This is a semi-structured interview. Please ask all of the following questions. Ask any additional questions necessary to determine the subject's CDR. Please record information from the additional questions.

emo	y Questions for Informant:
1.	Does he/she have a problem with his/her memory or thinking? Yes No
1a.	If yes, is this a consistent problem (as opposed to inconsistent)? Yes No
2.	Can he/she recall recent events? Usually Sometimes Rarely
3.	Can he/she remember a short list of items (shopping)? Usually Sometimes Rarely
4.	Has there been some decline in memory during the past year? Yes No
5.	Is his/her memory impaired to such a degree that it would have interfered with his/her activities of daily life a few years ago (or pre-retirement activities)? (collateral sources' opinion) Yes No
6.	Does he/she completely forget a major event (e.g., trip, party, family wedding) within a few weeks of the event? Usually Sometimes Rarely
7.	Does he/she forget pertinent details of the major event? Usually Sometimes Rarely
8.	Does he/she completely forget important information from the distant past (e.g., birthdate, wedding date, place of employment)? Usually Sometimes Rarely
	such as location of the event, time of day, participants, how long the event was, when it ended, and how the subject or other participants got there.) Within 1 week:
	Within 1 month:
10.	When was he/she born?
11.	Where was he/she born?
12.	What was the last educational establishment that he/she attended? Name Town/City Highest Level achieved
13.	What was his/her main occupation/job (or spouse's job if subject was not employed)?
14.	What was his/her last major job (or spouse's job if subject was not employed?
15.	When did he/she (or spouse) retire and why?

Orientation Questions for Informant:

How often does he/she know of the exact: 1. Date of the Month? Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know 2. Month? Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know 3. <u>Year?</u> Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know Day of the Week? Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know 5. Does he/she have difficulty with time relationships (when events happen in relation to each other)? Sometimes Rarely Don't Know Usually Can he/she find his/her way around familiar streets? Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know 7. How often does he/she know how to get from one place to another outside of his/her neighbourhood? Sometimes Rarely Usually Don't Know How often can he/she find his/her way around indoors? Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know

Judgement and Problem Solving Questions for Informant:

1. In general, if you had to rate his/her abilities to solve problems at the present time, would you consider them
As good as they have ever been
Good, but not as good as before
Fair Fair
Poor
No ability at all
2. Rate his/her ability to cope with small sums of money (e.g., change, leave a small tip):
No loss
Some loss
Severe loss
3. Rate his/her ability to handle complicated financial or business transactions (e.g., check bank statement(s), pay bills):
No loss
Some loss
Severe loss
4. Can he/she handle a household emergency (e.g., plumbing leak, small fire)?
As well as before
Worse than before because of difficulty thinking
Worse than before, for another reason (why?)
5. Can he/she understand situations or explanations?
Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know
6. Does he/she behave* appropriately [i.e., in his/her usual (premorbid) manner] in social situations and interactions with other people?
Usually Sometimes Rarely Don't Know

^{*} This question rates behaviour, not appearance.

Community Affairs Questions for Informant: Occupational Yes No N/A 1. Is the subject still working? If not applicable, proceed to question 4 If yes, proceed to question 3 If no, proceed to question 2 2. Did memory or thinking problems contribute to the subject's decision Don't know to retire? (Proceed to question 4) 3. Does the subject have significant difficulty in his/her job because of problems with memory or thinking? Rarely or Never Sometimes Usually Don't Know Social 4. Has he/she ever driven a car? Does the subject drive a car now? If no, is this because of memory or thinking problems? 5. If he/she is still driving, are there problems or risks because of poor thinking? *6. Is he/she able to shop for needs independently? Don't Know Rarely or Never Sometimes Usually (Needs to be accompanied (Shops for limited number on any shopping trip) of items; buys duplicate items or forgets needed items) 7. Is he/she able to carry out activities outside the home independently? Rarely or Never Sometimes Usually Don't Know (Generally unable to (Limited and/or (Meaningful routine, e.g., superficial perform activities participation in without help) participation in church activities, e.g., or meetings; trips to voting) beauty salons) 8. Is he/she taken to social functions outside a family home? If no, why not? 9. Would a casual observer of the subject's behaviour think the subject was ill? 10. If in a nursing home, does he/she participate well in social functions (thinking)? **IMPORTANT:** Is there enough information available to rate the subject's level of impairment in community affairs?

If not, please probe further.

Community Affairs: Such as going to church, visiting friends or family, political activities, professional organisations such as bar association, other professional groups, social clubs, service organisations and educational programmes.

^{*}Please add notes if needed to clarify subject's level of functioning in this area.

Home and Hobbies Questions for Informant:

1	a. What changes have occurred in his/her abilities to perform household tasks?
1	b. What can he/she still do well?
2	a. What changes have occurred in his/her abilities to perform hobbies?
2	b. What can he/she still do well?
3	. If in a nursing home, what can he/she no longer do well (Home and Hobbies)?
•	lay Activities (The Dementia Scale of Blessed): No Loss Severe Loss Ability to perform household tasks 0 0.5 1
	. Is he/she able to perform household tasks at the level of: Choose one. Informant does not need to be asked directly). No meaningful function. (Performs simple activities, such as making a bed, only with much supervision)
	Functions in limited activities only. (With some supervision, washes dishes with acceptable cleanliness; sets table)
	Functions in some activities independently. (Operates appliances, such as a vacuum cleaner; prepares simple meals)
	Functions in usual activities but not at usual level.
	Normal function in usual activities.

IMPORTANT:

Is there enough information available to rate the subject's level of impairment in HOME & HOBBIES? If not, please probe further.

<u>Homemaking Tasks</u>: Such as cooking, washing, cleaning, food shopping, taking out rubbish, gardening, simple maintenance and basic home repair.

<u>Hobbies</u>: Sewing, painting, handicrafts, reading, entertaining, photography, looking after plants, going to the theatre or concert, woodwork, participation in sports.

Personal Care Questions for Informant:

*What is your estimate of his/her mental ability in the following areas:

	Unaided	Occasionally misplaced buttons, etc.	Wrong sequence, commonly forgotten items	Unable to dress
A. Dressing (The Dementia Scale of Blessed)	0	1	2	3
	Unaided	Needs prompting	Sometimes needs help	Always or nearly always needs help
B. Washing, grooming	0	1	2	3
	Cleanly; proper utensils	Messily; spoon	Simple solids	Has to be fed completely
C. Eating habits	0	1	2	3
	Normal complete control	Occasionally wets the bed	Frequently wets the bed	Doubly incontinent
D. Sphincter control (The Dementia Scale of Blessed)	0	1	2	3

^{*} A box score of 1 can be considered if the subject's personal care is impaired from a previous level, even if he/she does not receive prompting.

mo.	ry Questions for Subjec	:u:				
1.	Do you have problems v	with memor	y or thinking?		Yes	No
2.	A few moments ago you something about those? participants, how long t	(Prompt fo	r details, if neede	ed, such as the	location of the event, ti	me of day,
	.0 – Largely correct	Wi	thin 1 week			
	.0 – Largely incorrect					
		-				
1	O Longoly compat	Wi	thin 1 month			
	.0 – Largely correct	-				
	.0 – Largely incorrect					
3.	I will give you a name a (Repeat until the phrase					address after me:
	Elements	1	2	3	4	5
		John	Brown,	42	Market Street	'
		John John	Brown, Brown,	42 42	Market Street Market Street	*
4.	(Underline elements rep When were you born?	peated corre	ctly at each atten	npt).		
5.	Where were you born?					
6.	What was the last educa	ntional estab	lishment you att			
	Town/City			Highest L	Level achieved	
7.	What was your main oc	cupation/jo	b (or spouse if no	ot employed)?		
8.	What was your last maj	or job (or sp	ouse if not empl	oyed)?		
9.	When did you (or spous	se) retire and	d why?			
10.	Repeat the name and ad	ldress I aske	ed you to rememb	_	4	£
	Elements	John	Brown,	3 42	Market Street,	5 London
		JOHH	DIUWII,	42	market Street,	LOHUOH
	(Underline elements re	epeated cor	rectly.)			

Orientation Questions for Subject:

Re	cord the subject's answer verbatim for each question		
1.	What is the date today?	Correct	Incorrect
2.	What day of the week is it?	Correct	Incorrect
3.	What is the month?	Correct	Incorrect
4.	What is the year?	Correct	Incorrect
5.	What is the name of the place we are in?	Correct	Incorrect
6.	What town or city are we in?	Correct	Incorrect
7.	What time is it?	Correct	Incorrect
8.	Does the subject know who the informant is (in your judgement)?	Correct	Incorrect

Judgement and Problem Solving Questions for Subject:

Instructions: If initial response by subject does not merit a grade 0, press the matter to identify the subject's

best under	erstanding of the problem. Circle the nearest response.	, i
Similarities:		
Example:	"How are a pencil and pen alike? (writing instruments	s)
	How are the following alike?" Subject's Resp	oonse
	1. turnipcauliflower (0 = vegetables) (1 = edible foods, living things, can be cooked, of the cooked, of t	
	2. deskbookcase (0 = furniture, office furniture; both hold books) (1 = wooden, legs) (2 = not pertinent, differences)	
Differences:		
Example: "What i	is the difference between sugar and vinegar? (sweet vs.	sour)
What is th	he difference between the following?"	
	 3. liemistake (0 = one deliberate, one unintentional) (1 = one bad, the other good – or explains only of (2 = anything else, similarities) 4. rivercanal 	one)
	(0 = natural - artificial) (2 = anything else)	
Calculations:	5. How many 5 pence pieces in a pound?	Correct Incorrect
	6. How many 20 pence pieces in £5.40?	Correct Incorrect
	7. Subtract 3 from 20 and keep subtracting 3 from each new number all the way down.	Correct Incorrect
Judgement:		
	8. On arriving in a strange city, how would you lot (0 = try the telephone book, city directory; call (1 = call the police, call the operator (usually w (2 = no clear response)	a mutual friend)
	Subject's assessment of disability and station in li present at the examination (may have covered, but	

Partial Insight

Little Insight

Good Insight

CLINICAL DEMENTIA RATING (CDR)

CLINICAL DEMENTIA RATING (CDR): 0 0,5 1	2	3
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	Impairment				
	None 0	Questionable 0,5	Mild 1	Moderate 2	Severe 3
Memory	No memory loss or slight inconsistent forgetfulness	Consistent slight forgetfulness; partial recollection of events; "benign" forgetfulness	Moderate memory loss; more marked for recent events; defect interferes with everyday activities	Severe memory loss; only highly learned material retained; new material lost rapidly	Severe memory loss; only fragments remain
Orientation	Fully oriented	Fully oriented except for slight difficulty with time relationships	Moderate difficulty with time relationships; oriented to place of examination; may have geographic disorientation elsewhere	Severe difficulty with time relationships; usually disoriented to time, often to place	Oriented to person only
Judgement & Problem Solving	Solves everyday problems & handles business & financial affairs well; judgement good in relation to past performance	Slight impairment in solving problems, similarities, and differences	Moderate difficulty in handling problems, similarities and differences; social judgement usually maintained	Severely impaired in handling problems, similarities and differences; social judgement usually impaired	Unable to make judgements or solve problems
Community Affairs	Independent function at usual level in job, shopping, volunteer and social groups	Slight impairment in these activities	Unable to function at these activities independently although may still be engaged in some; appears normal to casual inspection	No pretence of independent function outside the hore Appears well enough to be taken to functions outside a family home Appears too ill to be taken to functions outside a family home	
Home and Hobbies	Life at home, hobbies, and intellectual interests well maintained	Life at home, hobbies and intellectual interests slightly impaired	Mild but definite impairment of function at home; more difficult tasks abandoned; more complicated hobbies and interests abandoned	Only simple tasks preserved; very restricted interests, poorly maintained	No significant function in the home
Personal Care	Fully capable of self-care		Needs prompting	Requires assistance in dressing, hygiene, keeping of personal belongings	Requires much help with personal care; frequent incontinence

Score only as decline from previous usual level due to cognitive loss, not impairment due to other factors.