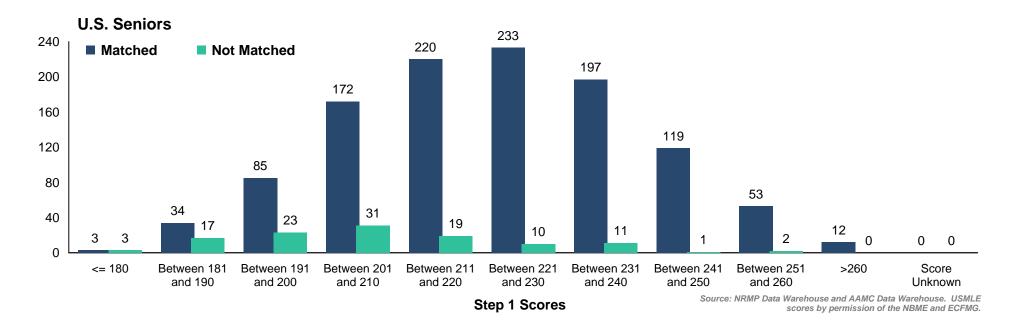
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Emergency Medicine





Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Emergency Medicine





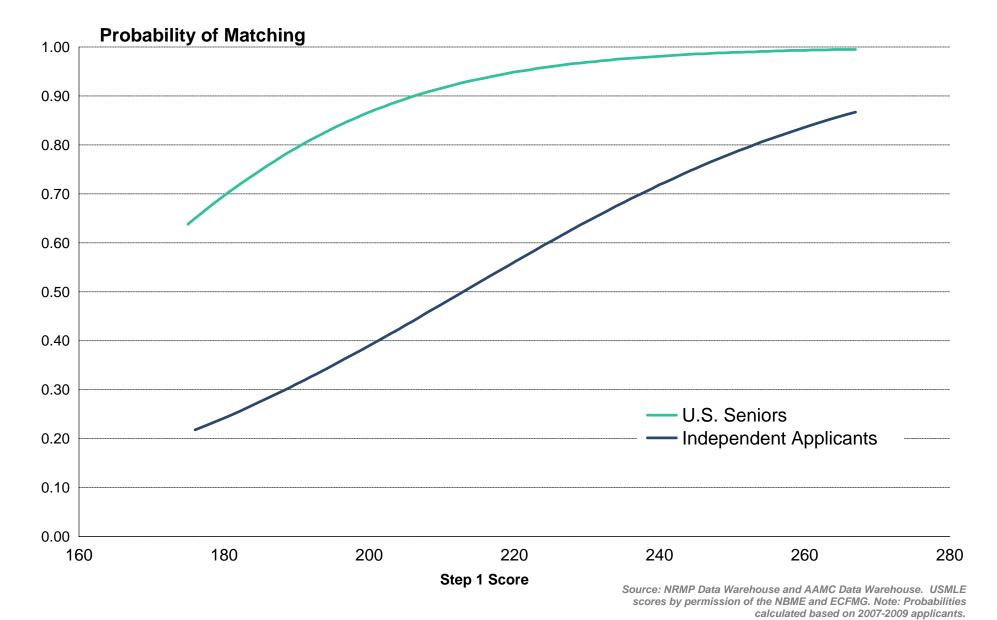
Independent Applicants 180 167 Matched Not Matched 160 140 120 100 80 80 60 47 43 31 40 26 25 23 21 21 21 15 14 20 10 6 0 0 Between 221 Between 231 <= 180 Between 181 Between 191 Between 201 Between 211 Between 241 Between 251 >260 Score and 230 and 190 and 200 and 210 and 220 and 240 and 250 and 260 Unknown Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE

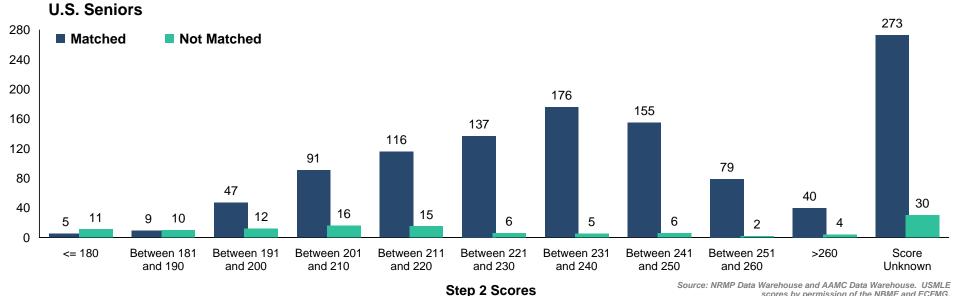
scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Step 1 Scores

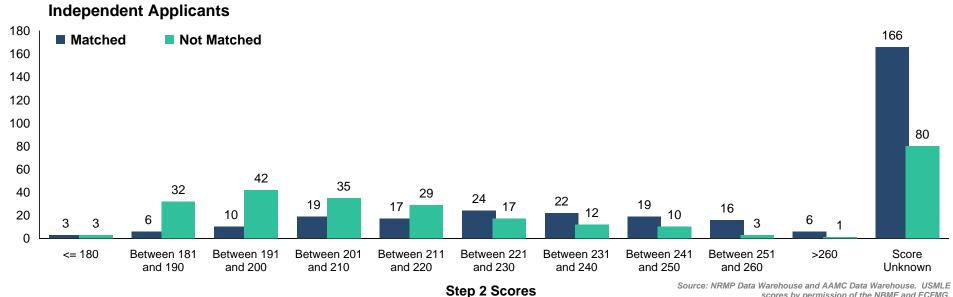


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Emergency Medicine*



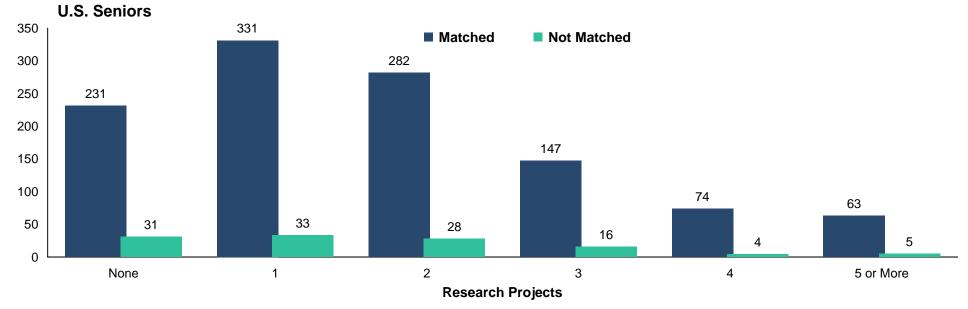


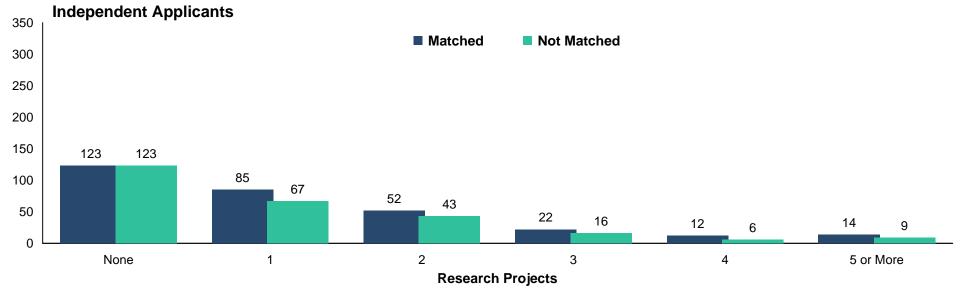
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

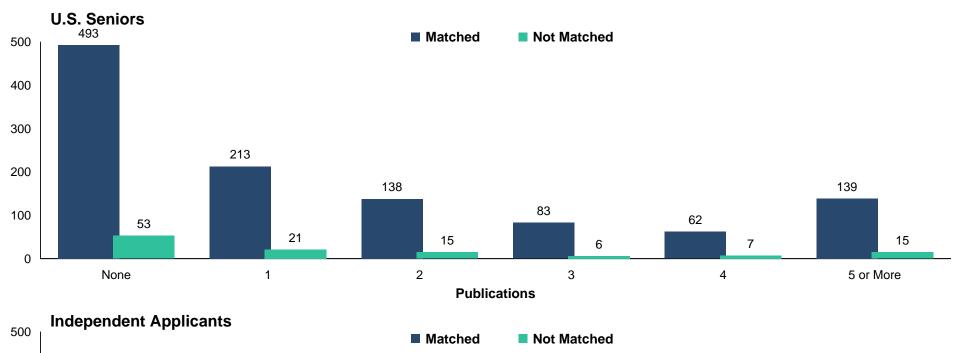
Chart EM-5 Number of Research Projects Emergency Medicine







Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Emergency Medicine



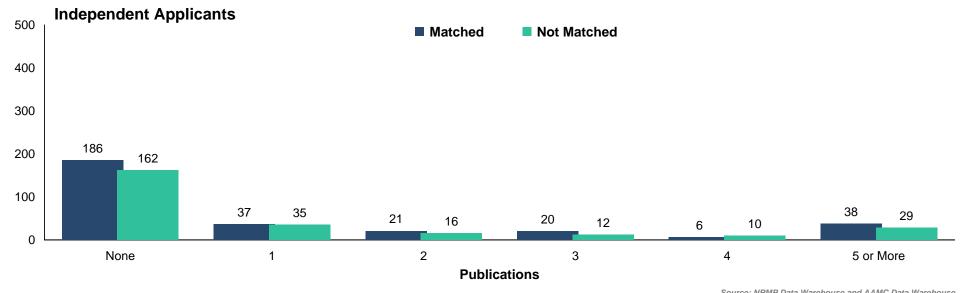


Chart Emergency Medicine Number of Work Experiences Emergency Medicine

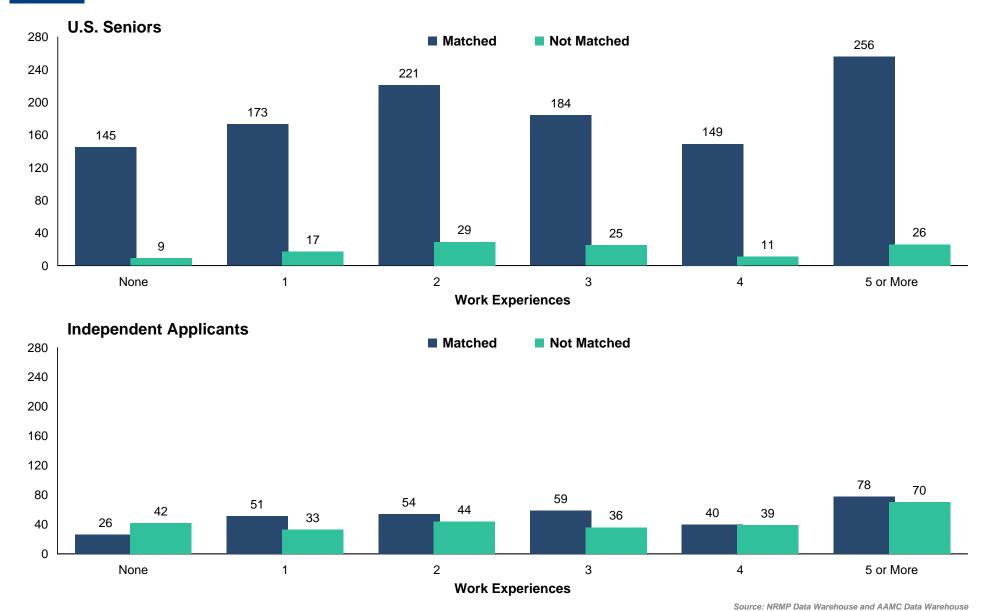
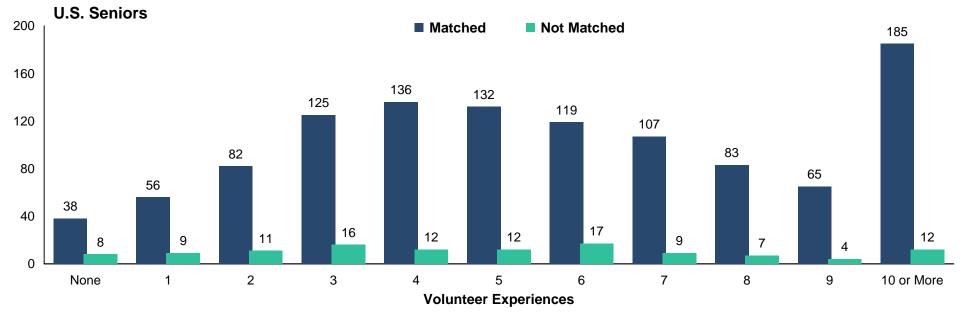
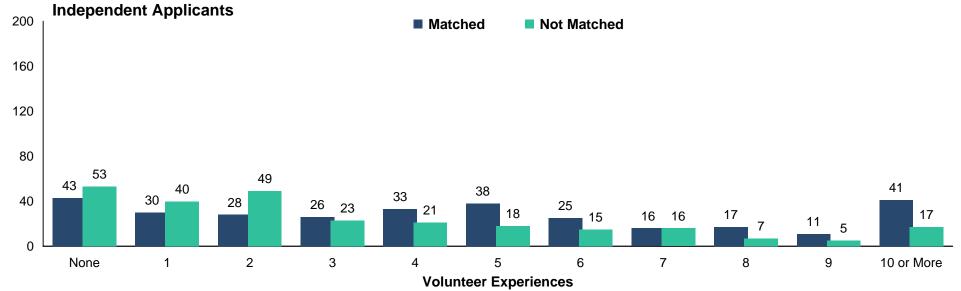
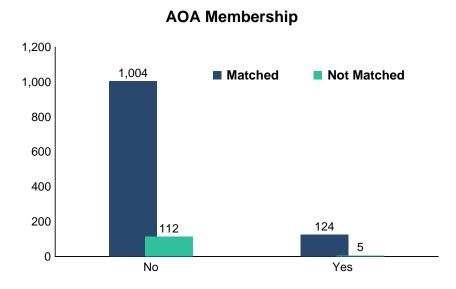


Chart EM-8

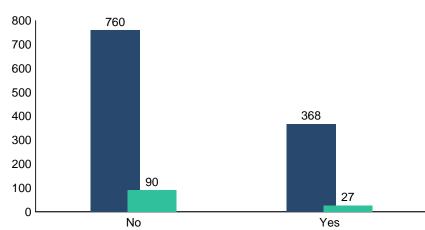
Number of Volunteer Experiences Emergency Medicine

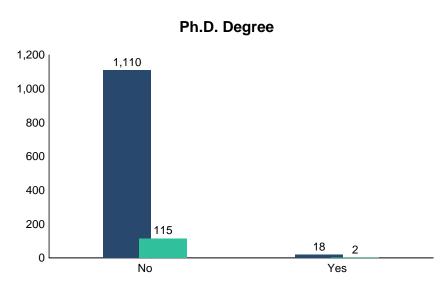


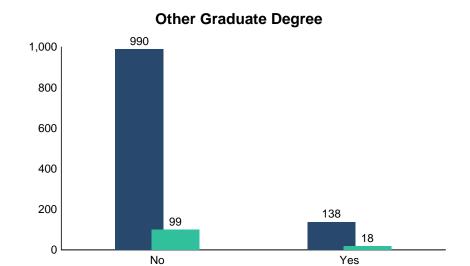




Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding







Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

FM Family Medicine

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=1,040)	Unmatched (n=23)	Matched (n=973)	Unmatched (n=1,266)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	6.8	5.2	4.6	2.5
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	214	196	201	197
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	223	180	205	199
5.	Mean number of research experiences	1.3	1.8	1.0	0.9
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	1.4	1.9	1.4	1.5
7.	Mean number of work experiences	3.0	3.1	3.7	4.1
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.8	6.7	3.5	2.3
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	5.5	0.0	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	28.9	17.4	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	1.0	0.0	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	12.1	21.7	n/a	n/a

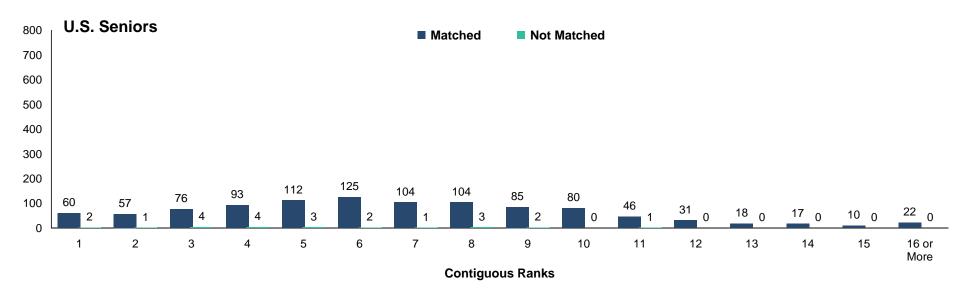
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

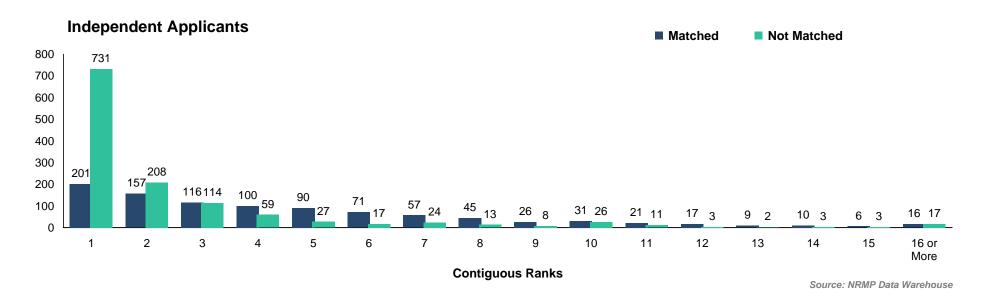
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



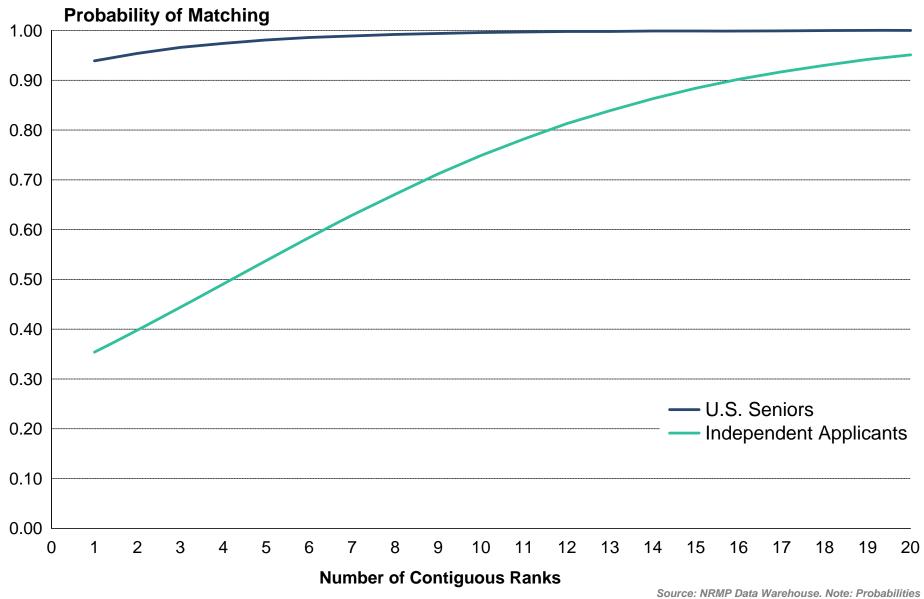
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Family Medicine







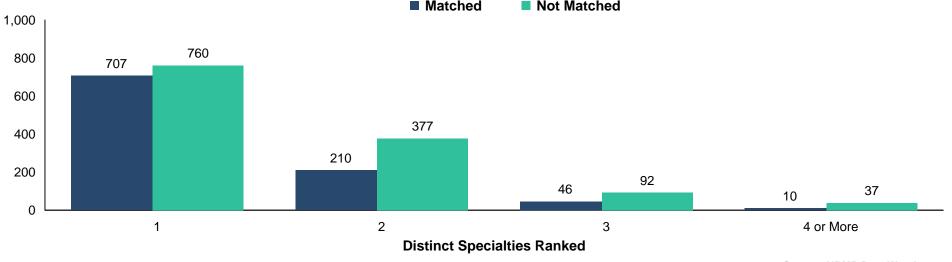
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Family Medicine*

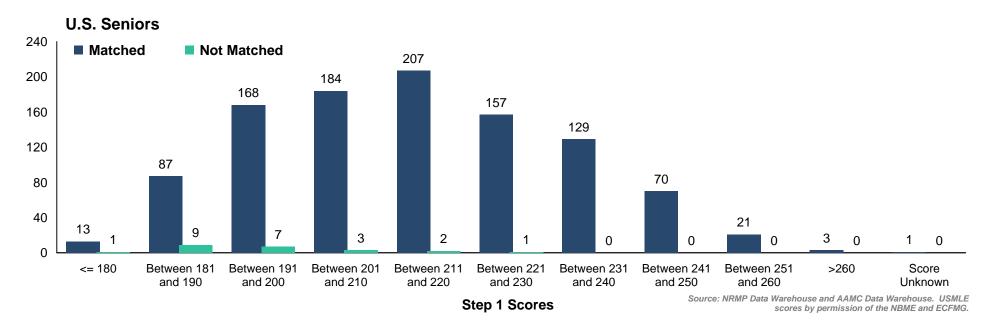




Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Family Medicine



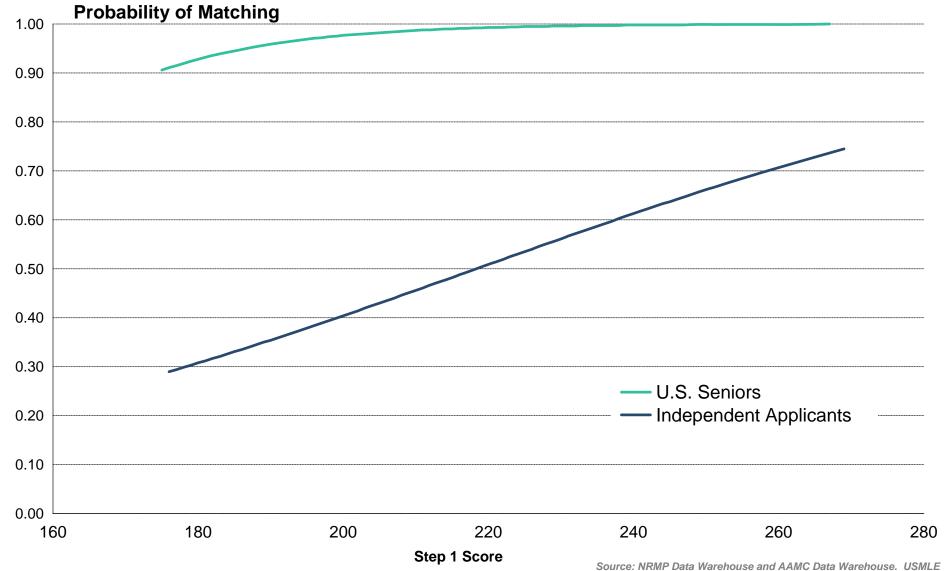


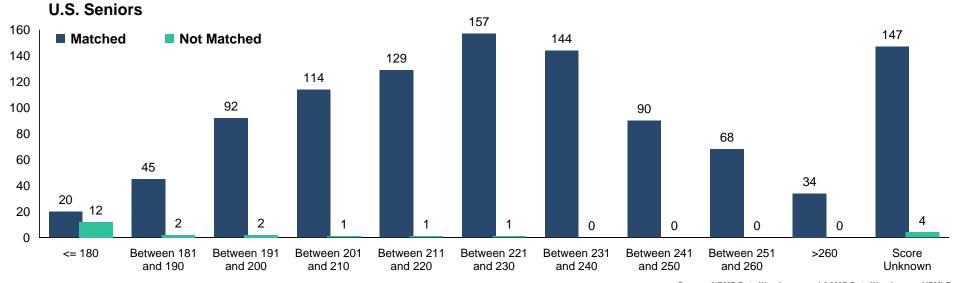


Independent Applicants 450 Matched Not Matched 400 350 300 237 250 219 216 201 200 152 150 101 84 100 47 49 44 50 24 19 18 0 0 0 Between 221 <= 180 Between 181 Between 191 Between 201 Between 211 Between 231 Between 241 Between 251 Score >260 and 230 and 190 and 200 and 210 and 220 and 240 and 250 and 260 Unknown Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE **Step 1 Scores** scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



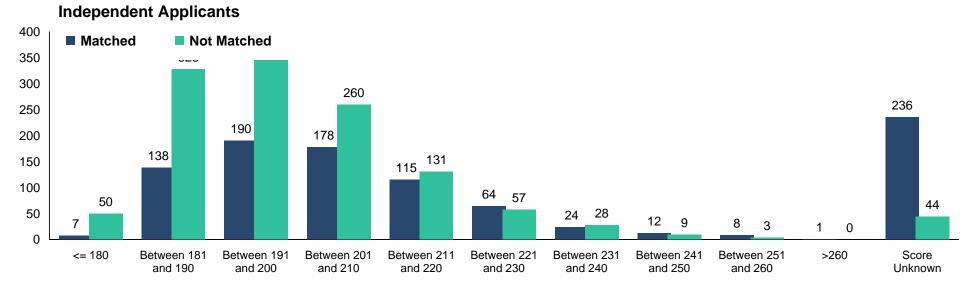
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Family Medicine





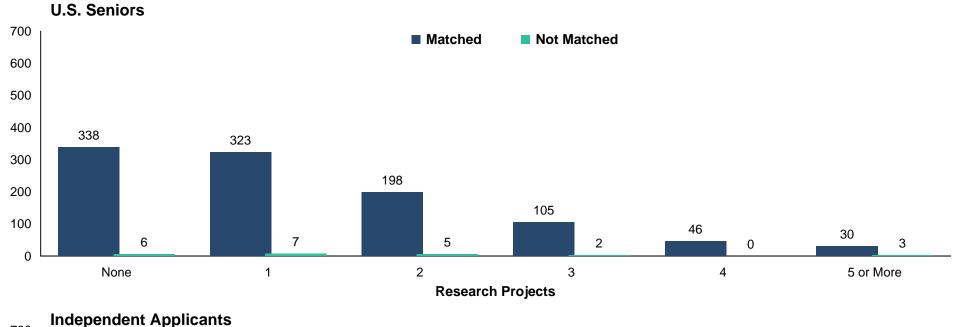
Step 2 Scores

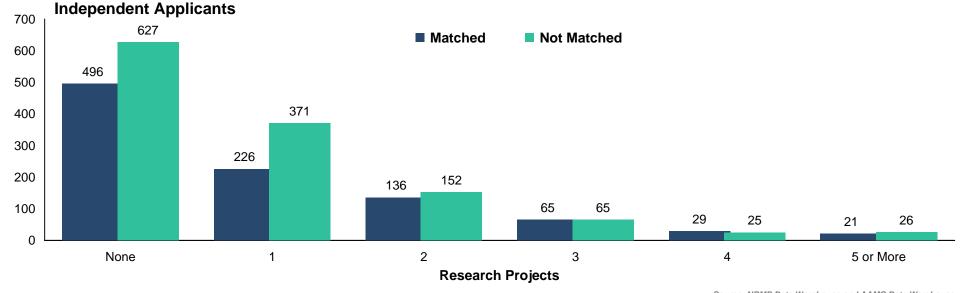
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

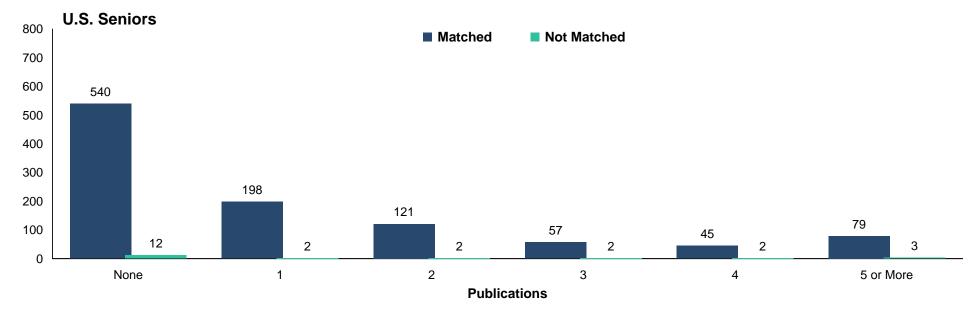
Number of Research Projects Chart Family Medicine FM-5







Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Family Medicine*



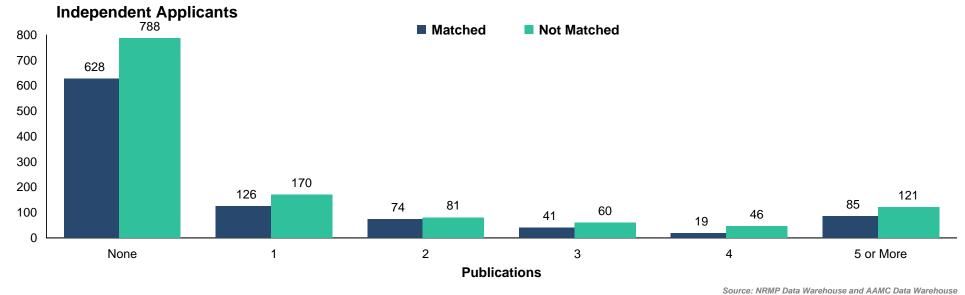


Chart Family Medicine Number of Work Experiences

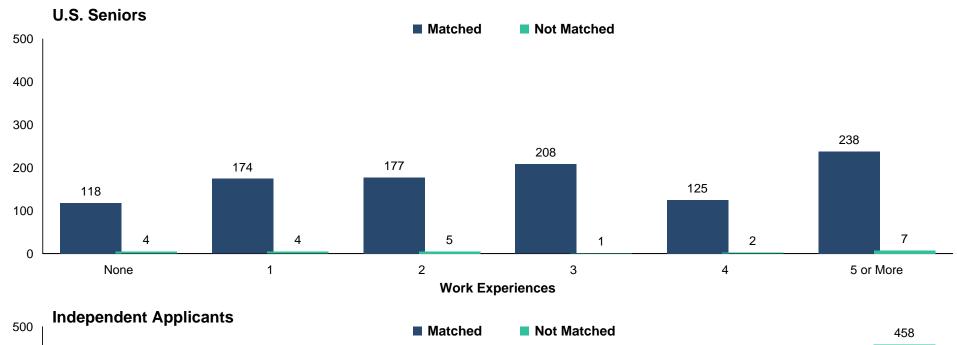
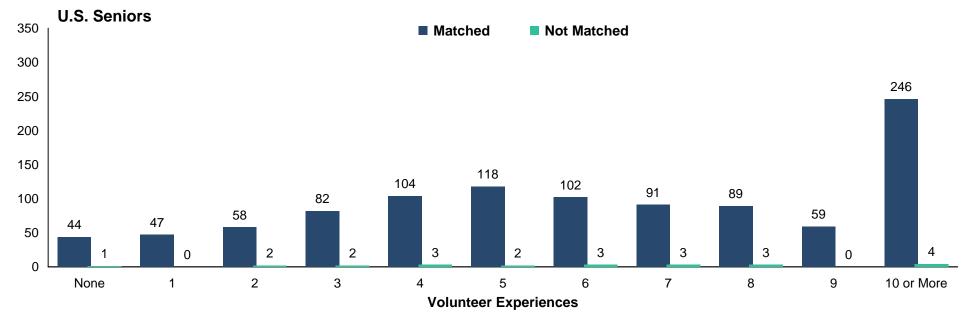
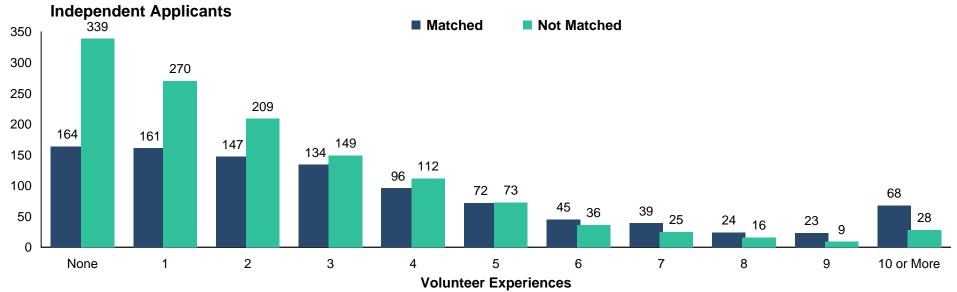


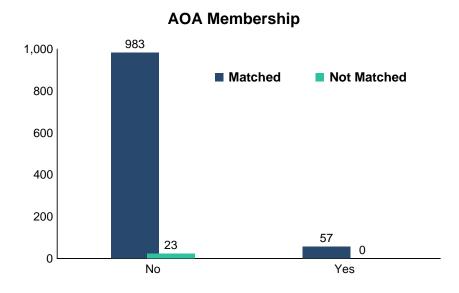


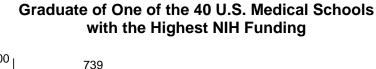
Chart FM-8

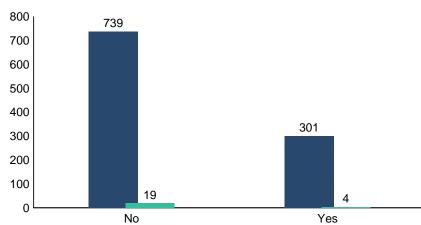
Number of Volunteer Experiences Family Medicine

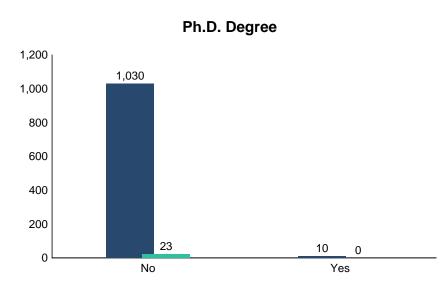


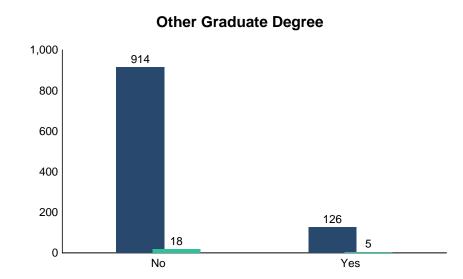












Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

GS General Surgery

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=1,032)	Unmatched (n=153)	Matched (n=316)	Unmatched (n=650)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.2	5.2	4.5	2.3
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	226	208	222	214
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	232	208	224	215
5.	Mean number of research experiences	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.5
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	3.0	2.1	3.7	4.0
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.6	2.4	3.0	3.2
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.1	5.0	3.2	2.5
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	15.0	2.0	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	34.4	18.3	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.7	2.0	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	8.9	9.2	n/a	n/a

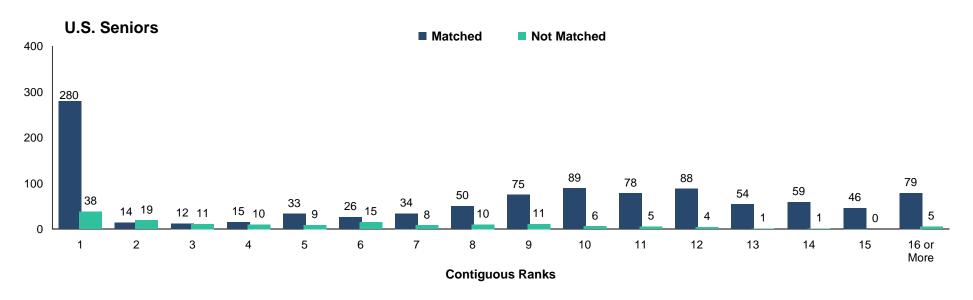
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

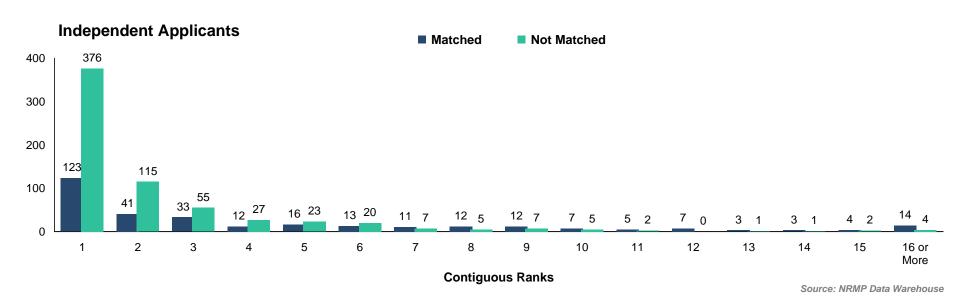
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



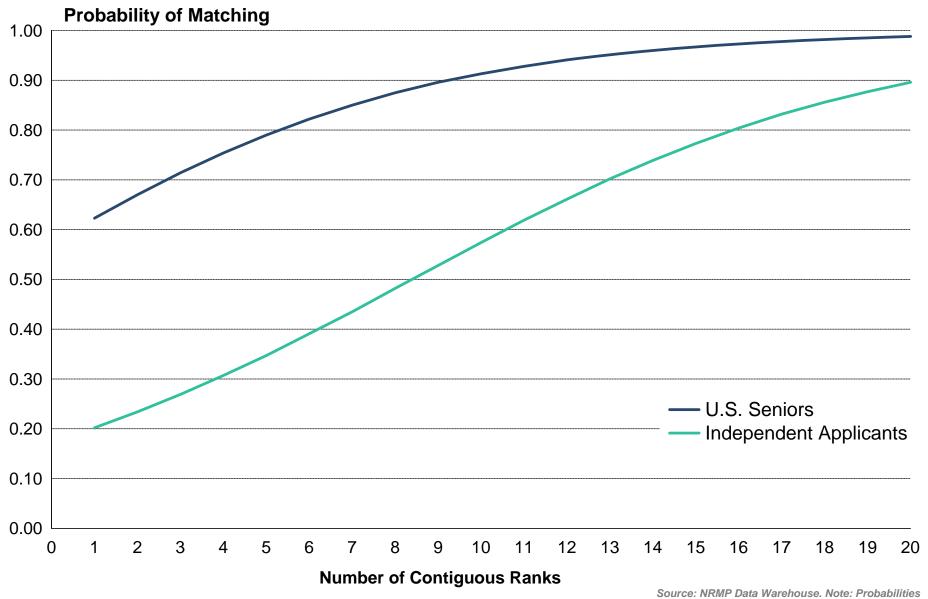
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty General Surgery





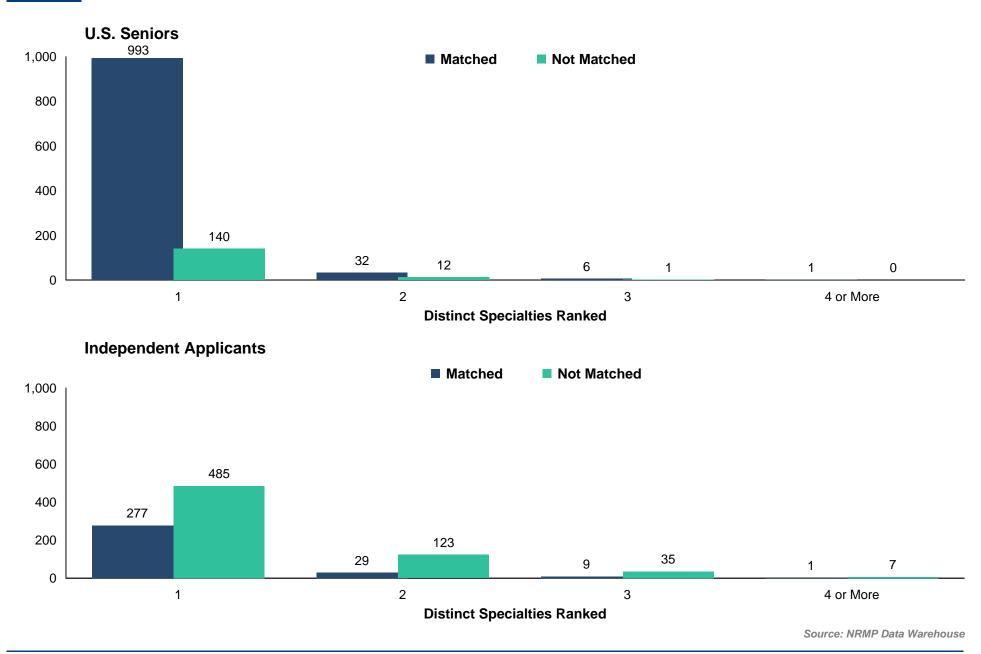


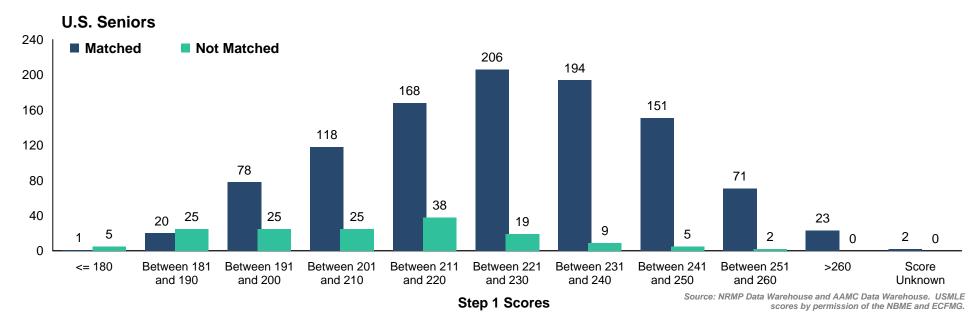
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks General Surgery

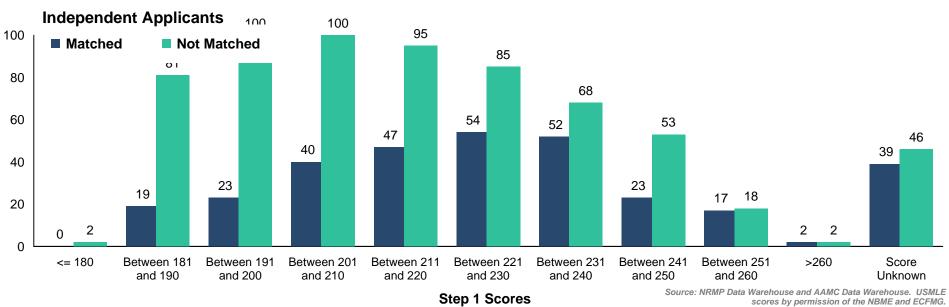




Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked General Surgery







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score General Surgery

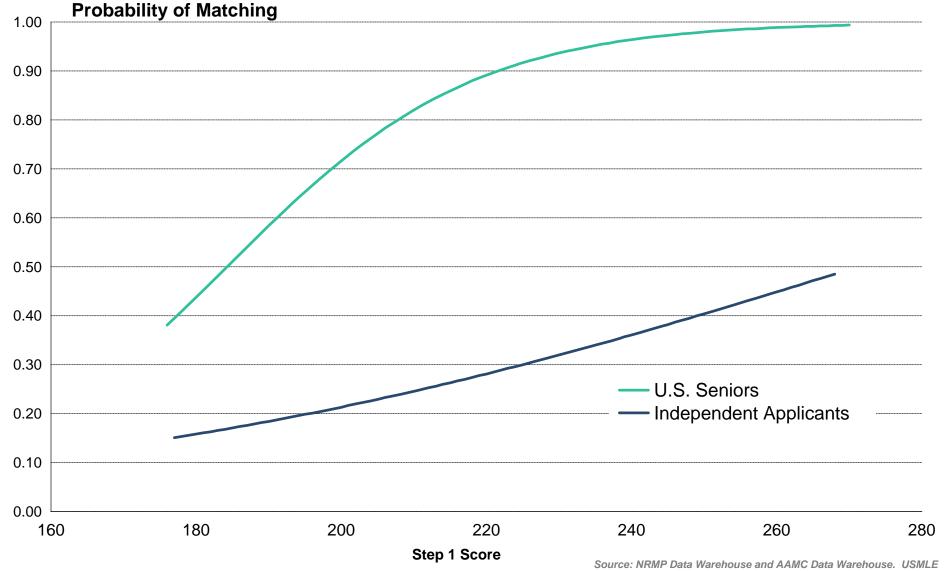
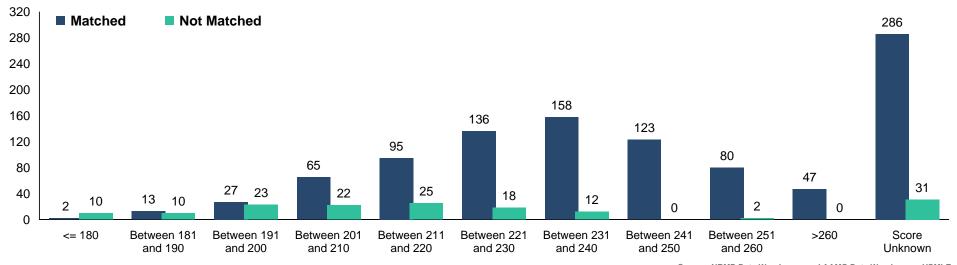


Chart USMLE Step 2 Scores General Surgery

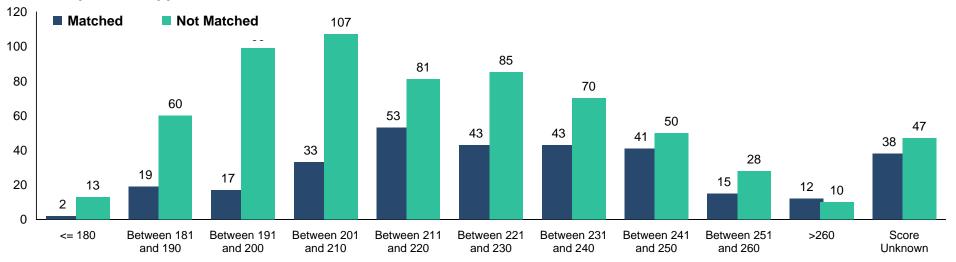




Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

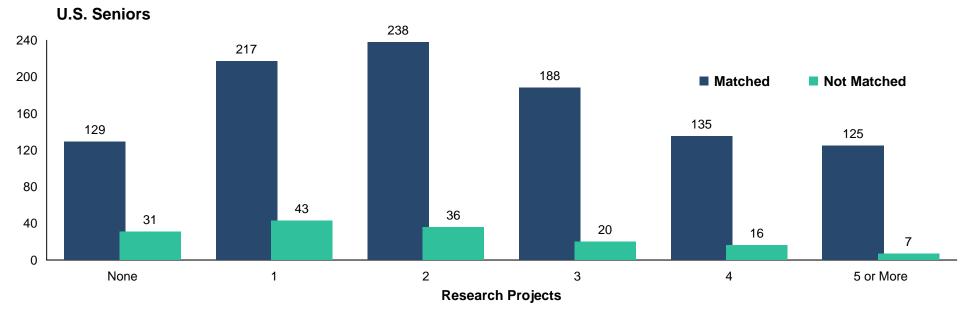
Independent Applicants

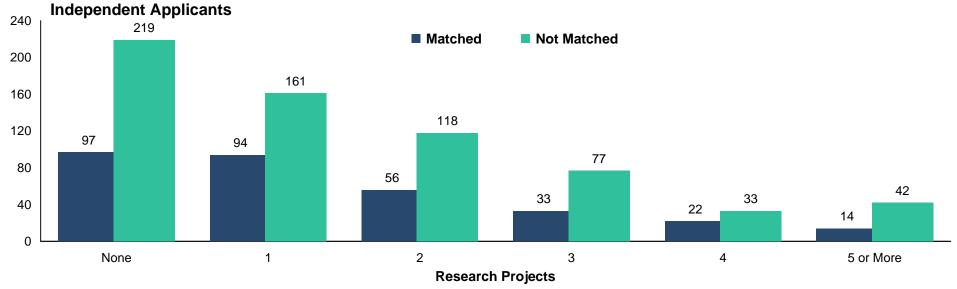


Step 2 Scores

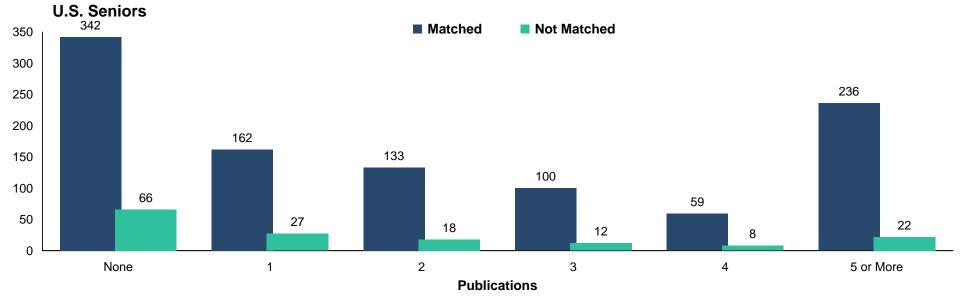
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart GS-5 Number of Research Projects General Surgery





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications General Surgery



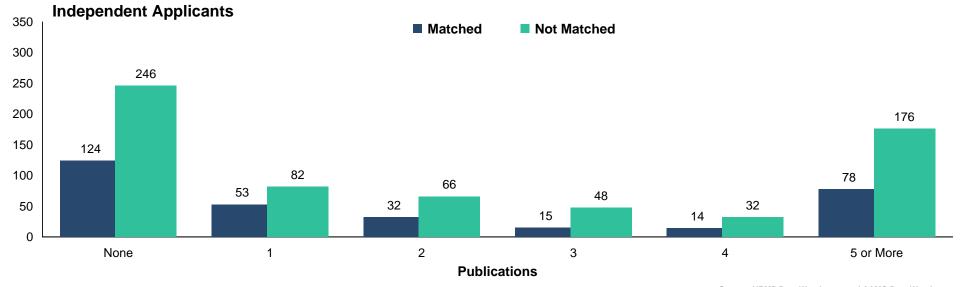
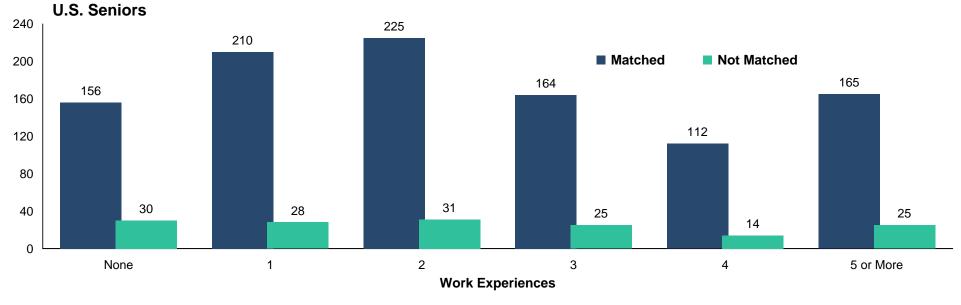


Chart GS-7 Number of Work Experiences General Surgery



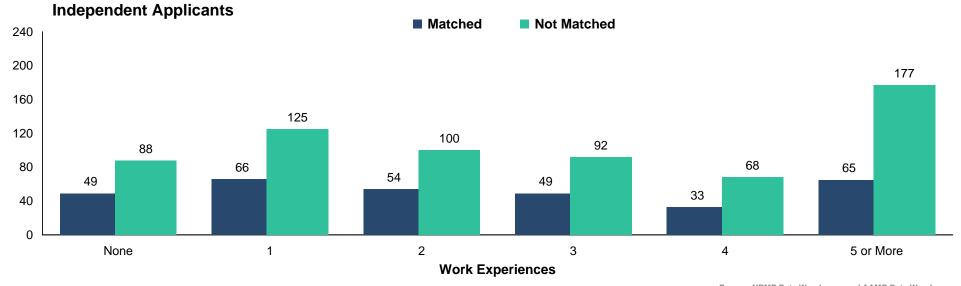
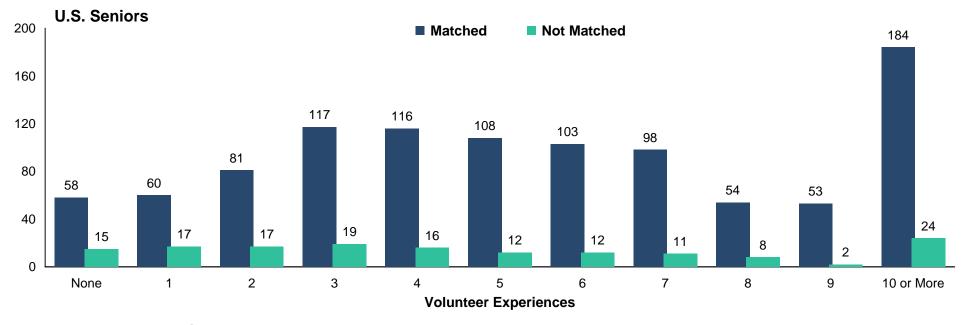
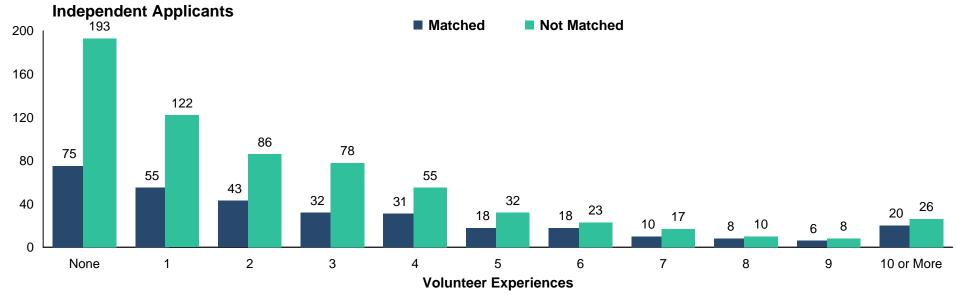


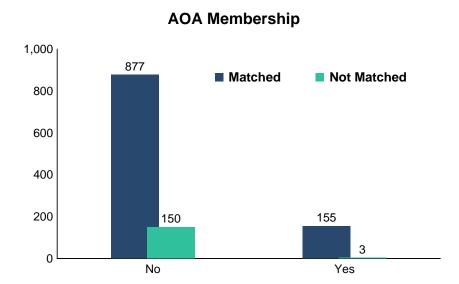
Chart GS-8

Number of Volunteer Experiences General Surgery

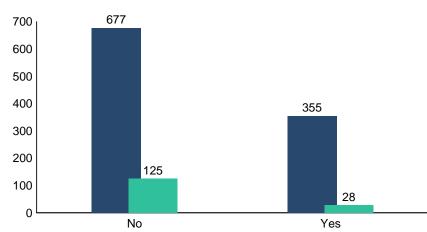




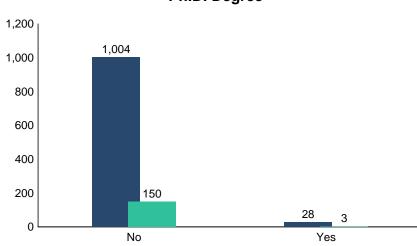
Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors General Surgery



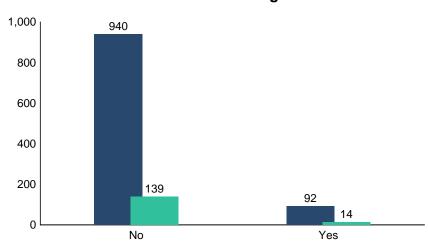
Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding



Ph.D. Degree



Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

IM Internal Medicine

Table Summary Statistics IM-1 Internal Medicine

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=2,838)	Unmatched (n=171)	Matched (n=2,093)	Unmatched (n=2,949)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.2	6.5	6.1	2.7
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	225	215	222	209
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	232	216	226	211
5.	Mean number of research experiences	2.2	2.1	1.2	1.0
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.8	2.9	2.3	2.3
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.4	2.4	3.2	3.6
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.9	5.1	2.8	2.0
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	15.3	9.4	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	37.6	35.7	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	4.9	4.7	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.7	14.0	n/a	n/a

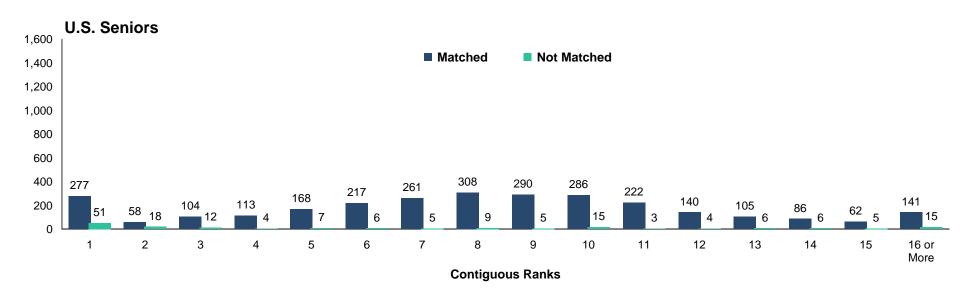
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

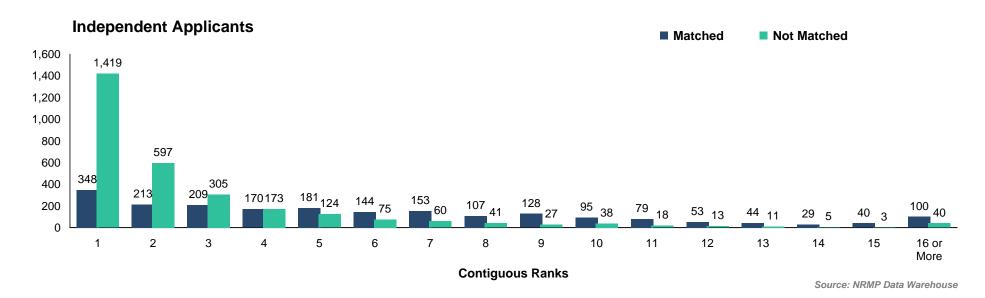
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



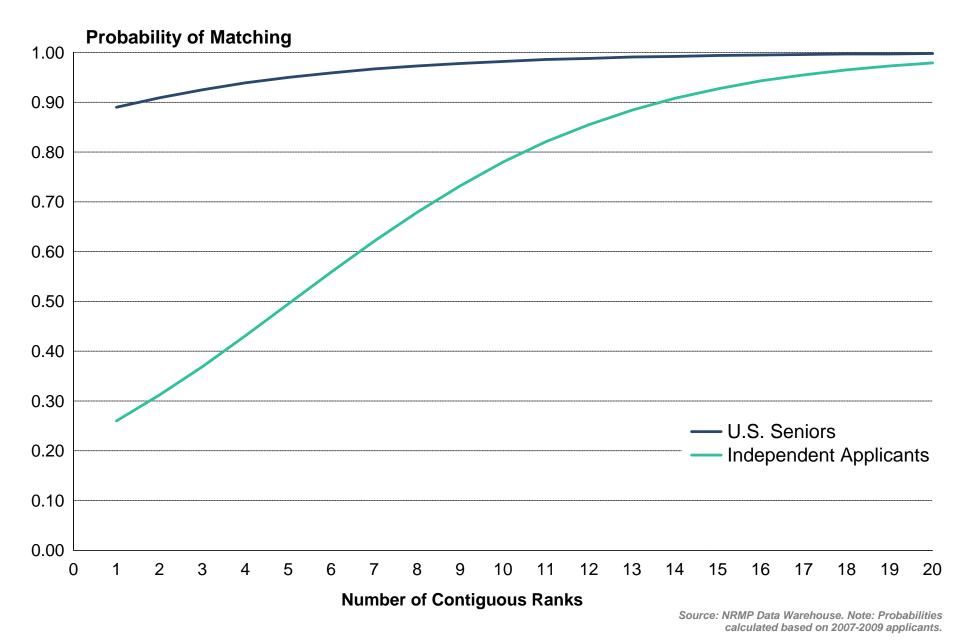
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty *Internal Medicine*





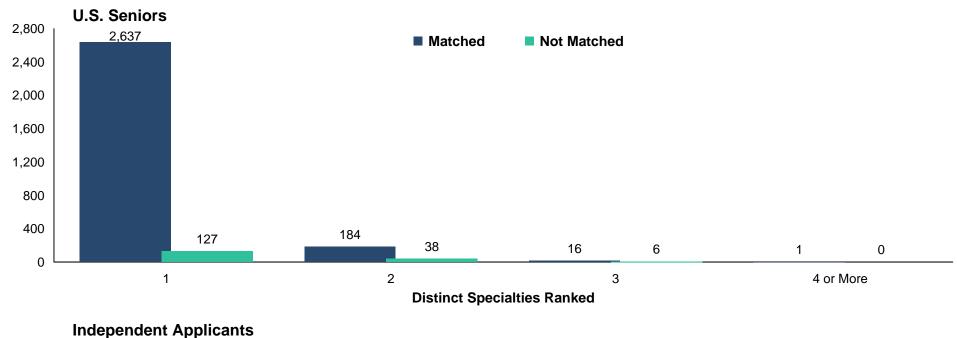


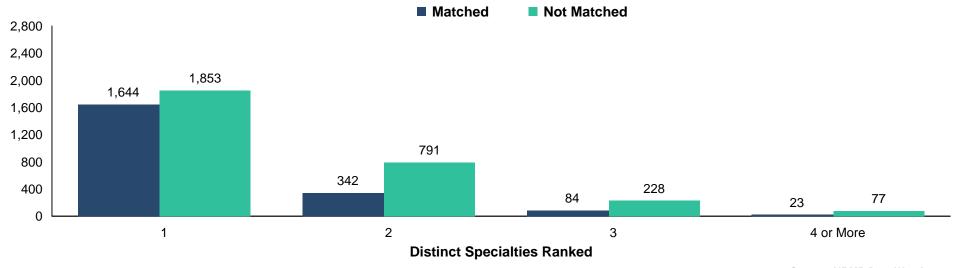
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Internal Medicine*

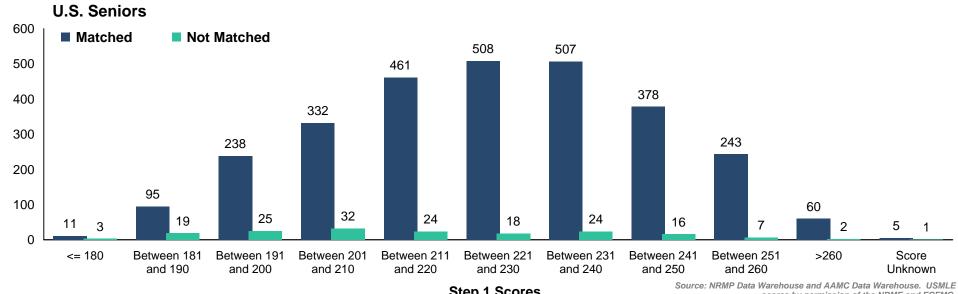




Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Internal Medicine



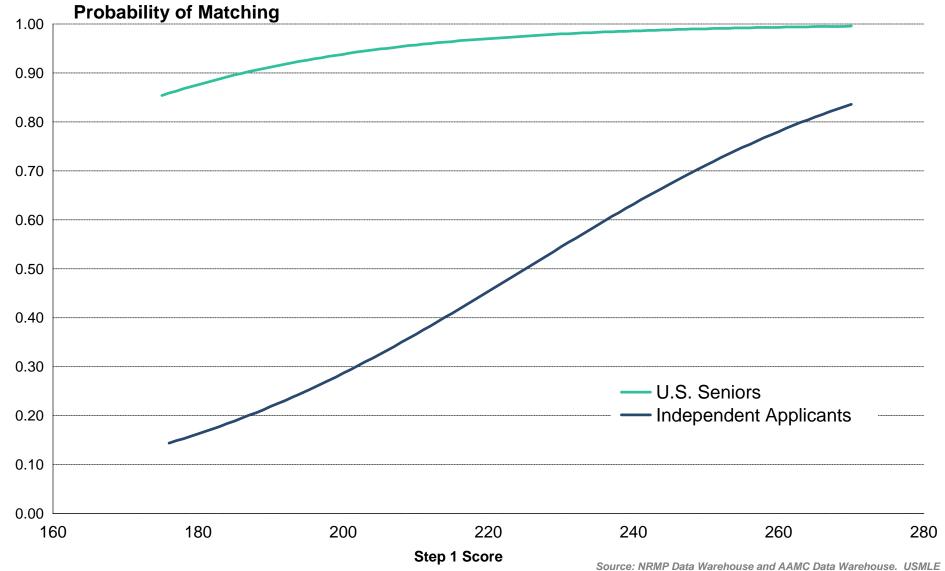


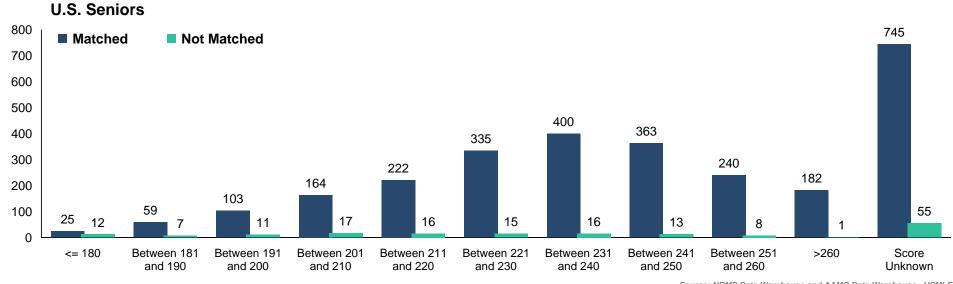


Step 1 Scores scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



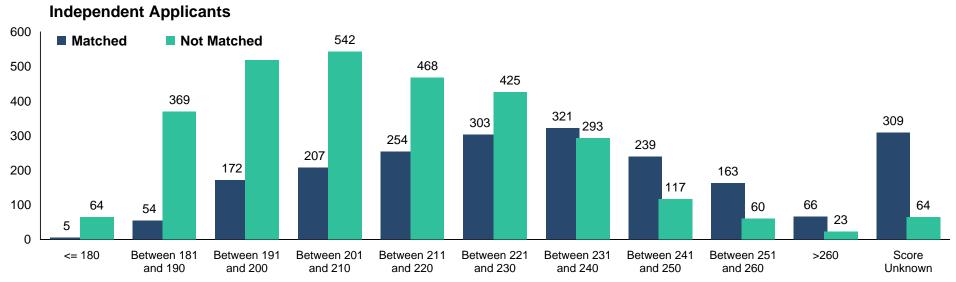
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Internal Medicine*





Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

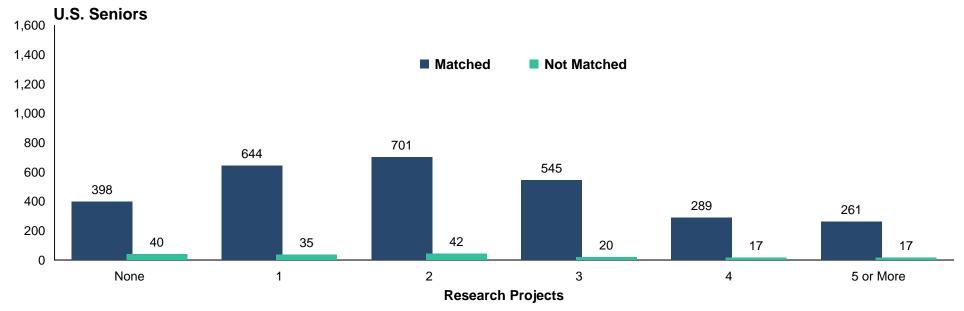


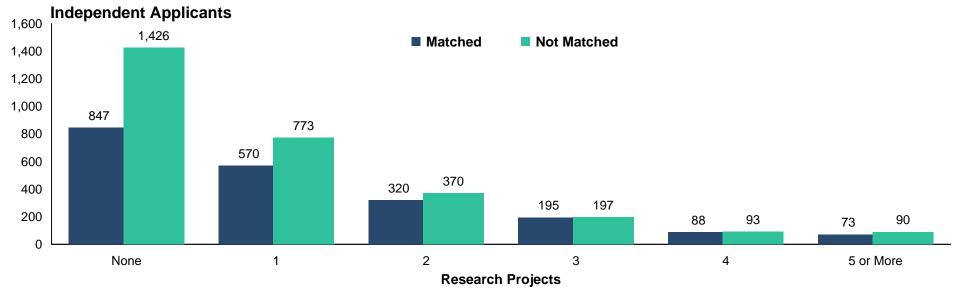
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart IM-5

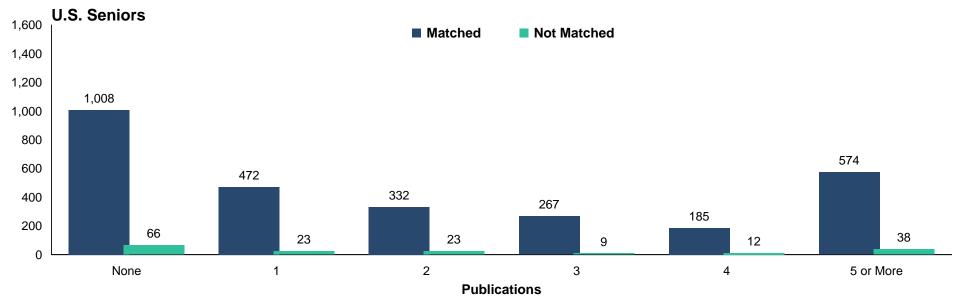
Number of Research Projects *Internal Medicine*







Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Internal Medicine*



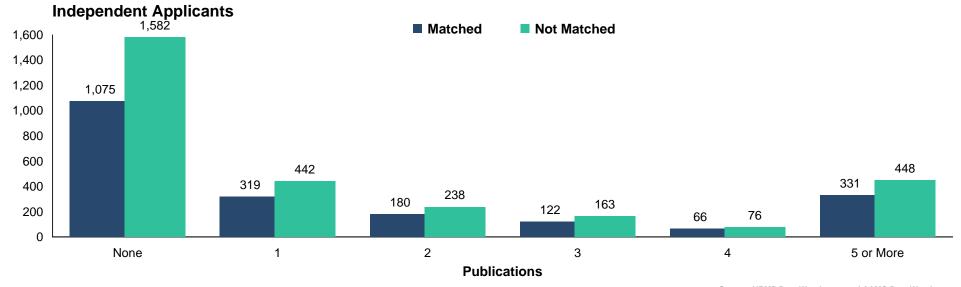
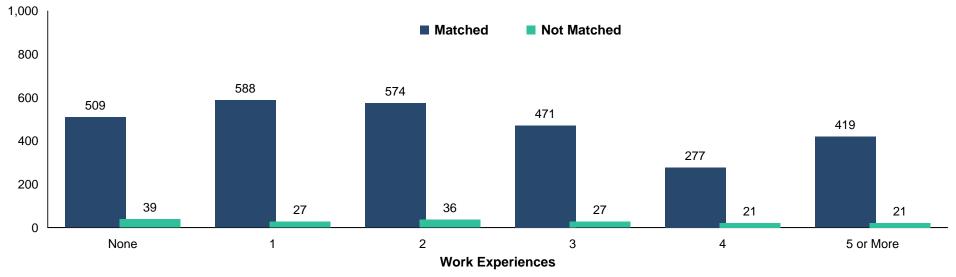


Chart IM-7

Number of Work Experiences Internal Medicine





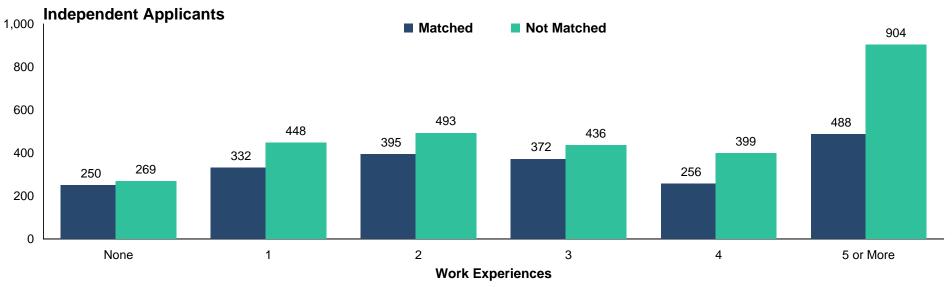
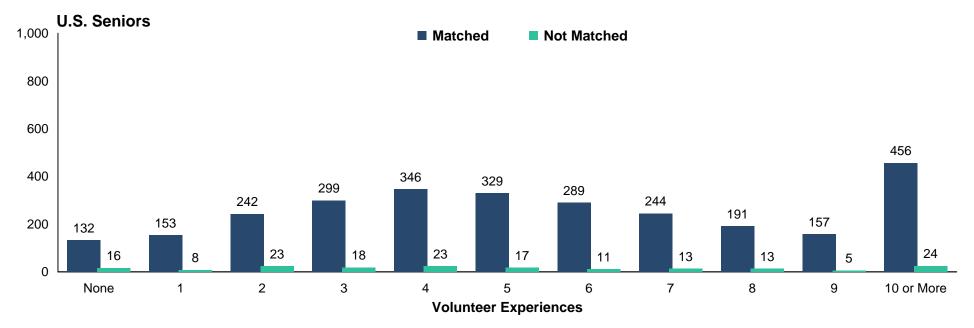
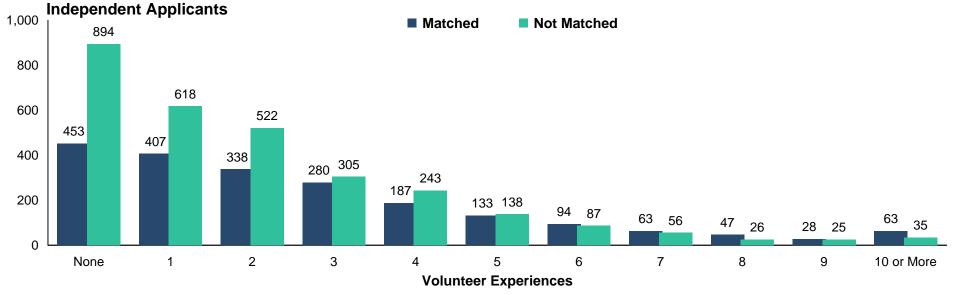


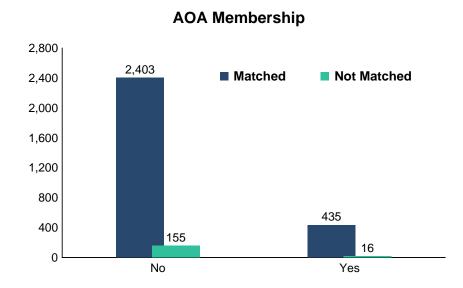
Chart IM-8

Number of Volunteer Experiences *Internal Medicine*

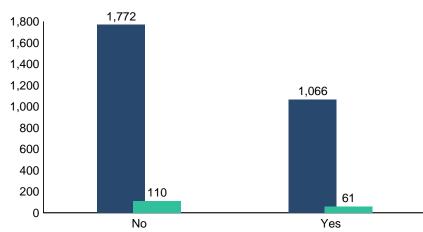


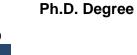


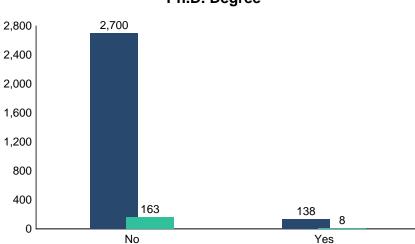
Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Internal Medicine



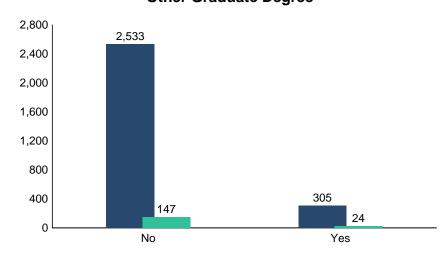
Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding







Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

IP

Internal Medicine/Pediatrics

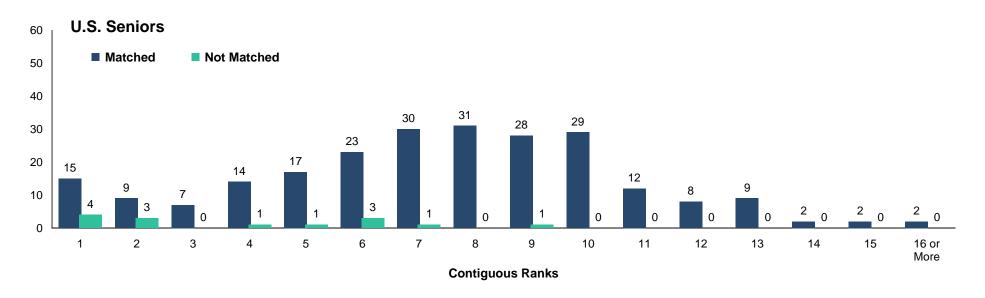
U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants		
Measure	Matched (n=238)	Unmatched (n=14)	Matched (n=80)	Unmatched (n=61)
1. Mean number of contiguous ranks	7.4	3.8	4.8	1.3
2. Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.2	1.6	1.8	2.5
3. Mean USMLE Step 1 score	225	211	215	217
4. Mean USMLE Step 2 score	235	218	218	213
5. Mean number of research experiences	1.7	2.2	1.2	1.0
Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.0	4.2	1.7	1.5
7. Mean number of work experiences	2.7	2.3	3.8	3.8
8. Mean number of volunteer experiences	7.8	4.8	5.5	2.5
9. Percentage who are AOA members	21.0	7.1	n/a	n/a
 Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding 	27.3	35.7	n/a	n/a
11. Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	1.7	7.1	n/a	n/a
12. Percentage who have another graduate degree	13.9	14.3	n/a	n/a

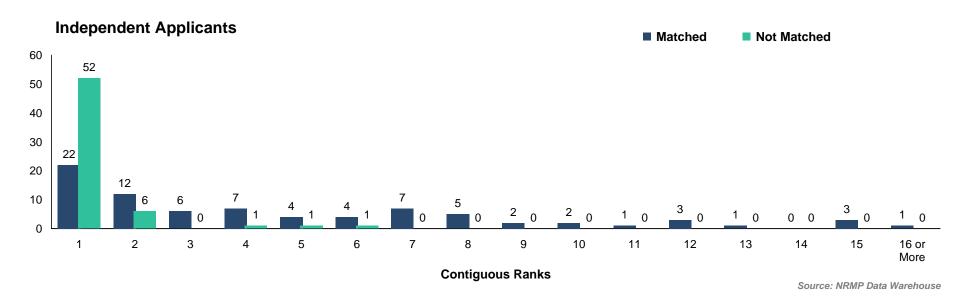
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

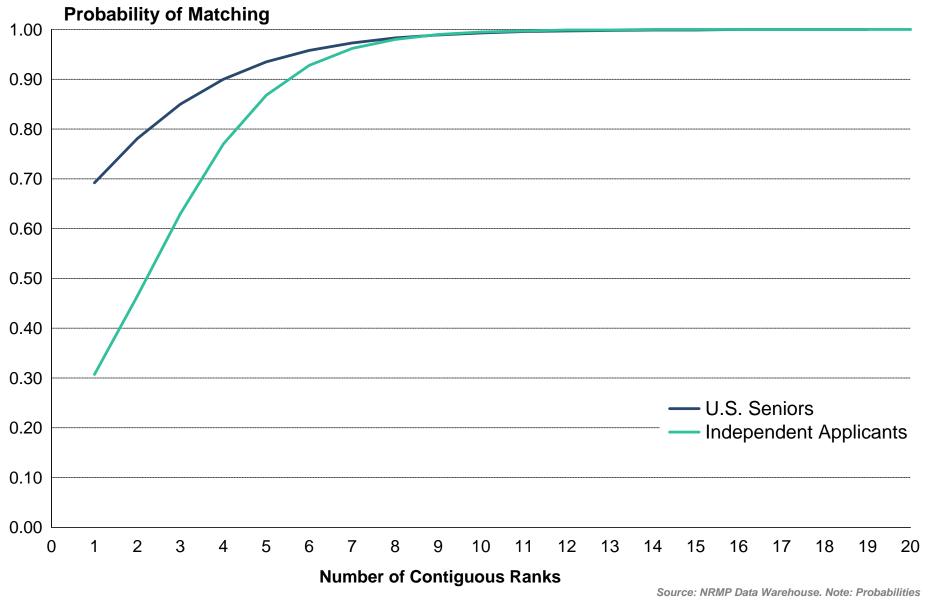
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*





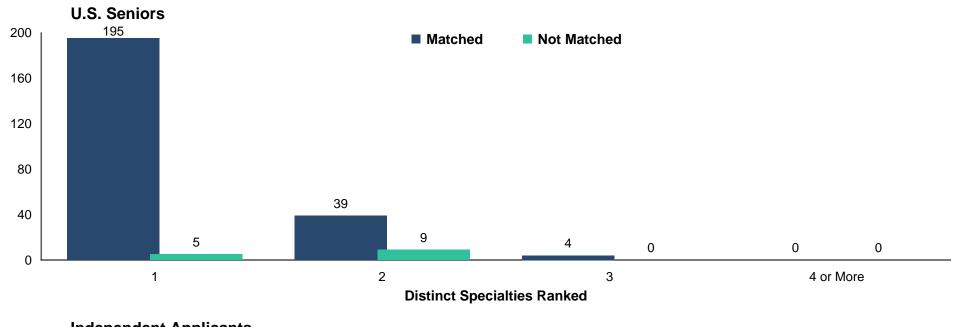


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*

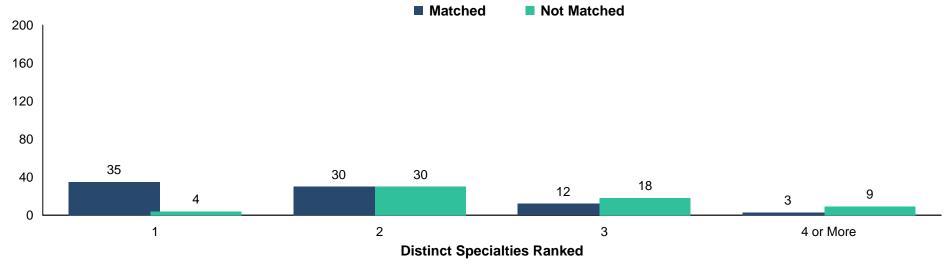


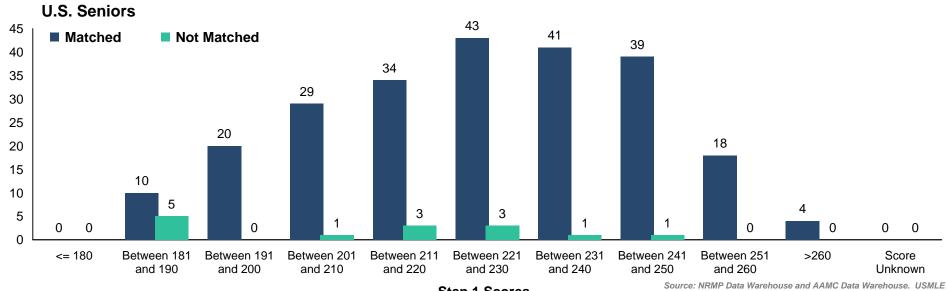


Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*



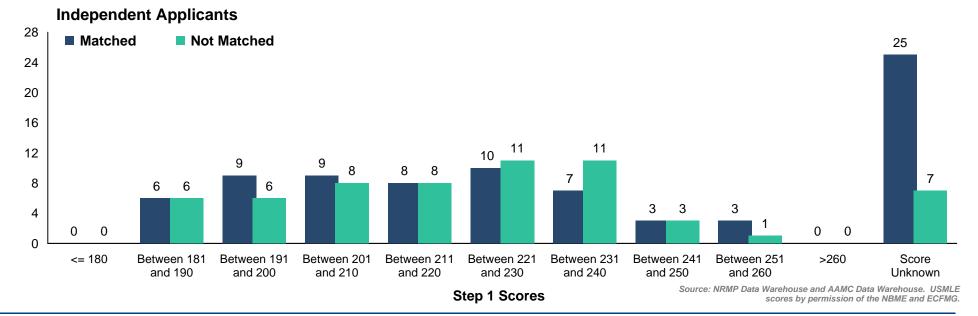
Independent Applicants



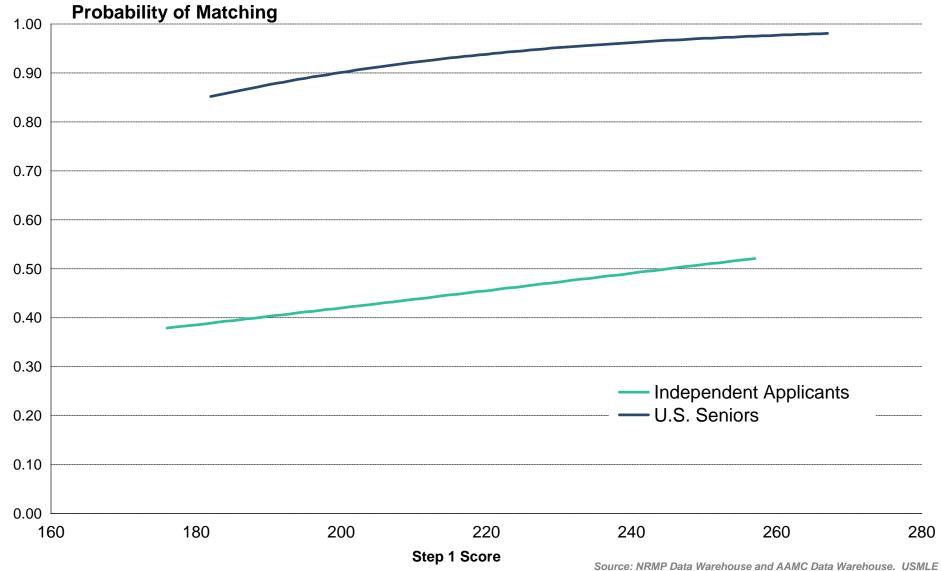


Step 1 Scores

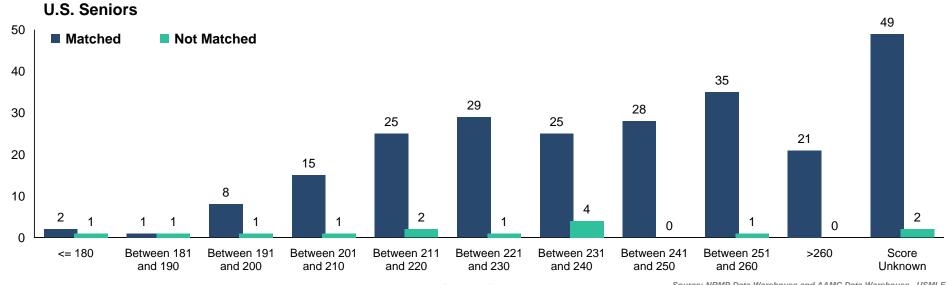
Source: NRINP Data warehouse and AAMC Data warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*



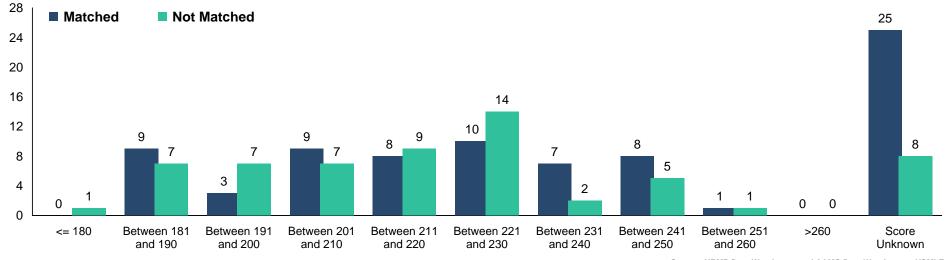
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. Note: Probabilities calculated based on 2007-2009 applicants.



Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Independent Applicants

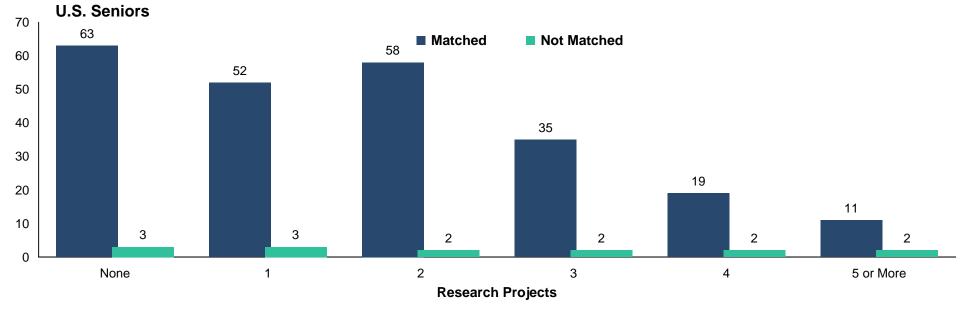


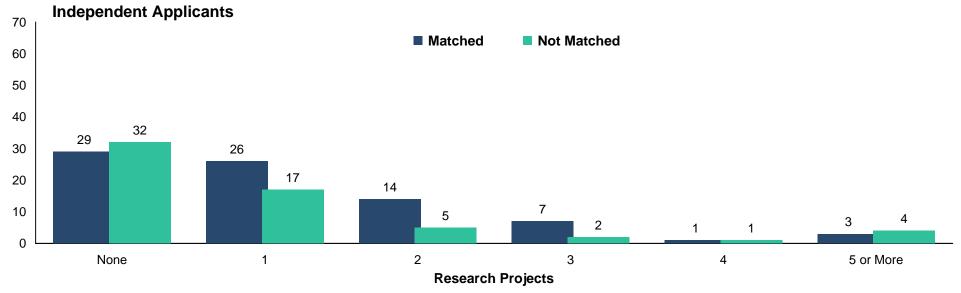
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

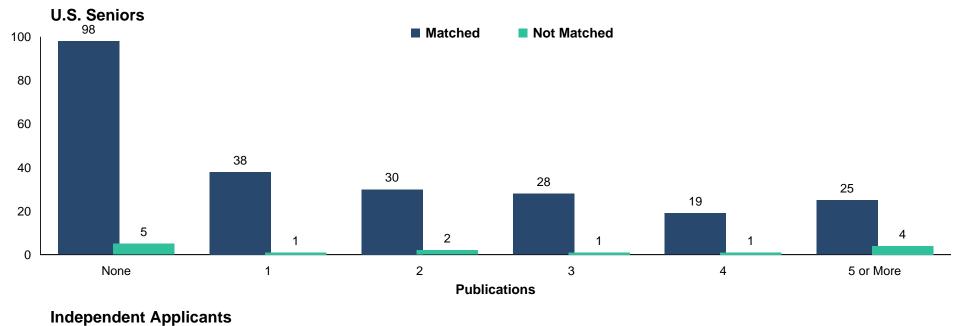
Chart IP-5

Number of Research Projects Internal Medicine/Pediatrics





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*



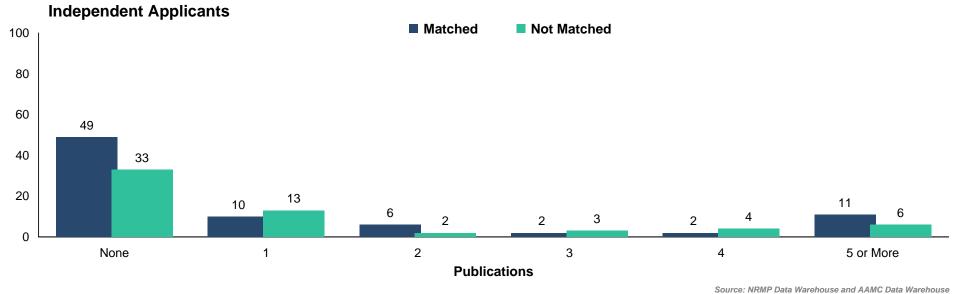
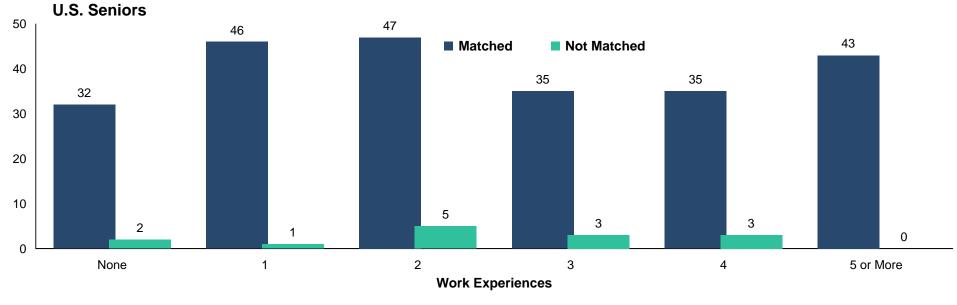
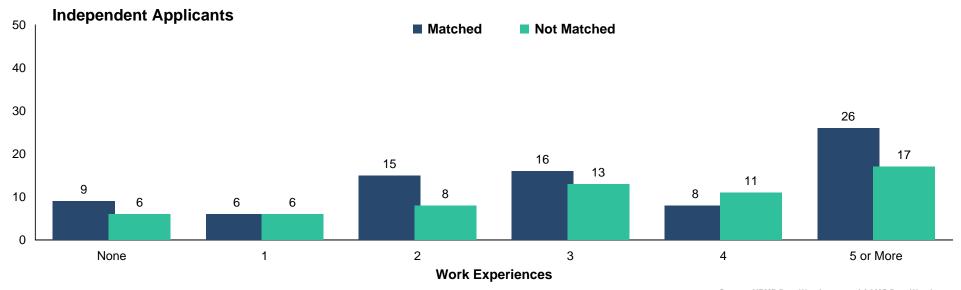


Chart Numb

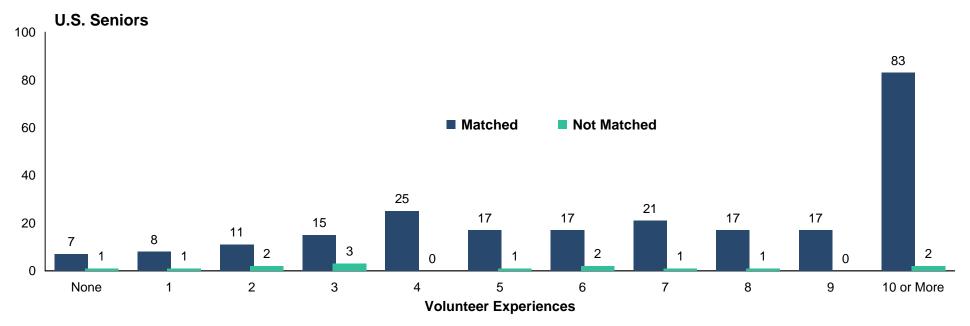
Number of Work Experiences Internal Medicine/Pediatrics



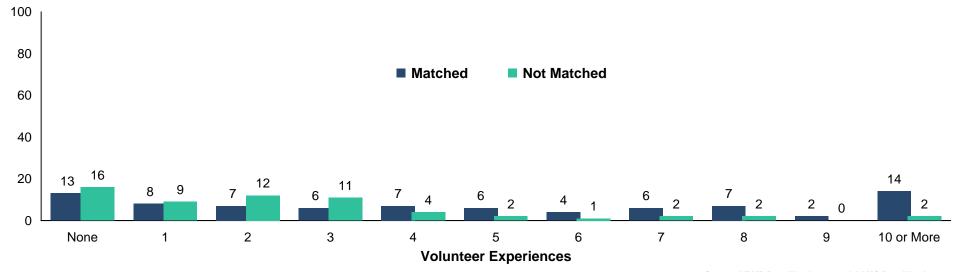


Number of Volunteer Experiences

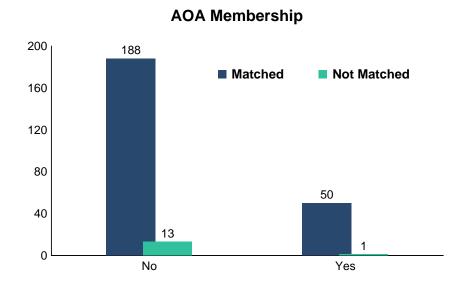
Internal Medicine/Pediatrics



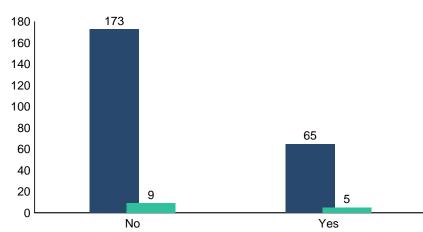
Independent Applicants

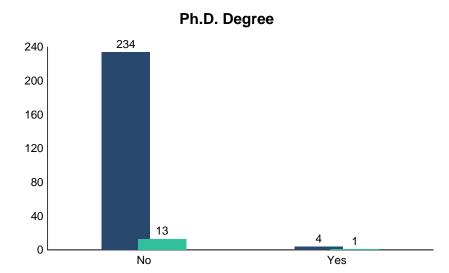


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors *Internal Medicine/Pediatrics*

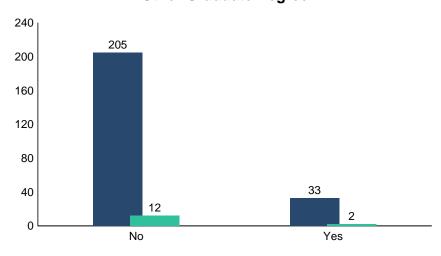


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

NS Neurological Surgery

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=171)	Unmatched (n=44)	Matched (n=19)	Unmatched (n=61)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	13.5	9.9	6.4	4.1
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.6
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	239	224	234	223
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	237	214	238	225
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.3	2.8	2.1	1.8
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	7.8	5.5	9.4	5.5
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.5	2.0	2.7	3.1
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.0	4.7	2.2	2.0
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	28.1	11.4	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	50.3	31.8	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	11.7	9.1	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	14.0	18.2	n/a	n/a

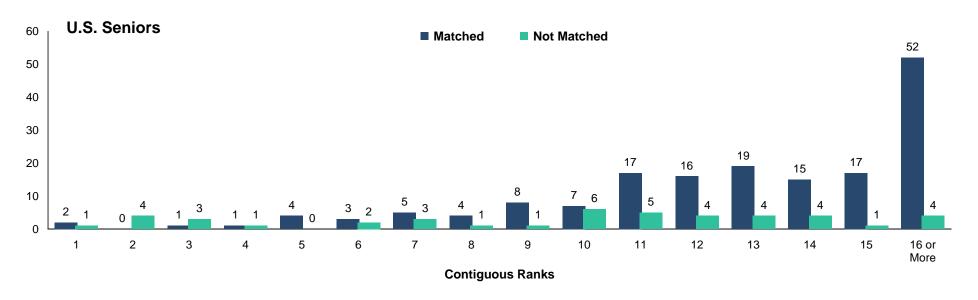
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

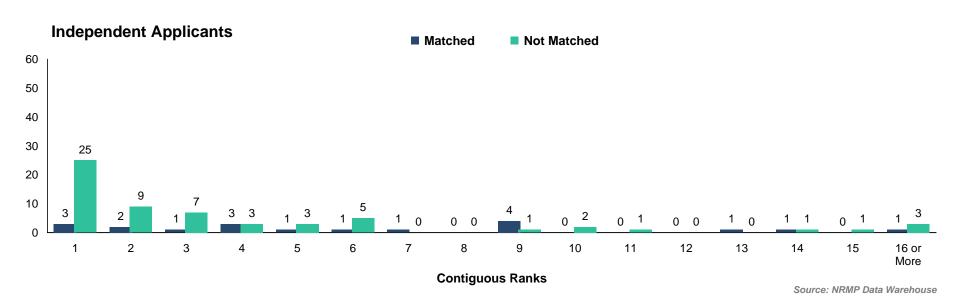
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



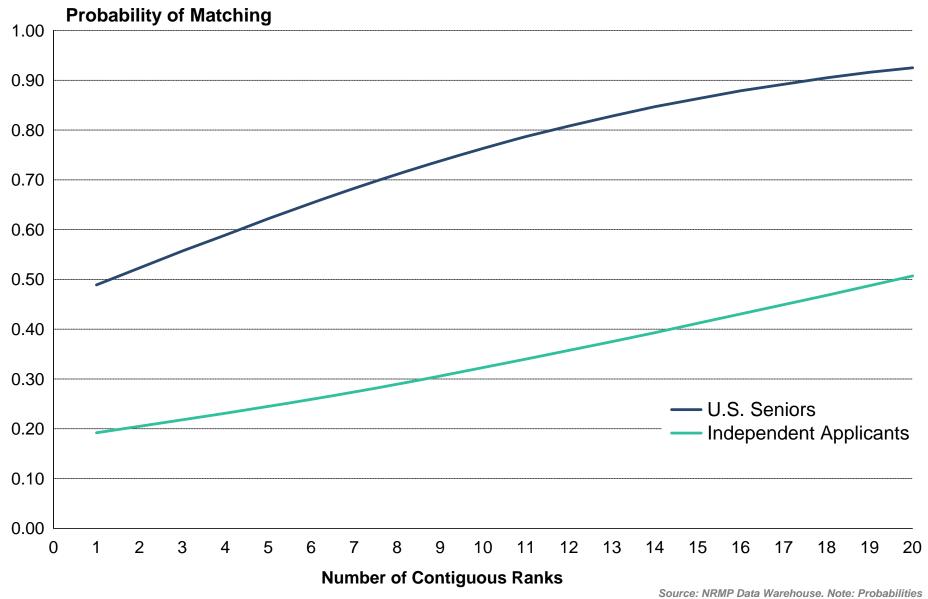
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Neurological Surgery





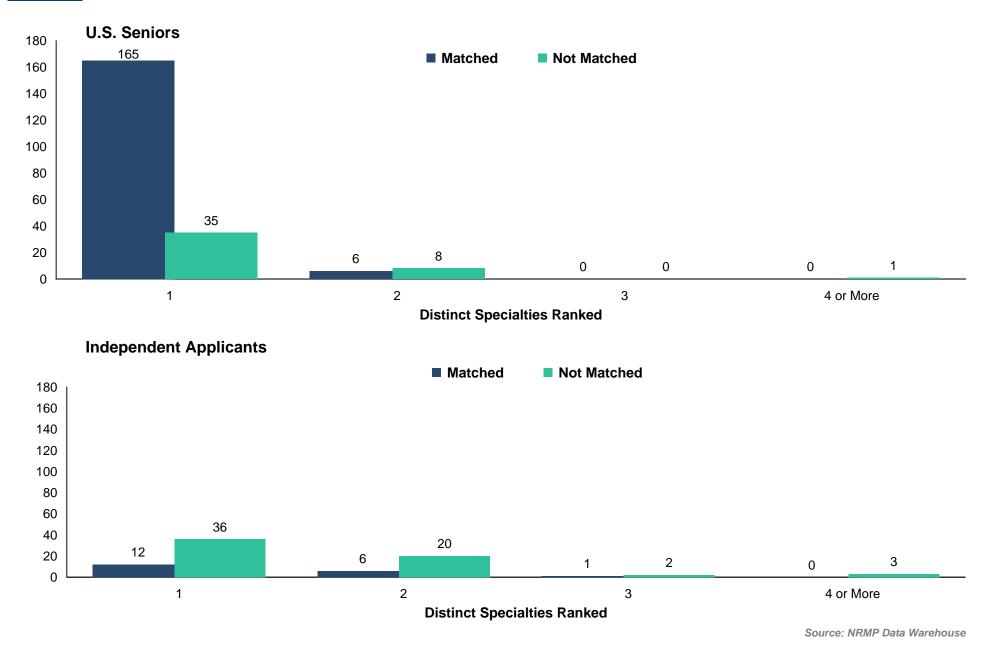


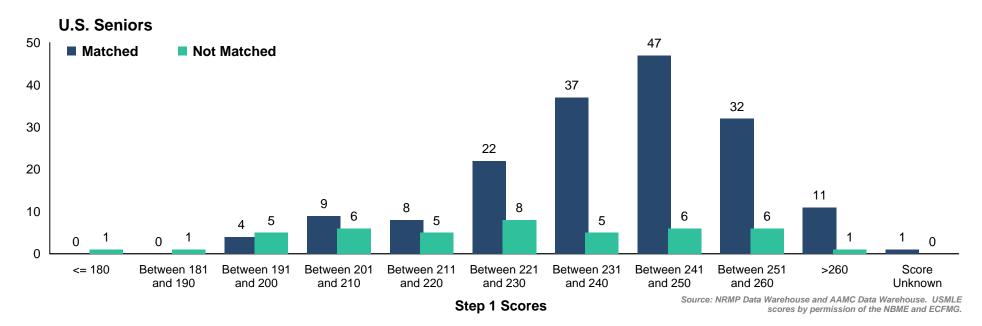
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Neurological Surgery

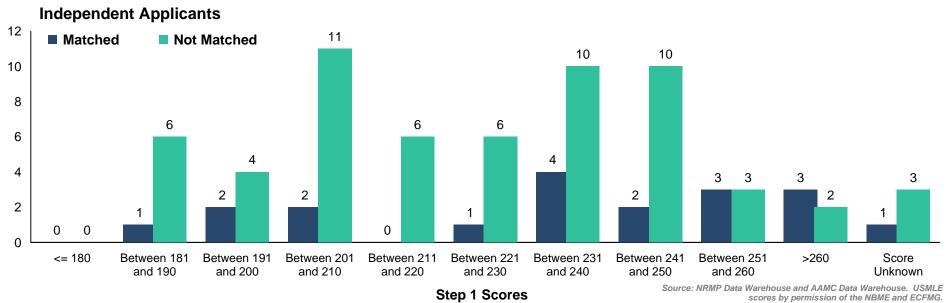




Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Neurological Surgery

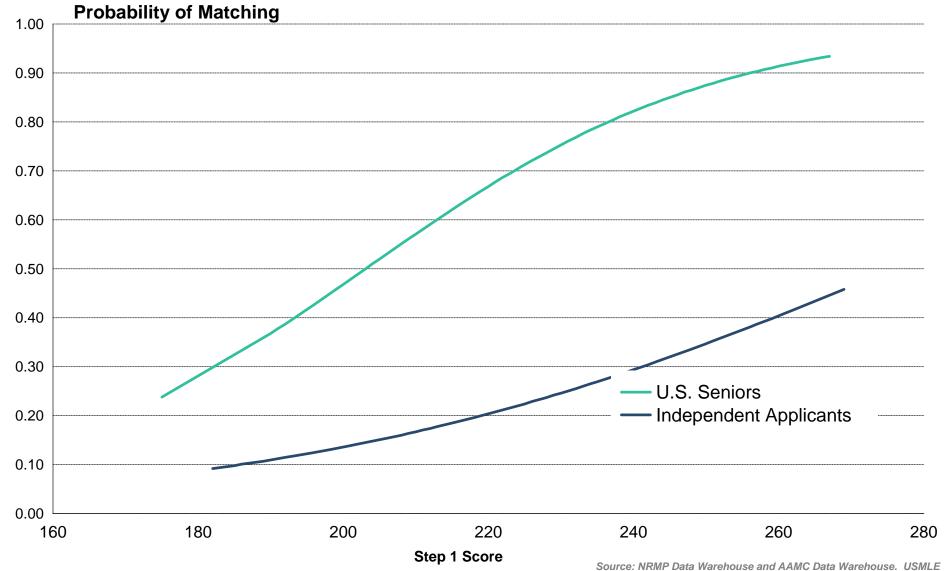




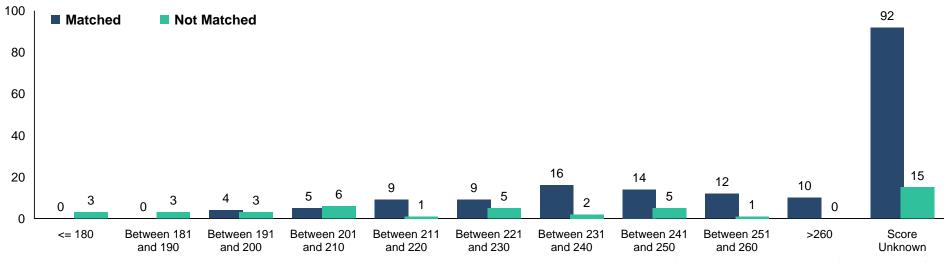




Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Neurological Surgery



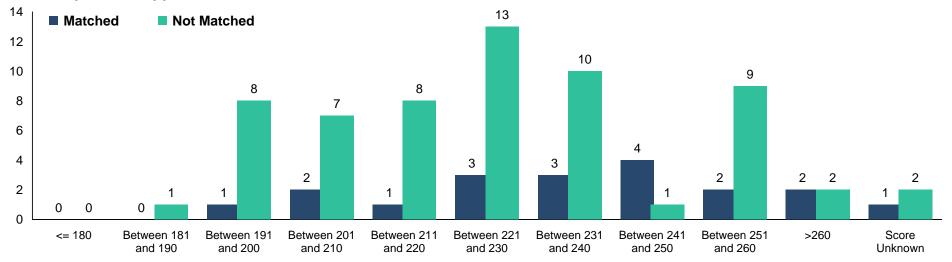




Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Independent Applicants

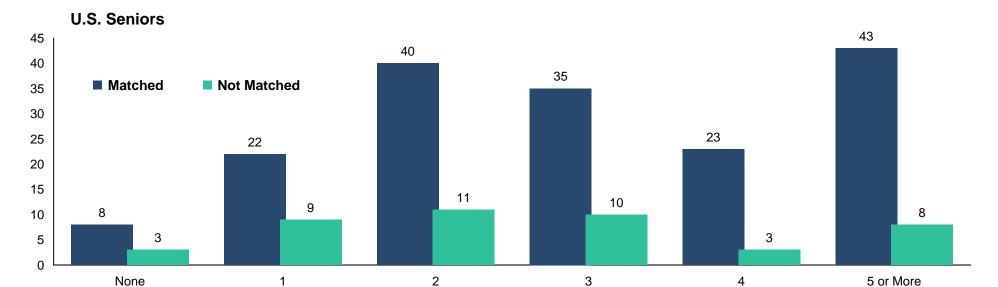


Step 2 Scores

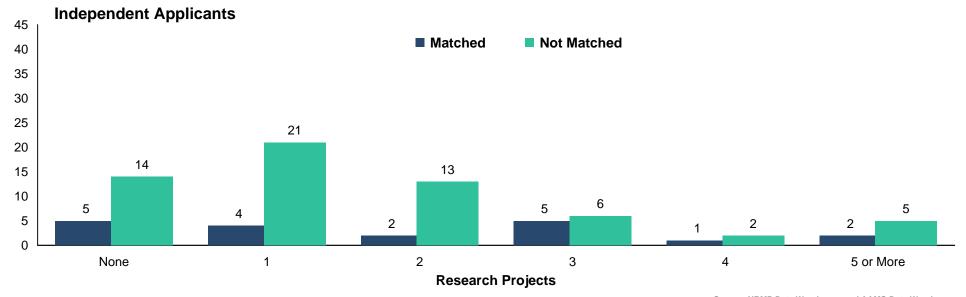
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart NS-5

Number of Research Projects Neurological Surgery

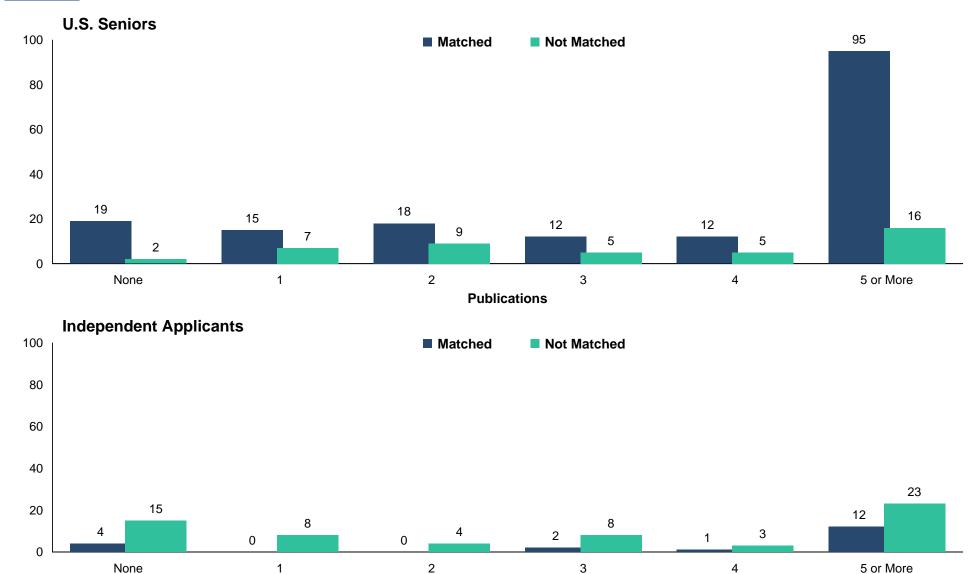


Research Projects





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Neurological Surgery

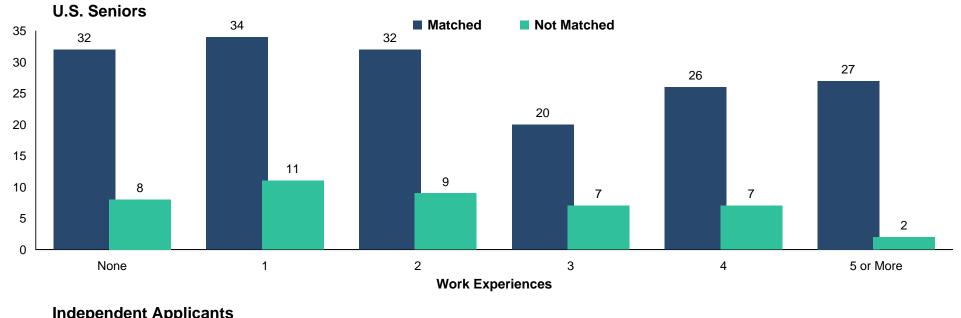


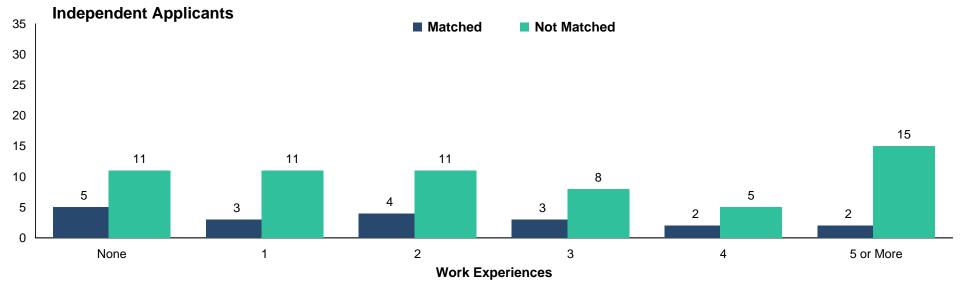
Charting Outcomes in the Match, 2009

Publications

Chart NS-7

Number of Work Experiences Neurological Surgery

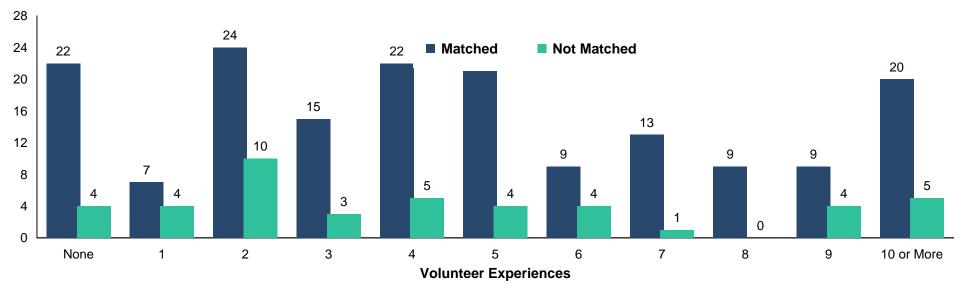


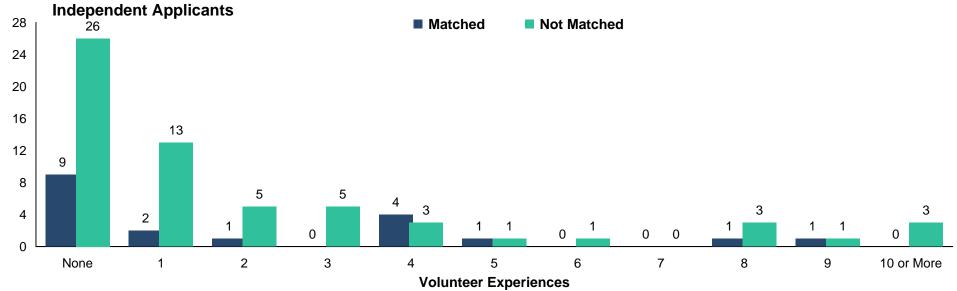




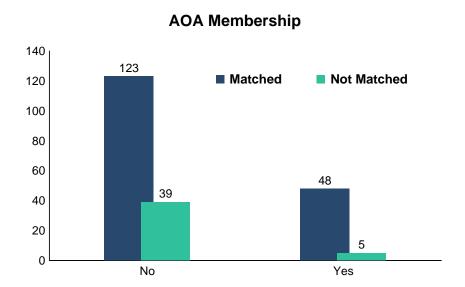
Number of Volunteer Experiences Neurological Surgery

U.S. Seniors

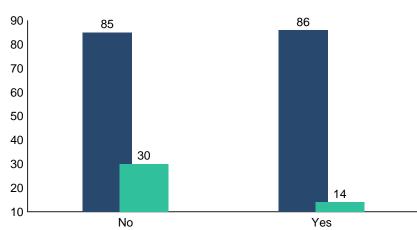


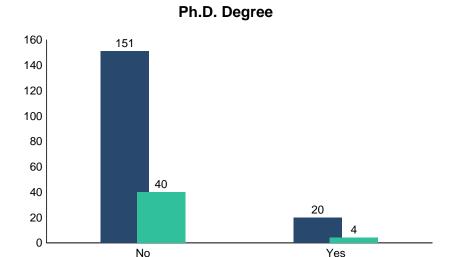


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Neurological Surgery

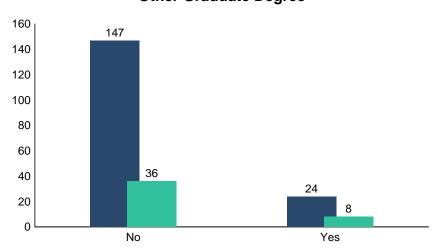


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

N Neurology

Table Summary Statistics N-1 Neurology

	U.S. Seniors		Seniors	Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=237)	Unmatched (n=79)	Matched (n=193)	Unmatched (n=195)
1. M	lean number of contiguous ranks	8.7	9.3	5.2	3.0
2. N	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.2	1.3	1.6	1.9
3. N	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	225	222	224	214
4. N	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	231	226	225	213
5. N	lean number of research experiences	2.4	2.4	1.8	1.7
	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and ublications	3.7	3.3	4.7	5.4
7. N	lean number of work experiences	2.5	2.2	2.9	3.3
8. N	lean number of volunteer experiences	5.8	4.7	2.7	2.3
9. P	Percentage who are AOA members	11.4	13.9	n/a	n/a
	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. nedical schools with the highest NIH funding	35.9	29.1	n/a	n/a
11. P	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	11.0	8.9	n/a	n/a
12. P	Percentage who have another graduate degree	11.0	6.3	n/a	n/a

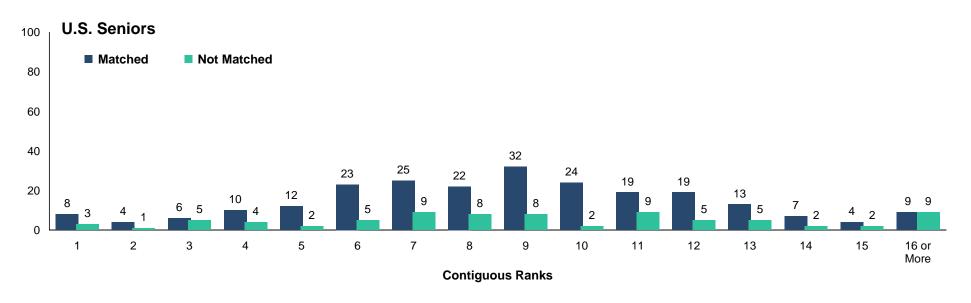
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

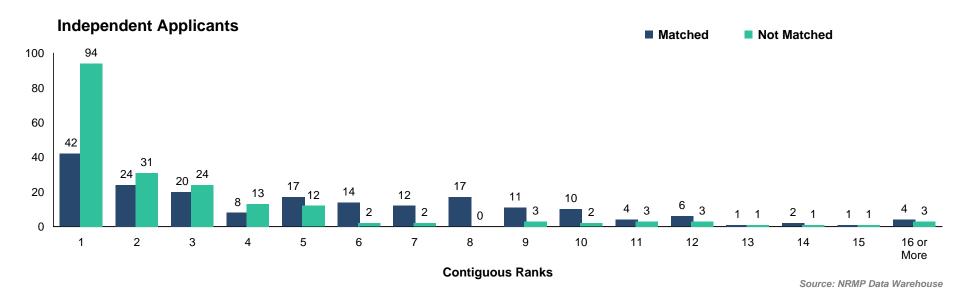
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



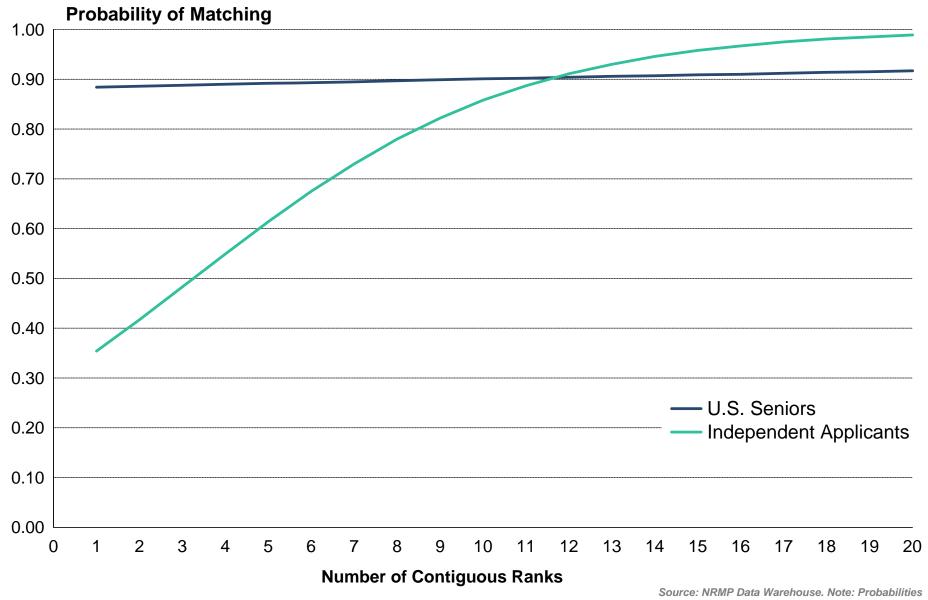
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Neurology





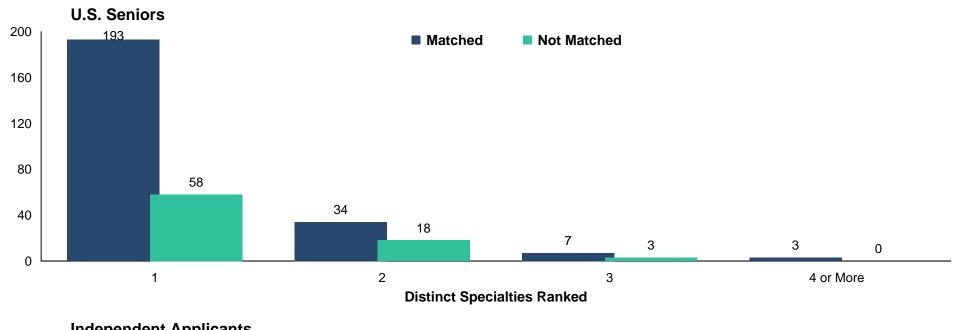


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Neurology*

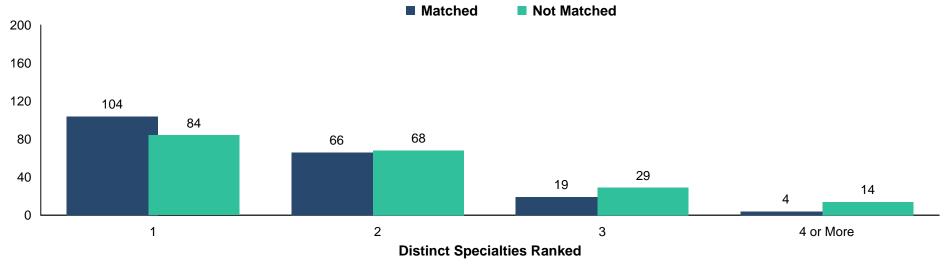


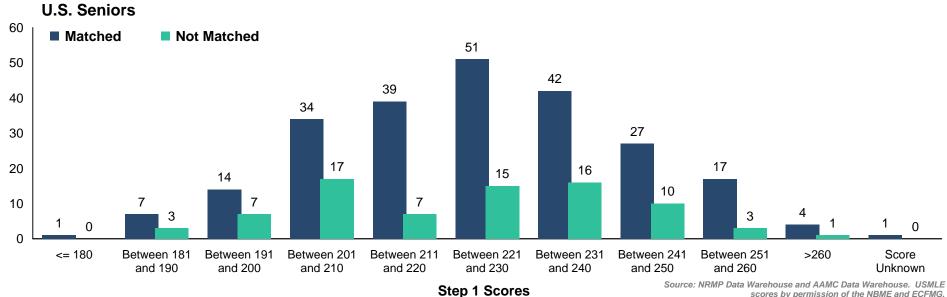


Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Neurology

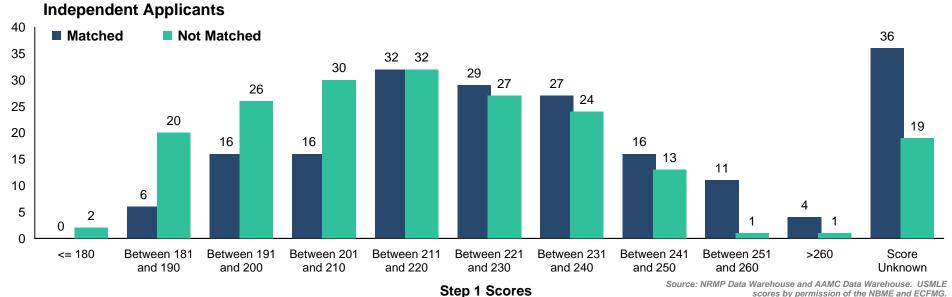






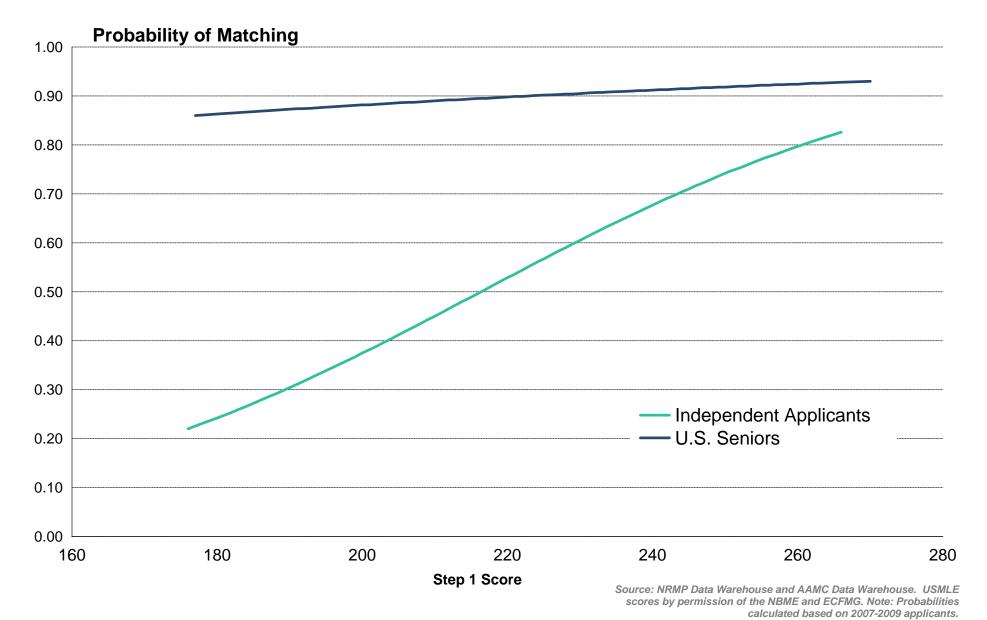


scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



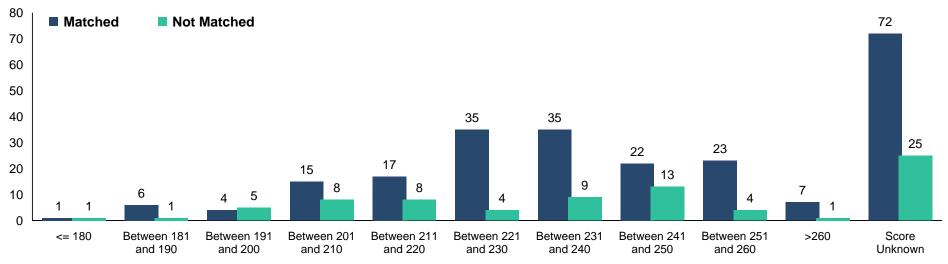


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Neurology*



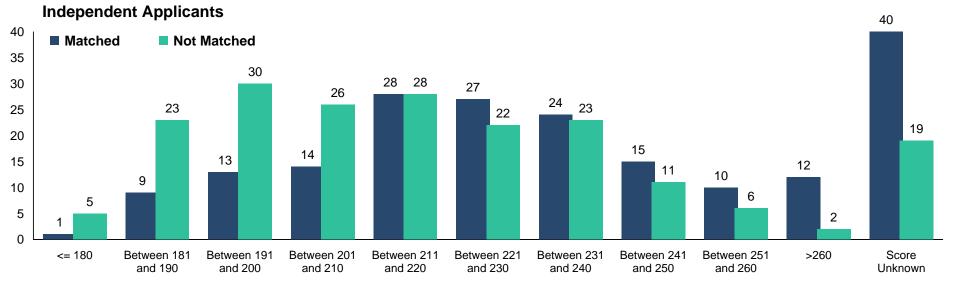
141





Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

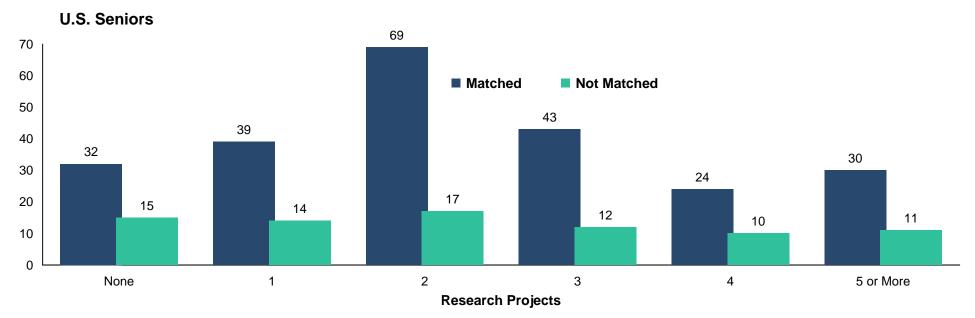


Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



Number of Research Projects Neurology



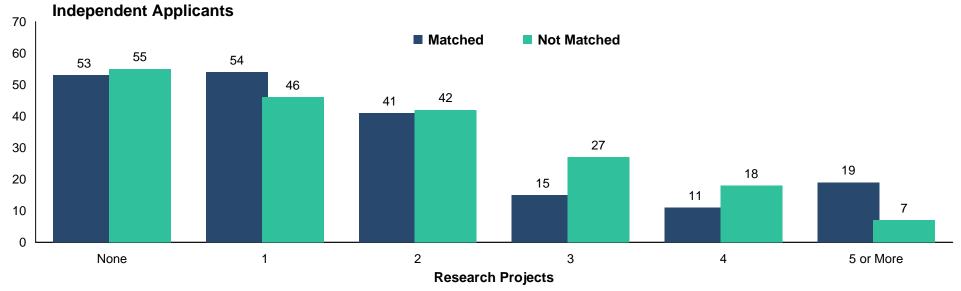
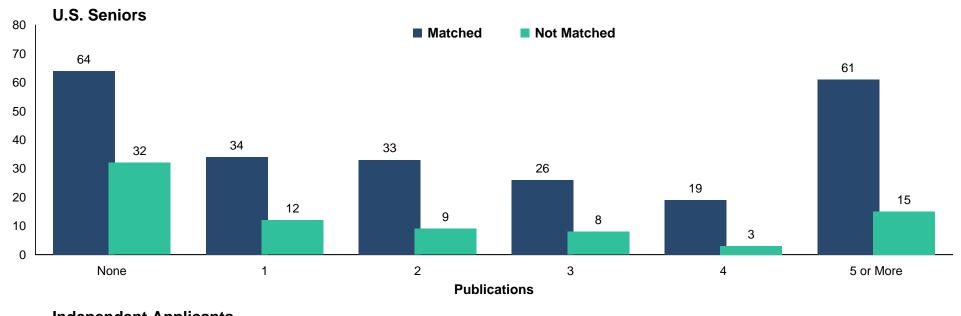
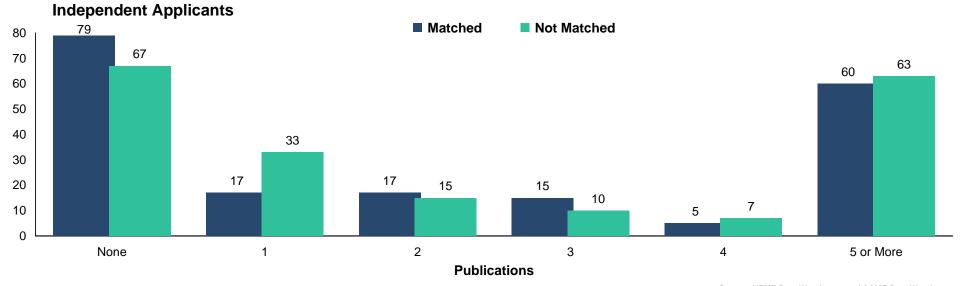


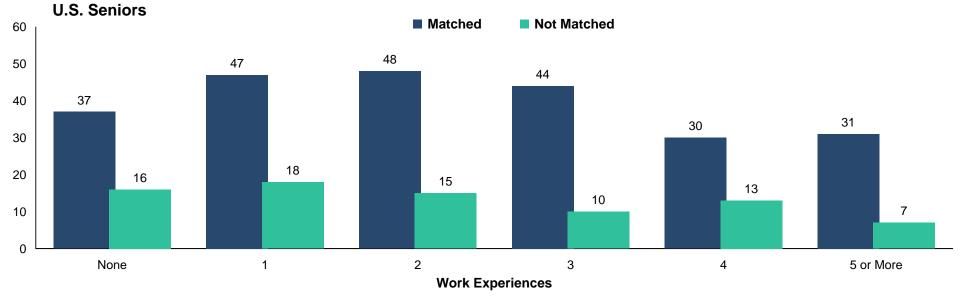
Chart N-6

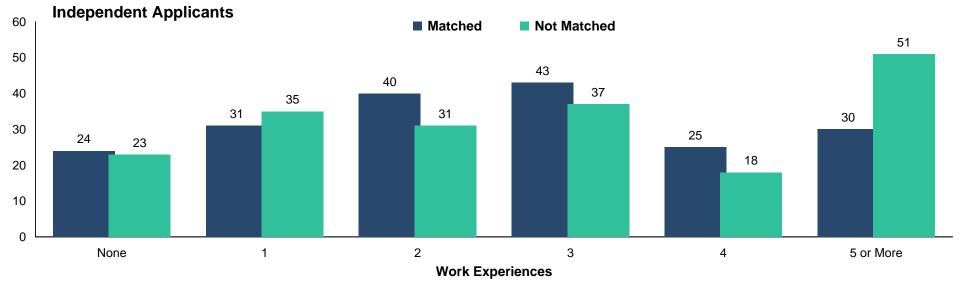
Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Neurology*



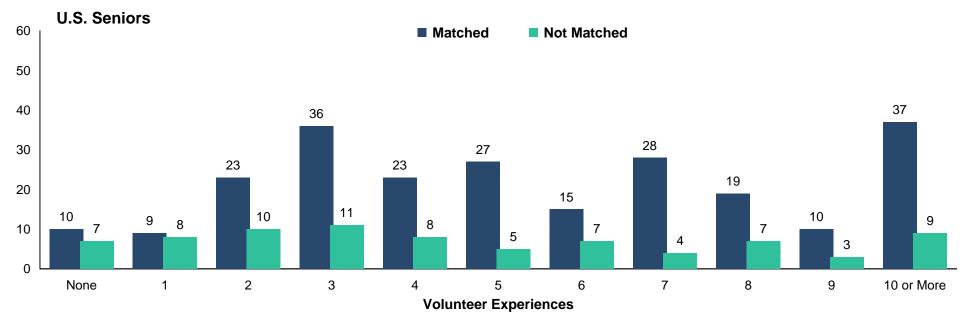


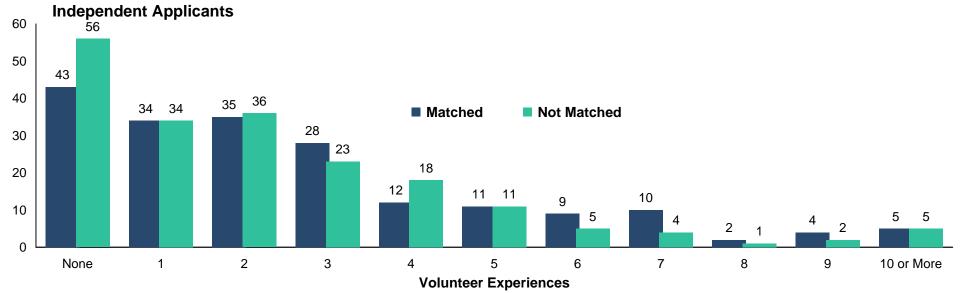
Number of Work Experiences Neurology



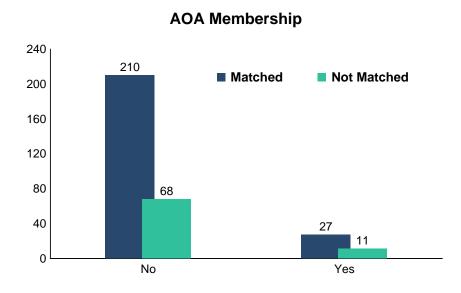


Number of Volunteer Experiences Neurology

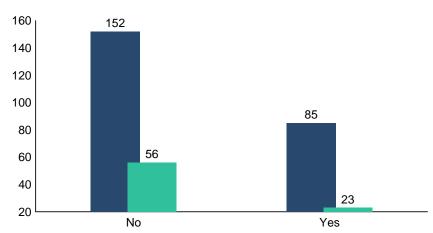




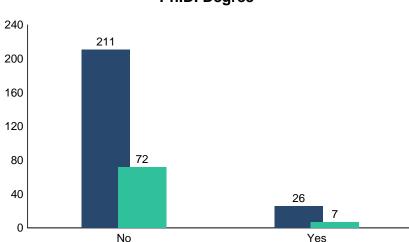
Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors *Neurology*



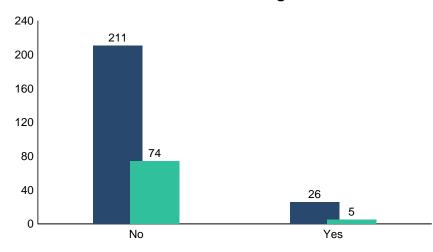
Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding



Ph.D. Degree



Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

OB Obstetrics and Gynecology

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=874)	Unmatched (n=67)	Matched (n=284)	Unmatched (n=371)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	9.7	6.2	6.7	3.4
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	219	208	212	205
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	229	210	219	208
5.	Mean number of research experiences	2.1	2.2	1.3	1.2
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.4	2.5	1.6	2.0
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.8
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	7.2	6.2	4.2	2.8
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	13.8	1.5	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	31.0	26.9	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.2	7.5	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	11.7	13.4	n/a	n/a

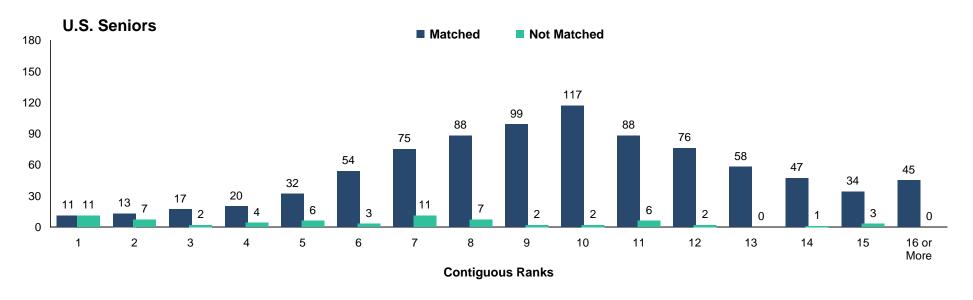
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

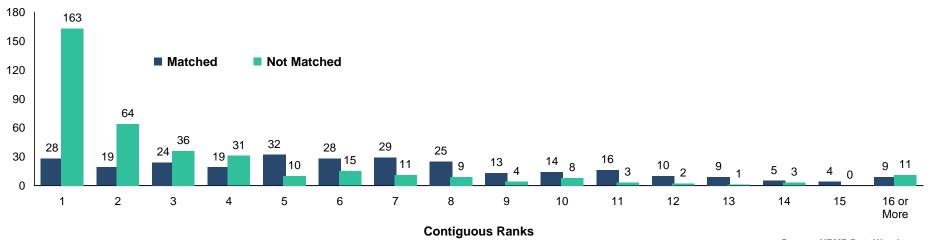
Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Obstetrics and Gynecology

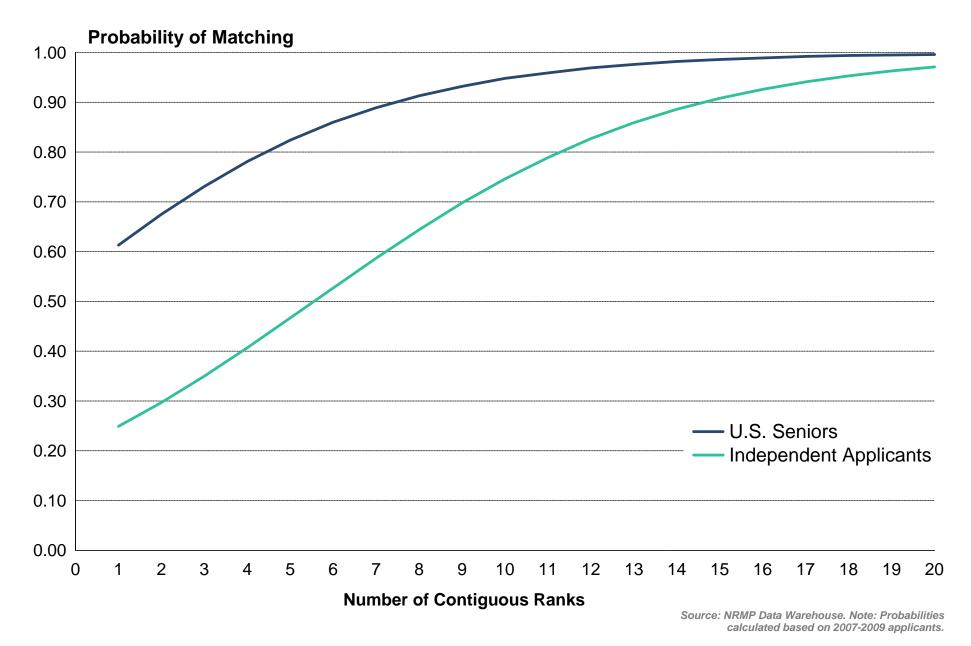


Independent Applicants





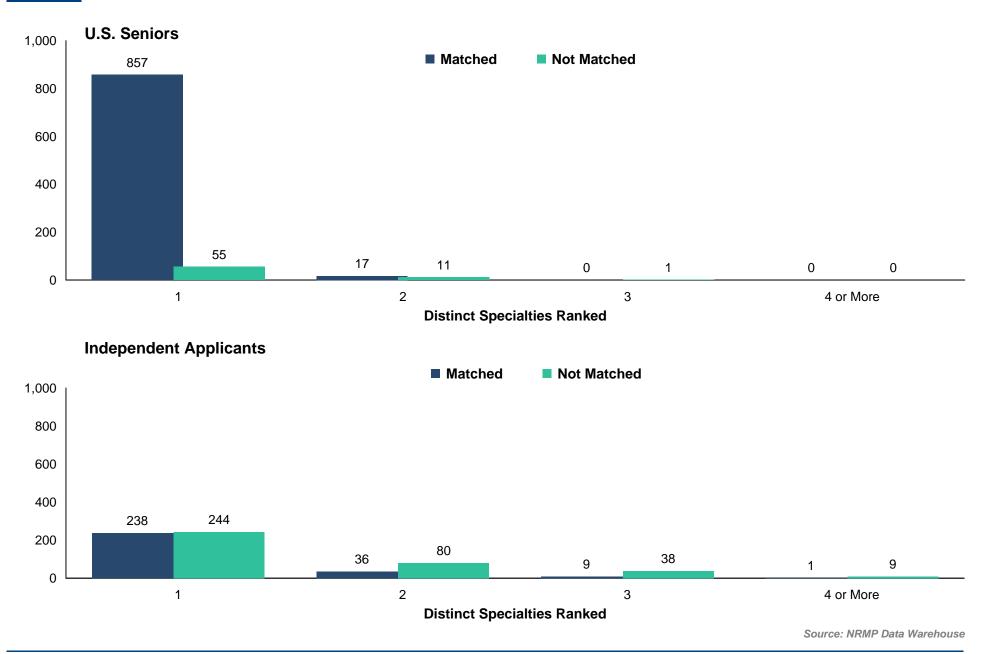
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Obstetrics and Gynecology

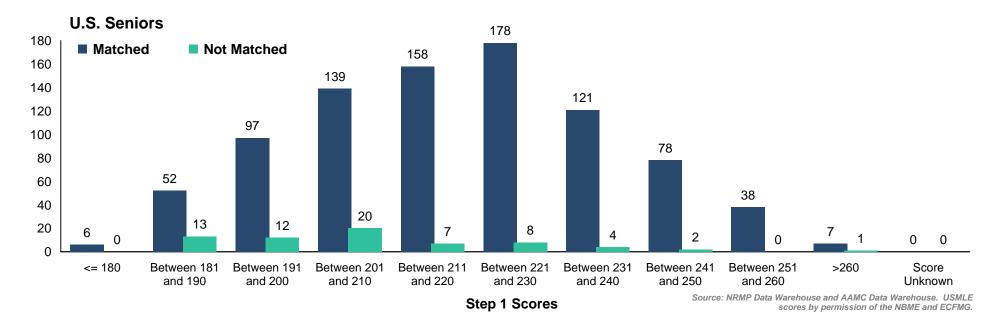


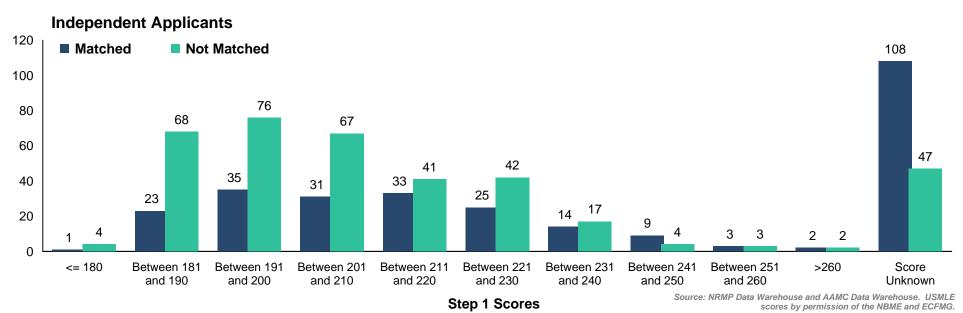
151



Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Obstetrics and Gynecology

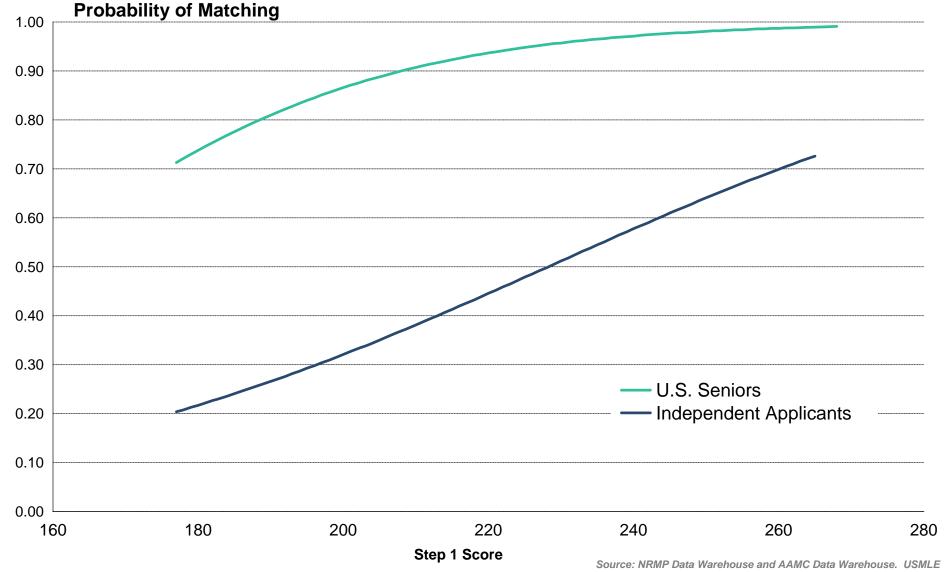


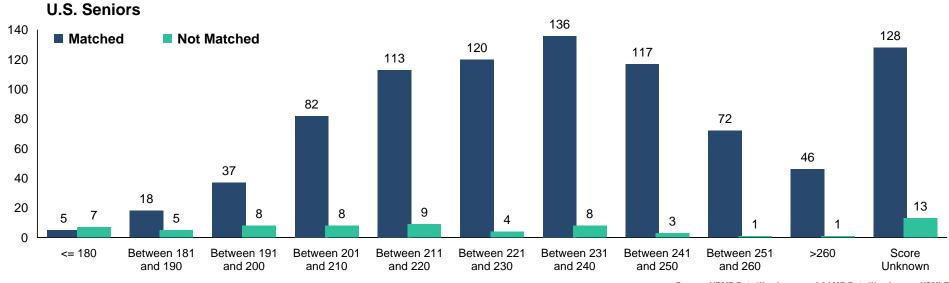






Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Obstetrics and Gynecology





Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Independent Applicants

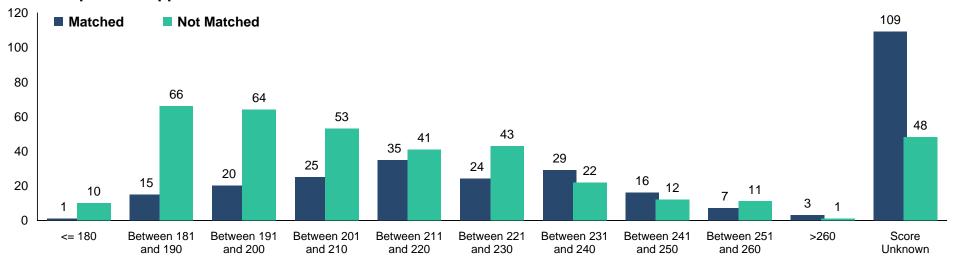
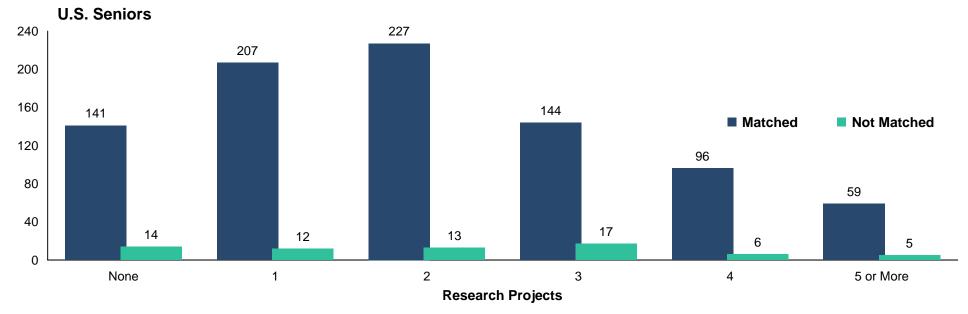
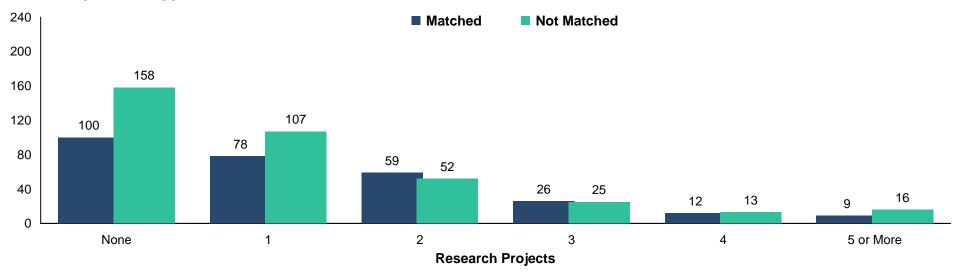


Chart OB-5 Number of Research Projects Obstetrics and Gynecology

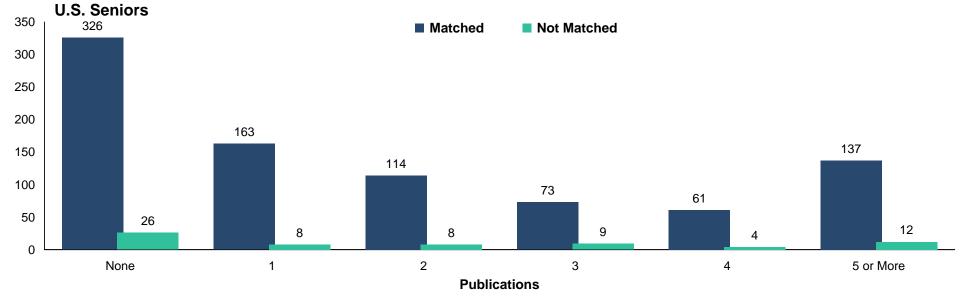


Independent Applicants





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Obstetrics and Gynecology



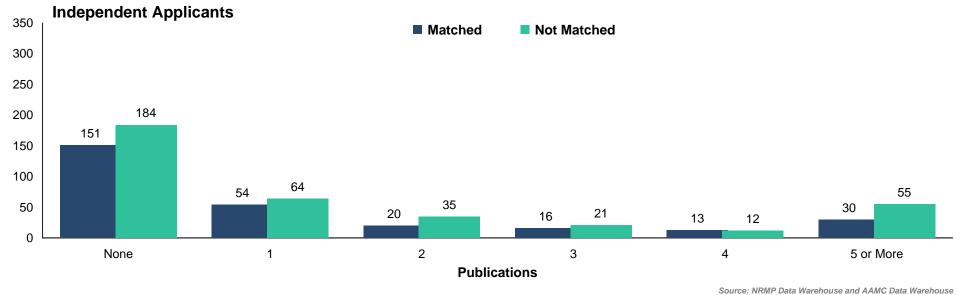
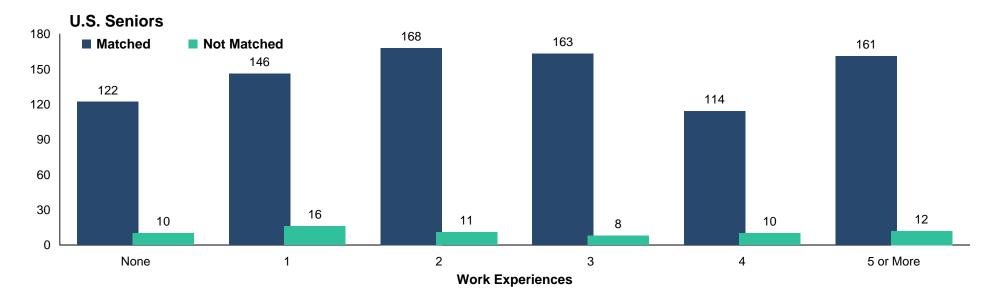


Chart OB-7 Number of Work Experiences Obstetrics and Gynecology



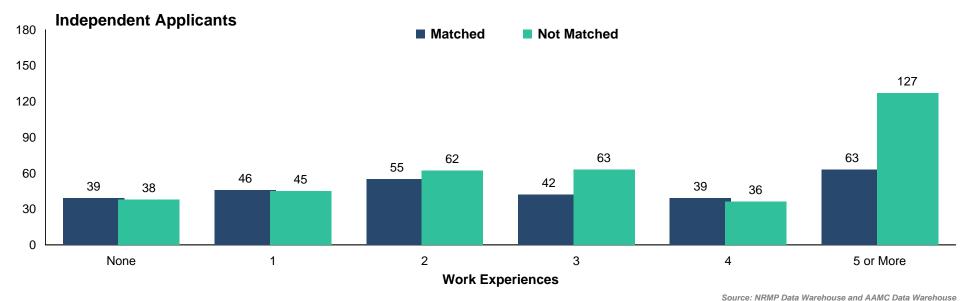
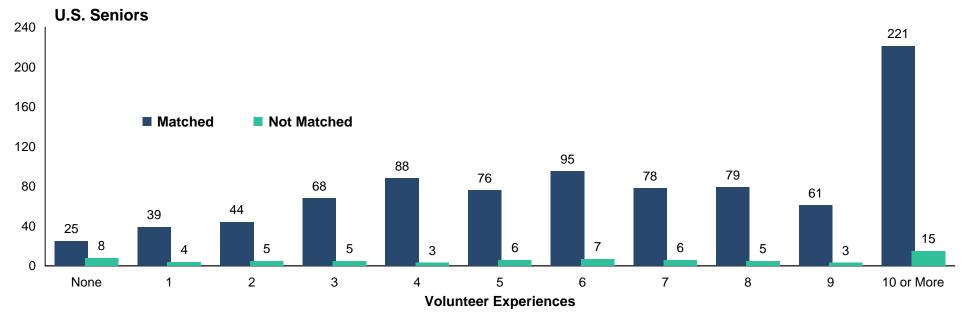
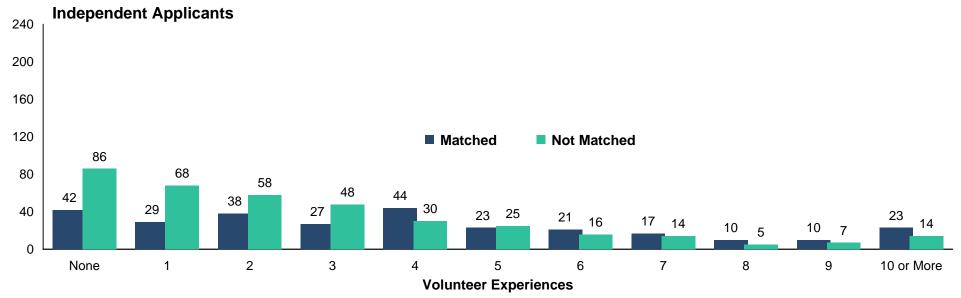


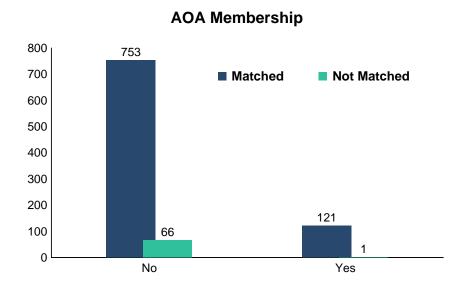
Chart OB-8

Number of Volunteer Experiences Obstetrics and Gynecology

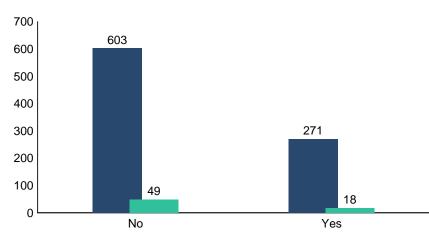


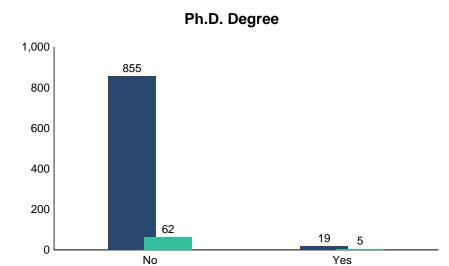


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Obstetrics and Gynecology



Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding







102

9

Yes

Other Graduate Degree

58

Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

800

700

600500

400

300200

100

ORS Orthopaedic Surgery

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=586)	Unmatched (n=158)	Matched (n=53)	Unmatched (n=126)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	11.5	5.6	6.4	3.7
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	238	221	226	217
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	241	222	228	215
5.	Mean number of research experiences	2.7	2.5	3.0	2.0
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	4.1	2.7	7.3	4.3
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.2
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.8	4.9	5.0	3.7
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	27.8	3.8	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	37.0	24.1	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.6	1.3	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.4	18.4	n/a	n/a

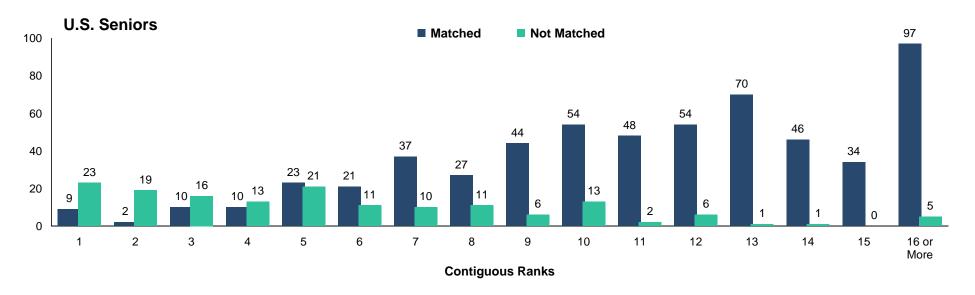
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

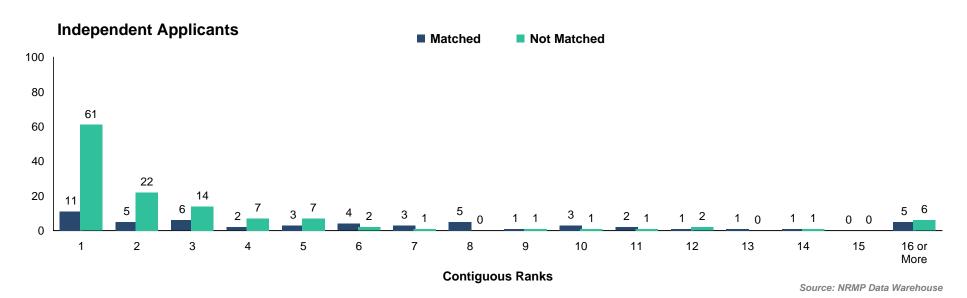
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



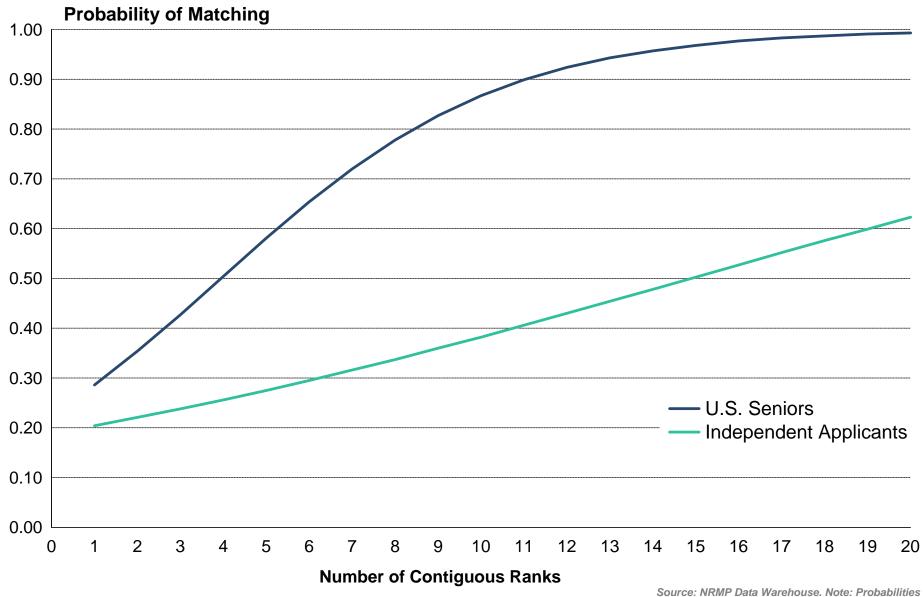
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Orthopaedic Surgery



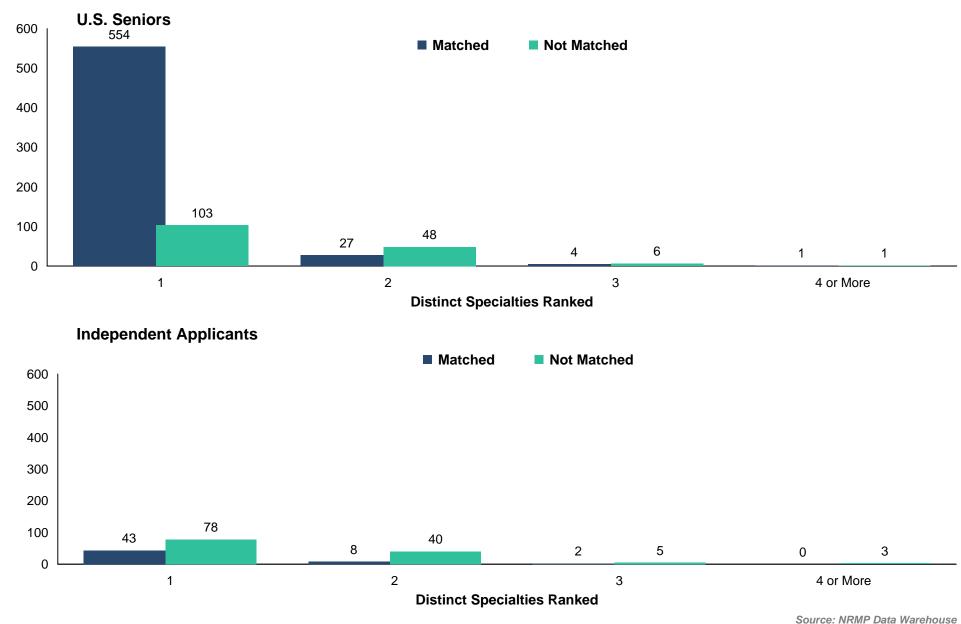


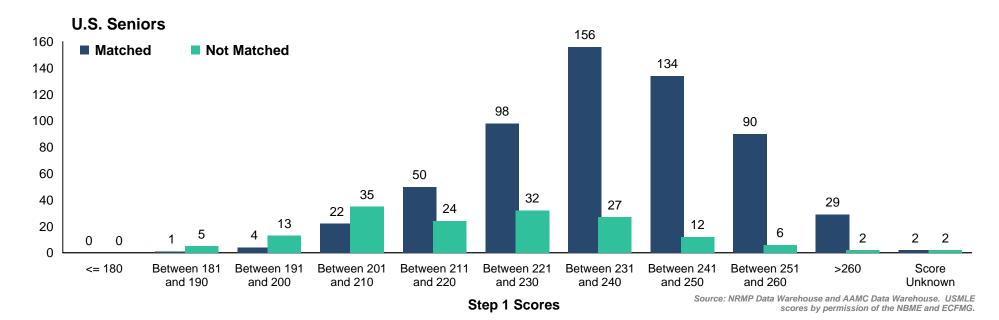


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Orthopaedic Surgery



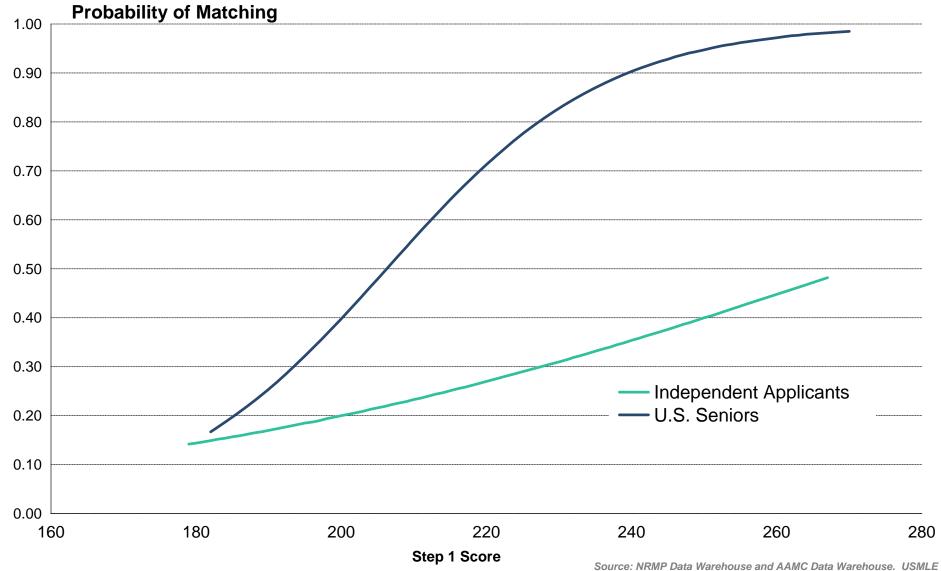






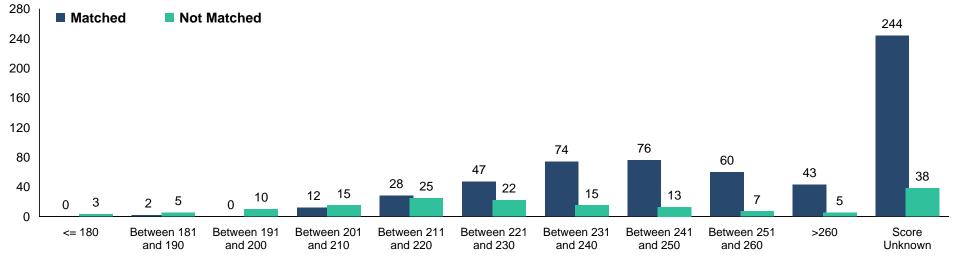


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Orthopaedic Surgery



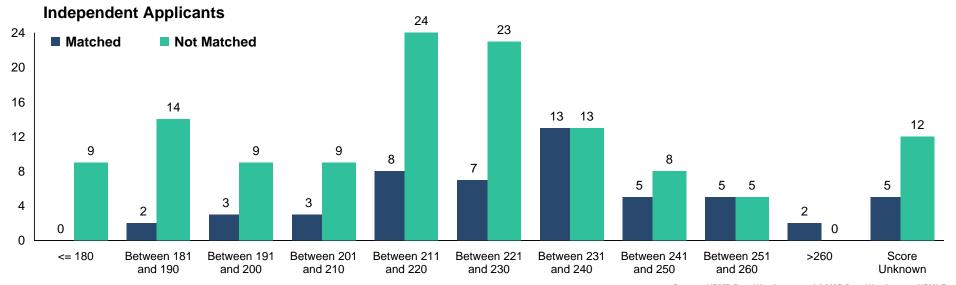
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. Note: Probabilities calculated based on 2007-2009 applicants.





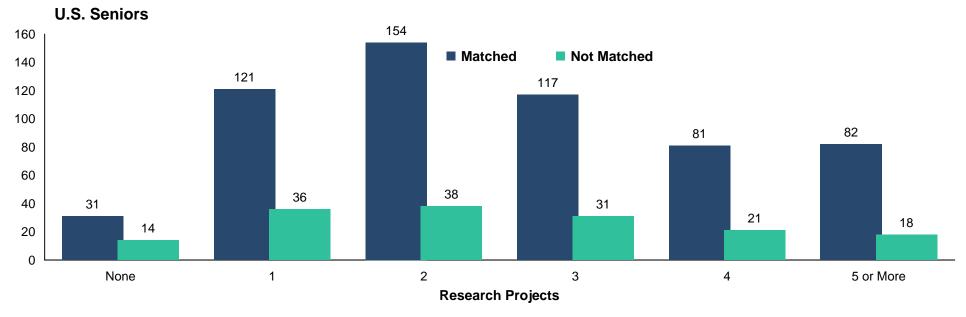
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart ORS-5 Number of Research Projects Orthopaedic Surgery



Independent Applicants

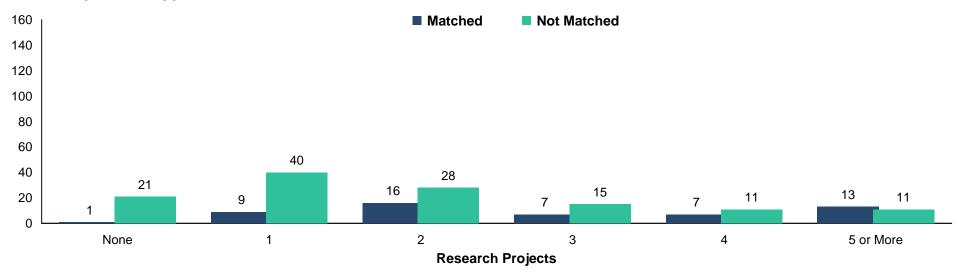
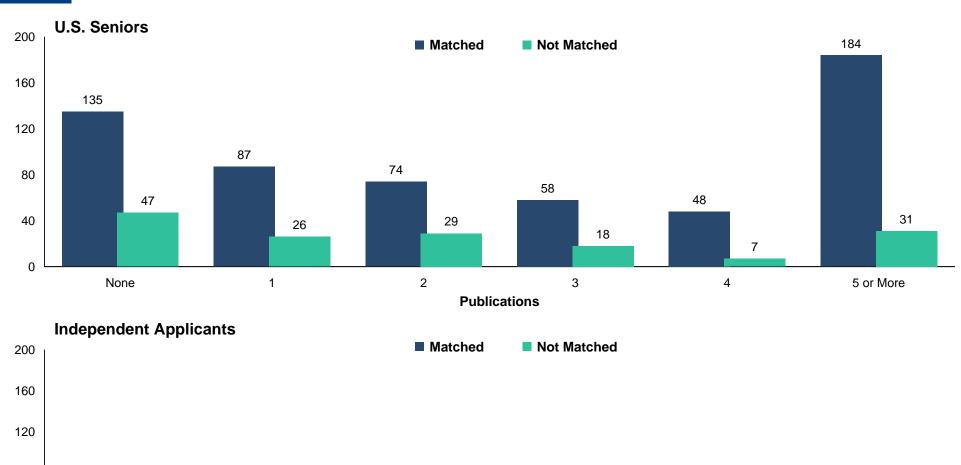


Chart ORS-6

Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Orthopaedic Surgery*



Charting Outcomes in the Match, 2009

5 or More

None

Publications

Chart ORS-7 Number of Work Experiences Orthopaedic Surgery

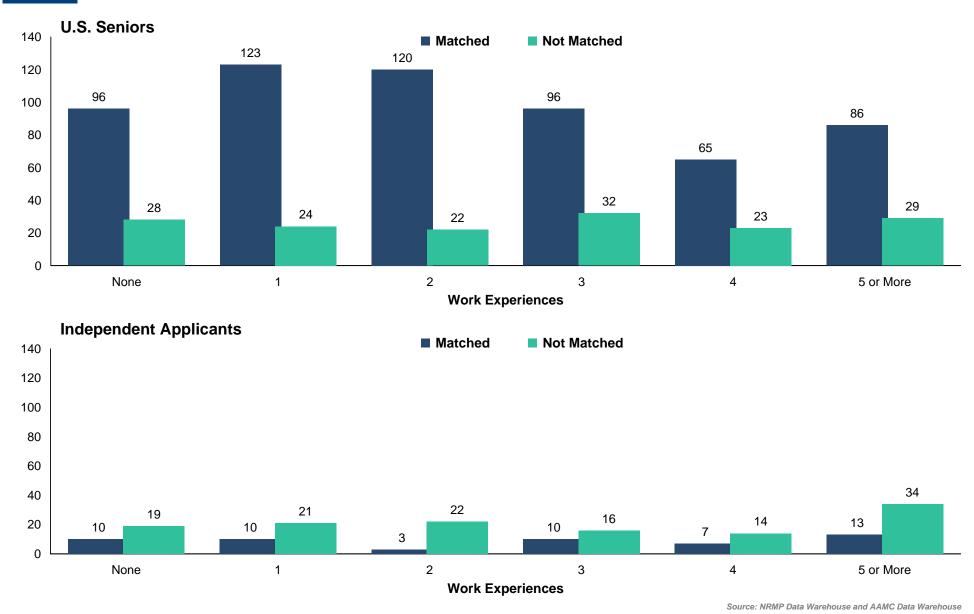
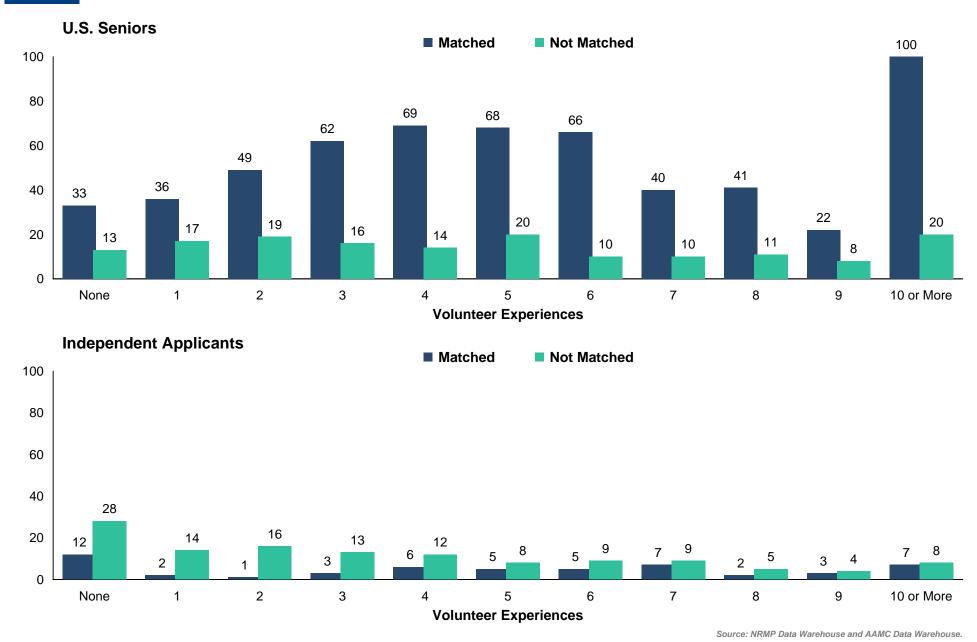
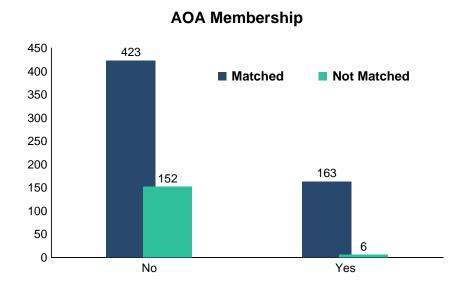
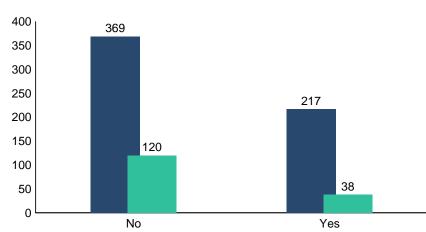


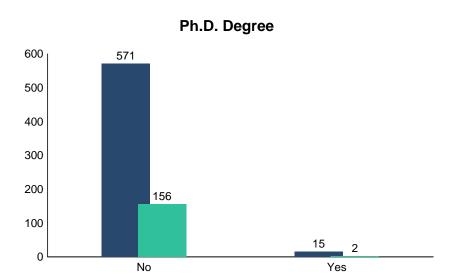
Chart ORS-8 Number of Volunteer Experiences Orthopaedic Surgery



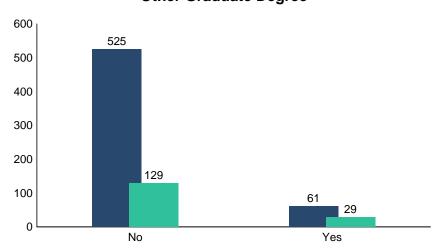


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

OTO Otolaryngology

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=260)	Unmatched (n=66)	Matched (n=10)	Unmatched (n=37)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	11.2	4.8	9.4	2.9
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	240	223	230	216
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	246	227	232	218
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.2
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	4.1	3.3	11.8	5.8
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.5
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.9	6.5	3.2	3.4
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	36.9	9.1	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	40.0	21.2	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.7	1.5	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	11.2	12.1	n/a	n/a

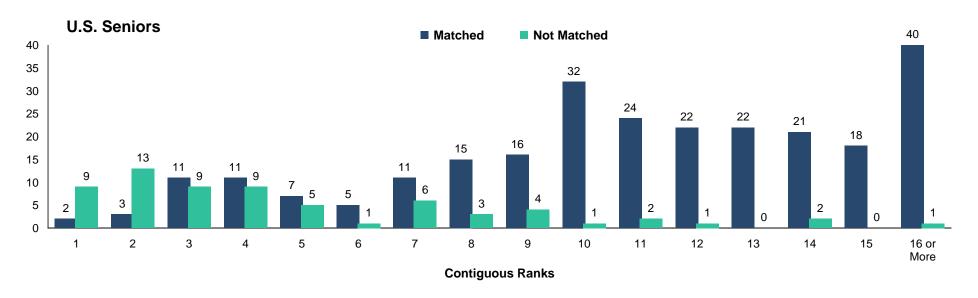
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

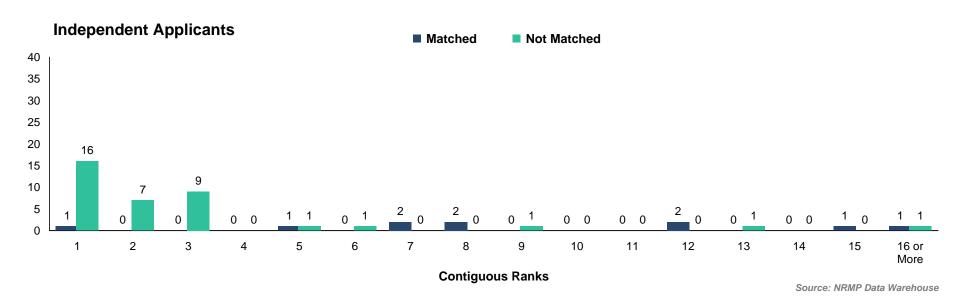
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



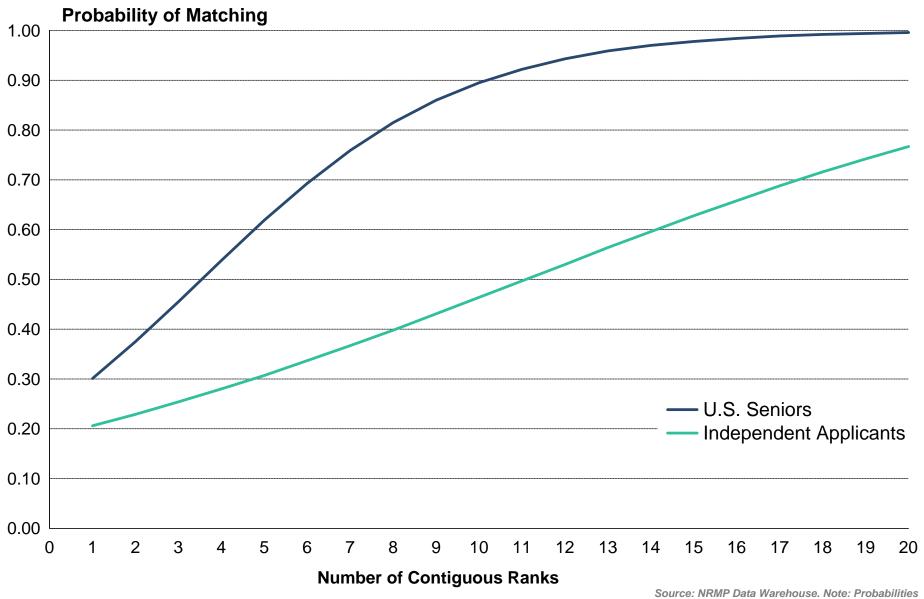
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty *Otolaryngology*



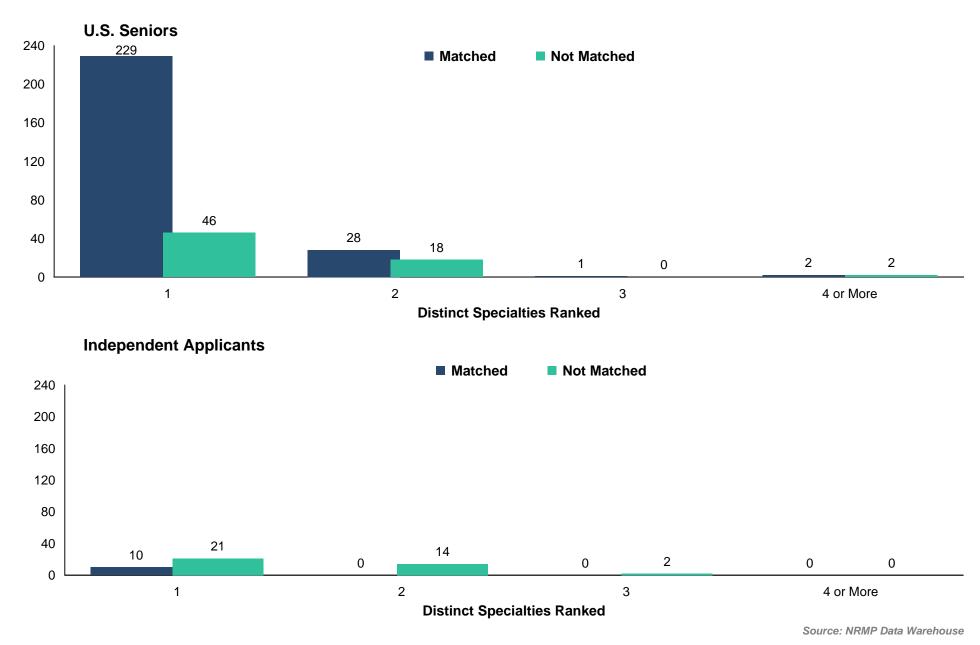


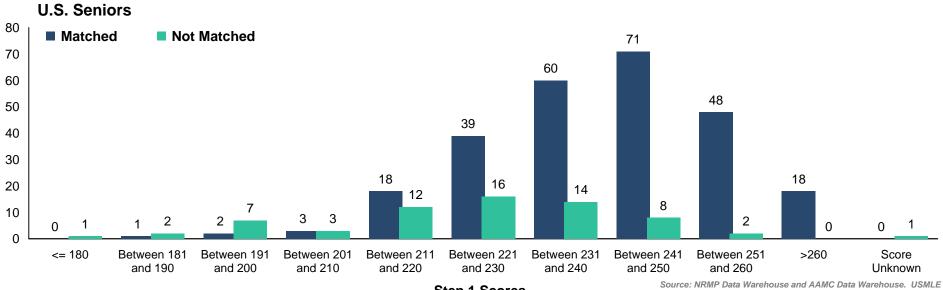


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Otolaryngology*



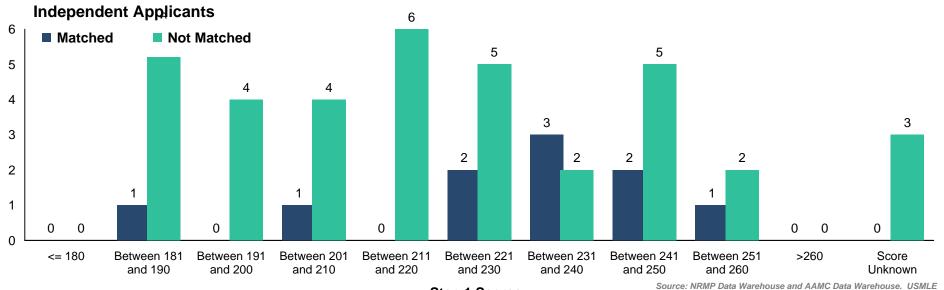






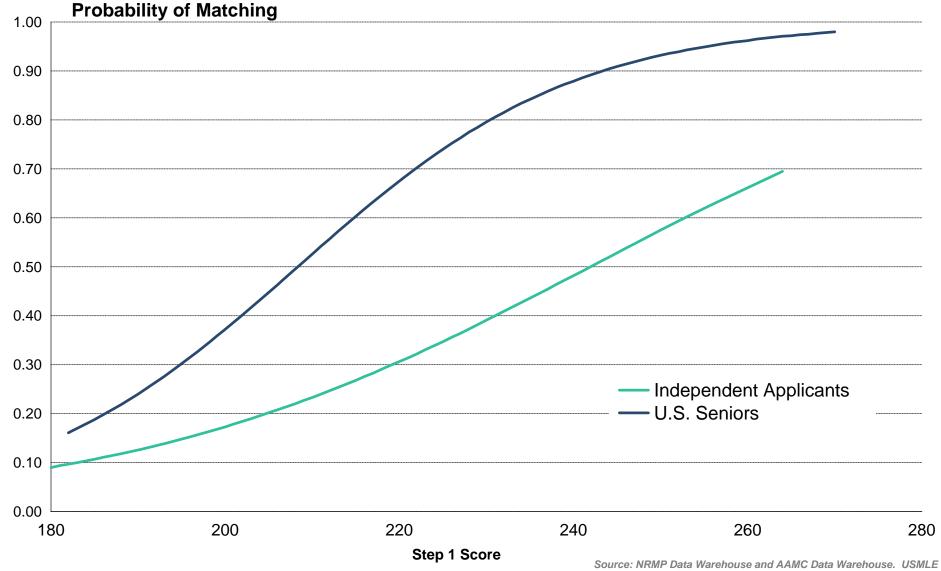


scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

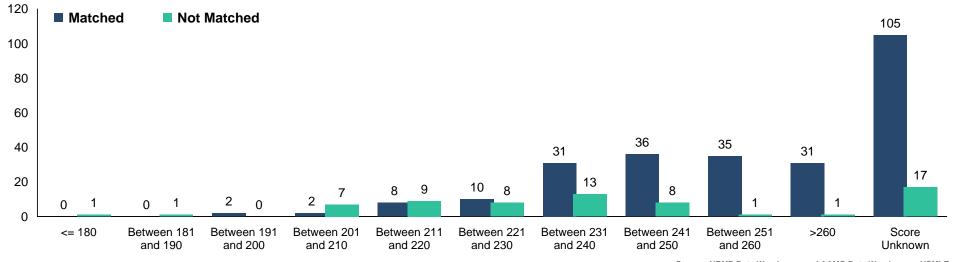


Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Otolaryngology*

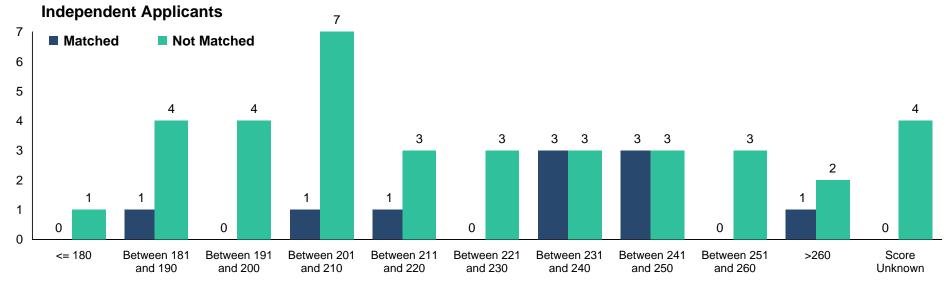


U.S. Seniors



Step 2 Scores

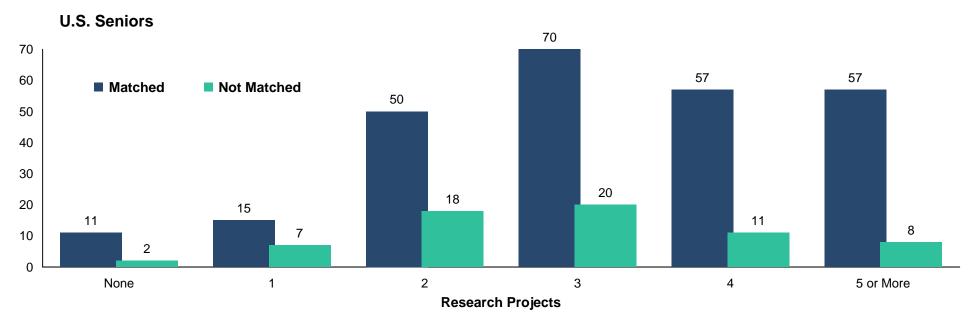
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

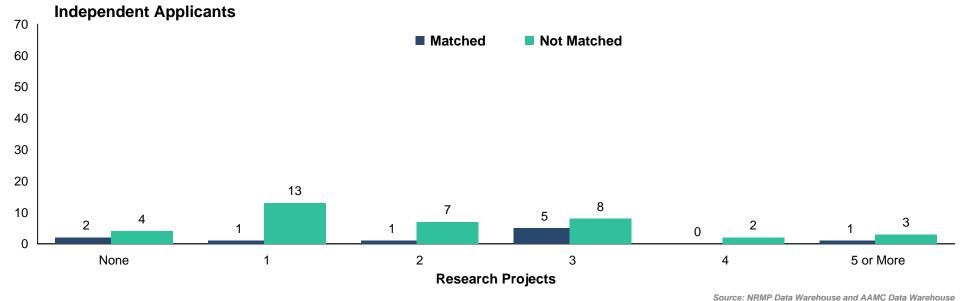


Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart OTO-5 Number of Research Projects Otolaryngology





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Otolaryngology*

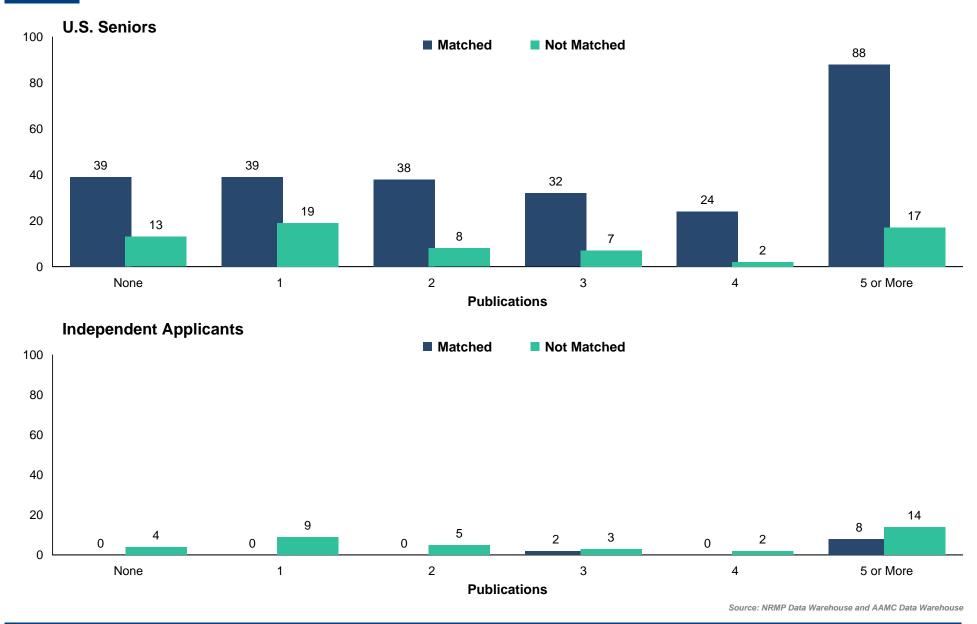


Chart OTO-7 Number of Work Experiences Otolaryngology

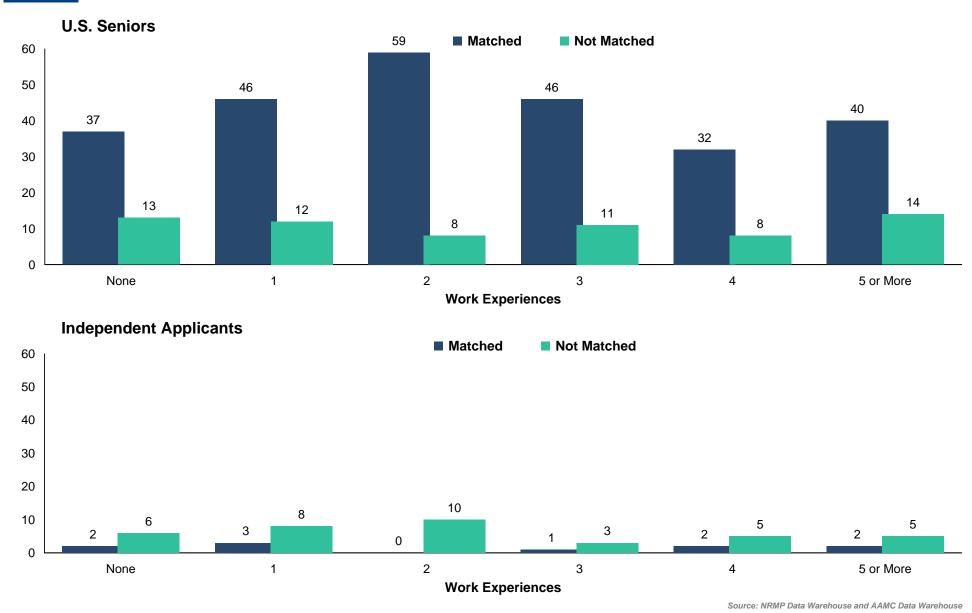
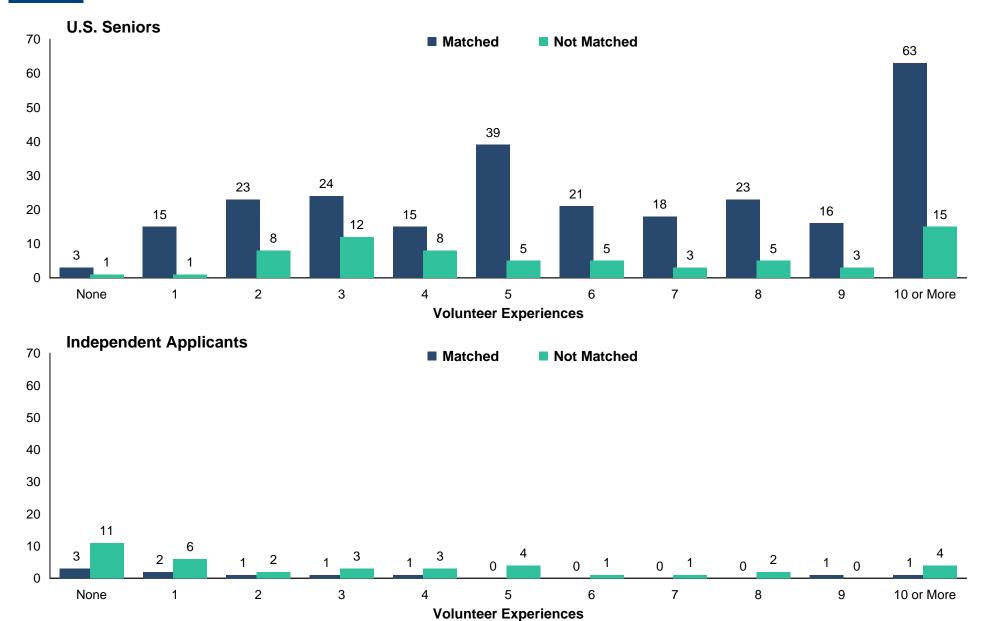
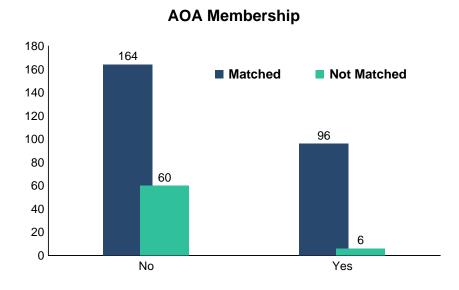
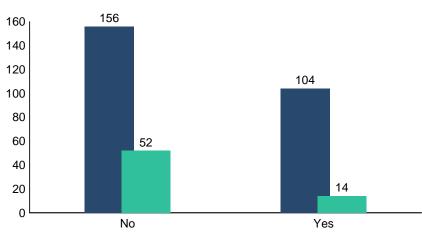


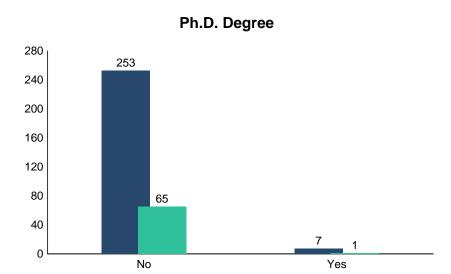
Chart OTO-8 Number of Volunteer Experiences Otolaryngology



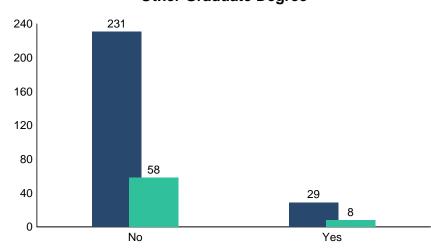


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

PTH Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical

	U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure	Matched (n=316)	Unmatched (n=20)	Matched (n=164)	Unmatched (n=208)
1. Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.1	3.7	5.5	2.8
2. Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5
3. Mean USMLE Step 1 score	227	210	223	210
4. Mean USMLE Step 2 score	230	209	222	208
5. Mean number of research experiences	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.5
Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	4.1	2.8	6.0	6.2
7. Mean number of work experiences	2.4	2.7	2.6	3.3
8. Mean number of volunteer experiences	4.4	4.1	2.7	1.8
9. Percentage who are AOA members	13.3	0.0	n/a	n/a
 Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding 	36.7	30.0	n/a	n/a
11. Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	16.1	5.0	n/a	n/a
12. Percentage who have another graduate degree	8.9	10.0	n/a	n/a

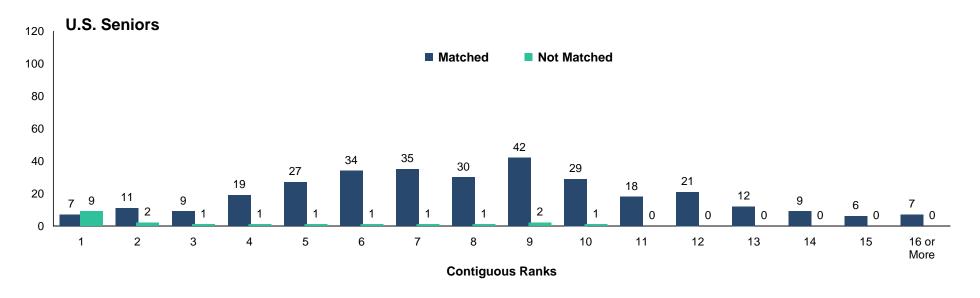
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

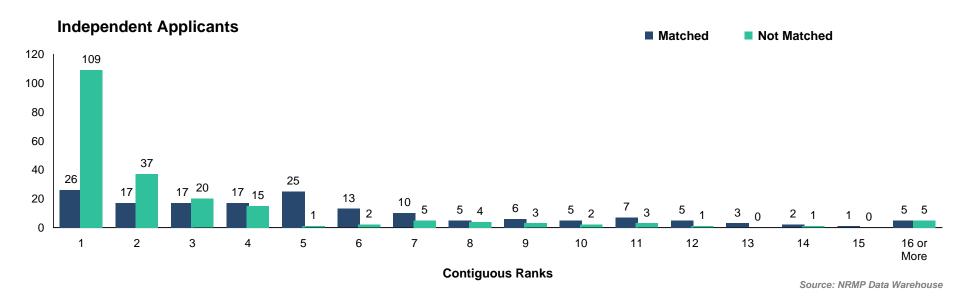
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



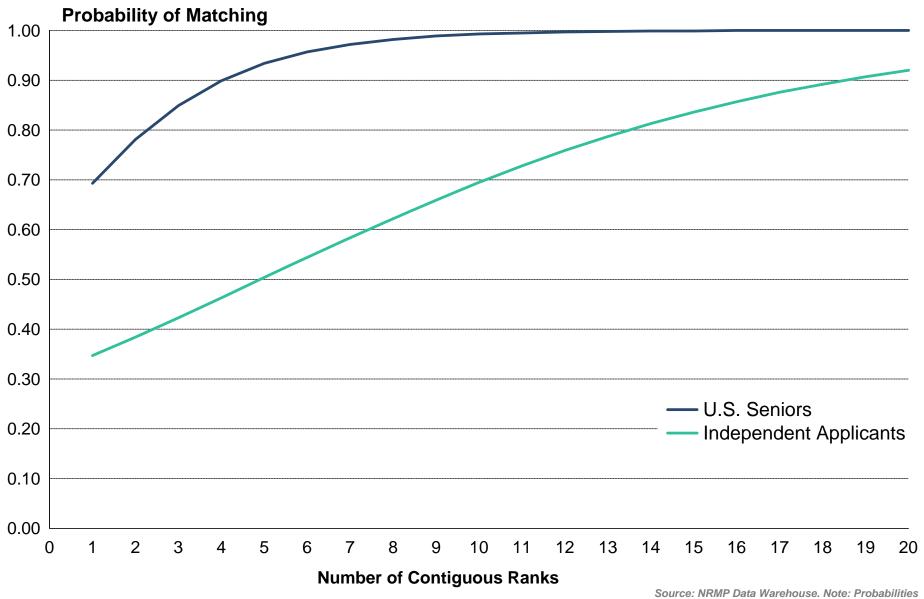
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical





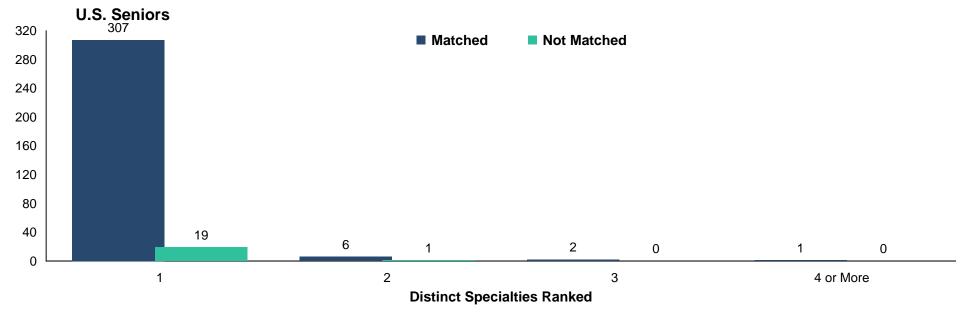


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical

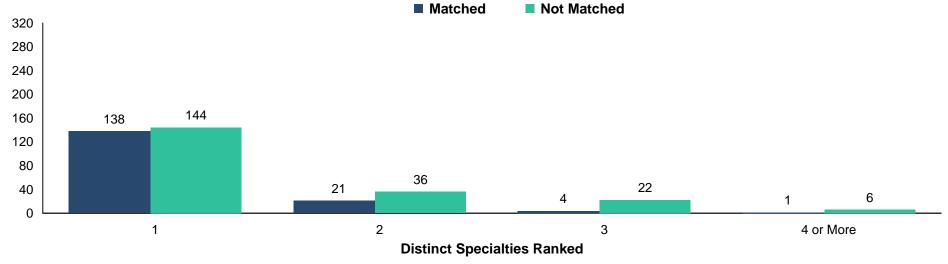


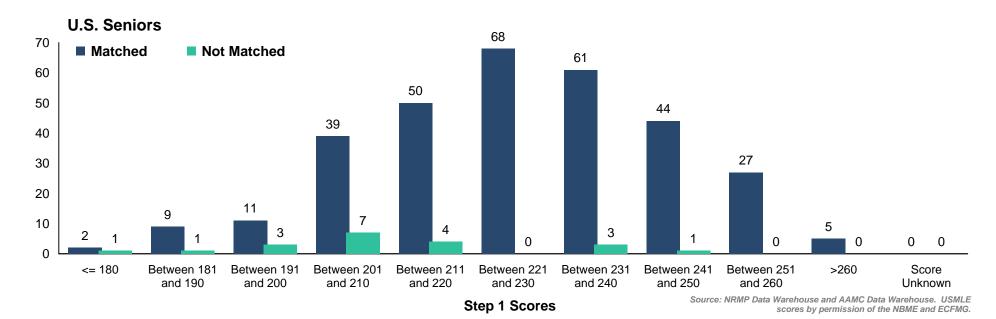


Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical



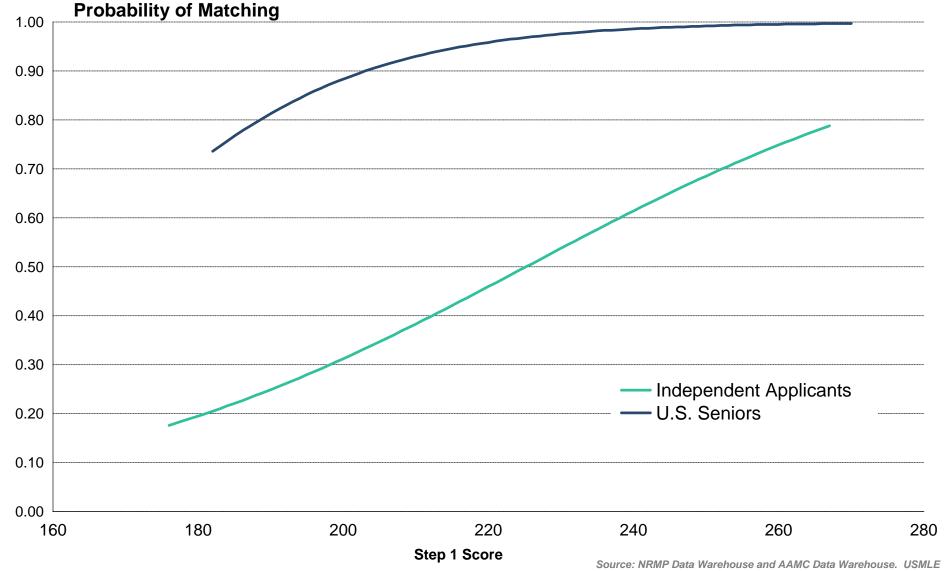


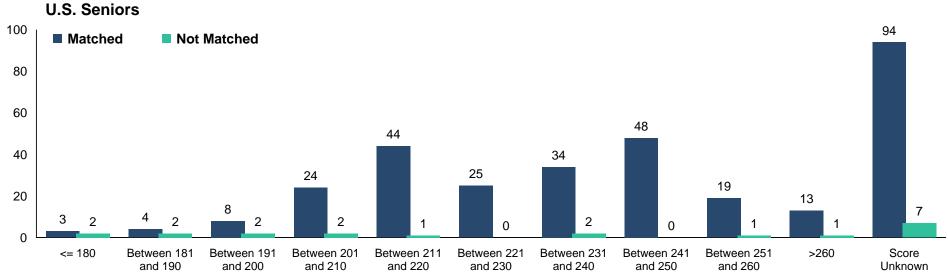




Independent Applicants 40 ■ Matched Not Matched 35 35 32 30 30 25 25 24 25 21 20 18 17 17 13 15 10 5 <= 180 Between 181 Between 191 Between 201 Between 211 Between 221 Between 231 Between 241 Between 251 Score >260 and 230 and 190 and 200 and 210 and 220 and 240 and 250 and 260 Unknown Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. **Step 1 Scores**

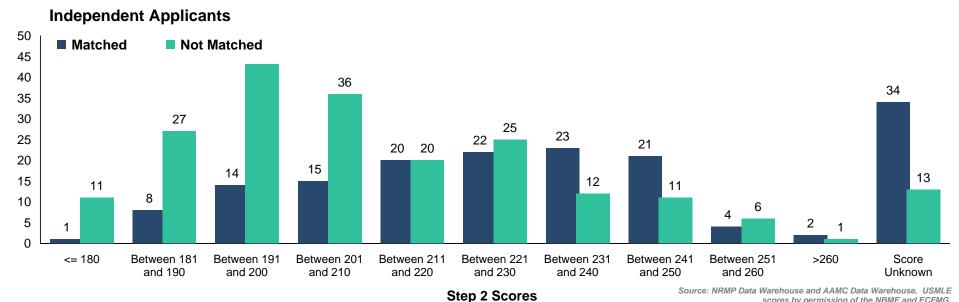
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical





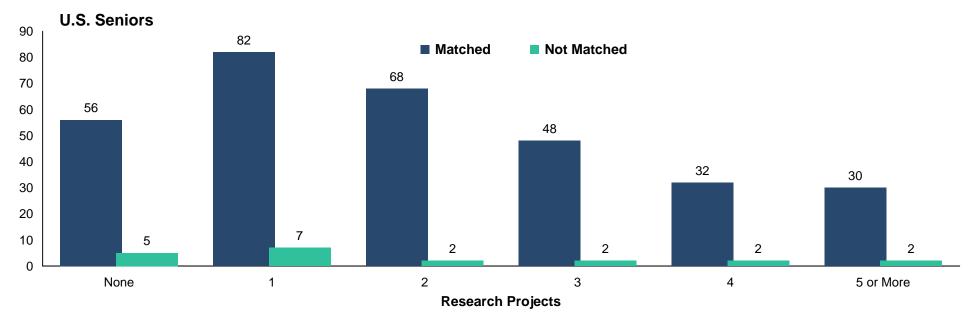
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

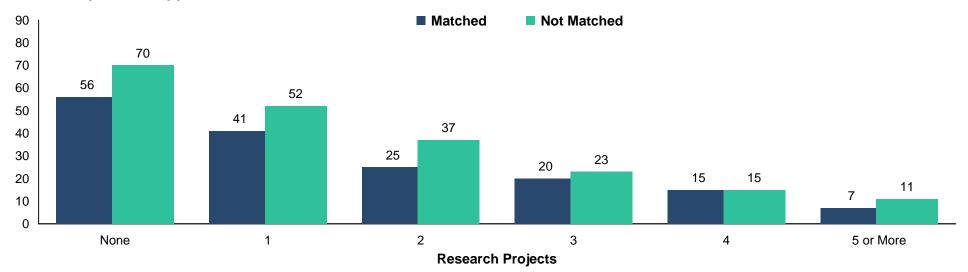


scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart PTH-5 Number of Research Projects Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical

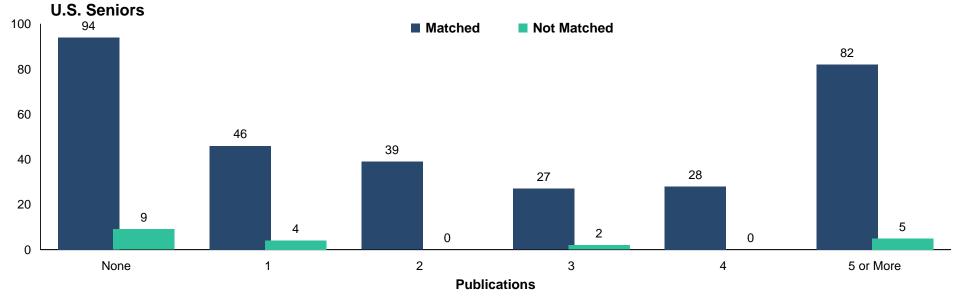


Independent Applicants





Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical



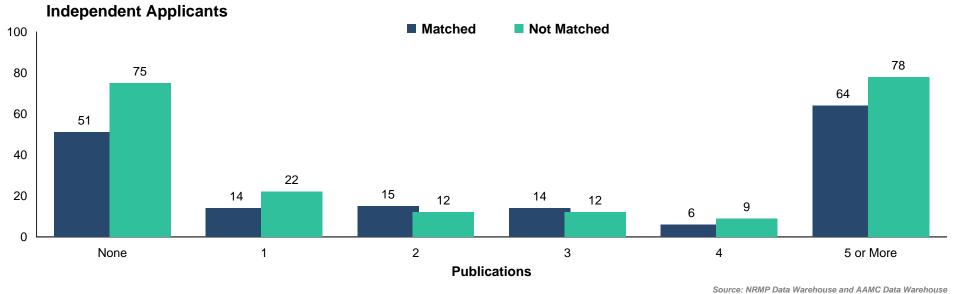


Chart PTH-7 Number of Work Experiences Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical



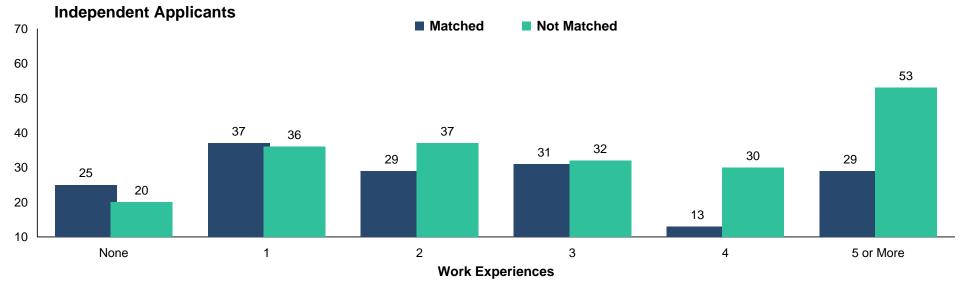


Chart PTH-8

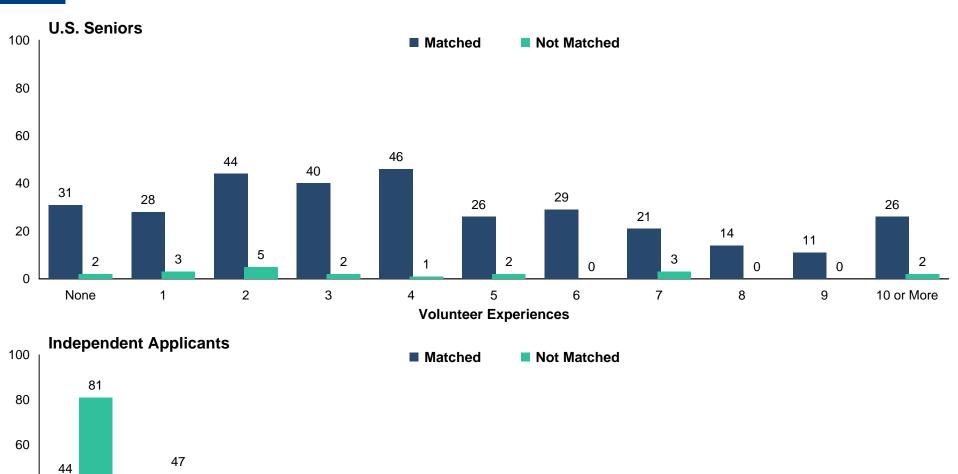
Number of Volunteer Experiences Pathology-Anatomic and Clinical

27 27

2

25

3



7 8 9 10 or More

1

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse.

None

26

1

40

20

10

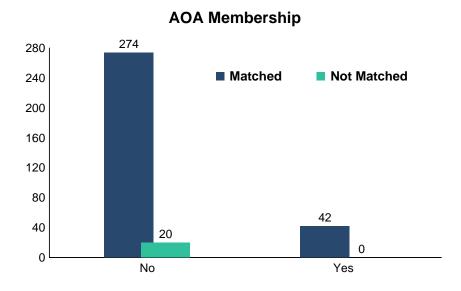
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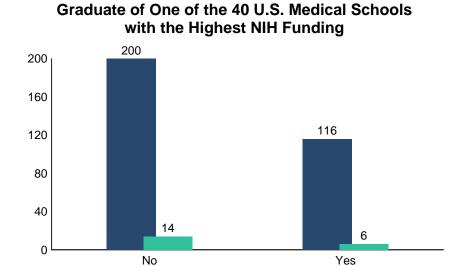
Volunteer Experiences

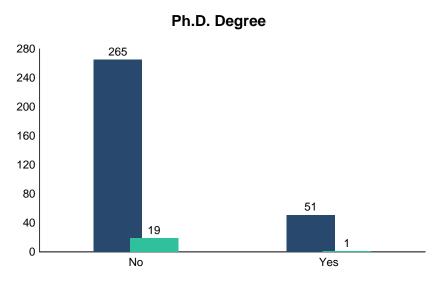
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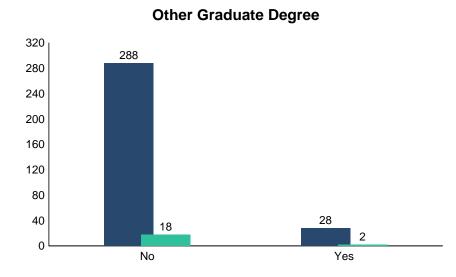
14 13

4









Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

PD Pediatrics

Table Summary Statistics PD-1 Pediatrics

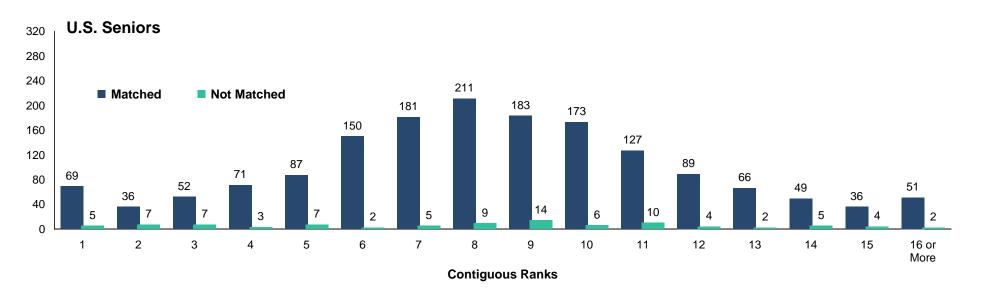
		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=1,631)	Unmatched (n=92)	Matched (n=574)	Unmatched (n=500)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.4	8.1	5.8	2.5
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	220	212	214	205
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	229	220	220	208
5.	Mean number of research experiences	1.8	2.0	1.2	1.2
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.2
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.7	2.8	3.3	3.8
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	7.2	6.9	4.1	2.7
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	12.1	5.4	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	33.4	33.7	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	4.2	3.3	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	9.3	10.9	n/a	n/a

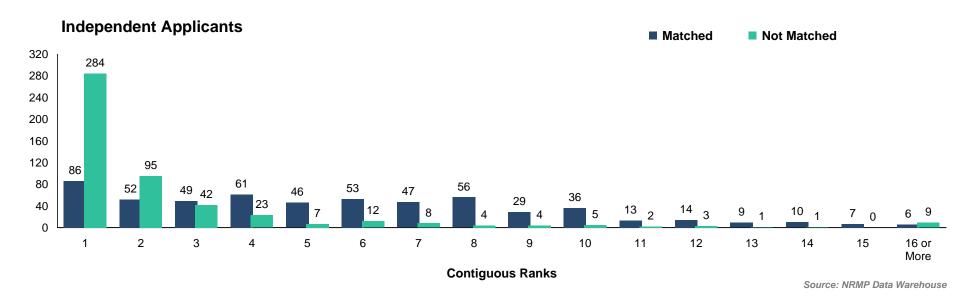
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

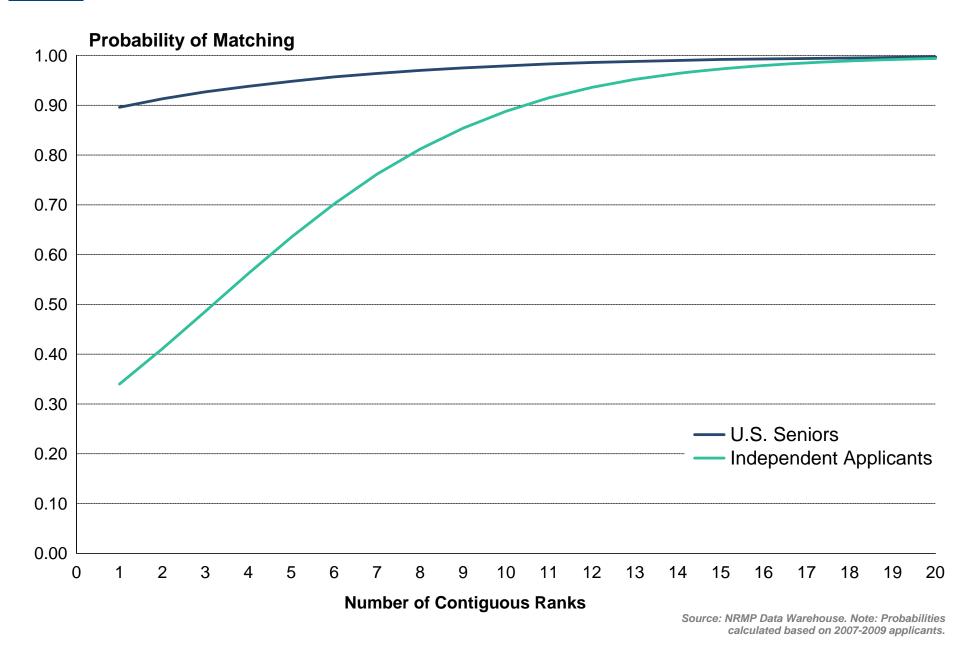
Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty *Pediatrics*



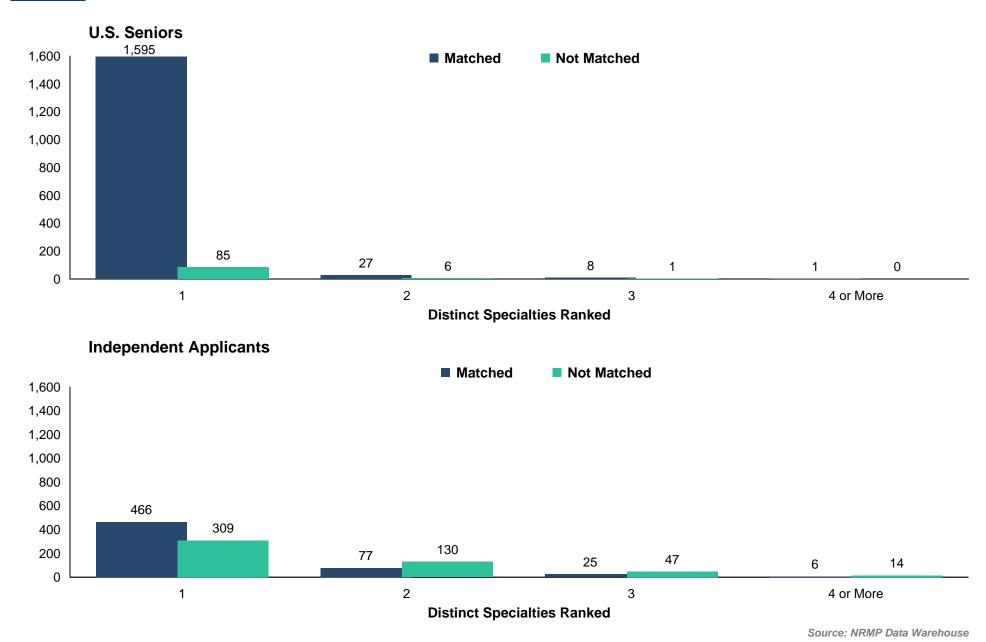


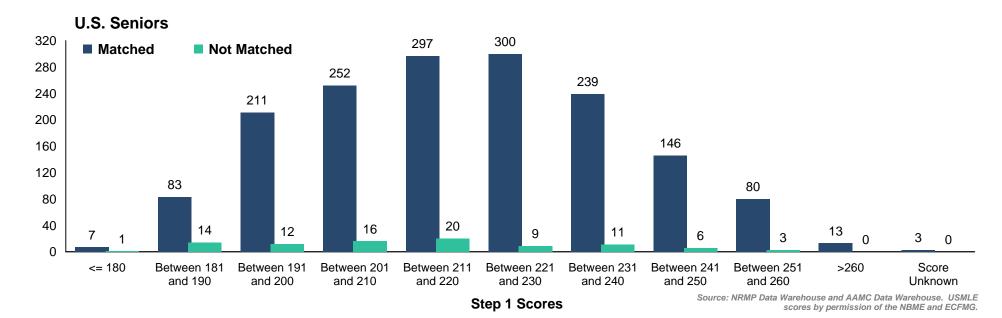
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Pediatrics*

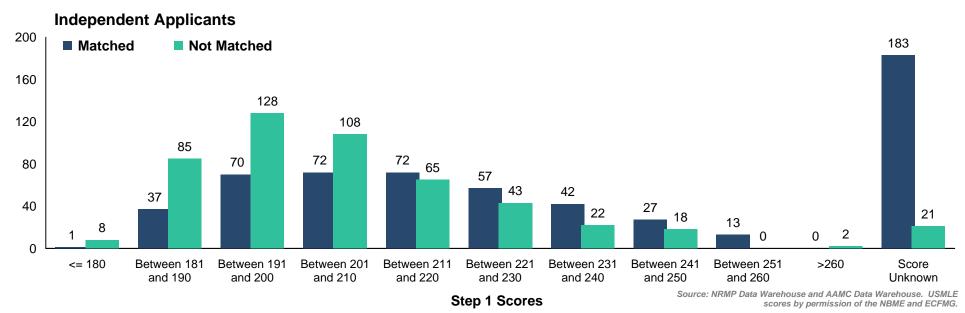




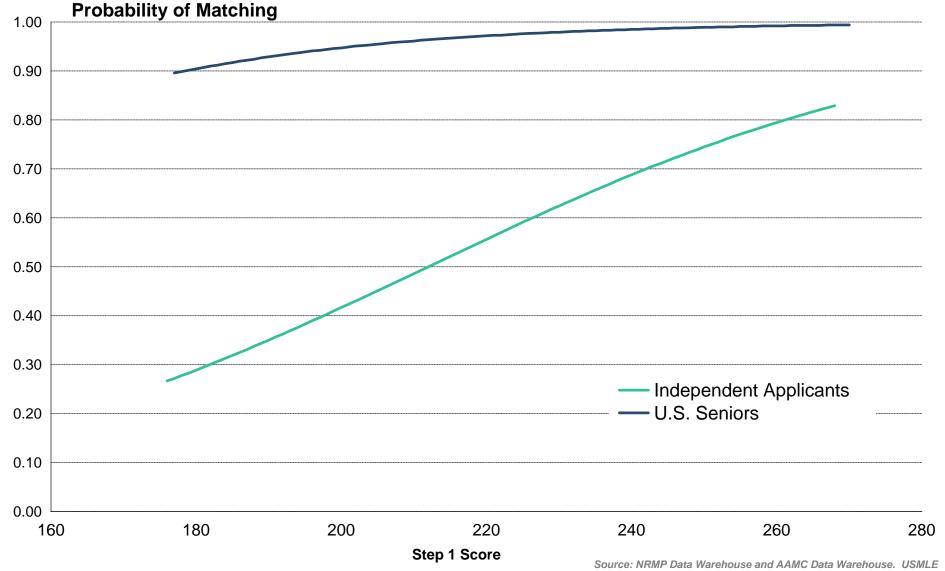
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked *Pediatrics*

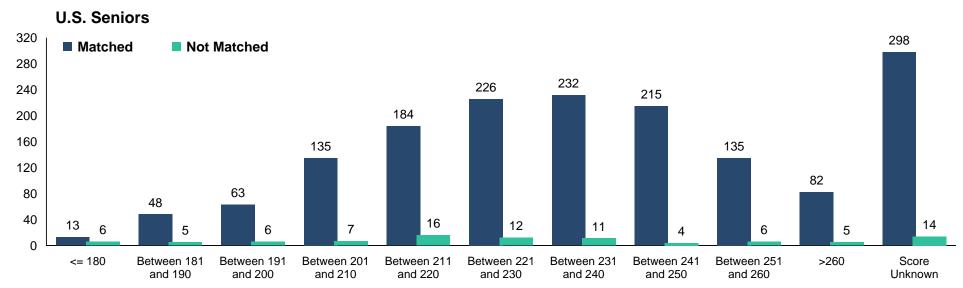






Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Pediatrics*





Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

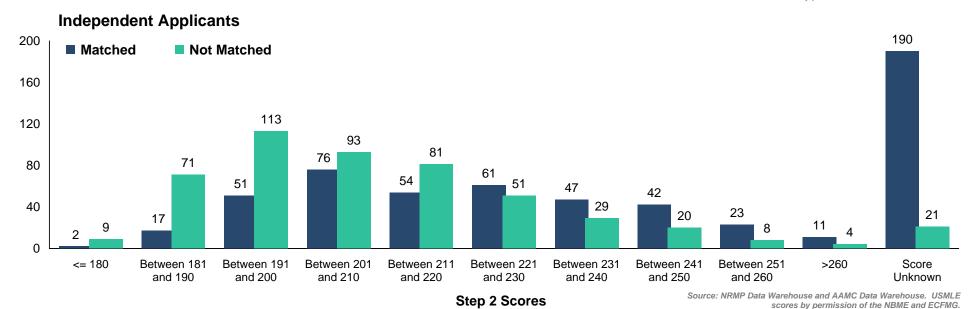
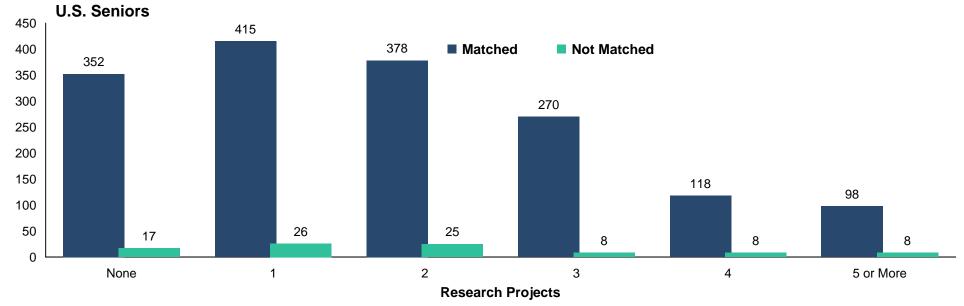
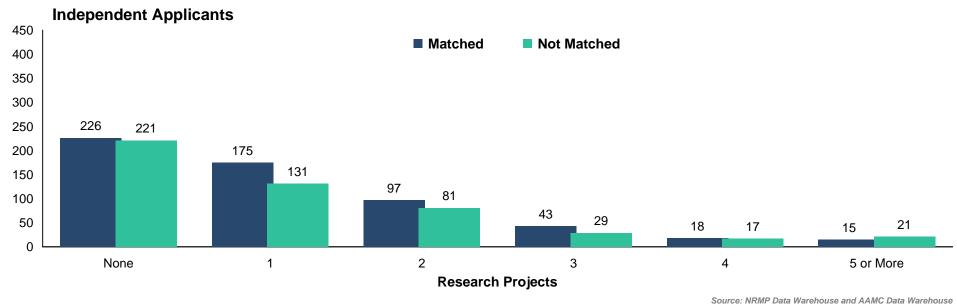


Chart PD-5

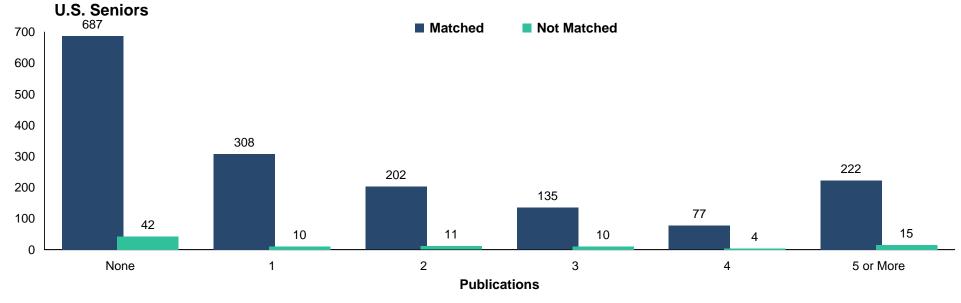
Number of Research Projects *Pediatrics*







Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Pediatrics*



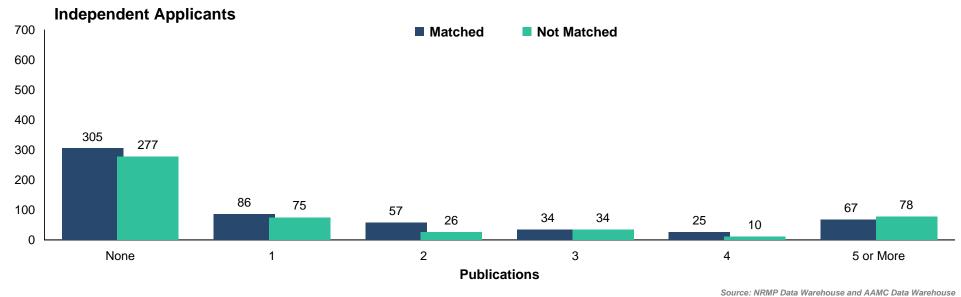
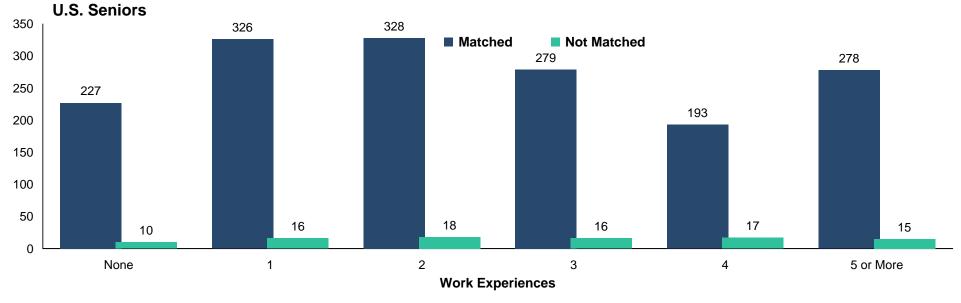


Chart PD-7 Number of Work Experiences Pediatrics



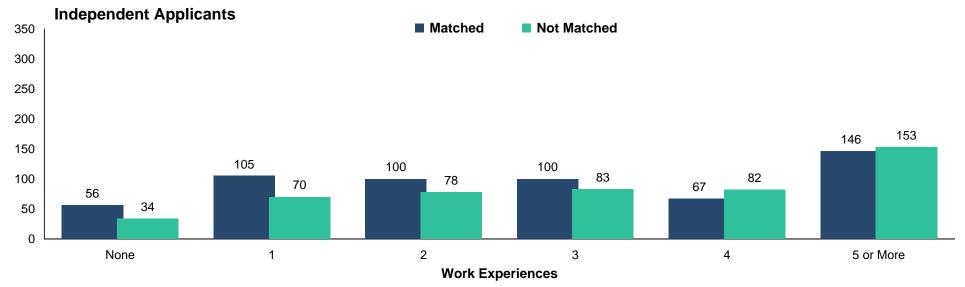
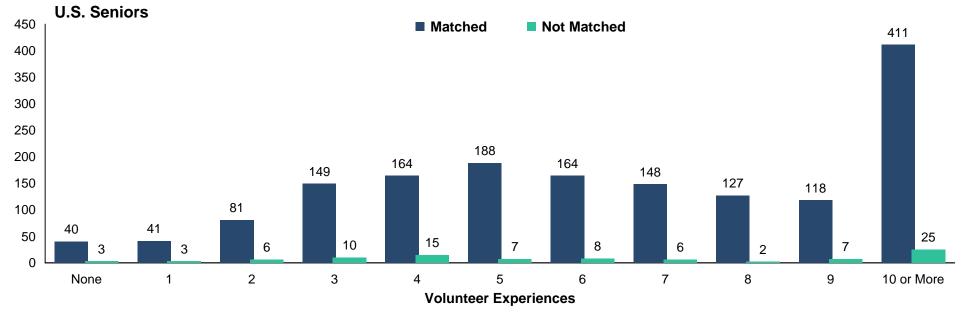
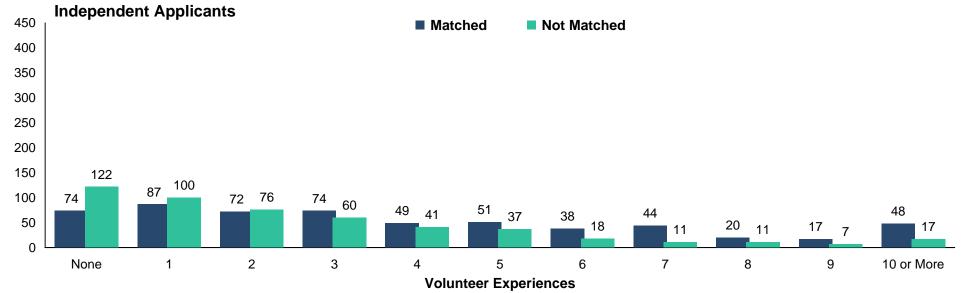


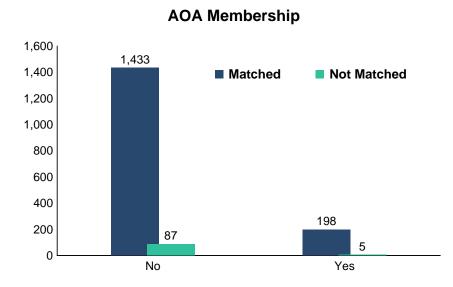
Chart PD-8

Number of Volunteer Experiences Pediatrics

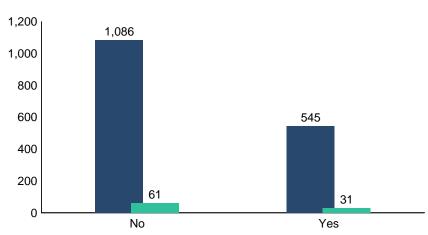


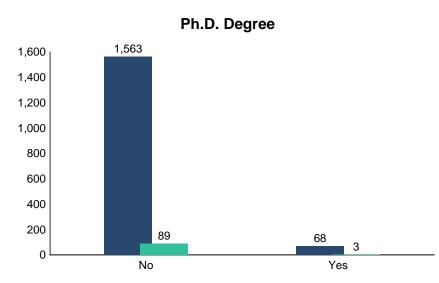


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors *Pediatrics*

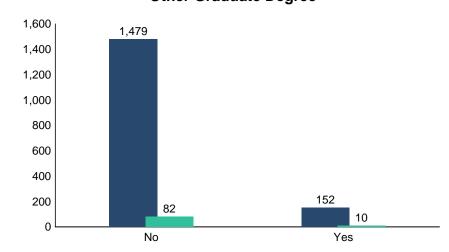


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

PM Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=135)	Unmatched (n=36)	Matched (n=156)	Unmatched (n=152)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	9.3	9.3	7.2	3.9
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.6
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	214	206	211	201
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	219	214	211	202
5.	Mean number of research experiences	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.2
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.3	2.4	1.7	2.3
7.	Mean number of work experiences	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.5
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.5	5.5	5.2	3.4
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	5.2	0.0	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	26.7	25.0	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	1.5	2.8	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	15.6	11.1	n/a	n/a

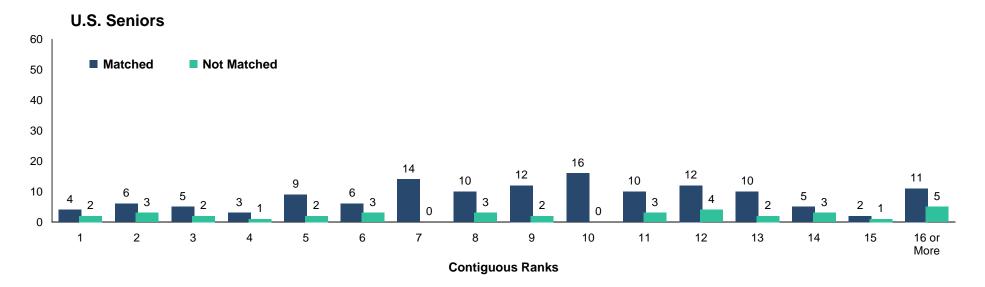
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

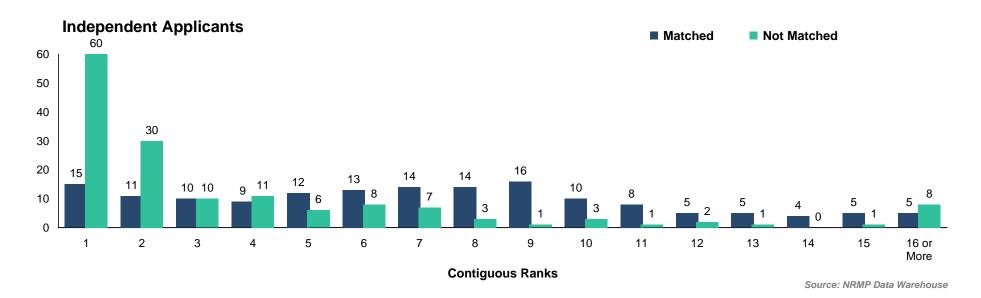
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

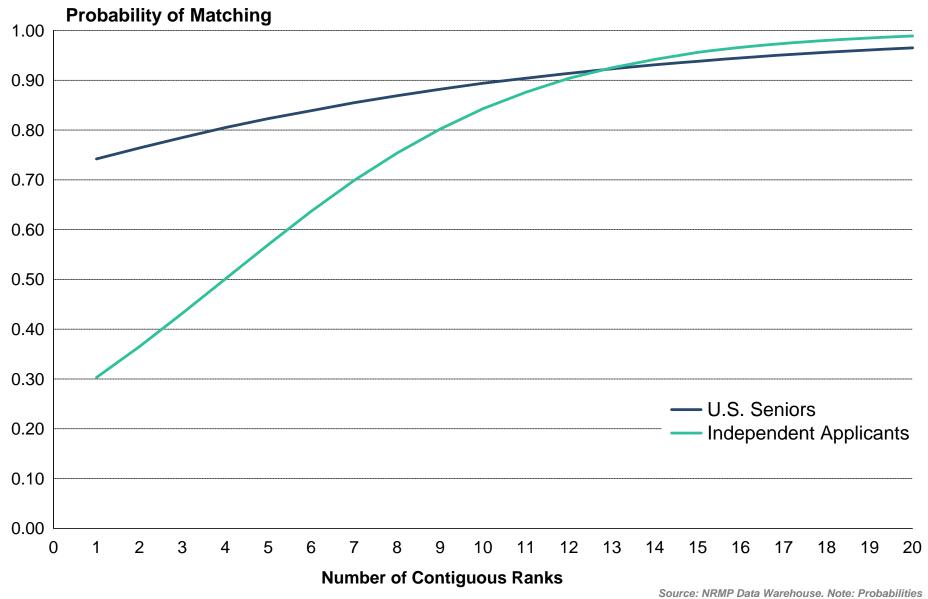
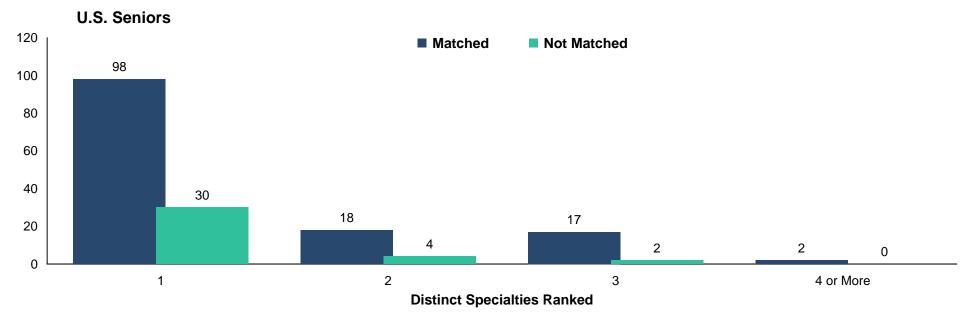
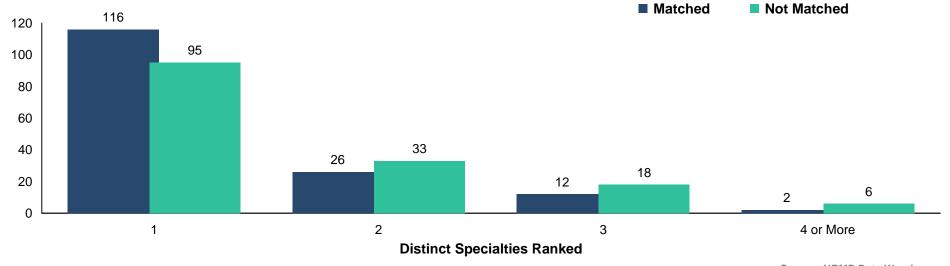


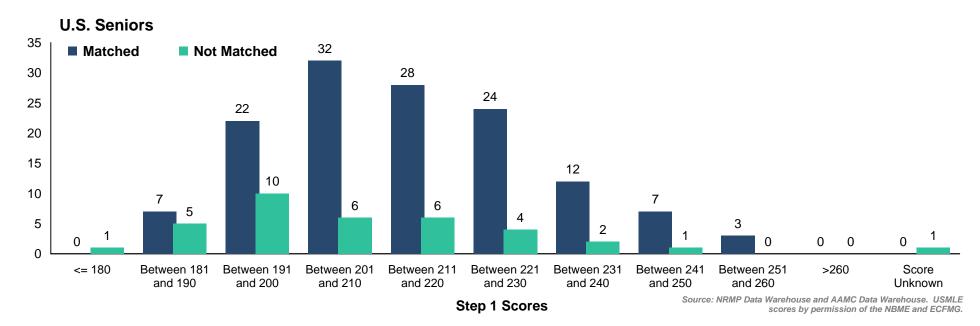
Chart PM-2

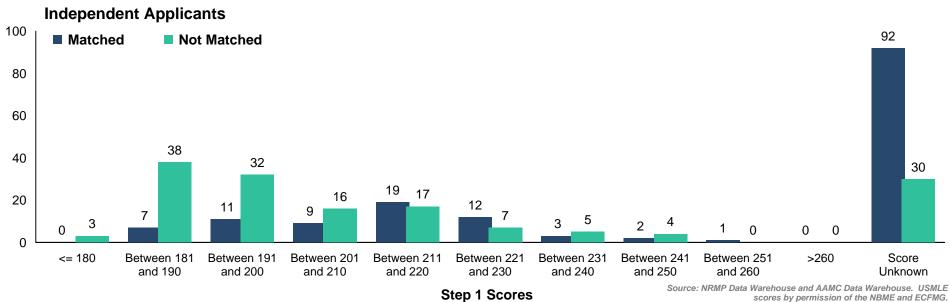
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation



Independent Applicants

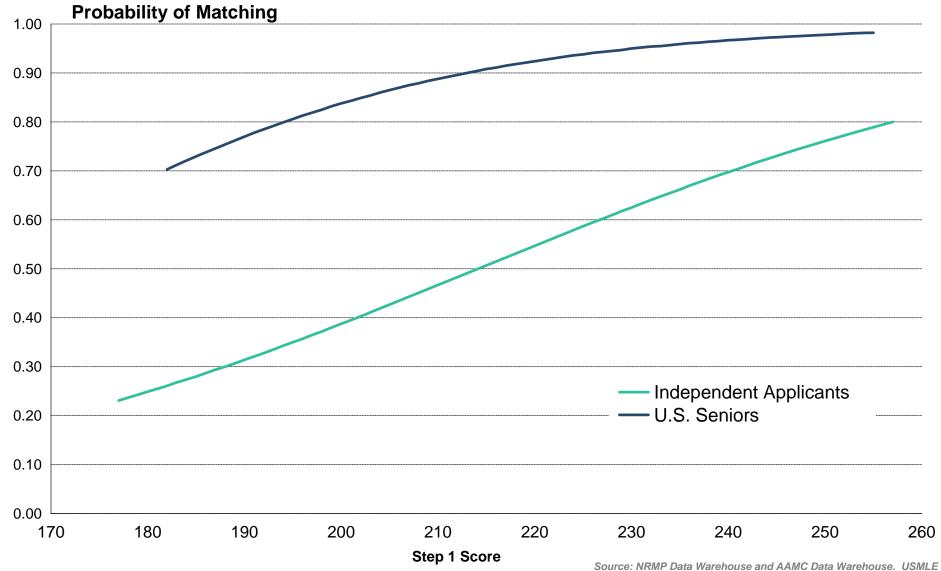




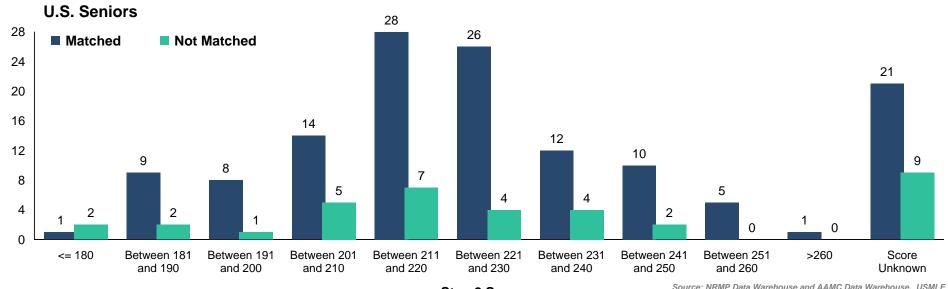




Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation



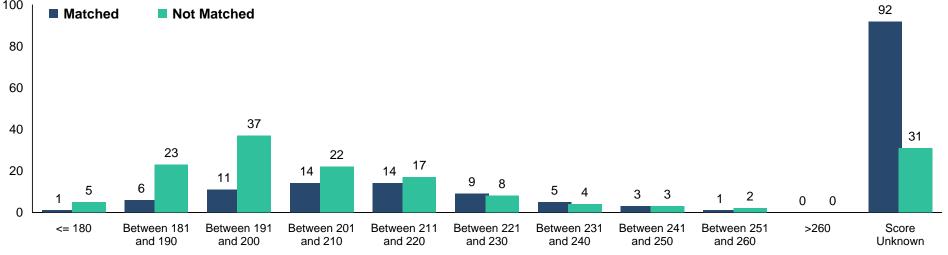
Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. Note: Probabilities calculated based on 2007-2009 applicants.



Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



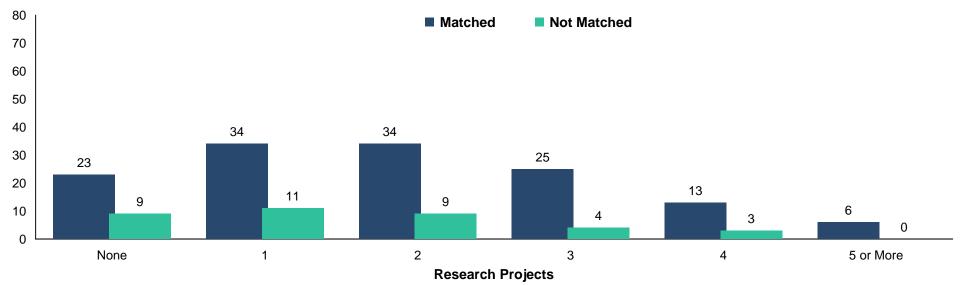


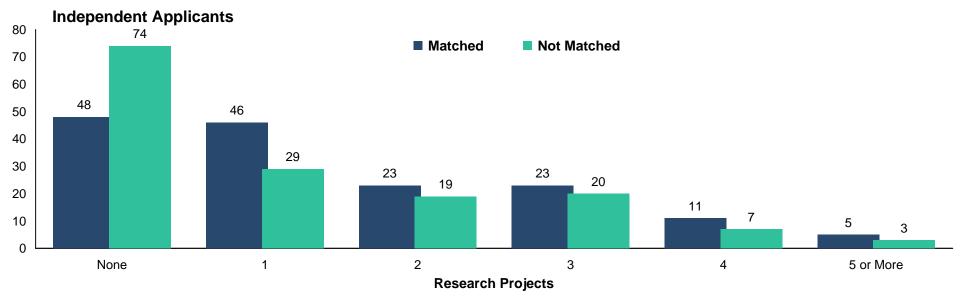
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Chart PM-5 Number of Research Projects Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

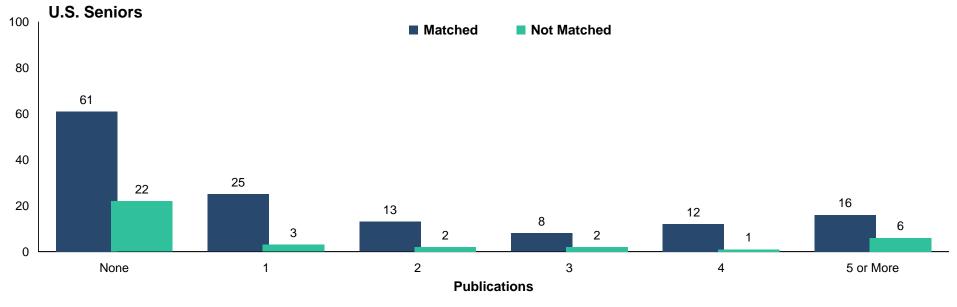








Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation



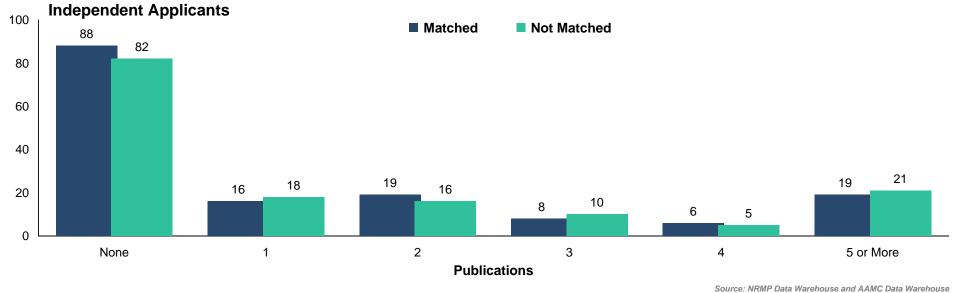
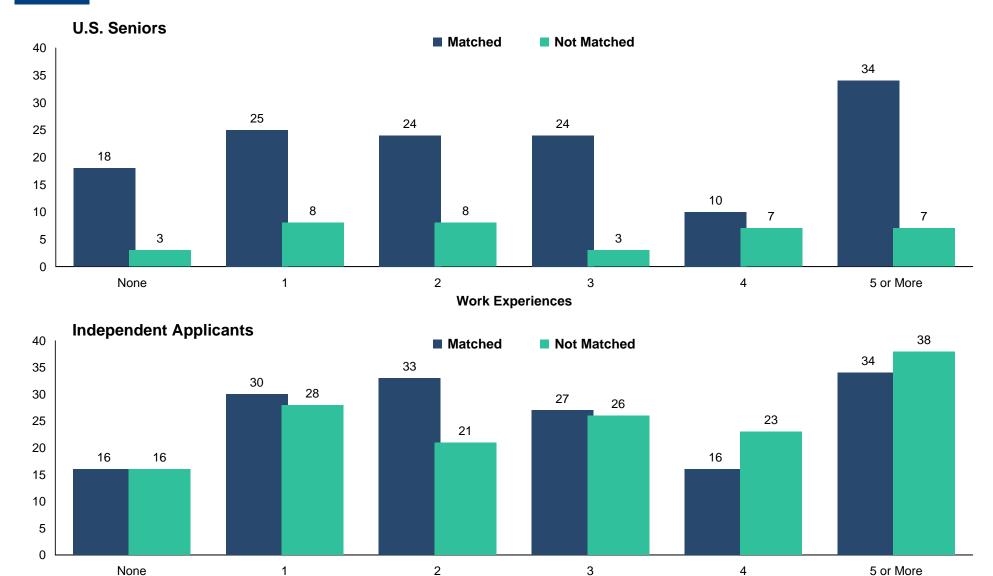


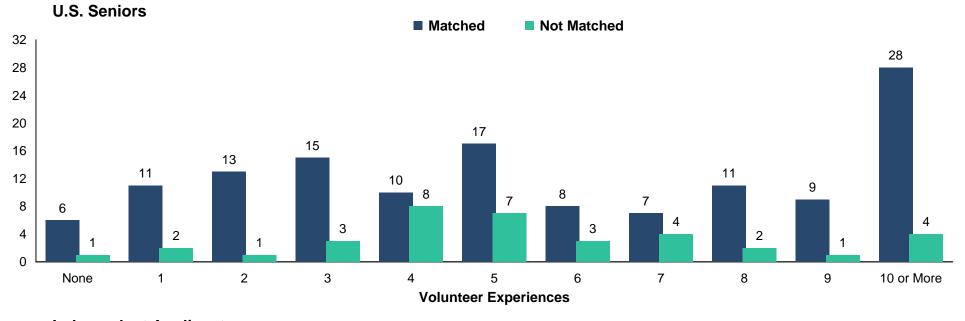
Chart PM-7 Number of Work Experiences Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

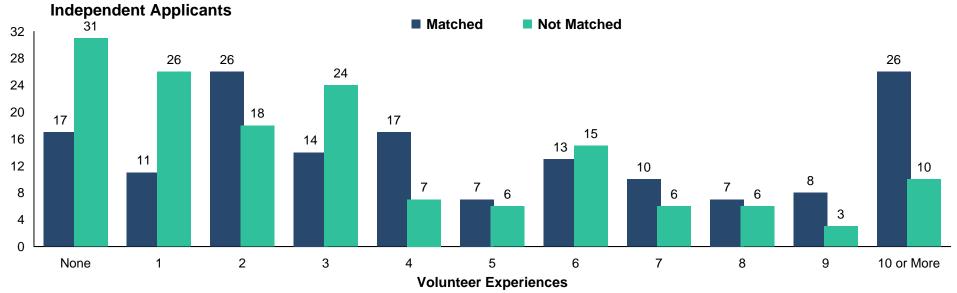


Work Experiences

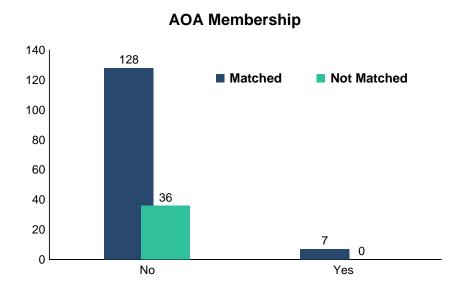


Number of Volunteer Experiences Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

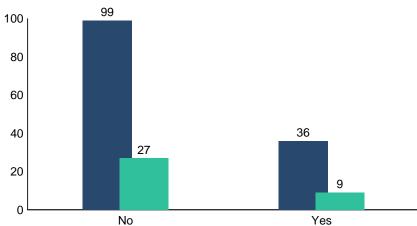


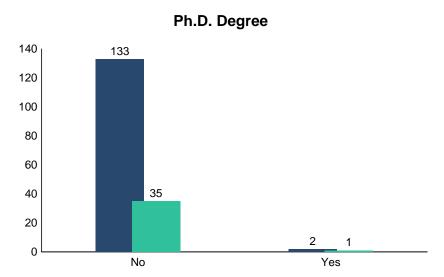


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation

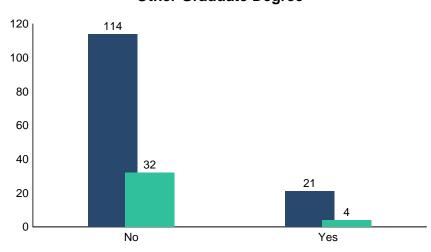


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

PS Plastic Surgery

Table Summary Statistics PS-1 Plastic Surgery

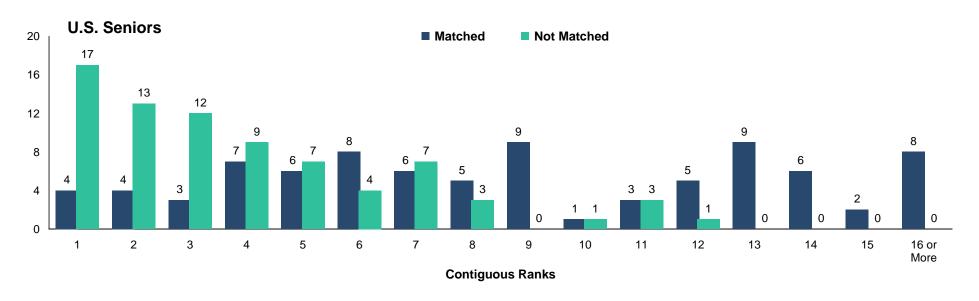
	U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants		
Measure		Matched (n=86)	Unmatched (n=77)	Matched (n=12)	Unmatched (n=17)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	8.9	3.9	3.6	2.6
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.8
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	245	232	224	221
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	246	233	219	226
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.6	3.1	3.4	2.4
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	8.1	5.0	16.8	9.4
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.9	2.8	3.6	2.2
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.8	6.1	3.8	3.5
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	41.9	14.3	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	51.2	48.1	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	2.3	9.1	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.5	10.4	n/a	n/a

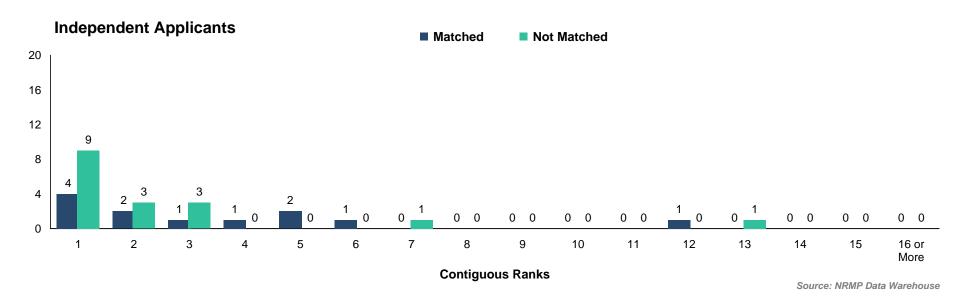
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Plastic Surgery







Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Plastic Surgery

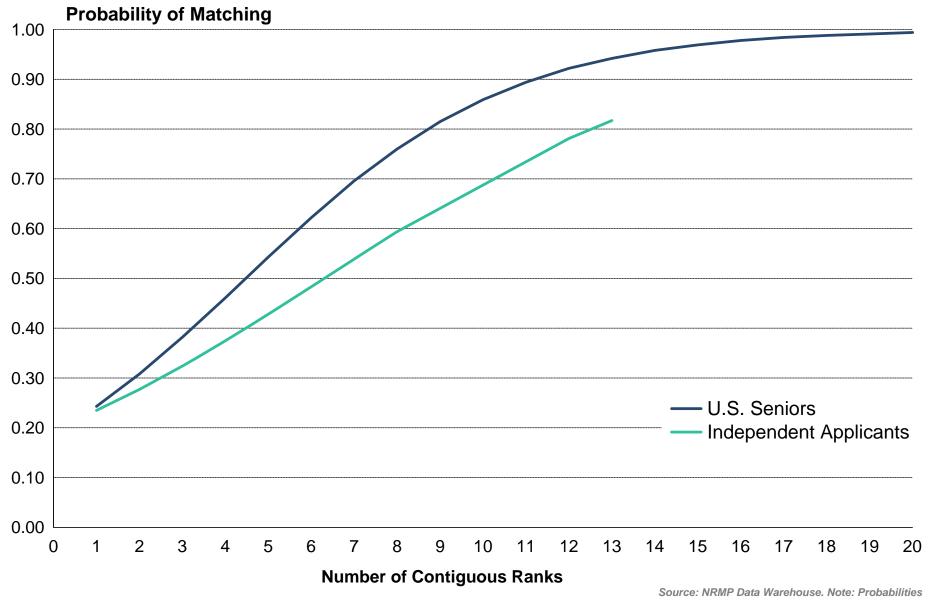
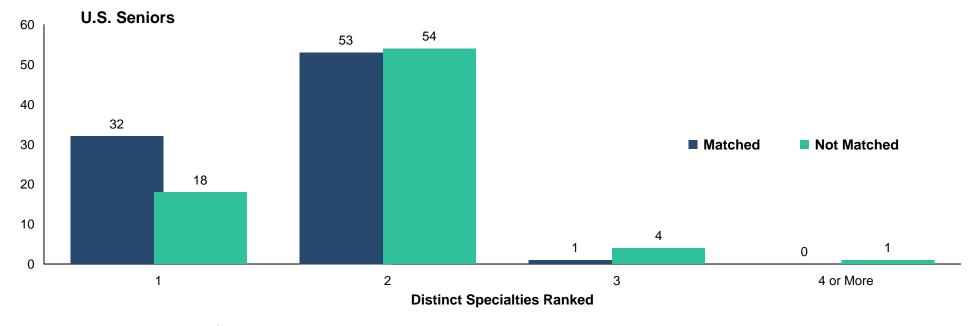
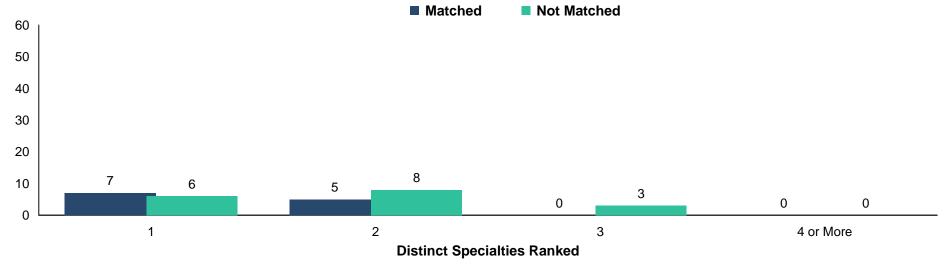


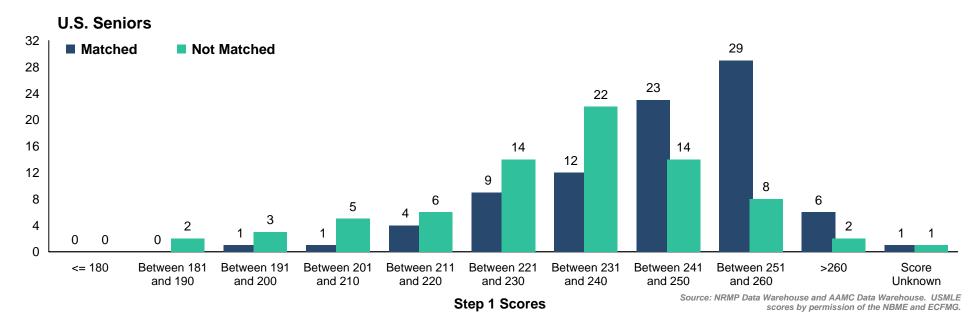
Chart PS-2

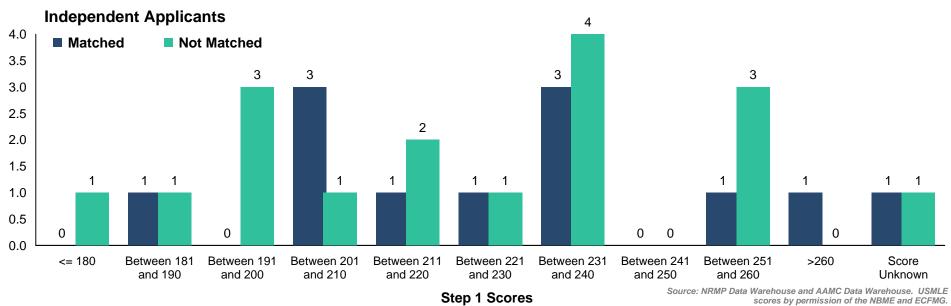
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Plastic Surgery



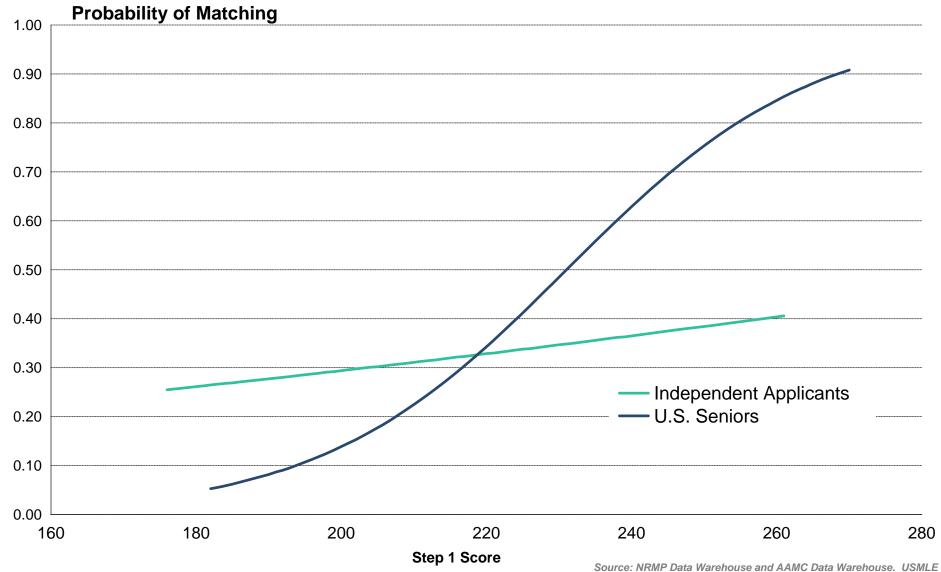
Independent Applicants



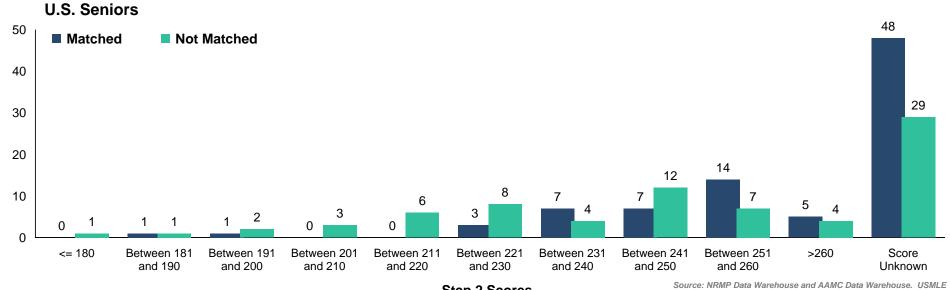




Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Plastic Surgery



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. Note: Probabilities calculated based on 2007-2009 applicants.





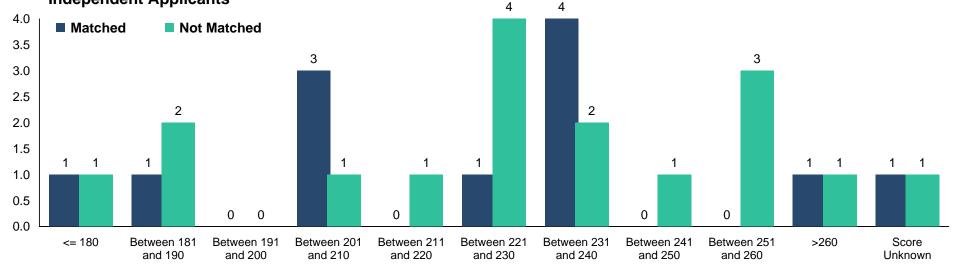
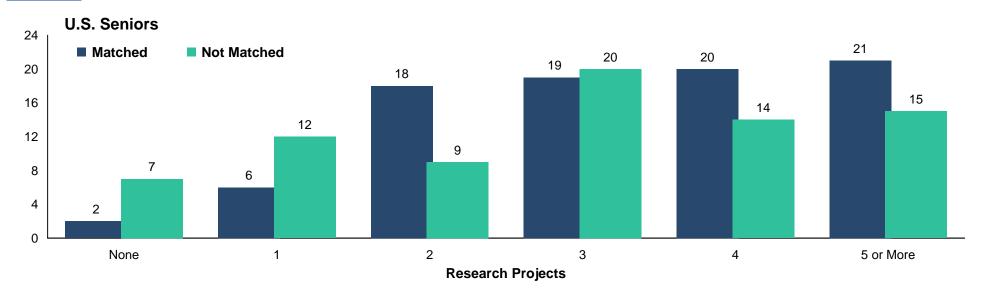
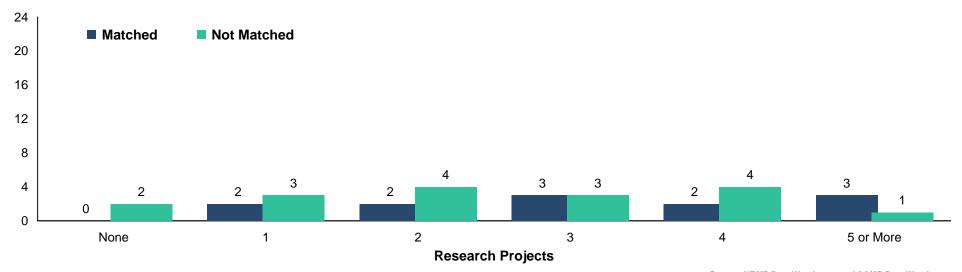


Chart PS-5 Number of Research Projects Plastic Surgery



Independent Applicants



Charting Outcomes in the Match, 2009

Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Plastic Surgery*

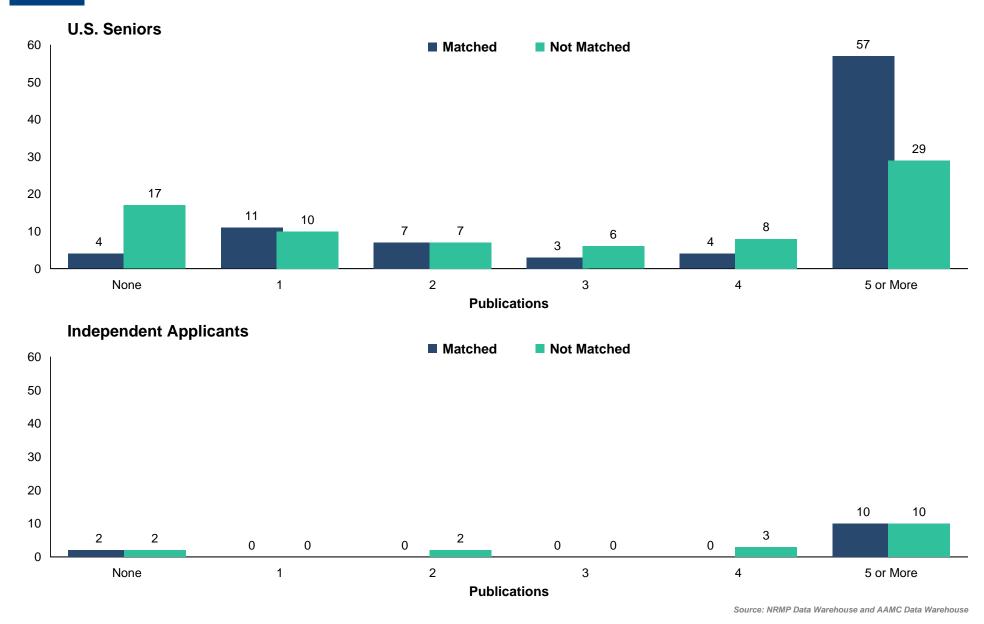
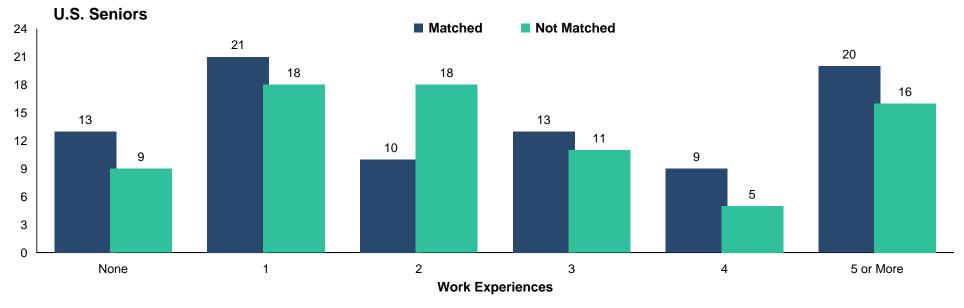
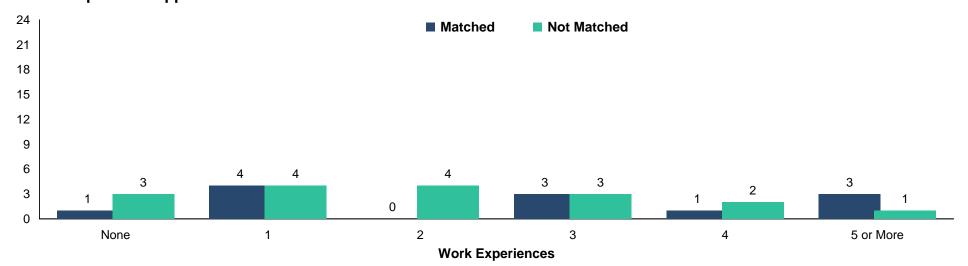


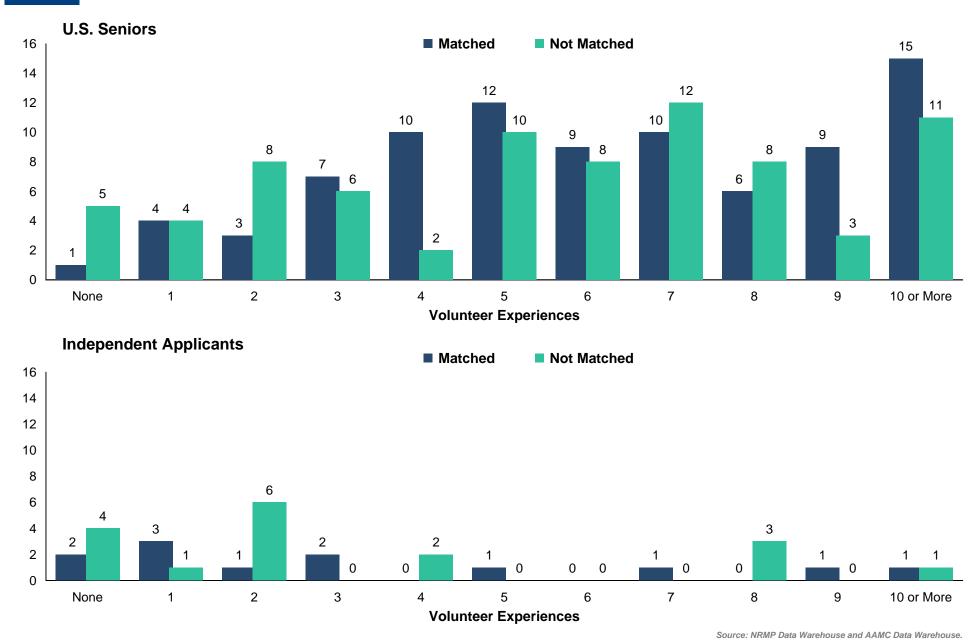
Chart PS-7 Number of Work Experiences Plastic Surgery



Independent Applicants

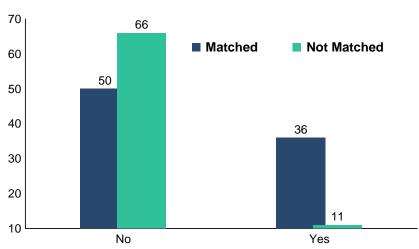


Number of Volunteer Experiences Plastic Surgery

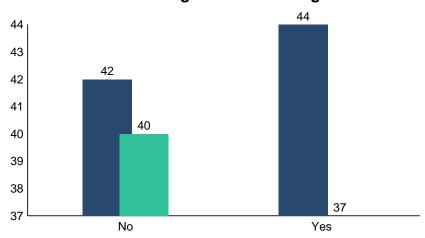


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Plastic Surgery

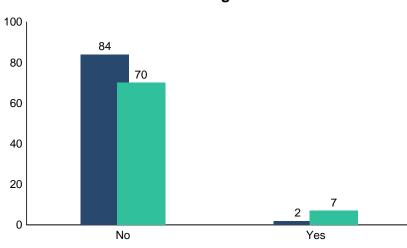




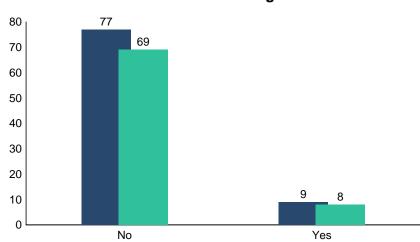
Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding



Ph.D. Degree



Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

P Psychiatry

Table Summary Statistics P-1 Psychiatry

		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=643)	Unmatched (n=38)	Matched (n=371)	Unmatched (n=511)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	7.3	4.2	5.8	2.8
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	216	205	207	198
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	221	199	209	199
5.	Mean number of research experiences	1.8	1.8	1.4	1.2
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	2.4	1.3	2.4	2.3
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.8	2.4	3.5	4.2
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.9	4.3	3.5	2.4
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	4.2	2.6	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	36.1	7.9	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	4.5	0.0	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	11.8	21.1	n/a	n/a

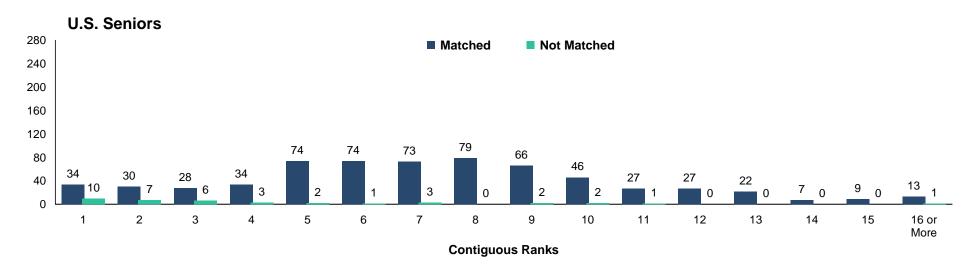
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

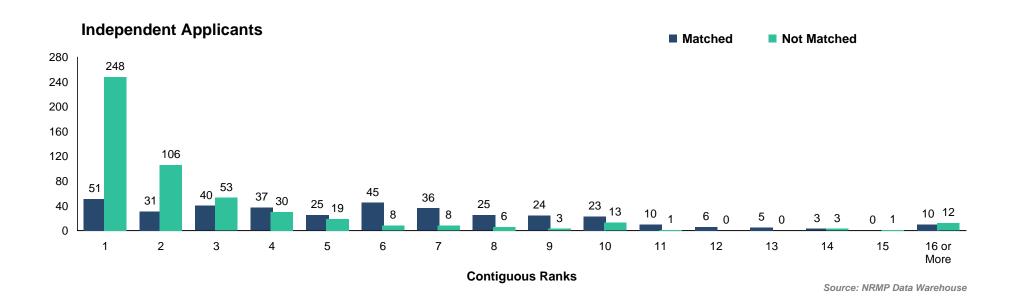
Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.



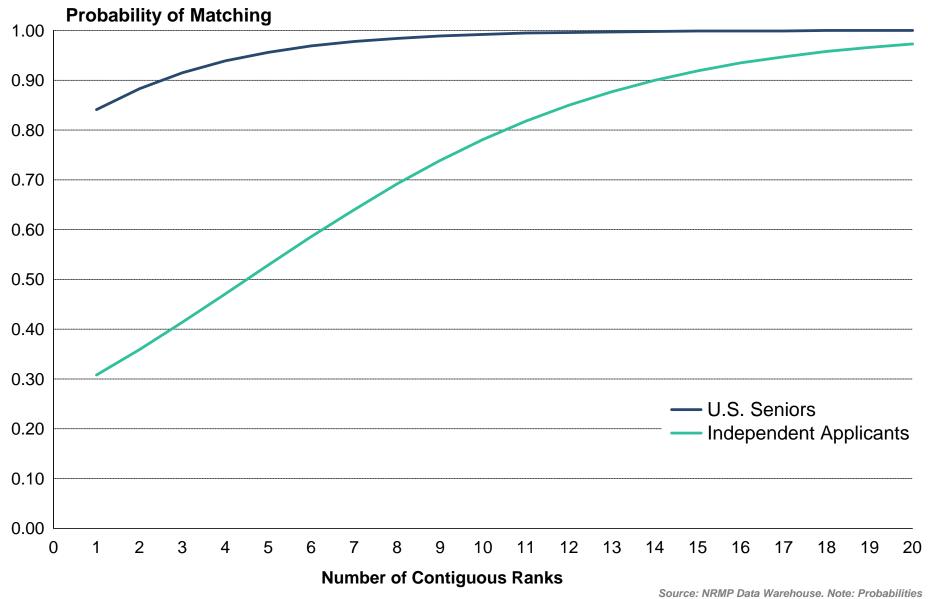
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Psychiatry





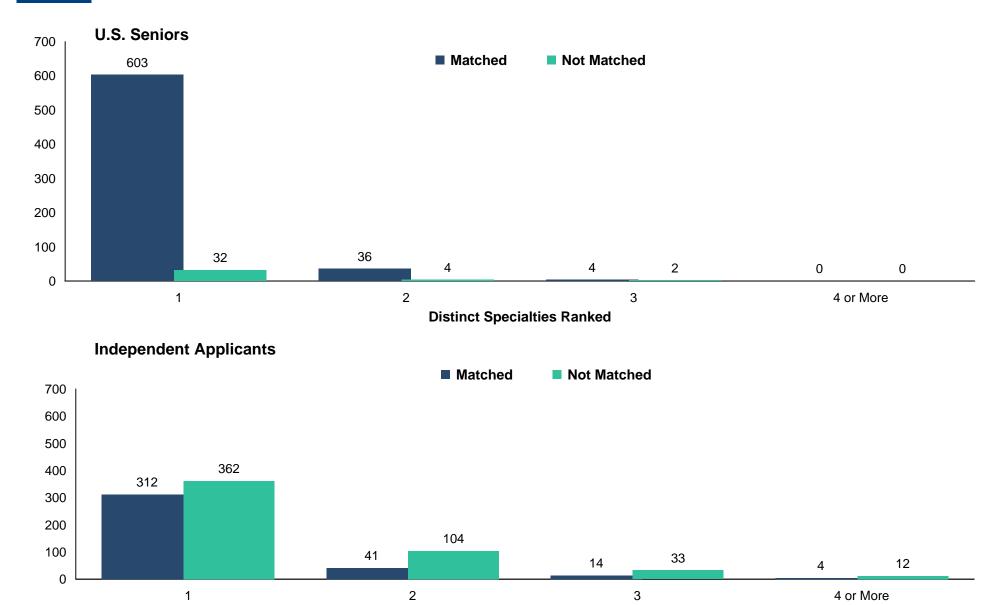


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Psychiatry*

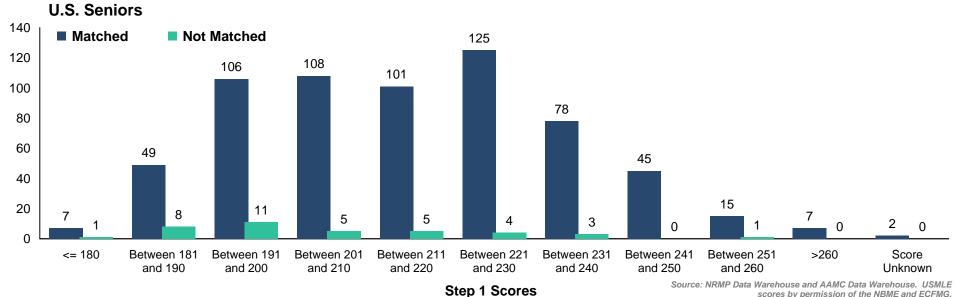




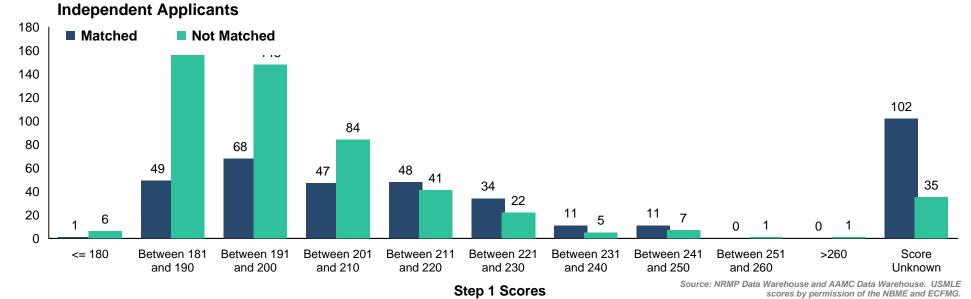
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Psychiatry



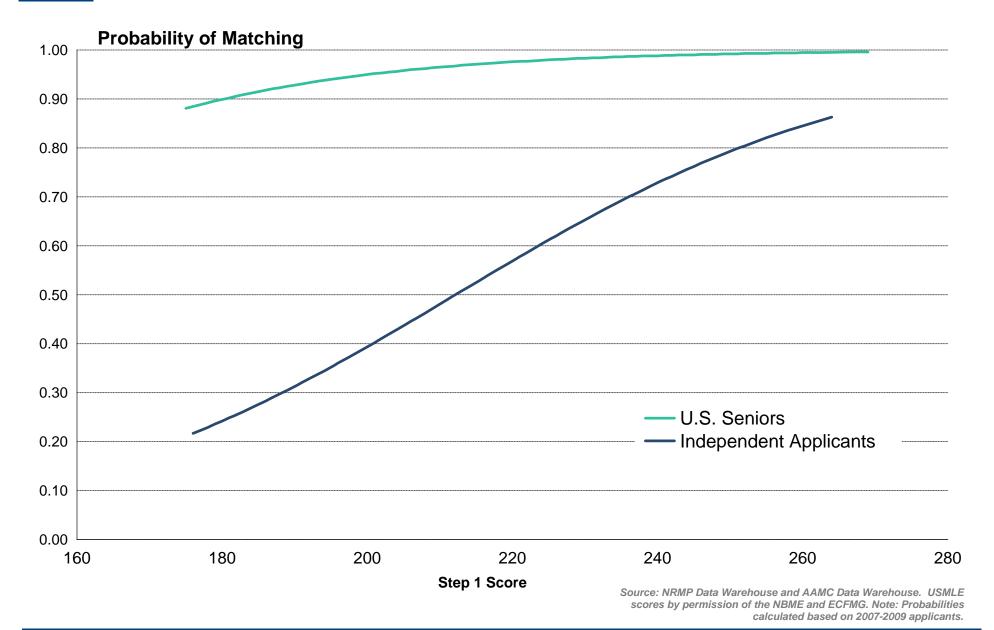
Distinct Specialties Ranked

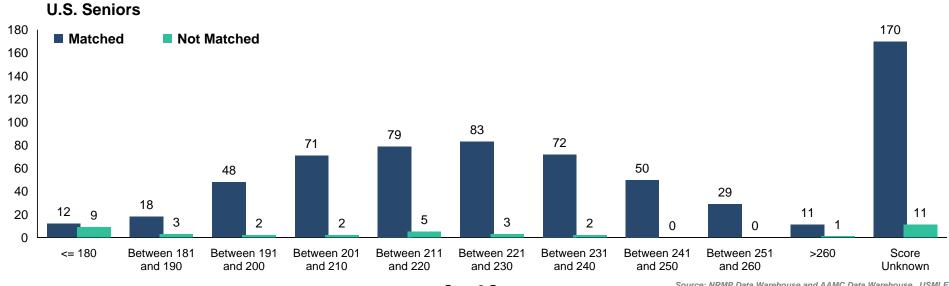


Step 1 Scores scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



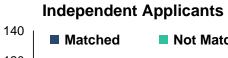
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Psychiatry

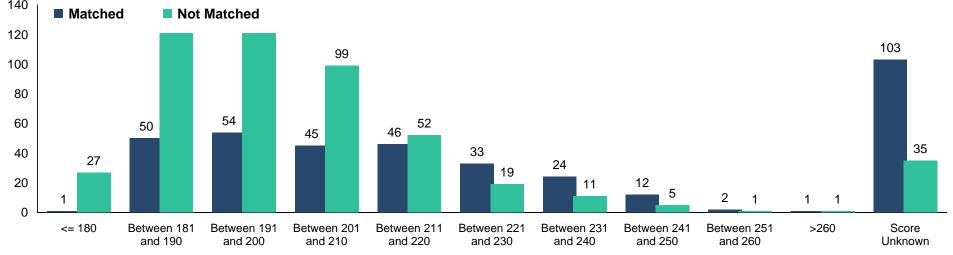




Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



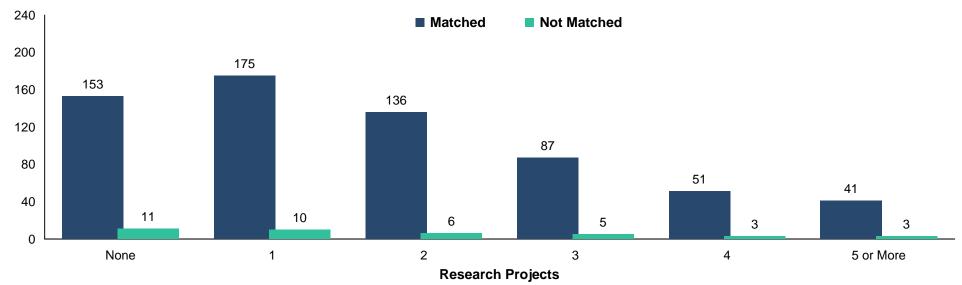


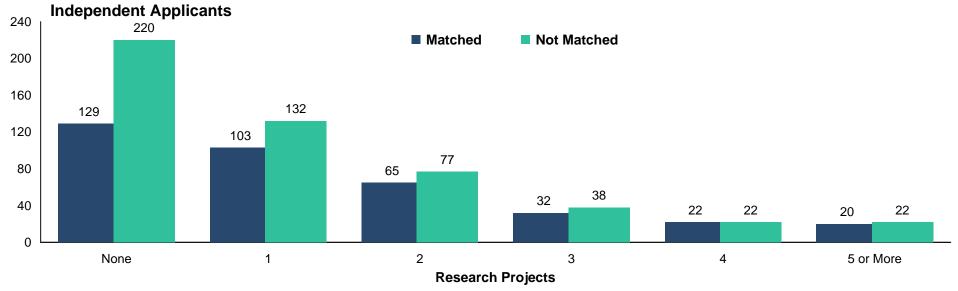
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.



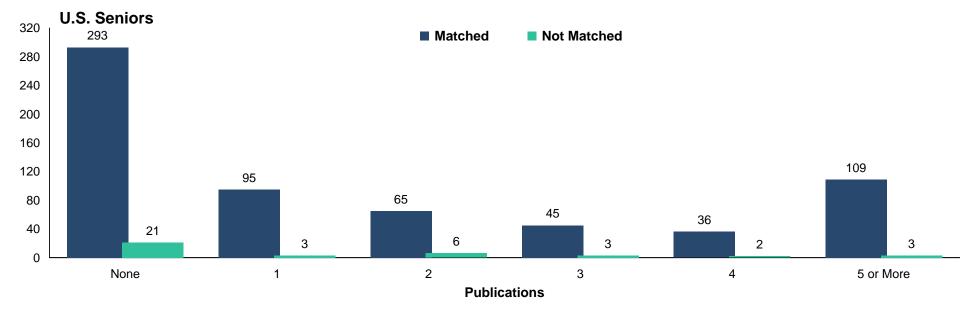








Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Psychiatry*



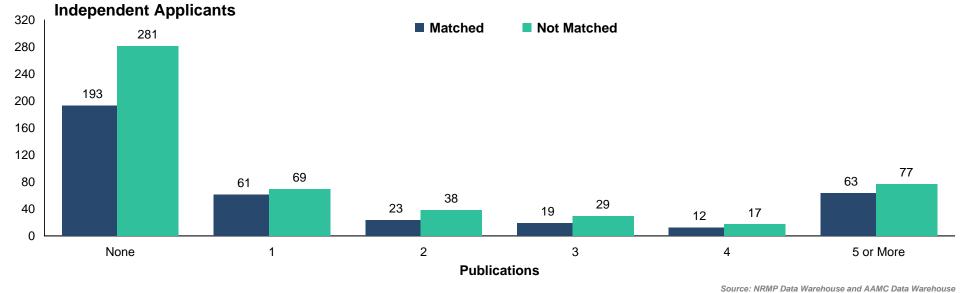
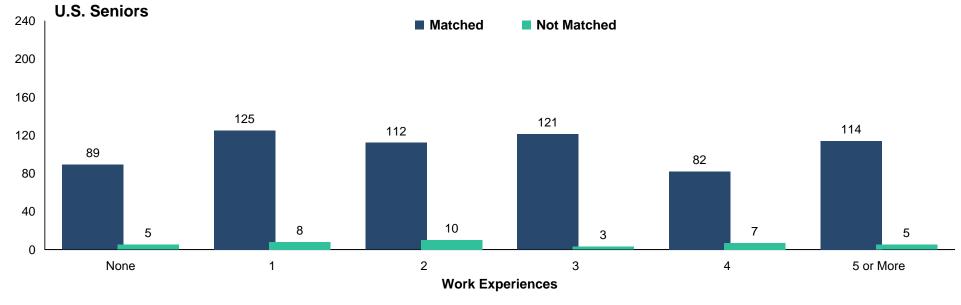
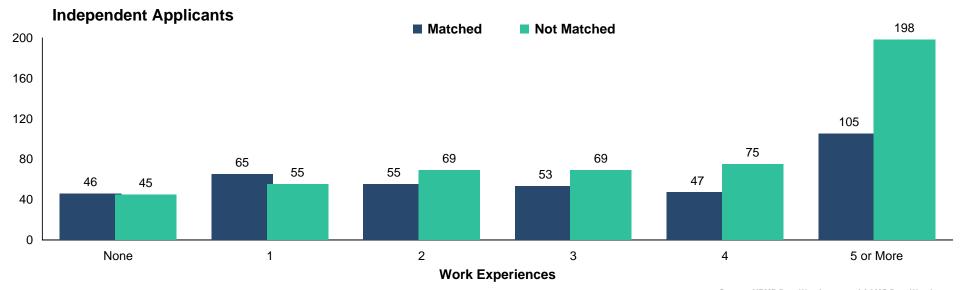


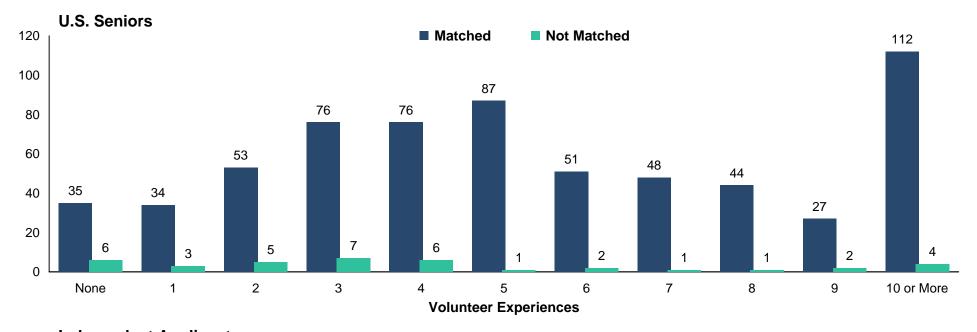
Chart P-7

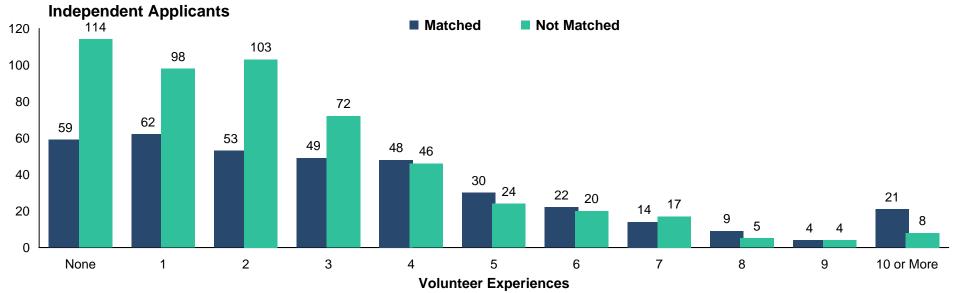
Number of Work Experiences Psychiatry



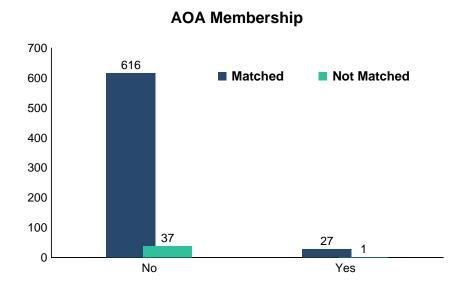


Number of Volunteer Experiences Psychiatry

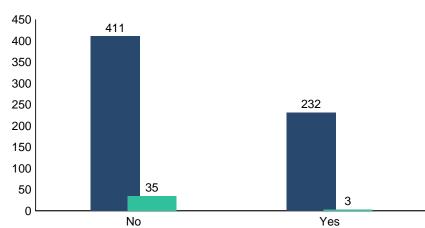


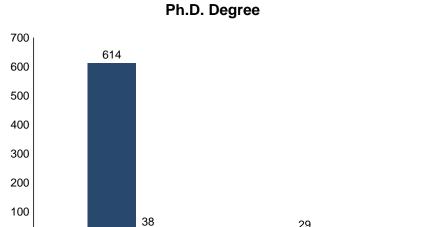


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors **Psychiatry**



Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding

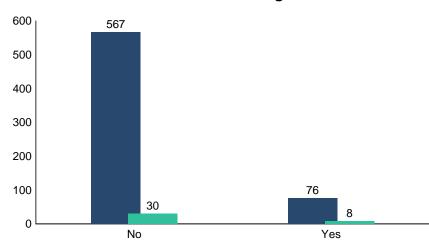




29

Yes

Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

No

RO Radiation Oncology

Table Summary Statistics RO-1 Radiation Oncology

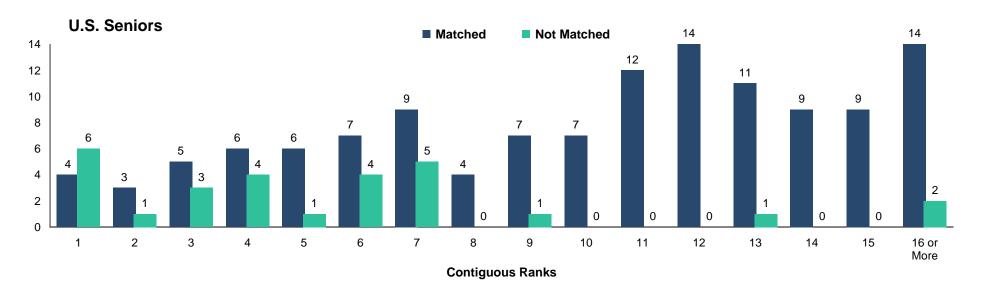
		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=127)	Unmatched (n=28)	Matched (n=8)	Unmatched (n=16)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	10.2	5.6	4.0	3.4
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	238	231	238	224
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	240	226	240	225
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.7	3.8	1.9	2.8
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	8.2	5.3	8.1	6.3
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.4	2.0	4.0	2.1
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	5.0	4.0	4.8	2.2
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	33.9	21.4	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	53.5	46.4	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	22.0	17.9	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	9.4	3.6	n/a	n/a

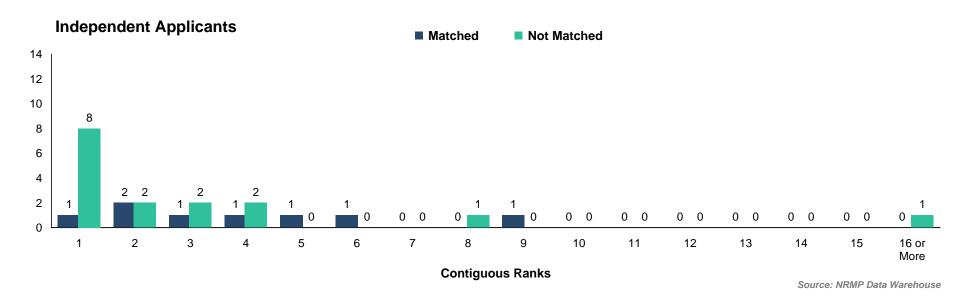
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

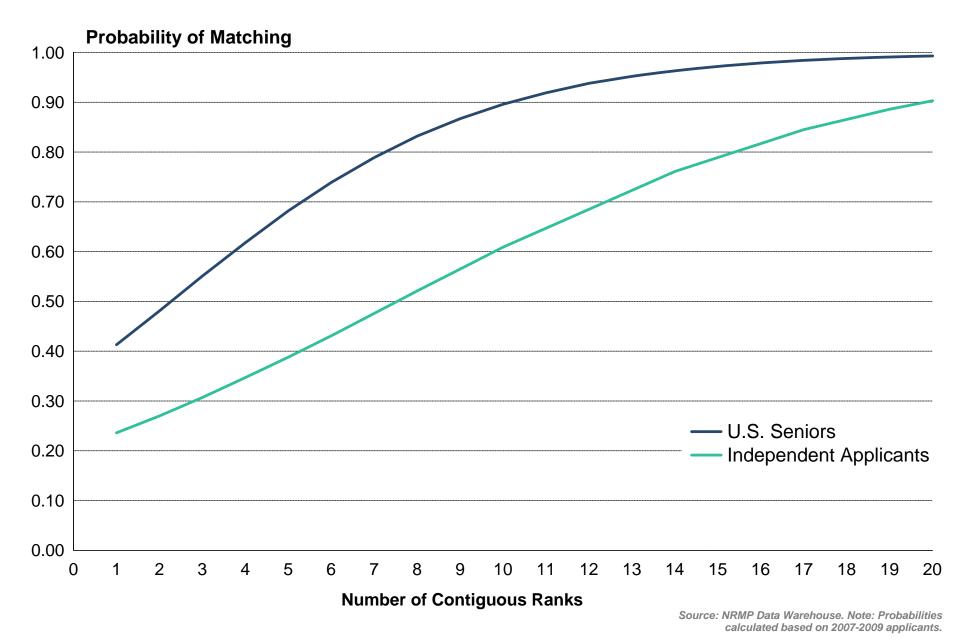
Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Radiation Oncology







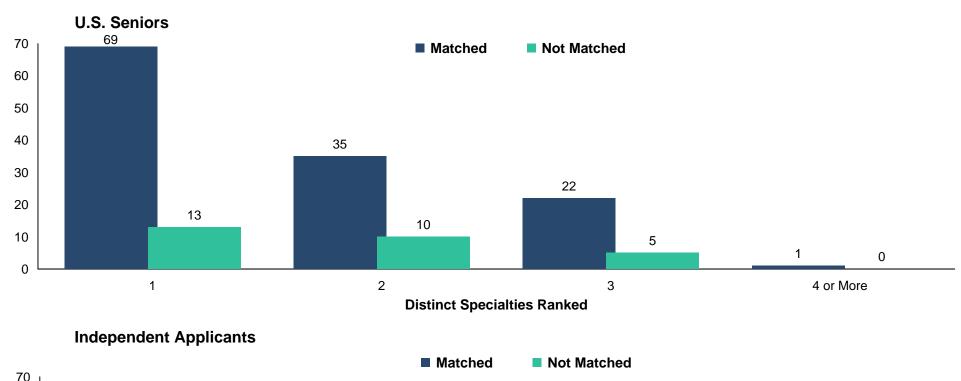
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks *Radiation Oncology*

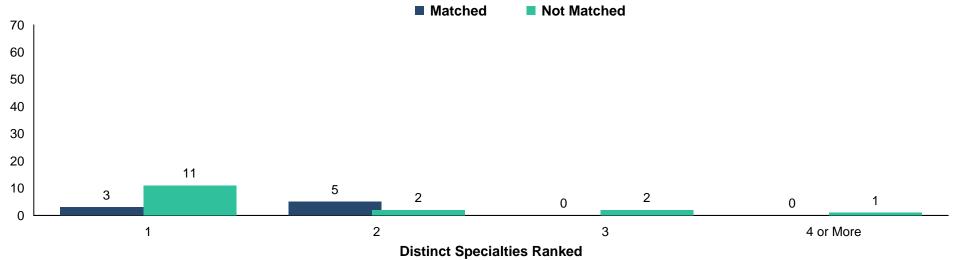


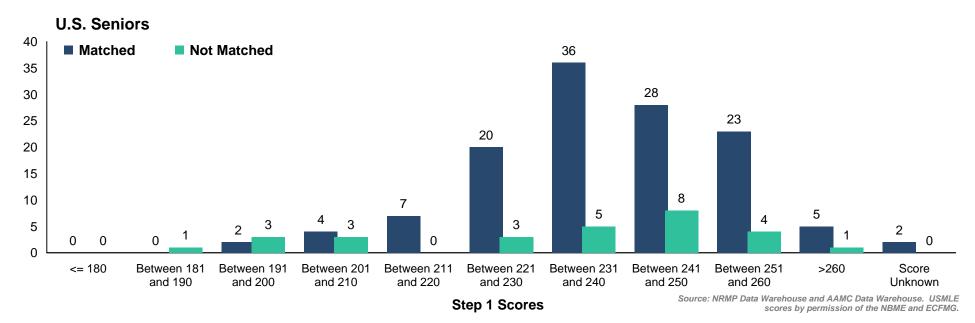
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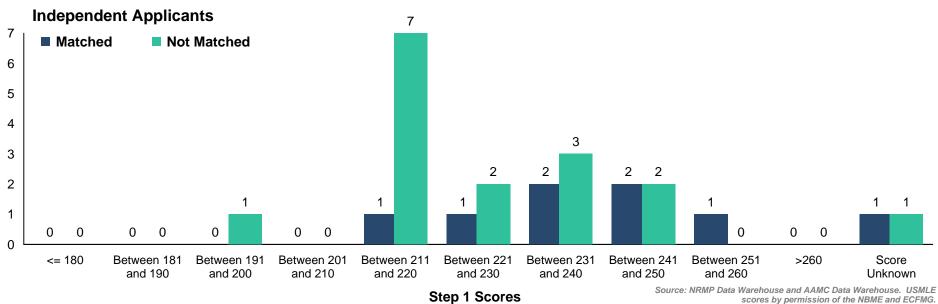
Chart RO-2

Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Radiation Oncology

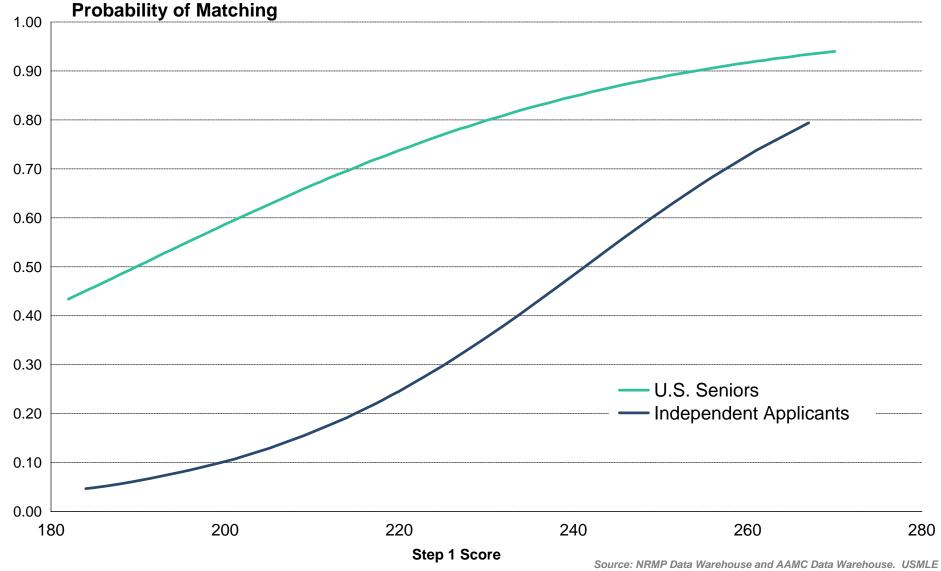


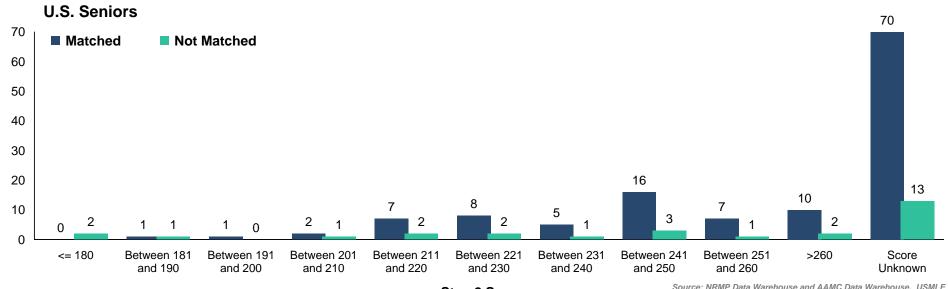






Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score Radiation Oncology





Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

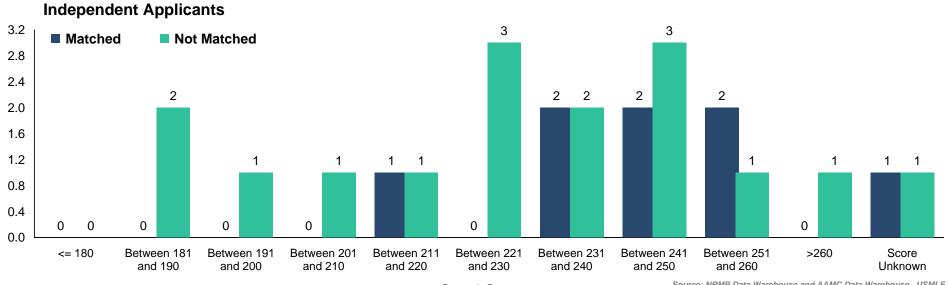
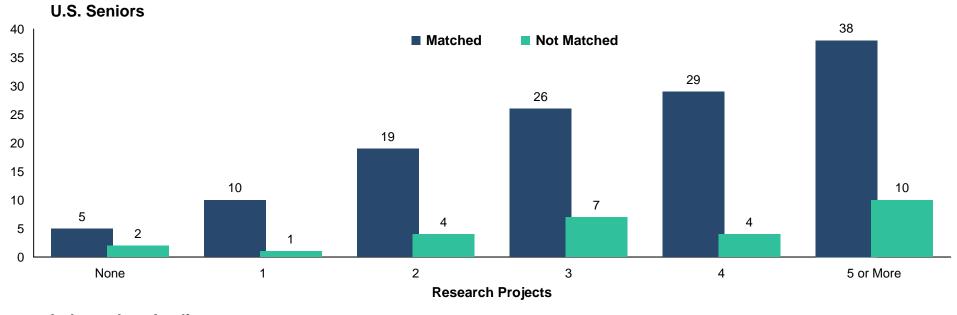


Chart RO-5 Number of Research Projects Radiation Oncology



Independent Applicants

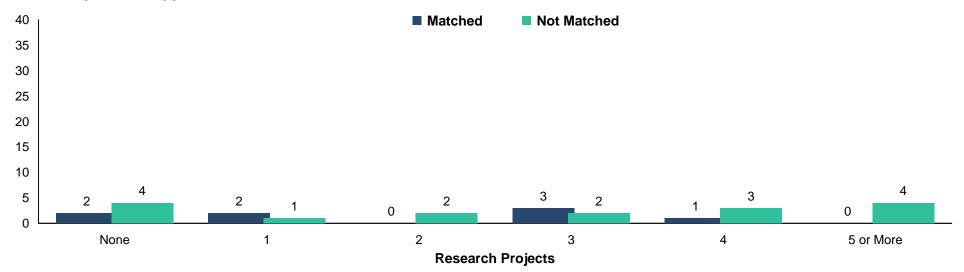


Chart RO-6

Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Radiation Oncology*

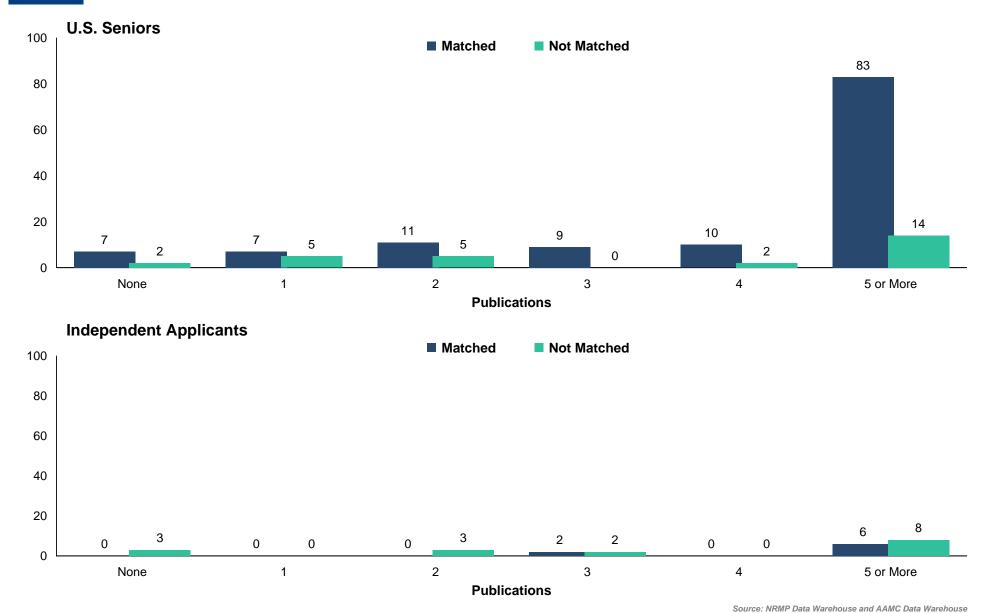


Chart RO-7 Number of Work Experiences Radiation Oncology

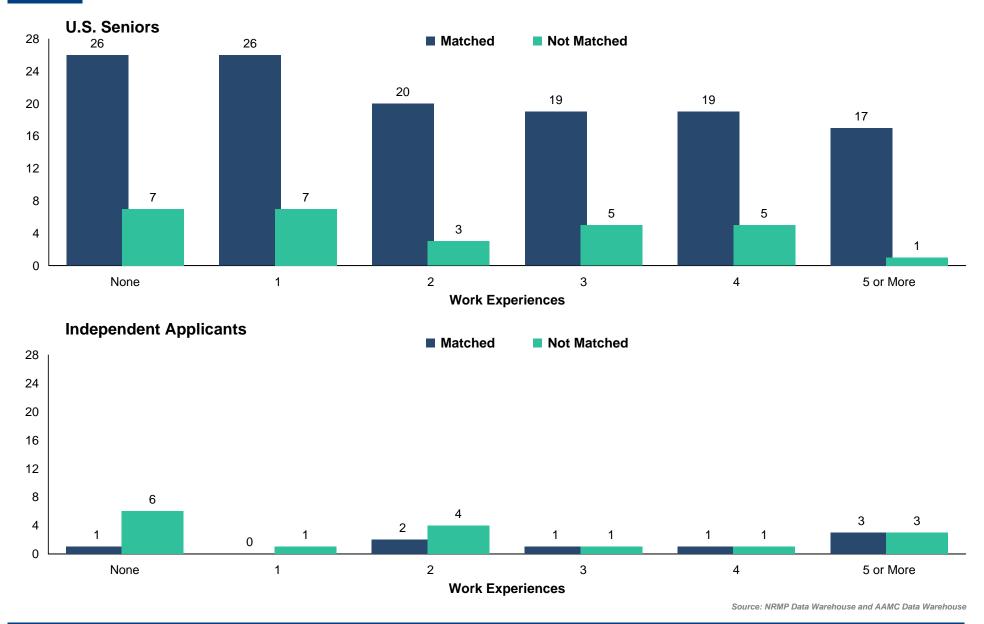
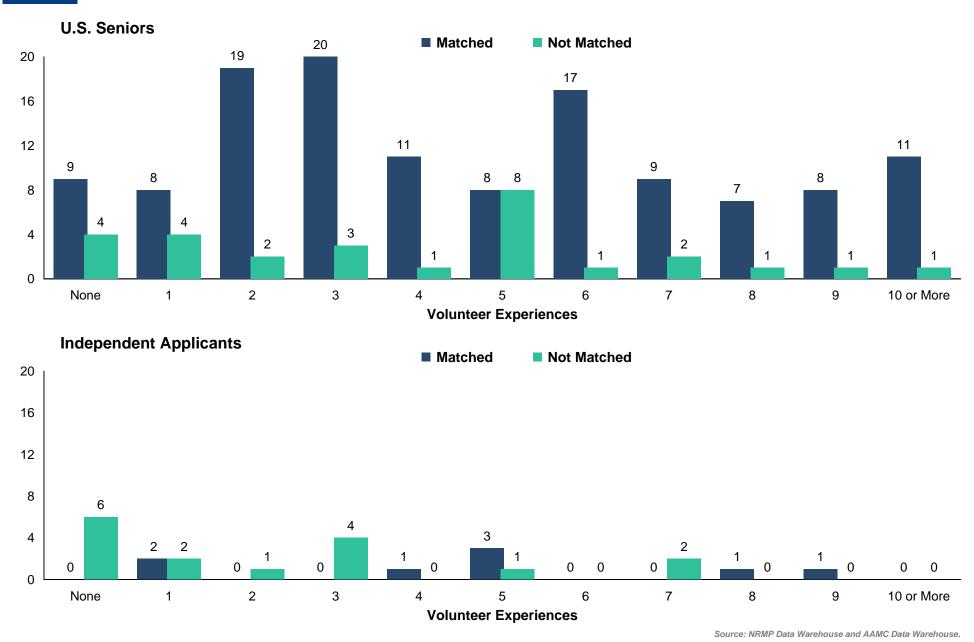
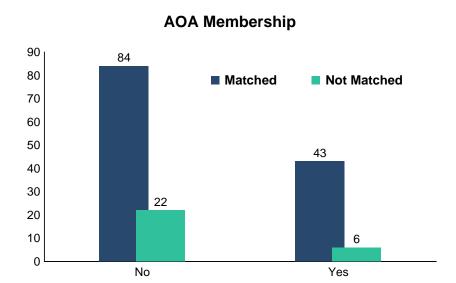


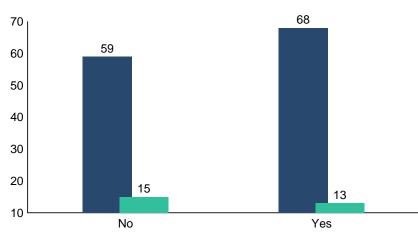
Chart RO-8 Number of Volunteer Experiences Radiation Oncology

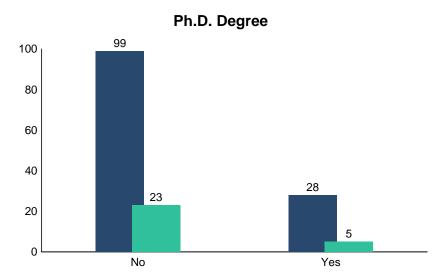


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors Radiation Oncology

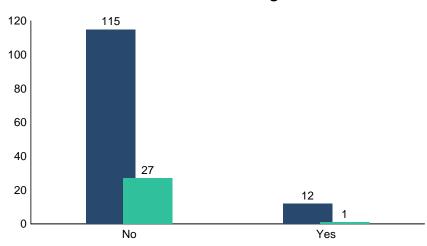


Graduate of One of the 40 U.S. Medical Schools with the Highest NIH Funding





Other Graduate Degree



Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse

TR Transitional Year

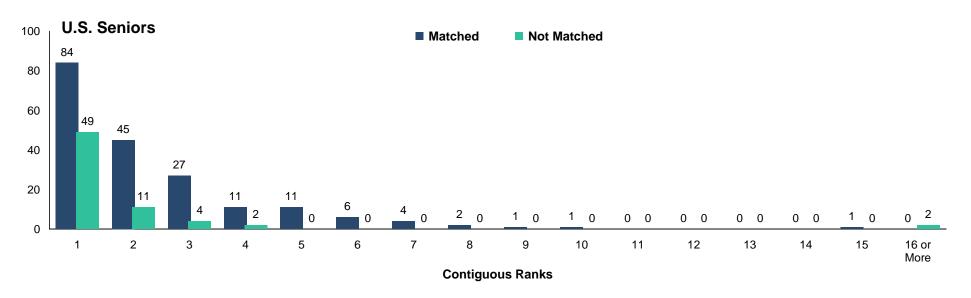
		U.S. Seniors		Independent Applicants	
Measure		Matched (n=193)	Unmatched (n=68)	Matched (n=15)	Unmatched (n=49)
1.	Mean number of contiguous ranks	2.4	1.9	1.5	2.0
2.	Mean number of distinct specialties ranked	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.9
3.	Mean USMLE Step 1 score	236	228	213	209
4.	Mean USMLE Step 2 score	239	226	219	208
5.	Mean number of research experiences	3.1	2.7	1.7	1.6
6.	Mean number of abstracts, presentations, and publications	4.3	4.1	4.3	3.5
7.	Mean number of work experiences	2.5	2.2	3.5	2.9
8.	Mean number of volunteer experiences	6.4	5.6	3.3	3.9
9.	Percentage who are AOA members	24.9	16.2	n/a	n/a
10.	Percentage who graduated from one of the 40 U.S. medical schools with the highest NIH funding	46.1	39.7	n/a	n/a
11.	Percentage who have Ph.D. degree	4.1	4.4	n/a	n/a
12.	Percentage who have another graduate degree	10.4	8.8	n/a	n/a

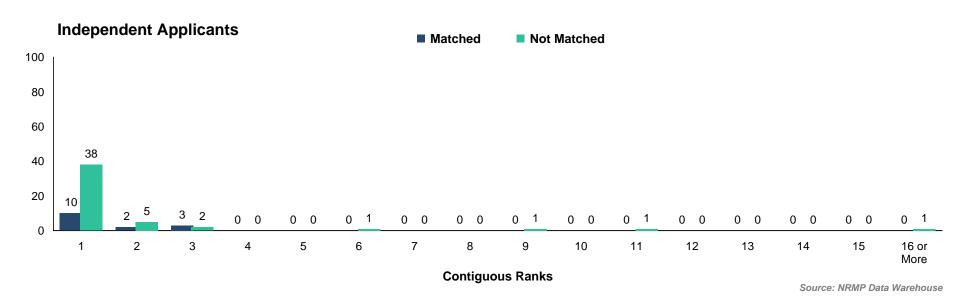
n/a: The measure either does not apply to, applies to only a small percentage of, or no reliable data were available for independent applicants.

Sources. Measures 1, 2, and match outcome are from the NRMP Data Warehouse; measures 3 and 4 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse and from the ECFMG, both by permission of the NBME and ECFMG; measures 5-9 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse; measure 10 is from the NIH website (http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateDate.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls); and measures 11 and 12 are from the AAMC Data Warehouse.

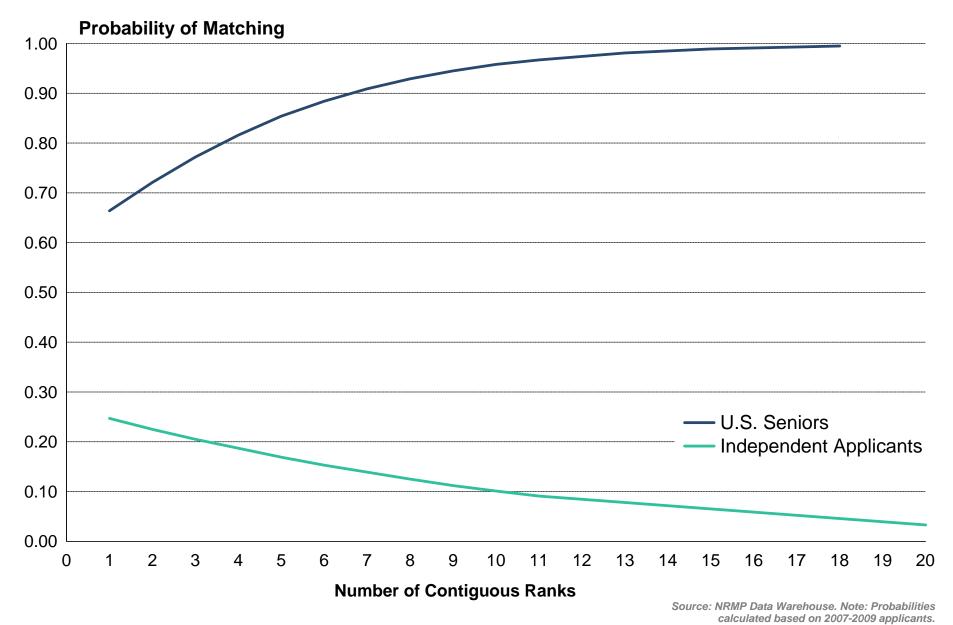
Note: USMLE Step 1 scores are not available for most osteopathic medical school graduates included in the independent applicant group. Approximately 30 percent of U.S. allopathic medical school seniors do not take the USMLE Step 2 prior to the Match.

Number of Contiguous Ranks Within Preferred Specialty Transitional Year

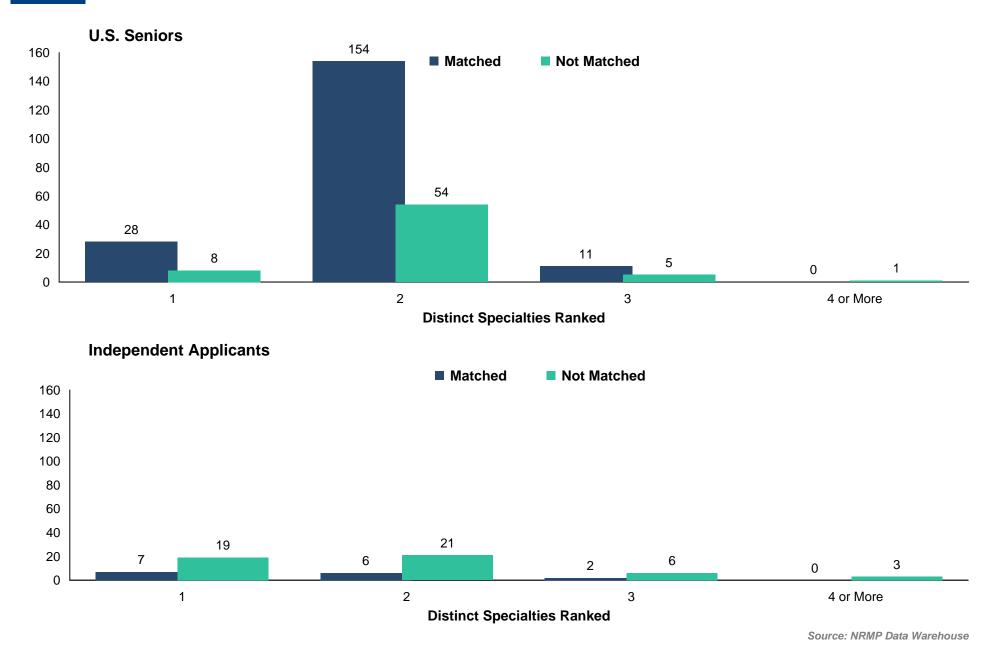


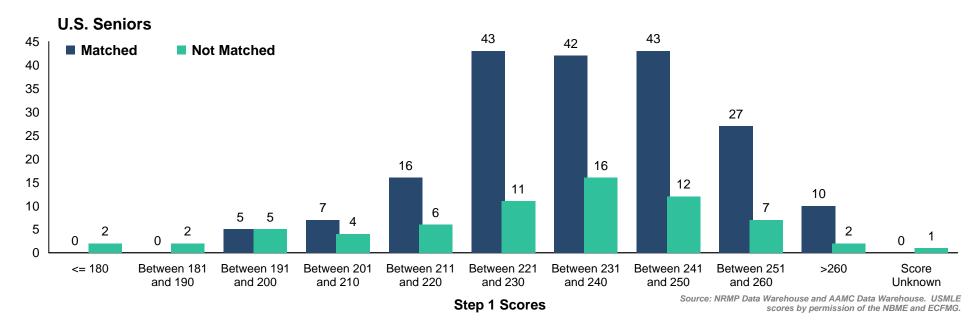


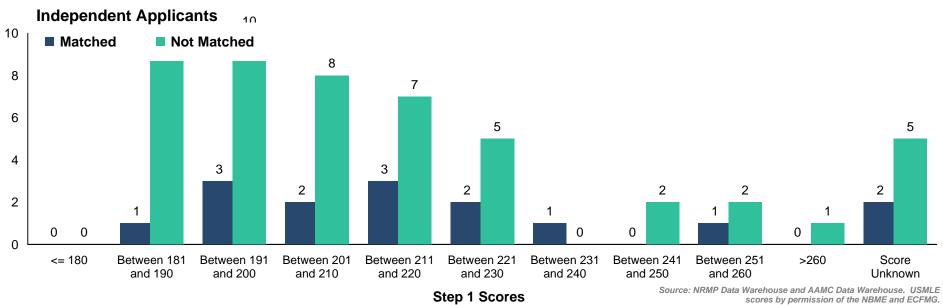
Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by Number of Contiguous Ranks Transitional Year



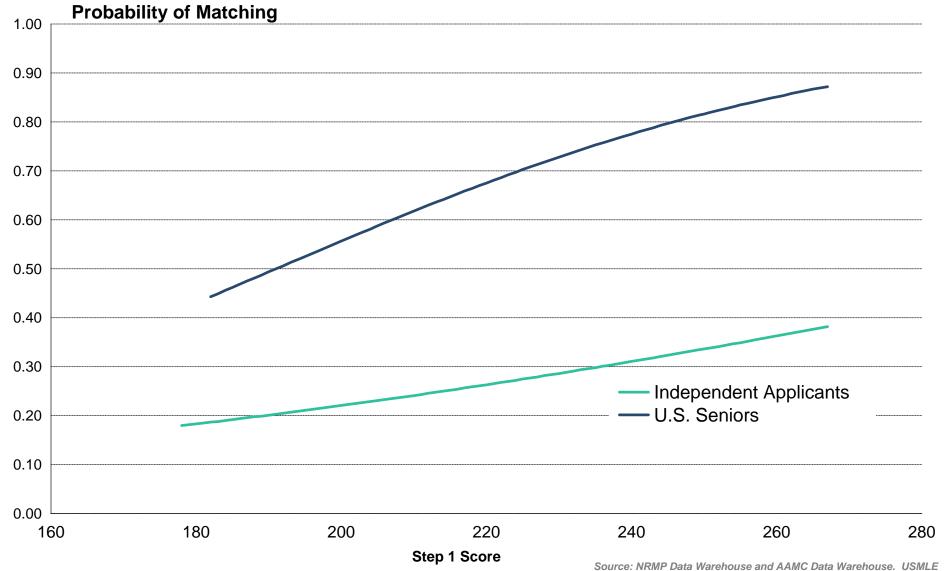
Number of Distinct Specialties Ranked Transitional Year





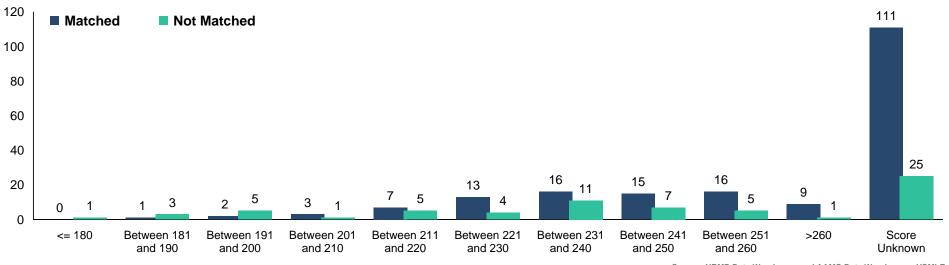


Probability of Matching to Preferred Specialty by USMLE Step 1 Score *Transitional Year*



Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG. Note: Probabilities calculated based on 2007-2009 applicants.

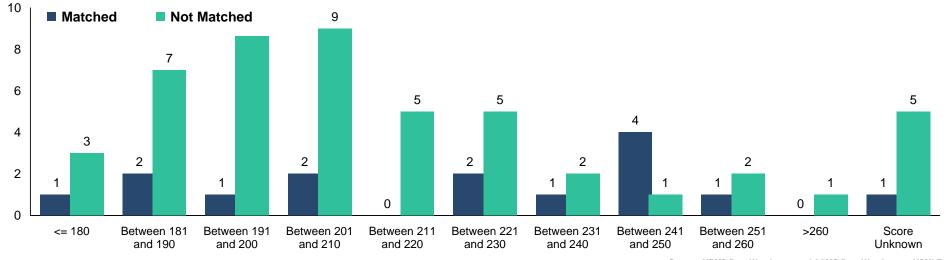




Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

Independent Applicants



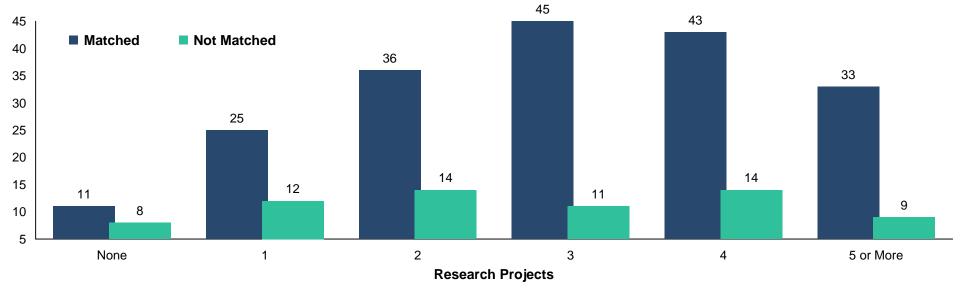
Step 2 Scores

Source: NRMP Data Warehouse and AAMC Data Warehouse. USMLE scores by permission of the NBME and ECFMG.

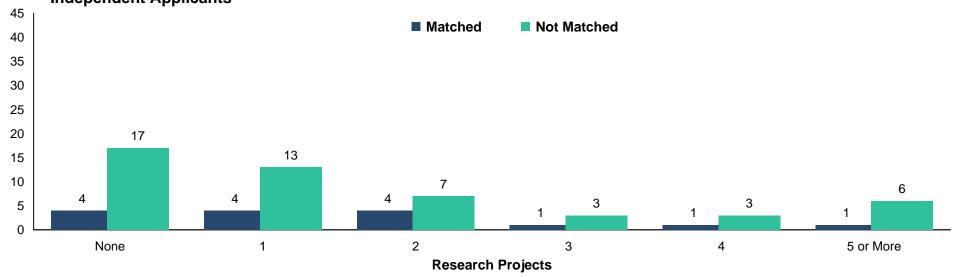


Number of Research Projects Transitional Year

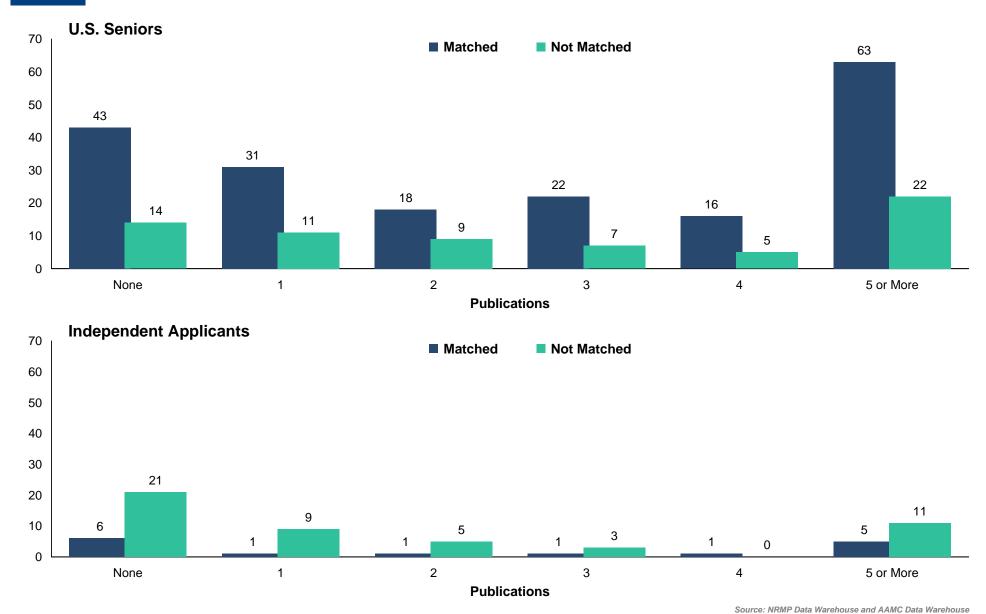




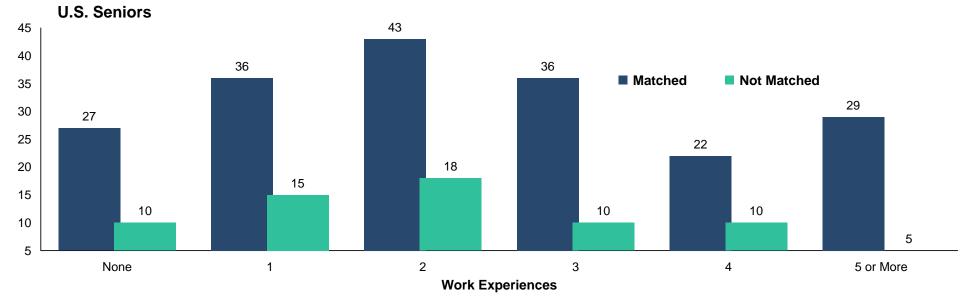
Independent Applicants

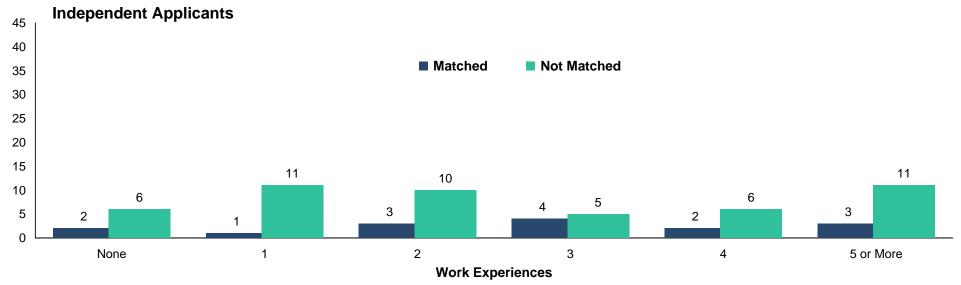


Number of Abstracts, Presentations, and Publications *Transitional Year*

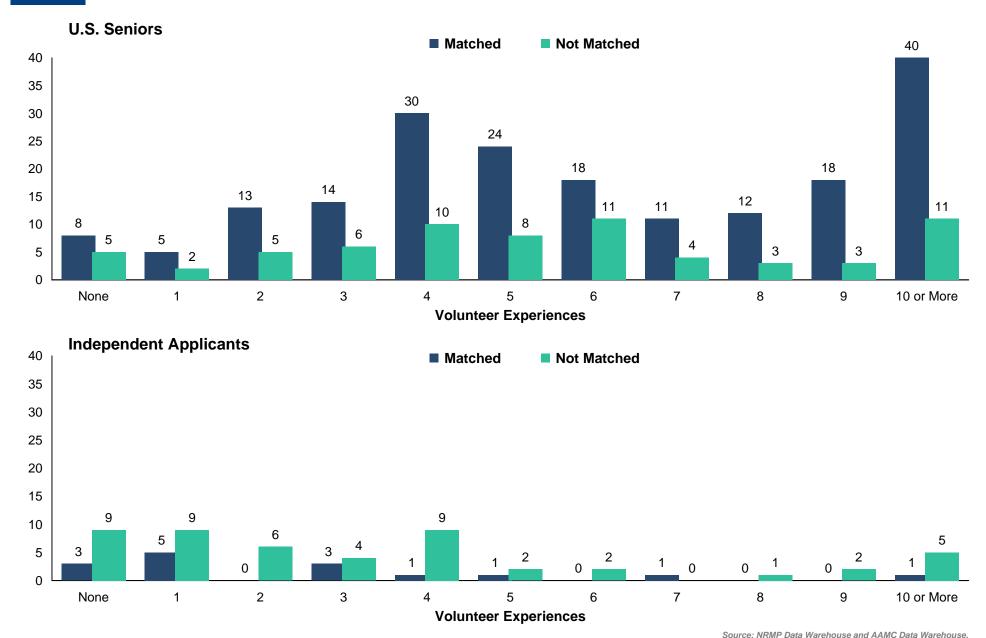


Number of Work Experiences Transitional Year

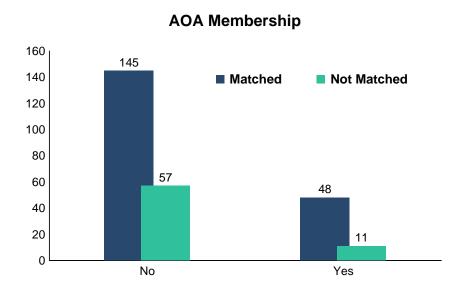


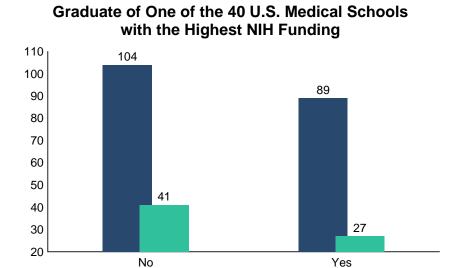


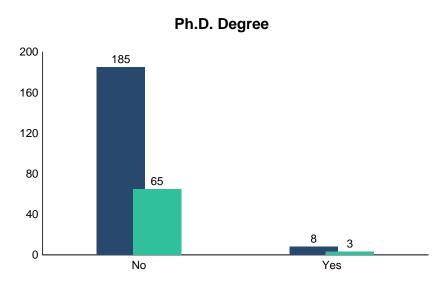
Number of Volunteer Experiences Transitional Year

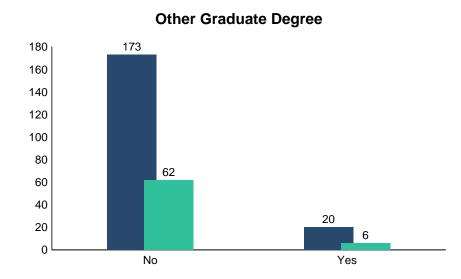


Other Characteristics of U.S. Seniors *Transitional Year*









Sources. AOA membership from the AAMC Data Warehouse, NIH awards from http://report.nih.gov/award/trends/AggregateData.cfm Medical Schools Only.xls, Ph.D. and other graduate degrees from the AAMC Data Warehouse