# English <br> Practice Book 

(Class-V)


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## Unit 1 <br> Nouns

## Abstract Nouns

## Worksheet I

In Section C. 1 (Unit-Growing Up), of My English Reader, Ms Roma sings a song, (My Favourite Thingsfor the children.

Read the davourite thingsgiven below.


Now, write down any five of your favourite things in the blurbs given below.


The se are my favourite things.
Now, in the blanks given below, write one quality for which you like the things written above.

For example, You may like an ice cream for its taste.
(i) I like $\qquad$ for its $\qquad$
(ii) Ilike $\qquad$ for its $\qquad$
(iii) I like $\qquad$ for its $\qquad$
(iv) I like $\qquad$ for its $\qquad$
(v) I like $\qquad$ for its $\qquad$

Can you touch or see the qualities for which you like your favourite things? Of course not! You can only feel them.

The qualities that you have listed above are Abstract nouns.

## For the Teacher

Explain to the children that abstract nouns name qualities, states, feelings or ideas which we can only think about but cannot see or touch. Abstract nouns are usually singular but some of


## All the words given below are Abstract nouns.

\{jealousy happiness speed love surprise height roughness

## Worksheet II

Work with your partner. Using the clues in the Aid Box, complete the sentences given below. The first one has been done for you.

## 

kindness, honesty, cruelty, beauty, humour
(i) Mother Teresa is known for her kindness.
(ii) Noor Jahan, the wife of Emperor Jahangir, is famous for her $\qquad$
(iii) Charlie Chaplin, the comedian, is remembered for his sense of $\qquad$
(iv) Hitler, the German dictator, is known for his $\qquad$
(v) Mahatma Gandhi is respected for his $\qquad$


## Worksheet III

## Brain Teaser

Work with your partner. Solve the crossword puzzle by filling in the qualities possessed by the following people.


## Worksheet IV

## Let us go on a ictionary Safarip

Each one of us is scared of something or the other, for example, Rahul is very scared of darkness. Given below are the names of certain fears that people have. Match them with their names given in the Aid Box. Use a dictionary for help.

## For the Teacher

Set a time limit for this activity. Divide the class into groups of four. Ensure that every child has a dictionary.

(i) The fear of closed spaces :
(ii) The fear of English
(iii) The fear of fire
(iv) The fear of foreigners :
(v) The fear of books
(vi) The fear of water

Note that all your answers are Abstract nouns.

## Body Language

## Work with your partner.

Fill in the blanks with the abstract nouns given in the Aid Box.
(i) I would be full of $\qquad$ if I failed in English.
(ii) I would be wanting to keep a $\qquad$ if I whispered something.
(iii) I would listen carefully if I wanted to pay $\qquad$ to something.
(iv) I would raise my eyebrow in __ if I heard something strange.
(v) My face is relaxed and beams with joy when I want to show
(vi) My face turns red and I grind my teeth when In $\qquad$


## Worksheet VI

## Countables and Uncountables

In Unit-1, "Growing Up" of My English Reader, we have read many words which name things that can be counted and many that cannot be counted. Read the words in the umbrellas given below. Classify them as countables or uncountables.



## Countable

Uncountables

## We can count certain things like eraser, ship, blade, notebook, boy. We cannot count sugar, rice, courage, bravery, liquid.

## Remember

1. Countable nouns name things, persons, places and animals that we can count. They have their plural number.

For example, a ball, two balls.
2. Uncountable nouns name things like water, milk, butter and qualities like beauty, courage that we cannot count. They do not need a/an.

## For the Teacher

Explain to the children that-

* Countables can be either singular or plural. We usually add an -s/es to make plural forms.
* Uncountables do not have plural forms.

Let us study some examples.


## Do It Yourself

1. Work with your partner. Form abstract nouns from the adjectives used in the following phrases and fill in the blanks.

## For the Teacher

Guide the students to write their answers using the apostrophe correctly. For example, he honest soliderwill change into me solider honesty?
(i) The intelligent student
(ii) The kind fairy $\qquad$
(iii) The cruel enemy
(iv) The popular leader
$\qquad$
(v) The arrogant boy
2. Dheeraj class is holding a quiz today. The time limit is five minutes. Help him solve the quiz so that he can win.

Dictionary can be a great friend here.
Match words in the Aid Box with the group of words given below.
(i) musty, foul, aromatic
(ii) sour, bitter, sweet
(iii) smooth, flat, moist
(iv) hum, chatter, whisper
(v) pretty, attractive, beautiful


## Unit

## Determiners

## Worksheet I

You have read in B. 2 The Tale of a Tail?(Unit-Growing Up) of My English Reader, that Swami and Pea had a fight. Now that Swami has realised that he is wrong, he is preparing an Egg Carton Jewellery Box to gift to his friend. Read the procedure for making the same and fill in the blanks using the words given in the Aid Box below.

## Egg Carton Jewellery Box

This box is an interesting way to store your treasures.

Materials to be used:
$\qquad$ newspapers,
egg carton, $\qquad$ cardboard,
$\qquad$ foam, $\qquad$ paint brushes,
$\qquad$ photographs, $\qquad$
ribbon pieces, $\qquad$ imitation jewels,
a/an, several, each


## Instructions:

1. Spread the newspapers over a large work surface. Paint the entire egg carton with $\qquad$ poster paint and let it dry completely.
2. Decorate the outside of the carton with $\qquad$ ribbons and $\qquad$ jewels. You could even paste $\qquad$ photographs of $\qquad$ friends.
3. Put $\qquad$ glue at the bottom of $\qquad$ egg section. Then put $\qquad$ cotton ball in each one.

The words you have filled in the blanks are Determiners.
Now read some more determiners:


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## Worksheet II

## Work with your partner. Fill in the blanks with appropriate determiners in the comic strip given below.



## For the Teacher

Explain to the students that-
We use - lot/a lot-with both countable and uncountable nouns, for example, a lot of books, a lot of sugar.

We use - few/a few—only with countables to specify number, for example, lae got a few friends.

We use - little/a little-with uncountables to specify quantity, for example, a little milk, a little hope.

We use

- enough-with countable as well as uncountable nouns, for examples, I haven团 got enough money.

There arent enough sandwiches.
Also, few and little are almost negative in implication. Both of them suggest mone?
few friends $=$ almost no friends
little hope $=$ almost no hope

## Worksheet III

Leena, her brother Daksh and their daddy are in the zoo. Leena is very excited. So she just cannot stop chatting with her father. While conversing, they forget certain words. Complete the conversation between Leena and her daddy.


Leena : It $\beta_{\text {g }}$ great here, dad! Look at the white rhinos over there.
Dad : Yes, theye from Africa. There are only 29,000 rhinos left in the world.

Daksh : Dad, Imirsty. Is there some lemonade left in that bottle?
Dad : No, there isn国 any but there? $\qquad$ water.

Leena : Oh, Daksh! Forget about the lemonade. Dad, are there
$\qquad$ ostriches here?

Dad : Im sure there must be $\qquad$ on the other side.

Daksh : Im hungry. Is there $\qquad$ chocolate in the bag?

Dad : No, there isn昗 any.
Leena : Daksh, have you come here only to eat?
Daksh : This zoo isnt very good. There arent $\qquad$ mice or rats or snakes, insects or spiders.
Dad : Oh, Daksh!

## Note that:

* Some is used to express quantity or number in positive statements.

For example, I need some help.
粦 Any is used to express number or quantity in negative statements.
For example, There wasnti any help available.
粦 In questions, both some and any are acceptable. We use some if we expect a positive answer and any if a negative answer is expected.
For examples, Do you have any complaints? (The answer expected is no.)
Do you need some more? (The answer expected is yes.)

## Worksheet IV

The Segons are having a picnic. They are all talking at the same time as they are very excited. Choose the appropriate speech bubbles to fill in the blank spaces given on the next page.

(i)

(ii)


## Worksheet V

A team from Cadbury India, the makers of a food drink, has come to show the children a small documentary on ${\text { atritious Food }{ }^{2} \text { They have shown the children }}^{2}$ a Rood Pyramid?

Work in groups of four. Discuss what we should eat and in what quantity. Complete the food pyramid using suitable determiners from the Aid Box on the next page.


## 

some, any, a little, enough, many, all, a lot (of), a few

For good health, we should eat a balanced combination of different foods. A food pyramid is a guide for what to eat and how much to eat each day.

## Worksheet VI

Preet is suffering from a severe stomach ache. Her doctor has asked her to give him a detailed explanation of her eating routine. She is very busy today and cannot meet the doctor. So she goes to his clinic early and leaves a message for him to read. Complete what she has written.
(Use the Aid Box given below and fill in the blanks. You do not need to use all the words.)


## A/AN

Look at the picture given below.


## For the Teacher

Explain to the students that we use-
a before a singular noun beginning with a consonant sound
an before a singular noun beginning with a vowel sound

For example, a banana, a bird, a cat, a dog, a fish, a mouse, a parrot, a pineapple, a teacher.

For example, an ant, an apple, an arm, an elephant, an egg, an engineer, an eye, an ice cream, an octopus, an orange, an owl, an umbrella.

## Worksheet VIII

The following passage has not been edited. There are certain words missing. A slash (/) has been provided wherever a word is missing. Write the omitted word in the space provided.

My brother has just bought / laptop.
It has / coloured screen; it is easier on the eyes
than / black and white screen. The computer has
/ battery, so, my brother can use it without electricity for up to
eight hours. It also has / modem inside. If he
wants to send / e-mail, he can do so easily by
connecting it to the internet. A laptop is / very
small computer. My brother takes it everywhere with him.

## Do It Yourself

## 1. Test Your Knowledge

Get into pairs. You have to attempt the test given below in ten minutes by encircling the correct word. You score one mark for every correct answer. The pair that finishes first wins.
(i) Have you got $\qquad$ potato?
(a) $a$
(b) any
(c) a lot of
(ii) I eat $\qquad$ ice creams in summers.
(a) $a$
(b) many
(c) a lot of
(iii) I have got a stomach ache! I was thirsty and drank $\qquad$ bottles of coke.
(a) too much
(b) too many
(c) any
(iv) Have you got $\qquad$ money?
(a) many
(b) some
(c) little
(v) elephants are there in the zoo?
(a) how many
(b) how much
(c) how
(vi) Neha is not eating $\qquad$ cake. She is on a diet.
(a) some
(b) many
(c) any
(vii) __ of the workers turned up for the meeting.
(a) neither
(b) either
(c) enough
(viii) You can wear $\qquad$ the red frock or the yellow one.
(a) any
(b) all
(c) either
(ix) Did you participate in $\qquad$ competition as a participant?
(a) next
(b) last
(c) any
(x) This is the $\qquad$ set of notebooks that I have to check.
(a) first
(b) enough
(c) next
2. Work in groups of four. Add a suitable noun to each of the determiners given below. Put a tick ( $\mathcal{V}$ ) mark against the countable nouns.


