





Helping you build a better machine, faster.



Helping you build a better machine, faster.

Danaher Motion -Helping you build a better machine, faster

Danaher Corporation combined over 30 industry-leading brands such as Kollmorgen, Thomson, Dover, Pacific Scientific, Portescap, Neff, Seidel and Bautz to establish a customer-focused motion control manufacturing company called Danaher Motion. We offer this powerful set of integrated motion control technologies under the Danaher Motion and Thomson brand names. We are a \$1B+ global motion control leader, unique in our ability to marshal decades of application experience and technical innovation to help you build better machines, faster.

Danaher Motion defines high standards of quality, innovation and technology. We enable improved machine performance and reliability while controlling costs. Our global manufacturing footprint, rapid customization and prototyping capabilities drive quick lead times. Unmatched application experience and design expertise empowers you to commission machines faster.

Consider your options in today's market for a motion control partner. Select Danaher Motion and join a team with 6100 employees, over 60 years of application experience and 2000+ distributor locations around the globe. Danaher Motion serves industries as diverse as semiconductor, aerospace and defense, electric vehicle systems, packaging, printing, medical and robotics. We offer an unparalleled depth and breadth of motion control product solutions through a worldwide service and support infrastructure, field service engineers and support teams available when and where you need them.

The Danaher Business System -Building sustainable competitive advantage into your business

The Danaher Business System (DBS) was established to increase the value we bring to customers. It is a mature and successful set of tools we use daily to continually improve manufacturing operations and product development processes. DBS is based on the principles of Kaizen which continuously and aggressively eliminate waste in every aspect of our business. DBS focuses the entire organization on achieving breakthrough results that create competitive advantages in quality, delivery and performance – advantages that are passed on to you. Through these advantages Danaher Motion is able to provide you faster times to market as well as unsurpassed product selection, service, reliability and productivity.



Local Support Around the Globe

Deltran Clutches & Brakes

Introduction

Building Our Business On a Strong Foundation

Danaher Motion has a long history of manufacturing quality clutches and brakes. Our roots are firmly planted in brand names such as Deltran, API (American Precision Industries), and Warner PSI bringing over 100 years of combined manufacturing experience.

Deltran joined Danaher Motion in March 2000, followed in July 2000 by the acquisition of Warner PSI. The Genuine Wrap Spring and electromagnetic friction products were then combined under the Deltran name within the Danaher Motion family. As we merged the manufacturing of these product lines into one facility in Amherst, NY we focused on keeping the engineering expertise at the forefront while practicing The Danaher Business System (DBS) of continuous improvement.

Today, our clutch and brake products are working in a wide range of applications specific to factory automation, material handling, automotive, aviation, defense, aero-space, medical, office machine, robotics and servo motor manufacturing industries. These products set the solid foundation for the broad range of standard and custom products currently available to our customers.

Danaher Motion's modern Amherst, NY facility is ISO 9001:2000 and AS9100-B certified

for its Design, Manufacturing and Assembly of Motion Control Devices. Our brake and clutch manufacturing experience, technological know-how and commitment to bring our customers a quality product, delivered on time, every time are some of the reasons why Danaher Motion is the best choice for your next motion control product.



For customer service and application support, please call the DMAC (Danaher Motion Assistance Center) at 1-540-633-3400. For other contact information, please see the back of this catalog.

Using Our Clutches and Brakes Catalog

Finding just the right clutch or brake product can be a daunting task. The selection process hinges on the application with many variables to take into consideration. Often times there are several brake or clutch options that might do the job—the key is finding the best solution for your application.

This catalog contains several aides to assist in the selection process.

 CLUTCH AND BRAKE TECHNOLOGIES—This catalog contains clutch and brake information for Wrap Spring and Electromagnetic Friction Clutches and Brakes. Pages 6-13 offer operation, design and application examples of both technologies. The printed tabs offer a quick way to find the technology and products you need. Engineering guidelines appear at the end of each section.

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING product section begins on page 15. THE FRICTION product section begins on page 97.

- SELECTION BY MOTION TYPE—The chart on pages 4 & 5 categorizes our clutches and brakes by type of motion. The basic motions are START, INDEX, SLIP, STOP and HOLD. Each of these motion types are noted by an icon on the left side of this chart. As you browse through this catalog, you will see these same motion icons in the top header of the product pages. If you know that your application requires a specific motion, this chart may be a helpful place to start your brake and clutch selection.
- SELECTION BY CAPABILITY—The chart on page 5 will help you to determine which technology may work best in your application: Wrap Spring or Friction. Your application may have specific requirements of a brake or clutch such as torque, speed, accuracy, etc. This chart may help you determine whether The Genuine Wrap Spring products or one of our Friction Clutches or Brakes will be best suited for your operation.

Table of Contents

Introduction / Using This Catalog 1
Product Overview
Product Selection Chart—By Motion Type
Product Selection Chart—By Capability
Wrap Spring
Operation & Design Principles6
Applications7
Friction
Operation & Design Principles10
Applications11
Application Worksheet 14

	CLUTCH/BRAKE PACKAGES Super CB Series
	Solenoid Actuated
	Standard CB Series Solenoid Actuated
	CLUTCHES
	SAC Series Solenoid Actuated
	ACCE Clutch
	Accumulating Conveyor
	ACCM Clutch
	Accumulating Conveyor
	PSI Series
	Basic Wrap Spring60
	ACCESSORIES
	Dust Covers
	Stop Collars
	Actuators
	Controls
EN	GINEERED PRODUCTS
	CLUTCHES
	DL Series
	Dura-LIFE Magnetically Actuated70
	MAC Series
	Magnetically Actuated73
	BBC-29
	Magnetically Actuated Ball Bearing
	Solenoid Actuated
	BIMAC Series
	Low Cost Solenoid Actuated
	BDNB Series
	Bi-Directional No Back
	BDSC Series
	Bi-Directional Slip82

Constant Torque Slip......83

ENGINEERING GUIDELINES

Selection Considerations	. 84
Magnetically Actuated Clutch Operation	. 87
Questions & Answers	. 88
CB Spring Differential Adjustments	. 90
Mounting Requirements	. 91
Application Analysis	. 93
Disassembly and Assembly Instructions.	. 95

FRICTION CLUTCHES & BRAKES......97 **CLUTCHES & CLUTCH COUPLINGS** CS & CSC Series Shaft Mounted/Coupling 100 CF & CFC Series Flange Mounted/Coupling......100 BRAKES **BF** Series **BRP Series** Power-off Spring Set 116 **SB** Series Power-off Spring Set 116 **FSB** Series **AKB** Series Power-off Spring Set116 **PMB** Series Power-off Spring Set129 **ENGINEERED PRODUCTS TFD Series**

Torque Feedback Device	132
TC/TCR/TCP Series Clutches & Brakes	
Tooth Power-on & Power-off	135
MCS/MBF Series	
Metric Clutches & Brakes	137
LBRP Series Brakes	
Power-off Spring Set (Safety).	141
MDB/MDC Series Clutches & Brakes	
Multiple Disc	141
Custom Assemblies	141
ENGINEERING GUIDELINES	
Design Considerations	1/10
Mounting Requirements	144

Glossary of Terms14	15
Conversion Chart	17

CTS Series

Product Overview

Wrap Spring Products

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING™ CLUTCH/BRAKE PACKAGES

CB Series combination clutch/brakes accurately start and stop loads driven by a continuously rotating power source. CB units operate from a single AC or DC pulse, stopping the load within ±1/2° noncumulative at speeds up to 1800 RPM depending on size. Each unit is pre-engineered and pre-assembled for easy installation. Super CB clutch/brakes provide 3 to 5 times longer life.

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING CLUTCHES

Four clutch series include: the Solenoid Actuated SAC Series; the accumulating conveyor clutches which include the ACCE and the ACCM Heavy Duty Clutch and the mechanically actuated basic wrap spring PSI Series clutch.

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING ACCESSORIES

Several accessories are offered for The Genuine Wrap Spring products, including dust cover enclosures; heavy duty actuator and controls. The Heavy Duty Actuator is used with the PSI-6 and ACCM series clutches. A plug-in clutch/brake control designed for operation of D-frame, AC or DC wrap spring clutches and brakes is available, the One Shot Power Control.

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING ENGINEERED PRODUCTS

Engineered products are specially designed to solve specific and unique application requirements. The products shown are the result of years of experience in providing innovative solutions for applications including paper feed drives, agriculture equipment, copiers, robotics, etc. These solutions are now available as "engineered" products which include the DL, MAC, BBC-29, SP, BIMAC, BDNB, BDSC and CTS Series.

Friction Products

FRICTION CLUTCHES & CLUTCH COUPLINGS

Electromagnetic clutches and clutch couplings are available in 6 frame sizes and offered as shaft mounted or flange mounted models. The CS, CSC, CF and CFC series provide an efficient, electrically switchable link between a motor and a load. These models offer full corrosion resistant, rotating components designed for low inertia and minimal drag, zero backlash and integral long-life bearings.

SPRING-SET FRICTION BRAKES

Electromagnetic power-on (BF) brakes provide an efficient, switchable means of stopping and/or holding a load. Spring-set electromagnetic power-off (BRP, SB, FSB, AKB & PMB) brakes provide a safe, efficient means of stopping and/or holding a load in the absence of power.

FRICTION ENGINEERED PRODUCTS

Engineered products are specially designed to solve specific and unique application requirements. The products shown are the result of innovative solutions we provided for applications such as document handling, copiers, ATM machines, dispensing machines, robotics, and military aerospace actuators. The solutions we provided are now available as "engineered" products.

Several New Series are included in this section: TFD Series (Torque Feedback Device) and Metric MCS (Clutches) and Metric MBF (Brakes).







THE GENUINE WRAP SPRING

ACCESS













FRICTION

3

Product Selection

		CLUTCHES & BRAKES SE	LECTION CHART-	-BY MOTION TYPE			
Motion Type	Туре	Model/Sizes	Max Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Bore Range	Max RPM	Actuation Method	Page
Starting	Wrap Spring Clutch	DL-30, 33	30 (3.4)	English: ¹ / ₄ - ⁵ / ₁₆ " Metric: 6 - 8 mm	1200	DC	70
START	Wrap Spring Clutch	MAC-30, 45, 45 w/BC	150 (16)	English: ¹ / ₄ - ⁵ / ₈ " Metric: 6 - 16 mm	1200	DC	73
	Wrap Spring Clutch	BBC-29	25 (2.83)	English: ¹ / ₄ ″ Metric: 6 mm	1800	DC	77
Motion icons are	Friction Clutch	CS-11, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30 CSC-11, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30	125 (14.2)	English: ¹ / ₄ - 1″ Metric: 8 - 35 mm	5000	DC	100
shown at the top of each prod-	Friction Clutch	CF-11, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30 CFC-11, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30	125 (14.2)	English: ¹ / ₄ - ⁵ / ₈ " Metric: 8 - 16 mm	5000	DC	100
uct page to make	Friction Clutch	TC-19, TCR-19 TCP-19	250 (28.2) 50 (5.6)	English: ³ / ₈ - ¹ / ₂ "	5000	DC	135
selecting	Friction Clutch	MCS	Custom Enginee	red Product - Consult Fa	actory		137
easier.	Friction Clutch	MDC	Custom Enginee	red Product - Consult Fa	actory		141
Indexing	Wrap Spring Clutch	PSI-2, 4, 5, 6, 8	2500 (282.5)	English: ¹ / ₄ - 1 ¹ / ₂ " Metric: 6 - 40 mm	1800	Mechanical	60
INDEX	Wrap Spring Clutch	SAC-2, 4, 5, 6	500 (56.5)	English: ¹ / ₄ - 1″ Metric: 6 - 25 mm	1800	AC or DC Solenoid; AIR	46
	Wrap Spring Clutch/Brake	Super CB CB-5, 6, 7, 8, 10	5,000 (565)	English: ¹ / ₂ - 1 ³ / ₄ " Metric: 12 - 45 mm	750	AC or DC Solenoid; AIR	18
	Wrap Spring Clutch/Brake	Standard CB CB-2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10	5,000 (565)	English: ¹ / ₄ - 1 ³ / ₄ " Metric: 6 - 45 mm	1800	AC or DC Solenoid; AIR	30
	Wrap Spring Clutch	ACCE-7	1500 (169.5)	English: 1 - 1 ⁷ / ₁₆ "	400	AC or DC Solenoid; AIR	54
	Wrap Spring Clutch	ACCE-7 Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	English: 1 - 1 ⁷ / ₁₆ "	400	AC or DC Solenoid; AIR	54
	Wrap Spring Clutch	ACCM-7	1500 (169.5)	English: 1 - 1 ⁷ / ₁₆ "	400	Mechanical	57
	Wrap Spring Clutch	ACCM-7 Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	English: 1 - 1 ⁷ / ₁₆ "	400	Mechanical	57
	Wrap Spring Clutch	SP-2, 4, 5, 6	500 (56.5)	English: ³ / ₄ - 1″ Metric: 20 - 25 mm	1500	AC or DC; AIR	78
	Wrap Spring Clutch	BIMAC B-1, B-2	75 (8.475)	English: 1/ ₄ - 3/ ₈ "	1500	AC or DC Solenoid	80
Slipping	Wrap Spring Clutch	BDSC Sizes 2, 4	9 (1.059)	English: ¹ / ₄ - ⁵ / ₈ " Metric: 6-16 mm	200	N/A	82
SLIP	Wrap Spring Clutch	CTS-25, 50	28 (3.164)	English: 1/4 - 5/16"	150	N/A	83
	Feedback Device	TFD-30, 40	12 (106)	N/A	300/120**	DC	132
Stopping	Friction Brake	BF-11, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30	125 (14.13)	English: ^{3/} 16 -1" Metric: 3 - 35 mm	5000	DC	110
STOP	Friction Brake	MBF-26, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100 (L & S)	3540 (400)	Metric: 12 - 60 mm	5000	DC	139 & 140
	*Consult factory for h	nigher speeds	**Intermittent/C	ontinuous		continued on	next page

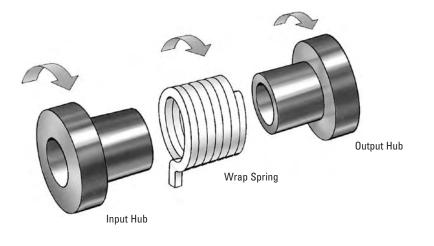
Product Selection

		BRAK	ES & CLUTCHES SEI	LECTION CHART-	-BY MOTION	ГҮРЕ				
Motion Type	Туре	Mode	I/Sizes	Max Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Bore Range		Max RPM	Actuation Method	Page	
Holding	Wrap Spring Brake	BDNE	ł	250 (28.23)	English: ¹ / ₂ "		200	N/A	81	
HOLD	Friction Brake	BF-11	, 15, 17, 22, 26, 30	125 (14.13)	English: ³ / ₁₆ Metric: 3 - 3	-1″ 35 mm	5000	DC	110	
	Friction Brake		5, 17, 19, 23, 26, 28, 50, 60, 70	1000 (113.0)	English: ¹ / ₄ Metric: 3 - 4	- 2″ I5 mm	5000	DC	116	
	Friction Brake		, 17, 19, 23, 26, 28, 50, 60, 70	1200 (135.6)	English: ¹ / ₄ Metric: 3 - 4	- 2″ 5 mm	5000	DC	116	
	Friction Brake	FSB-1	5, 17	3 (0.34)	English: ³ / ₁₆ Metric: 3 - 8	- ³ / ₈ ″ 8 mm	5000	DC	116	
	Friction Brake	AKB-1	7, 19, 26, 30, 40, 50	470 (53.0)	English: ¹ / ₄ Metric: 6 - 2	- 1″ 25 mm	5000	DC	116	
	Friction Brake		30, 40, 50, 60, 65, 100, 120	4250 (480.0)	English: ³ / ₈ - Metric: 11 -	- 1 ⁵ / ₈ ″ 45 mm	3000	DC	129	
	Friction Brake	MBF-: 80, 10	26, 30, 40, 50, 60, 0 (L & S)	3540 (400)	Metric: 12 -	60 mm	5000	DC	139 & 140	
	Friction Brake	MDB		Custom Enginee	red Product -	Consult Fa	actory		141	
	*Consult factory for h	nigher sp	peeds							
			KES & CLUTCHES SE							
Capability	This chart contai	ins basi				rring or Friction product.* Friction				
Torque Capacity Per	Unit Size		The Genuine Wrap Spring				_	THEOR	_	
Low Power Consump				↓						
Single Revolution			\checkmark							
Random Start/Stop						\checkmark				
Brake: Power-On							\checkmark			
Brake: Power-Off								\checkmark		
Soft Start/Soft Stop								\checkmark		
Positive Engagement	t			\checkmark						
Stopping Accuracy				\checkmark						
Speeds Up To 1750				\checkmark				\checkmark		
Speeds Over 1750								\checkmark		
Bi-Directional Rotation	on							\checkmark		
Rapid Cycling				\checkmark				\checkmark		
Actuation - Electric		\checkmark					\checkmark			
Actuation - Pneumat	ic		\checkmark							
		\checkmark								
Actuation - Mechani	cal			\checkmark						
Actuation - Mechani Manual Release	cal			\checkmark				\checkmark		

*Many applications require additional specifications not shown in the chart above. Always review your application requirements before choosing a brake or clutch product.

The Genuine Wrap Spring Clutches & Brakes

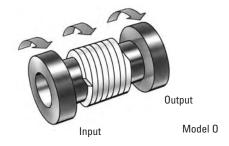
Operation Design Principles



The basic wrap spring clutch consists of three elements: an input hub, an output hub, and a spring whose inside diameter is slightly smaller than the outside diameter of the two hubs.

When the spring is forced over the two hubs, rotation in the direction of the arrow wraps it down tightly on the hubs, positively engaging them. The greater the force of rotation, the more tightly the spring grips the hubs.

Wrap Spring Design Configurations



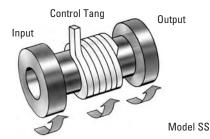
Overrunning Clutch

In its basic form, the wrap spring clutch operates as an overrunning clutch. When the input hub is rotated as shown, the spring wraps down to engage the two hubs. If the input is stopped or reversed, the spring unwraps to release the output hub, allowing the load to overrun. PSI Series overrunning clutches can also perform one-way indexing and backstopping functions.

Combination Clutch/Brake

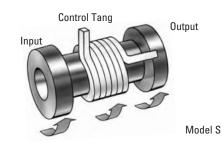
The wrap spring clutch/brake utilizes two control tangs to hold either the clutch or brake spring open. When the clutch and brake control tangs rotate with the input hub, the input hub and output shaft are positively engaged by the clutch spring. When the brake control tang is locked by the stop collar, the brake spring wraps down

to engage the output shaft to the stationary brake hub. At the same time, the clutch spring unwraps slightly, allowing the input hub to rotate freely.



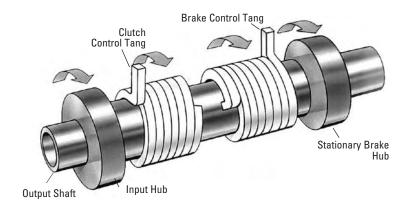
Start-Stop Clutch (Random Positioning)

Modifying the basic PSI Series clutch with a control tang allows the clutch to engage and then disengage the load when the control tang is locked in position by the stop collar. Once disengaged, the load coasts freely from the continuously running input.



Single Revolution Clutch

A second tang, secured to the output hub, allows PSI Series clutches to perform single revolution functions. When the control tang is engaged, the output hub cannot overrun because it is secured to the spring. Single revolution PSI, SP and SAC Series clutches are capable of stopping only 10% of their starting load capacity. A CB Series unit is recommended where higher braking torque is required.

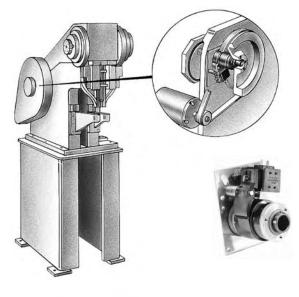


The Genuine Wrap Spring Clutches & Brakes Applications

The Genuine Wrap Spring clutch/brakes provide hundreds of simple motion processes that can be controlled through the three basic wrap spring clutch functions: overrunning, start-stop, and single revolution.

Important Facts

- The torque capacity of a spring clutch or brake is a direct function of the diameter of the hub and the tensile strength of the spring.
- A spring clutch or brake will not slip. It will attempt to supply the torque demanded, up to the mechanical limitations of the spring.
- When the spring is allowed to wrap down (or grip the hubs) the output hub will accelerate to the input RPM in .003 seconds, the output in .0015 seconds.
- The dynamic torque of acceleration or deceleration is proportional to the RPM multiplied by the load inertia and divided by the acceleration time. This fact indicates that spring clutches and brakes are inertia sensitive—the more inertia, the higher the dynamic torque.
- The torque demand of the spring clutch is equal to the system frictional torque of the load plus the dynamic torque of acceleration.
- When coming to the stop position of the cycle, there must be enough energy in the rotating mass of the load to allow the spring to release its grip on the input hub. This means that if there is a large frictional load, or a torque demand such as coming up to the top of a cam, there must be sufficient energy in the rotating mass to open the spring. Failure to do so will result in possible input hub wear and/or noise.



Single Revolution

Riveter

Through a wrap spring clutch, the motor drives a large flywheel and a large eccentric mass connected to the piston-like riveting ram. The wrap spring clutch-brake always stops at just past top dead center position ready for the next cycle.

Start-Stop (Accurate Positioning)

Egg Packaging

When cartons of eggs are detected on the conveyor, the carton is pushed off onto the pallet. A CB-6 clutch/ brake is fitted to a crank assembly. The crank profile is designed to accelerate slowly to gently move the eggs and accelerate rapidly back to be in position for the next carton. Thus the inertia at start and stop is only the inertia of the crank.



The Genuine Wrap Spring Clutches & Brakes Start-Stop Applications

Literally hundreds of simple motion processes can be controlled through the three basic functions of wrap spring clutches and brakes—Overrunning, Start-Stop, and Single Revolution. Here are just a few examples:

- Mail openers and inserters, collators
- Bag making, paper feed
- Food processing
- Metal riveting, stapling and stitching
- Paper edge trimming
- Film advance
- Inclined conveyors
- Stackers
- Conveyor diverter gate
- Wire bending
- Money counter
- Paper printing and folding
- Newspaper vending machine door mechanism
- Wire windup machine/material cutoff
- · Conveyor drives
- Heavy duty machinery
- Rapid cycling equipment

Single Revolution

Rotary Table

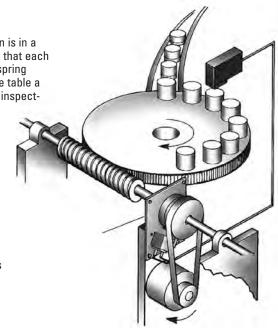
The worm drive in this application is in a 16:1 ratio to the indexing table so that each power supply pulse to the wrap spring clutch/brake solenoid indexes the table a single position for filling, sorting, inspecting, etc.

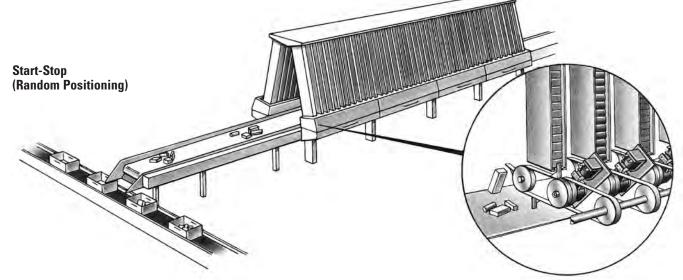
Product Selection

- Super CB
- Standard CB
- SAC
- PSI

Advantages

- Speed and accuracy increases productivity
- Excellent repeatability no cumulative error
- Minimum system inertia





Computerized Order Picker

800 wrap spring clutches, one at each station, dispense packages at the rate of 3 per second, onto a constantly moving belt to make up various customer orders. The computer controlled system signals the appropriate clutch, which drives a paddle wheel type belt system, which in turn ejects one package per computer signal.

Advantages

- Positioned control of paddle ejector made possible with positive, single revolution type clutch
- No cumulative error assures that orders are filled properly
- Simple control. One drive motor for the complete system. Low cost.

Product Selection

- SAC
- ACCE
- ACCM
- PSI

The Genuine Wrap Spring Clutches & Brakes

Overrunning Applications

Incline Conveyor

Anti-backup, anti-back driving

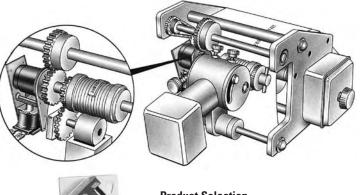
The PSI Series mechanical wrap spring clutch acts as an anti-backup device on this inclined conveyor. When the conveyor is running, the wrap spring is disengaged, allowing the clutch output to freewheel. When the conveyor drive is disengaged, the conveyor starts to reverse and engages the wrap spring which then acts as an effective brake.

Advantages

- Uni-directional control facilitates low cost design
- Maintenance free

Product Selection

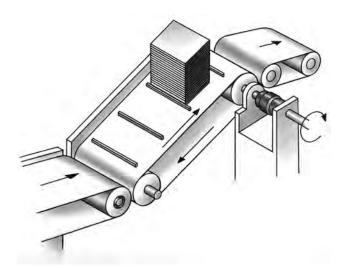
- ACCM
- PSI





Product Selection

- SAC-5
- SP-5



Precise Registration

Print Wheel

In this high speed code printing machine, a photo eye scans a mark on the web and signals a single revolution wrap spring clutch to drive the print wheel in exact registration with the continuously moving web. Variations in printing positioning cannot be tolerated.

Advantages

- Fast/Accurate—the wrap spring clutch rapidly accelerates the print wheel and returns it to home position with no cumulative error. Long acceleration times would cause smearing and misregistration.
- Compact—high torque to size ratio makes it easy to fit into the small space, thus reducing overall machine size and cost
- Control—electric actuation for simple interface with the photo eye signal

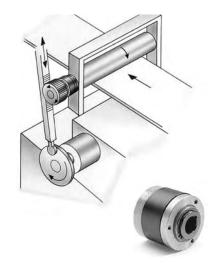
Linear-to-Rotary Translation

Rack and Pinion Indexing Drive

Since wrap spring clutches are inherently uni-directional, the PSI/ACCM overrunning model "O" clutch in this application operates as a ratchet drive. When the rack is moved upward, the wrap spring clutch engages to translate torque to the feed conveyor. On the downward side of the stroke, the wrap spring clutch is disengaged.

Advantages

- Simple—requires no external controls or sensors
- Reliable
- Maintenance free
- **Product Selection**
- PSI
- ACCM

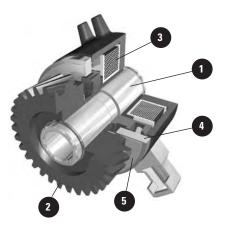


Friction Clutches & Brakes

Operation and Design Principles

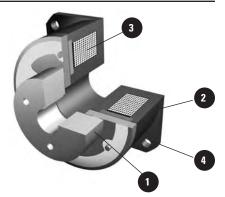
Electromagnetic Clutch

An electromagnetic clutch in its simplest form is a device used to connect a motor to a load. Generally the motor shaft is pinned or keyed to the clutch rotor-shaft assembly (1) bore (input), with the load connected to the armature (output) of the clutch (2) by a pulley or gear. Until the coil (3) is energized, this armature assembly is not coupled, thus not rotating with the input rotor-shaft. Upon coil energization, the rotor-shaft assembly becomes part of an electromagnet, attracting the armature plate (4), engaging this with the rotor assembly, and thus driving the load. When the coil is de-energized, these two attracted elements are no longer attracted and are separated by a spring (5) within the armature assembly. The motor shaft and load are then no longer connected and therefore the load is not driven. The clutch enables the motor to remain on while the load is idle, benefiting in faster cycle time and better overall system efficiency.



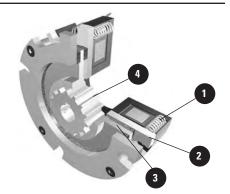
Power-On Electromagnetic Brake

A power-on electromagnetic brake operates using the same principle as the clutch, but with only a single rotating component, the armature assembly (1). The brake is generally positioned on the load shaft with the armature assembly secured to the shaft while the field assembly (2) is mounted to a non-rotating component or bulkhead. Until the coil is (3) energized, the armature assembly will rotate freely. Upon energization, the field assembly becomes an electromagnet, attracting the armature plate (4), thus braking the load.



Power-Off Electromagnetic Spring-Set Brake

A power-off electromagnetic spring-set brake operates on a slightly different principle. The actual braking force is applied by the use of compression springs within the field assembly. In normal power-off mode these springs (1) apply pressure to the fixed (non-rotating) armature plate (2) which in-turn applies pressure to the rotor (3). This rotor has the ability to "float" back and forth under the applied pressure depending on the state of the coil. It is coupled to the load shaft by a spline or hex through a hub (4). Some rotors are suspended between two diaphragm-like springs to achieve the "floating" state.



Power-Off Electromagnetic Permanent Magnet Brake

A power-off electromagnetic permanent magnet brake operates on the principle of the attractive force of a permanent magnet creating the braking action, while the electromagnet is used to negate this force allowing load rotation. In normal power-off mode the permanent magnet in the fixed field assembly (1) creates an attractive force on the armature assembly (2) which is attached to the load shaft by means of set screws or pins, hence stopping or holding the load. Upon coil energization, the electromagnet forms an opposing magnetic force to the permanent magnet, thus allowing the armature assembly free rotation (no brake).



Friction Clutches & Brakes

Applications

Electromagnetic Clutches & Clutch Couplings

Electromagnetic clutches provide an efficient, electrically switchable link between a motor and a load. Clutches are used to couple two parallel shafts by the use of pulleys, gears or sheaves. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an anti-rotation tab or flange, the rotor and armature assembly are mounted on a single shaft, with the rotor secured to the shaft. The armature is bearing mounted and free to rotate. When

Electromagnetic Brakes

Electromagnetic power-on brakes provide an efficient, switchable means of stopping and/or holding the load. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is fixed and prevented from rotating by a flange, the armature assembly is secured to the shaft. When the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the fixed field (electromagnet) assembly, thus stopping and/or holding the load.

Offered in spring-set or permanent magnet

Tooth Brakes & Clutches

When used in either static or low speed engagement applications, tooth clutches and clutch couplings provide an efficient, positive, switchable link between a motor and load on in-line or parallel shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by a fixed flange, the rotor is generally attached to the input shaft. The armature assembly is securely mounted to either an in-line load shaft or a parallel shaft by means of pulleys or gears.

Multi Disc Brakes & Clutches

Multiple Disc Clutches provide a smooth efficient, switchable link between a motor and a load on in-line or parallel shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an anti-rotation tab or flange, the rotor is securely mounted on the drive shaft. The armature assembly is then mounted either directly on an opposing in-line shaft, or indirectly on a parallel shaft by means of gears or pulleys. When the coil is energized, the armature the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the rotor, thus driving the load.

Electromagnetic clutch couplings provide this same efficient, electrically switchable link between a motor and a load for in-line shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an anti-rotation tab or flange, the rotor and armature assembly are securely mounted on opposing in-line shafts. When the coil is

designs, electromagnetic power-off brakes provide a safe, efficient means of stopping and/or holding a load in the absence of power. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is fixed and prevented from rotating, the rotor (spring-set design) or armature (permanent magnet design) assembly is secured to the shaft. In the absence of power, the fixed and rotating components are engaged, thus stopping and/or holding the load. When the coil is energized,

When the coil is energized, the tooth profile of the armature positively engages the tooth profile of the rotor, coupling the two in-line or parallel shafts, thus driving the load.

Tooth brakes provide an efficient, positive, switchable means of either holding a load or decelerating a load from a slow speed, generally 20 RPM or less. Utilizing the same principle as the tooth clutch, these brakes can be used to effectively hold a load in position. Available in power-on or

Shafts must be fully bearing supported

energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the rotor, coupling the two in-line shafts, thus driving the load.



rotating components are disengaged thus allowing the shaft to freely rotate.



Shafts must be fully bearing supported

power-off models, tooth brakes are ideal for applications requiring very high torque in tight places.

engages the friction surface of the rotor, further engaging the multiple discs within the assembly until full torque is achieved, thereby coupling the two in-line or parallel shafts, thus driving the load.

Multiple Disc Brakes offer the very same smooth efficient operation as a braking device. By eliminating the rotor component and using the electromagnet to engage a static field assembly and a rotating armature assembly, braking can be achieved.



These units provide high torque in a compact package size primarily for custom applications in the aerospace industries.

Custom Assemblies (Value-Added Designs)

Variations of any device shown in this catalog can be adapted specifically to meet the most demanding needs of your application. Custom gears, pulleys, sprockets, integrally mounted to the clutch can be combined with special shaft sizes, coil voltages, connector assemblies or any other type of design imaginable.



Friction Applications

Power-Off Brakes

Patient Lift

The BRP and SB can be used as a holding brake to consistently hold a load in position at a specific stopping point.

Advantages

- Uni-directional control
- Compact design
- Non-asbestos friction material
- Factory set air gaps (no need to adjust)
- Interchangeability with many existing brake designs

Product Selection

- BRP
- SB
- AKB
- LBRP





Transfer Case

The BRP is used to hold a rotary gear train in place when the transfer case is in the static mode.

Advantages

- Uni-directional control
- Compact design
- Factory set air gap
- Non-asbestos friction material

Product Selection

- BRP
- SB





Floor Sweeper/Scrubber

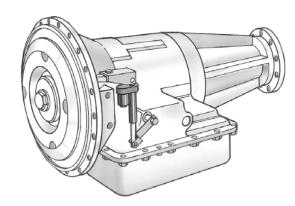
BRP and SB are used as a parking brake to hold the vehicle on inclines, etc. The BRP/SB eliminates the need for manual brake linkage or expensive hydraulic brakes. TFD is used as a drive-by-wire feedback device.

Advantages

- Uni-directional control
- Compact design
- Non-asbestos friction material
- Factory set air gaps (no need to adjust)
- Manual release options
- Interchangeability with many existing brake designs

Product Selection

- PMB
- BRP
- SB
- AKB
- TFD



Friction Applications Power-On Clutches & Brakes

Paper Feed

Power-On Clutch Application:

CS and CF products are used on paper feed applications. There is a prime motor that drives a series of belts/pulleys that drive feed rollers. The CS or CF are mounted on the feed roller shaft. When power is applied to the CS or CF, the clutch engages and then drives the feed roller. The clutch will continue to drive until power is removed.

Advantages

- Low inertia and minimal drag
- Fast response, repeatable performance
- Energy efficient
- Simple installation
- Non-asbestos friction material



Product Selection





Power-On Tooth Clutch Application:

Power Sliding Door

TC is a power-on tooth clutch used to drive a mechanical drive assembly in either direction

Advantages

- · Simple installation
- Energy efficient
- Torque to size ratio
- Positive engagement, indexing capability

Product Selection

TCCSCF



FRICTION

Conveyor Drive System

Power-On Clutch and Brake Application: CS, CF power-on clutches are used to drive the conveyor belt. The BF power-on brake is used to stop the conveyor belt.

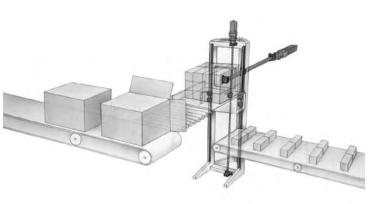
Advantages

- Fast response, repeatable performance
- Static or dynamic engagement
- Simple installation
- Energy efficient
- Economic cost
- Non-asbestos friction material

Product Selection

- CS
- CF
- BF





Application Data Form Worksheet

Customer	Contact	Dept	
Address		City	State
Phone	Fax		Zip
E-mail			
Project Information			
Project Type	Price Target	Avg Yearly Qty	
Initial Release Date	Initial Ship Qty	Current Source	
Product Type	Project Life		
Application			
Application Data			
Function	Unit Type		
Other			
Min. Torque Required	Туре	Inertia	
Input	Rotation	Friction	
Shaft or Bore Size	Other		
Life (Hours)	TTS		
Cycle Life (M)	TTZ		
On Time	Input Speed		
Off Time	Output Speed		
Power Source			
Actuation	Suppression		
Other			
Volts	DC Type		
Other Volts	Min. Res.		
External Environment			
Vibration g (max)	→ at Hz		
Shock g (max)	Rel. humidity % max		
Operating Temperature minus ° C	plus ° C		
Protection			
Corrosion Protection			
Special Protection	Other IP		
Miscellaneous			
Safety Requirements			
Fire Resistance			
If possible insert drawing or sketch below, of	herwise indicate drawing reference		
Drawing / Comments			



The Genuine Wrap Spring[™]

The Genuine Wrap Spring[™]

How To Select

Three steps to select

Wrap spring clutches and brakes are prepackaged, pre-assembled units that are as easy to select as they are to install. The simple three step selection process includes:

Step 1 Determine the clutch or brake function

Step 2 Determine the size

Verify the design considerations Step 3

This selection process is based on the assumption that the diameter of the shaft at the clutch or clutch/brake location has been designed through good machine design practice. For most applications, this process will determine the right size product. When the performance requirements of a given application are marginally within the capabilities of a product, consider using the next larger size. In instances where required load/speed performance data is known and unit size is uncertain, use the technical selection process starting on page 84 which

will help you review all necessary aspects of your application.

Step 1

Determine the clutch or brake function

Wrap spring clutches and brakes can perform three control functions-overrunning, start-stop, and single revolution. Determine the function that will provide the best control for your application. The application ideas shown on pages 8-9 may be helpful. Select the Series which best fits your application requirements from the chart below.

Step 2

Determine the size

To select the correct size unit, determine the maximum RPM at which the clutch or brake will operate and the shaft diameter on which the wrap spring unit will be mounted. A wrap spring clutch engages

almost instantly and, since spring wrap increases with load, the unit must be sized carefully to insure that it is correct for the application. If there is any uncertainty regarding the correct unit size, we recommend using the technical selection process starting on page 84. To select the correct wrap spring unit, locate the appropriate speed and shaft diameter points on the chart that correlates to the model that best suits your application. For applications requiring speed or diameter values higher than those illustrated, please contact your local Danaher Motion Distributor or your Sales Representative.

Step 3

Verify the design function considerations

Once the appropriate series and model size have been determined, review the design considerations. A complete checklist of these and other options are detailed in the "How to Order" section for each series.

			Max 1	orque		Max.	
Function	Performance	Wrap Spring Product	Starting Ib-in (N-m)	Stopping Ib-in (N-m)	Max.* RPM	Cycles/ Minute	Actuation Method
Overrunning	An overrunning clutch will transmit torque in one direction	PSI Series Model O	2500 (282.5)	N/A	1800	N/A	Reverse input rotation
	only when the input hub is stopped or reversed. Consequently, the load is dis- engaged and free to rotate or	ACCM	1500 (169.5)	N/A	400	N/A	Mechanical
	overrun. Engaged in one direction only	ACCM Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	0	400	N/A	Mechanical
Start-Stop		PSI Series Model SS	2500 (282.5)	0	1800	N/A	Mechanical
\frown	A start-stop clutch will engage and disengage a load either by mechanical or electrical actuation. Start-stop clutches provide a random stop position for the load.	SAC Series Model SS	500 (56.5)	0	1800	N/A	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
		ACCE	1500 (169.5)	0	400	N/A	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
		ACCE Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	0	400	N/A	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
	Random Positioning	ACCM	1500 (169.5)	0	400	N/A	Mechanical
	nandom i osidoning	ACCM Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	0	400	N/A	Mechanical
Single Revolution		PSI Series Model S	2500 (282.5)	250 (28.25)	1800	1800	Mechanical
	A single revolution clutch or clutch/brake will accurately	SAC Series Model S	500 (56.5)	50 (5.65)	1800	1200	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
$\langle \rangle$	position a load with no cumu- lative error for each single	Super CB	5000 (565.0)	5000 (565.0)	1800	1200	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
	revolution cycle. Multiple stop	Standard CB	5000 (565.0)	5000 (565.0)	1800	1200	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
•	collars with up to 24 stops (per revolution) provide fractional	ACCE	1500 (169.5)	0	400	N/A	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
	revolution capability.	ACCE Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	0	400	N/A	AC; DC Solenoid or AIR
	Accurate positioning for single or multiple	ACCM	1500 (169.5)	0	400	N/A	Mechanical
		ACCM Heavy Duty	2500 (282.5)	0	400	N/A	Mechanical

*For RPM ranges on specific models, see selection charts on page 17.

Selection by Function

The Genuine Wrap Spring™

Selection

Design Considerations

All Models

- CW or CCW rotation
- Single or multiple stop collar
- Bore size

Super CB and CB Series

- AC or DC solenoid and pneumatic
- CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8 and CB-10 sizes available in the long life, Super CB Series. See pages 18–29 for specific details.

SAC Series

• AC or DC solenoid and pneumatic

ACCM/ACCE Series

- Hub input/shaft output or shaft input/hub output
- Start-stop Model SS or single revolution Model S
- AC or DC solenoid and pneumatic

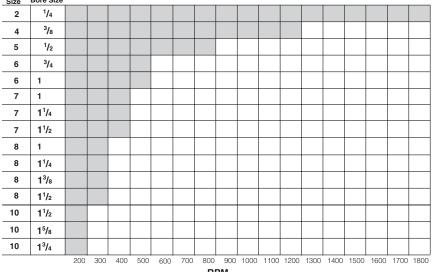
PSI Series

- Hub input/shaft output or shaft input/hub output
- Overrunning Model O, start-stop Model SS or single revolution Model S

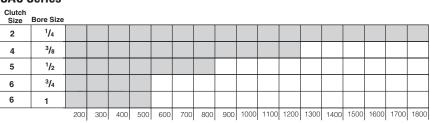
Selection Charts – RPM vs. Shaft Diameter

Super CB and Standard CB Series

Clutch Size Bore Size



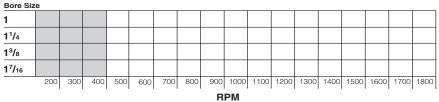




RPM

ACCM/ACCE Series

SAC Series



PSI Series

Clutch																		
Size	Bore Size																	
2	1/4																	
4	³ /8																	
5	¹ /2																	
6	³ /4																	
6	1																	
8	1																	
8	1 ¹ /4																	
8	1 ³ /8																	
8	1 ¹ /2																	
		200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
	RPM																	

INDEX

Super CB Series Longer Life, Extra Performance Clutch/Brake Packages

Super CB Series combination clutches and brakes accurately start and stop loads driven by a continuously rotating power source. CB units operate from a single AC or DC pulse, stopping the load within ±½° noncumulative at speeds up to 750 RPM, depending on size. Each unit is pre-engineered and pre-assembled for easy installation.

Super CB clutches and brakes provide 3 to 5 times longer life! The five sizes of Super CB clutch/brake packages offer extraordinary performance and durability for those applications requiring long life under high load, high duty cycle conditions. Danaher Motion will retrofit standard CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8, CB-10.

Features

- Available in 5 sizes
- · Cost-effective design
- 3–5 times longer life than Standard CB
- Split cam design sizes CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8
- Adjustable control collars for easy and accurate output stop position setting
- RoHS compliant

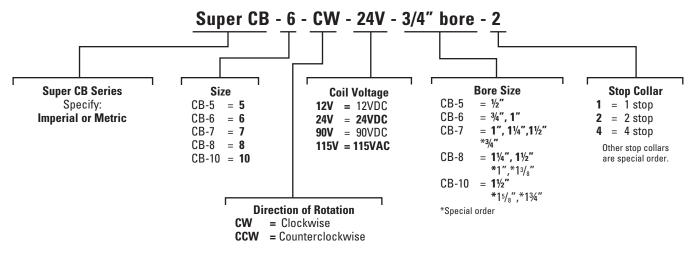
- Load over-travel or back-up is eliminated since Super CB units lock the load in both directions when the solenoid is off
- Anti-overrun feature prevents the output from running faster than the input
- Roller bearings never need adjustment for wear
- Bring loads up to speed in 3 milliseconds and stop within 1.5 milliseconds
- AC or DC operated—other voltages available
- See pages 68 and 69 for controls, power supplies
- Direct retrofit for Standard CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8, CB-10
- 1-, 2- or 4-stop collar with steel insert standard
- Reinforced plastic stop collars also available for up to 24 stop maximum
- Heavy-duty industrial grade coils
- High cycle rate capability
- High torque to size ratio
- Repeatable positioning within ±1/2°



Typical Applications

- Riveters
- Punch presses
- · Packaging equipment
- Conveyor drives
- Heavy duty machinery
- · Rapid cycling equipment

How to order

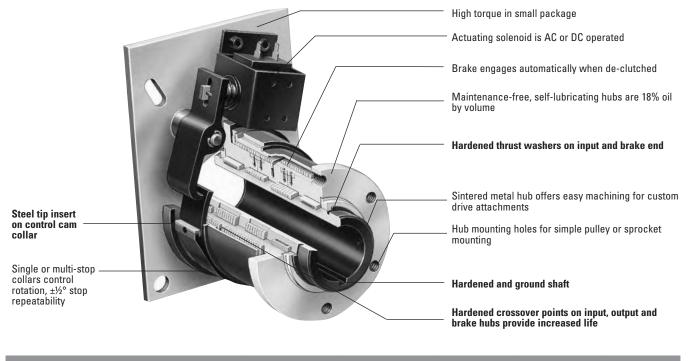


OPTIONS								
Dust Covers	See page 66							
Stop Collars	See page 67							
Pneumatic Actuators	See page 68							



Super CB Series

Solenoid Operated Combination Clutch/Brake Packages



PERFORMANCE											
	CB-5	CB-6	CB-7	CB-8	CB-10						
Static torque	250 lb-in (28.25 Nm)	500 lb-in (56.5 Nm)	1,500 lb-in (169.5 Nm)	2,500 lb-in (282.5 Nm)	5,000 lb-in (565 Nm)						
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	45 lb-in (5.085 Nm)	300 lb-in (33.9 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	1,200 lb-in (135.6 Nm)						
Maximum anti-back holding capability	160 lb-in (18.08 Nm)	300 lb-in (33.9 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	1,200 lb-in (135.6 Nm)						
Inertia, rotating parts	.195 lb-in ²	1.718 lb-in ²	6.75 lb-in ²	12.84 lb-in ²	48.0 lb-in ²						
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	32 lbs.	63 lbs.	300 lbs.	300 lbs.	500 lbs.						
Maximum operating speed	750 RPM	500 RPM	400 RPM	300 RPM	200 RPM						
Response time, voltage on at full speed	27 MS	45 MS	50 MS	50 MS	70 MS						
Weight	3 lbs.	7 lbs.	12 lbs.	15 lbs.	27 lbs						

See page 84 for Minimum Inertia Requirements. See pages 91 & 92 for Mounting Requirements.

	RPM vs. SHAFT BORE						
Size	Max RPM	Shaft Bores Standard in (mm)	Shaft Bores Special in (mm)	Shaft Bores Metric in (mm)			
CB-5	750	¹ / ₂ " (12.7)	—	.47244741 (12.0)			
CB-6	500	³ / ₄ " or 1" (19.05 or 25.4)	—	.78747894 (20.0) .98429862 (25.0)			
CB-7	400	1", 1 ¹ / ₄ " or 1 ¹ / ₂ " (25.4, 31.75 or 38.10)	³ / ₄ " (19.05)	.98439863 (25.0) 1.1811-1.8311 (30.0) 1.3780-1.3804 (35.0)			
CB-8	300	$1^{1}/_{4}$ " or $1^{1}/_{2}$ " (31.75 or 38.1)	1" or 1 ³ / ₈ " (25.4 or 34.925)	1.3780-1.3804 (35.0) 1.5784-1.5772 (40.0)			
CB-10	200	1 ¹ / ₂ " (38.1)	$15/_8$ " or $13/_4$ " (41.275 or 44.45)	1.5749-1.5772 (40.0) 1.7717-1.7740 (45.0)			

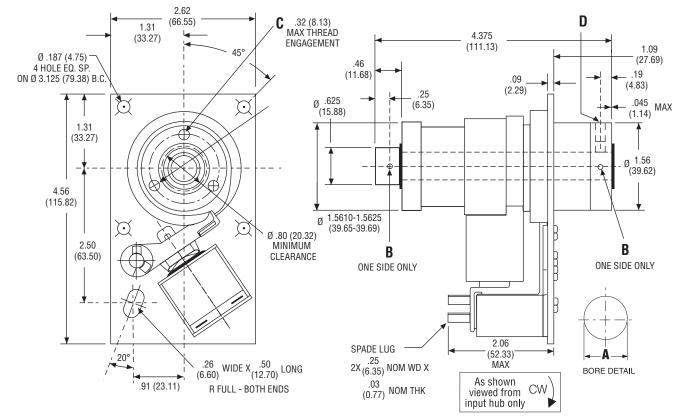
*Consult Factory

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Super CB-5 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications

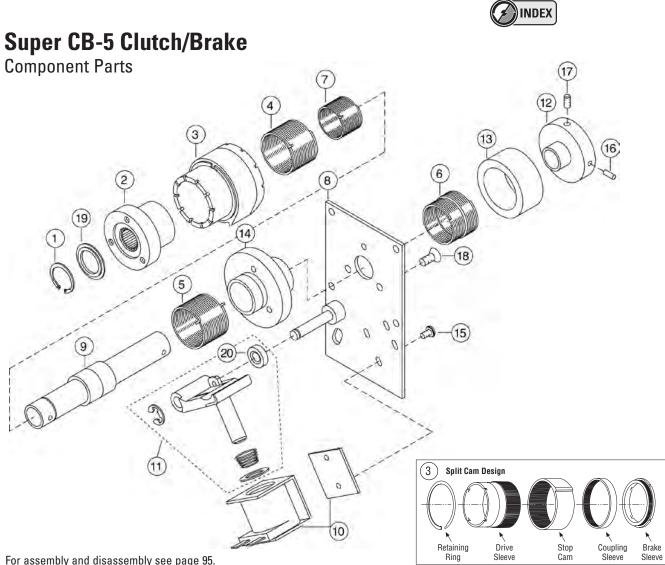


Dimensions (mm)

Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

PERFORMANCE	ELECTRICAL DATA				
Static torque	250 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	45 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	160 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.103*	280.0	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	0.1950 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.325	74.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	32 lbs	12 DC	0.732	16.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	750 RPM	90 D C	0.096	936.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed 27 MS		(Coils are rated for continuous duty)			
Weight 3 lbs.		*115 AC - In rush current .232 amps / Holding current .098 amps			

BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Bore A Pin Hole B Mtg. Hole C Set Screws D						
0.5005-0.5025 (12.712-12.764)	0.124-0.129 (3.14-3.28)	3x #10-32 UNF-2B on 1.25 BC	#8-32 x 0.25 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw			
	METRIC BORES					
0.4724-4741 (12.0 H9)	0.117-0.121 (2.97-3.08)	3X M5 x 0.8 on 31.75 BC	M4 x 0.7 x 6.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw			



For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.*				
1	Retaining Ring		748-5-0006				
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		541-5-0029 (541-5-0030)				
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.8° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-5-0801				
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0001 808-5-0002				
5	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0001 808-5-0002				
6	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0005 808-5-0006				
7	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0003 808-5-0004				
8	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-5-0001 686-5-0002				
9	Output Assembly 0.50 Bore (12.0 mm Bore)		824-5-0469 (824-5-0470)				

	COMPONENT PARTS							
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.*					
10	Coil Assembly 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-5-0003 101-5-0006 101-5-0002 101-5-0005					
11	Actuator Assembly	CW CCW	101-5-0060 101-5-0061					
12	Anti-Back Hub		540-5-0006 (540-5-0047)					
13	Dust Cover (AB Spring)		287-5-9002					
14	Brake Hub		541-5-0024					
15	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems) (2)		797-1-0414					
16	Spring Pin		679-1-0024					
17	Headless Socket Set Screw		797-1-0153 (797-1-0769)					
18	Flat Head Socket Cap Screw		797-1-0322					
19	Thrust Washer		950-5-0006					
20	Spacer		807-1-9002					

* Part numbers in () are metric

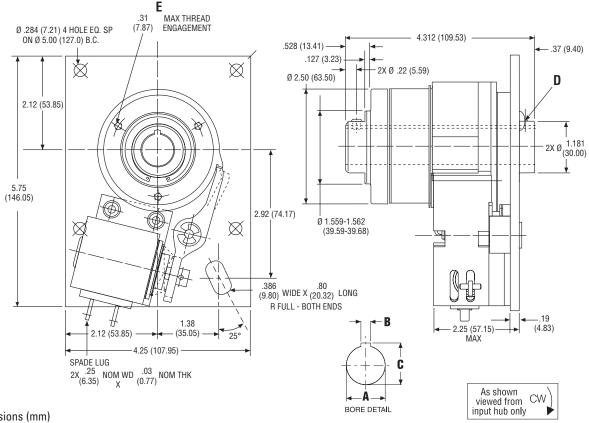
www.danahermotion.com

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Super CB-6 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

PERFORMANCE		
Static torque	500 lb-in	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	300 lb-in	Voltage
Maximum anti-back holding capability	300 lb-in	115 AC (
Inertia, rotating parts	1.718 lb-in²	24 DC
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	63 lbs	12 DC
Maximum operating speed	500 RPM	90 D C
Response time, voltage on at full speed	45 MS	(Coils are
Weight	7 lbs.	*115 AC ·

ELECTRICAL DATA					
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Status		
115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard		
24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard		
12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification		
90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification		

(Coils are rated for continuous duty)

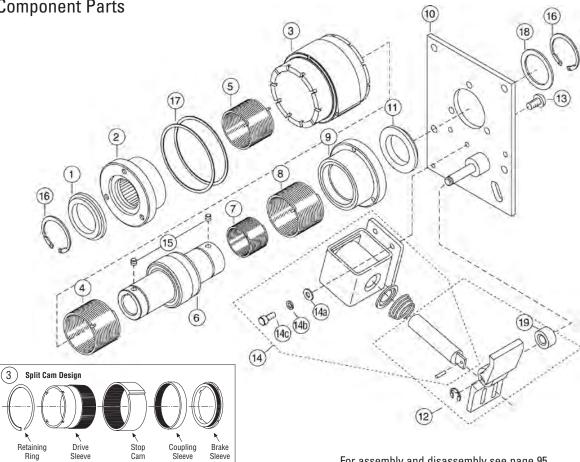
*115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps

BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E		
0.7505-0.7525 (19.062-19.114)	0.1885-0.1905 (4.787-4.839)	0.837-0.842 (21.25-21.39)	2x #10-32 UNC-2B x.19 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 2.062 BC		
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	—	—	2x 0.187-0.192 Hole (4.74-4.88)	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 2.062 BC		
		METRIC BORES				
0.7874-0.7894 (20.0 H9)	0.2356-0.2368 (5.985-6.015)	0.8976-0.9015 (22.800-22.900)	2x M5 x 0.8 x 5.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC		
0.9842-0.9862 (25.0 H9)	—	—	2x 4.87-5.14 Hole (.191203)	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC		



Super CB-6 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



	COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.*			
1	Thrust Washer (Input)		950-6-0003			
2	Input Hub Assembly with Roller Bearing		541-6-0035 (541-6-0036)			
3	Control Collar Special Steel Insert (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.8° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-6-0750			
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0001 808-6-0002			
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0005 808-6-0006			
6	Output Assembly SPCL 0.750 Bore Hard Shaft and Wear Rings 1.000 Bore (20.0 mm Bore) (25.0 mm Bore)		824-6-0478 824-6-0481 (824-6-0482) (824-6-0483)			
7	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0003 808-6-0004			
8	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0001 808-6-0002			
9	Brake Hub w/Roller Brg.		541-6-0045			
10	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-6-0076 686-6-0077			

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

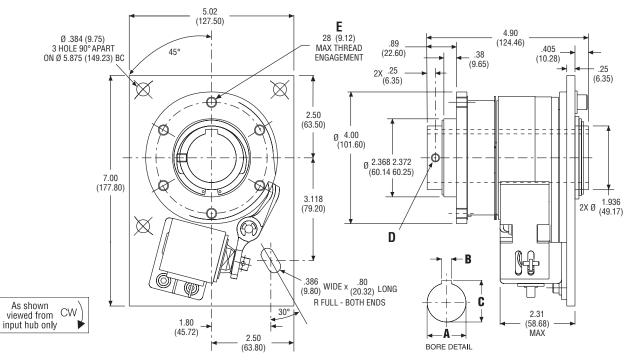
	COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.*			
11	Thrust Washer (Plate Hub)		950-6-0004			
12	Actuator Assembly Special Actuator (includes plunger & spacer)	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033			
13	Button Head Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0243			
14	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030			
14a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006			
14b	Lockwasher - Split (2)		950-1-0020			
14c	Skt. Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044			
15	Headless Skt. Set Screw (2) (0.75 bore only)		797-1-0162 (797-1-0774)			
16	Retaining Ring (2)		748-1-0036			
17	Shim (2)		807-1-0001			
18	Shim .005		807-1-0014			
19	Spacer		807-1-9001			
* Part numbers in () are metric						

Part numbers in () are metric



Super CB-7 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

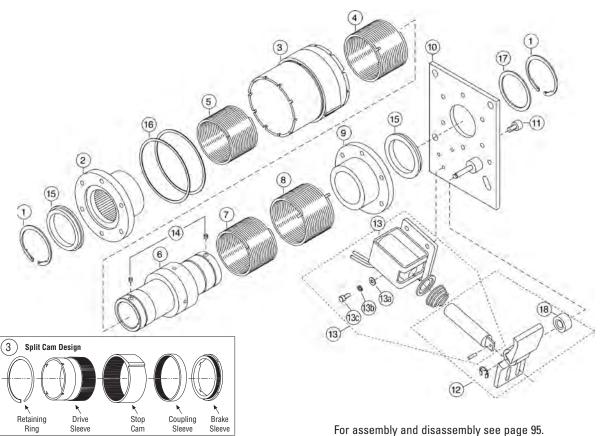
PERFORMANCE	ELECTRICAL DATA				
Static torque	1,500 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	600 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	600 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	6.75 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	300 lbs	12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	400 RPM	90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	50 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty) *115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps			
Weight	12 lbs.				S

BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E		
1.0005-1.0025	0.251-0.253	1.114-1.124	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B		
(25.412-25.464)	(6.37-6.43)	(28.29-28.55)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC		
1.2505-1.2525	0.3135-0.3155	1.389-1.399	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B		
(31.762-31.814)	(7.962-8.014)	(35.28-35.54)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC		
1.5005-1.5025	0.376-0.378	1.605-1.615	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B		
(38.112-38.164)	(9.55-9.61)	(40.76-41.02)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC		
		METRIC BORES				
0.9843-0.9863	0.3143-0.3156	1.1142-1.1241	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25		
(25.0 H9)	(7.983-8.017)	(28.300-28.552)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC		
1.1811-1.1831	0.3143-0.3156	1.3110-1.3209	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25		
(30.0 H9)	(7.983-8.017)	(33.299-33.551)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC		
1.3780-1.3804	0.3930-0.3944	1.5079-1.5182	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25		
(35.0 H9)	(9.982-10.018)	(38.300-38.563)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC		



Super CB-7 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *				
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0039				
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		541-7-0027 (541-7-0030)				
3	Control Collar (Steel Insert) (Specify No. of Stops) Standard • 1.6° Adjustable	CW/CCW	(541-7-8030) 266-1-0030				
4	Drive Spring Standard	CW CCW	808-8-0007 808-8-0008				
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0009 808-8-0010				
6	Output Assembly SPCL (25.0 mm Bore) (30.0 mm Bore) (35.0 mm Bore)		824-7-0143 (1.00) 824-7-0146 (1.50) (824-7-0144) (1.25) (824-7-0133) (824-7-0135) (824-7-0137)				
7	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-1-0012 808-1-0013				
8	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0005 808-8-0006				
9	Brake Hub		541-7-0029				

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *				
10	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-7-0009 686-7-0010				
11	Button Head Cap Screw (6)		797-1-0064				
12	Actuator Assembly (includes plunger)	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033				
13	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030				
13a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006				
13b	Lockwasher—Split (2)		950-1-0020				
13c	Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044				
14	Headless Skt. Set Screw (2)		797-1-0174				
15	Thrust Washer (2)		950-8-0001				
16	Shim		807-1-0002				
17	Shim 0.005 0.010		801-8-0001 801-8-0002				
18	Spacer		807-1-9001				
01.	Chima wood on required						

Shims used as required

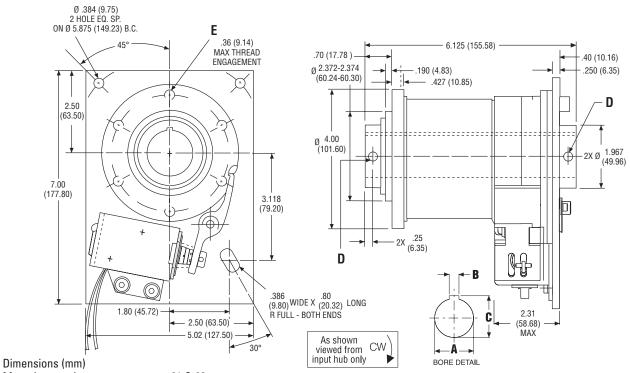
* Part numbers in () are metric

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Super CB-8 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

PERFORMANCE	ELECTRICAL DATA					
Static torque	2,500 lb-in		Current	Resistance		
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	600 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status	
Maximum anti-back holding capability	600 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard	
Inertia, rotating parts	12.84 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.940	25.4	Standard	
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	300 lbs	12 DC	1.860	6.43	Modification	
Maximum operating speed	300 RPM	90 DC	0.240	378.6	Modification	
Response time, voltage on at full speed	50 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty)				
Weight	15 lbs.	*115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps				

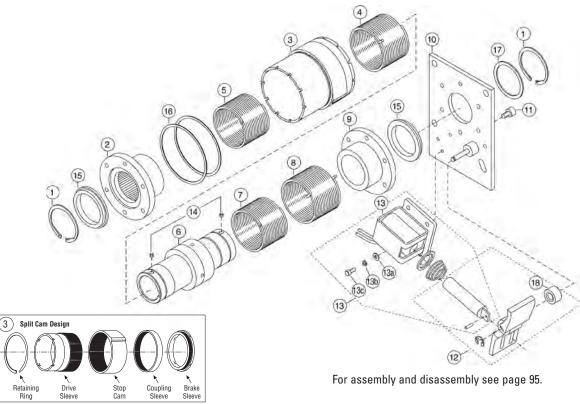
BORE & KEYWAY DATA							
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E			
1.0005-1.0025*	0.251-0.253	1.114-1.124	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B			
(25.412-25.464)	(6.37-6.43)	(28.29-28.55)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC			
1.2505-1.2525	0.3135-0.3155	1.389-1.399	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B			
(31.762-31.814)	(7.962-8.014)	(35.28-35.54)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC			
1.3755-1.3775*	0.3135-0.3155	1.518-1.528	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B			
(34.937-34.989)	(7.962-8.014)	(38.55-38.82)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC			
1.5005-1.5025	0.376-0.378	1.605-1.615 2x #1/4-20 x 0.31		6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B			
(38.112-38.164)	(9.55-9.61)	(40.76-41.02) Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw		on 3.375 BC			
		METRIC BORES					
1.3780-1.3804	0.3930-0.3944	1.5079-1.5182	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25			
(35.0 H9)	(9.982-10.018)	(38.300-38.563)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC			
1.5784-1.5772 (40.0 H9)	—	—	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	6x M8 x 1.25 on 85.73 BC			

* Special Order



Super CB-8 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



	COMPONENT PAR	TS	
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0039
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		541-8-0009 (541-8-0012)
3	Control Collar (Steel Insert) (Specify No. of Stops) Standard • 1.6° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-8-0275
4	Drive Spring Standard	CW CCW	808-8-0003 808-8-0004
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0025 808-8-0026
6	Output Assembly SPCL (35.0 mm Bore) (40.0 mm Bore)		824-8-0579 (1.00) 824-8-0576 (1.50) 824-8-0577 (1.38) (824-8-0578) (1.25) (824-8-0589) A/R
7	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0025 808-8-0026
8	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0003 808-8-0004
9	Brake Hub		541-8-0010
10	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-8-0051 686-8-0052

Stop Cam

Brake Sleeve

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

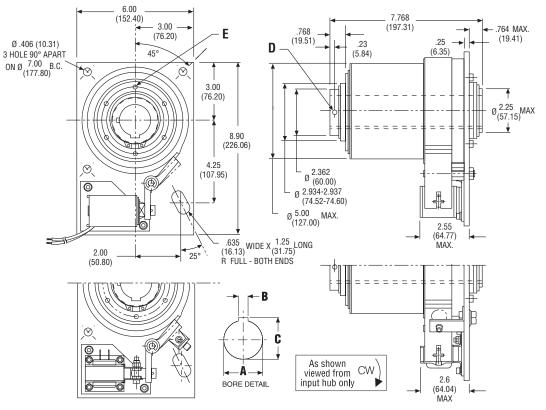
	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *				
11	Button Head Cap Screw (6)		797-1-0064				
12	Actuator Assembly (includes plunger) AC AC DC DC	CW CCW CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033 102-1-0034 102-1-0035				
13	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0053 101-1-0058 101-1-0052 101-1-0055				
13a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006				
13b	Lockwasher—Split (2)		950-1-0020				
13c	Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044				
14	Headless Skt. Set Screw (2)		797-1-0174 (797-1-0783)				
15	Thrust Washer (2)		950-8-0001				
16	Shim (2)		807-1-0002				
17	Shim 0.005 0.010		801-8-0001 801-8-0002				
18	Spacer		807-1-9001				
Shime	used as required						

Shims used as required * Part numbers in () are metric



Super CB-10 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

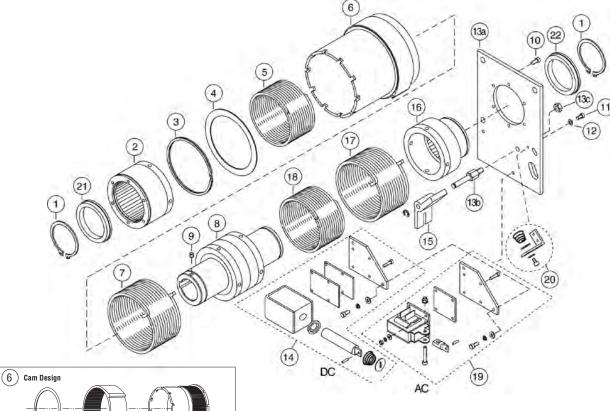
PERFORMANCE	ELECTRICAL DATA					
Static torque	5,000 lb-in		Current	Resistance		
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	1,200 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status	
Maximum anti-back holding capability	1,200 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.174*	14.5	Standard	
Inertia, rotating parts	48.0 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.940	25.4	Standard	
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	500 lbs	12 DC	1.860	6.43	Modification	
Maximum operating speed	200 RPM	90 DC	0.240	378.6	Modification	
Response time, voltage on at full speed 70 MS		(Coils are rated for continuous duty)				
Weight	27 lbs.	*115 AC - In rush current 2.9 amps / Holding current 0.1 amps				

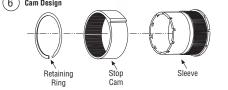
BORE & KEYWAY DATA							
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E			
1.5005-1.5025	0.376-0.378 1.669-1.679		2x #1/4-20 x 0.25	6x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50 DP			
(38.112-38.164)	(9.55-9.61) (42.39-42.65)		Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.417 BC			
1.6255-1.6275	0.376-0.378	1.796-1.806	2x #1/4-20 x 0.25	6x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50 DP			
(41.287-41.339)	(9.55-9.61)	(45.61-45.88)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.417 BC			
1.7505-1.7525 (44.462-44.514)			1.922-1.9322x #1/4-20 x 0.25(48.81-49.08)Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw				
		METRIC BORES					
1.5749-1.5772	0.4717-0.4732	1.705-1.712	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M6 x 1.25 12.70 DP			
(40.0 H9)	(11.979-12.021)	(43.300-43.491)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 86.79 BC			
1.7717-1.7740	0.5504-0.5520	1.922-1.929	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M6 x 1.25 12.70 DP			
(45.0 H9)	(13.980-14.021)	(48.80-49.00)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 86.79 BC			



Super CB-10 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts





COMPONENT PARTS

COMPONENT PARTS							
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *				
1	Retaining Ring-Truarc		748-1-0020				
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		541-0-0017 (541-0-0022)				
3	Retaining Ring		748-1-0217				
4	Spacer		807-0-0013				
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0001 808-0-0002				
6	Control Collar Steel Insert Assembly (Specify No. of Stops) Standard 1.5° • Adjustable	CW CCW	266-0-0201 266-0-0211				
7	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0009 808-0-0010				
8	Shaft Assembly (Specify Bore) Anti-Overrun (40.00 mm Bore)	1.500 1.625 1.750	824-0-0097 824-0-0098 824-0-0099 (824-0-0100)				
9	Headless Set Screw		797-1-0173 (797-1-0784)				
10	Skt Head Cap Screw		797-1-0055				
11	Head Cap Screw		797-1-0044				
12	Lockwasher—Split		950-1-0020				

For assembly and disassembly see pages 95 & 96.

COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *			
13	Actuator Plate Assembly	CW CCW	101-0-0052 101-0-0053			
13a	Plate		686-0-0001			
13b	Pivot Pin		679-0-0001			
13c	Lock Nut		661-1-0010			
14	DC Coil Assembly 24 DC 12 DC 90 DC		101-0-0003 101-0-0002 101-0-0004			
15	Actuator Lever		102-0-9001			
16	Brake Hub		541-0-0019			
17	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0009 808-0-0010			
18	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0007 808-0-0008			
19	AC Coil Assembly 115 AC	CW CCW	101-0-0005 101-0-0054			
20	AC Actuator Return Assembly		101-0-0009			
21	Thrust Washer (Input)		950-0-0002			
22	Thrust Washer (Plate)		950-0-0003			
* Part	numbers in () are metric					

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Standard CB Series Solenoid Activated, Combination Clutch/Brakes

CB Series combination clutches and brakes accurately start and stop loads driven by a continuously rotating power source. CB units operate from a single AC or DC pulse, stopping the load within $\pm 1/2^{\circ}$ noncumulative at speeds up to 1800 RPM, depending on size. Each unit is preengineered and pre-assembled for easy installation.

Features

- Available in 7 sizes
- Adjustable control collars for easy and accurate output stop position setting
- Load over-travel or back-up is eliminated since CB units lock the load in both directions when the solenoid is off
- RoHS compliant

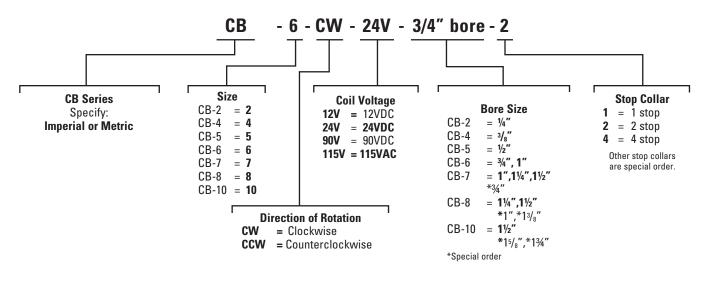
- · Cost-effective design
- Split cam design, Models CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8
- Anti-overrun feature prevents the output from running faster than the input
- Permanently lubricated—never needs adjustment for wear
- Brings load up to speed in 3 milliseconds and stops within 1.5 milliseconds
- Single, 2 and 4 stop collar standard, multi-stop collars with up to 24 stops available as specials
- · AC or DC operated
- See pages 68 and 69 for controls and power supplies



Typical Applications

- Riveters
- Punch presses
- · Packaging equipment
- Conveyor drives
- Heavy duty machinery
- · Rapid cycling equipment

How to order

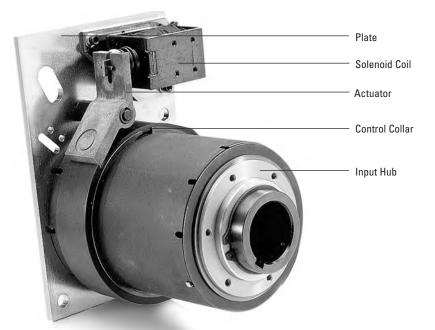


OPTIONS					
Dust Covers	See page 66				
Stop Collars	See page 67				
Pneumatic Actuators	See page 68				



Standard CB Series

Combination Clutch/Brake Packages



	PERFORMANCE							
	CB-2	CB-4	CB-5	CB-6	CB-7	CB-8	CB-10	
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.825 Nm)	120 lb-in (13.56 Nm)	250 lb-in (28.25 Nm)	500 lb-in (56.5 Nm)	1,500 lb-in (169.5 Nm)	2,500 lb-in (282.5 Nm)	5,000 lb-in (565 Nm)	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	10 lb-in (1.13 Nm)	25 lb-in (2.825 Nm)	45 lb-in (5.085 Nm)	300 lb-in (33.9 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	1,200 lb-in (135.6 Nm)	
Maximum anti-back holding	18 lb-in (2.034 Nm)	80 lb-in (9.04 Nm)	160 lb-in (18.08 Nm)	300 lb-in (33.9 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	600 lb-in (67.8 Nm)	1,200 lb-in (135.6 Nm)	
Inertia, rotating parts	.0207 lb-in ²	.0636 lb-in ²	.1950 lb-in ²	1.718 lb-in ²	6.75 lb-in ²	12.84 lb-in ²	48.0 lb-in ²	
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	7.5 lbs.	14 lbs.	32 lbs.	63 lbs.	300 lbs.	300 lbs.	500 lbs.	
Maximum operating speed	1,800 RPM	1,200 RPM	750 RPM	500 RPM	400 RPM	300 RPM	200 RPM	
Response time, voltage on at full speed	20 MS	24 MS	27 MS	45 MS	50 MS	50 MS	70 MS	
Weight	1 lb.	2 lbs.	3 lbs.	7 lbs.	12 lbs.	15 lbs.	27 lbs.	

See page 84 for Minimum Inertia Requirements. See pages 91 & 92 for Mounting Requirements.

RPM vs. SHAFT BORE					
Size	Max RPM	Shaft Bores Standard in (mm)	Shaft Bores Special in (mm)	Shaft Bores Metric Standard in (mm)	
CB-2	1,800	¹ / ₄ " (6.35)	—	.23622374 (6.0)	
CB-4	1,200	³ / ₈ " (9.525)	—	.39373951 (10.0)	
CB-5	750	¹ / ₂ " (12.70)	—	.47244741 (12.0)	
CB-6	500	³ / ₄ " or 1" (19.05 or 25.0)	—	78747894 (20.0) or .98429862 (25.0)	
CB-7	400	1", $1^{1}/_{4}$ " or $1^{1}/_{2}$ " (25.4, 31.75 or 38.10)	³ / ₄ " (19.05)	.98439863 (25.0), 1.1811-1.1831 (30.0) or 1.3780-1.3804 (35.0)	
CB-8	300	$1^{1}/_{4}$ " or $1^{1}/_{2}$ " (31.75 or 38.1)	1" or 1 ³ / ₈ " (25.4 or 34.925)	1.3780-1.3804 (35.0) or 1.5784-1.5772 (40.0)	
CB-10	200	1 ¹ / ₂ " (38.1)	$1^{5}/_{8}$ " or $1^{3}/_{4}$ " (41.275 or 44.45)	1.5749-1.5722 (40.0) or 1.7717-1.7740 (45.0)	

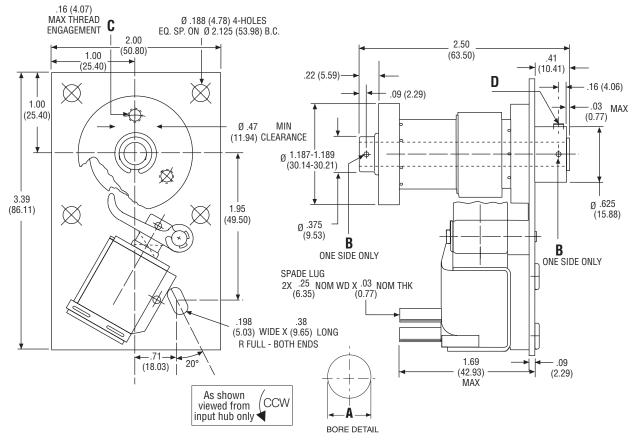
*Consult Factory

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Standard CB-2 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

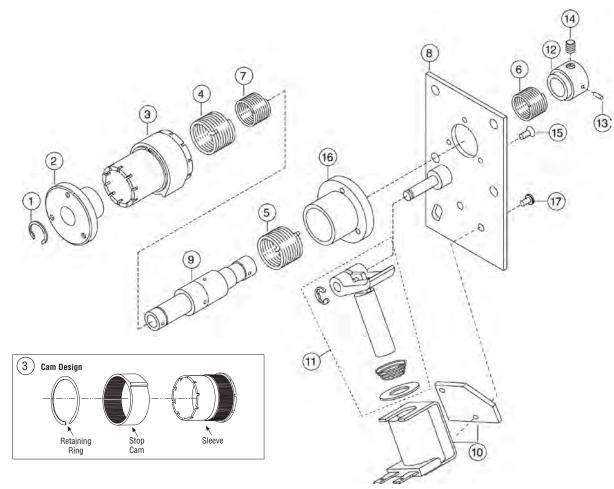
PERFORMANCE		ELECTRICAL DATA			
Static torque	25 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	10 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	18 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.104*	825	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	0.0207 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.230	104	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	7.5 lbs	12 DC	0.460	26	Modification
Maximum operating speed	1800 RPM	90 DC	0.059	1510	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed 20 MS Weight 1 lb.		(Coils are rated for continuous duty) *115 AC - In rush current .10 amps / Holding current .04 amps			

BORE & KEYWAY DATA					
Bore A	Pin Hole B	Mtg. Hole C	Set Screws D		
0.2505-0.2525 (6.362-6.414)	0.061-0.065 (1.54-1.66)	3x #6-32 UNC-2B on 0.938 BC	#8-32 x 0.190 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw		
METRIC BORES					
0.2362-0.2374 (6.0 H9)	0.055-0.062 (1.4-1.57)	3X M4 x 0.7 on 23.83 BC	M4 x 0.7 x 5.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw		



Standard CB-2 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0085		
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-2-0004 (540-2-0107)		
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 2.8° Adjustable	CW CCW	266-2-0001 266-2-0031		
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-2-0108 808-2-0109		
5	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-2-0101 808-2-0100		
6	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-2-0004 808-2-0003		
7	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-2-0003 808-2-0004		
8	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-2-0001 686-2-0002		
9	Output Assembly with Anti-Overrun (0.25 Bore) (6.0 mm Bore)		824-2-0006 (824-2-0319)		

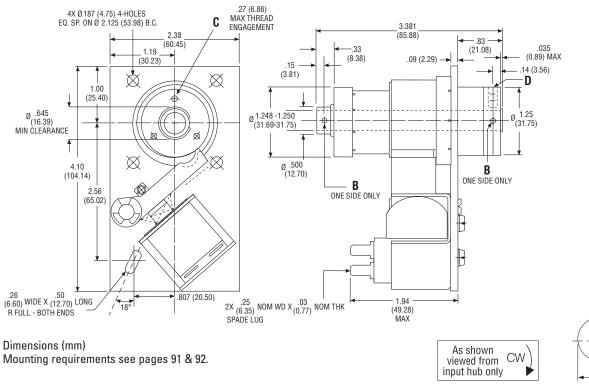
COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
10	Coil Assembly 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		275-1-0003 275-1-0006 275-1-0002 275-1-0005		
11	Actuator Assembly (kit w/ plunger)		101-2-0001		
12	Anti-Back Hub		540-2-0003 (540-2-0109)		
13	Spring Pin	CCW	679-1-0019		
14	Headless Socket Set Screw		797-1-0152 (797-1-0768)		
15	Flat Head Socket Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0311		
16	Brake Hub		540-2-0006		
17	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems) (2)		797-1-0415		
* Port	Part numbers in () are metric				

* Part numbers in () are metric



Standard CB-4 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications





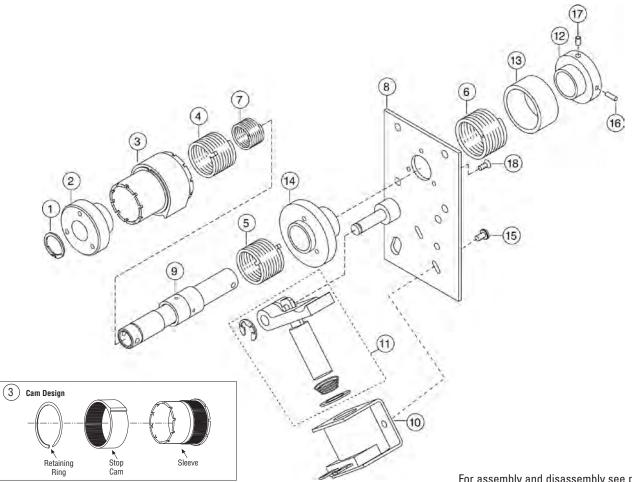
PERFORMANCE		ELECTRICAL DATA			
Static torque	120 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	25 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability			0.103*	280.0	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	0.0636 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.325	74.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	14 lbs	12 DC	0.732	16.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	1200 RPM	90 DC	0.096	936.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	24 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty)			
Weight	2 lbs.	*115 AC - In rush current .232 amps / Holding current .098 amps			

BORE & KEYWAY DATA					
Bore A	Pin Hole B Mtg. Hole C Set Screws D				
0.376-0.378 (9.55-9.61)	0.115-0.135 (2.92-3.43)	3x #6-32 UNC-2B on .938 BC	#8-32 x 0.188 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw		
METRIC BORES					
0.3937-0.3951 (10.0 H9)	0.117-0.121 (2.97-3.08)	3X M4 x 0.7 on 23.83 BC	M4 x 0.7 x 5.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw		



Standard CB-4 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



For assembly	and	disassembly	see	page	95.

	COMPONENT PARTS				
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0027		
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-4-0021 (540-4-0077)		
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 2.4° Adjustable	CW CCW	266-4-0051 266-4-0081		
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-4-0066 808-4-0059		
5	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-4-0016 808-4-0017		
6	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-4-0018 808-4-0019		
7	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-4-0022 808-4-0023		
8	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-4-0001 686-4-0002		
9	Output Assembly with Anti-Overrun 0.38 Bore (10.0 mm Bore)		824-4-0015 (824-4-0300)		

COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
10	Coil Assembly 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		275-1-0163 275-1-0166 275-1-0162 275-1-0165		
11	Actuator Assembly		102-4-0005		
12	Anti-Back Hub		540-4-0018 (540-4-0078)		
13	Dust Cover (AB Spring)		287-4-9002		
14	Brake Hub		540-4-0015		
15	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems) (2)		797-1-0412		
16	Spring Pin		679-1-0022		
17	Headless Socket Set Screw		797-1-0152 (797-1-0768)		
18	Flat Head Socket Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0311		
* Part	numbers in () are metric				

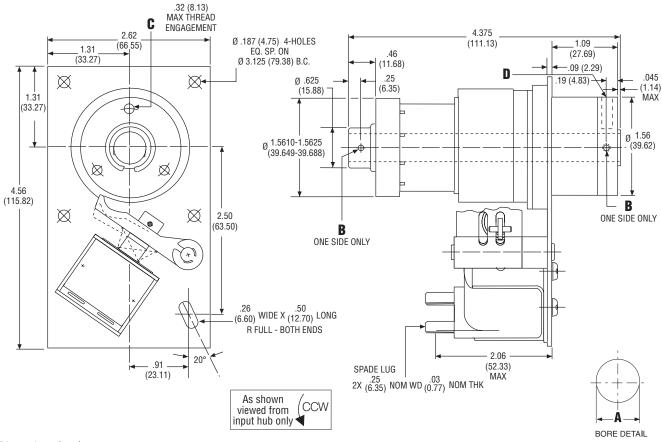
Part numbers in () are metric

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Standard CB-5 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

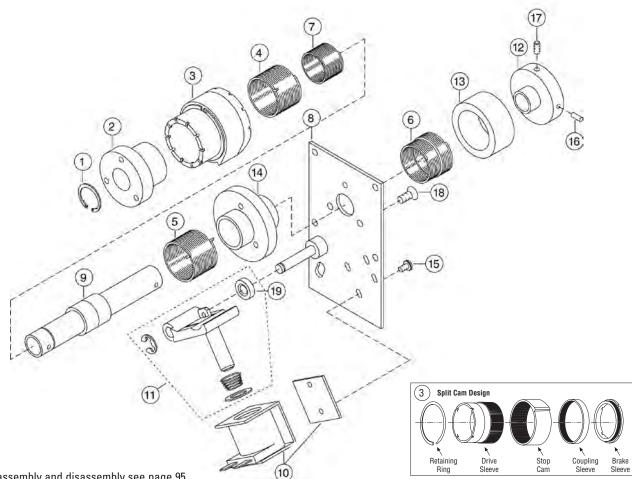
PERFORMANCE			ELECTRI	CAL DATA	
Static torque	250 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	45 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	160 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.103*	280.0	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	0.1950 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.325	74.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	32 lbs	12 DC	0.732	16.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	750 RPM	90 DC	0.096	936.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	27 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty) *115 AC - In rush current .232 amps / Holding current .098 amps			
Weight	3 lbs.				nps

BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Bore A	Pin Hole B	Mtg. Hole C	Set Screws D			
0.5005-0.5025 (12.712-12.764)	0.124-0.129 (3.14-3.28)	3x #10-32 UNF-2B on 1.25 BC	#8-32 x 0.25 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw			
	METRIC BORES					
0.4724-4741 (12.0 H9)	0.117-0.121 (2.97-3.08)	3X M5 x 0.8 on 31.75 BC	M4 x 0.7 x 6.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw			



Standard CB-5 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



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For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

	COMPONENT PARTS				
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0030		
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-5-0007 (540-5-0018)		
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.8° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-5-0801		
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0001 808-5-0002		
5	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0001 808-5-0002		
6	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0005 808-5-0006		
7	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-5-0003 808-5-0004		
8	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-5-0001 686-5-0002		
9	Output Assembly with Anti-Overrun (0.50 Bore) (12.0 mm Bore)		824-5-0002 (824-5-0107)		

	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *				
10	Coil Assembly 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-5-0003 101-5-0006 101-5-0002 101-5-0005				
11	Actuator Assembly	CW CCW	101-5-0058 101-5-0059				
12	Anti-Back Hub		540-5-0006 (540-5-0047)				
13	Dust Cover (AB Spring)		287-5-9002				
14	Brake Hub		540-5-0004				
15	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems) (2)		797-1-0414				
16	Spring Pin		679-1-0024				
17	Headless Socket Set Screw		797-1-0153 (797-1-0769)				
18	Flat Head Socket Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0322				
19	Spacer		807-1-9002				

* Part numbers in () are metric

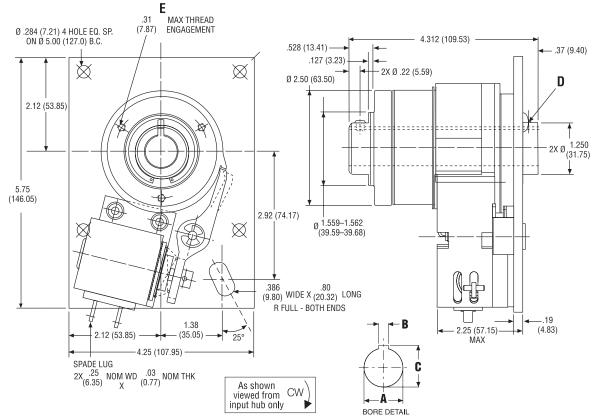
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THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Standard CB-6 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

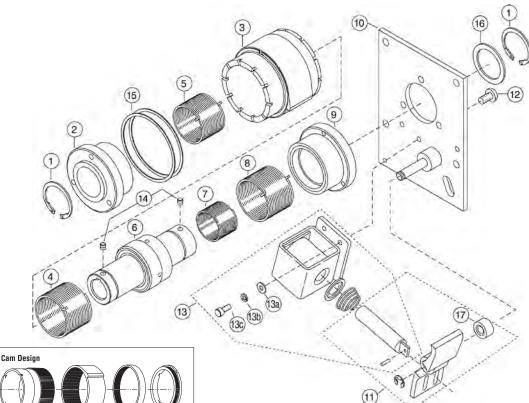
PERFORMANCE			ELECTRI	CAL DATA	
Static torque	500 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	300 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	300 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	1.718 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	63 lbs	12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	500 RPM	90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	45 MS (Coils are rated for continuous duty)				
Weight	7 lbs.	*115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps			s

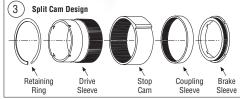
BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E		
0.7505-0.7525 (19.062-19.114)	0.1885-0.1905 (4.787-4.839)	0.837-0.842 (21.25-21.39)	2x #10-32 UNC-2B x 0.19 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 2.062 BC		
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	—	—	2x 0.187-0.192 Hole (4.74-4.88)	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 2.062 BC		
		METRIC BORES				
0.7874-0.7894 (20.0 H9)	0.2356-0.2368 (5.985-6.015)	0.8976-0.9015 (22.800-22.900)	2x M5 x 0.8 x 5.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC		
0.9842-0.9862 (25.0 H9)	—	—	2x 4.87-5.14 Hole (.191203)	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC		



Standard CB-6 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts





COMPONENT PARTS

ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0038
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-6-0003 (540-6-0059)
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.8° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-6-0726
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0001 808-6-0002
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0005 808-6-0006
6	Output Assembly 0.750 Bore 1.000 Bore (20.0 mm Bore) (25.0 mm Bore)		824-6-0002 824-6-0003 (824-6-0348) (824-6-0349)
7	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0003 808-6-0004
8	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0001 808-6-0002
9	Brake Hub		540-6-0001
* Part	numbers in () are metric		

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

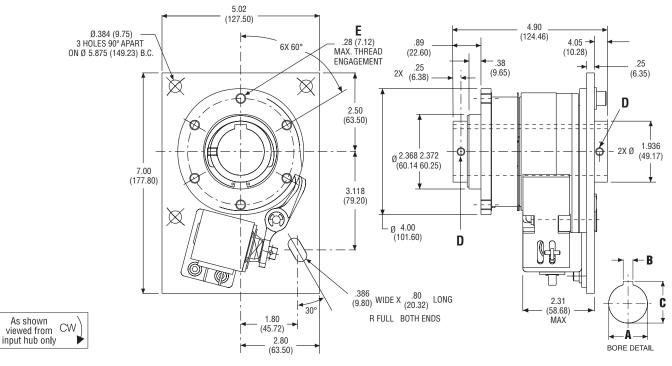
COMPONENT PARTS				
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *	
10	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-6-0076 686-6-0077	
11	Actuator Assembly (includes plunger)	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033	
12	Button Head Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0243	
13	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030	
13a	Flatwasher		950-1-0006	
13b	Lockwasher—Split		950-1-0020	
13c	Skt. Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044	
14	Headless Socket Set Screw (2) (.75 Bore only) Set Screw (2) (20.0 mm Bore only)		797-1-0162 (797-1-0774)	
15	Shim (2)		807-1-0001	
16	Shim .005 .010		807-1-0014 807-1-0017	
17	Spacer		807-1-9001	

Shims used as required



Standard CB-7 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

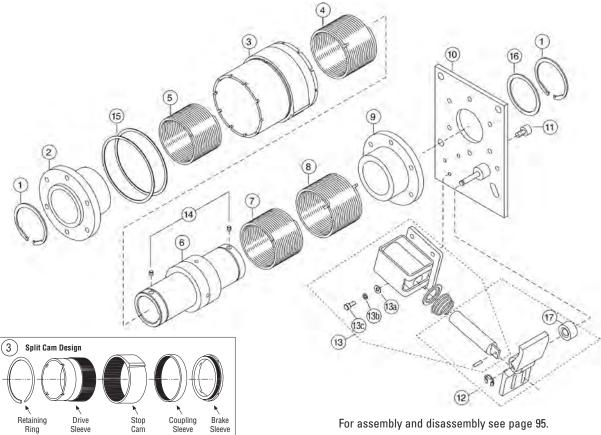
PERFORMANCE			ELECTRI	CAL DATA	
Static torque	1,500 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	600 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	600 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	6.75 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	300 lbs	12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	400 RPM	90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	50 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty)			
Weight	12 lbs.	*115 AC - In rush o	current 1.1 amps / Ho	lding current 0.2 amp	IS

		BORE & KEYWAY DATA		
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E
1.0005-1.0025	0.251-0.253	1.114-1.124	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(25.412-25.464)	(6.37-6.43)	(28.29-28.55)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
1.2505-1.2525	0.3135-0.3155	1.389-1.399	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(31.762-31.814)	(7.962-8.014)	(35.28-35.54)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
1.5005-1.5025	0.376-0.378	1.605-1.615	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(38.112-38.164)	(9.55-9.61)	(40.76-41.02)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
		METRIC BORES		
0.9843-0.9863	0.3143-0.3156	1.1142-1.1241	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25
(25.0 H9)	(7.983-8.017)	(28.300-28.552)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC
1.1811-1.1831	0.3143-0.3156	1.3110-1.3209	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25
(30.0 H9)	(7.983-8.017)	(33.299-33.551)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC
1.3780-1.3804	0.3930-0.3944	1.5079-1.5182	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25
(35.0 H9)	(9.982-10.018)	(38.300-38.563)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC



Standard CB-7 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



	COMPONENT PARTS			
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *	
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0039	
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-8-0009 (540-7-0048)	
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.6° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-1-0026	
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0007 808-8-0008	
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0009 808-8-0010	
6	Output Assembly 1.00 1.50 Anti-Overrun 1.25 (25.0 mm Bore) (30.0 mm Bore) (35.0 mm Bore)		824-7-0114 824-7-0117 824-7-0115 (824-7-0123) (824-7-0125) (824-7-0127)	
7	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-1-0012 808-1-0013	
8	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-8-0005 808-8-0006	
9	Brake Hub		540-7-0030	

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

Item Description Rotation Part No.* 10 Plate Assembly CW CCW 686-8-0051 686-8-0052 11 Button Head Cap Screw (6) 797-1-0064 12 Actuator Assembly (includes plunger) CW CCW 102-1-0032 102-1-0033 13 Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC 101-1-0028 101-1-0028 101-1-0027 101-1-0030 13a Flatwasher (2) 950-1-0006 13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0174 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	COMPONENT PARTS			
11 Button Head Cap Screw (6) 797-1-0064 12 Actuator Assembly (includes plunger) CW CW 102-1-0032 102-1-0033 13 Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC 101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0058 101-1-0057 101-1-0030 13a Flatwasher (2) 950-1-0006 13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0174 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0074	ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *
12 Actuator Assembly (includes plunger) CW CCW 102-1-0032 102-1-0033 13 Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC 101-1-0028 101-1-0027 101-1-0027 101-1-0027 13a Flatwasher (2) 950-1-0006 13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0044 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	10	Plate Assembly		
(includes plunger) CCW 102-1-0033 13 Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC 101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030 13a Flatwasher (2) 950-1-0006 13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0044 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	11	Button Head Cap Screw (6)		797-1-0064
"D" Frame 24 DC 101-1-0028 115 AC 101-1-0027 101-1-0027 12 DC 90 DC 101-1-0027 13a Flatwasher (2) 950-1-0006 13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0044 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	12			
13b Lockwasher—Split (2) 950-1-0020 13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0044 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	13	"D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC		101-1-0058 101-1-0027
13c Head Cap Screw (2) 797-1-0044 14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	13a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006
14 Headless Socket Set Screw (2) 797-1-0174 15 Shim 807-1-0002	13b	Lockwasher—Split (2)		950-1-0020
15 Shim 807-1-0002	13c	Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044
	14	Headless Socket Set Screw (2)		797-1-0174
16 Shim	15	Shim		807-1-0002
.005 807-8-0001 .010 807-8-0004	16	.005		
17 Spacer 807-1-9001	17	Spacer		807-1-9001

Shims used as required

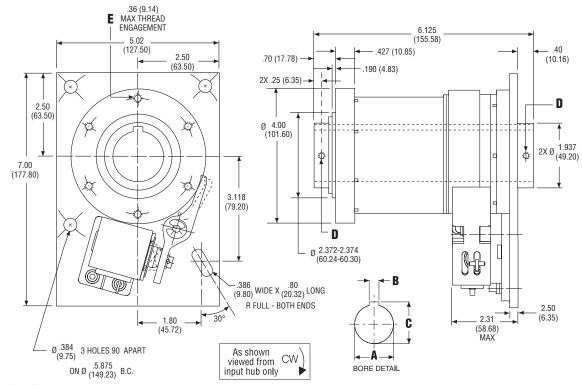
* Part numbers in () are metric

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Standard CB-8 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

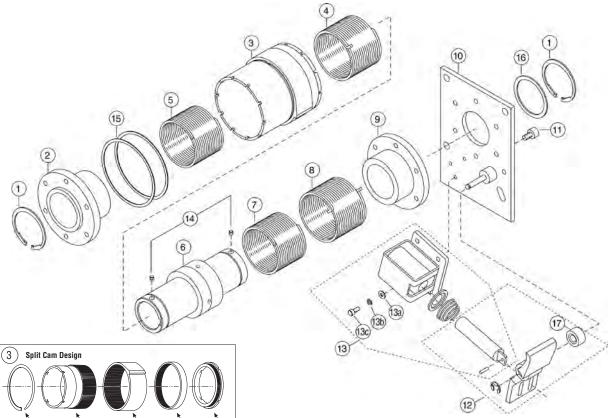
PERFORMANCE		ELECTRICAL DATA			
Static torque	2,500 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	600 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	600 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	12.84 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	300 lbs	12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification
Maximum operating speed	300 RPM	90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	50 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty) *115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps			
Weight	15 lbs.				S

BORE & KEYWAY DATA				
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E
1.0005-1.0025*	0.251-0.253	1.114-1.124	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(25.412-25.464)	(6.37-6.43)	(28.29-28.55)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
1.2505-1.2525	0.3135-0.3155	1.389-1.399	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(31.762-31.814)	(7.962-8.014)	(35.28-35.54)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
1.3755-1.3775*	0.3135-0.3155	1.518-1.528	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(34.937-34.989)	(7.962-8.014)	(38.55-38.82)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
1.5005-1.5025	0.376-0.378	1.605-1.615	2x #1/4-20 x 0.31	6x #5/16-18 UNC-2B
(38.112-38.164)	(9.55-9.61)	(40.76-41.02)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 3.375 BC
		METRIC BORES		
1.3780-1.3804	0.3930-0.3944	1.5079-1.5182	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0	6x M8 x 1.25
(35.0 H9)	(9.982-10.018)	(38.300-38.563)	Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	on 85.73 BC
1.5784-1.5772 (40.0 H9)	—	—	2x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	6x M8 x 1.25 on 85.73 BC



Standard CB-8 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



(3) Split Cam	Design			
•	•	×	•	×
Retaining	Drive	Stop	Coupling	Brake
Ring	Sleeve	Cam	Sleeve	Sleeve

COMPONENT PARTS Description Rotation Part No. * Item 1 **Retaining Ring** 748-1-0039 2 Input Hub Anti-Overrun 540-8-0014 (540-8-0041) 3 Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) CW/CCW 266-8-0251 Standard - 1.6° Adjustable CW CCW 808-8-0003 4 **Drive Spring** 808-8-0004 Standard CW CCW 5 Anti-Overrun Spring 808-8-0025 808-8-0026 6 Output Assembly 1.00 824-8-0329 824-8-0326 1.50 Anti-Overrun 824-8-0327 1.38 824-8-0328 1.25 (824-8-0420) (35.0 mm Bore) A/R (40.0 mm Bore) 7 808-8-0025 Anti-Back Spring CW CCW 808-8-0026 CW CCW 8 Brake Spring 808-8-0003 808-8-0004 * Part numbers in () are metric

For assembly and disassembly see page 95.

COMPONENT PARTS			
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *
9	Brake Hub		540-8-0016
10	Plate Assembly	CW	686-8-0051
11	Button Head Cap Screw (6)		797-1-0064
12	Actuator Assembly (includes plunger)	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033
13	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030
13a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006
13b	Lockwasher—Split (2)		950-1-0020
13c	Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044
14	Headless Socket Set Screw (2)		797-1-0174 (797-1-0784)
15	Shim (2)		807-1-0002
16	Shim .005 .010		807-8-0001 807-8-0004
17	Spacer		807-1-9001

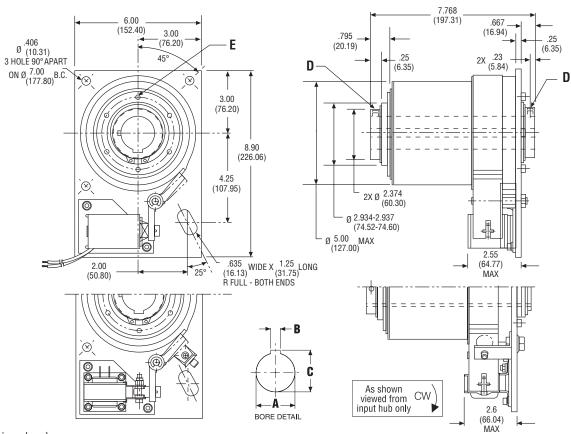
www.danahermotion.com

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM



Standard CB-10 Clutch/Brake

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

PERFORMANCE		ELECTRICAL DATA			
Static torque	5,000 lb-in		Current	Resistance	
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	1,200 lb-in	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum anti-back holding capability	1,200 lb-in	115 AC 60 Hz	174*	14.5	Standard
Inertia, rotating parts	48.0 lb-in ²	24 DC	0.94	25.4	Standard
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	500 lbs	12 DC	1.86	6.43	Modification
Maximum operating speed	200 RPM	90 DC	0.24	378.6	Modification
Response time, voltage on at full speed	70 MS	(Coils are rated for continuous duty) *115 AC - In rush current 2.9 amps / Holding current 0.1 amps			
Weight	27 lbs.				S

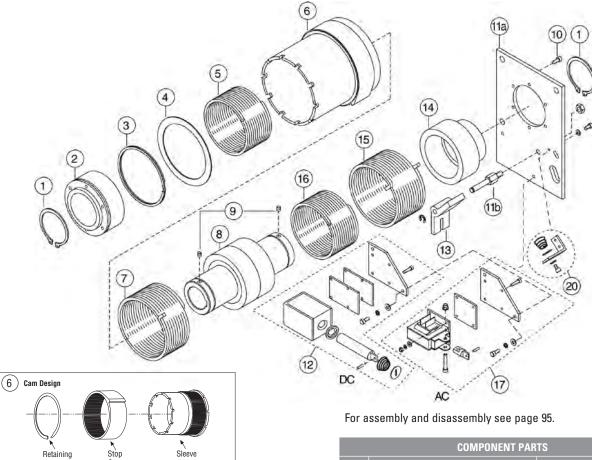
(38.112-38.164) (9.55-9.61) (42.39-42.65) Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	
(38.112-38.164) (9.55-9.61) (42.39-42.65) Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw 1.6255-1.6275 0.376-0.378 1.796-1.806 2x #1/4-20 x 0.25 6	Mounting Holes E
	6x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50 DP on 3.417 BC
	6x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50 DP on 3.417 BC
1.7505-1.75250.376-0.3781.922-1.9322x #1/4-20 x 0.250(44.462-44.514)(9.55-9.61)(48.81-49.08)Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	6x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.50 DP on 3.417 BC
METRIC BORES	
1.5749-1.57720.4717-0.47321.705-1.7122x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0(40.0 H9)(11.979-12.021)(43.300-43.491)Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	6x M8 x 1.25 12.70 DP on 86.79 BC
1.7717-1.77400.5504-0.55201.922-1.9292x M6 x 1.0 x 10.0(45.0 H9)(13.980-14.021)(48.80-49.00)Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	6x M8 x 1.25 12.70 DP on 86.79 BC

www.danahermotion.com



Standard CB-10 Clutch/Brake

Component Parts



	COMPONENT PARTS				
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *		
1	Retaining Ring-Truarc		748-1-0020		
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		541-0-0002 (541-0-0012)		
3	Retaining Ring		748-1-0217		
4	Spacer		807-0-0013		
5	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0001 808-0-0002		
6	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.5° Adjustable	CW CCW	266-0-0127 266-0-0151		
7	Drive Spring Standard	CW CCW	808-0-0009 808-0-0010		
8	Shaft Assembly 1.500 1.625 Anti-Overrun 1.750 (40.0 mm Bore) (45.0 mm Bore)		824-0-0005 824-0-0006 824-0-0007 (824-0-0039) (824-0-0040)		
* Part	numbers in () are metric				

COMPONENT PARTS			
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No. *
9	Headless Set Screw (2)		797-1-0173 (797-1-0784)
10	Skt. Head Cap Screw (6)		797-1-0055
11	Actuator Plate Assembly 11a Plate 11b Pivot Pin 11c Lock Nut	CW CCW	101-0-0052 101-0-0053 686-0-0001 679-0-0001 661-1-0010
12	DC Coil Assembly 24 DC 12 AC 90 DC		101-0-0003 101-0-0002 101-0-0004
13	Actuator Lever		102-0-9001
14	Brake Hub		541-0-0013
15	Brake Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0009 808-0-0010
16	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-0-0007 808-0-0008
17	AC Coil Assembly 115 AC 115 AC	CW CCW	101-0-0005 101-0-0054
20	AC Actuator Return Assembly		101-0-0009
21	Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044
22	Lockwasher—Split (2)		950-1-0020

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Retaining Ring

Stop Cam

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM





The SAC Series features four models of pre-assembled, solenoid actuated, wrap spring clutch packages. SAC units operate from a single AC or DC pulse to accurately start loads at speeds up to 1800 RPM, depending on size. Adjustable stop control collars provide easy and accurate output stop position settings. A typical SAC Series clutch will bring the load up to speed within 3 milliseconds. They are easy to interface with PCs and industrial control systems. SAC Series clutches are accurate, repeatable, fast acting, simple, maintenance free, and low cost.

Features

- · Available in 4 sizes
- Solenoid actuated, wrap spring clutch package
- 4 standard model sizes
- Torque range from 25 lb. in. to 500 lb. in.
- 1, 2 and 4 stops standard—other stops available, up to 24 maximum
- Hub input (shaft input available, consult factory)
- RoHS compliant

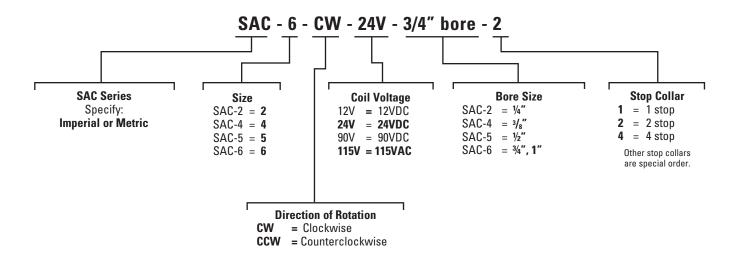


INDEX

Typical Applications

- Computer peripherals
- Business machines
- Packaging equipment
- Check cancellers
- Riveters

How to order

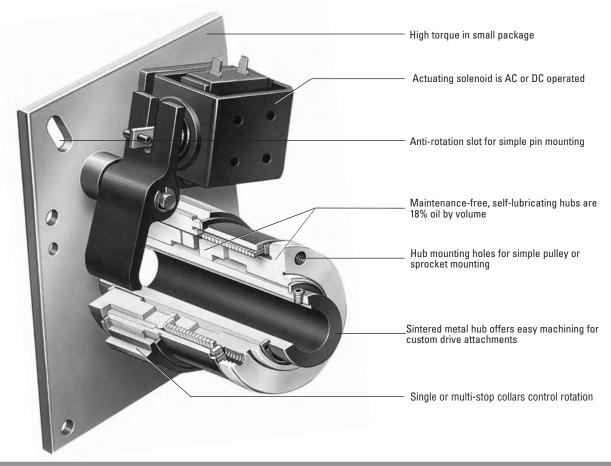


OPTIONS				
Dust Covers	See page 66			
Stop Collars	See page 67			
Pneumatic Actuators	See page 68			



SAC Series

Wrap Spring Clutches



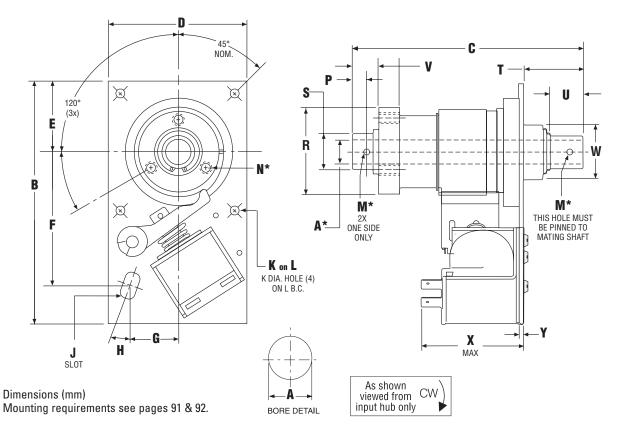
PERFORMANCE						
	SAC-2	SAC-4	SAC-5	SAC-6		
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.825 Nm)	120 lb-in (13.56 Nm)	250 lb-in (28.25 Nm)	500 lb-in (56.5 Nm)		
Shaft bores (standard)	0.250 (6.35 mm)	0.375 (9.525 mm)	0.500 (12.70 mm)	0.750 or 1.00 (19.05 mm or 25.40 mm)		
RPM (maximum)	1,800 RPM	1,200 RPM	750 RPM	500 RPM		
Inertia, rotating parts	0.0207 lb-in ²	0.0636 lb-in ²	0.1950 lb-in ²	1.718 lb-in ²		
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	7.5 lbs	14.0 lbs	32.0 lbs	63.0 lbs		
Response time, voltage on at full speed	20 MS	24 MS	27 MS	45 MS		
Weight	1 lb.	2 lbs.	3 lbs.	7 lbs.		

See page 84 for Minimum Inertia Requirements. See pages 91 & 92 for Mounting Requirements.

RPM vs. SHAFT BORE						
Size	Max. RPM	Shaft Bores Standard in (mm)	Shaft Bores Metric in (mm)			
SAC-2	1,800	¹ / ₄ " (6.35)	0.2362-0.2374 (6.0)			
SAC-4	1,200	³ / ₈ ″ (9.525)	0.3937-0.3951 (10.0)			
SAC-5	750	¹ / ₂ ″ (12.70)	0.4724-0.4741 (12.0)			
SAC-6	500	³ / ₄ " or 1" (19.05 or 25.40)	0.7874-0.7894 (20) or 0.9842-0.9862 (25)			



Dimensions



	DIMENSIONS											
Model	Torque (lb-in)	B Nom.	C Nom.	D Nom.	E Nom.	F Nom.	G Nom.	H Nom.	J Nom.		K Nom.	L Nom.
SAC-2	25	3.39 (86.11)	2.50 (63.50)	2.00 (50.80)	1.00 (25.40)	1.95 (49.53)	0.71 (18.03)	20.0°	0.201 W x ((5.10 x 9.53		0.194 (4.93)	2.125 (53.98)
SAC-4	120	4.10 (104.14)	3.38 (85.85)	2.38 (50.45)	1.00 (25.40)	2.56 (65.02)	0.807 (20.50)	17.5°	.26 W x 50 (6.60 x 12.7		0.187 (4.75)	2.125 (53.98)
SAC-5	250	4.56 (115.82)	4.37 (111.00)	2.62 (66.55)	1.31 (33.27)	2.50 (63.50)	0.91 (23.11)	20.0°	.26 W x .50 (6.60 x 12.7		0.187 (4.75)	3.125 (79.38)
Model	Torque (lb-in)	P Nom.	R Nom.	S Nom.	T Nom.	U Min.	V Nom.	W Max.	X Max.	Y Nom.		
SAC-2	25	0.09 (2.29)	1.188 (30.17)	0.375 (9.525)	0.405 (10.29)	0.13 (3.30)	0.215 (5.46)	0.62 (15.75)	1.70 (43.18)	0.09 (2.29)		
SAC-4	120	0.15 (3.81)	1.249 (31.72)	0.500 (12.70)	0.83 (21.08)	0.51 (12.95)	0.330 (8.38)	0.75 (19.05)	1.94 (49.28)	0.09 (2.29)		
SAC-5	250	0.25 (6.35)	1.562 (39.67)	0.625 (15.87)	1.09 (27.69)	0.73 (18.54)	0.470 (11.94)	1.00 (25.40)	2.00 (50.80)	0.09 (2.29)		

*See bore data on next page



Specifications

PERFORMANCE					
	SAC-2	SAC-4	SAC-5		
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.825 Nm)	120 lb-in (13.56 Nm)	250 lb-in (28.25 Nm)		
Shaft bores (standard)	0.250 (6.35 mm)	0.375 (9.525 mm)	0.500 (12.70 mm)		
RPM (maximum)	1,800 RPM	1,200 RPM	750 RPM		
Inertia, rotating parts	0.0207 lb-in ²	0.0636 lb-in ²	0.1950 lb-in ²		
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	7.5 lbs	14 lbs	32 lbs		
Response time, voltage on at full speed	20 MS	24 MS	27 MS		
Weight	1 lb.	2 lbs.	3 lbs.		

See page 84 for Minimum Inertia Requirements. See pages 91 & 92 for Mounting Requirements.

SAC-2 ELECTRICAL DATA						
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Status			
120 AC 60 Hz	0.104*	825	Standard			
24 DC	0.230	104	Standard			
12 DC	0.460	26	Modification			
90 DC	0.059	1510	Modification			

SAC-4 and 5 ELECTRICAL DATA						
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Status			
115 AC 60 Hz	0.103*	280	Standard			
24 DC	0.325	74	Standard			
12 DC	0.732	16.4	Modification			
90 D C	0.096	936	Modification			

(Coils are rated for continuous duty)

*120 AC - In rush current .10 amps / Holding current .04 amps

(Coils are rated for continuous duty)

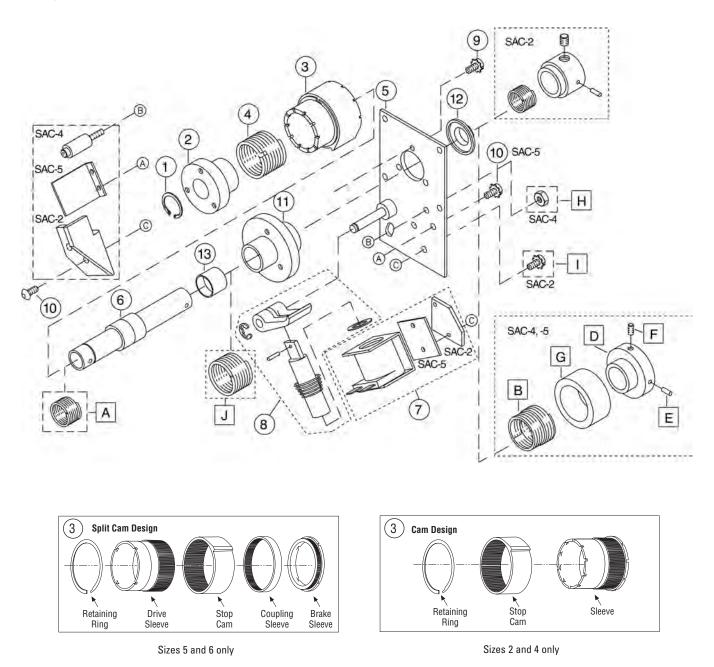
*115 AC - In rush current .232 amps / Holding current .098 amps

BORE & KEYWAY DATA					
Model	Bore A	Μ	Mtg. Holes N		
SAC-2	0.2505-0.2525	0.061-0.065	3x 6-32 UNC-2B		
	(6.362-6.414)	(1.55-1.65)	on .938 BC		
SAC-4	0.376-0.378	0.124-0.129	3x 6-32 UNC-2B		
	(9.55-9.61)	(3.14-3.28)	on .938 BC		
SAC-5	0.5005-0.5025	0.124-0.129	3x 10-32 UNC-2B		
	(12.712-12.764)	(3.14-3.28)	on 1.250 BC		
	METRIC	BORES			
SAC-2	0.2362-0.2374	2x 1.49-1.58	3x M4 x 0.7 on		
	(6.0 H9)	(2x 0.059-0.062)	23.83 BC		
SAC-4	0.3937-0.3951	2x 2.97-3.08	3x M4 x 0.7 on		
	(10.0 H9)	(2x 0.117-0.121)	23.83 BC		
SAC-5	0.4724-0.4741	2x 2.97-3.08	3x M5 x 0.8 on		
	(12.0 H9)	(2x 0.117-0.121)	31.75 BC		

*For assembly and disassembly see page 96



Component Parts



For assembly and disassembly see page 96.



Component Parts

	COMPONENTS					
ltem	Description	SAC-2	SAC-4	SAC-5		
1	Retaining Ring	748-1-0085	748-1-0027	748-1-0030		
2	Input Hub	540-2-0004	540-4-0021	540-5-0007		
3	Stop Collar (Specify no. of stops) Standard CW (1) Standard CCW (1)	266-2-0001 266-2-0031	266-4-0051 266-4-0081	266-5-0801 266-5-0801		
4	Drive Spring CW Drive Spring CCW	808-2-0108 808-2-0109	808-4-0066 808-4-0059	808-5-0001 808-5-0002		
5	Plate Assembly CW Plate Assembly CCW	686-2-0001 686-2-0002	686-4-0001 686-4-0002	686-5-0001 686-5-0002		
6	Output Assembly	824-2-0006	824-4-0015	824-5-0002		
7	Coil Assembly (Specify voltage) 24 DC 115 AC *12 DC (optional) *90 DC (optional)	275-1-0003 275-1-0006 275-1-0002 275-1-0005	275-1-0163 275-1-0166 275-1-0162 275-1-0165	101-5-0003 101-5-0006 101-5-0002 101-5-0005		
8	Actuator Assembly (kit w/plunger)	101-2-0001	102-4-0005	101-5-0058 CW 101-5-0059 CCW		
9	Flat Head Socket Cap Screw (3)	797-1-0311	797-1-0311	797-1-0322		
10	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems) (2)	797-1-0415	797-1-0412	797-1-0414		
11	Plate Hub	540-2-0006	540-4-0015	540-5-0004		
12	Grooveless Retaining Ring	748-1-0384	748-1-0377	748-1-0398		
13	Sleeve	803-2-003	803-4-0010	803-5-0014		

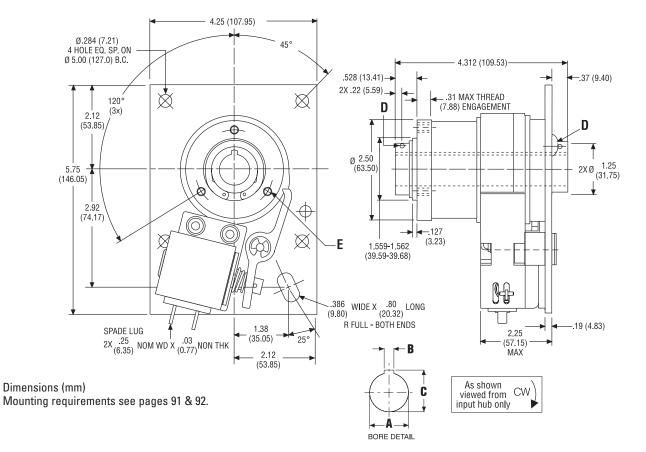
	COMPONENTS					
ltem	Description	SAC-2	SAC-4	SAC-5		
А	Anti-Overrun Spring CW Anti-Overrun Spring CCW	808-2-0003 808-2-0004	808-4-0022 808-4-0023	808-5-0003 808-5-0004		
В	Anti-Back Spring CW Anti-Back Spring CCW	808-2-0004 808-2-0003	808-4-0018 808-4-0019	808-5-0005 808-5-0006		
С	Actuator Limit Stop Actuator Limit Stop	816-2-0001 CW 816-2-0002 CCW	816-1-0003 CW 816-1-0003 CCW	816-5-0013 CW 816-5-0013 CCW		
D	Anti-Back Hub	540-2-0003	540-4-0018	540-5-0006		
E	Spring Pin	679-1-0019	679-1-0022	679-1-0024		
F	Headless Socket Set Screw	797-1-0152	797-1-0152	797-1-0153		
G	Dust Cover (AB spring)	_	287-4-9002	287-5-9002		
Н	Hex Nut	_	661-1-0022	_		
I	Pan Head Machine Screw (Sems)	-	797-1-0412	797-1-0414		
J	Brake Spring	808-2-0101 CW 808-2-0100 CCW	808-4-0016 CW 808-4-0017 CCW	808-5-0001 CW 808-5-0002 CCW		





SAC-6 Clutches

Dimensions



PERFORMANCE	ELECTRICAL DATA				
Static torque	500 lb-in (58.5 Nm)		Current	Resistance	
Inertia, rotating parts	1.718 lb-in ²	Voltage	(amps)	(ohms)	Status
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	63 lbs	115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5	Standard
Maximum operating speed	500 RPM	24 DC	0.586	41.0	Standard
Response time, voltage on at full speed	45 MS	12 DC	1.150	10.4	Modification
Weight	7 lbs.	90 DC	0.151	598.0	Modification

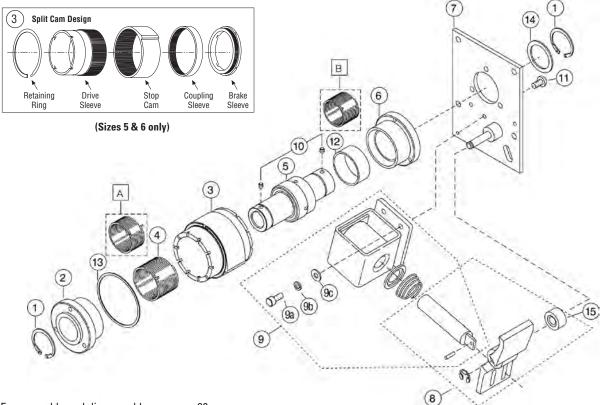
(Coils are rated for continuous duty)

*115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps

BORE & KEYWAY DATA					
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E	
0.7505-0.7525 (19.062-19.114)	0.1885-0.1905 (4.787-4.839)	0.837-0.842 (21.25-21.39)	2x #10-32 UNC-2B x 0.19 (4.83) Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B on 2.062 BC	
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	—	—	2x 0.187-0.192 Hole (4.74-4.88)	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B on 2.062 BC	
		METRIC BORES			
.78747894 (20.0 H9)	.23562368 (5.985-6.015)	.89769015 (22.800-22.900)	2x M5 x 0.8 x 5.00 Nom. Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x M6 x 1.0 on 52.38 BC	
.98429862 (25.0 H9)	—	—	2x 4.87-5.14	3x M6 x 1.0 on 52.38 BC	



SAC-6 Component Parts



For assembly and disassembly see page 96.

	COMPONENT PARTS						
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.				
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0038				
2	Input Hub Anti-Overrun		540-6-0003				
3	Control Collar (Specify No. of Stops) Standard - 1.8° Adjustable	CW/CCW	266-6-0726				
4	Drive Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0001 808-6-0002				
5	Output Assembly 0.750 Bore 1.000 Bore		824-6-0002 824-6-0003				
6	Brake Hub		540-6-0001				
7	Plate Assembly	CW CCW	686-6-0076 686-6-0077				
8	Actuator Assembly Includes Plunger	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033				
9	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030				

COMPONENT PARTS							
ltem	Description	Rotation Part No.					
9a	Flatwasher (2)		950-1-0006				
9b	Lockwasher – Split (2)		950-1-0020				
9c	Skt. Head Cap Screw (2)		797-1-0044				
10	Headless Skt. Set Screw (0.75 Bore only)		797-1-0162				
11	Button Head Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0243				
12	Sleeve		803-6-0014				
13	Shim (2)		807-1-0001				
*14	Shim 0.005 0.010		807-1-0014 807-1-0017				
15	Spacer		807-1-9001				
Options							
A	Anti-Overrun Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0005 808-6-0006				
В	Anti-Back Spring	CW CCW	808-6-0003 808-6-0004				

Shims used as required





ACCE Series

Solenoid Actuated, Accumulating Conveyor Clutches

Solenoid actuated for start-stop operation

The ACCE accumulating conveyor clutch offers extraordinary performance and durability.

Designed expressly for industrial use, ACCE units are suitable for indexing and rapid cycling in heavy-duty machining such as packaging equipment and conveyors.

Operation

With the stop collar released and the input hub rotating in a specified direction, the lay of helical spring around the input and output hubs is such that the spring grips both hubs, connecting them in a positivedisplacement drive.

If the stop collar is engaged, the spring tang connected to it is forced back, and the spring opens. This allows the input hub to continue rotating without transmitting torque to the output hub.

The solenoid actuator provides for the

electrical control of engagement through the stop collar (power ON-clutch driving; power OFF-clutch disengaged).

The heavy-duty actuator is offered as a simple laminated AC solenoid actuated mechanical device to operate in conjunction with PSI–6, –8 and ACCE clutches. Mounted in the proper proximity to the clutches, it will control single, multiple or partial revolutions. It is designed as a no power, no revolution device. The actuator is ruggedly constructed for maximum strength and long life.

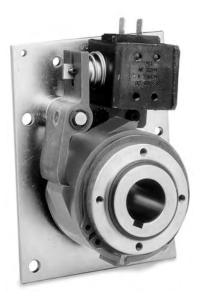
Terminals

1/4" spade lug connectors

Features

Low cost

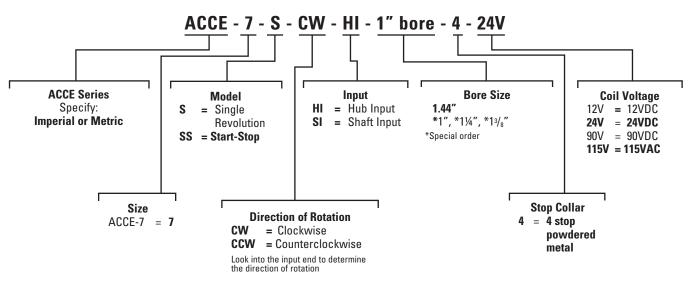
- Trouble-free design for long life
- Complete package for immediate installation
- High torque, 1500 lb.-in. at speeds to 400 RPM
- 2500 lb.-in. available, consult factory
- RoHS compliant



Typical Applications

- Material conveyors
- · Packaging equipment

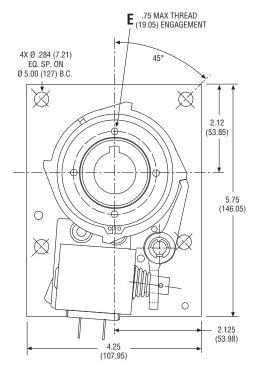
How to order

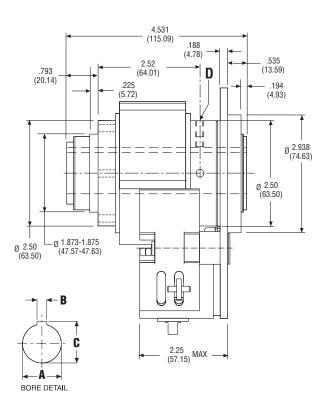


OPTIONS
Pneumatic Actuators
See page 68



ACCE Clutch Dimensions





Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see pages 91 & 92.

PERFORMANCE							
Static torque Standard Heavy Duty	1,500 lb-in (2,500 lb-in available) Consult factory						
Inertia, rotating parts	2.0 lb-in ²						
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	150 lbs						
Maximum operating speed	400 RPM						
Response time, voltage on at full speed	60 MS						
Weight	12 lbs.						

ELECTRICAL DATA						
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)				
115 AC 60 Hz	0.334*	57.5				
24 DC	0.586	41.0				
12 DC	1.150	10.4				
90 DC	0.151	598.0				

(Coils are rated for continuous duty)

*115 AC - In rush current 1.1 amps / Holding current 0.2 amps

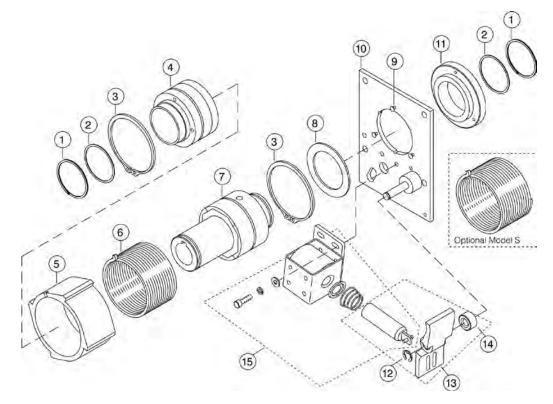
BORE & KEYWAY DATA								
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E				
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	0.251-0.253 (6.37-6.43)	1.114-1.124 (28.29-28.55)	#1/4-20 x 0.5 Hex Skt. Set Screw	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.2505-1.2525 (31.762-31.814)	0.3135-0.3155 (7.962-8.014)	1.389-1.399 (35.28-35.54)	#1/4-20 x 0.5 Hex Skt. Set Screw	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.3755-1.3775 (34.937-34.989)	—	—	2x 0.376-0.382 Hole @ 180°	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.4380-1.4400 (STD) (36.525-36.576)	_	_	2x 0.376-0.382 Hole @ 180°	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				





ACCE Clutch

Component Parts



For assembly and disassembly see page 96.

	COMPONENT PARTS								
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.						
1	Retaining Ring (2)		748-1-0213						
2	Thrust Washer (2)		950-7-0003						
3	Retaining Ring (2)		748-1-0022						
4	Hub Assembly		541-7-0016						
5	Control Collar		266-7-9024						
6	Drive Spring, HI/SI	CW CCW	808-7-0003 808-7-0004						
7	Shaft Assembly 1.000" 1.250" 1.375" 1.440"		824-7-0058 824-7-0059 Consult factory 824-7-0060						
8	Washer		950-7-0005						

	COMPONENT PARTS								
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.						
9	Flat Head Cap Screw (3)		797-1-0373						
10	Plate Assembly	HI-CW/SI-CCW HI-CCW/SI-CW	686-7-0001 686-7-0002						
11	Plate Bearing		166-7-0001						
12	Retaining Ring		748-1-0044						
13	Actuator Assembly (includes plunger)	CW CCW	102-1-0032 102-1-0033						
14	Actuator Spacer		807-1-9001						
15	Coil Assembly "D" Frame 24 DC 115 AC 12 DC 90 DC		101-1-0028 101-1-0058 101-1-0027 101-1-0030						

57



Mechanically Actuated, Accumulating Conveyor Clutches

Heavy-duty operation

The ACCM accumulating conveyor clutch offers extraordinary performance and durability.

Designed specifically for industrial equipment applications, ACCM clutches are suitable for indexing, rapid cycling and positive displacement clutching drives.

Operation

With the stop collar released and the input hub rotating in a specified direction, the lay of helical spring around the input and output hubs is such that the spring grips both hubs, connecting them in a positivedisplacement drive.

If the stop collar is engaged, the spring tang connected to it is forced back, and the spring opens. This allows the input hub to continue rotating without transmitting torque to the output hub.

Features

- Low cost
- Trouble-free design for long life
- Complete package for immediate installation
- High torque, 1500 lb.-in. at speeds to 400 RPM
- 2500 lb.-in. available, consult factory.
- RoHS compliant

Available in three design styles

Standard: Model SS–Start-Stop

Optional: Model S–Single Revolution Model O–Overrunning

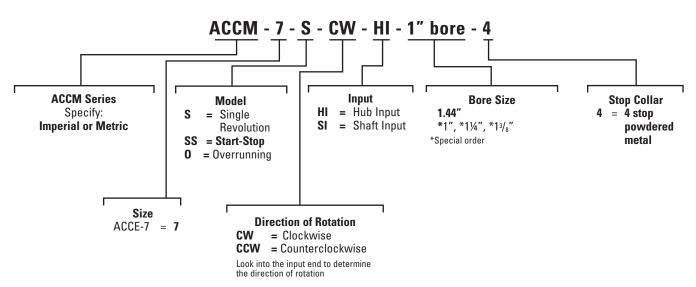


INDEX

Typical Applications

- Material conveyors
- Packaging equipment

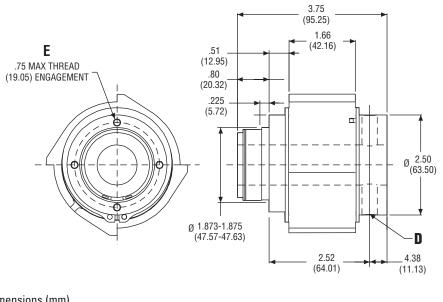
How to order

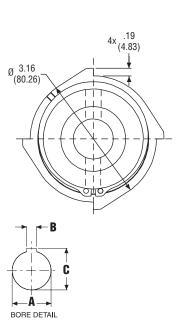




ACCM Clutch

Dimensions & Specifications





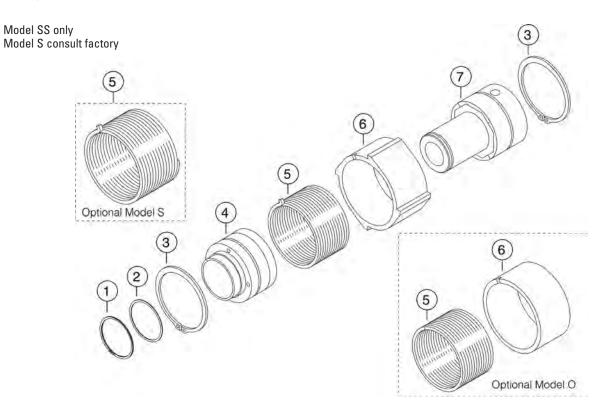
Dimensions (mm)

PERFORMANCE						
Static torque Standard Heavy Duty	1,500 lb-in (2,500 lb-in available) Consult factory					
Inertia, rotating parts	2.0 lb-in ²					
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	150 lbs					
Maximum operating speed	400 RPM					
Response time, voltage on at full speed	60 MS					
Weight	4 lbs.					

BORE & KEYWAY DATA								
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E				
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	0.251-0.253 (6.37-6.43)	1.114-1.124 (28.29-28.55)	#1/4-20 x 0.5 Hex Skt. Set Screw	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.2505-1.2525 (31.762-31.814)	0.3135-0.3155 (7.962-8.014)	1.389-1.399 (35.28-35.54)	#1/4-20 x 0.5 Hex Skt. Set Screw	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.3755-1.3775 (34.937-34.989)	—	—	2x 0.376-0.382 Hole @ 180°	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				
1.4380-1.4400 (STD) (36.525-36.576)	_	_	2x 0.376-0.382 Hole @ 180°	4x #10-32 UNF on 2.125 BC				



ACCM Clutch Component Parts



For assembly and disassembly see page 96.

	COMPONENT PARTS								
ltem	Description	Rotation	Part No.						
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0213						
2	Thrust Washer		950-7-0003						
3	Retaining Ring (2)		748-1-0022						
4	Free Hub		541-7-0016						
5	Drive Spring Model SS	CW CCW	808-7-0003 808-7-0004						
6	Control Collar	CW CCW	266-7-9024 266-7-9024						
7	Shaft Assembly 1.000" 1.250" 1.375" 1.440"		Consult factory Consult factory Consult factory 824-7-0053						

*Note: Consult factory for heavy duty parts.

CLUTCHES



PSI Series Mechanically Actuated, Basic Wrap Spring Clutch Design

Ideal for Overrunning, Start-Stop and Single Revolution Applications.

PSI Series clutches represent the most fundamental wrap spring clutch design. As a start-stop or single revolution clutch, it is actuated simply by external blocking or releasing of the stop collar. As a simple overrunning clutch it provides positive engagement of load to power source, but permits free overrunning when input power is slowed, stopped or reversed.

All units can be supplied with hub input/ shaft output or vice versa. Designed for applications where direct mechanical control is desired, the PSI Series clutch is a reliable, easily applied, low cost solution.

Features

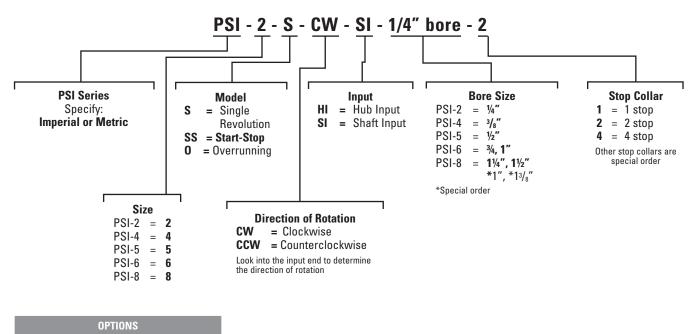
- Single revolution models can stop 10% of rated drive torque capacity
- Mechanically actuated clutches
- 5 models fit ¼" to 1½" shafts
- Torque ranges from 25 lb.-in. to 2500 lb.-in.
- Single revolution, start-stop or overrunning clutch functions
- RoHS compliant



Typical Applications

- Business machines
- Copying machines
- Material handling conveyors
- Packaging equipment
- Ribbon drives

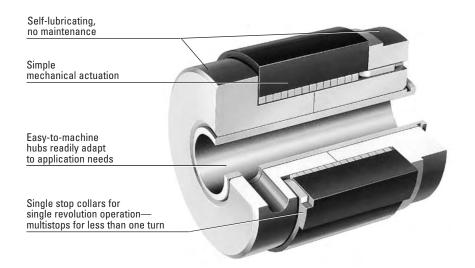
How to order



Stop Collars See page 67



PSI Series Wrap Spring Clutch Specifications & Capabilities

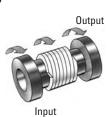


PERFORMANCE							
		PSI-2	PSI-4	PSI-5	PSI-6	PSI-8	
Static torque		25 lb-in (2.825 Nm)	120 lb-in (13.56 Nm)	250 lb.in (28.25 Nm)	500 lb.in (56.5 Nm)	2500 lb.in (282.5 Nm)	
Inertia, rotating parts	SI HI	0.006 lb-in ² 0.008 lb-in ²	0.015 lb-in ² 0.023 lb-in ²	0.059 lb-in ² 0.069 lb-in ²	0.570 lb-in² 0.73 lb-in²(0.75 bore) 0.68 lb-in²(1.00 bore)	4.990 lb-in² 11.91 lb-in²(1.25 bore) 11.60 lb-in²(1.50 bore)	
Weight		0.132 lbs.	0.22 lbs.	0.62 lbs.	2.60 lbs.	8.25 lbs.	
Maximum radial bearing load at max. speed		6.75 lbs.	13.50 lbs.	31.50 lbs.	63.0 lbs.	300.0 lbs.	
Maximum operating speed		1,800 RPM	1,200 RPM	750 RPM	500 RPM	300 RPM	

Operation Capabilities

Overrunning Model O

The overrunning clutch (Model O) transmits torque up to the rated value in the positive direction, when disengaged it only transmits some drag torque in the



reverse direction. Major applications for this unit are anti-overrun protection and anti-backup devices.

Start-Stop (random positioning) Model SS

The start-stop clutch (Model SS) accelerates the load just after the control collar has been released, thus the collar is free to rotate

allowing the spring to grip both hubs together. To disconnect the clutch, the collar must be restrained, stopping the collar from rotating via the stop face. The spring will then be opened and the clutch will be disengaged. The output is free to rotate and will be stopped by system friction and clutch drag torque.

Single Revolution Model S

Output

Control Tang

Input

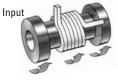
The single revolution clutch (Model S) accelerates in the same manner as the model SS. The deceleration starts when the collar is

restrained, and the spring is opened, disengaging the clutch.

For Model S, the brake torque capability is limited to 10% of the rated torque.

All PSI Series clutches are easy to install. The shaft can be pinned or, on larger units, delivered with keyways.

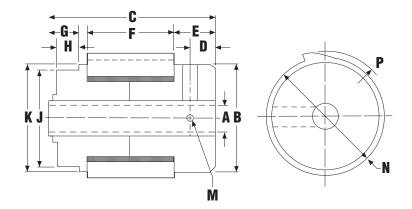
Control Tang Output





PSI-2, PSI-4, PSI-5 Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

	DIMENSIONS (mm)											
Model	Torque Ib-in	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	J Dia	K Dia.	N	P Rad.
PSI-2	25	0.94 (23.90)	1.25 (31.75)	0.16 (4.10)	0.34 (8.60)	0.49 (12.4)	0.33 (8.40)	0.25 (6.35)	0.8765-0.8775 (22.263-22.289)	0.94 (23.9)	1.00 (25.4)	0.57 (14.76)
PSI-4	120	1.25 (31.75)	1.38 (35.05)	0.16 (4.05)	0.28 (7.10)	0.68 (17.27)	0.34 (8.64)	0.25 (6.35)	1.1265-1.1275 (28.639-28.613)	1.25 (31.75)	1.31 (33.27)	0.72 (18.29)
PSI-5	250	1.56 (39.60)	1.88 (47.75)	0.22 (5.56)	0.38 (9.70)	1.00 (25.4)	0.34 (8.64)	0.25 (6.35)	1.502-1.503 (38.15-38.18)	1.56 (39.60)	1.69 (42.93)	0.96 (24.38)

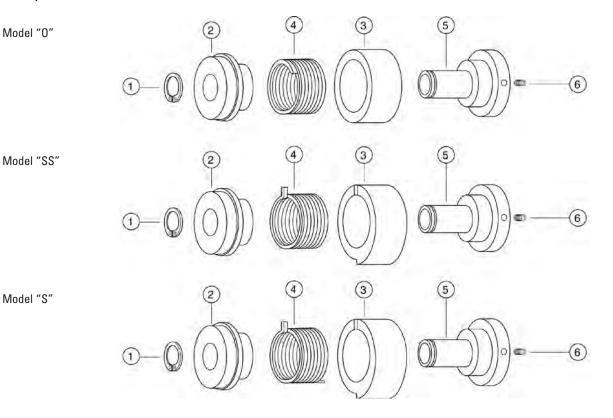
BORE DATA							
Model	Bore A	М					
PSI-2	0.2515-0.2525 (6.36-6.39)	#8-32					
PSI-4	0.376-0.378 (9.55-9.61)	0.125 Dia. (3.175 Dia.)					
PSI-5	0.501-0.503 (12.725-12.776)	0.188 Dia. (4.775 Dia.)					
	METRIC BORES						
PSI-2	0.2362-0.2374 (6.0 H9)	M3 x 0.5, 5.0 Lg. Set Screw (2@120)°					
PSI-4	0.3937-0.3951 (10.0 H9)	M4 x 0.7, 5.0 Lg. Set Screw (2@120)°					
PSI-5	0.4724-0.4741 (12.0 H9)	0.197 Dia. (5.0 Dia.)					

*For assembly and disassembly see page 96.



PSI-2, PSI-4, PSI-5 Clutches

Component Parts



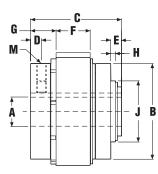
	COMPONENT PARTS					
ltem	Description	Rotation	PSI-2 Part No.	PSI-4 Part No.	PSI-5 Part No.	
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0005	748-1-0087	748-1-0090	
2	Free Hub		540-2-0047	540-4-0027	540-5-0113	
3	Control Collar	CW	266-2-9046	266-4-9005	266-5-9010	
		CCW	266-2-9046	266-4-9005	266-5-9010	
		Model O	287-2-0003	287-4-0001	287-5-0015	
4	Drive Spring	Model S CW	808-2-0036	808-4-0024	808-5-0030	
		Model S CCW	808-2-0037	808-4-0030	808-5-0034	
		Model SS CW	808-2-0051	808-4-0026	808-5-0031	
		Model SS CCW	808-2-0052	808-4-0033	808-5-0035	
		Model 0 CW	808-2-0040	808-4-0042	808-5-0033	
		Model 0 CCW	808-2-0041	808-4-0043	808-5-0037	
5	Shaft Assembly		824-2-0048	824-4-0037	824-5-0110	
6	Headless Skt. Set Screw		797-1-0152	0.125 dia. hole	0.188 dia. hole	

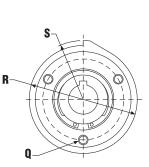


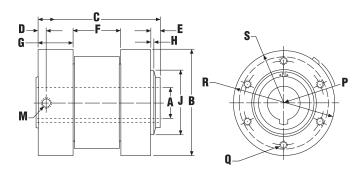
PSI-6, PSI-8 Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications

PSI-6







Dimensions (mm) For assembly and disassembly see page 96.

	DIMENSIONS (mm)										
Model	Torque Ib-in	B Dia.	C	D	E	F	G	н	J Dia	R Dia.	S Rad.
PSI-6	500	Ø 2.437 Ø (61.90)	2.312 (58.72)	0.28 (7.10)	0.27 (6.86)	0.87 (22.1)	0.63 (16.00)	0.12 (3.05)	1.559-1.562 (39.60-39.67)	2.75 (69.85)	1.50 (38.1)
PSI-8	2500	Ø 4.00 Ø (101.6)	4.25 (107.95)	0.62 (15.75)	0.35 (8.89)	2.20 (55.9)	1.27 (32.26)	0.188 (4.78)	2.372-2.374 (60.25-60.30)	4.00 (101.6)	2.00 (50.8)

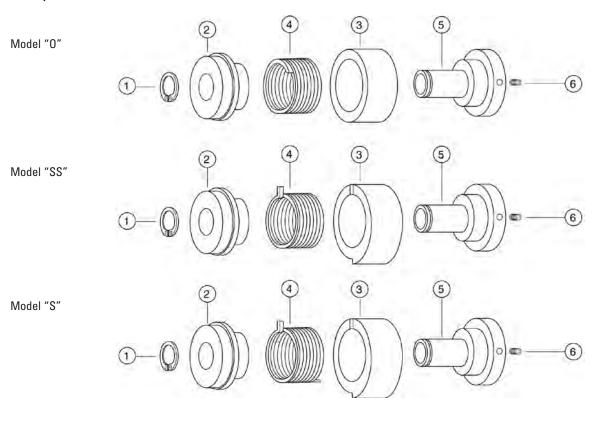
PSI-8

BORE & KEYWAY DATA						
Model	Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Height C	м	Q	
PSI-6	0.7505-0.7525 (19.063-19.114)	0.1885-0.1905 (4.787-4.839)	0.837-0.842 (21.25-21.52	#1/4-20 Tap	#1/4-20 x 1/2 DP 3 on 2.062 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.312	
PSI-6	1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	_	_	0.25 Dia. (6.35)	#1/4-20 x 1/2 DP 3 on 2.062 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.312	
PSI-8	1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	0.251-0.253 (6.37-6.43)	1.114-1.124 (28.29-28.55)	3/8-16 Tap 2 @ 90°	5/16-18 6 on 3.375 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.375	
PSI-8	1.2505-1.2525 (31.762-31.814)	0.3135-0.3155 (7.962-8.014)	1.389-1.399 (35.28-35.54)	3/8-16 2 @ 90°	5/16-18 6 on 3.375 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.375	
PSI-8	1.3755-1.3775 (34.937-34.989)	0.3135-0.3155 (7.962-8.014)	1.518-1.528 (38.55-38.82)	3/8-16 2 @ 90°	5/16-18 6 on 3.375 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.375	
PSI-8	1.5005-1.5025 (38.112-38.164)	0.376-0.378 (9.55-9.61)	1.605-1.615 (40.76-41.02)	3/8-16 2 @ 90°	5/16-18 6 on 3.375 BC Max. Thread Engage Free Hub 0.375	
			METRIC BORI	ES		
PSI-6	0.7874-0.7894 (20.0 H9)	0.2356-0.2368 (5.985-6.015)	0.8976-0.9015 (22.80-22.90)	M5 x 0.8 Tap	M6 x 1.0 THD 3 Holes on a 52.37 BC	
PSI-6	0.9842-0.9862 (25.0 H9)	—	—	5.0 Dia. (1.97 Dia.)	M6 x 1.0 THD 3 Holes on a 52.37 BC	
PSI-8	1.378-1.3804 (35.0 H9)	0.3930-0.3944 (9.982-10.018)	1.508-1.516 (38.30-38.50)	M10 x 1.5, 25.0 Lg. Set Screw 2 @ 120°	M8 x 1.25 THD 6 Holes on a 85.73 BC	
PSI-8	1.5748-1.5772 (40.0 H9)	_	_	M10 x 1.5, 25.0 Lg. Set Screw 2 @ 120°	M8 x 1.25 THD 6 Holes on a 85.73 BC	



PSI-6, PSI-8 Clutches

Component Parts



			COMPONENT PARTS	
Item	Description	Rotation	PSI-6 Part No.	PSI-8 Part No.
1	Retaining Ring		748-1-0038	748-1-0039
2	Free Hub		540-6-0009	540-8-0014
3	Control Collar	CW	266-6-0301	266-8-0127
		CCW	266-6-0401	266-8-0127
		Model O	287-6-0001	287-8-0002
4	Drive Spring	Model S CW	808-6-0001	808-8-0011
		Model S CCW	808-6-0002	808-8-0012
		Model SS CW	808-6-0007	808-8-0013
		Model SS CCW	808-6-0008	808-8-0014
		Model O CW	808-6-0009	808-8-0015
		Model 0 CCW	808-6-0010	808-8-0016
5	Shaft Assembly		0.75″ 824-6-0052	1.000" 824-8-0213
			1.00″ 824-6-0056	1.250" 824-8-0212
				1.375″ 824-8-0211
				1.500" 824-8-0210
6	Headless Skt. Set Screw		797-1-0174	797-1-0199 (2)

Dust Cover Clutch Enclosures

Provide protection from contaminants for Super CB, CB and SAC Series Models

Plastic Clutch Cover

We offer plastic enclosures designed to complement the following clutches: Super CB-6, -8, -10; CB-2, -4, -5, -6, -8, -10 and SAC-2, -4, -5, -6.

Plastic Cover

- · Protect units from dirt, contaminants and moisture
- Help to assure longer life
- · Flexible soft plastic construction is very durable
- Simple to remove and reinstall
- · Low cost

Benefits

- · Prevents premature failure of clutches caused by moisture, dust and debris
- Extends clutch life
- · Seals and protects bearings
- Reduces clutch operating temperature

Typical Applications

- Food processing
- Packaging
- Material handling
- Medical equipment
- Agriculture



Aluminum (Size 6 only)

Plastic

Model	Part No.
Super CB-6	287-6-0007
Super CB-8	287-8-0003
Super CB-10	287-0-0002
CB-2	287-2-0007
CB-4	287-4-0002
CB-5	287-5-0007
CB-6	287-6-0007
CB-8	287-8-0003
CB-10	287-0-0002
SAC-2	287-2-0007
SAC-4	287-4-0002
SAC-5	287-5-0007
SAC-6	287-6-0007

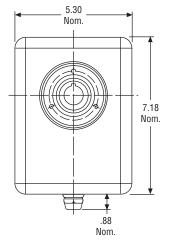
Aluminum Clutch Cover Kits

The environmentally designed cast aluminum enclosure will protect a CB-6, Super CB-6 or SAC-6 clutch from indoor and outdoor hazards such as falling dirt, non-corrosive liguids, dust, rain, sleet and snow.

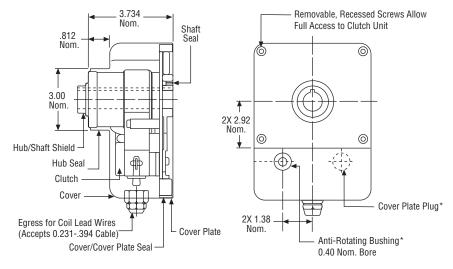
- · Sturdy cast aluminum construction
- Offers NEMA 3 & 12 protection
- · Can be installed at any time
- Quieter clutch operation
- USDA Approved Black Powder **Coat Paint Finish**

Part No.
101-6-0096
101-6-0095
101-6-0095

Note: A kit contains all components and hardware necessary to enclose a Super CB-6, CB-6 and SAC-6 clutch.



Dimensions (Aluminum)



Stop Collars Specifications and Adjustments

Stop Collars

	Stop Collars					
Model	Collar Type	Stops	Status			
Super CB	Reinforced Plastic with steel insert Reinforced Plastic	1, 2 or 4 3, 5 through 24 stops	Standard Optional			
Standard CB	Reinforced Plastic	1, 2 or 4 up to 24 max*	Standard Optional			
PSI	Reinforced Plastic	1, 2 or 4 up to 24 max*	Standard Optional			
SAC	Reinforced Plastic	1, 2 or 4 up to 24 max*	Standard Optional			
ACCM	Powder Metal	4	Standard			
ACCE	Powder Metal	4	Standard			



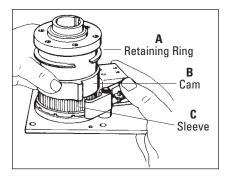
* Consult factory for complete information

Stop Collar Adjustments

Unique splined stop collars are a standard feature of Super and Standard CB, as well as the PSI and SAC model clutches. These stop collars can be adjusted radially in fine increments. This feature allows the user to reposition the output to comply with specified shaft and keyway placements. Standard stop collar positioning increments are shown at right.

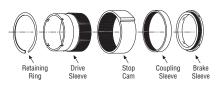
Stop Collar Removal and Adjustment

To adjust the stop collar, remove retaining ring A, slide cam B off sleeve C, rotate the cam to the desired position, slide it onto the sleeve again, and replace the retaining ring.



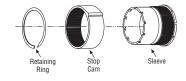
Note: While adjusting the stop collar on split cam units, the coupling sleeve must be held secure so that it does not move.

Split Cam Design



The Split Cam stop collar design is a standard feature on Super CB Sizes 5, 6, 7, 8; Standard CB Sizes 5, 6, 7, 8 and SAC Sizes 5, 6.

Traditional Cam Design



The Cam stop collar design is a standard feature on Super CB Size 10; Standard CB Sizes 2, 4, 10 and SAC Sizes 2, 4.

Standard Stop Collar Adjustments				
Series	Size	Collar Design	Adjustment	
Super CB	CB-5	Split Cam	1.8°	
Super CB	CB-6	Split Cam	1.8°	
Super CB	CB-7	Split Cam	1.6°	
Super CB	CB-8	Split Cam	1.6°	
Super CB	CB-10	Cam	1.5°	
Standard CB	CB-2	Cam	2.8°	
Standard CB	CB-4	Cam	2.4°	
Standard CB	CB-5	Split Cam	1.8°	
Standard CB	CB-6	Split Cam	1.8°	
Standard CB	CB-7	Split Cam	1.6°	
Standard CB	CB-8	Split Cam	1.6°	
Standard CB	CB-10	Cam	1.5°	
SAC	SAC-2	Cam	2.8°	
SAC	SAC-4	Cam	2.4°	
SAC	SAC-5	Split Cam	1.8°	
SAC	SAC-6	Split Cam	1.8°	

Consult factory for complete information on non-standard stop collars.

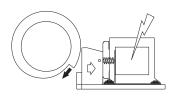
Heavy Duty Actuator For use with PSI-6, PSI-8 and ACCM Series Clutches

The Heavy Duty Actuator is offered as a simple laminated AC solenoid actuated mechanical device to operate in conjunction with the PSI-6 and PSI-8 clutches. Mounted in the proper proximity to the clutches, it will control single, multiple, or partial revolution. It is designed as a no power, no revolution device. Ruggedly constructed from steel and nylon for maximum strength and long life.

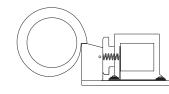
Operation

When voltage is applied to the coil, the stop block is pulled back from the clutch stop collar allowing the clutch to engage. It is not necessary to hold power on the coil for the entire revolution. A pulse to the coil will allow the clutch to start, the return spring pressure on the collar will not disengage the clutch and the stop block will be in position to disengage the clutch after one revolution. No "On" timing is necessary.

SPECIFICATIONS		
Input	Line power 120 AC, 60 Hz	
DC Resistance	14.5 ohms	
Load current	In rush current 2.9 amps	
Holding current	0.1 amps	
Terminals	1/4" spade lug connections	



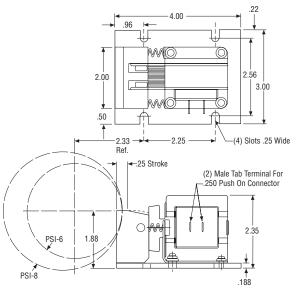
Energized







De-Energized



Dimensions

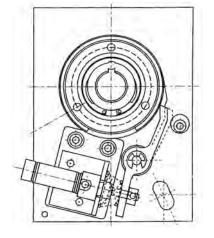
Pneumatic Actuation

Pneumatic actuation is available on the Standard CB-4, -5, -6, -7, -8 and -10 as well as the respective Super CB models; SAC-4, -5, -6, -8 and the ACCE clutches.

- No electrical sparks
- Not subject to power line voltage fluctuations
- · Longer life of control members

Air pressure required: 4,5 - 16,5 bar

Retrofit kits available.



One Shot Power Supply Plug-in Clutch/Brake Control

The One Shot Power Supply is a plug-in clutch/brake control designed for operation of D-frame, AC or DC wrap spring clutches and brakes. The One Shot provides a single voltage pulse of 160 or 325 VDC for approximately 20ms, whether the customer supplied switch is momentarily closed or held closed.

The One Shot Power Supply is UL® Listed when used with octal socket Part No. 805-1-0001, or DIN rail mount octal socket, Part No. 805-1-0002 (each purchased separately) and only UL-recognized when used with other sockets. This unit may be mounted in any convenient position using the two mounting holes provided on the socket. For use with D-frame coils only.

Note: Actuator Limit Stop required when using the One Shot Power Supply.

Actuating the single pole, double throw (SPDT) switch energizes the solenoid coil. Releasing or resetting the switch charges an internal capacitor. A minimum of 20 milliseconds cycle time is required between operations.

Installation

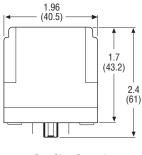
Warning: To avoid serious injury, always make certain all power is off before attempting to install this control or any electrical equipment.

- 1. Connect the two leads from the wrap spring solenoid to terminals 6 and 7 of the octal socket.
- Connect the common of the relay to terminal 1 of the socket, the normally closed to terminal 2, and normally open to terminal 8.
- 3. Connect the HOT AC input wire to terminal 3 of the socket and the neutral wired to terminal 4.

SPECIFICATIONS		
Input	120/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Output	160/325 VDC peak, 3 amps max with 160 VDC output	
	5 amps max with 325 VDC output	
Ambient Temperature	+32° to +122°F (0° to 50°C)	
Cycle Rate	The maximum cycle rate is 200 CPM at 120V	
	The maximum cycle rate is 100 CPM at 240V	
Contact Rating	10 amp minimum	

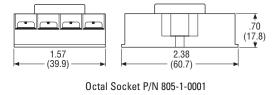


One Shot Control PN 901-00-019



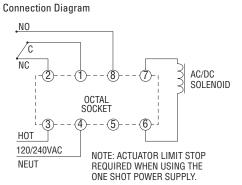
One Shot Control PN 901-00-019

Dimensions (mm)





DIN Rail Mount 05 P/N 805-1-0002



ACCESSORIES

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM

DL Series DuraLIFE™ Clutches

DuraLIFE Series clutches (DL) are electromechanical wrap spring clutches that combine high torque, reliability and rapid acceleration into one small package at a very competitive cost. It is offered in two configurations: headed coil or flying leads.

Wrap spring technology provides very fast response to bring loads up to speed in less than 3 milliseconds (after spring wrap-down and depending on rpm).

The DL-33 is a drop-in alternative for high cost clutches used in office automation applications such as printers and copiers. The long life and reliable performance makes the DL-33 an ideal clutch for many packaging and automotive applications.

Features

- Wrap spring technology
- High torque, small package
- Rapid acceleration
- Consistent performance
- Low wattage required
- RoHS compliant

Applications

The DL-33 is suitable for high load, tight-fitting applications requiring quick response, rapid acceleration and high torque. These requirements are common in office automation, packaging and automotive markets.

Application Considerations

Single Direction

Wrap spring clutches provide torque only in the direction in which they wrap down. This allows for overrunning.

Relative High Shock

Due to the rapid acceleration of the DL-33, system inertia effects can be significant. In some applications, an in-line slip device may be used for shock absorption.

Engagement Relative to Speed The DL-33 relies on relative motion between the input and output for engagement. Thus the slower the speed, the longer the time until engagement.



START

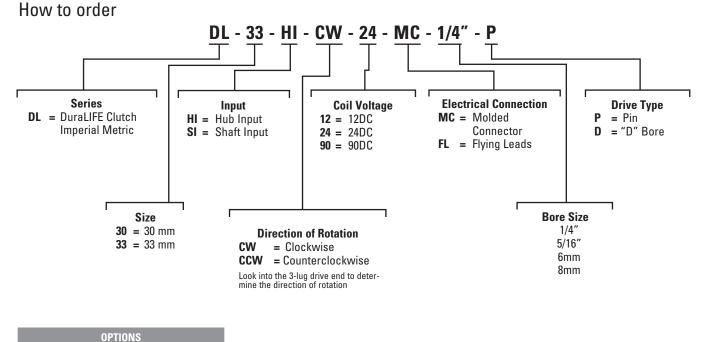
Typical Applications

Office Automation

- Copiers & Printers
- Paper feed systems
- Collators & Sorters
- Mailing equipment
- Ticket & receipt dispensers

Packaging

- Labeller
- Dispensing machines
- Conveyors
- Automotive
- Cruise control
- Power lift gate
- Trunk cinch actuator systems
- Trunk power door closer

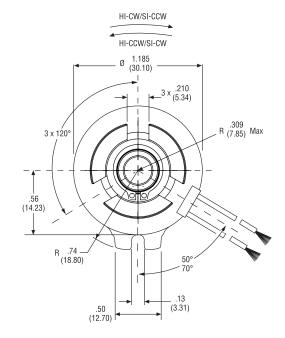


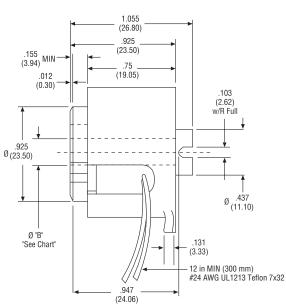
3-Dog Drive Adapter



DL-30 Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications





Dimensions (mm) For more information see page 87.

PERFORMANCE		
Static torque 25 lb-in (2.8 Nm)		
Inertia, rotating parts	0.016 lb-in ²	
Maximum operating speed	1,200 RPM	
Temperature	32°-140° F (0-60° C)	
Cycle Life	15 x 10º @ 25 lb-in Total Load	
Weight	0.22 lbs.	

ELECTRICAL DATA			
Voltage*	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms ±10%)	Status
24 DC	0.110	227.0	Standard
12 DC	0.243	49.0	Modification
90 DC			Available

*Custom voltages available

(Coils are rated for continuous duty; 3.5 watts nominal) Molded connector or 12" flying leads

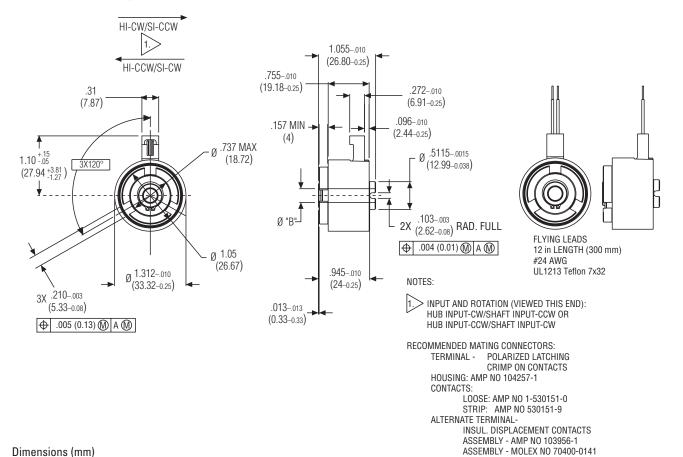
BORE DATA			
Bore Sizes	Bore B Ø		
1/4 inch	0.2505-0.2530 (6.362-6.427)		
5/16 inch	0.3130-0.3155 (7.950-8.014)		
METRIC BORES			
6 mm	0.237-0.239 (6.01-6.09)		
8 mm	0.315-0.319 (8.01-8.103)		

Cross Pin or Standard "D" Bores available, consult factory.



DL-33 Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) For more information see page 87.

PERFORMANCE		
Static torque	30 lb-in (3.4 Nm)	
Inertia, rotating parts	0.016 lb-in ²	
Maximum operating speed	1,200 RPM	
Temperature	32°-140° F (0-60° C)	
Cycle Life	1 x 10º @ 30 lb-in Total Load	
Weight	0.22 lbs.	

ELECTRICAL DATA			
Voltage*	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms ±10%)	Status
24 DC	0.130	185.0	Standard
12 DC	0.267	45.0	Standard
90 DC	0.034	2670.0	Standard

*Custom voltages available

(Coils are rated for continuous duty; 3.5 watts nominal)

Molded connector or 12" flying leads

BORE DATA			
Bore Sizes	Bore B Ø		
1/4 inch	0.2505-0.2530 (6.362-6.427)		
5/16 inch	0.3130-0.3181 (7.950-8.090)		
METRIC BORES			
6 mm	0.237-0.239 (6.01-6.09)		
8 mm	0.315-0.318 (8.01-8.09)		

Cross Pin or Standard "D" Bores available, consult factory.







MAC Series High Performance Clutches at a Low Cost

Years of experience in developing magnetically actuated clutches for paper transport drives are all wrapped up in the MAC 30 & 45. These units meet the highest industry performance standards at an outstanding price, using state-of-the-art engineering, materials, and processes.

- Wrap spring technology allows for very fast response to bring loads up to speed within 50 milliseconds (less depending on RPM)
- Exceeds industry life requirements with little cycle-to-cycle variation
- · Enclosed construction effectively eliminates contaminants
- Electrical actuation for simple control interface
- Drag free, friction free operation results in less wear
- Unidirectional input
- Output freewheels when disengaged
- RoHS compliant

Design Advantages

- Optional new connector head plugs directly into wire harnesses
- Eliminate the need to custom fit lead lengths with new connector head
- No leads to get tangled or damaged with new connector head
- · Rapid engagement time
- · High torque to size ratio
- Simple construction - only three main assemblies
- High performance at low cost



Typical Applications

- Paper transport drives
- · Forms handling equipment
- Sheet feeders
- · Conveyors
- Film processing machines
- Copiers
- Printers
- Collators

PERFORMANCE				
	MAC-30 MAC-45			
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.83 Nm)	150 lb-in (16 Nm)		
Maximum radial bearing load	15 lbs. 30 lbs.			
Maximum operating speed	1,200 RPM 1,000 RPM			
Response time, voltage on at full speed	50 MS Max. 20 MS Nom.	150 MS Max. 40 MS Nom.		
Input configuration	Hub input or shaft input			
Bearing	Reinforced polyetherimide with internal lubricant			
Weight	0.22 lb. 1.00 lb			

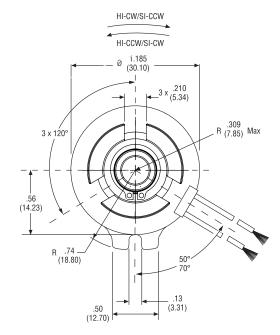
For more information see page 87.

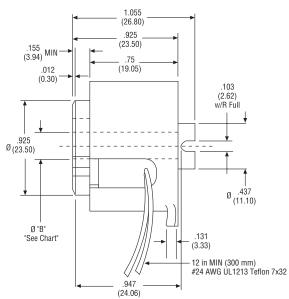




MAC-30 Clutch

Dimensions & Specifications





Dimensions (mm) For more information see page 87.

BORE DATA			
Bore B Status			
0.2505-0.2530 Standar (6.362-6.427)	d		
0.3130-0.3155 (7.950-8.014) Optional			
METRIC BORES			
0.2366-0.2394 Standar (6.009-6.081)	d		
0.3153-0.3190 Standar	d		
(8.008-8.103)			

OPTIONS
Lug Drive Adapter
Connector Head
Consult Factory

ELECTRICAL DATA			
MAC-30			
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Status
24 DC	0.110	227 ±21	Standard

Leads: 12.0 inches (300 mm) long standard Ends stripped: .19/.31 inches (4.9/7.8 mm) (Optional: terminated with a connector of your choice)

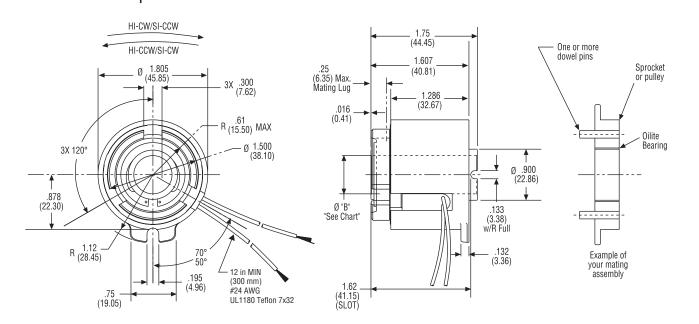
MAC-30 with Connector Head			
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Status
24 DC	0.110	227	Standard
12 DC	0.243	49	Modification
90 DC			Available

Termination: 2 x .023 - .027 x .24 (0.58 - 0.69 x (6.09) square pin, pre-tinned alloy (Molex #08-52-0601)

Leadsets: Teflon insulated lead wires per UL1213 are available to suit any wire harness



MAC-45 Clutch Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) For more information see page 87.

BORE DATA			
Bore B	Status		
0.3755-0.3780 (9.537-9.602)	Optional		
0.5010-0.5035 (12.725-12.789)	Optional		
0.6260-0.6295 (15.900-15.990)	Standard		
METRIC	BORES		
0.3941-0.3968 (10.010-10.079)	Optional		
0.4729-0.4755 (12.011-12.078)	Optional		
0.5516-0.5555 (14.010-14.110)	Optional		
0.6304-0.6346 (16.012-16.119)	Optional		

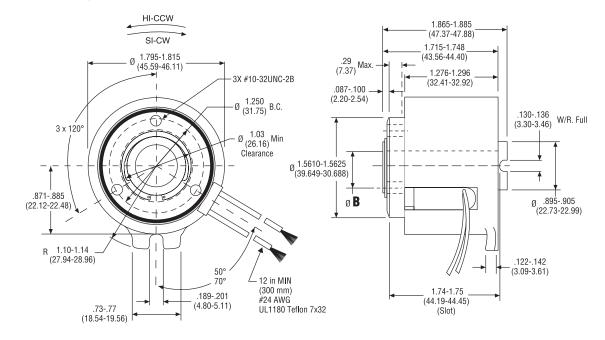
PERFORMANCE
Bolt Circle Attachment
Ball Bearing Design
Lug Drive Adapter
Integral Connector Block (future option)
Consult factory

ELECTRICAL DATA					
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms ⁺ /-10%)	Status		
24 DC	0.257	93	Standard		
12 DC	0.526	23	Modification		
90 DC	0.054	1680	Modification		
Leads:					
Ends stripped:					



MAC-45 Clutch with Bolt Circle Attachment

Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm) For more information see page 87.

BORE	DATA
Bore B	Status
0.3755-0.3780 (9.537-9.602)	Optional
0.5010-0.5035 (12.725-12.789)	Optional
0.6260-0.6295 (15.900-15.990)	Standard
METRIC	BORES
0.3941-0.3968 (10.010-10.079)	Optional
0.4729-0.4755 (12.011-12.078)	Optional
0.5516-0.5555 (14.010-14.110)	Optional
0.6304-0.6346 (16.012-16.119)	Optional

PERFORMANCE

Ball Bearing Design

Lug Drive Adapter

Integral Connector Block (future option)

Consult factory

ELECTRICAL DATA					
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms ⁺ /-10%)	Status		
24 DC	0.257	93	Standard		
12 DC	0.526	23	Modification		
90 D C	0.054	1680	Modification		
Leads: Ends stripped:		12.0 inches (300 mm) long standard 0.19/0.31 inches (4.9/7.8 mm)			

(Optional: terminated with a connector of your choice)



BBC Series Spring Actuated Ball Bearing Clutch

The model BBC-29 clutch combines the ease of direct electromagnetic actuation with the quick response and high torque offered by wrap spring technology. This improved clutch design features a ball bearing drive and a new magnetic circuit to enhance its performance and efficiency and greatly increase its life.

Bearing life effectively determines clutch life. Clutch performance has been significantly improved by replacing the sleeve bearing, commonly used in this type of clutch, with a shielded, prelubricated ball bearing. Life expectancy may now exceed 50 million cycles.

Dimensions (mm)

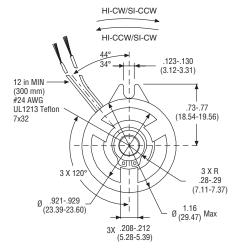


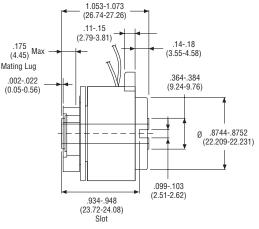
- High torque in a small package
- Corrosion protected
- Ball bearing mounted coil housing
- Bearing shielded against contamination and lubricant loss
- Redesigned, high efficiency magnetic circuit
- Drag free, engaged or disengaged
- High speed operation—up to 1800 RPM
- Housing assembly can be used as shaft bearing support
- Uni-directional input
- Freewheeling output when disengaged
- Simple installation—no adjustments required
- Custom configurations
- RoHS compliant



Typical Applications

- · Forms handling equipment
- Paper feed drives
- Copiers
- · Photographic processing equipment
- Printers
- Collating machines
- Automatic bank tellers
- Check processing machines
- Feed rollers for paper, film, etc.





PERFC	ORMANCE
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.83 Nm)
Maximum radial bearing load at minimum speed	7.5 lbs. (3.41 Kg)
Maximum operating speed	1,800 RPM
Response time, voltage on at full speed	40 MS Max. 20 MS Nom.
Bore sizes	English: 0.250 inch (6.35 mm) Metric: 0.2632 inch (6 mm)
Input configuration	Hub input or shaft input
Bearing	Shielded ball bearing
Weight	1.0 lb.

For more information see page 87.



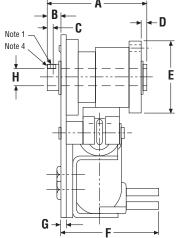


Designed specifically for computer peripheral and business machine applications, these clutches and brakes are suitable for indexing, rapid cycling, and positive displacement clutching drives.

- · Low cost
- Trouble-free design for long life
- Complete package for immediate installation
- High torque
- Standard hub input; shaft input special
- · RoHS compliant



INDEX



Dimensions (mm)

Note 0 Κ Note 3

Note 2

3		
	No	otes
	1.	Output connection SP-2: .062 dia. hole SP-4: .125 dia. hole SP-5: .125 dia hole
	2.	Tapped holes on input hub: SP-2: 3 holes, #6-32 on .938 B.C.
		SP-4: 3 holes, #6-32 on .938 B.C.
		SP-5: 3 holes, #10-32 on 1.250 B.C.
	3.	Mounting holes: SP-2: .187 x .312 slot SP-4: 4 holes, .187 dia. on 2.125 B.C.
		SP-5: 4 holes, .187 dia. on 3.125 B.C.

- Anti-overrun
- Anti-back (HI only)

Overtravel stop

Typical Applications

- Paper drives
- Card readers and sorters
- Copying machines
- Ribbon drives
- Material handling conveyors

	DIMENSIONS (mm)											
Model	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
SP-2	1.670	0.250	0.125	0.080	1.188 1.187	1.620	0.090	0.2515 0.2505	1.620	0.810	0.690	3.00
SP-4	2.000	0.430	0.160	0.080	1.250 1.249	1.910	0.090	0.376 0.378	2.380	1.190	1.00	4.10
SP-5	2.375	0.340	0.150	0.090	1.5625 1.5615	2.180	0.090	0.5015 0.5005	2.620	1.310	1.310	4.56

	PE	RFORMANCE		
		SP-2	SP-4	SP-5
Static torque	lb-in (Nm)	25 (2.825)	120 (13.56)	250 (28.25)
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	lb-in (Nm)	10 (1.13)	25 (2.825)	60 (6.78)
Inertia, rotating parts	lb-in ²	0.0086	0.0522	0.09774
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	lb	7.5	13	31
Maximum operating speed	RPM	1500	1200	750
Response time, voltage on at full speed	MS	25	30	30
Optional – Anti-overrun oj	peration			
Weight	lb	0.55	0.88	1.32

ELECTRICAL DATA							
Voltage	Current (amps)	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)	Resistance (ohms)			
	SP-2	SP-4, SP-5	SP-2	SP-4, SP-5			
115 AC 60 Hz	0.104	0.103	825	280			
24 DC	0.230	0.325	104	74.0			
12 DC*	0.460	0.732	26	16.4			
90 DC*	0.059	0.096	1510	936			

*Modifications

Note: By adding an optional over travel stop (OTS), the braking torque is increased from 10% to 20% of the rated clutch torque.



SP-6 Clutch Dimensions & Specifications

Designed specifically for computer peripheral and business machine applications, these clutches and brakes are suitable for indexing, rapid cycling, and positive displacement clutching drives.

- Low cost
- Trouble-free design for long life
- Complete package for immediate installation

.29 (7.36)

1.559 - 1.562

(39.59 - 39.68)

BORE AND KEYWAY

(10.41) MIN

.125 (3.18) 3.375 (85.73)

.19 (4.83)

,43 (10.92)

22 (5.59)

D

1.25

- High torque
- Standard Hub input; Shaft input special
- RoHS compliant

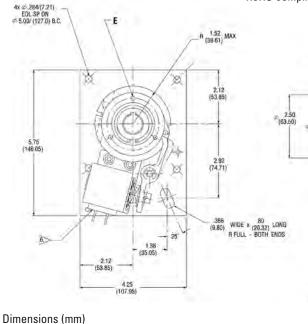


Options

- Anti-overrun
- Anti-back (HI only)
- Overtravel stop

Typical Applications

- Paper drives
- · Card readers and sorters
- Copying machines
- Ribbon drives
- Material handling conveyors



BORE & KEYWAY DATA					
Bore A	Keyway Width B	Keyway Depth C	Set Screws D	Mounting Holes E	
0.7505-0.7525 (19.062-19.114)	0.1885-0.1905 (4.787-4.839)	0.837-0.842 (21.25-21.39)	#10-32 UNC-2B x0.19 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.48 MIN DP 2.062 BC	
1.0005-1.0025 (25.412-25.464)	—	—	0.187-0.192 Hole (4.74-4.88)	3x #1/4-20 UNC-2B 0.48 MIN DP 2.062 BC	
		METRIC BORES			
0.7874-0.7894 (20.0 H9)	0.2356-0.2368 (5.985-6.015)	0.8976-0.9015 (22.800-22.900)	M5 x 0.8 x 5.0 Lg. Hex Skt. Set Screw	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC	
0.9842-0.9862 (25.0 H9)	—	_	4.87-5.14 Hole (0.191-0.203)	3x M6 x 1.0 holes on 52.38 BC	
PERFORMANCE			ELE	CTRICAL DATA	
Static torque 500 lb-in (56.5 Nm)			Cu	rrent Resistance	

PERFORMANCE	
Static torque	500 lb-in (56.5 Nm)
Maximum anti-overrun holding capability	300 lb-in (33.9 Nm)
Inertia, rotating parts	2.0 lb-in ²
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	63 lb
Maximum operating speed	500 RPM
Response time, voltage on at full speed	60 MS
Optional – Anti-overrun operation	Hub input or Shaft input
Weight	5.29 lbs.

 ELECTRICAL DATA

 Current (amps)
 Resistance (ohms)

 115 AC 60 Hz
 0.334
 57.5

 24 DC
 0.586
 41.0

 12 DC*
 1.150
 10.4

 90 DC*
 0.151
 598

*Modifications

Note: By adding an optional over travel stop (OTS), the braking torque is increased from 10% to 20% of the rated clutch torque

www.danahermotion.com

79





BIMAC Series Low Cost Solenoid Actuated Clutches for AC or DC Operation

Designed initially for the computer peripheral equipment and business machine market, the BIMAC Series of solenoid actuated clutches is ideal for a wide range of indexing and rapid cycling applications.

The BIMAC Series is available in startstop and single revolution configurations. Single revolution models are rated for 10% braking load (20% with overtravel stop/ anti-back option).

In operation, when the coil is energized the actuator pulls away from the control collar, allowing the drive spring to wrap down onto the input and output hubs for positive torque transmission. When the coil is de-energized, the actuator engages the control collar which unwraps the spring and disconnects the hubs.

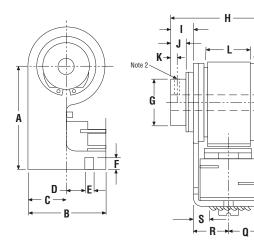
- Low cost
- Trouble-free design for long life
- Complete package for immediate installation
- High torque
- 25 or 75 lb-in of torque
- Speeds up to 1500 RPM
- Fits up 1/4" and 3/8" shafts
- RoHS compliant

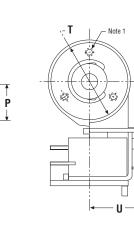
M ← → ← N



Typical Applications

- Paper drives
- · Card readers and sorters
- Copying machines
- · Ribbon drives





Notes 1. #6-32 tap. 3 holes, on .938 B.C. 2. .062 dia. hole

	DIMENSIONS (mm)																				
Mod.	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	м	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
B1	1.45	1.25	0.62	0.30	0.14	0.19	0.562 0.561	1.62	0.31	0.20	0.09	0.55	0.44	0.09	.2505 .2515	0.375 0.374	0.50	0.56	0.25	1.188 1.187	1.06
B2	1.69	1.25	0.62	0.30	0.14	0.19	0.743 0.742	1.72	0.41	0.27	0.125	0.68	0.43	0.10	0.376 0.378	0.562 0.561	0.50	0.56	0.25	1.25	1.06

PERFORMANCE								
BIMAC I Series BIMAC II Series								
Static torque	25 lb-in (2.83 Nm)	75 lb-in (8.475 Nm)						
Inertia, rotating parts	0.0117 lb-in ²	0.0427 lb-in ²						
Maximum radial bearing load at maximum speed	12 lbs	17 lbs.						
Maximum operating speed	1500 RPM	1000 RPM						
Response time, voltage on at full speed	20 MS	20 MS						
Weight	5 oz.	7 oz.						

ELECTRICAL DATA							
Voltage	Current (amps)	Resistance (ohms)					
115 AC 60 Hz	0.15	785					
24 DC	0.25	96					
12 DC*	0.40	30					
90 DC*	0.50	1800					
*Modifications							



BDNB Series Bi-Directional No-Back Design Clutches

The Bi-Directional No-Back offers an extraordinary combination of functions at low cost. The basic function of this unit may be easily adapted to a large range of applications requiring automatic position holding with rotary driven capability.

The BDNB can be turned only when torque is applied to the input shaft. The input shaft may be driven in either direction with torque being transmitted directly to the output shaft.

When there is no torque on the input, the output shaft is "locked" and cannot be rotated in either direction. Any torque applied to the output shaft is transmitted directly to the clutch body, and will not be reflected to the input.

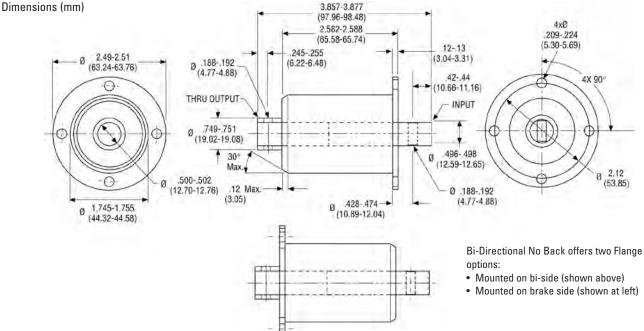
- Input operates in CW and CCW direction; output will hold loads within specified torque ranges
- Modifications and special design variations available
- Maximum operating speed 200 RPM
- Flange can be oriented on the bi-side or the brake side, depending on the application
- RoHS compliant



Typical Applications

- Tank turret drives
- Boat or aircraft trim tabs
- Robotics
- Rudderlocks
- Hoists
- Manlifts
- Actuator holdbacks

RINGTM PRODUCTS



PERFORMANCE					
Torque ratings	250 lb-in (28.23)				
Clutch holding torque, both directions	250 lb-in (28.23)				
Output to housing lost motion	6°†				
Input to output lost motion	25°				
Maximum additional input torque	10*				
Weight	2 lbs.				

†Angular movement is determined with 25 lb-in of torque applied to output. *Or less than 1.15 times the output shaft load, whichever is greater





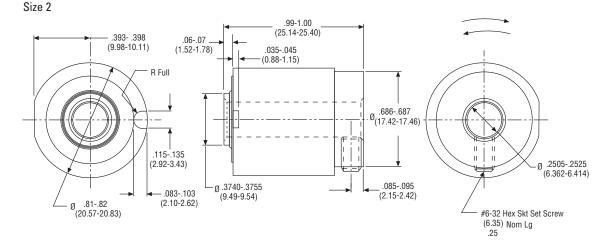
The BDSC clutch is a customer driven, special unit designed for high volume usage. It consists of just four components: one snap ring, two hubs and one spring. Like the CTS series, these clutches are designed to slip whenever a preset torque limit is exceeded. Torque ratings range from 2 to 32 in.-oz.

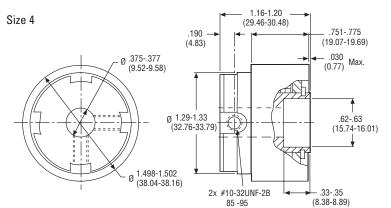
By attaching various pulleys, sprockets and other input devices, BDSC clutches are easily adapted for a wide variety of applications.

- Low cost design
- Custom configurations
- Torque ratings from 2 in.oz. to 30 oz.in.
- 200 RPM maximum speed
- Suitable for 100% duty cycle
- Torque can be varied with direction of rotation
- Low cost
- · RoHS compliant



SLIP





Dimensions (mm)

PERFORMANCE						
Torque ratings	2 in-oz to 9 lb-in (.014–1.017 Nm) – Torques held within ± 10% – Can provide different torques in different directions – 25 in-oz CW, 5 in-oz CCW					
Bore Sizes	English: .25625 inch (6.35-15.88 mm) Metric: .2362629 inch (6-16 mm)					
Weight	1.0 lb.					

Typical Applications

- Turntable drives
- Machine doors
- Conveyor drive systems for poly film bag manufacturing
- Gear boxes
- · Servo systems
- Tension devices
- Ribbon winding
- Paper feed



CTS Series Constant Torque Slip Clutch

The unique feature of the CTS series is that the clutch is designed to slip whenever a preset torque limit is exceeded. CTS clutches can also be used to apply drag in a system for tensioning requirements. While standard wrap spring units are designed to drive and/or brake, the CTS clutch is an inexpensive solution when a slip function is needed.

- Suitable for 100% duty cycle
- 7 watts maximum power dissipation
- 150 RPM maximum speed
- Torque ratings from 2 lb-in to 28 lb-in
- · RoHS compliant

Typical Applications

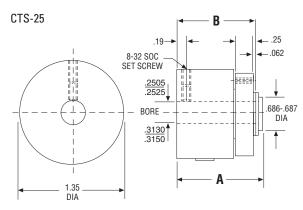
- Cable winding equipment
- Torque wrenches
- Data handling devices
- Dispensing equipment
- Gear boxes
- · Web tensioning
- · Servo systems

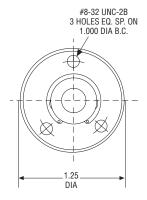


THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM

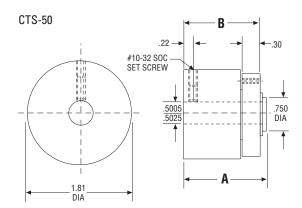
ENGINEERED PRODUCTS

Constant Torque Slip Clutch - CTS Series





CTS-25 Clutch Data							
Torque	А	В					
2 lb-in	0.95	0.845					
4 lb-in	0.95	0.845					
6 lb-in	0.95	0.845					
8 lb-in	1.09	0.982					
10 lb-in	1.09	0.982					
12 lb-in	1.227	1.117					
14 lb-in	1.227	1.117					





CTS-50 Clutch Data								
Torque	Torque A							
4 lb-in	1.243	1.125						
8 lb-in	1.243	1.125						
12 lb-in	1.243	1.125						
16 lb-in	1.469	1.352						
20 lb-in	1.469	1.352						
24 lb-in	1.695	1.578						
28 lb-in	1.695	1.578						

PERFORMANCE								
CTS-25 CTS-50								
Torque ratings up to	14 lb-in (1.582 Nm)	28 lb-in (3.164 Nm)						
Shaft sizes	1/4" (6.35) and 5/16" (7.938)	1/2" (12.7)						

Selection Considerations

Inertia and Torque Values

Application Analysis

1. Function

The process for establishing the clutch or brake function is illustrated in Step 1 on page 16. In review, the three functions and the appropriate series selections are noted below.

Overrunning

Unidirectional torque transmission with free wheeling in opposite direction.

Selection PSI (Model 0)

Start-Stop

Engage/disengage with random stop position.

Selection

SAC (Model SS)	ACCE
PSI (Model SS)	ACCM

Single Revolution

Accurate stop position in single or fraction revolution cycles.

SAC Model S

Selection CB Model S PSI Model S

2. Calculate load inertia (WR2)

Use the inertia chart on page 85 to determine the inertia of the application components. To determine WR² of a given shaft or disc, multiply the WR² from the chart by the length of shaft or thickness of disc in inches.

Note: For hollow shafts, subtract WR² of the I.D. from the WR² of the O.D. and multiply by length.

In order to calculate the inertias of components which are made of material other than steel, use the multipliers found in the conversion chart (right) to establish the inertias of these components.

Inertia Conversion Chart

In order to determine the inertia of a rotating member (shaft, disc, etc.) of a material other than steel, multiply the inertia of the appropriate steel diameter from the chart on page 85 by:

Material	Multiplier
Bronze	1.05
Steel	1.00
Iron	.92
Powdered Metal Bronze	.79
Powdered Metal Iron	.88
Aluminum	.35
Nylon	.17

3. Determine clutch or brake torque value

With the inertia value calculated in Step 2, determine the torque requirement for the function determined in Step 1.

A) For Overrunning and Start-Stop (random start-stop) (SAC and PSI Models SS and O)

T = <u>WR² x RPM</u> + friction torque* 3700 x t

Where-

 $\begin{array}{l} T = \mbox{Torque required from wrap spring} \\ WR^2 = \mbox{load inertia (Step 2)} \\ RPM = \mbox{shaft speed at clutch location} \\ t = \mbox{time to engagement (.003 for clutch)} \end{array}$

B) For single revolution applications (CB, SAC and PSI Models S) T = <u>WR² x RPM</u> - friction torque* 3700 x t

Where-

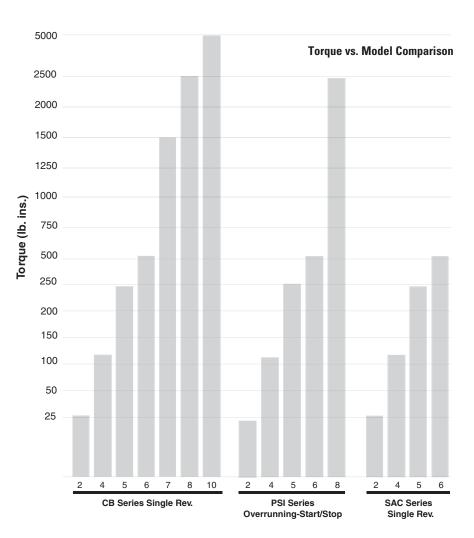
T = torque required from wrap spring WR² = Load inertia (Step 2) RPM = Shaft speed at clutch or brake

location

t = time to disengagement (.0015 for brake)

Find the value of T on the Torque vs. Model Comparison Chart below.

*Frictional (drag) torque is the torque necessary to overcome static friction. It may be measured by a spring-scale or by dead-weights, applied to a known moment arm so gradually as to make inertia negligible. It is that torque found just sufficient to induce motion.



Selection Considerations

Inertia and Torque Values

4. Verify selection with unit inertia		INERTIA OF S	TEEL SHAFTING	G (Per Inch of Leng	th or Thickness)
From the individual product specifications	Dia. (in.)	WR ² (lb-in ²)	Dia. (in.)	WR ² (Ib-in ²)	Dia. (in.)	WR ² (lb-in ²)
find the unit inertia of the model selected in Step 3. Add this to the load inertia pre-	1/4	.00011	7	66.816	13	803.52
viously determined to arrive at the total	3/8	.00055	7 1/4	77.04	13 1/4	858.24
torque requirement.	1/2	.00173	7 1/2	87.984	13 1/2	924.48
A) For Overrunning and On-Off (PSI Models SS and O)	3/4	.00864	7 3/4	100.656	13 3/4	995.04
A) $T_t = (WR_{LOAD}^2 + WR_{UNIT}^2)RPM$ + friction torque	1	.0288	8	113.904	14	1068.48
3700 x t	1 1/4	.072	8 1/4	128.88	14 1/4	1147.68
B) For Single Revolution Start-Stop	1 1/2	.144	8 1/2	144	14 1/2	1229.75
(CB, SAC-S and PSI Models S)	1 3/4	.288	8 3/4	162.72	14 3/4	1317.6
A) $T_t = (WR^2_{LOAD} + WR^2_{UNIT})RPM$ - friction torque	2	.432	9	182.88	15	1404
3700 x t	2 1/4	.72	9 1/4	203.04	16	1815.84
Where– T_t = total system torque (WR ² _{LOAD}) = load inertia	2 1/2	1.152	9 1/2	223.2	17	2314.08
(WR ² _{UNIT}) = clutch inertia	2 3/4	1.584	9 3/4	252	18	2910.24
Find this new torque value on the Torque	3	2.304	10	277.92	19	3611.52
vs. Model Comparison Chart on page 84 to verify the model selected in Step 3.	3 1/2	4.176	10 1/4	306.72	20	4433.76
Minimum Load Inertia—	3 3/4	5.472	10 1/2	338.4	21	5389.92
Super CB and CB Clutch/Brakes	4	7.056	10 3/4	371.52	22	6492.96
In order to achieve the CB accuracy	4 1/4	9.072	11	407.52	23	7757.28
capability of $\pm 1/2^\circ$, a minimum load iner-	4 1/2	11.376	11 1/4	444.96	24	9195.84
tia is required to fully engage the brake spring and disengage the clutch spring.	5	17.28	11 1/2	486.72	25	10827.36
This minimum inertia (I) can be calculated	5 1/2	25.488	11 3/4	529.92	26	12666.24
from the accompanying formula and chart:	6	36	12	576	27	14731.2
	6 1/4	42.624	12 1/4	626.4	28	17036.64
$I = (t) (T_{c} + T_{o}) (3700) - I_{c}$	6 1/2	/0.68	12 1/2	679 68	20	1960/ 16

l = (t) (Tc	+ -	Г _о)	(37
			RF	РΜ

- I = Minimum inertia required to fully activate the clutch/brake—Ib-in²
- t = Time—Seconds
- T_c = Torque required to fully activate the clutch/brake—lb-in

T_o = Drag torque—Ib-in

RPM = Revolutions per minute

 I_c = Inertia at the output side of the clutch—Ib-in²

EXAMPLE:

CB-6 in a system running at 200 RPM with 3/4" bore and 20 lb-in drag. What inertia is required to fully activate the clutch/ brake?

I = (0.005) (8.75 + 20) (3700) - 1.221 = 1.438 lb-in² (200)

NOTE: When calculated inertia is zero or negative, no further action is required. If the calculation result is positive, additional inertia equal to or exceeding the result should be added.

TORQUE & INERTIA VALUES Model CB-2 1.65 0.003 0.0116 CB-4 0.004 0.0450 6.60 CB-5 0.004 6.88 0.1663 CB-6 0.005 1.221 (0.75 in. bore) 8.75 1.138 (1.0 in. bore) CB-7 17.0 0.005 9.43 (0.75 in. bore) 7.72 (1.0 in. bore) 6.70 (1.25 in. bore) 6.55 (1.50 in. bore) CB-8 20.0 0.005 9.32 (1.0 in. bore) 8.15 (1.5 in. bore) CB-10 50.0 0.006 30 (1.5 in. bore)

679.68

735.84

29

30

19604.16

22452.48

12 1/2

12 3/4

How to determine maximum inertia load of CBs

49.68

57.888

 $\frac{T \times 3700 \times t}{RPM} = WR^2$

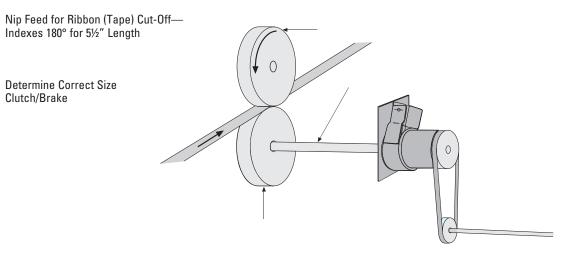
6 1/2

6 3/4

T = Clutch Torque t = .0015

Selection Considerations

Example



Nip Feed for Ribbon (Tape) Cut-Off— Indexes 180° for 5½" Lengths

- 1. Determine function: Application requires accurate 180° start and stop positioning, therefore a CB or PSI Model S is chosen.
- 2. Calculate Load Inertia (WR²) WR² NIPS (2) = 4.176 lb-in² each (ref. inertia chart, pg. 85)

x 2 = 8.352 lb-in²

 $WR_{SHAFT}^2 = .0288 \times 6 = .1728 \text{ lb-in}^2$

 $WR_{LOAD}^2 = 8.5248 \text{ lb-in}^2$ TOTAL

 Apply results to Step 3 formulas to determine torque required for start/ stop.

T = 8.5248 x 200/5.55 - 20 = 287.2 lb-in

Estimate friction torque (about 20 lb-in for this example).

Make initial unit selection from Torque vs. Model Comparison Chart (pg. 84) based on load torque requirements:

i.e., 287.2 in.lb. Size CB-6

4. After making initial unit selection, add unit inertia (ref. Torque and Inertia Values, pg. 85) to load inertia (rotating components).

i.e.: 8.525 lb-in² (Load WR²) +<u>1.718 lb-in^{2*}</u> 10.268 lb-in² (Total System WR²)

Double-check size by computing new data with torque formula.

* (CB-6 WR2-Pg. 25)

 $T = \frac{WR^{2} \times RPM}{5.55 \text{ (for brake)}}$ T = 10.268 x 200 = 370 lb-in 5.55 CB-6 is correct size.

Note: All calculations shown assume zero compliance in driven, as well as driving, components. Compliance in the system reduces the torque required to accelerate the total inertial load to full RPM.

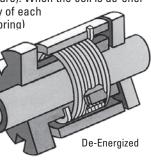


Magnetically Actuated Clutch Operation Principles & Performance DL, MAC & BBC Series

Clutch Operation

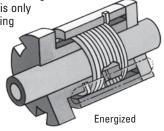
The inside diameter of the spring is larger than the outside diameter of the shaft hub. One end of the spring (control tang) is fastened to the control collar (or armature). When the coil is de-ener-

gized, the hubs rotate independently of each other. The free hub (affixed to the spring) the spring, and the collar rotate as a unit. The opposing shaft hub is not fastened to the spring and rotates as another unit. The coil housing is stationary and piloted on the shaft bearing. A ground pin placed in the retaining tab secures the coil housing from rotating.



When the coil is energized, the control collar is pulled and held against the shaft flange. The momentary relative motion between spring and hubs "wraps" the spring, coupling the two hubs positively. All torque is transmitted through the

wrapped spring. Magnetic force is only necessary to maintain a tight spring grip for total torque transfer.

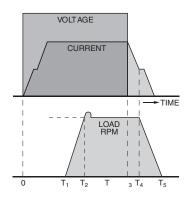


Operational Performance

The time-to-speed of the DL, MAC and BBC Series clutches is defined as the time required to accelerate the load to 100% of the input speed from the initial voltage pulse. The spring wrap down time is the only portion dependent on the input speed. Variation in time-to-speed is caused by:

- 1. Clutch to Clutch statistical variation due to piece part tolerance
- 2. Cycle to Cycle comprised of speed, voltage, and temperature changes
- 3. Lifetime enlargement of the normal band due to component wear.

If dictated by the application, cycle-to-cycle variation can be minimized by careful selection of system hardware and software. Statistical variation may also be reduced through tighter part tolerance, but would result in a higher cost.



Current and speed response profile

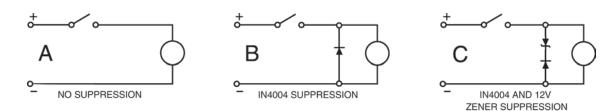
- T_1 = Time to engage (TTE) (Electrical build up and collar movement and spring wrap time).
- $T_2 = Time to speed (TTS).$

Performance Profile

- $T_3 T_4 =$ Armature disengagement time (ADT).
- $T_5 T_3 =$ Time to zero (TTZ) (Load and speed dependent).

Characteristics of Disengagement

Control collar release time (ADT) is affected somewhat by speed, load, and the above three variables. The electrical circuit, however, has a major impact on the MAC-45's disengagement performance. Voltage transients and bleed down time should be minimized. The optimum suppression network for an application using the MAC-45 is represented by circuit C which incorporates a 1N4004 series diode and a zener diode with two times the coil voltage. Omitting the zener (circuit B) would result in a less expensive circuit but at the expense of minor decrease in performance. Circuit A represents the quickest disengagement time but provides no protection for voltage transients.



GUIDELINES

THE GENUINE WRAP SPRINGTM

Questions & Answers Relating to Standard Genuine Wrap Spring Products

1. Question: What changes are necessary to convert a CB series clutch from CW to CCW and vice versa?

Answer: For all CB units, the following parts must be changed; the drive spring, brake spring, anti-overrun spring, antiback spring, and plate subassembly. The cams must also be reversed. Additional requirements: On CB-5, -6, and -8 units, the actuator subassembly must be changed. On CB-6, -8, and -10 (DC only) the coil subassembly must be changed. On CB-10 (AC only) the coil subassembly would require a new coil kit. All other components can be reused. The differential must also be reset after the unit has been reassembled.

 Question: How is the spring differential set on a CB Series clutch? Why is this important?

Answer: This setting is important because it establishes the relationship of the clutch spring to the brake spring. If the setting is incorrect, the unit may fail due to excessive wear or may not operate at all. The differential setting has been preset by the factory for "outof-the-box" CB Series clutches. See page 90 for a detailed explanation of spring differential adjustment.

3. Question: Can the input or output of a CB Series clutch/brake be reversed?

Answer: The standard CB Series clutch (which includes the anti-overrun clutch feature) cannot readily be reversed. However, if input reversal is required, please contact your local Danaher Motion Representative for additional information.

One of the standard features of the CB Series clutch/brake is the anti-back spring. While this spring is required to achieve stopping accuracy, it also prevents the output from being reversed. Therefore, like the input of a standard CB Series clutch/brake (incorporating the AO feature), the output cannot and should not be reversed.

4. **Question:** How often should a Deltran wrap spring clutch be lubricated?

Answer: Under normal operating conditions, lubrication is not necessary because the bearing surface components are manufactured from oil impregnated powdered metal materials. 5. Question: Can a single stop CB Series clutch readily be changed to a multiple stop unit and vice versa?

Answer: The serrated control of the CB collar design facilitates easy changeover to a multiple stop collar. Please refer to the assembly/disassembly instructions for the appropriate CB model. See Stop Collars, page 67.

6. Question: Can the output of the CB Series clutch be adjusted after installation?

Answer: Certainly. The serrated design of the control collar assembly allows repositioning the cam after the unit has been installed. See page 67.

7. Question: How is rotation determined?

Answer: For the CB, SAC & SP Series, determine the proper rotation by viewing the unit from the input hub end. For sizes 2 through 6, the input hub has 3 holes, while sizes 8 and 10 input hubs each have 6 holes. For the PSI Series, determine the proper rotation by viewing the clutch from the input end. For HUB input units, look at the free hub when determining rotation, for SHAFT input units, look at the shaft hub when determining rotation. Also, see the appropriate pages of this catalog or contact your local Danaher Motion representative.

8. Question: What is necessary to assure that a CB model wrap spring clutch/brake stops consistently and accurately?

Answer: In most cases when a CB does not position accurately, there is insufficient inertia to fully wrap down the brake spring. This situation can easily be resolved by either adding additional mass to the output or increasing machine speed.

Remember, the CB Series clutch is an RPM-inertia sensitive device. The specified minimum inertia must be met for the CB Series clutch/brake to operate properly.

9. **Question:** What are the possible causes of CB Series clutch slippage?

Answer: Any slippage in a CB is usually caused by an incorrect differential setting. See the adjustment and repair section of this catalog page 90.

10. Question: What does the antioverrun spring do?

Answer: The anti-overrun spring feature prevents overhauling loads from over-running the input. The anti-overrun is an internal spring with an interference fit that slips in one direction, but transmits torque in the other.

11. Question: Can the anti-overrun feature easily be incorporated into a non-anti-overrun CB Series clutch?

Answer: This is easily accomplished on the CB-5, 6, 7 & 8 units which only require a new input hub and antioverrun spring. All other CB models must be completely disassembled to replace the output shaft assembly and input hub and add the anti-overrun spring.

The "standard" CB Series clutch has the anti-overrun spring included. We recommend all CB Series clutches be purchased with the AO spring, if possible.



12. Question: How much torque can a Genuine Wrap Spring unit brake?

Answer: The PSI, SAC & SP model S units are capable of braking 10% of their static torque rating. By incorporating the over-travel stop feature into the PSI and SP series model S units, brake torque increases to 20% of static torque rating.

In general, the CB Series clutch is capable of stopping 50% of the unit's static torque rating.

Questions & Answers Relating to Standard Genuine Wrap Spring Products

13. Question: What should be checked when a CB Series unit doesn't actuate on each revolution?

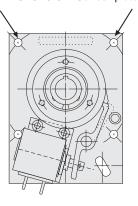
Answer:

- a) Check for coil input voltage.
- b) Check actuator cam clearance. With the collar biased towards the actuator there should be a .010" to .030" air gap between the bottom of the actuator and tip of the cam.
- c) Check the setting. See Question 21 to reset or replace the solenoid.
- 14. Question: Can I use any coil with a one-shot power supply?

Answer: Yes, the one-shot power supply can be used with either AC or DC coils. However, when selecting a coil, remember that higher resistance results in slower response and conversely, lower resistance increases response speed.

15. Question: What is the purpose of the holes in the CB, SAC & SP Series plate assembly?

Answer: There are either 3 or 4 holes plus an anti-rotation slot on the CB, SAC & SP Series plate assemblies.



are intended for mounting convenience. These clutch/ brake units are shaft mounted. so the plate should simply be restricted from rotat-

These holes

ing. These units must have some axial compliance to operate properly.

16. Question: How can coil voltage of a wrap spring clutch coil be determined?

Answer: Models CB-6, 7, 8 and 10 have voltage markings near the terminal tabs. CB-2, 4 and 5, as well as SAC models, show the voltage on the back of the coil bracket.

17. Question: What is the meaning of the numbers stamped on The Genuine Wrap Spring clutches?

- **Answer:** The Genuine Wrap Spring clutches are given an eightdigit number. This number translates into a description of your product. Example: 123-45-678
- #1 identifies the product series.
- #2 identifies whether the unit is domestic or metric.
- #3 identifies the size of the unit.
- #4 identifies hub input and rotation.
- #5 identifies special features.
- #6, #7, #8—this three-digit number is serial number assigned to identify specific features of each unit.
- **18. Question:** Why doesn't a model CB-6 with 1" bore include a keyway?

Answer: There is not enough material in the shaft of a 1" bore CB-6 to accommodate a keyway. If a keyway is necessary for a specific application requiring a CB-6, the ¾" bore size should be chosen.

19. Question: How do I know if my clutch was made with the old style, one piece collar or the split cam design?

Answer: Currently, all new Genuine Wrap Spring Standard and Super CB-5, -6, -7, -8, and SAC-5, and SAC-6 units are manufactured with the split cam design. The easiest way to identify the split cam design is by looking at the pivot pin and actuator. If the unit is configured with the split cam design there will be a small plastic spacer between the pivot pin and the actuator. The actuator will also have two slots for the plunger. The older design had no spacer, and there was only one slot for the plunger and actuator interface.

20. Question: How can I convert my existing one piece collar to the split cam design?

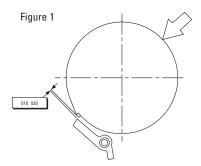
Answer: To upgrade an older style (single piece) collar to the split cam design the sleeve must be replaced. (For CB-5, 6, 7 & 8 models only). The single piece unit is replaced by a brake sleeve, coupling sleeve and a drive sleeve. In addition to changing the sleeve, the actuator must also be replaced. The position of the actuator on the cam is slightly different, and the new actuator compensates for this change. Refer to the appropriate pages of this catalog for replacement part numbers. **21. Question:** How can the solenoid be reset or replaced?

Answer: The following instructions are to be used when resetting or replacing the solenoid.

Collar-Actuator Clearance

- 1. Loosen the solenoid adapter plate such that the solenoid can be easily repositioned.
- If the clutch is equipped with an actuator limit stop, loosen it and move it out of the way.
- 3. Energize the solenoid.
- 4. Align the cam face and actuator tip as shown in Figure 1.
- 5. Push the collar as indicated by the arrow in Figure 1 to take up the free collar play.
- 6. Check to ensure that the plunger is properly seated.
- Using a shim between the actuator tip and cam face, set the collar actuator clearance between .010 and .030 by repositioning the solenoid assembly.
- 8. Tighten the solenoid adapter plate screws.
- 9. De-energize the solenoid and repeat steps 2 through 5.
- 10. Re-check the clearance.
- If equipped with an actuator limit stop, re-energize the coil and set the limit stop as follows:
- DC Coils –Set the limit stop so it just contacts the actuator.
- AC Coils –Set the actuator-limit stop clearance of .005-.020 at the closest point.

NOTE: It may not be possible to completely eliminate solenoid buzzing on AC solenoids.

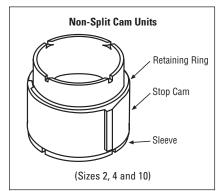


ENGINEERING GUIDELINES

CB Spring Differential Adjustments

Non-Split and Split Cam units

All Super CB and all CB series clutch/ brakes are factory preset to the proper spring differential overtravel. Should a component require replacement and the springs are affected, it is advisable to mark the two spring tang slots to ensure correct reassembly. If this is not possible, use the following procedure to reset the springs.



Spring Differential Adjustments for Non-Split Cam Units Super CB and CB Series (Sizes 2, 4 and 10 Only)

- 1. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub.
- Rotate the clutch so the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
 Note: Merely rotating the unit until the actuator hits the cam will not fully engage the brake spring. The output shaft must be rotated in the driving direction until the brake spring fully wraps down.
- With the brake fully engaged (per step 2), pull the clutch spring out of its slot and allow it to jump to wherever it comes to rest.
- The clutch spring should be between two slots. Unwrap the spring and push it back into the nearest slot.
- 5. Push the input hub back into place, release the actuator.
- 6. Rotate the clutch until the brake spring fully wraps down again.
- With the brake fully engaged, hold the shaft with one hand and release the actuator.
- The collar will jump forward as the brake is released and the clutch engages.

The amount of overtravel varies with the unit.

Model	Overtravel
CB-2	.09 to .19"
CB-4	.19 to .31"
CB-10	.62 to .75"

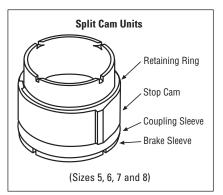
Note: Non-Split Cam design units

- To obtain the overtravel, use a scale to measure the distance between the tip of the actuator and the tip of the cam. (See picture below)
- 10. If the overtravel is within specified limits, reinstall the retaining ring, the unit is set.
- 11. If the overtravel exceeds the specified amount, move the brake spring back one slot against the direction of rotation and repeat steps two through nine.
- If the overtravel is less than the specified amount, move the brake spring forward one slot in the direction of rotation.

Note: If the unit is disassembled and the drive and/or brake springs do not need to be replaced, proceed as follows:

- Reposition the drive and brake springs to their original positions onto the output shaft assembly.
- Reassemble the clutch and position the spring tangs of the drive and brake springs in the factory marked locations on the control collar assembly (on the control collar there are designated slots marked with a recessed punch mark).
- After the unit is completely assembled, the differential setting should be back to its original setting.





Spring Differential Adjustments For Split Cam Units (5, 6, 7, and 8)

To adjust the differential on split cam units (Sizes 5, 6, 7 and 8) use the following procedure:

- 1. Slide the retaining ring, stop cam, and coupling towards the free hub (input) separating the two split sleeves.
- 2. Move the brake sleeve spline in the opposite direction of the drive to wrap down the brake spring.
- 3. Hold the brake spring sleeve spline in place and slide the coupling onto the splines to secure the two sleeves.
- 4. Slide the stop cam onto the splined section and re-insert the retaining ring into the groove.
- Rotate the clutch until the brake spring fully wraps down again.
- With the brake fully engaged, hold the shaft with one hand and release the actuator.
- The collar will jump forward as the brake is released and the clutch engages.
- To obtain the overtravel, use a scale to measure the distance between the tip of the actuator and the tip of the cam. (See picture at left)

If the overtravel is too small or large, repeat steps 1-8 above.

The amount of overtravel varies with the unit.

Model	Overtravel	
CB-5	.15 to .25"	
CB-6	.19 to .37"	
CB-7	.37 to .50"	
CB-8	.37 to .50"	

Note: Split Cam design units



Mounting Requirements Super CB, Standard CB, SAC, SP, ACCE and BIMAC units

(All plated mounted wrap spring products)

Horizontal & Vertical Mounting

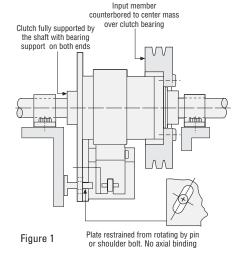
The Genuine Wrap Spring clutches are self-contained packaged products which are easy to mount. A few simple precautions should be taken to ensure maximum life.

All Genuine Wrap Spring clutch products are designed for parallel shaft applications where they are fully supported by the shaft on which they are mounted. In the case of wrap spring clutch/brakes (CB) the through shaft is always the output. Connecting the parallel shaft to the CB input can be accomplished by use of a belt, chain or gear drive. CB models must be mounted with the shaft(s) in a horizontal position (Figure 1). If vertical mounting is required, see Figure 2.

Preferred Horizontal Mounting

Figure 1 - Shows an ideal CB mounting. The unit is locked to the output shaft with a key and set screws. The mounting plate is restrained from rotating with a pin, but is not restrained axially, reducing the load on the CBs internal plate bearing.

The anti-rotation device employed must be able to withstand the braking torque required by the load.



Preferred horizontal mounting

It may be desirable to have easy access to the input for changing belts, etc. In this case, the clutch/brake can be mounted on a stub shaft. If so, the unit must still be fully supported. Overhung loads on the input member must be avoided to secure long radial bearing life. Optional vertical mounting

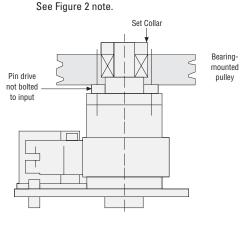


Figure 2

Optional Vertical Mounting

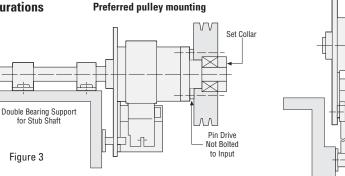
Figure 2 - When applying a wrap spring vertically, the mating drive member (pulley, sprocket, or sheave must be bearingsupported as shown in Figure 2. This is necessary to eliminate the axial loading that will occur from the weight of the mating drive member (pulley, sprocket or sheave).

 \mathcal{N}

Optional Mounting Configurations

Figures 3 and 4

Illustrate how proper support can be provided. Input members are generally face-mounted to the input hub of the unit as shown on Figure 1. This is facilitated by drilled and tapped holes provided in the free hub flange.



The solution presented here is better than that in Figure 3. Place one support bearing as close to the pulley as possible. Use a torque arm for anti-rotation. Figure 4 Small units (size 2, 4, and 5) are provided with pilot holes in the output shaft. These guide drilling through the machine shaft for attachment of the unit, accomplished

by a pin.

Double Bearing Support

for Stub Shaft Input Member Inboard

in the free hub flange. The set-up shown in Figure 3 is possible if the radial load to the input hub of the

if the radial load to the input hub of the clutch is small compared to the specified load. With a substantial load, arrange the pulley over the centerline of clutch free hub as shown in Figure 4.

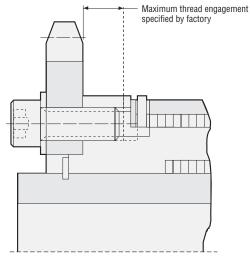


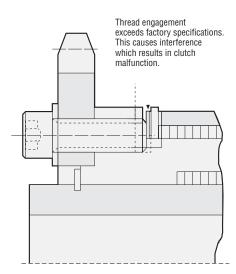
Mounting Requirements

Mounting Thread Engagement

Thread Engagement Requirements

Just a reminder . . . While mounting a sprocket or pulley to the input hub of your CB-2, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -10 or SAC-2, -4, -5 or -6 the screws/ bolts used must not protrude through the flange or hub. This will interfere or jam the control collar assembly, therefore causing the clutch to malfunction by failing to "drive" or causing the clutch to "slip." Please refer to the following chart for maximum thread engagement:





Correct Mounting

Incorrect Mounting

CB/SAC-2 = .150	CB-7 = .280
CB/SAC-4 = .280	CB-8 = .360
CB/SAC-5 = .350	CB-10 = .500
CB/SAC-6 = .312	

Application Analysis

1. Function to Be Performed

1.1 What work is to be done?

Give a basic description of the type of machine and what the clutch/brake is to do. This is important for the application engineers since they may have had experience with this type of application previously.

Example: The application is on a new design for a riveting machine. The clutch will control an eccentric which will drive home the rivet.

Example: A new automatic bank teller will require a clutch or clutch/brake to deliver the money to the customer after transaction.

1.2 Is it bi-directional?

There are certain applications which require torque to be transmitted in both directions of rotation with one clutch. When this is the case, a friction clutch is generally considered, NOT a wrap spring clutch. There are applications, however, where special wrap spring clutches can be designed for bi-directional applications.

Example: A clutch coupling is required to transmit torque in both CW and CCW rotation and to decouple the load from the drive upon command. PSI engineers designed a wrap spring clutch which can drive in both directions of rotation and, when commanded, will completely decouple the load from the drive, all with a single spring.

1.3 Will it require torque modulation?

Certain applications require "soft" starts or stops. A friction clutch or brake can accomplish this by reduced voltage to the coil. A wrap spring clutch or brake CANNOT be torque modulated, BUT the effects can be minimized by use of a flexible coupling or a properly shaped cam.

Example: A conveyor which contains high but small bottles may require soft starts so that the bottles do not fall over.

Example: A reversing drive for a moving platen copying machine may require a soft start so as not to put vibrations into the machine during the copying cycle, but, during the return, these vibrations may be of no consequence. Thus a friction clutch could be used for the copy cycle and a spring clutch (MSC) for the return.

Example: To minimize the shock and vibration during braking when using a CB or SP"S" style clutch, compliance can be introduced into the plate retention method.

1.4 Start, Stop, or Start/Stop?

1.4.1 START.

Some applications require starting the load periodically but are not critical in the final stopping position when the clutch is released.

Example: Application is feeding wire or paper into a set of rollers which then continue to draw the wire or paper off the larger spool, independent of the clutch. A PSI or SAC style model SS could be used. The SS style clutch would allow the output of the clutch to overrun the input, allowing the continued motion of the wire when the clutch is no longer engaged. An MSC or MAC may also be suitable.

Example: Application is to use clutches for a two speed drive. This would not require an accurate stopping position. The PSI model SS or SAC could be used.

1.4.2 STOP.

Certain applications require only stopping or holding. In the wrap spring section of the catalog there would not be a unit specifically designated as a brake; however, a PSI style clutch could be used as a brake by tying one of the hubs to mechanical ground. MAC, BBC or MSC can be configured for limited braking.

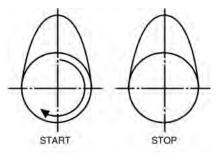
Example: The vertical axis of robot is controlled by a ball screw. A brake can be used to hold that position in the event of power failure.

1.4.3 START/STOP.

Single revolution applications require a start/stop function. This insures that the load is in a known position at all times. The PSI, SP and SAC style model S clutches plus the CB style clutch/brake are used for these types of requirements.

Example: Most any cam controlling application will require accurate positional control of the start of the cycle. At the end of the cycle the brake stops the motion where the cam is again in its known starting position for the next cycle.

2. Load

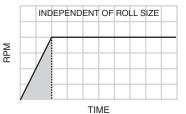


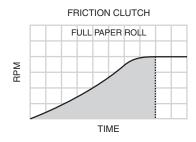
2.1 Inertia—does it vary?

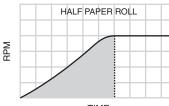
An important factor to consider is that a friction clutch's starting time is inertial and frictional load dependent while that of the wrap spring clutch is not. The time to speed of a wrap spring is, for all practical purposes, constant irrespective of load, within its torque capacity.

Example: A printer will use rolls of paper and it will require a clutch to provide accurate linear positioning. A spring clutch may be the better choice for this situation since it is not affected by the changing inertia of the roll as the paper is used.

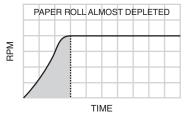
SPRING CLUTCH











2.1 Friction—does it vary? How?

Load friction varies with bearing wear and over time will increase the friction seen by the clutch. More important, the load may vary through the cycle and be both positive and negative as with most cam type applications. The importance of knowing how this varies and to what extent should be known for proper clutch application.

3. RPM

3.1 Is the RPM constant?

Many complaints come from users of CBs because of inaccurate stopping position. Upon investigation it is found that one RPM is used to initially set up the machine and then a faster RPM used for operation. This inaccuracy happens because at lower RPM there is less energy contained in the load and the brake spring does not fully wrap down; when the RPM is increased to the run speed the brake spring fully wraps down and the stop position changes.

Application Analysis

It also is common that, to increase production of a machine, the RPM has been increased, and the clutch no longer functions the same. As the RPM goes up, the dynamic torque increases proportionately and can cause an over torque condition.

It is important to know the RPM and if it changes during set up.

3.2 Is the rotation always in the same direction?

There can be situations when the input rotation direction changes during manual set up operations or normal operation of the machine. If the wrap spring clutch has the anti-overrun (A0) feature, this can not be done. Without antioverrun, the input can be rotated in the opposite direction of rotation. The spring will tend to open and slip on the input hub.

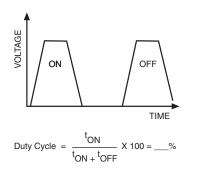
4. Timing Requirements

The time of initiating motion or stopping motion is always important in any mechanical system.

4.1 TTS — Time To Speed

This is the time from initially applying voltage to the coil or solenoid of the clutch until the load has reached full RPM.

The machine synchronization and permissible cycle rate can depend on this parameter. Spring clutches are very consistent in TTS since they are not dependent on the load; thus they will allow certain variations in load and still have consistency in timing.



4.2 Duty Cycle

Duty cycle is most often used as a means to determine heat build up of an electrical device.

For single revolution spring clutches, the cycle duration is dependent on the number of stops on the control collar and the RPM. Cycle rate is the number of cycles per minute. Both are important to know.

5. Stopping Position

5.1 Cycle-to-cycle accuracy requirements

Cycle-to-cycle accuracy is usually given as angular accuracy for single revolution, indexing style clutches; PSI, SP, SAC and CBs.

Example: The application is that a clutch is to control a cut-off knife and will require stopping

position accuracy of 5 degrees cycle to cycle.

Stopping position depends on system conditions at the time of stopping. This means that if system conditions, such as RPM or friction, change from one stop to the next, the stopping position may also change. For stopping accuracy the brake must come to a positive, known position. For the PSI or SP style models with overtravel stop, this would mean that the pin comes all the way to the limit stop. For the CBs it would mean that the brake spring wraps fully down on the brake hub. Once the actuator contacts the control collar to disconnect the clutch, the stop point is dependent on the system inertia to carry the load forward to this brake position. If the system friction is high, there may not be enough inertia; or if the RPM decreases, the energy of the inertia also decreases and may no longer be enough to reach full brake.

Example: A CB with a 2 stop collar is not realizing 180 degrees between stops. This could be because system friction is different at each stop.

Example: A system runs at low RPM for initial set up of the machine, then increases to a normal run speed. The stopping position is no longer the same. The energy of inertia is now higher and the stopping position will advance since at the lower RPM the brake spring might not have been fully wrapped down on the brake hub.

6. Life Requirements

6.1 Cycles

Cycle life is the required number of times the clutch is engaged and disengaged during its desired operating life. Based on the application data given, an estimate can often be made on the number of cycles which can be expected. This is a common request, but each application is somewhat different and life testing in the machine is the best way to give an accurate value.

6.2 Time

In certain applications this may be of greater concern than the number of cycles.

Example: A clutch is to be used to control a fire damper door as a safety device which must be able to function over a minimum life of ten years. Hopefully the clutch will never have to be used, but this information will determine, perhaps, surface treatment and/or materials.

Example: The main drive clutch of a machine will be engaged 10-20 times per day, 200 days, over 5 years. Life of the machine is to be 10,000 hours minimum. This may dictate the type of bearings required in the clutch.

7. Environment

7.1 Business or office equipment

This is usually a well known type of environment but can sometimes differ from the norm. **Example:** The clutch in a copier will be located adjacent to the heat lamp and can have a local temperature of 130 degrees C. This situation would require careful consideration for the clutch to properly perform over the expected life, such as special bearing oil.

7.2 Industrial

Most industrial environments can be assumed, but there may be unusual conditions which must be considered.

Example: The clutch will operate a wrapping mechanism on a textile machine. There will be cotton fiber in the air. This cotton fiber can collect on the actuator and not allow proper function, but it will also collect on the oil of the powdered metal bearings. This will act as a wick to draw the oil out and cause premature bearing failure if not adequately protected from the cotton fiber. The solution in this case could be an enclosure/ cover.

7.3 Agricultural or outdoor

This type of application will require the clutch to be constructed with materials to meet harsh conditions of weather and contamination.

Example: The clutch will control a grain drill. The PSI-5 and PSI-6 farm clutches are constructed using special control collars with dirt seals and shaft materials which will stand up to this operating environment.

8. Special Requirements

8.1 Input and direction of rotation

With the exception of the CBs, spring clutches can be operated either as a shaft or hub input. The CBs can only be operated as hub input.

The direction of rotation can be either clockwise or counter clockwise. The direction of rotation is determined by looking from the free hub end.

8.2 Bore size

Always try to use the catalog standard sizes for best economy and delivery. If this is not possible, special bore sizes can be obtained.

8.3 Voltage of coil

Always try to use the catalog standard coil voltages. The most popular is 24 VDC; however, special voltages can be supplied if required.

8.4 Gears, pulleys, or special free hub configuration

If the anticipated volume in the application will allow, it may be more economical for the factory to supply the clutch directly with the requested gear, pulley, sprocket, or other special feature. It should be noted that Danaher Motion has an inhouse powdered metal facility so that the input hub and the special feature could be molded as an integral part. Consult with the factory to determine the best method of manufacture.

Disassembly & Assembly Instructions

CB-2 and -4

Disassembly

- 1. Important—Insure that the spring tang location is marked before the unit is taken apart.
- Rotate the input hub until the actuator hits the stop cam. Continue to apply torque in the direction of rotation to the output shaft until the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
- 3. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 4. Remove input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 5. Release the actuator so that the brake is disengaged.
- Remove the collar assembly extract the collar toward the clutch spring end.

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the collar assembly over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the clutch spring tang through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install the input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Reset spring differential as needed. (See "CB Spring Differential Adjustments" on page 90.)
- 5. Install the retaining ring with smooth surface facing input hub.

Note: Anti-back springs and hubs should not be disassembled because of the difficulty in maintaining endplay setting between hubs. The unit should be returned to the factory for service.

CB-5 and Super CB-5

Disassembly

- Rotate the input hub until the actuator hits the stop cam. Continue to apply torque in the direction of rotation to the output shaft until the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
- 2. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 3. Remove thrust washer (Super CB-5 only).
- 4. Remove input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 5. Release the actuator so that the brake is disengaged.
- Remove the collar assembly (see split cam design) by extracting the collar toward the clutch spring end.

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the collar assembly over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the clutch spring tang through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install the input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install thrust washer (Super CB-5 only).
- 5. Install the retaining ring with smooth surface facing input hub.
- 6. Reset spring differential as needed. (See "CB Spring Differential Adjustments" on page 90.)

Note: Anti-back springs and hubs should not be disassembled because of the difficulty in maintaining endplay setting between hubs. The unit should be returned to the factory for service.

CB-6, -7 and -8

Disassembly

- 1. Rotate the input hub until the actuator hits the stop cam.
- Continue to apply torque in the direction of rotation to the output shaft until the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
- 2. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 3. Remove input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Remove the retaining ring from the mounting plate end.
- Remove the output shaft and collar assembly (see split cam design) from the mounting plate – turn in direction of rotation only. Do not remove brake hub from mounting plate.
- Remove the collar assembly (see split cam design) from the output shaft by extracting the collar toward the brake side of the output shaft.

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the collar assembly (see split cam design) over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the brake spring through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install the output shaft and collar assembly on the mounting plate turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install retaining ring on the mounting plate end with its smooth surface facing brake hub.
- 5. Install the input hub.
- 6. Install the retaining ring on the input hub with smooth surface facing the hub.
- 7. Reset spring differential as needed. (See "CB Spring Differential Adjustments" on page 90.)

Super CB-6, -7 and -8

Disassembly

- 1. Rotate the input hub until the actuator hits the stop cam. Continue to apply torque in the direction of rotation to the output shaft until the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
- 2. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 3. Remove the input hub with thrust washer turn in direction of rotation only. (Super CB-7 and 8 note the orientation of the flange for assembly.)
- 4. Remove the retaining ring from the mounting plate end.
- Remove the output shaft and collar assembly (see split cam design) from the mounting plate – turn in direction of rotation only. Do not remove brake hub from mounting plate.
- Remove the collar assembly (see split cam design) from the output shaft by extracting the collar toward the brake side of the output shaft.
 Assembly

1 Doulogo

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the collar assembly (see split cam design) over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the brake spring through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install the output shaft and collar assembly on the mounting plate $-\mbox{ turn}$ in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install the retaining ring on the mounting plate end with its smooth surface facing the brake hub.
- 5. Install the input hub with thrust washer (flange oriented correctly on Super CB-7 and 8).
- 6. Install the retaining ring on the input hub with its smooth surface facing the hub.
- 7. Reset spring differential as needed. (See "CB Spring Differential Adjustments" on page 90.)

CB-10 and Super CB-10

Disassembly

- 1. Important—Insure that the spring tang location is marked before the unit is taken apart.
- Rotate the input hub until the actuator hits the stop cam. Continue to apply torque in the direction of rotation to the output shaft until the brake spring is fully wrapped down.
- 3. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- Remove the input hub turn in direction of rotation only (CB-10). (Super CB-10 remove the input hub with the thrust washer – turn in direction of rotation only and note the orientation of the flange for assembly.
- 5. Remove the retaining ring from the mounting plate end.
- Remove the output shaft and collar assembly from the mounting plate

 turn in direction of rotation only. Do not remove brake hub from mounting plate.
- 7. Remove the collar assembly from the output shaft by extracting the collar toward the brake side of the output shaft.

Disassembly & Assembly Instructions

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the collar assembly over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the brake spring through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install the output shaft and collar assembly on the mounting plate turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install the retaining ring on the mounting plate end with its smooth surface facing the brake hub.
- Install the input hub and reset spring differential as needed (CB-10). Install the input hub with thrust washer flange oriented correctly and reset the spring differential as needed (Super CB-10). (See "CB Spring Differential Adjustments" on page 90.)
- 6. Install the retaining ring with smooth surface facing the hub.

SAC-2, -4 and -5

Disassembly

- 1. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 2. Remove input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- Remove the stop collar by extracting the collar toward the clutch spring end.

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- Install the stop collar over the output shaft and spring assembly. (Pull the clutch spring tang through the collar with needle-nosed pliers, taking care not to distort the spring.)
- 3. Install input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install retaining ring.

SAC-6

Disassembly

- 1. Remove the retaining ring from the input hub end.
- 2. Remove input hub turn in direction of rotation only.
- 3. Remove the retaining ring from the mounting plate end.
- Remove the output shaft and stop collar assembly from the mounting plate – turn in the direction of rotation only. Do not remove plate hub from mounting plate.
- 5. Remove the control stop from the output shaft by extracting the collar towards plate side of the output shaft.

Assembly

- 1. Replace parts as needed.
- 2. Install the stop collar over the output shaft and spring assembly.
- 3. Install the output shaft and stop collar assembly on the mounting plate turn in direction of rotation only.
- 4. Install the retaining ring to output shaft.
- 5. Install the input hub.
- 6. Install the retaining ring on the shaft input end.

ACCE

Disassembly

- 1. Remove spiral ring and thrust washer from both ends of the shaft.
- Rotate clutch and remove it from the plate. Remove the large thrust washer.
- For shaft input units, remove the shaft assembly by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- For hub input units, remove the hub by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- 5. For Model SS, remove the stop collar and spring by rotating opposite to drive direction and pulling the drive spring off the output hub.
- For Model S, pull the stop collar axially to release it from the spring. Rotate the spring opposite to drive direction until the down tang can be pried from its hole.

Assembly

- 1. For Model S, assemble spring to output hub by rotating opposite to drive direction until the down tang is seated in the hole.
- For Model SS, assemble spring to output hub by rotating opposite to drive direction until the spring is seated against the large retaining ring.
- Assemble stop collar over spring by deflecting the input tang with longnose pliers (reach through the collar with the pliers).
- 4. Assemble input by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- 5. Install large thrust washer and slide clutch assembly onto the plate.
- 6. Install thrust washers and spiral rings on both ends of the shaft.

ACCM

Disassembly

- 1. Remove spiral ring and thrust washer from the shaft.
- 2. For shaft input units, remove the shaft assembly by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- For hub input units, remove the hub by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- 4. For Model SS, remove the stop collar and spring by rotating opposite to drive direction and pulling the drive spring off the output hub.
- For Model S, pull the stop collar axially to release it from the spring. Rotate the spring opposite to drive direction until the down tang can be pried from its hole.

Assembly

- 1. For Model S, assemble spring to output hub by rotating opposite to drive direction until the down tang is seated in the hole.
- For Model SS, assemble spring to output hub by rotating opposite to drive direction until the spring is seated against the large retaining ring.
- Assemble stop collar over spring by deflecting the input tang with longnose pliers (reach through the collar with the pliers).
- 4. Assemble input by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- 5. Install thrust washer and spiral ring on the shaft.

PSI

Disassembly

- 1. Remove retaining ring from shaft.
- 2. Remove hub end by rotating opposite to drive direction.
- 3. For Model S, remove stop collar and spring by rotating opposite to drive direction and pulling to remove output tang from hub.

Assembly Model S

- Assemble spring to output hub by rotating opposite to direction of rotation. Output tang must be inserted completely into hole in hub during this assembly.
- 2. Assemble stop collar over spring by deflecting input tang with long-nose pliers. (Reach through collar with pliers.)
- 3. Assemble input hub by rotating opposite to direction of rotation.
- 4. Assemble retaining ring to shaft.

Assembly Model 0 & SS

- 1. Assemble spring and stop collar (or sleeve) with control tang located in slot in collar.
- Assemble spring and collar to output hub by rotating opposite to direction of rotation.
- 3. Assemble input hub by rotating opposite to direction of rotation.
- 4. Assemble retaining ring to shaft.



Friction Clutches & Brakes

How to Select

Brake Selection

Step 1

Determine if the application requires a *static* (holding) or *dynamic* (stopping) brake.

Step 2

For *static brake applications*, determine the required static torque to hold the load under worst case conditions, considering system drag. Skip to Step 5.

Step 3

For *dynamic braking applications* with a specific stopping time requirement, first calculate the dynamic torque necessary to decelerate the load, using the *inertia-time* equation:

 $T_{D} = (0.1047 (I \times \omega) / t) - D$

where I = total system inertia lb-in-sec², ω = shaft speed in RPM, t = time to zero and D = load drag. Next multiply by 1.25 to convert to static torque. Skip to Step 5.

Step 4

For those *dynamic braking applications* requiring only an ability to stall a load, calculate the appropriate static torque using the *horsepower-RPM* equation:

 $T_s = 1.25 \times 63000 \times (HP \times K) / \omega$

where HP = horsepower, K = service factor and ω = RPM **OR** refer to the charts found on page 99.

Step 5

Select a brake model from the catalog with a static torque rating greater than the required torque (service factor dependent). Verify that the selected brake fits into the available application envelope and mounting configuration.

Note: When braking dynamically, careful consideration must be given to proper energy dissipation. Calculate the total kinetic energy dissipation per cycle (E_k), and compare this to the allowable braking energy (E_b) based on the frequency of engagement (N) given in the Energy Dissipation Chart on page 143. If the total kinetic energy dissipation **per cycle** is more than allowable, given the frequency of engagement, then consider using a larger series brake.

Clutch Selection

Step 1

For clutch applications with a *specific* acceleration time requirement, first calculate the dynamic torque (T_D) required to accelerate the load using the **inertia-time** equation:

$T_{D} = 0.1047 (I \times \omega) / t + D$

where I = rotational load inertia in Ib-in-sec² units, ω = differential slip speed in RPM, t = time to speed, and D = load drag torque reflected to the clutch. Next convert to static torque by multiplying by 1.25. Skip to Step 3.

Step 2

For clutch applications requiring only an *ability* to *accelerate a load*, calculate the appropriate static torque using the *horse-power-RPM* equation:

$T_s = 1.25 \times 63000 \times (HP \times K) / \omega$

where HP = horsepower, K = service factor, and ω = differential slip speed in RPM **OR** refer to the charts in the engineering guidelines section.

Step 3

Select a clutch model from the catalog with a static torque rating greater than the required torque (service factor dependent). Verify that the selected clutch fits into the available application envelope and mounting configuration.

Note: When engaging a clutch dynamically (under load at speed), careful consideration must be given to proper energy dissipation. Calculate the total energy dissipated per minute:

$\mathbf{E} = (\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{k}} + \mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{s}}) \times \mathbf{N}$

where E_k = kinetic energy, E_s = slip energy, and N = cycle rate. If the total energy dissipation is more than allowable (see performance data tables), then consider using a larger series clutch.

General Notes

In some applications it may be necessary to consider clutch or brake inertia and engagement time in calculating load acceleration. If the inertia or engagement time of the clutch or brake selected represents more than 10% of the load inertia or acceleration time, use the above referenced Inertia-time equation to solve for acceleration time (t), using an inertia equivalent to the sum of the load inertia and the clutch or brake inertia (see performance data tables). Then verify that the sum of the acceleration and clutch or brake engagement times is still within the required acceleration time for the application.

For more information on other key factors that greatly affect clutch or brake life, such as ambient temperature, slip-speed and load energy, please contact us at 1-540-633-3400.

Selecting a Clutch or Brake

Torque, Horsepower & Speed

Disregarding frictional losses in a pulley, gear or sprocket system incorporating a clutch and running at a constant speed, the HP delivered by the clutch equals the HP of the prime mover. However, the torque imposed on the clutch may be greater or less than the torque on the prime mover depending on the ratio of the speed of the shafts. Generally, the faster the clutch shaft speed, the lower the torque required to drive the load.

The application charts below can be used as a quick and easy reference to deter-

mine the proper sizing of a clutch or brake based on motor horsepower and speed. However, when precise control and life expectancy are critical all design considerations should be evaluated.

										Clutch	or Bral	ke Shafi	Speed	in RPN	1							
		100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1500	1800	2000	2400	3000	3600	4000	4600	5000
	1/50																					
Н	1/20								8	Series	17											
0	1/12																					
R	1/8																					
S	1/6								S	Series	19											
E	1/4																					
Р	1/3										Se	ries 22	/23									
0	1/2																					
W	3/4											Se	ries 26/	28								
E	1																					
R	1 1/2													8	Series 3	0						
	2																					
	3																					
	5															Serie	es 40					
	7 1/2																					

Light to Medium Duty Applications (K = 1.5)

Heavy Duty Applications (K = 3.0)

										Clutch	or Bra	ke Shafi	Speed	in RPN	1							
		100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1500	1800	2000	2400	3000	3600	4000	4600	5000
	1/50							S	eries	17												
Н	1/20																					
0	1/12								S	eries	19											
R	1/8																					
S	1/6										Se	ries 22/	/23									
E	1/4																					
Р	1/3												Se	ries 26,	/28							
0	1/2																					
w	3/4														Serie	es 30						
E	1																					
R	1 1/2																					
	2															Serie	es 40					
	3																					
	5																					
	7 1/2																					



CS/CSC and CF/CFC Series Shaft and Flange Mounted Clutches and Clutch Couplings

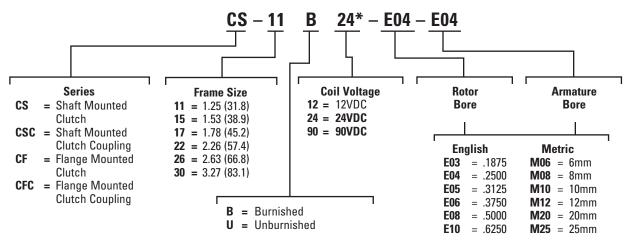
Electromagnetic clutches provide an efficient, electrically switchable link between a motor and a load. Clutches are used to couple two parallel shafts by the use of pulleys, gears or sheaves. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an anti-rotation tab or flange, the rotor and armature assembly are mounted on a single shaft, with the rotor secured to the shaft. The armature is bearing mounted and free to rotate. When the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the rotor, thus driving the load.

Electromagnetic clutch couplings provide this same efficient, electrically switchable link between a motor and a load for in-line shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an anti-rotation tab or flange, the rotor and armature assembly are securely mounted on opposing in-line shafts. When the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the rotor, coupling the two in-line shafts, thus driving the load.

How to order

- Torque: 2.5 to 125 lb-in (0.28 to 14.12 Nm)
- Diameters: 1.25 to 3.27 in (31.8 to 83.1 mm)
- · Efficient means of cycling load
- Fast response, repeatable performance
- Static or dynamic engagement
- Simple installation
- Economic cost
- Energy efficient





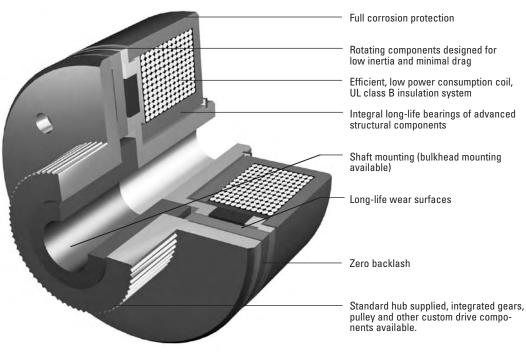
* Other voltages available upon request

General Notes

- The air gap should be checked periodically to insure proper operation. If it exceeds maximum recommended dimensions, the clutch or brake may not function properly.
- All friction faces must be kept free of grease and oil for proper operation.
- Consult factory for additional options.
- Actual starting and/or stopping times depend on application variables, manufacturing tolerances and friction material wear. Please consult factory for evaluation of actual use before applying specific values to your application.
- Flying leads are provided as standard, terminal style connection available upon request.
- Armature and rotor bore dimensions are minimums, with tolerance generally .001/.002 larger to accommodate varying environmental conditions.
- Coil of 24 & 90 volts are provided as standard, other coil voltages are available upon request.



Clutches and Clutch Couplings



Integral long-life bearings of advanced

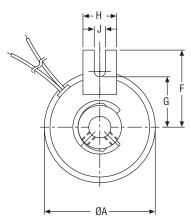
Typical Applications

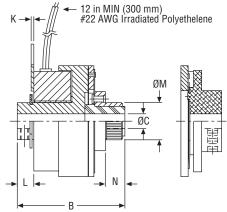
- Document handling
- · Copiers
- Printers
- Collators
- Sorters
- Finishers
- ATM machines
- · Currency counters
- Vending machines
- Postal handling equipment
- Ticket & receipt dispensing
- Packaging
- Material handling
- · Office automation



CS-11 Clutches & CSC-11 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications







Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144. CS Model

CSC Model

CS Model Shown

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	F: Tab Height in (mm)	G: Slot Height in (mm)	H: Tab Width in (mm)	J: Slot Width in (mm)	K: Tab Thickness in (mm)	L: Length in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x N: Length in (mm)		
CS-11B24-E04-E04	5.0 (0.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.38 (35.1)	.250 (6.4)	0.87 (22.1)	0.56 (14.2)	0.38 (9.7)	0.13 (3.3)	0.03 (0.8)	0.22 (5.6)	.507 x 0.33 (12.9 x 8.4)		
CS-11B24-E05-E05	5.0 (0.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.38 (35.1)	.312 (7.9)	0.87 (22.1)	0.56 (14.2)	0.38 (9.7)	0.13 (3.3)	0.03 (0.8)	0.22 (5.6)	.507 x 0.33 (12.9 x 8.4)		
CSC-11B24-E04-E04	5.0 (0.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.28 (32.5)	.250 (6.4)	0.87 (22.1)	0.56 (14.2)	0.38 (9.7)	0.13 (3.3)	0.03 (0.8)	0.22 (5.6)	NA		
CSC-11B24-E05-E05	5.0 (0.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.28 (32.5)	.312 (7.9)	0.87 (22.1)	0.56 (14.2)	0.38 (9.7)	0.13 (3.3)	0.03 (0.8)	0.22 (5.6)	NA		
					PERFORMA	NCE							
Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)Coil VoltageResistance Ohms nomPower Watts maxArmature Engage.Armature Disengage.Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec2Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec2Energy Dissipation Ib-in-sec2									n				
CS-11	5.0 (0.56)	24/90	128/1800	5.0	5.0	18.0	3.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.6 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.2 (0.1)	175			
CSC-11	5.0 (0.56)	24/90	128/1800	5.0	5.0	18.0	3.4 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.6 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.2 (0.1)	175			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings. (-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

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Customer shall maintain concentricity between armature assembly and rotor shaft within .003 T.I.R.
Customer shall maintain a loose pin fit through the anti-

rotation tab to prevent pre-loading of bearings.

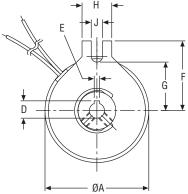
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .004/.009.
 Customer supplied gear/pulley/sprocket is press-fit on
- the clutch armature assembly knurl.
- Rotor is secured to shaft by set screw or roll pin.
- Clutch coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by set screws and key.
- Metric bores available
- Static torque values above are burnished

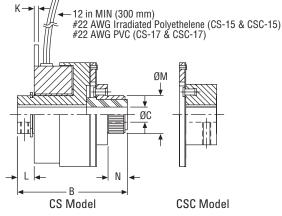
Other voltages available upon request.

START

CS-15, 17 Clutches & CSC-15, 17 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications







CS Model Shown

Mounting requirements see page 144.

Dimensions (mm)

DIMENSIONS Static C: Bore D: K'way E: K'way F: Tab G: Slot H: Tab J: Slot K: Tab M: Mtg Ø													
Model*	Static Torque in (mm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Tab Height in (mm)	G: Slot Height in (mm)	H: Tab Width in (mm)	J: Slot Width in (mm)	K: Tab Thick. in (mm)	L:Lngth in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x N: Lg in (mm)
CS-15B24-E04-E04	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.83 (46.5)	.250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CS-15B24-E05-E05	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.83 (46.5)	. 312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CS-15B24-E06-E06	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.83 (46.5)	. 375 (9.5)	NA	NA	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CSC-15B24-E04-E04	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.68 (42.7)	. 250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	NA
CSC-15B24-E05-E05	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.68 (42.7)	. 312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	NA
CSC-15B24-E06-E06	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.68 (42.7)	. 375 (9.5)	NA	NA	1.10 (27.9)	0.75 (19.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.38 (9.7)	NA
CS-17B24-E04-E04	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.85 (47.0)	. 250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CS-17B24-E05-E05	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.85 (47.0)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CS-17B24-E06-E06	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.85 (47.0)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	.631 x 0.33 (16.0 x 8.4)
CSC-17B24-E04-E04	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.55 (39.4)	. 250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	NA
CSC-17B24-E05-E05	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.55 (39.4)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	NA
CSC-17B24-E06-E06	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.55 (39.4)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.32 (33.5)	0.91 (23.1)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.30 (7.6)	NA
					PER	FORMANC	E						
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistanc Ohms nom.	e	Power Watts max	Armature Engage. msec	Armature Diseng. msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec		Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec	2	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
CS-15	10 (1.13)	24/90	130/1800		5.0	8.0	22.0	5.9 x 10 ⁻	5	5.2 x 10 ⁻	·5	0.4 (0.2)	295
CSC-15	10 (1.13)	24/90	130/1800		5.0	8.0	22.0	6.6 x 10		5.2 x 10 ⁻		0.4 (0.2)	295
CS-17	15 (1.69)	24/90	108/1500		6.0	10.0	27.0	7.3 x 10 ⁻	5	11.4 x 10	j-5	0.6 (0.3)	420

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

108/1500

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

24/90

General Notes

CSC-17

• Initial working air gap at installation shall be .004/.009.

15 (1.69)

- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain a loose pin fit through the anti-rotation tab to prevent pre-loading of bearings.

10.0

27.0

6.0

• Metric bores available

11.4 x 10⁻⁵

8.1 x 10⁻⁵

• Other voltages available upon request.

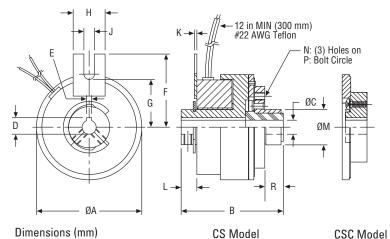
FRICTION

0.6 (0.3) 420



CS-22, 26 Clutches & CSC-22, 26 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications





CSC Model Shown

Mounting requirements see page 144.

	DIMENSIONS														
Model*	Static Torque in (mm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K´way Width in (mm)	F: Tab Height in (mm)	G: Slot Height in (mm)	H: Tab Width in (mm)	J: Slot Width in (mm)	K: Tab Thick. in (mm)	L: Lngth in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x R: Lngth in (mm)	N: (3) Mtg. Holes	P: Mtg. Hole BC Ø in (mm)
CS-22B24-E05-E05	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.20 (55.9)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CS-22B24-E06-E06	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.20 (55.9)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CS-22B24-E08-E08	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.20 (55.9)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CSC-22B24-E05-E05	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.06 (52.3)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA
CSC-22B24-E06-E06	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.06 (52.3)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA
CSC-22B24-E08-E08	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	2.06 (52.3)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.52 (38.6)	1.16 (29.5)	0.44 (11.2)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA
CS-26B24-E06-E06	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.47 (62.7)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.75 (44.5)	1.34 (34.0)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.34 (8.6)	.999 x 0.47 (25.4 x 11.9)	#8-32	1.375 (34.9)
CS-26B24-E08-E08	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.47 (62.7)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.75 (44.5)	1.34 (34.0)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.34 (8.6)	.999 x 0.47 (25.4 x 11.9)	#8-32	1.375 (34.9)
CSC-26B24-E06-E06	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.10 (53.3)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.75 (44.5)	1.34 (34.0)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.34 (8.6)	NA	NA	NA
CSC-26B24-E08-E08	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.10 (53.3)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.75 (44.5)	1.34 (34.0)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.06 (1.5)	0.34 (8.6)	NA	NA	NA

PERFORMANCE													
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts max	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-Ib/min			
CS-22	40 (4.52)	24/90	75/1059	8.5	12.0	32.0	33.4 x 10 ⁻⁵	32.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1400			
CSC-22	40 (4.52)	24/90	75/1059	8.5	12.0	32.0	33.1 x 10 ⁻⁵	32.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1400			
CS-26	80 (9.04)	24/90	65/893	9.5	15.0	35.0	80.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	62.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.4 (0.6)	2600			
CSC-26	80 (9.04)	24/90	65/893	9.5	15.0	35.0	81.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	62.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.4 (0.6)	2600			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

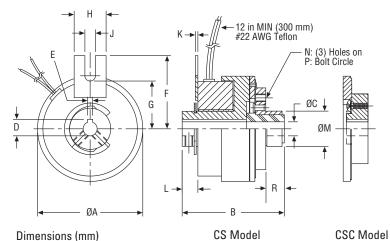
General Notes

- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .006/.013.
- Static torque values above are burnished
- Customer shall maintain a loose pin fit through the antirotation tab to prevent pre-loading of bearings.
- Metric bores available
- Other voltages available upon request.



CS-30 Clutches & CSC-30 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications





CSC Model Shown

Mounting requirements see page 144.

	DIMENSIONS														
Model*	Static Torque in (mm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Tab Height in (mm)	G: Slot Height in (mm)	H: Tab Width in (mm)	J: Slot Width in (mm)	K: Tab Thick. in (mm)	L:Lngth in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x R: Lngth in (mm)	N: (3) Mtg. Holes	P: Mtg. Hole BC Ø in (mm)
CS-30B24-E06-E06	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.81 (71.4)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)
CS-30B24-E08-E08	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.81 (71.4)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)
CS-30B24-E10-E10	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.81 (71.4)	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)
CSC-30B24-E06-E06	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.17 (55.1)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA
CSC-30B24-E08-E08	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.17 (55.1)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA
CSC-30B24-E10-E10	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.17 (55.1)	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	2.05 (52.1)	1.69 (42.9)	0.50 (12.7)	0.19 (4.8)	0.09 (2.3)	0.36 (9.1)	NA	NA	NA

PERFORMANCE													
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts max	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-Ib/min			
CS-30	125 (14.12)	24/90	44/600	15.0	18.0	45.0	180.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	203.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	3.3 (1.5)	2900			
CSC-30	125 (14.12)	24/90	44/600	15.0	18.0	45.0	179.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	203.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	3.3 (1.5)	2900			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

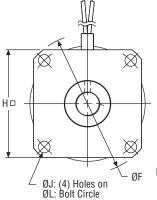
General Notes

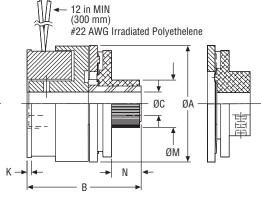
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .008/.018. ٠
 - Static torque values above are burnished.
- ٠ Customer shall maintain a loose pin fit through the antirotation tab to prevent pre-loading of bearings.
- Metric bores available
- Other voltages available upon request.



CF-11 Clutches & CFC-11 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications





CF Model



CF Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	H口: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thickness in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x N: Length in (mm)			
CF-11B24-E04-E04	5.0 (.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.23 (31.2)	.250 (6.4)	1.498 (38.0)	1.17 (29.7)	.125 (3.2)	0.05 (1.3)	1.31 (33.3)	.507 x .33 (12.9 x 8.4)			
CF-11B24-E05-E05	5.0 (.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.23 (31.2)	.312 (7.9)	1.498 (38.0)	1.17 (29.7)	.125 (3.2)	0.05 (1.3)	1.31 (33.3)	.507 x .33 (12.9 x 8.4)			
CFC-11B24-E04-E04	5.0 (.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.14 (29.0)	.250 (6.4)	1.498 (38.0)	1.17 (29.7)	.125 (3.2)	0.05 (1.3)	1.31 (33.3)	NA			
CFC-11B24-E05-E05	5.0 (.56)	1.25 (31.8)	1.14 (29.0)	.312 (7.9)	1.498 (38.0)	1.17 (29.7)	.125 (3.2)	0.05 (1.3)	1.31 (33.3)	NA			

CFC Model

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Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistence Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
CF-11	5.0 (.56)	24/90	128/1800	5.0	5.0	18.0	3.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.2 (0.1)	175
CFC-11	5.0 (.56)	24/90	128/1800	5.0	5.0	18.0	3.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	2.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.2 (0.1)	175

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

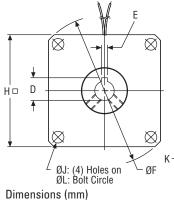
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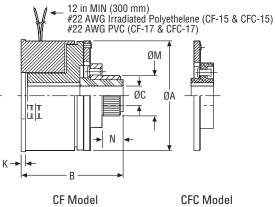
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .004/.009.
 Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the
- Shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
 Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003
- Customer shall maintain concentricity between armature assembly and rotor shaft within .003 T.I.R.
- Customer supplied gear/pulley/sprocket is press-fit on the clutch armature assembly knurl.
- Clutch coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by set screws and key.
- Rotor is secured to shaft by a roll pin.
- · Metric bores available
- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Other voltages available upon request.

START

CF-15, 17 Clutches & CFC-15, 17 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications









CFC Model Shown

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque in (mm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	Hロ: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thickness in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BCØ	M: Mtg Ø x N: Length in (mm)	
CF-15B24-E04-E04	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.54 (39.1)	.250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	0.62 (1.6)	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CF-15B24-E05-E05	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.54 (39.1)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CF-15B24-E06-E06	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.54 (39.1)	.375 (9.5)	NA	NA	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CFC-15B24-E04-E04	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.38 (35.1)	.250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	0.62 (1.6)	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	
CFC-15B24-E05-E05	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.38 (35.1)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	
CFC-15B24-E06-E06	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.38 (35.1)	.375 (9.5)	NA	NA	1.999 (50.8)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	
CF-17B24-E04-E04	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.65 (41.9)	.250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CF-17B24-E05-E05	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.65 (41.9)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CF-17B24-E06-E06	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.65 (41.9)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	.631 x .33 (16.0 x 8.4)	
CFC-17B24-E04-E04	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.35 (34.3)	.250 (6.4)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	NA	
CFC-17B24-E05-E05	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.35 (34.3)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	NA	
CFC-17B24-E06-E06	15 (1.69)	1.78 (45.2)	1.35 (34.3)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.436 (61.9)	1.82 (46.2)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	2.13 (54.1)	NA	
					PERFO	RMANCE							

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min				
CF-15	10 (1.13)	24/90	130/1800	5.0	8.0	22.0	5.9 x 10 ⁻⁵	5.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.4 (0.2)	295				
CFC-15	10 (1.13)	24/90	130/1800	5.0	8.0	22.0	6.6 x 10 ⁻⁵	5.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.4 (0.2)	295				
CF-17	15 (1.69)	24/90	108/1500	6.0	10.0	27.0	7.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	11.7 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.6 (0.3)	420				
CFC-17	15 (1.69)	24/90	108/1500	6.0	10.0	27.0	8.1 x 10 ⁻⁵	11.7 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.6 (0.3)	420				

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assem-• bly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.

Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mount-• ing pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.

Static torque values above are burnished.

Other voltages available upon request. .

. Metric bores available

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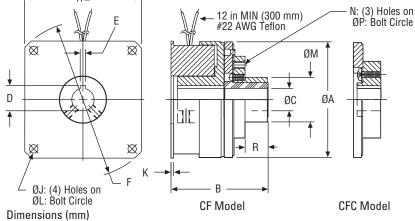
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .006/.013.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity between armature and • rotor shaft within .003 T.I.R.



CF-22, 26 Clutches & CFC-22, 26 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications

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CFC Model Shown

Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS														
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	Hロ: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thick. in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	M: Mtg Ø x R: Lgth in (mm)	N: (3) Mtg Holes	P: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)
CF-22B24-E05-E05	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.93 (49.0)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CF-22B24-E06-E06	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.93 (49.0)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CF-22B24-E08-E08	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.93 (49.0)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	.756 x .37 (19.2 x 9.4)	NA	NA
CFC-22B24-E05-E05	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.78 (45.2)	.312 (7.9)	.364 (9.2)	.094 (2.4)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	NA	NA	NA
CFC-22B24-E06-E06	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.78 (45.2)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	NA	NA	NA
CFC-22B24-E08-E08	40 (4.52)	2.26 (57.4)	1.78 (45.2)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	2.873 (73.0)	2.33 (59.2)	.166 (4.2)	0.06 (1.5)	2.50 (63.5)	NA	NA	NA
CF-26B24-E06-E06	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.20 (55.9)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	3.499 (88.9)	2.63 (66.8)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	3.13 (79.5)	.999 x .47 (25.4 x 11.9)	#8-32	1.375 (34.9)
CF-26B24-E08-E08	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	2.20 (55.9)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	3.499 (88.9)	2.63 (66.8)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	3.13 (79.5)	.999 x .47 (25.4 x 11.9)	#8-32	1.375 (34.9)
CFC-26B24-E06-E06	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	1.84 (46.7)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	3.499 (88.9)	2.63 (66.8)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	3.13 (79.5)	NA	NA	NA
CFC-26B24-E08-E08	80 (9.04)	2.63 (66.8)	1.84 (46.7)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	3.499 (88.9)	2.63 (66.8)	.187 (4.7)	0.06 (1.5)	3.13 (79.5)	NA	NA	NA

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Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min				
CF-22	40 (4.52)	24/90	75/1059	8.5	12.0	32.0	33.4 x 10 ⁻⁵	31.7 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1400				
CFC-22	40 (4.52)	24/90	75/1059	8.5	12.0	32.0	33.1 x 10 ⁻⁵	31.7 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1400				
CF-26	80 (9.04)	24/90	65/893	9.5	15.0	35.0	80.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	64.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.4 (0.6)	2600				
CFC-26	80 (9.04)	24/90	65/893	9.5	15.0	35.0	81.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	64.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.4 (0.6)	2600				

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

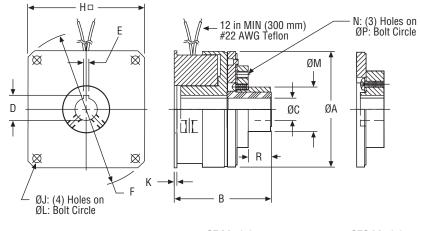
(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.
- Metric bores available
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .006/.013.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity between armature and rotor shaft within .003 T.I.R.



CF-30 Clutches & CFC-30 Clutch Couplings

Dimensions & Specifications





CF Model

CFC Model

CFC Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

	DIMENSIONS														
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	H□: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thick. in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	M: MtgØx R: Lgth in (mm)	N: (3) Mtg Holes	P: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	
CF-30B24-E06-E06	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.53 (64.3)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)	
CF-30B24-E08-E08	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.53 (64.3)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)	
CF-30B24-E10-E10	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	2.53 (64.3)	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	1.374 x .83 (34.9 x 21.1)	#8-32	1.75 (44.5)	
CFC-30B24-E06-E06	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	1.94 (49.3)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	NA	NA	NA	
CFC-30B24-E08-E08	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	1.94 (49.3)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	NA	NA	NA	
CFC-30B24-E10-E10	125 (14.12)	3.27 (83.1)	1.94 (49.3)	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	4.186 (106.3)	3.25 (82.6)	.187 (4.7)	0.09 (2.3)	3.75 (95.3)	NA	NA	NA	

	PERFORMANCE													
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-Ib/min				
CF-30	125 (14.12)	24/90	44/600	15.0	18.0	45.0	180.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	207.2 x 10 ⁻⁵	3.3 (1.5)	2900				
CFC-30	125 (14.12)	24/90	44/600	15.0	18.0	45.0	179.5 x 10 ⁻⁵	207.2 x 10 ⁻⁵	3.3 (1.5)	2900				

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.
- Metric bores available
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .008/.018.
 Customer shall maintain concentricity between arma.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity between armature and rotor shaft within .003 T.I.R.



BF Series Power-on Brakes

Electromagnetic power-on brakes provide an efficient, switchable means of stopping and/or holding the load. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is fixed and prevented from rotating by a flange, the armature assembly is secured to the shaft. When the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the fixed field (electromagnet) assembly, thus stopping and/or holding the load.

- Torque: 5 lb-in to 125 lb-in (0.56 to 14.13 Nm)
- Diameter: 1.25 to 3.27 in. (31.8 to 83.1 mm)
- · Static or dynamic engagement
- · Simple installation
- · Economical cost
- · Energy efficient

Typical Applications

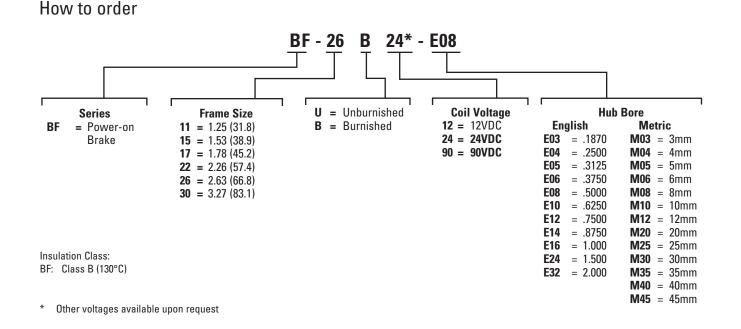
- Robotics
- Medical equipment
- Actuators
- Motor brakes
- · Postal handling equipment
- Packaging



STOP

HOLD

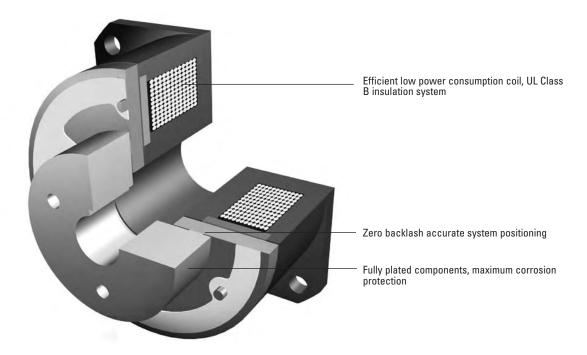




- Actual starting and/or stopping times depend on application variables, manufacturing tolerances and friction material wear. Please consult factory for evaluation of actual use before applying specific values to your application.
- Consult factory for additional options.
- Working air gap should be checked periodically to insure proper operation. If it exceeds maximum recommended dimensions, the clutch or brake may not function properly.
- All friction faces must be kept free of grease and oil for proper operation.
- Flying leads are provided as standard, terminal style connection available upon request.
- Coil of 24 & 90 volts are provided as standard, other coil voltages are available upon request.

BF Series

Power-on Brakes



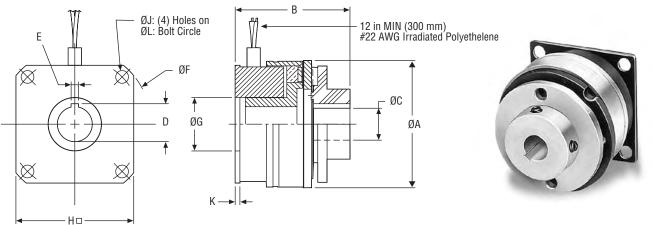
STOP HOLD

BRAKES



BF-11 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications



BF Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	G: Case IDØ in (mm)	H⊡:Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thickness in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	
BF-11B24-E04	5.0	1.25	1.14	.250	.286	.062	1.498	0.53	1.17	.125	0.05	1.31	
	(0.56)	(31.8)	(29.0)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(38.0)	(1.35)	(29.7)	(3.2)	(1.3)	(33.3)	
BF-11B24-E05	5.0	1.25	1.14	.312	.364	.094	1.498	0.53	1.17	.125	0.05	1.31	
	(0.56)	(31.8)	(29.0)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(38.0)	(1.35)	(29.7)	(3.2)	(1.3)	(33.3)	

	PERFORMANCE												
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min			
BF-11	5.0 (0.56)	24/90	128/1800	5.0	5.0	18.0	3.4 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	0.2 (0.1)	175			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 110 for BF power-on brakes.

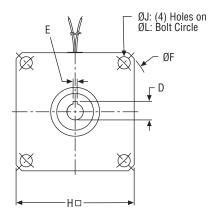
(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

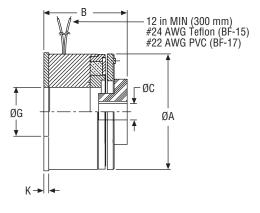
- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Static torque values above are burnished. •
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 ٠ T.Í.R.
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .004/.009. ٠
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft . by (1) set screw and key.
- .

Metric bores available

STOP HOLD

BF-15, 17 Brakes Dimensions & Specifications







BF Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	G: Case ID Ø in (mm)	H□: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thick. in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	
BF-15B24-E04	10	1.53	1.38	.250	.286	.062	1.999	0.68	1.56	.156	0.06	1.75	
	(1.13)	(38.9)	(35.1)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(50.8)	(17.3)	(39.6)	(4.0)	(1.5)	(44.5)	
BF-15B24-E05	10	1.53	1.38	.312	.364	.094	1.999	0.68	1.56	.156	0.06	1.75	
	(1.13)	(38.9)	(35.1)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(50.8)	(17.3)	(39.6)	(4.0)	(1.5)	(44.5)	
BF-15B24-E06	10 (1.13)	1.53 (38.9)	1.38 (35.1)	.375 (9.5)	NA	NA	1.999 (50.8)	0.68 (17.3)	1.56 (39.6)	.156 (4.0)	0.06 (1.5)	1.75 (44.5)	
BF-17B24-E04	15	1.78	1.27	.250	.286	.062	2.436	0.75	1.82	.187	0.06	2.13	
	(1.69)	(45.2)	(32.3)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(61.9)	(19.1)	(46.2)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(54.1)	
BF-17B24-E05	15	1.78	1.27	.312	.364	.094	2.436	0.75	1.82	.187	0.06	2.13	
	(1.69)	(45.2)	(32.3)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(61.9)	(19.1)	(46.2)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(54.1)	
BF-17B24-E06	15	1.78	1.27	.375	.425	.094	2.436	0.75	1.82	.187	0.06	2.13	
	(1.69)	(45.2)	(32.3)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(61.9)	(19.1)	(46.2)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(54.1)	

PERFORMANCE													
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms ^{nom.}	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Weight lb (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min			
BF-15	10.0 (1.13)	24/90	130/1800	5.0	8.0	22.0	6.6 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	0.4 (0.2)	295			
BF-17	15.0 (1.69)	24/90	108/1518	6.0	10.0	27.0	8.1 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	0.5 (0.3)	420			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

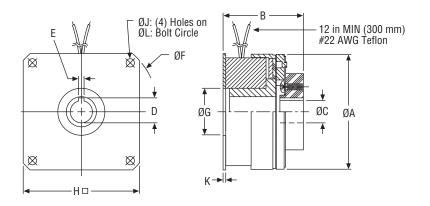
(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .006/.013.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available



BF-22, 26 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications





BF Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	G: Case ID Ø in (mm)	H□: Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thick. in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	
BF-22B24-E05	40	2.26	1.74	.312	.364	.094	2.873	0.88	2.33	.166	0.06	2.50	
	(4.52)	(57.4)	(44.2)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(73.0)	(22.4)	(52.9)	(4.2)	(1.5)	(63.5)	
BF-22B24-E06	40	2.26	1.74	.375	.425	.094	2.873	0.88	2.33	.166	0.06	2.50	
	(4.52)	(57.4)	(44.2)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(73.0)	(22.4)	(52.9)	(4.2)	(1.5)	(63.5)	
BF-22B24-E08	40	2.26	1.74	.500	.564	.125	2.873	0.88	2.33	.166	0.06	2.50	
	(4.52)	(57.4)	(44.2)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(73.0)	(22.4)	(52.9)	(4.2)	(1.5)	(63.5)	
BF-26B24-E06	80	2.63	1.84	.375	.425	.094	3.499	1.06	2.63	.187	0.06	3.13	
	(9.04)	(66.8)	(46.7)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(88.9)	(27.0)	(66.8)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(79.5)	
BF-26B24-E08	80	2.63	1.84	.500	.564	.125	3.499	1.06	2.63	.187	0.06	3.13	
	(9.04)	(66.8)	(46.7)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(88.9)	(27.0)	(66.8)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(79.5)	
BF-26B24-E10	80	2.63	1.84	.625	.709	.188	3.499	1.06	2.63	.187	0.06	3.13	
	(9.04)	(66.8)	(46.7)	(15.9)	(18.0)	(4.8)	(88.9)	(27.0)	(66.8)	(4.7)	(1.5)	(79.5)	

					PERFORMANC	E				
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
BF-22	40.0 (4.52)	24/90	75/1048	8.5	12.0	32.0	33.1 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	0.9 (0.4)	1400
BF-26	80.0 (9.04)	24/90	66/937	9.5	15.0	35.0	81.0 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	1.2 (0.5)	2600

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

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(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- · Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.Í.R. Initial working air gap at installation shall be .008/.018.

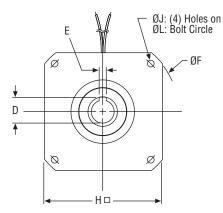
Other voltages available upon request.

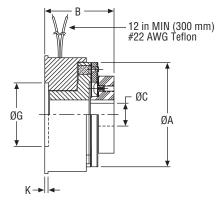
- . Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available

STOP HOLD

BF-30 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







BF Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

					DIMEN	ISIONS						
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B:OAL in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	G: Case ID Ø in (mm)	H⊡:Mtg Width in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	K: Mtg Plt Thick. in (mm)	L: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)
BF-30B24-E06	125	3.27	1.93	.375	.425	.094	4.186	1.75	3.25	.187	0.09	3.75
	(14.12)	(83.1)	(49.0)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(106.3)	(44.5)	(82.6)	(4.7)	(2.3)	(95.3)
BF-30B24-E08	125	3.27	1.93	.500	.564	.125	4.186	1.75	3.25	.187	0.09	3.75
	(14.12)	(83.1)	(49.0)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(106.3)	(44.5)	(82.6)	(4.7)	(2.3)	(95.3)
BF-30B24-E10	125	3.27	1.93	.625	.709	.188	4.186	1.75	3.25	.187	0.09	3.75
	(14.12)	(83.1)	(49.0)	(15.9)	(18.0)	(4.8)	(106.3)	(44.5)	(82.6)	(4.7)	(2.3)	(95.3)

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-Ib/min
BF-30	125.0 (14.13)	24/90	43/594	15.0	18.0	45.0	179 x 10 ⁻⁵	NA	3.0 (1.3)	2900

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 100 for clutches & clutch couplings.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Static torque values above are burnished.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.
- Initial working air gap at installation shall be .008/.018.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available

BRP / SB / FSB / AKB Series

Power-off Brakes

Spring-set electromagnetic power-off brakes provide a safe, efficient means of stopping and/or holding a load in the absence of power. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is fixed and prevented from rotating, the rotor assembly is secured to the shaft. In the absence of power, the fixed and rotating components are engaged, thus stopping and/or holding the load. When the coil is energized, rotating components are disengaged thus allowing the shaft to freely rotate.

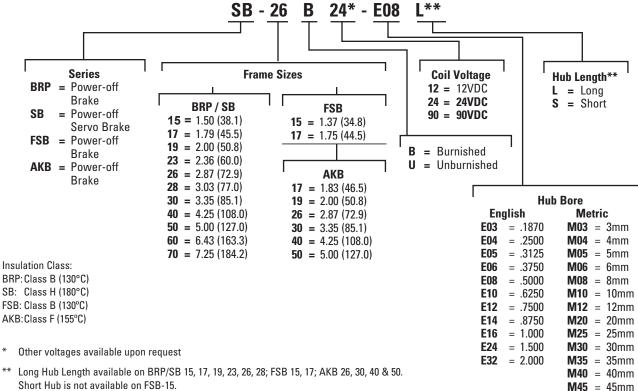
The AKB series is UL Recognized, and RoHS compliant.

- Torque: 1 lb-in to 1200 lb-in (0.12 to 135 Nm)
- Diameter: 1.50 to 7.25 in. (38.1 to 184.2 mm)
- · Static or dynamic engagement
- Simple installation
- Economical cost
- · Energy efficient

Typical Applications

- Robotics
- Medical equipment
- Actuators
- Motor brakes
- · Postal handling equipment
- Packaging





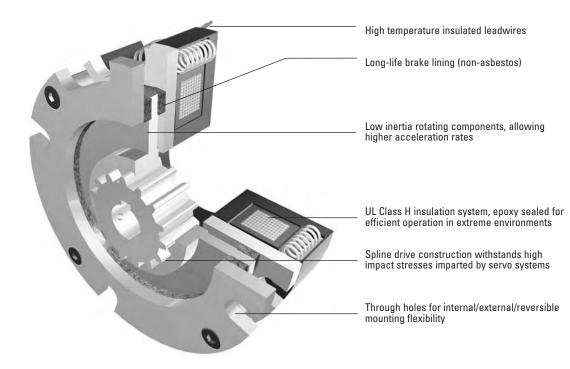
General Notes

- Actual starting and/or stopping times depend on application variables, manufacturing tolerances and friction material wear. Please consult factory for evaluation of actual use before applying specific values to your application.
- Consult factory for additional options.
- Working air gap should be checked periodically to insure proper operation. If it exceeds maximum recommended dimensions, the clutch or brake may not function properly.
- All friction faces must be kept free of grease and oil for proper operation.
- Flying leads are provided as standard, terminal style connection available upon request.
- Coil of 24 & 90 volts are provided as standard, other coil voltages are available upon request.

How to order

SB Series

Power-off Brakes



General Notes

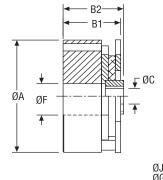
- Actual stopping times depend on application variables, manufacturing tolerances and friction material wear. Please consult factory for evaluation of actual use before applying specific values to your application.
- Consult factory for additional options.
- Working air gap should be checked periodically to insure proper operation. If it exceeds maximum recommended dimensions, the clutch or brake may not function properly.
- All friction faces must be kept free of grease and oil for proper operation.
- Flying leads are provided as standard, terminal style connection available upon request.
- Coil of 24 & 90 volts are provided as standard, other coil voltages are available upon request.

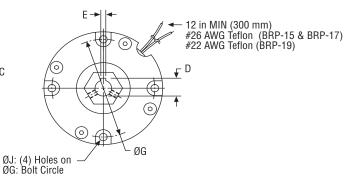
BRAKES



BRP-15, 17, 19 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

BRP Model Shown

				D	IMENSIONS					
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BCØ in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)
BRP-15U24-E04X	3	1.50	1.06	1.19	.250	.286	.062	0.53	1.31	.125
	(0.34)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30.2)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)
BRP-15U24-E05X	3	1.50	1.06	1.19	.312	.364	.094	0.53	1.31	.125
	(0.34)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30.2)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)
BRP-15U24-E06X	3	1.50	1.06	1.19	.375	.425	.094	0.53	1.31	.125
	(0.34)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30.2)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)
BRP-17U24-E04X	8	1.79	1.18	1.32	.250	.286	.062	0.58	1.64	.093
	(0.90)	(45.5)	(30.0)	(33.5)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(14.7)	(41.7)	(2.4)
BRP-17U24-E06X	8	1.79	1.18	1.32	.375	.425	.094	0.58	1.64	.093
	(0.90)	(45.5)	(30.0)	(33.5)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(14.7)	(41.7)	(2.4)
BRP-19U24-E04X	13	2.00	1.19	1.37	.250	.286	.062	0.43	1.77	.146
	(1.47)	(50.8)	(30.2)	(34.8)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(10.9)	(45.0)	(3.7)
BRP-19U24-E06X	13	2.00	1.19	1.37	.375	.425	.094	0.43	1.77	.146
	(1.47)	(50.8)	(30.2)	(34.8)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(10.9)	(45.0)	(3.7)

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms ^{nom.}	Power Watts _{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
BRP-15	3.0 (0.34)	24/90	96/1350	7.0	30.0	10.0	NA	2.88 x 10 ⁻⁶	0.3 (0.1)	500
BRP-17	8.0 (0.90)	24/90	64/908	10.0	30.0	10.0	NA	1.87 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.7 (0.3)	700
BRP-19	13 (1.47)	24/90	54/765	12.0	35.0	10.0	NA	2.36 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.7 (0.3)	900

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- · Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.

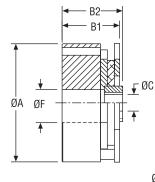
• All BRP series brakes are shipped unburnished.

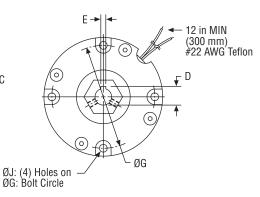
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available



BRP-23, 26, 28 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







BRP Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

				DI	MENSIONS					
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)
BRP-23U24-E05X	30	2.36	1.40	1.65	.312	.364	.094	.79	2.05	.177
	(3.4)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)
BRP-23U24-E06X	30	2.36	1.40	1.65	.375	.425	.094	.79	2.05	.177
	(3.4)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)
BRP-23U24-E08X	30	2.36	1.40	1.65	.500	.564	.125	.79	2.05	.177
	(3.4)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)
BRP-23U24-E10X	30	2.36	1.40	1.65	.625	.709	.188	.79	2.05	.177
	(3.4)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(15.9)	(18.0)	(4.8)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)
BRP-26U24-E06X	35	2.87	1.22	1.45	.375	.425	.094	0.63	2.50	.177
	(4.0)	(72.9)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(16.0)	(63.5)	(4.5)
BRP-26U24-E08X	35	2.87	1.22	1.45	.500	.564	.125	0.63	2.50	.177
	(4.0)	(72.9)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(16.0)	(63.5)	(4.5)
BRP-28U24-E06X	60	3.03	1.22	1.45	.375	.425	.094	1.18	2.76	.177
	(6.8)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)
BRP-28U24-E08X	60	3.03	1.22	1.45	.500	.564	.125	1.18	2.76	.177
	(6.8)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)
BRP-28U24-E10X	60	3.03	1.22	1.45	.625	.709	.188	1.18	2.76	.177
	(6.8)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(15.9)	(18.0)	(4.8)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)



						II O E				
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
BRP-23	30 (3.4)	24/90	46.5/700	13.0	70.0	20.0	NA	1.77 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1200
BRP-26	35 (4.0)	24/90	33/506	19.0	80.0	20.0	NA	1.14 x 10 ⁻⁴	1.2 (0.5)	1400
BRP-28	60 (6.8)	24/90	36/440	20.0	50.0	40.0	NA	1.06 x 10 ⁻⁴	1.8 (0.8)	1800

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

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X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

 Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.

• Other voltages available upon request.

Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.

• All BRP series brakes are shipped unburnished.

• Metric bores available

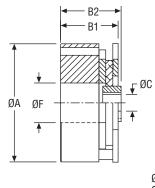
FRICTION

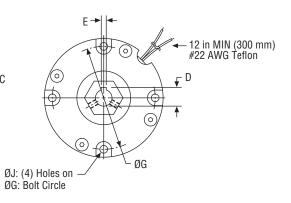
[•] Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.



BRP-30, 40 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







BRP Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

				DI	MENSIONS					
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)
BRP-30U24-E08X	80 (9.04)	3.35 (85.1)	1.63 (41.4)	NA	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.13 (28.7)	2.91 (73.9)	.218 (5.5)
BRP-30U24-E10X	80 (9.04)	3.35 (85.1)	1.63 (41.4)	NA	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.13 (28.7)	2.91 (73.9)	.218 (5.5)
BRP-40U24-E06X	200 (22.6)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-40U24-E08X	200 (22.6)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-40U24-E10X	200 (22.6)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-40U24-E12X	200 (22.6)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA	.750 (19.1)	.837 (21.3)	.188 (4.8)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)

P	ER	R F	0	RI	M	AI	M	C	E.

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
BRP-30	80 (9.04)	24/90	29/374	23.0	70.0	45.0	NA	1.72 x 10 ⁻⁴	2.8 (1.3)	2200
BRP-40	200 (22.6)	24/90	20/290	31.0	85.0	45.0	NA	8.34 x 10 ⁻³	4.9 (2.2)	2500

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

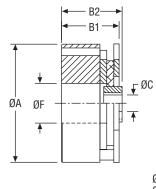
X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.
 (-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

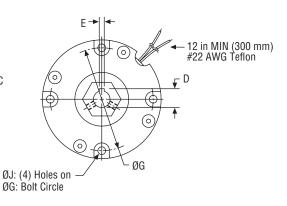
- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the ٠ case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.Í.R.
- All BRP series brakes are shipped unburnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available •



BRP-50, 60, 70 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







BRP Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

				D	IMENSIONS					
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)
BRP-50U24-E10X	300 (33.9)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-50U24-E12X	300 (33.9)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	.750 (19.1)	.837 (21.3)	.188 (4.8)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-50U24-E16X	300 (33.9)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	.250 (6.4)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)
BRP-60B24-E10X	510 (57.6)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	0.625 (15.9)	0.709 (18.0)	0.188 (4.8)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	0.226 (5.7)
BRP-60B24-E12X	510 (57.6)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	0.750 (19.1)	0.837 (21.3)	0.188 (4.8)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	0.226 (5.7)
BRP-60B24-E16X	510 (57.6)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	0.250 (6.4)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	0.226 (5.7)
BRP-70U24-E16X	1000 (113.0)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	.250 (6.4)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)
BRP-70U24-E24X	1000 (113.0)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	1.500 (38.1)	1.669 (42.4)	.375 (9.5)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)
BRP-70U24-E32X	1000 (113.0)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	2.000 (50.8)	2.223 (56.5)	.500 (12.7)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
BRP-50	300 (33.9)	24/90	19/291	32.0	160.0	110.0	NA	2.07 x 10 ⁻³	6.5 (3.0)	2650
BRP-60	510 (57.6)	24/90	15/255	51.0/43.0	150.0	200.0	NA	3.08 x 10 ⁻³	14.5 (6.6)	
BRP-70	1000 (113.0)	24/90	12/180	52.0	140.0	250.0	NA	16.34 x 10 ⁻³	20.2 (9.2)	3900

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

 Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle. • Other voltages available upon request.

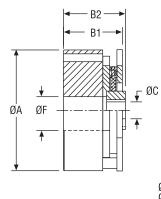
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- All BRP series brakes are shipped unburnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available

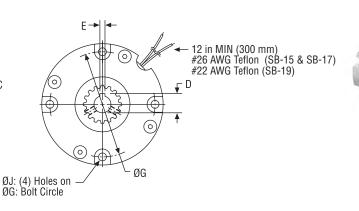
FRICTION



SB-15, 17, 19 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

SB Model Shown

Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)		
SB-15B24-E04X	5	1.50	1.06	1.18	.250	.286	.062	0.53	1.31	.125		
	(0.56)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)		
SB-15B24-E05X	5	1.50	1.06	1.18	.312	.364	.094	0.53	1.31	.125		
	(0.56)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)		
SB-15B24-E06X	5	1.50	1.06	1.18	.375	.425	.094	0.53	1.31	.125		
	(0.56)	(38.1)	(26.9)	(30)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(13.5)	(33.3)	(3.2)		
SB-17B24-E04X	10	1.79	1.19	1.32	.250	.286	.062	0.58	1.64	.093		
	(1.13)	(45.5)	(30.2)	(33.5)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(14.7)	(41.7)	(2.4)		
SB-17B24-E06X	10	1.79	1.19	1.32	.375	.425	.094	0.58	1.64	.093		
	(1.13)	(45.5)	(30.2)	(33.5)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(14.7)	(41.7)	(2.4)		
SB-17B24-E08X	10	1.79	1.19	1.32	.500	.564	.125	0.58	1.64	.093		
	(1.13)	(45.5)	(30.2)	(33.5)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(14.7)	(41.7)	(2.4)		
SB-19B24-E04X	18	2.00	1.19	1.38	.250	.286	.062	0.43	1.77	.146		
	(2.03)	(50.8)	(30.2)	(35)	(6.4)	(7.3)	(1.6)	(10.9)	(45.0)	(3.7)		
SB-19B24-E06X	18	2.00	1.19	1.38	.375	.425	.094	0.43	1.77	.146		
	(2.03)	(50.8)	(30.2)	(35)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(10.9)	(45.0)	(3.7)		

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min		
SB-15	5.0 (0.56)	24/90	96/1350	7.0	20.0	10.0	NA	4.38 x 10 ⁻⁶	0.3 (0.1)	500		
SB-17	10 (1.13)	24/90	64/908	10.0	20.0	10.0	NA	1.87 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.7 (0.3)	700		
SB-19	18 (2.03)	24/90	54/765	12.0	35.0	10.0	NA	2.36 x 10 ⁻⁵	0.7 (0.3)	900		

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

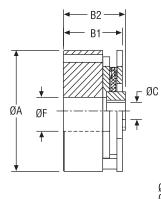
(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

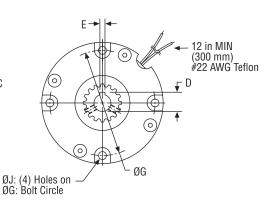
- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- · All SB series brakes are shipped burnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available



SB-23, 26, 28 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







SB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

	DIMENSIONS												
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)			
SB-23B24-E05X	35	2.36	1.40	1.65	.312	.364	.094	.79	2.05	.177			
	(4.0)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(7.9)	(9.2)	(2.4)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)			
SB-23B24-E06X	35	2.36	1.40	1.65	.375	.425	.094	.79	2.05	.177			
	(4.0)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)			
SB-23B24-E08X	35	2.36	1.40	1.65	.500	.564	.125	.79	2.05	.177			
	(4.0)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)			
SB-23B24-E10X	35	2.36	1.40	1.65	.625	.709	.188	.79	2.05	.177			
	(4.0)	(60)	(35.6)	(41.9)	(15.9)	(14.3)	(4.8)	(20.0)	(52.1)	(4.5)			
SB-26B24-E06X	40	2.87	1.22	1.45	.375	.425	.094	0.63	2.50	.177			
	(4.5)	(72.9)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(16.0)	(63.5)	(4.5)			
SB-26B24-E08X	40	2.87	1.22	1.45	.500	.564	.125	0.63	2.50	.177			
	(4.5)	(72.9)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(16.0)	(63.5)	(4.5)			
SB-28B24-E06X	80	3.03	1.22	1.45	.375	.425	.094	1.18	2.76	.177			
	(9.0)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(9.5)	(10.8)	(2.4)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)			
SB-28B24-E08X	80	3.03	1.22	1.45	.500	.564	.125	1.18	2.76	.177			
	(9.0)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(12.7)	(14.3)	(3.2)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)			
SB-28B24-E10X	80	3.03	1.22	1.45	.625	.709	.188	1.18	2.76	.177			
	(9.0)	(77)	(31.0)	(36.8)	(15.9)	(18.0)	(4.8)	(30.0)	(70.0)	(4.5)			

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min			
SB-23	35 (4.0)	24/90	46.5/700	13.0	70.0	20.0	NA	1.77 x 10 ⁻⁵	1.1 (0.5)	1200			
SB-26	40 (4.5)	24/90	33/506	19.0	80.0	20.0	NA	1.14 x 10 ⁻⁴	1.2 (0.5)	1400			
SB-28	80 (9.0)	24/90	36/440	20.0	50.0	40.0	NA	1.06 x 10 ⁻⁴	1.8 (0.8)	1800			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

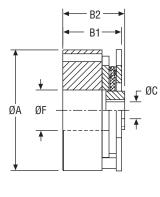
X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length. (-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

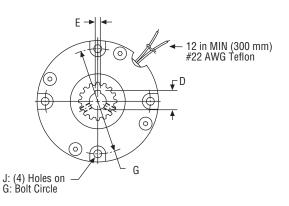
- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- All SB series brakes are shipped burnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available



SB-30, 40 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







SB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

DIMENSIONS Static B1: OAL B2: OAL C: Hub D: Keyway F: Case G: Mtg Hole J: (4) Mtg													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)		B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)			D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)	
SB-30B24-E06X	140 (15.8)	3.35 (85.1)	1.63 (41.4)	NA	NA			.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.13 (28.7)	2.91 (73.9)	.218 (5.5)	
SB-30B24-E08X	140 (15.8)	3.35 (85.1)	1.63 (41.4)	NA	NA			.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.13 (28.7)	2.91 (73.9)	.218 (5.5)	
SB-30B24-E10X	140 (15.8)	3.35 (85.1)	1.63 (41.4)			.625 (15.9)		.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.13 (28.7)	2.91 (73.9)	.218 (5.5)	
SB-40B24-E06X	265 (29.9)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA		.375 (9.5)		.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)	
SB-40B24-E08X	265 (29.9)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA		.500 (12.7)		.564 (14.3)	.125 (3.2)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)	
SB-40B24-E10X	265 (29.9)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA		.625 (15.9)		.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)	
SB-40B24-E12X	265 (29.9)	4.25 (108.0)	1.75 (44.5)	NA		.750 (19.1)		.837 (21.3)	.188 (4.8)	1.50 (38.1)	3.75 (95.3)	.226 (5.7)	
					PER	FORMAN	CE						
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts max	Watts Engag			mature sengagement ec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min	
SB-30	140 (15.8)	24/90	29/374	24.0			45.	.0	NA	1.72 x 10 ⁻⁴	2.8 (1.3)	2200	
SB-40	265 (29.9)	24/90	20/290	31.0	31.0 85.0		.0 45.0		NA	0.834 x 10 ⁻³	4.9 (2.2)	2500	
*See "How to orde	r" model number	ing system on	nago 116 for no	wor off brok	00								

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

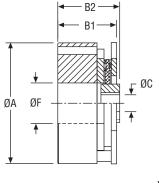
(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

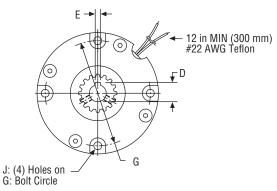
- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- All SB series brakes are shipped burnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available



SB-50, 60, 70 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







SB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

	DIMENSIONS Static B1: 0.01 B2: 0.01 C: Hub D: Keynway F. Keynway F: Case G: Mtr. Hole I: (4) Mtr.												
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)			
SB-50B24-E10X	350 (39.5)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.8)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-50B24-E12X	350 (39.5)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	.750 (19.1)	.837 (21.3)	.188 (4.8)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-50B24-E16X	350 (39.5)	5.00 (127.0)	1.90 (48.3)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	.250 (6.4)	1.75 (44.5)	4.50 (114.3)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-60B24-E10X	600 (67.8)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	0.625 (15.9)	0.709 (18.0)	0.188 (4.8)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-60B24-E12X	600 (67.8)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	0.750 (19.1)	0.837 (21.3)	0.188 (4.8)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-60B24-E16X	600 (67.8)	6.431 (163.3)	2.364 (60.0)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	0.188 (4.8)	1.655 (42.0)	6.00 (152.4)	.226 (5.7)			
SB-70B24-E16X	1200 (135.6)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	.250 (6.4)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)			
SB-70B24-E24X	1200 (135.6)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	1.500 (38.1)	1.669 (42.4)	.375 (9.5)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)			
SB-70B24-E32X	1200 (135.6)	7.25 (184.2)	2.77 (70.4)	NA	2.000 (50.8)	2.223 (56.5)	.500 (12.7)	3.35 (85.1)	6.81 (173.0)	.281 (7.1)			

PERFORMANCE

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
SB-50	350 (39.5)	24/90	19/291	32.0	160.0	110.0	NA	2.07 x 10 ⁻³	6.5 (3.0)	2650
SB-60	600 (67.8)	24/90	15/255	51.0/43.0	150.0	200.0	NA	3.08 x 10 ⁻³	14.5 (6.6)	
SB-70	1200 (135.6)	24/90	12/180	53.0	140.0	250.0	NA	16.34 x 10 ⁻³	20.2 (9.2)	3900

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

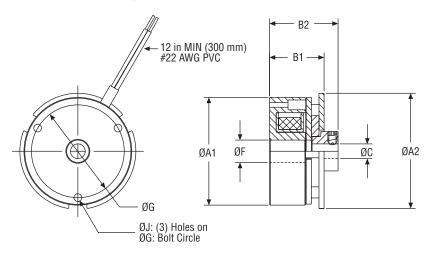
X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- All SB series brakes are shipped burnished.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- Metric bores available

FSB-15, 17 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications





HOLD

FSB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A1: OD Body in (mm)	A2: 0 Flang in (mn	je 🛛	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (3) Mtg Holes in (mm)			
FSB-15U24-E03L	1 (.12)				0.69** (17.5)	0.9 (22.9)	.187 (4.8)	0.285 (7.2)	1.18 (30.0)	3 x .125 (3.2)			
FSB-15U24-E04L			1.475 (17.5)		0.69** (17.5)	0.9 (22.9)	.250 (6.4)	0.285 (7.2)	1.18 (30.0)	3 x .125 (3.2)			
FSB-17U24-E04X	3 (.34)	1.75 (44.5)	1.90 (48.3)		0.87 (22.0)	1.06 (26.9)	.250 (6.4)	0.415 (10.5)	1.545 (39.2)	3 x .125 (3.2)			
FSB-17U24-E05X	3 (.34)	1.75 (44.5)	1.90 (48.3)		0.87 (22.0)	1.06 (26.9)	.312 (7.9)	0.415 (10.5)	1.545 (39.2)	3 x .125 (3.2)			
FSB-17U24-E06X	3 (.34)	1.75 (44.5)	1.90 (48.3)		0.87 (22.0)	1.06 (26.9)	.375 (9.5)	0.415 (10.5)	1.545 (39.2)	3 x .125 (3.2)			
	PERFORMANCE												
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Voltage O	esistance Ihma om.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagemer msec	nt Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min			

15.0

NA

NA

FSB-17 3 (.34) 24/90 92/1300 7.0 35.0 30.0

118/1750

6.0

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

24/90

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

**Short Hub not available for size 15.

1 (.12)

General Notes

FSB-15

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.

25.0

- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .005 T.I.R.
- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws.

0.2 (.09)

0.6 (.27)

250

350

Metric bores available

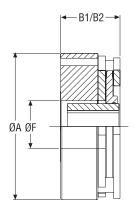
1.05 x 10⁻⁵

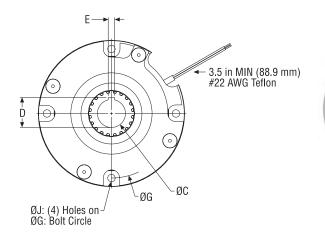
1.45 x 10⁻⁵



AKB-17, 19, 26, 30 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







AKB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

UL Recognized Component RoHS Compliant

	DIMENSIONS													
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	B2: OAL Long Hub in (mm)	C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)	D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E. Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)				
AKB-17B24-E04X	12.5 (1.4)	1.83 (46.5)	1.32 (33.5)	NA	.250 (6.35)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	0.512 (13)	1.640 (42)	.094 (2.4)				
AKB-19B24-E04X	22 (2.5)	2.00 (51)	1.33 (33.8)	NA	.250 (6.35)	.286 (7.3)	.062 (1.6)	0.472 (12)	1.770 (45)	.134 (3.4)				
AKB-26B24-E05X	47 (5.3)	2.87 (73)	1.26 (32)	1.26 (32)	.312 (7.92)	.364 (9.25)	.094 (2.4)	0.75 (19)	2.500 (64)	.177 (4.5)				
AKB-26B24-E06X	47 (5.3)	2.87 (73)	1.26 (32)	1.26 (32)	.375 (9.52)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	0.75 (19)	2.500 (64)	.177 (4.5)				
AKB-30B24-E06X	128 (14.5)	3.35 (85)	1.62 (41.1)	1.62 (41.1)	.375 (9.52)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.125 (29)	2.913 (74)	.177 (4.5)				
AKB-30B24-E08X	128 (14.5)	3.35 (85)	1.62 (41.1)	1.62 (41.1)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.33)	.125 (3.18)	1.125 (29)	2.913 (74)	.177 (4.5)				
				PE	RFORMANCE									

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min			
AKB-17	12.5 (1.4)	24	68.5	10.94	(20.0)	(20.0)	NA	3.9 x 10 ⁻³	0.57 (0.26)	700			
AKB-19	22 (2.5)	24	56.6	13.24	(35.0)	(15.0)	NA	4.9 x 10 ⁻³	0.76 (0.35)	900			
AKB-26	47 (5.3)	24	45.2	16.58	(80.0)	(20.0)	NA	2.27 x 10 ⁻²	1.43 (0.64)	1400			
AKB-30	128 (14.5)	24	29.6	25.3	(80.0)	(45.0)	NA	5.6 x 10 ⁻²	2.49 (1.12)	2200			

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

X = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

• Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.

• Other voltages available upon request.

 Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.

• All AKB series brakes are shipped burnished.

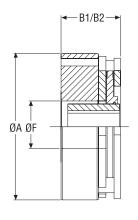
• Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.

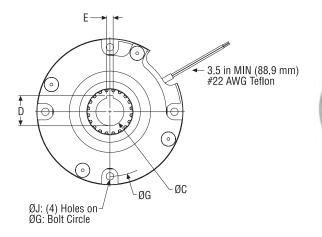
• Metric bores available



AKB-40, 50 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications







AKB Model Shown

Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

UL Recognized Component RoHS Compliant

					DII	MENSIO	NS					
Model*	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B1: OAL Short Hub in (mm)	Short Hub Long Hub		C: Hub ID Ø in (mm)		D: Keyway Height in (mm)	E: Keyway Width in (mm)	F: Case ID Ø in (mm)	G: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)	J: (4) Mtg Holes in (mm)
AKB-40B24-E06X	220 (25)	4.25 (108)	1.81 (46.0)	1.81 (46.0)				.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.50 (38)	3.750 (95)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-40B24-E08X	220 (25)	4.25 (108)	1.81 (46.0)			.500 (12.7)			.125 (3.18)	1.50 (38)	3.750 (95)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-40B24-E10X	220 (25)	4.25 (108)	1.81 (46.0)			.625 (15.9)	.709 (18.0)		.188 (4.78)	1.50 (38)	3.750 (95)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-40B24-E12X	220 (25)	4.25 (108)	1.81 (46.0)			.750 (19.05)		.837 (21.26)	.188 (4.78)	1.50 (38)	3.750 (95)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-50B24-E10X	470 (53)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.85 (47)	.625 (15.9			.709 (18.0)	.188 (4.78)	1.75 (44)	4.500 (114)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-50B24-E12X	470 (53)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.85 (47)		.750 (19.05)		.837 (21.26)	.188 (4.78)	1.75 (44)	4.500 (114)	.217 (5.5)
AKB-50B24-E16X	470 (53)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.85 (47)		1.000 (25.4)		1.114 (28.30)	.250 (6.35)	1.75 (44)	4.500 (114)	.217 (5.5)
					PER	FORMA	NCE					
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Voltage	Resistance Ohms ^{nom.}	Power Watts ^{max}	Armat Engag msec	ure ement		nature engagement c	Armature Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min
AKB-40	220 (25)	24	22.4	33.5	(105.0))	(45.	0)	NA	2.24 x 10 ⁻¹	4.47 (2.02)	2200
AKB-50	470 (53)	24	16.0	46.8	(160.0))	(110	0.0)	NA	5.53 x 10 ⁻¹	6.4 (2.89)	2650

*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 116 for power-off brakes.

 \times = Upon ordering, choose L or S for long or short hub length.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

- Customer shall maintain the perpendicularity of the case assembly mounting surface with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R. at the diameter of the bolt circle.
- Other voltages available upon request.
- Customer shall maintain concentricity of case assembly mounting pilot with respect to the shaft within .003 T.I.R.

• All AKB series brakes are shipped burnished.

- Brake coupling armature assembly is secured to shaft by (2) set screws and key.
- · Metric bores available



PMB Series Power-off Brakes

The PMB Series are a power-off, DC, spring set brake that provides a low-cost, multi-functional brake alternative for many application. The series offers nine frame sizes: 30, 40, 50, 60, 65, 75, 85, 100, 120 and a superior torgue to size ratio.

Many extra features are offered with this versatile product series.

- Torque adjustment collar allows the torque to be varied depending on application.
- Engineered friction material on rotor assembly boosts maximum brake performance and extends life.
- Brake easily mounts to motor or frame. Mounting hardware included with brake. Simple splined hub attaches to shaft with set screw and keyway provided.
- Brake case design offers excellent heat dissipation.
- Fully potted coils meet minimum requirements for class "F" insulation.
- UL Recognized Component
- Splined hub with anti-rattle feature promotes quiet operation

- Brake leads can be customized (connectors, sleeving) to meet special requirements.
- Dust cover (option) keeps foreign materials from interfering with brake actuation.
- Manual release lever (option) provides override to release brakes in the absence of power.

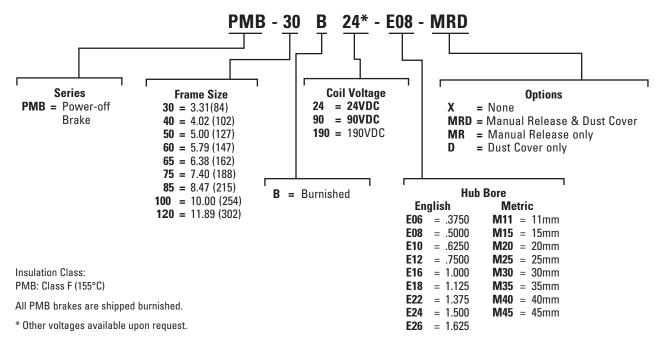
Typical Applications

- Factory automation
- Semiconductor
- Military/aerospace
- Medical equipment
- Elevators
- Lift trucks
- Pallet trucks
- Electric vehicles
- Electric hoists
- Construction equipment
- Winches & Cranes
- Electric motor brakes
- Conveyors



- Robotics
- Floor sweepers
- Scissor lifts
- Automated material handling equipment

How to order

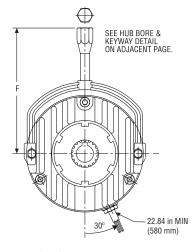


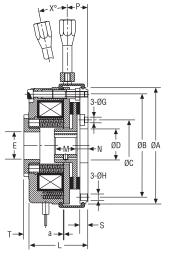
FRICTION



PMB-30, 40, 50, 60, 65, 75, 85, 100, 120 Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications





Dimensions (mm) Mounting requirements see page 144.

UL Recognized Component



PMB model shown with optional manual release & dust cover.

	DIMENSIONS																				
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: Mtg Hole in (mm)	C in (mm)	D in (mm)	E in (mm)	F in (mm)	G, H in (mm)	L in (mm)	M in (mm)	N in (mm)	P in (mm)	S in (mm)	T in (mm)	X deg.	a: Air Gap in (mm)					
PMB-30	45 (5)	3.307 (84)	2.835 (72)	NA	1.220 (31)	0.748 (19)	3.86 (98)	0.197 (5)	1.614 (41)	0.701 (17.8)	0.157 (4)	0.697 (17.7)	0.236 (6)	0.118 (3)	10	0.006 (0.15)					
PMB-40	70 (8)	4.016 (102)	3.543 (90)	1.772 (45)	1.181 (30)	0.945 (24)	4.29 (109)	0.217 (5.5)	2.048 (52)	0.787 (20)	0.374 (9.5)	1.004 (25.5)	0.276 (7)	0.394 (10)	8	0.008 (0.2)					
PMB-50	142 (16)	5.000 (127)	4.409 (112)	2.205 (56)	1.575 (40.5)	1.378 (35)	5.47 (139)	0.256 (6.5)	2.244 (57)	0.787 (20)	0.492 (11.5)	1.280 (32.5)	0.346 (8.8)	0.157 (4)	7	0.008 (0.25)					
PMB-60	283 (32)	5.787 (147)	5.197 (132)	2.441 (62)	1.772 (45)	1.575 (40)	6.02 (153)	0.256 (6.5)	2.598 (66)	0.984 (25)	0.472 (12)	1.280 (32.5)	0.354 (9)	0.197 (5)	8	0.012 (0.3)					
PMB-65	530 (60)	6.378 (162)	5.709 (145)	2.913 (74)	2.165 (55)	1.890 (48)	7.28 (185)	0.354 (9)	2.992 (76)	1.181 (30)	0.551 (14)	1.417 (36)	0.433 (11)	0.197 (5)	8	0.012 (0.3)					
PMB-75	708 (80)	7.402 (188)	6.693 (170)	3.307 (84)	2.559 (65)	2.047 (52)	7.88 (200)	0.354 (9)	3.367 (85.5)	1.181 (30)	0.551 (14)	1.634 (41.5)	0.433 (11)	0.236 (6)	8	0.012 (0.3)					
PMB-85	1505 (170)	8.465 (215)	7.717 (196)	3.937 (100)	2.953 (75)	2.441 (62)	10.24 (260)	0.354 (9)	3.780 (96)	1.378 (35)	0.591 (15)	1.772 (45)	0.433 (11)	0.374 (9.5)	12	0.016 (0.4)					
PMB-100	2655 (300)	10.000 (254)	9.055 (230)	4.331 (110)	3.543 (90)	3.346 (85)	16.46 (418)	0.433 (11)	4.252 (108)	1.575 (40)	0.689 (17.5)	1.850 (47)	0.433 (11)	N/A	12	0.016 (0.4)					
PMB-120	4250 (480)	11.890 (302)	10.945 (278)	5.512 (140)	4.724 (120)	4.528 (115)	19.84 (504)	0.433 (11)	4.685 (119)	1.969 (50)	0.689 (17.5)	2.756 (70)	0.492 (12.5)	N/A	12	0.020 (0.5)					
							PERF	ORMANC	PERFORMANCE												

Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms@ 20°C nom.	Power Watts ^{max}	Speed RPM	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengagement msec	Rotor Inertia Ib-in-sec ²	Weight Ib (kg)	Energy Dissipation ft-lb/min	
PMB-30	45 (5)	24/90/190	30.4/405/1805	20	3000	15	55	1.15 X 10 ⁻⁴	3 (1.36)	1840	
PMB-40	70 (8)	24/90/190	24.5/324/1444	25	3000	20	60	3.98 X 10 ⁻⁴	4 (1.8)	2240	
PMB-50	142 (16)	24/90/190	19.8/270/1203	30	3000	20	90	2.30 X 10 ⁻³	7.5 (3.4)	2790	
PMB-60	283 (32)	24/90/190	15.2/202.3/903	40	3000	20	120	4.96 X 10 ⁻³	11 (4.8)	3225	
PMB-65	530 (60)	24/90/190	14.7/162/722	50	3000	20	210	6.75 X 10 ⁻³	16 (7.3)	3550	
PMB-75	708 (80)	24/90/190	10.6/124.6/555	65	3000	190	230	1.68 X 10 ⁻²	27 (12)	4120	
PMB-85	1505 (170)	24/90/190	7.84/95.3/425	85	1500	300	260	3.28 X 10 ⁻²	40 (18)	4720	
PMB-100	2655 (300)	24/90/190	5.2/73.6/328	110	1500	350	550	6.69 X 10 ⁻²	55 (25)	5575	
PMB-120	4250 (480)	24/90/190	5.2/73.6/328	110	1500	500	650	1.95 X 10 ⁻¹	90 (41)	6625	

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.



PMB Series Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications



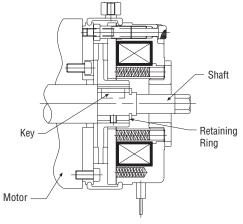
HUB BORE & KEYWAY DETAIL

BOF	E & KEYWAY D	ATA	
Model*	b: Bore** in (mm)	c: Keyway Height in (mm)	d: Keyway Width in (mm)
PMB-30BXX-E06-MRD	0.375 (9.5)	0.425 (10.8)	0.094 (2.4)
PMB-30BXX-E08-MRD	0.500 (12.7)	0.564 (14.3)	0.125 (3.2)
PMB-30BXX-M11-MRD	0.433 (11.0)	0.512 (13.0)	0.157 (4)
PMB-40BXX-E08-MRD	0.500 (12.7)	0.564 (14.3)	0.125 (3.2)
PMB-40BXX-E10-MRD	0.625 (15.9)	0.709 (18.0)	0.188 (4.8)
PMB-40BXX-M15-MRD	0.591 (15.0)	0.669 (17.0)	0.197 (5)
PMB-50BXX-E10-MRD	0.625 (15.9)	0.709 (18.0)	0.188 (4.8)
PMB-50BXX-E12-MRD	0.750 (19.0)	0.837 (21.3)	0.188 (4.8)
PMB-50BXX-M15-MRD	0.591 (15.0)	0.669 (17.0)	0.197 (5)
PMB-50BXX-M20-MRD	0.787 (20.0)	0.866 (22.0)	0.197 (5)
PMB-60BXX-E12-MRD	0.750 (19.0)	0.837 (21.3)	0.188 (4.8)
PMB-60BXX-E16-MRD	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	0.250 (6.3)
PMB-60BXX-M20-MRD	0.787 (20.0)	0.866 (22.0)	0.197 (5)
PMB-60BXX-M25-MRD	0.984 (25.0)	1.103 (28.0)	0.276 (7)
PMB-65BXX-E16-MRD	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	0.250 (6.3)
PMB-65BXX-E18-MRD	1.125 (28.6)	1.251 (31.8)	0.250 (6.3)
PMB-65BXX-M25-MRD	0.984 (25.0)	1.103 (28.0)	0.276 (7)
PMB-65BXX-M30-MRD	1.181 (30.0)	1.299 (33.0)	0.276 (7)
PMB-75BXX-E16-MRD	1.000 (25.4)	1.114 (28.3)	0.250 (6.3)
PMB-75BXX-E18-MRD	1.125 (28.6)	1.251 (31.8)	0.250 (6.3)
PMB-75BXX-M25-MRD	0.984 (25.0)	1.103 (28.0)	0.276 (7)
PMB-75BXX-M30-MRD	1.181 (30.0)	1.299 (33.0)	0.276 (7)
PMB-85BXX-E22-MRD	1.375 (34.9)	1.517 (38.5)	0.313 (7.9)
PMB-85BXX-E24-MRD	1.500 (38.1)	1.669 (42.4)	0.375 (9.5)
PMB-85BXX-M35-MRD	1.378 (35.0)	1.516 (38.5)	0.394 (10)
PMB-85BXX-M40-MRD	1.575 (40.0)	1.713 (43.5)	0.394 (10)
PMB-100BXX-E22-MRD	1.375 (34.9)	1.517 (38.5)	0.313 (7.9)
PMB-100BXX-E24-MRD	1.500 (38.1)	1.669 (42.4)	0.375 (9.5)
PMB-100BXX-M35-MRD	1.378 (35.0)	1.516 (38.5)	0.394 (10)
PMB-100BXX-M40-MRD	1.575 (40.0)	1.713 (43.5)	0.394 (10)
PMB-120BXX-E24-MRD	1.500 (38.1)	1.669 (42.4)	0.375 (9.5)
PMB-120BXX-E26-MRD	1.625 (41.3)	1.795 (45.6)	0.375 (9.5)
PMB-120BXX-M40-MRD	1.575 (40.0)	1.713 (43.5)	0.394 (10)
PMB-120BXX-M45-MRD	1.77 (45.0)	1.929 (49.0)	0.551 (14)
*See "How to order" model number	ering system on na	ae 129 for PMB hr	akas

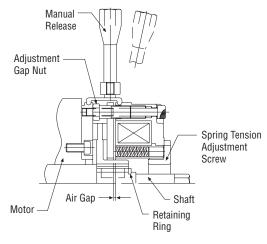
*See "How to order" model numbering system on page 129 for PMB brakes.

XX = Upon ordering, choose voltage, see page 129 for options.

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice. **Other bore sizes available upon request.







Gap Adjustment



Model shown at left is complete with all accessories. Model on right is shown with accessories removed. Accessories include: (A) manual release; (B) spline hub, (C) anti-rattle feature (o-ring) and (D) dust cover.

TFD Series Torque Feedback Devices

The new Torque Feedback Device (TFD) provides a variable torque output, in proportion to a DC input, for steering and other by-wire applications. This innovative design offers a cost effective, high quality user interface by applying state-of-the-art friction materials and a patent pending electromagnetic actuation system.

Incorporated into the TFD are two redundant sensors for fail-safe shaft feedback. Several standard product configurations are offered with torques ranging from 2.5 to 20Nm, and the TFD's modular design makes it easily adaptable to specific application requirements.

- Integrated design combines both tactile and position/velocity feedback with a steering wheel interface in one mechanical package.
- Compact design offers high torque densities and energy efficient operation.
- Continuously variable torque output for high quality operator interface or "feel".
- Redundant sensors for safety and field serviceability.

- Modular design allows the product to be easily scaled to specific application requirements.
- Repeatable operation over a wide range of operating conditions and product life.
- Assembly and all components meet EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

Typical Steer-By-Wire Applications

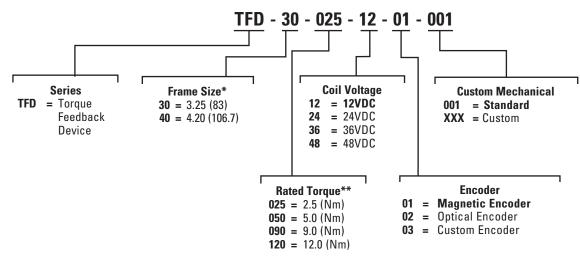
- Electric vehicles including: Lift trucks Golf carts Pallet trucks Floor sweepers
- Cleaning equipment • Turf & garden equipment
- (professional lawnmowers)
- Military/aerospace
- Construction equipment
- Industrial & recreational marine/boats



SLIP

TFD Model Shown

How to order



*Case diameter

** Rated Torque availability

2.5 (Nm) - TFD30 only

5.0 (Nm) - TFD30 & TFD40

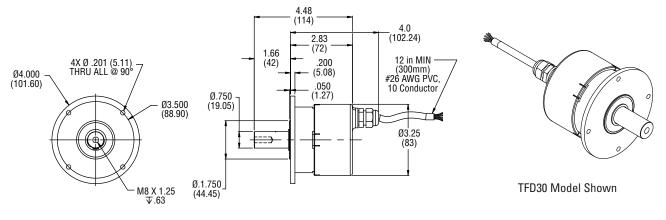
9.0 (Nm) - TFD40 only

12.0 (Nm) - TFD40 only

SLIP

TFD-30

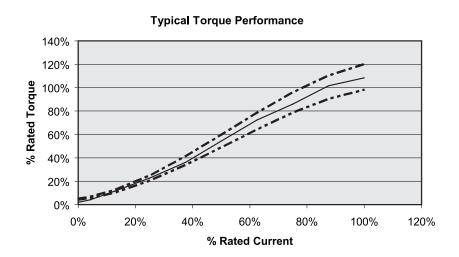
Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

			PERFORM	IANCE			
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	Coil Voltage* ^{VDC}	Resistance Ohms @ 20°C ^{nom}	Power Watts ^{max}	Speed* RPM	Rotor Inertia ^{Ib-in-sec²}	Weight Ib (kg)
TFD-30 025	22 (2.5)	12	3.6	40	300/120	35 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		24	12.5	46	300/120	35 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		36	32.6	40	300/120	35 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		48	55.0	42	300/120	35 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
TFD-30 050	44 (5.0)	12	3.6	40	300/120	62 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		24	12.5	46	300/120	62 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		36		40	300/120	62 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)
		48	55.0	42	300/120	62 X 10 ⁻³	3.5 (1.59)

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice. *Intermittent/Continuous



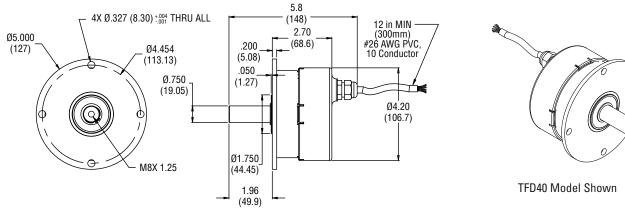
% Rated Torque	% Rated Current
2%	0%
25%	28%
50%	47%
75%	65%
100%	88%





TFD-40

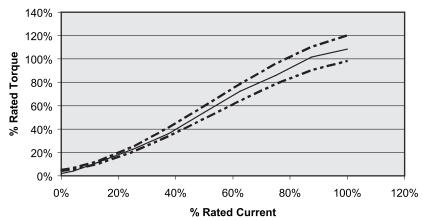
Dimensions & Specifications



Dimensions (mm)

			PERFORM	ANCE					
Model	Static Torque ^{Ib-in (Nm)}	Coil Voltage* ^{VDC}	Resistance Ohms @ 20°C ^{nom}	Power Watts ^{max}	Speed* _{RPM}	Rotor Inertia ^{Ib-in-sec²}	Weight Ib (kg)		
TFD-40 050	44 (5.0)	12	3.5	42	300/120	76 X 10 ³	6.2 (2.8)		
		24	11.0	51	300/120	76 X 10 ³	6.2 (2.8)		
		36	22.7	57	300/120	76 X 10 ³	6.2 (2.8)		
		48	35.5	65	300/120	76 X 10 ³	6.2 (2.8)		
TFD-40 090	80 (9.0)	12	3.5	42	300/120	10 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
		24	11.0	51	300/120	10 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
		36	22.7	57	300/120	10 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
		48	35.5	65	300/120	10 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
TFD-40 120	106 (12.0)	12	3.5	42	300/120	13 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
				24	11.0	51	300/120	13 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)
		36	22.7	57	300/120	13 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		
		48	35.5	65	300/120	13 X 10 ²	6.2 (2.8)		

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice. *Intermittent/Continuous



Typical	Torque	Performance
---------	--------	-------------

% Rated Torque	% Rated Current
2%	0%
25%	28%
50%	47%
75%	65%
100%	88%



TC / TCR / TCP Series Power-on and Power-off Tooth Clutches

When used in either static or low speed engagement applications, tooth clutches and clutch couplings provide an efficient, positive, switchable link between a motor and load on in-line or parallel shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by a fixed flange, the rotor is generally attached to the input shaft. The armature assembly is securely mounted to either an in-line load shaft or a parallel shaft by means of pulleys or gears. When the coil is energized, the tooth profile of the armature positively engages the tooth profile of the rotor, coupling the two in-line or parallel shafts, thus driving the load.

Tooth brakes (not shown) provide an efficient, positive, switchable means of either holding a load or decelerating a load from a slow speed, generally 20 RPM or less. Utilizing the same principle as the tooth clutch, these brakes can be used to effectively hold a load in position. Available in power-on or power-off models, tooth brakes are ideal for applications requiring very high torgue in tight places.

- Torque: up to 250 lb-in (28.2 Nm)
- Diameter: 2.13 in. (54.1 mm)
- Positive engagement, indexing capability
- · Highest torque density
- · Power-on and power-off
- Zero wear at speed when not engaged
- · Standard and custom designs

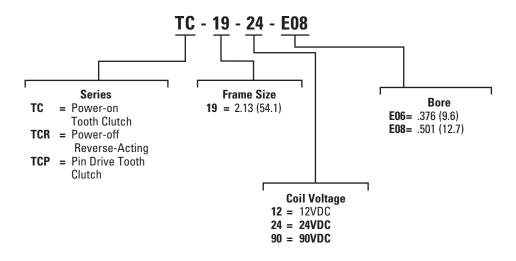


TCR Model Shown

Typical Applications

- Military aerospace actuators
- Avionics and flight control
- Medical equipment
- Postal handling equipment
- Machine tools
- Robotics

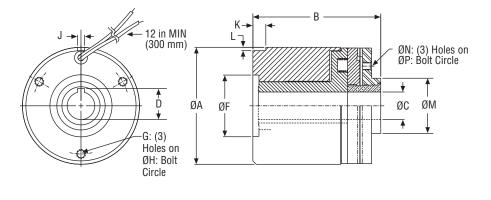
How to order





TC-19, TCR-19, TCP-19 Tooth Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications





TCR Model Shown

						DIM	ENSIONS	5							
Model	Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)	A: OD in (mm)	B: OAL in (mm)	C: Bore Ø in (mm)	D: K'way Height in (mm)	E: K'way Width in (mm)	F: Case Pilot Ø in (mm)	G: (3) Case Mtg Holes in (mm)	H: Case Mtg Holes Ø in (mm)	J: Mtg Slot Width in (mm)	K: Mtg Slot Length in (mm)	L: Mtg Slot Depth in (mm)	M: Mtg Pilot Ø in (mm)	N: (3) Mtg Holes	P: Mtg Hole BC Ø in (mm)
TC-19-24-E06	250 (28.2)	2.13 (54.1)	2.38 (60.5)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.125 (28.6)	#8-32 x .22 DP	1.75 (44.5)	NA	NA	NA	1,000 (25.4)	#8-32 x .19 DP	1.44 (36.6)
TC-19-24-E08	250 (28.2)	2.13 (54.1)	2.38 (60.5)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.126 (3.2)	1.125 (28.6)	#8-32 x .22 DP	1.75 (44.5)	NA	NA	NA	1,000 (25.4)	#8-32 x .19 DP	1.44 (36.6)
TCR-19-24-E06	250 (28.2)	2.13 (54.1)	2.38 (60.5)	.375 (9.5)	.425 (10.8)	.094 (2.4)	1.125 (28.6)	#8-32 x .22 DP	1.75 (44.5)	NA	NA	NA	1,000 (25.4)	#8-32 x .16 DP	1.44 (36.6)
TCR-19-24-E08	250 (28.2)	2.13 (54.1)	2.38 (60.5)	.500 (12.7)	.564 (14.3)	.126 (3.2)	1.125 (28.6)	#8-32 x .22 DP	1.75 (44.5)	NA	NA	NA	1,000 (25.4)	#8-32 x .16 DP	1.44 (36.6)
TCP-19-24-E06	50 (5.6)	2.13 (54.1)	157 (39.9)	.375 (9.5)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	.13 (3.3)	.24 (6.1)	.06 (1.5)	1,000 (25.4)	NA	NA
							PERFORM	ANCE							
Model		Static Torque Ib-in (Nm)		Coil Voltage VDC		Resistar Ohms nom	ice	Power Watts _{max}		Engagen Speed RPM (ma>		RPM max		Weight Ib (kg)	
TC-19		250 (28.2)		24/90		47/653		16.7		20		3600		1.7 (0.7)	
TCR-19	:	250 (28.2)		24/90	24/90 47/653			16.7		20		3600		1.8 (0.8)	
TCP-19	1	50 (5.6)		24/90		34/476		17.0 20			1750		0.8 (0.3)		
() donatao matr						-								(

(-) denotes metric equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

General Notes

- Torque may decrease at higher RPM due to misalignment and vibration associated with the application.
- Engagement speed can be significantly increased and is directly related to system inertia. Consult factory for more information.
- Most tooth clutch applications require a high degree of attention with respect to shaft concentricity and mounting perpendicularity. Consult factory for details.
 Other voltages available upon request.
 - / and request. Torque values can be greatly enhanced as tails. well. Consult factory for additional information.

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Additional sizes and configurations are available upon

www.danahermotion.com



MCS/MBF Series Metric Clutches and Brakes

Our new metric line of clutches and brakes are designed to be used in true metric applications (dimensional). The MCS and MBF Series offer a wide selection of metric bores and metric standard keyways. The Form Fit and Function matches popular metric lines globally available and are drop-in replacements in most cases.

The MCS and MBF Series have superior performance at a fraction of the cost of our competition. These units are available for low, medium and high volumes.

- Torque: 5.5 to 500 Nm (49 to 4,425 lb-in)
- Diameters: 63 to 280 mm (2.48 to 11.02 in)
- Zero Backlash design
- Static or Dynamic engagement
- Simple installation
- · Energy efficient
- · Economic cost
- Available "as is" or custom
- · RoHS compliant

Typical Applications

- · Factory automation
- Robotics
- Material handling
- Automotive
- Office automation
- Aviation
- Mail sorters
- Servo systems
- Medical



How to order MBF - 26 - U - 24 - M12 -Frame Size **Coil Voltage Series** Hub Length** 26 = 67.5(2.657)24 = 24VDC MCS = Metric L = Long HubArmature Bore **Rotor Bore** 30 = 85 (3.346)Clutches S = Short Hub (MCS Series) (MBF Series) 40 = 106 (4.173)**MBF** = Metric **M12** = 12mm **M12** = 12mm **50** = 133 (5.236) Brakes **M15** = 15mm **M15** = 15mm 60 = 169 (6.654)**M20** = 20mm **M20** = 20mm 80 = 220 (8.661)**M25** = 25mm **M25** = 25mm 100 = 280 (11.024)**M30** = 30mm **M30** = 30mm **M40** = 40mm **M40** = 40mm **B** = Burnished M50 = 50mm**M50** = 50mm U = Unburnished M60 = 60 mm

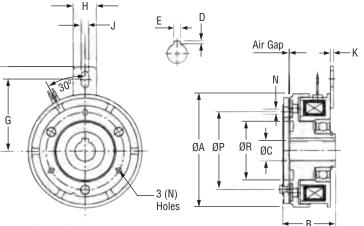
** Long or Short Hub Length available only on MBF Series Brakes

- The air gap should be checked periodically to insure proper operation.
- All friction faces must be kept free of grease and oil for proper operation.
- Consult factory for additional options.
- Actual starting and/or stopping times depend on application variables, manufacturing tolerances and friction material wear. Please consult factory for evaluation of actual use before applying specific values to your application.
- Flying leads are provided as standard, terminal style connection available upon request.
- Armature and rotor bore dimensions are minimums, with tolerance generally .001/.002 larger to accommodate varying environmental conditions.
- Coil of 24 volts are provided as standard, other coil voltages are available upon request.



MCS-26, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100 Metric Clutches

Dimensions & Specifications





MCS Model Shown

Dimensions mm (inches)

						DIN	IENSIONS							
												Mounti	ng Holes	
Model	Static Torque Nm (Ib-in)	A: OD mm (in)	B: OAL mm (in)	C: Bore mm (in)	D: K'way Height mm (in)	E: K'way Width mm (in)	F: Tab Height mm (in)	G: Slot mm (in)	H: Tab Width mm (in)	J: Slot Width mm (in)	K: Tab Thickness mm (in)	N:Dia Holes (3) mm (in)	P: BC mm (in)	R: Dia mm (in)
MCS-26U24-M12	5.5	67.5	31.1	12	1.8	4	49.5	42.75	12	4.5	2	3.1	46	34.5
	(48.68)	(2.657)	(1.224)	(0.472)	(0.071)	(0.157)	(1.949)	(1.683)	(0.472)	(0.177)	(0.079)	(0.122)	(1.811)	(1.358)
MCS-26U24-M15	5.5	67.5	31.1	15	2.3	5	49.5	42.75	12	4.5	2	3.1	46	34.5
	(48.68)	(2.657)	(1.224)	(0.591)	(0.091)	(0.197)	(1.949)	(1.683)	(0.472)	(0.177)	(0.079)	(0.122)	(1.811)	(1.358)
MCS-30U24-M15	11	85	34.2	15	2.3	5	63.5	55	14	5.5	2	4.1	60	41.5
	(97.35)	(3.346)	(1.346)	(0.591)	(0.091)	(0.197)	(2.500)	(2.165)	(0.551)	(0.217)	(0.079)	(0.161)	(2.362)	(1.634)
MCS-40U24-M20	22	106	40	20	2.3	5	72.5	61.75	16	6.5	2	5.1	76	52
	(194.70)	(4.173)	(1.575)	(0.787)	(0.091)	(0.197)	(2.854)	(2.431)	(0.630)	(0.256)	(0.079)	(0.201)	(2.992)	(2.047)
MCS-50U24-M25	45	133	45	25	3.3	7	85	76.3	16	6.5	2	6.1	95	62
	(398.25)	(5.236)	(1.772)	(0.984)	(0.130)	(0.276)	(3.346)	(3.004)	(0.630)	(0.256)	(0.079)	(0.240)	(3.740)	(2.441)
MCS-60U24-M30	90	169	52.7	30	3.3	7	112	98.4	25	8.5	3	8.1	120	80
	(796.50)	(6.654)	(2.075)	(1.181)	(0.130)	(0.276)	(4.409)	(3.874)	(0.984)	(0.335)	(0.118)	(0.319)	(4.724)	(3.150)
MCS-80U24-M40	200	220	78	40	3.5	10	128	129	25	10	3	3.0	158	99.5
	(1770)	(8.661)	(3.071)	(1.575)	(0.138)	(0.394)	(5.039)	(5.079)	(0.984)	(0.394)	(0.118)	(0.118)	(6.220)	(3.917)
MCS-100U24-M50	400	280	93	50	3.5	12	172.5	162	30	10	3	6.0	120	100
	(3540)	(11.024)	(3.661)	(1.969)	(0.138)	(0.472)	(6.791)	(6.378)	(1.181)	(0.394)	(0.118)	(0.236)	(4.724)	(3.937)

					Р	ERFORMAN	CE				
Model	Static Torque* Nm (Ib-in)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistance Ohms nom	Power Watts ^{max}	Armature Engagement msec	Armature Disengage ^{msec}	Armature Inertia kgcm ² (Ib-in-sec ²)	Rotor Inertia kgcm ² (Ib-in-sec ²)	Weight kg (lb)	Energy Dissipation ft-Ib/min	Recomm. Air Gap at Install mm (in)
MCS-26U24-M15	5.5 (48.68)	24	53	11	10	12	0.346 (3.06 x 10 ⁻⁴)	0.834 (7.38 x 10 ⁻⁴)	1 (2.205)	2600	0.2 (0.008)
MCS-30U24-M15	11 (97.35)	24	38.4	15	9	20	1.098 (9.72 x 10 ⁻⁴)	2.215 (1.96 x 10 ⁻³)	1.5 (3.307)	2900	0.2 (0.008)
MCS-40U24-M20	22 (194.7)	24	28.9	20	14	60	3.22 (2.85 x 10 ⁻³)	6.739 (5.96 x 10 ⁻³)	2.5 (5.512)	5800	0.2 (0.008)
MCS-50U24-M25	45 (398.25)	24	25	25	20	68	10.445 (9.24 x 10 ⁻³)	19.149 (1.69 x 10 ⁻²)	4 (8.818)	9000	0.3 (0.012)
MCS-60U24-M30	90 (796.5)	24	16.46	35	18	148	38.109 (3.37 x 10 ⁻²)	56.765 (5.02 x 10 ⁻²)	7 (15.432)	10000	0.3 (0.012)
MCS-80U24-M40	200 (1770)	24	12.8	45	27	142	120.827 (1.07 x 10 ⁻¹)	145.953 (1.29 x 10 ⁻¹)	12 (26.455)	50000	0.4 (0.016)
MCS-100U24-M50	400 (3540)	24	9.6	60	90	120	357.462 (3.16 x 10 ⁻¹)	539.803 (4.78 x 10 ⁻¹)	20 (44.092)	70000	0.4 (0.016)

(-) denotes English equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice.

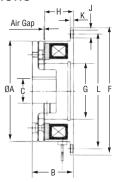
*Unburnished

**Consult factory

MBF-26, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100-S (Short) Metric Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications





Dimensions mm (inches)



STOP HOLD

MBF-S Model Shown

DIMENSIONS Static E: K'way Width F: Flange OD H: Cas Height mm (in) K: Mtg Pla Thickness G: Case D: K'way Height J: Mtg Holes (4) L:Mtg Hole BC Torque Nm (lb-in A: OD B: OAL C: Bore Model n (in n (in MBF-26U24-M12-S 5.5 63 25.55 12 80 35 5 (0.20) 2 (0.08) 72 1.8 18 (48.68) (2.48)(1.01) (0.47) (0.07) (0.16) (3.15)(1.38) (0.71) (2.83) 25.55 MBF-26U24-M15-S 55 63 15 23 5 80 35 18 5 (0.20) 2 (0.08) 72 (48.68)(2.48) (1.01) (0.59) (0.09)(0.20) (3.15)(1.38) (0.71) (2.83) 28.8 15 2.3 MBF-30U24-M15-S 11 80 100 42 20 6 (0.24) 2.5 (0.10) 90 5 (97.35) (3.15) (1.13) (0.59) (0.09) (0.20) (3.94) (1.65) (0.79) (3.54) MBF-30U24-M20-S 28.8 20 2.3 42 6 (0.24) 2.5 (0.10) 11 80 100 20 90 (97.35) (3.15)(1.13)(0.79) (0.09)(0.20)(3.94)(1.65)(0.79)(3.54)MBF-40U24-M20-S 22 100 32.9 20 2.3 5 125 52 22 7 (0.28) 3 (0.12) 112 (0.20) (2.05) (0.87) (194.70) (3.94)(1.30)(0.79)(0.09)(4.92) (4.41)MBF-40U24-M25-S 22 100 32.9 25 3.3 125 52 22 7 (0.28) 3 (0.12) 112 (0.98) (194.70) (3.94)(1.30)(0.13)(0.28) (4.92) (2.05) (0.87)(4.41)MBF-50U24-M25-S 45 125 37.3 25 3.3 150 137 62 24 7 (0.28) 3.5 (0.14) (0.28) (2.44) (0.98) (398.25)(0.94)(4.92)(1.47)(0.13)(5.91)(5.39)MBF-50U24-M30-S 125 30 24 45 37.3 3.3 150 62 7 (0.28) 3.5 (0.14) 137 (398.25) (1.18) (2.44) (0.94) (0.28) (4.92) (0.13)(5.39) (1.47)(5.91) MBF-60U24-M30-S 90 160 42.5 30 3.3 190 80 26 9.5 (0.37) 4 (0.16) 175 (0.28) (796.50) (6.30) (1.67) (1.18) (0.13) (7.48) (3.15) (1.02) (6.89) MBF-60U24-M40-S 90 160 42.5 40 3.8 10 190 80 26 9.5 (0.37) 4 (0.16) 175 (796.50) (6.30) (1.67) (1.57) (0.15) (0.39) (7.48) (3.15) (1.02) (6.89) MBF-80U24-M40-S 175 200 50.5 40 3.8 10 230 100 30 9.5 (0.37) 5 (0.20) 215 (1548.75) (7.87) (1.99) (1.57) (0.15) (0.39) (9.06) (3.94) (1.18) (8.46) MBF-80U24-M50-S 175 200 50.5 50 3.8 12 230 100 30 9.5 (0.37) 5 (0.20) 215 (1.97) (1548.75)(7.87) (0.47)(9.06)(3.94)(1.99)(0.15)(1.18)(8.46)59.6 11.5 (0.45) MBF-100U24-M50-S 350 250 50 3.8 12 290 125 35.1 6 (0.24) 270 (309750)(1.97) (0.47)(11.42) (10.63)(9.84)(0.15)(4.92)(2.35)(1.38)60 125 270 MBF-100U24-M60-S 350 250 59.6 5 15 290 35.1 11.5 (0.45) 6 (0.24) (3097.50)(9.84) (2.35) (2.36) (0.20)(0.59)(11.42)(4.92)(1.38) (10.63)PERFORMANCE Resistance Static Coil Armature Armature Weight Recomm. Air Armature Energy Powe Voltage VDC Dissipation Gap at Install Torque* Nm (lh-in Ohms Engagement Disengage Inertia kgcm² (Ib-in-sec²) kg (lb) Model MBF-26U24-xxx-S 0.476 (4.21 x 10⁻⁴) 5.5 (48.68) 24 11 5 0.32 (0.705) 0.2 (0.008) 52.2 20 2600 MBF-30U24-xxx-S 11 (97.35) 24 38.1 15 7 18 1.442 (1.28 x 10⁻³) 0.58 (1.279) 2900 0.2 (0.008) MBF-40U24-xxx-S 22 (194.7) 24 28.92 20 6 37 4.255 (3.77 x 10⁻³) 1.07 (2.359) 5800 0.2 (0.008) MBF-50U24-xxx-S 45 (398.25) 24 23.03 25 14 55 13.41 (1.19 x 10⁻²) 1.97 (4.343) 9000 0.3 (0.012) MBF-60U24-xxx-S 44 0.3 (0.012) 90 (796.5) 24 16.44 35 15 46.655 (4.13 x 10-2) 3.45 (7.606) 10000 MBF-80U24-xxx-S 7.1 (15.653) 200 (1770) 24 12.8 45 16 165 145.819 (1.29 x 10⁻¹) 50000 0.5 (0.020) MBF-100U24-xxx-S 400 (3540) 24 10.8 60 37 205 387.284 (3.43 x 10⁻¹) 12.2 (26.896) 70000 0.5 (0.020)

(-) denotes English equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice. *Unburnished **Consult factory www.danahermotion.com

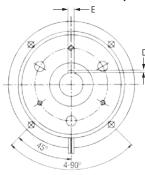
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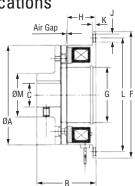
FRICTION



MBF-26, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100-L (Long) Metric Brakes

Dimensions & Specifications





MBF-L Model Shown

Dimensions mm (inches)

					DIM	ENSIO	NS							
Model	Static Torque Nm (Ib-in)	A: OD mm (in)	B: OAL mm (in)	C: Bore mm (in)	D: K'way Height mm (in)	E: K'w Width mm (ir	n OD	° ∣	G: Case ID mm (in)	H: Case Height mm (in)	J: Mtg Holes (4) mm (in)	K: Mtg Pla Thickness mm (in)	L:Mtg Hole BC mm (in)	M:Hub Dia mm (in)
MBF-26U24-M12-L	5.5 (48.68)	63 (2.48)	37 (1.46)	12 (0.47)	1.8 (0.07)	4 (0.16)	80 (3.15)		35 (1.38)	18 (0.71)	5 (0.20)	2 (0.08)	72 (2.83)	27.5 (1.08)
MBF-26U24-M15-L	5.5 (48.68)	63 (2.48)	37 (1.46)	15 (0.59)	2.3 (0.09)	5 (0.20)	80 (3.15)		35 (1.38)	18 (0.71)	5 (0.20)	2 (0.08)	72 (2.83)	27.5 (1.08)
MBF-30U24-M15-L	11 (97.35)	80 (3.15)	44 (1.76)	15 (0.59)	2.3 (0.09)	5 (0.20)	100 (3.94)		42 (1.65)	20 (0.79)	6 (0.24)	2.5 (0.10)	90 (3.54)	31 (1.22)
MBF-30U24-M20-L	11 (97.35)	80 (3.15)	44 (1.76)	20 (0.79)	2.3 (0.09)	5 (0.20)	100 (3.94)		42 (1.65)	20 (0.79)	6 (0.24)	2.5 (0.10)	90 (3.54)	31 (1.22)
MBF-40U24-M20-L	22 (194.70)	100 (3.94)	53 (2.09)	20 (0.79)	2.3 (0.09)	5 (0.20)	125 (4.92)		52 (2.05)	22 (0.87)	7 (0.28)	3 (0.12)	112 (4.41)	41 (1.61)
MBF-40U24-M25-L	22 (194.70)	100 (3.94)	53 (2.09)	25 (0.98)	3.3 (0.13)	7 (0.28)	125 (4.92)		52 (2.05)	22 (0.87)	7 (0.28)	3 (0.12)	112 (4.41)	41 (1.61)
MBF-50U24-M25-L	45 (398.25)	125 (4.92)	61.3 (2.41)	25 (0.98)	3.3 (0.13)	7 (0.28)	150 (5.91)		62 (2.44)	24 (0.94)	7 (0.28)	3.5 (0.14)	137 (5.39)	49 (1.93)
MBF-50U24-M30-L	45 (398.25)	125 (4.92)	61.3 (2.41)	30 (1.18)	3.3 (0.13)	7 (0.28)	150 (5.91)		62 (2.44)	24 (0.94)	7 (0.28)	3.5 (0.14)	137 (5.39)	49 (1.93)
MBF-60U24-M30-L	90 (796.50)	160 (6.30)	73.5 (2.89)	30 (1.18)	3.3 (0.13)	7 (0.28)	190 (7.48)		80 (3.15)	26 (1.02)	9.5 (0.37)	4 (0.16)	175 (6.89)	65 (2.56)
MBF-60U24-M40-L	90 (796.50)	160 (6.30)	73.5 (2.89)	40 (1.57)	3.8 (0.15)	10 (0.39)	190 (7.48)		80 (3.15)	26 (1.02)	9.5 (0.37)	4 (0.16)	175 (6.89)	65 (2.56)
MBF-80U24-M40-L	175 (1548.75)	200 (7.87)	87.2 (3.43)	40 (1.57)	3.8 (0.15)	10 (0.39)	230 (9.06)		100 (3.94)	30 (1.18)	9.5 (0.37)	5 (0.20)	215 (8.46)	83 (3.27)
MBF-80U24-M50-L	175 (1548.75)	200 (7.87)	87.2 (3.43)	50 (1.97)	3.8 (0.15)	12 (0.47)	230 (9.06)		100 (3.94)	30 (1.18)	9.5 (0.37)	5 (0.20)	215 (8.46)	83 (3.27)
MBF-100U24-M50-L	350 (3097.50)	250 (9.84)	102.6 (4.04)	50 (1.97)	3.8 (0.15)	12 (0.47)	290 (11.42)		125 (4.92)	35.1 (1.38)	11.5 (0.45)	6 (0.24)	270 (10.63)	105 (4.13)
MBF-100U24-M60-L	350 (3097.50)	250 (9.84)	102.6 (4.04)	60 (2.36)	5 (0.20)	15 (0.59)	290 (11.42)		125 (4.92)	35.1 (1.38)	11.5 (0.45)	6 (0.24)	270 (10.63)	105 (4.13)
					F	PERFOR	MANCE							
Model	Static Torque* Nm (Ib-in)	Coil Voltage VDC	Resistan Ohms nom	ce Pow Wat max			Armature Disengage ^{msec}	Arma Inert kgcm		2)	Weight kg (lb)	Energy Dissipatio ft-lb/min		nm. Air Install
MBF-26U24-xxx-L	5.5 (48.68)	24	52.2	11	5		20	0.476	i (4.21 x 10	-4)	0.32 (0.705)	2600	0.2 (0.0	008)
MBF-30U24-xxx-L	11 (97.35)	24	38.1	15	7		18	1.442	2 (1.28 x 10	-3)	0.58 (1.279)	2900	0.2 (0.0	008)
MBF-40U24-xxx-L	22 (194.7)	24	28.92	20	6		37	4.255	i (3.77 x 10	-3)	1.07 (2.359)	5800	0.2 (0.0	008)
MBF-50U24-xxx-L	45 (398.25)	24	23.03	25	14		55	13.41	(1.19 x 10	-2)	1.97 (4.343)	9000	0.3 (0.0)12)
MBF-60U24-xxx-L	90 (796.5)	24	16.44	35	15		44	46.65	i5 (4.13 x 1	0-2)	3.45 (7.606)	10000	0.3 (0.0)12)
MBF-80U24-xxx-L	200 (1770)	24	12.8	45	16		165	145.8	19 (1.29 x	10 ⁻¹)	7.1 (15.653)	50000	0.5 (0.0)20)
MBF-100U24-xxx-L	400 (3540)	24	10.8	60	37		205	387.2	84 (3.43 x	10 ⁻¹)	12.2 (26.896) 70000	0.5 (0.0)20)

(-) denotes English equivalents. Specifications subject to change without notice. *Unburnished **Consult factory

Engineered Products

Power-off Spring Set (Safety) - LBRP Series

Spring Set electromagnetic power-off brakes provide a safe, efficient means of stopping and/or holding a load in the absence of power. Custom manufactured for wheelchair and the handicap scooter industry, our LBRP series brakes have optional manual release handles and some models are available with micro switches. (To indicate whether the brake is released or engaged.) Our LBRP series power-off spring set brakes can be used as a stopping (emergency stopping) or holding brake (parking). These brakes are manufactured in low cost regions allowing the lowest prices available in the market.

- Static Torque: 1 to 13 Nm (8.85 to 115 lb-in)
- Diameter: 42 to 100 mm (1.65 to 3.938 in)

Multi Disc Brakes and Clutches - MDB/MDC Series

Multiple Disc Clutches provide a smooth efficient, switchable link between a motor and a load on in-line or parallel shafts. While the field (electromagnet) assembly is prevented from rotating by an antirotation tab or flange, the rotor is securely mounted on the drive shaft. The armature assembly is then mounted either directly on an opposing in-line shaft, or indirectly on a parallel shaft by means of gears or pulleys. When the coil is energized, the armature engages the friction surface of the rotor, further engaging the multiple discs within the assembly until full torque is achieved, thereby coupling the two in-line or parallel shafts, thus driving the load. A brake operates similarly by eliminating the rotor.

- Bore size (Shaft Dia.): 6 to 12 mm (0.236 to 0.472 in)
- Assembly and all components meet EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Plated steel surfaces to withstand corrosion
- Tough, durable long-wearing friction materials
- Anti-Rattle feature
- Operating speeds up to 3600 RPM

Other Applications Include

- Patient Lifts
- Handicap Van/RV/Truck actuators
- Electric Vehicles



LBRP Series Contact our Applications Team for more information.

- Torque: 25 lb-in to 300 lb-ft (2.8 to 407 Nm)
- Diameter: 2.0 to 10 in. (50.8 to 254.0 mm)
- Dynamic engagement capabilities
- Wet or dry operation
- Custom designs only

Typical Applications

- Flight control actuators
- Postal equipment
- Packaging
- Machine tools
- Agricultural equipment

(0.04 to 135 Nm)

(15.2 to 184.2 mm)

• Diameters: 0.6 to 7.25 in

• Torque: 6.0 oz-in to 1200 lb-in

Efficient means of cycling load
Fast response, repeatable



MDC Model Shown

Complete Custom Assemblies and Subassemblies

Custom Brake and Clutch Value-Added Assemblies are a major strength of Danaher Motion. Variations of any device shown in this catalog can be adapted specifically to meet the most demanding needs of your application.

Custom gears, pulleys, sprockets, integrally mounted to the clutch can be combined with special shaft sizes, coil voltages, connector assemblies or any other type of design imaginable.

We manufacture complete assemblies and subassemblies for many customers. Allow us to help cost-reduce your product and provide a more economical solution to your most complex clutch or brake application.

- can be combined coil voltages, r any other type of r any other type of
 - Simple installation
 - Economical cost
 - Energy efficient



information.

See inside back cover of this catalog for more FRICTION

Design Considerations

Factors To Consider

Brake and Clutch design considerations are based on a number of factors. Depending upon the particular application these factors can become either more or less important. The discussion of Application Definitions differentiates between heavy, medium and light duty, as well as static versus dynamic applications. In a simple light duty, static use application, clutch or brake selection can be made based on an estimate of torque required considering the motor torque capacity and the load driven (or held). However when precise control and life expectancy are of concern, one must consider inertia, heat dissipation and speed as key factors.

Inertia Calculations

Total system inertia, typically expressed in lb-in-sec² units, equals the sum of reflected inertia (I_R) and clutch inertia (I_C).

Clutch inertia values can be found in our catalog, reflected inertia is calculated beginning with **load inertia**.

Load inertia (I_L) for cylindrical rotational bodies, expressed in units of Ib-in-sec², is equal to WR²/772, where W = weight in Ibs. and R = radius in inches. The following chart may be used as reference (based on steel, per inch of length) to help simplify this calculation. To determine the inertia of a given shaft, multiply the WR²/L shown below by the length of the shaft or the thickness of the disc in inches. For hollow shafts, subtract the WR²/L of the ID from the WR²/L of the OD and multiply by the length.

Diameter in	WR ² /L Ib-in²/in						
0.250	0.00011	2.00	0.445	6.00	36.00	10.00	277.92
0.312	0.00027	2.25	0.712	6.25	42.39	10.25	306.72
0.375	0.00055	2.50	1.085	6.50	49.60	10.50	337.71
0.437	0.00102	2.75	1.584	6.75	57.68	10.75	371.04
0.500	0.00173	3.00	2.250	7.00	66.71	11.00	406.78
0.562	0.00279	3.25	3.100	7.25	76.76	11.25	444.96
0.625	0.00425	3.50	4.176	7.50	87.91	11.50	485.93
0.687	0.00623	3.75	5.494	7.75	100.23	11.75	529.59
0.750	0.00879	4.00	7.113	8.00	113.90	12.00	576.00
0.812	0.01215	4.25	9.072	8.25	128.71	12.25	626.10
0.875	0.01634	4.50	11.393	8.50	145.00	12.50	678.31
0.937	0.02142	4.75	14.144	8.75	162.86	12.75	734.22
1.000	0.02778	5.00	17.365	9.00	182.29	13.00	793.52
1.250	0.06783	5.25	21.107	9.25	203.40	13.25	856.35
1.500	0.14065	5.50	25.488	9.50	226.30	13.50	922.83
1.750	0.26058	5.75	30.371	9.75	252.00	13.75	993.11

To obtain this information for materials other than steel, multiply the inertia of the proper steel diameter from the above chart using the correct multiplier in the chart at right.

Reflected inertia can now be calculated as I_R = I_L(ω_L/ω_C)², where ω_L = Ioad RPM and ω_C = clutch input RPM.

Material	Multiplier
Bronze	1.05
Steel	1.00
Iron	0.92
Powder Metal Bronze	0.79
Powder Metal Iron	0.88
Aluminum	0.35
Nylon	0.17

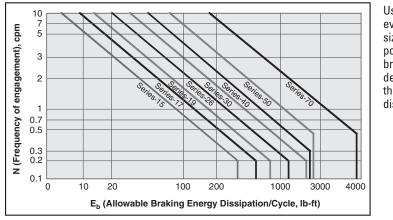
Design Considerations

Energy Dissipation Calculations

Total energy dissipation (E_c), typically expressed in units of ft-lb, is defined as the sum of kinetic (E_k) and slip (E_s) energy dissipated each clutch or brake cycle.

Kinetic energy dissipation (E_k) is equal to 4.6 x 10⁴ x I x ω^2 , where I = total system inertia in lb-in-sec² units, and ω = differential slip speed in RPM.

Slip energy dissipation (E_s) is equal to 43.6 x 10⁴ x ω x D x t_s, where D = load drag reflected to the clutch shaft in lb-in units, and t_s = total slip time in seconds.



Use to evaluate size of a power-off brake after determining the energy dissipation.

Optimum Torque and Response

Burnishing: Burnishing is a process of running-in the mating friction surfaces of a clutch or brake to ensure the highest possible output torque. By forcing the unit to slip rotationally when energized, the mating frictional surfaces establish an optimal wear pattern within a relatively short time. This can be accomplished at the factory or during the initial stages of installed application. However, whenever possible it is more desirable to perform the burnishing process at the actual installation to insure a consistent alignment of the friction faces.

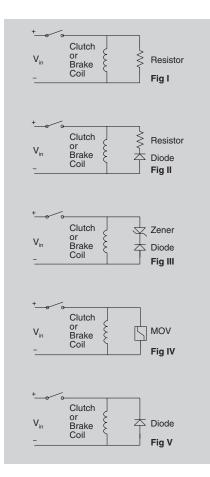
Engagement: Coil overexcitation is a technique which makes a clutch or brake engage faster and have greatly improved starting and stopping accuracy. It is accomplished by applying over-voltage to the clutch or brake coil to reduce current build-up time, thereby reducing the magnetizing time. However, this overexcitation does not increase the torque of the unit. It simply reduces the start/stop times and friction face wear normally associated with slippage that can occur during a slower engagement time. In many applications, the reduction in start-time can be reduced significantly when using an overexcitation circuit. However, adequate coil suppression must be employed to prevent damage to the system. Please contact the factory for more detailed information.

Disengagement: When a clutch or brake is disengaged, a reverse voltage is generated in the coil. This voltage can be extremely high and could cause potential damage to the unit and the switch in the circuit. Therefore, an arc suppression circuit should be used to protect the coil and switch. When properly applied, such a circuit will not adversely affect the clutch or brake engagement time.

Brake Energy Dissipation Chart

In most applications, a simple resistor connected in parallel with the clutch or brake coil is sufficient (Fig. I). The resistor should be rated at six times the coil resistance and approximately 25% of the coil wattage. To eliminate any added current draw, a diode may be added to the circuit as shown

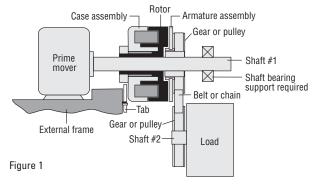
(Fig. II). If faster release times are desired, a zener diode with two times the coil voltage should be incorporated into the circuit (Fig. III). However, the fastest disengagement time is achieved with the use of an MOV (metal oxide varistor) (Fig. IV). Conversely, if slower disengagement times are required, the use of a diode connected in parallel with the coil (Fig. V), or simply switching the A/C side of the circuit, will achieve this result.



FRICTION

Mounting Requirements CS, CSC, CF, CFC, BF, BRP, SB, FSB, AKB and PMB units

(Bearing and flange mounted clutches, couplings and brakes)



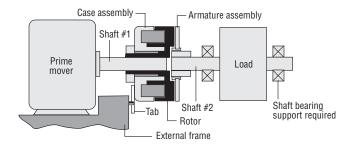
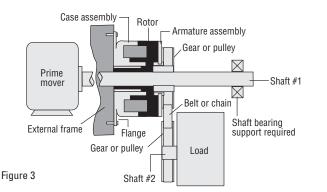


Figure 2

Bearing Mounted Clutches - CS models

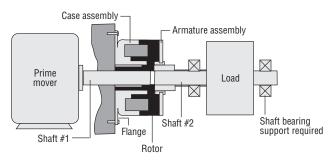
Figure 1 - Used to couple two parallel shafts. The rotor and armature are mounted on the same shaft. The armature is bearing mounted on the shaft and is free to rotate independent of the shaft. The knurled hub can press fit a gear or pulley onto the armature assembly which in turn drives the parallel shaft. The case assembly is bearing mounted and is provided with anti-rotation tab.



Flange Mounted Clutches - CF models

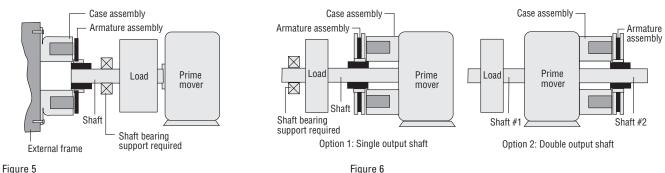
Figure 3 - Used to couple two parallel shafts. The case assembly is flange mounted for fastening to a bulkhead.

Bearing Mounted Clutch Couplings - CSC models Figure 2 - Used to couple two in-line shafts. The rotor is attached to one shaft and the armature to the other shaft. The case assembly is bearing mounted and is provided with an antirotation tab.





Flange Mounted Clutch Couplings - CFC models Figure 4 - Used to couple two in-line shafts. The rotor is attached to one shaft and the armature to the other shaft. The case assembly is flange mounted for fastening to a bulkhead.





Flange Mounted Brakes - BF models

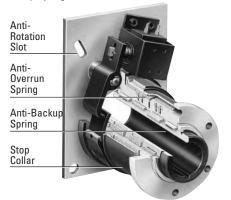
Figure 5 - Used to stop or hold the armature and load to which it is attached. Units are furnished with coupling type armature hubs. The case assembly is flange mounted for fastening to a bulkhead.

Power-Off Brakes - BRP, SB, FSB, AKB & PMB models Figure 6 - Used to stop or hold a load in the absence of power.

The case assembly is mounted or fastened to a bulkhead. The armature assembly is attached to the rotating load.

Glossary of Terms

Wrap Spring Clutch/Brake



Acceleration Time - The time required to change the speed of a system from the moment the clutch engages until it is statically engaged and the system is moving at a constant speed.

Actuator Limit Stop - The actuator limit stop is a restraining pin or plate on a wrap spring clutch that limits the motion of the actuator on solenoid actuated models.

Air Gap - The physical axial space between rotor and armature that is overcome when the magnet body is energized, engaging the clutch, or brake.

Anti-Backup (AB) - The anti-backup spring prevents oscillation between the clutch and brake springs on a wrap spring device and prevents the output load from reversing. Anti-backup is a standard feature on CB Series clutch/brake combinations.

Anti-Overrun (A0) - The anti-overrun spring prevents overhauling loads from overrunning the input on a wrap spring. For example, anti-overrun is being applied when an eccentric output load is held at the same speed as the constant speed input. Anti-overrun is a standard feature on all CB series products.

Anti-Rattle Feature - PMB and AKB brakeare available with an anti-rattle feature. This feature minimizes noise that occurs when the brake is released (Power On) and is running at speed. On the PMB Series, a rubber "0" ring is embedded in the "splined hub" that applies a slight pressure on the mating spline teeth eliminating most of the rattling noise. On the AKB Series, an "0" ring is embedded in the ID on the rotor assembly.

Anti-Rotation Slot - A slot used in a clutch models to prevent rotation during operation.

Armature (assembly) - The component in a friction clutch or brake that is attracted to the rotor or case assembly by the magnetic field created by the case assembly, effecting the coupling of input and output.

Armature Disengagement Time (ADT) - The time required from the instant electrical power is removed from the actuation system until the clutch is disengaged. Armature Disengagement Time is also often referred to as Drop-Out Time.

Burnishing - A process of running in a clutch or a brake to reach full potential torque. All standard catalog values of torque are indicated as burnished. Generally, any unit will become burnished during the first few cycles of normal operation at the customer's site. Pre-burnishing at the factory is normally an additional operation required only by those customers needing immediate out-of-box torque prior to the normal application run-in period.

Case Assembly - The fixed component in a clutch or brake that is energized, creating a magnetic field, effecting the engagement of rotor and armature.

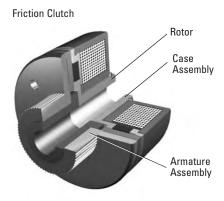
Control Collar - A combination of protective cover and controlling device in a wrap spring product. The control tang of the spring fits in this collar; thus by allowing or preventing rotation of this collar, the spring is allowed or not allowed to wrap tight on the hubs. Stops are molded or machined on this plastic collar and can be engaged by an external arm to control engagement. A single stop is standard and most any number up to 24 can be machined for special applications.

Control Tang - A control tang at the end(s) of the wrap spring is/are used to engage and disengage the input and output hubs on on-off, start-stop, and indexing units.

Drag Torque - The torque necessary to overcome static friction in a clutch or brake.

Dust Cover - PMB brakes are available with a dust cover. The dust cover protects the braking surfaces against, dust, dirt, and dripping water. This feature is made from flexible rubber and is fitted between the case and the mounting plate.

Dynamic Torque - The torque developed where there is a relative motion between mating surfaces in a friction clutch or brake. The torque varies with the speed of rotation and amount of slip. Please contact our engineers for specific data.



Engagement Time - The time required, from the moment the clutch receives the appropriate electrical signal, for the magnet to attract the armature and the clutch faces are engaged. At this point the load begins to accelerate.

Frictional Torque - The torque created by friction reflected at the output of the clutch or brake.

Inertia - That property of a body to continue in the state of motion or rest in which it may be placed until acted on by some force.

Inertial Torque - The torque developed by accelerating or decelerating a given load.

Inner & Outer Pole (face) - Areas of the rotor that form the magnetic flux path and torque carrying friction within a clutch. In a brake the case assembly forms these poles.

Manual Release - Spring set brakes such as our PMB Series are available with a manual release. The manual release allows the brake to be released mechanically in place of the electric coil operation. When power is removed, the brake is "holding", if there is no electrical power available, simply push or pull the lever (handle) and the brake will release (not hold the load, shaft - hub will be allowed to rotate freely). Once pressure is removed from the handle (let go), the manual release handle will go back to its original position automatically. The brake will then "hold" (shaft - hub will be locked once again).

OTS/AB - If the load inertia is greater than the wrap spring tang can absorb without damage, an overtravel stop can be added to absorb a portion of the stopping torque. The anti-backup feature will prevent the output from reversing.

Overrunning - The most basic control func-

Glossary of Terms

tion performed by PSI Series wrap spring clutches in which the clutch transmits torque in one direction and allows the load to free wheel or overrun when the input drive is stopped or reversed.

Positive Engagement - An engagement that will not slip.

Radial Bearing Load - The maximum permissible load that can be applied to a clutch or brake unit at maximum velocity without incurring damage.

Residual Magnetism - The condition in electromagnets where low level magnetism remains after the electrical current is removed.

Rotor (assembly) - The rotating component in a clutch that is generally attached (keyed or pinned) to the input (motor) shaft.

Split Cam - A new sleeve design incorporated in all standard and super CB-5, CB-6, CB-7, CB-8, and SAC-5 & SAC-6 units. This new design makes setting the spring differential (overtravel) simple. With the one piece construction (older style) the relative position of the brake and drive springs are set together. The new split cam design allows the user to set the position of the brake spring by just wrapping the spring in the direction opposite of the clutch input rotation.

Spring Differential - Spring differential is the positional relationship of the drive spring to the brake spring. Correctly adjusted spring differential is imperative for proper clutch/ brake performance. The spring differential is factory set.

Start-Stop Clutch - This control function is a basic engage-disengage operation resulting in random load stopping positions. Both SP Series and PSI Series (mechanically actuated) clutches can be used as startstop clutches, as can the SAC, BIMAC, MAC, BBC and DL.

Start-Stop Clutches and Brakes - Most wrap spring clutches and brakes can be configured to perform the start-stop control function in which loads are started and stopped accurately.

Static Torque - In wrap springs this is defined as the maximum torque that can be applied statically with the spring completely wrapped down before damage occurs. In friction devices this is the torque level beyond which the clutch or brake will slip or overrun.

Stop Collar - A combination cover and

control device on a wrap spring device that has detent positions to enable the clutch or brake to be engaged or disengaged. Standard stop collars have one stop per revolution. Specials are available with as many as twenty-four stops per revolution.

Time To Engagement (TTE) - The time required from the instant the actuation system is signaled until the clutch is engaged. At this point the system begins to accelerate. Time to Engagement is also often referred to as Pull-In Time.

Time To Speed (TTS) - The time required from the instant the actuation system is signaled until the output reaches the input RPM. Time to Speed is the equivalent of the sum of engagement time and acceleration time.

Time to Zero - The time required to fully disengage the motor from its load, thus allowing the load to drop to zero speed. Note: Factors such as system friction and inertia naturally play an important role in both of these critical measurements.

Torque - The product of the force and the perpendicular distance from its line of action to the instantaneous center of rotation, generally expressed in Ib-in or Nm. Static torque occurs when there is no relative movement or slippage between mating friction surfaces. Fully engaged clutches, or a brake holding a load, are examples of static torque. Dynamic torque is developed when there is relative motion between mating friction surfaces.

Torque Adjustment Feature - Our PMB series brakes are available with a Torque Adjustment Feature. This feature allows the torque to be adjusted down from maximum holding force (Static Torque). This feature is in the form of a threaded "spanner type nut", to turn the nut, a simple spanner wrench may be used. This feature relieves the "tension" on the springs, therefore reducing the holding torque. This feature allows for a "softer" stop or less holding force (torque).

Total Cycle Time - Sum of the device timeon and time-off as measured in seconds. Duty cycle is the percentage of total cycle time that a clutch or brake is engaged. For example, 5 seconds on/5 seconds off corresponds to a 50% duty cycle and a 10 second cycle time. Cycle rate is expressed in CPM (cycles per minute), as the number of times the clutch or brake is engaged and disengaged during a one minute period.

Undercut - A process of cutting back one of the pole surfaces in relation to the other. Generally done to reduce any residual

magnetism or to derate a device. Also a term used to describe the recessing of friction material so as to affect a more efficient burnished condition.

Wrap Angle - The number of degrees a spring tang must rotate in order to engage or disengage a load in a wrap spring device.

Wrap Spring - High tensile strength coiled wire, which transmits a substantial amount of torque when wrapped tightly around two hubs.

Application Definitions

Heavy Duty is defined as one where the clutch is engaged in concert with the movement of the load. Example: a paper feed clutch that is engaged each time that a sheet of paper is introduced into the print path.

Light to Medium Duty is defined as one where running speed is achieved in the absence of loading (or the clutch is engaged at zero speed). Example: a machine tool head that is engaged and at speed before the cutting of metal begins.

A **Dynamic Clutch** application is another way of defining "Heavy Duty". Factors such as inertia, energy dissipation and life become critical.

A **Static Clutch** application is defined as one where the clutch is engaged at zero speed. Example: a tooth clutch that is used to couple and position an X-ray machine head.

A **Dynamic Brake** application is defined as one where the brake is engaged to actually stop the load. Again, inertia, energy dissipation and life must be well defined. Example: an emergency stop of a motor that is running at speed, particularly if under load.

A **Static Brake** application is defined as one where the brake is engaged after the system has come to rest. Example: a holding brake on a Z-axis to hold the load in place in the event of a power failure.

Conversion Chart

Listed Alphabetically

To Convert From	То	Multiply By	To Convert From	То	Multiply By	To Convert From	То	Multiply By
cm	feet	3.281 x 10 ⁻²	(lb-ft)(RPM)	Watts	.142	Nm	oz-in	141.69
cm	inches	.3937	lb-ft ²	gm-cm ²	4.214 x 10 ⁵	Nm ²	lb-in ²	348.47
degrees/sec	RPM	.1667	lb-ft ²	lb-in ²	144	Nm-sec ²	lb-in ²	3417
degrees/sec	rad/sec	1.745 x 10 ⁻²	lb-ft ²	lb-in-sec ²	.37272	Newtons	pounds	.225
feet	cm	30.48	lb-ft ²	oz-in²	2304	oz-in	lb-ft	5.208 x 10 ⁻³
ft-lb/min	Watts	2.259 x 10 ⁻²	lb-ft ²	oz-in-sec ²	5.969	oz-in	lb-in	6.25 x 10 ⁻²
g-cm	lb-ft	7.233 x 10 ⁻⁵	lb-in	g-cm	165960	(oz-in)(RPM)	HP	9.917 x 10 ⁻⁷
g-cm	oz-in	1.389 x 10 ⁻²	lb-in	kg-cm	165.96	(oz-in)(RPM)	Watts	7.395 x 10 ⁻⁴
g-cm ²	lb-in ²	3.417 x 10 ⁻⁴	lb-in	kg-m	1.6596	oz-in ²	gm-cm ²	182.9
g-cm ²	lb-ft ²	2.373 x 10 ⁻⁶	lb-in	lb-ft	.083	oz-in ²	lb-ft ²	4.340 x 10 ⁻⁴
gm-cm ²	oz-in ²	5.467 x 10 ⁻³	lb-in	Nm	.113	oz-in ²	lb-in ²	6.25 x 10 ⁻²
horsepower	ft-lb/min	33,000	lb-in	oz-in	16	oz-in ²	oz-in-sec ²	2.590 x 10 ⁻³
horsepower	watts	7.457 x 10 ⁻²	(lb-in)(RPM)	HP	1.587 x 10 ⁻⁵	oz-in-sec ²	oz-in²	3.8609 x 10 ⁻²
inches	cm	2.540	(lb-in)(RPM)	Watts	.0118	oz-in-sec ²	lb-in ²	24.125
kg-m	lb-ft	7.233	lb-in ²	kg-cm ²	2.926	RPM	rad/sec	.1047
kg-m	lb-in	.6026	lb-in ²	Nm ²	2.870 x 10 ⁻³	radians	degrees	57.3
kg-cm ²	lb-in ²	3.417 x 10 ⁻¹	lb-in ²	kg-m²	2.9265 x 10 ⁻⁴	rad/sec	RPM	9.549
kg-cm-sec ²	lb-in ²	335.1	lb-in ²	lb-in-sec ²	2.590 x 10 ⁻³	revolutions	radians	6.283
kg-m ²	lb-ft ²	23.73	lb-in ²	lb-ft ²	6.944 x 10 ⁻²	revolutions/min.	degrees/sec	6
kg-m ²	lb-in ²	3417	lb-in ²	oz-in ²	16	square-inches	square-mm	645.2
kilograms	pounds	2.205	meters	millimeters	1000	temp. (°C) +17.78	temp. (°F)	1.8
lb-ft	lb-in	12	millimeters	inches	3.937 x 10 ⁻²	temp. (°F) -32	temp. (°C)	.555
lb-ft	oz-in	192	Nm	lb-ft	.738	Watts	ft-lb/min	44.2
(lb-ft)(RPM)	HP	1.904 x 10 ⁻⁴	Nm	lb-in	8.85	Watts	HP	1.341 x 10 ⁻³



Notes

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