SET - 1

## II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 FLUID MECHANICS <br> (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

2. AnswerALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) How does the viscosity of air vary with temperature?
b) State the condition for Irrotational flow
c) Explain any one application of momentum equation
d) Discuss the practical applications of Reynolds experiment.
e) Write the expressions for $c_{v}, c_{c}$ and $c_{d}$ for an orifice
f) Define displacement and momentum thickness.

## PART -B

2. a) Explain the differences between manometer and mechanical gauges. What are the different types of mechanical pressure gauges
b) A metal ball weighs 9500 N in air and 8000 N in water. Find out its volume and specific gravity.
3. a) Explain the terms:
(i) Path line
(ii) Streak line
(iii) Stream line
(iv) Stream tube.
b) A pipe, through which water is flowing, is having diameters 40 cm and 20 cm at the cross-sections 1 and 2 respectively. The velocity of water at section 1 is $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the velocity head at the sections 1 and 2 and also rate of discharge.
4. a) State and derive Bernoulli's theorem, mentioning clearly the assumptions underlying it.
b) A 30 cm diameter horizontal pipe terminates in a nozzle with the exit diameter of 7.5 cm . If the water flows through the pipe at the rate of $0.15 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. What force will be exerted by the fluid on the nozzle?
5. a) What are the different losses in flow through the circular pipes?.
b) Define minor losses in pipes and obtain equation for any four losses.
. a) What are the applications of Venturimeter? Explain the working principle of venturimeter.
b) What are the different types of notches? Explain Rectangular and Stepped notches
6. a) What is a boundary layer? Differentiate between a laminar and turbulent boundary layer.
b) Explain Boundary layer separation with a neat sketch. What are the conditions under which separation takes place?

SET - 2

## II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 FLUID MECHANICS <br> (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. AnswerALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Explain atmospheric, gauge and vacuum pressures.
b) What is center of pressure?
c) Explain any one application of momentum equation
d) State Darcy-Weisbach equation.
e) Write the empirical formulas for discharge over a rectangular weir?
f) What are the characteristics of laminar boundary layer?

## PART -B

2. a) Define the following fluid properties:

Density, weight density, specific volume and specific gravity of a fluid.
b) An oil film of thickness 1.5 mm is used for lubrication between a square plate of size $0.9 \mathrm{~m} \times 0.9 \mathrm{~m}$ and an inclined plane having an angle of inclination $20^{\circ}$. The weight of the square plate is 392.4 N and it slides down the plane with a uniform velocity of $0.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the dynamic viscosity of the oil
3. Distinguish between:
(i) Steady flow and un-steady flow,
(ii) Uniform and nonuniform flow,
(iii) Compressible and incompressible flow,
(iv) Rotational and irrigational flow (v) Laminar and turbulent flow.
4. a) What are the applications of Momentum equation? Explain.
b) Describe the procedure of finding the forces on pipe bend.
5. a) Explain how the following flow problems are analyzed.
i) Series pipe connection (ii) parallel pipe connection and iii) Equivalent pipe connection.
b) Explain how Reynold's experiment is conducted in the lab and bring its practical uses.
6. a) A Pitot tube was used to measure the quantity of water flowing in a pipe of 0.30 m diameter. The water was raised to a height of 0.25 m above the centre line of pipe in the vertical limb of the tube. If the mean velocity is 0.78 times the velocity at the centre and coefficient of Pitot tube is 0.98 , find the discharge in the pipe line. The static pressure head at the centre of the pipe is 0.2 m .
b) A Venturi-meter is provided to measure the water flowing through a horizontal pipe of 25 cm diameter. The throat of the venture- meter is 12 cm . The pressure of water flowing through the pipe is 1.5 bar and the vacuum measured at the throat is 30 cm of Hg . Find the water flow rate through the pipe. Take $\mathrm{Cd}=0.975$.
7. a) Derive Von Karman momentum integral equation.
b) Define energy thickness. Derive an expression for the energy thickness

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 FLUID MECHANICS <br> (Civil Engineering) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. AnswerALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Define the terms surface tension and capillarity.
b) Write about flownet analysis.
c) Explain how to find out the force on a pipe bend.
d) Discuss minor losses in pipes.
e) Define orifice and write its classification w.r.t shape and size?
f) Define local and average drag coefficients and write corresponding empirical
relations?

## PART -B

2. a) What is the importance of a manometer? Explain the types of manometers in brief.
b) Explain the term total pressure acting on a plane surface immersed in a fluid at any
angle. Obtain an expression for this, and also for the corresponding depth of the centre of pressure
3. a) Define stream function and velocity potential. What are their uses?
b) Determine whether the following velocity components satisfy the continuity

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { equation. i) } u=c x, v=-c y & \text { ii) } u=-c x / y, v=c \log x y \tag{7M}
\end{array}
$$

4. a) State the assumptions made in the derivation of Bernoulli's equation. State the momentum equation and explain its significance.
b) What are the surface and body forces associated with fluid flow? How are they incorporated in Euler's equation?
5. a) Define 'Hydraulic gradient line' and 'Total energy line'. The cross section of a pipe carrying a given discharge is suddenly enlarged. What would be the ratio of the two diameters of the pipe if the magnitude of the loss of head at this change of section is same irrespective of the direction of flow? Assume $\mathrm{CC}=0.64$.
b) Derive an expression for the loss of head due to friction in flow through circular pipes.
6. a) Differentiate between stagnation pressure head and static pressure head with reference to a pitot tube. Explain with the help of a neat sketch.
b) A Venturimeter of throat diameter 5 cm is fitted into a 12.5 cm diameter water pipe line. The coefficient of discharge is 0.96 . Calculate the flow in the pipe line when the reading on a mercury water differential U tube manometer connected to the upstream and throat sections shows a reading of 20 cm .
7. a) Define physically and mathematically the concept of displacement, momentum and energy thickness of a boundary layer.
b) Water is flowing over a thin smooth plate of length 5 m and width 2.7 m at a velocity of $1.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$. If the boundary layer flow changes from laminar to turbulent at a Reynolds number $5 \times 10^{5}$. Find:
i) The distance from leading edge up to which boundary layer is laminar and
ii) Thickness of the boundary layer at the transition point.

SET - 4

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 FLUID MECHANICS <br> (Civil Engineering) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Define Pascal's law.
b) Derive momentum equation.
c) What do you mean by surface and body forces?
d) What are TEL and HGL? Explain.
e) Write a short note on Broad Crested weir?
f) Write a short note on Magnus effect?

## PART -B

2. a) What is metacentric height? Explain how the it is calculated.
b) What are the modes of measuring pressure? How can you convert the pressure in KPa into the liquid columns and vice versa.
3. a) The flow field is given by $\psi=x^{3} y$ Check whether the given field exists or not? Further check whether it is irrotational?
b) Given that $u=x^{2}-y^{2}$ and $v=-2 x y$, determine the stream function and potential function for the flow
4. a) Derive Bernoulli`s equation from Euler`s equation of motion.
b) A pipe through which water is flowing, is having diameters, 20 cm and 10 cm at the cross-sections 1 and 2 respectively. The velocity of water at section 1 is given as 4 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the velocity head a sections 1 and 2 and also rate of discharge
5. a) Explain with neat sketch the Reynold's experiment and define Laminar and

Turbulent flow.
b) A compound piping system consists of a 1600 m of 0.4 m diameter, 1200 m of 0.3 m diameter and 800 m pipe of 0.25 m diameter cast iron pipes connected in series. Convert the system to (i) an equivalent length of 0.4 m pipe and (ii) an equivalent size pipe 3000 m long.
6. a) A Venturimeter has its axis vertical, the inlet and throat diameters being 150 mm and 80 mm respectively. The throat has 220 mm about inlet and coefficient discharge is 0.96 . Petrol of specific gravity 0.78 flows up through the meter at a rate of $0.029 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the pressure difference between the inlet and the throat.
b) A 150 mm X 75 mm Venturi meter with a coefficient of discharge 0.98 is to be replaced by an orifice meter having a coefficient of discharge 0.60 . If the both the meters are to give the same differential mercury manometer reading for a discharge of 100 liters per second and the inlet diameter is to remain 150 mm . what should be diameter of the orifice?
7. a) What do you understand by Boundary Layer? Explain the development of Boundary layer over a flat plate.
b) What do you mean by boundary layer separation? What is the effect of pressure gradient on boundary layer separation?

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-II <br> (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any Four Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Why three phase systems are preferred over single phase systems for the transmission of power?
b) Determine the amplitude of the line current in a three-phase system with a line voltage of 300 V that supplies 1200 W to a delta connected load at a lagging PF of 0.8 ; then find the phase impedance.
c) A coil of inductance 0.04 H and resistance $10 \Omega$ is connected to a 120 V , d.c. supply. Determine (i) the final value of current, (ii) the time constant of the circuit,
d) A two-port network is described by $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{I}_{1}+2 \mathrm{~V}_{2}, \mathrm{I}_{2}=-2 \mathrm{I}_{1}+0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{2}$ Write the impedance matrix ?
e) List the properties of RL impedance function?
f) State and explain parseval's theorem?

## PART -B

2. a) In a balanced three-phase $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Y}$ system, the source is an $a b c$ sequence of voltages and $V_{a n}=220 \angle 20^{\circ} \mathrm{V}$ rms. The line impedance per phase is $(0.6+j 1.2) \Omega$ while the per-phase impedance of the load is $(10+j 14) \Omega$. Calculate the line currents and the load voltages
b) For the three-phase circuit shown below, find the average power absorbed by the delta-connected load with $\mathbf{Z}_{\Delta}=(21+j 24) \Omega$

3. a) Find the line currents in the unbalanced three-phase circuit of Fig shown below and the real power absorbed by the load.

b) The two-wattmeter method gives $\mathrm{P}_{1}=1200 \mathrm{~W}$ and $\mathrm{P}_{2}=-400 \mathrm{~W}$ for a three-phase motor running on a $240-\mathrm{V}$ line. Assume that the motor load is wye connected and that it draws a line current of 6 A . Calculate the pf of the motor and its phase impedance.
4. a) For the circuit shown, find the voltage labelled $v$ at $t=200 \mathrm{~ms}$.

b) Obtain an expression for $v_{x}$ as labelled in the circuit shown and evaluate $v_{x}$ at $t=5$ ms.

5. a) Obtain the ABCD parameters of the circuit shown below

b) Determine the $y$ parameters of the two two-ports in parallel shown in fig.

6. a) $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{s})=[2(\mathrm{~s}+1)(\mathrm{s}+4)] /[(\mathrm{s}+2)(\mathrm{s}+6)]$.Synthesize $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{s})$ in two Foster forms?
b) Synthesize the following driving point immittance function $Z(s)=\frac{\left(s^{2}+2 s+6\right)}{s(s+3)}$
7. a) Find the Fourier series of the square wave shown in Fig. Plot the amplitude and phase spectra.

b) State and explain the properties of Fourier transform?

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-II 

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) State the relationships between line and phase currents and line and phase voltages for a star-connected system
b) Two wattmeters connected to a 3-phase motor indicate the total power input to be 12 kW . The power factor is 0.6 . Determine the readings of each wattmeter?
c) Find the time constant for the $R C$ circuit in Fig.

d) Find the T parameters of two networks which are connected in cascade having
individual $T$ parameters $T_{a}=\left(\begin{array}{cc}5 & 44 \\ 1 & 9\end{array}\right)$ and $T_{b}=\left(\begin{array}{cc}1 & 6 \\ 0.5 & 4\end{array}\right)$.
e) List any two properties of Positive Real function?
f) List any two properties of Fourier transform?

PART -B
2. a) A particular balanced three-phase system is supplying a $\Delta$ connected load with 10 kW at a leading power factor of 0.7 . If the phase voltage is 208 V and the source operates at 50 V , (i) compute the line current; (ii) determine the phase impedance; (iii) calculate the new power factor and new total power delivered to the load if a 2.5 H inductor is connected in parallel with each phase of the load.
b) A wattmeter is connected into the circuit shown below, so that $\mathbf{I}_{1}$ enters the (+) terminal of the current coil, while $\mathbf{V}_{2}$ is the voltage across the potential coil. Find the wattmeter reading.

3. a) Determine the line currents for the three-phase circuit shown. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{a}}=110 \angle 0^{\circ}$. Assume positive phase sequence

b) A 415 V , 3-phase, 4 wire, star-connected system supplies three resistive loads of $25 \mathrm{~kW}, 20 \mathrm{~kW}$ and 35 kW in the red, yellow and blue phases respectively. Determine the current flowing in each of the four conductors.
4. a) The switch has been in position a for a long time. At $\mathrm{t}=0$ it moves to position b. Calculate $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})$ for all $\mathrm{t}>0$.

b) The switch above the 12 V source in the circuit shown has been closed for a long time. It is finally thrown open at $t=0$. (i) Compute the circuit time constant. (ii) Obtain an expression for $v(t)$ valid for $t>0$. (iii) Calculate the energy stored in the capacitor 170 ms after the switch is opened.

5. a) Derive the relationship between hybrid and Z parameters of two port network?
b) Find the transmission parameters for the circuit shown below

6. Realize $Z(s)=\left[S\left(S^{2}+2\right)\left(S^{2}+4\right)\right] /\left[\left(S^{2}+1\right)\left(S^{2}+3\right)\left(S^{2}+5\right)\right]$ in all four forms.
7. a) Determine the Fourier series of the sawtooth waveform shown in Figure

b) (a) A series RL circuit in which $\mathrm{R}=5 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{L}=20 \mathrm{mH}$ has an applied voltage $v=100+50 \sin \omega t+25 \sin 3 \omega t(V)$, with $\omega=500 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the current and the average power

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-II <br> (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Three loads, each of resistance $50 \Omega$ are connected in star to a $400 \mathrm{~V}, 3$-phase supply. Determine (i) the phase voltage, (ii) the phase current and (iii) the line current.
b) Explain the difference between "balanced" and "unbalanced" loads?
c) For the circuit shown, find $i(t)$ for $t=\infty, 3^{-}$and $3^{+}$.

d) Write down condition for reciprocal of a two port network in terms of transmission parameters and hybrid parameters?
e) List any two properties of LC immittance function?
f) The voltage and current at the terminals of a circuit are $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{t})=128+192 \cos$
$120 \Pi t+96 \cos \left(360 \Pi t-30^{\circ}\right)$ and $i(t)=8 \cos \left(120 \Pi t-10^{\circ}\right)+3.2 \cos \left(360 \Pi t-60^{\circ}\right)$. Find the average power absorbed by the circuit?

## PART -B

2. a) A three-phase system is constructed from a balanced Y-connected source operating at 50 Hz and having a line voltage of 210 V , and each phase of the balanced load draws 130 W at a leading power factor of 0.75. (i) Calculate the line current and the total power supplied to the load. (ii) If a purely resistive load of $1 \Omega$ is connected in parallel with each existing load, calculate the new line current and total power supplied to the load.
b) The two-wattmeter method produces wattmeter readings $P_{1}=1560 \mathrm{~W}$ and $\mathrm{P}_{2}=2100 \mathrm{~W}$ and when connected to a delta-connected load. If the line voltage is 220 V , calculate: (i) the per-phase average power, (ii) the per phase reactive power, (iii) the power factor, and (iv) the phase impedance.
3. a) The unbalanced $\Delta$-load of Fig. is supplied by balanced voltages of 200 V in the positive sequence. Find the line currents. Take $\mathbf{V}_{a b}$ as reference.

b) Prove that two watt-meters are sufficient to measure power in three phase
4. a) In Fig. shown, the switch has been closed for a long time and is opened at $\mathrm{t}=0$. Find i and v for all time.

b) Refer to the circuit shown below, the switch is closed at $t=0$. (i) determine equations for $i_{L}$ and $v_{L}$.(ii) At $t=300 \mathrm{~ms}$, open the switch and determine equations for $i_{L}$ and $v_{L}$ during the decay phase. (iii) Determine voltage and current at $t=100 \mathrm{~ms}$ and at $t=350 \mathrm{~ms}$. (iv) Sketch $i_{L}$ and $v_{L}$

5. a) Obtain the $y$ parameters for the network shown below.

b) Find the transmission parameters for the cascaded networks shown

6. a) Synthesize the LC immittance function $Z(s)=2\left(s^{2}+1\right)\left(s^{2}+9\right) / s\left(s^{2}+4\right)$ in two

## Foster forms?

b) State and explain the properties of positive real function.
7. a) Obtain the exponential Fourier series for the signal in Fig.

b) Find $v_{0}(t)$ in the circuit shown for $v_{i}(t)=2 e^{-3 t} u(t)$.


# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS-II <br> (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Draw the complete phasor diagram for balanced delta connected load?
b) A $400 \mathrm{~V}, 3$-phase, 4 wire, star-connected system supplies three resistive loads of $15 \mathrm{~kW}, 20 \mathrm{~kW}$ and 25 kW in the red, yellow and blue phases respectively. Determine the currents flowing in red and blue phase conductors.
c) Draw the transient growth and decay curves for an $L-R$ circuit?
d) Write down the condition for reciprocity in terms of ABCD and hybrid parameters?
e) List the properties of RC impedance function?
f) What is the condition for half wave symmetry and odd symmetry of function?

## PART -B

2. a) A three-phase, three-wire, ABC system, with an effective line voltage of 200 V , has three impedances of $10 \angle 45^{\circ} \Omega$ in a $\Delta$ connection. Determine the line currents and draw the voltage-current phasor diagram.
b) Show that the total power in a 3 -phase, 3 -wire system using the two-wattmeter method of measurement is given by the sum of the wattmeter readings. Draw a connection diagram. Draw a phasor diagram for the two-wattmeter method for a balanced load. Use the phasor diagram to derive a formula from which the power factor of a 3-phase system may be determined using only the wattmeter readings
3. a) A four-wire wye-wye circuit has $\mathbf{V} a n=120 \angle 120^{\circ}, \mathbf{V} b n=120 \angle 0^{\circ} \mathbf{V} c n=120$ $\angle-120^{\circ} \mathrm{V}$ If the impedances are $\mathbf{Z}_{a n}=20 \angle 60^{\circ}, \mathbf{Z}_{b n}=30 \angle 0^{\circ} \mathbf{Z} c n=40 \angle 30^{\circ} \Omega$ find the current in the neutral line
b) Three impedances of $(7+\mathrm{j} 4) \Omega,(3+\mathrm{j} 2) \Omega$ and $(9+\mathrm{j} 2) \Omega$ are connected between neutral and the R, Y and B phases. The line voltage is 440 V , Calculate.
i. The line currents and
ii. The current in the neutral wire.
iii. Find the power consumed in each phase and the total power drawn by the circuit
4. a) At $t=0.15 \mathrm{~s}$ in the circuit of Fig., find the value of (i) $i_{L}$; (ii) $i_{1}$; (iii) $i_{2}$.

b) Derive the expression for current in a series RC circuit excited by a sinusoidal source $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \operatorname{Sin} \omega \mathrm{t}$
5. a) Obtain the $z$ parameters for the circuit shown.

b) If h parameters of for some particular two-port is given below. Calculate y parameters.
$h=\left(\begin{array}{cc}2 K \Omega & -3 \\ 5 & 0.01 S\end{array}\right)$
6. a) Given the driving point admittance function $Y(s)=S\left(S^{2}+1\right)\left(S^{2}+4\right) / S\left(S^{2}+2\right)$.

Synthesize ladder network of the first Cauer form.
b) Obtain the foster forms realization of $Z(s)=2(s+1)(s+3) / s(s+2)$
7. a) Calculate the Fourier series for the function shown in fig.

b) Determine the average power supplied to the circuit if $\mathrm{i}(\mathrm{t})=2+10 \cos \left(\mathrm{t}+10^{0}\right)+6 \cos \left(3 \mathrm{t}+35^{0}\right) \mathrm{A}$.


# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 METALLURGY \& MATERIALS SCIENCE 

(Com to ME \& AME)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Define crystallization of metals?
b) Explain isomorphous alloy system?
c) Compare malleable and nodular cast iron?
d) What are ferrite stabilizers?
e) What are the types of brass?
f) What are ceramics?

## PART -B

2. a) Explain in detail metallic bonding and its properties
b) Compare intermediate phases and solid solutions?
3. a) Draw $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{Ni}$ phase diagram and label the important reactions and regions?
b) Explain different types of transformations in solid state? Illustrate with an example
4. a) Explain the types of cast iron and their applications
b) Explain in detail Hadfield Manganese steel and its properties
5. a) Compare annealing and normalizing. When do you use them
b) Explain in detail about different types of carburizing methods?
6. a) Write in detail about the properties and applications of copper and its alloys?
b) Write the properties of alpha titanium alloy? Explain its typical applications
7. a) Explain the properties and types of refractories
b) Explain carbon-carbon composite and its manufacturing procedure

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 METALLURGY \& MATERIALS SCIENCE 

(Com to ME \& AME)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) What is meant by an alloy?
b) What is allotropy?
c) What are luder bands?
d) What are austenite stabilizers?
e) What is admiralty brass?
f) What are the types of manufacturing methods for composites

## PART -B

2. a) Explain crystallization of metals?
b) Explain comparison method of grain size measuring technique?
3. a) Find the degrees of freedom in a binary system $(\mathrm{C}=2)$ at single phase, double
phase, and triple phase region at atmospheric pressure conditions using phase rule
b) Explain metallographic method of construction of phase diagram?
4. a) Explain in detail the properties and applications of low carbon steel?
b) Write the properties of tool steel?
5. a) Explain age hardening treatment?
b) Explain carbonitriding? What are its applications
6. a) Explain the properties and applications of aluminum and its alloys?
b) Explain the properties of alpha-beta titanium alloys?
7. a) What are cermets? Explain with examples.
b) Write the classification of composites? Also indicate their typical applications

II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 METALLURGY \& MATERIALS SCIENCE
(Com to ME \& AME)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Write the necessity of alloying?
b) Write a eutectoid reaction?
c) What is a dual phase steel?
d) Define hardenability?
e) Explain dezincification?
f) What are the types of glasses?

## PART -B

2. a) Explain electron compounds?
b) How does grain size affect the mechanical properties? Explain
3. a) Write eutectic, peritectic, eutectoid and peritectoid reactions?
b) Explain thermal analysis method of construction of phase diagram?
4. a) Explain in detail the properties and applications of medium carbon steel?
b) Explain the production of gray cast iron? Give their applications.
5. a) How do you find the hardenability? Explain
b) Explain cryogenic treatment? What are its advantages
6. a) Write the properties and classification of aluminum alloys?
b) Write the properties of beta titanium alloys?
7. a) What are advanced ceramics? Explain.
b) Explain the manufacture of fiber reinforced composites?

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 METALLURGY \& MATERIALS SCIENCE 

(Com to ME \& AME)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Define metallic bonding?
b) Define equilibrium diagram?
c) Explain the properties of white cast iron?
d) Draw TTT diagram for eutectoid steel
e) What is season cracking? Explain its effect
f) What are refractories?

## PART -B

2. a) Discuss the necessity of alloying in steel
b) What are Hume-Rothery rules? Explain
3. a) Draw $\mathrm{Fe}-\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{C}$ diagram? Explain the important phases
b) Label the regions and mention important reactions and critical temperature lines of $\mathrm{Fe}-\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{C}$ diagram?
4. a) Explain the production of malleable cast iron
b) Write the classification of steel?
5. a) Write the effect of alloying elements on $\mathrm{Fe}-\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{C}$ system?
b) Explain hardening and tempering process
6. a) Write the classification of copper alloys? Describe the importance of brass.
b) Explain the corrosion resistance of Al and its alloys
7. a) Write the classification of ceramics? Explain with examples.
b) Explain the properties and applications of metal matrix composites (MMC)?

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 NETWORK ANALYSIS <br> (Com to ECE, EIE and ECC) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Derive an expression of the energy stored in an inductor.
b) Why an impedance represented by a complex number? How is complex impedance dependent on frequency?
c) A coil of impedance $\mathrm{R}+\mathrm{j} \mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{L}}$ is in parallel with a capacitor of $\mathrm{C}=10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. If R $=10 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{L}=0.1 \mathrm{H}$. find the frequency at which it resonates, if connected to a variable frequency source.
d) List out the applications and limitations of Millman's theorem.
e) State driving point impedance and driving point admittance.
f) Define transient response.

## PART -B

2. a) Prove that in a linear graph, every cut-set has an even number of branches in common with every loop.
b) In the network shown below, find all branch currents and voltage drops across all resistors.

3. a) Explain the method of representing alternating quantities as phasor quantities.
b) A resistance of $12 \Omega$ and an inductance of 0.025 H are connected in series across a 50 Hz supply. What values of resistance and inductance when connected in parallel will have the same resultant impedance and pf? Find the current in each case when the supply voltage is 230 V .
4. a) Explain about the concept of series R-L resonant circuit.
b) A series RLC circuit takes a maximum current of 0.3 A at $200 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$. If the voltage across the capacitor is 290 V at resonance. Determine R,L,C and Q of the coil.

5. a) Show that under the condition of maximum power transfer, the efficiency of the circuit is $50 \%$.
b) Find the value of $R$ in the circuit shown in figure such that maximum power transfer takes place. What is the amount of this power?

6. a) Derive expressions for the Y-parameters in terms of $A B C D$ parameters of a two-port network.
b) Two two-port networks are connected in parallel. Prove that the overall yparameters are the sum of corresponding individual $y$-parameters.
7. a) Derive the non-homogeneous equation.
b) The following network is in steady state with $S$ open. At $t=0, S$ is closed. Find $\mathrm{i}_{\mathrm{c}}(\mathrm{t})$ for $\mathrm{t}>0$.


# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 NETWORK ANALYSIS 

(Com to ECE, EIE and ECC)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Define V-shift and I-shift in the source transformation. 3 M
b) Why is a sinusoidal wave shape insisted for voltages and currents while 2M generating transmitting and utilizing ac electric power?
c) Two coupled coils with self inductances of 1 H and 2 H are connected in series aiding. The resulting inductance $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{eq}}$ is 4 H . Find the coefficient of coupling between them.
d) Mention some salient features of Tellegen's theorem.
e) What are the inverse transmission parameters and express their relations.
f) Define natural response

## PART -B

2. a) Explain the following
i) The current through an inductor cannot change instantaneously.
ii) The voltage across a capacitor cannot change instantaneously.
b) Determine the current through the impedance $(2+\mathrm{j} 3) \Omega$ in the circuit shown in 9 M figure, where $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{b}}=20\left\llcorner 0^{\circ}(\mathrm{V})\right.$.


1 of 3
3. a) Use nodal voltage method to find the voltage of nodes ' $m$ ' and ' $n$ ' and currents through $\mathrm{j} 2 \Omega$ and $-\mathrm{j} 2 \Omega$ reactance in the network shown below

b) The impedances of a parallel circuit are $Z_{1}=(6+j 8) \Omega$ and $Z_{2}=(8-j 6) \Omega$. If the applied voltage is 120 V , find (i) current and p.f of each branch (ii) over all current and p.f of the combination. (iii) Power consumed by each impedance. Draw a neat phasor diagram.

4. a) Derive the expression of the coefficient of coupling for the coupled circuit.
b) Two inductively coupled coils have self inductances $\mathrm{L}_{1}=50 \mathrm{mH}$ and $\mathrm{L}_{2}=200$ mH . If the coefficient of coupling is 0.5 i ) find the value of mutual inductance between the coils and ii) what is the maximum possible mutual inductance.
5. a) Write the applications of superposition theorem.
b) Find the voltage across $10 \Omega$ resistance using superposition theorem.

6. a) The h-parameters of a two-port network are $\mathrm{h}_{11}=35 \mathrm{ohm}, \mathrm{h}_{12}=2.6 \times 10^{-4}, \mathrm{~h}_{21}=$ $-0.98, \mathrm{~h}_{22}=0.3 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{mho}$. The input terminals are connected to a 0.0001 V sinusoidal and a $10^{4} \mathrm{ohm}$ resistance is connected across the output port. Find the output voltage.
b) The network shown in figure contains both dependent current source and a dependent voltage source. For this circuit, determine the y and z parameters.

7. a) Derive the homogeneous equation.
b) In the following network the switch s is open and steady state is reached. At $\mathrm{t}=$ 9M $0, S$ is closed. Find $i_{L}(t)$ for $t>0$.


# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 NETWORK ANALYSIS <br> (Com to ECE, EIE and ECC) 

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART - A

1. a) Comment briefly on the choice between loop and node methods of analyzing a network.
b) Mention some important characteristics of an ideal capacitor.
c) Compare the properties of series and parallel resonance circuits.
d) State and explain the substitution theorem.
e) What do you understand by a reciprocal network? What is a symmetrical network?
f) State the advantages of Laplace transform application to the solution of electric circuits.

## PART -B

2. a) Explain duality in electrical engineering. State the steps followed in finding the dual of a network.
b) For a half wave rectified alternating current find i) Average value, ii) RMS value, iii) Form factor, and iv) Peak factor. Find the average and RMS values when $I_{m}$ is 3 A .
3. a) Obtain the star connected equivalent circuit of the delta connected circuit.
b) Obtain the delta connected equivalent for the star connected circuit shown in figure

4. a) Explain the impedance transformation in an ideal transformer to achieve maximum power transfer.
b) Two coils connected in series have an equivalent inductance of 0.4 H when is opposing. Calculate the mutual inductance of the coils.

1 of 2
5. a) State Thevenin's theorem, and write the applications.
b) Find the current through $8 \Omega$ resistance for the network shown using Thevenin's theorem.

6. a) Two two-port networks are connected in cascade. Prove that the overall transmission parameter matrix is the product of individual transmission parameter matrices.
b) Construct ABCD parameters.

7. In the series circuit shown in figure the switch is closed on position 1 at $t=0 . \quad 14 \mathrm{M}$ At $t=1 \mathrm{~ms}$, the switch is moved the position 2 . Obtain the equations for the current in both intervals and draw the transient current waves.


II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 NETWORK ANALYSIS
(Com to ECE, EIE and ECC)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) What is the difference between circuits and networks? 2 M
b) Draw the phasor diagrams for resistor, ideal inductor and ideal capacitor. $\quad 2 \mathrm{M}$
c) At resonance, the current is maximum in a series circuit and minimum in a 2 M parallel circuit. Why?
d) Discuss about Norton's theorem and write its applications.
e) What are transmission parameters? Where are they most efficiently used.
f) Write the expression for transient current for series RL and RC circuits?

## PART -B

2. a) Show that for a network graph with $P$ separate parts, $n$ nodes and $b$ branches, the number of chords C is given as $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{n}+\mathrm{P}$
b) Find voltage across $12 \Omega$ resistance in the below figure.


D

1 of 3
a) Explain about the steady state analysis of resistance in parallel combination 3. with sinusoidal excitation.
b) A pure inductance of 3 mH carriers a current of the waveform shown in figure. Sketch the wave form of $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{t})$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{t})$. Determine the average value of power.

4. a) Derive the expression for bandwidth of series resonating circuit and its relation with Q .
b) An inductance of 0.5 H , a resistance of $5 \Omega$ and a capacitance of $8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ are in series across a 220 V ac supply. Calculate the frequency at which the current flowing through the circuit becomes maximum. Also, find bandwidth, half power frequencies and voltage across capacitance at resonance.
5. a) State the reciprocity theorem as applied to a network and give a proof of the same for a general network. Mention two networks where this theorem is not applicable.
b) In the circuit shown in figure, find voltage V. Interchange the current source and resulting voltage V and show that the reciprocity theorem is verified.

6. a) Define open circuit parameters. Explain how the open circuit parameters can be obtained for a given two port network.
b) A two port network has the following parameters: $\mathrm{Z}_{11}=6 \Omega, \mathrm{Z}_{12}=\mathrm{Z}_{21}=3 \Omega$ and $\mathrm{Z}_{22}=4 \Omega$. Calculate hybrid parameters
7. a) Determine the DC response of RL and RC circuit and sketch the voltage transients.
b) The circuit shown in figure consists of series RL elements. The sine wave is applied to the circuit when the switch is closed at $\mathrm{t}=0$. Determine the current $i(t)$.


# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 STATISTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING 

(Com to CSE \& IT)
Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Write about vectors in $R$
b) Write about type conversions in R?
c) Describe 3 math functions in R ?
d) Write about lines() function.
e) Mention any two applications of t-distribution
f) Write about logistic regression

## PART -B

2. a) Explain different data structures in R .
b) Implement binary search tree with R
3. a) Explain different types of operators inR.
b) Write about control statements in R
4. a) Write about all summary commands in R?
b) What is cumulative sum,product,min,max? Explain with example? Write R functions used for this purpose?
5. a) Write about scatter plot and histograms with examples? Explain its importance?
b) How to plot multiple curves in same graph? Explain with example?
6. a) Explain about descriptive statistics? Write examples?
b) Fit a Binomial distribution to the following data
$\mathrm{x}=0 \begin{array}{llllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5\end{array}$
$\mathrm{f}=216 \quad 281293$
7. a) Write in detail about Random Forest
b) The students taught by 3 different methods gave the following

A $19,9,12,16,7,14,11$
B 8,13,3,17,15
C 14,11, 10,9, 15, 16
Calculate the analysis of variance

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 STATISTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING 

(Com to CSE \& IT)
Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1. a) Explain the importance of dataframe?
b) Write about complex objects in R.
c) Explain about set operations in R.
d) Find median and mode of following numbers
$12,13,11,10,9,11,7,11,10,15,16,11$
e) Write about polygon() function
f) Mention how you can produce co-relations and covariances in R?

PART -B
2. a) Write about the following with example
a)Mean b)Mode c)Median d)Cumulative Sum
e)Cumulative Max f)Cumulative Min g)Cumulative Product
b) Write about data frame? Write about operations on data frame.
3. a) Write R code to the function by using if else command
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{x}$ if $\mathrm{x}<1 / 2$
$=(1-x)$ if $1 / 2<x<1$
$=0$ otherwise
b) Write about nested functions in R.
4. a) Write about apply method in R? write about lapply,sapply with suitable examples?
b) Write about different functions for statistical distribution.
5. a) How to plot multiple curves in same graph? Explain with example?
b) Plot the function $g(t)=\left(t^{2}+1\right)^{0.5}$ for $t$ between 0 and 5.(using curve and plot function)
6. a) Write about Binomial Distribution
b) Explain Anova test with example
7. a) Following are the runs scored by a batsman in 10 consecutive matches:
b) Fit a polynomial of degree 2 to the following data

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 STATISTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING 

(Com to CSE \& IT)
Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) What are the data structures in $R$ that is used to perform statistical analyses and create graphs?
b) Write about linear vector algebra operations.
c) Write syntax of if else in R.
d) Define mean, median, mode and standard deviation.
e) Write R script to create a linegraph.
f) what is the use of $\operatorname{par}()$ function.

## PART -B

2. a) How to apply same functions to all rows and columns of a matrix?

Explain with example.
b) Write R code to generate first n terms of a Fibonacci series
3. a) Write about user defined functions in R with suitable example? Explain about default values and in return statements in functions?
b) Write a R program to implement quicksort.
4. a) Write about sort, rank and order functions with examples. Write about functions for statistical distributions.
b) Explain about Finding Stationary Distributions of Markov Chains
5. a) What is Box plot? Explain importance of boxplot with example?
b) Draw a pie chart for the following data

Section I, II, III, IV, V
No.of workers220,370, 190, 70, 250
6. a) Write about Poisson Distributions
b) Explain t-test with example
7. a) Heights(in cm) of father and son are given as follows

Father(X) 150152155157160161164165
Son(Y) $\quad 154156158159160162161164$
Fit a regression line predict the height of son given the height of father.
b) Explain about logistic regression.

## II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 STATISTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING

(Com to CSE \& IT)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Explain different matrix operation function in $R$ ?
b) Write about Boolean operators in $R$.
c) Write about basic math in R ?
d) Write about plot function.
e) Explain dnorm() function
f) Define Multiple Regression

## PART -B

2. a) Explain about Variables, constants and Data Types in R Programming
b) How to create, name , access , merging and manipulate list elements? Explain with examples.
3. a) Write about Arithmetic and Boolean operators in R programming?
b) How to create user defined function in R ? How to define default values in R ?

Write syntax and examples?
4. a) Explain functions for accessing the keyboard and monitor, Reading and writing files
b) Write a R function to find sample covariance.
5. a) Write about the following functions with example
b) Describe R functions for Reading a Matrix or Data Frame From a File
6. a) Fit a poisson distribution to the following data
x $0,1,2,3,4,5$
f 3,9, 12, 27, 4, 1
Also test the adequacy of model
b) Calculate the coefficient of correlation to the following data

X 101218242327
Y 131812253010
7. a) Fit a straight line $\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{bx}$ to the following data

X 12,17,19,25,32,38,43
Y 65,78,82,92,90,97,100
Also estimate Y when $\mathrm{X}=35$
b) In a sample of 1000 cases, the mean of certain test is 14 and standard deviation
is 2.5. Assuming the distribution to be normal, find i)How many students score between 12 and 15 ?
ii) How many score above 18 ?
iii) How many score below 18 ?

# II B. Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, October/November - 2017 DATA STRUCTURES 

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any FOUR Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Define Sparse matrix?
b) Which Data Structure is used to handle recursion? Explain?
c) Discuss advantages and disadvantages of linked list over arrays?
d) What is spanning tree?
e) Find Transitive Closure's of a graph by taking an example graph?
f) What is Heap Sort?

## PART -B

2. a) Define Polynomial ADT? Implement Polynomials using Arrays and Lists?
b) Write a program for matrix multiplication?
3. a) Write the procedure for performing $\operatorname{Push}()$ and $\operatorname{Pop}()$ operations in a stack while the stack implemented using linked list.
b) Discus applications of Stacks
4. a) Write the procedure for doing insertion and deletions in single linked list
b) Discuss the advantages of circular linked list over single and double linked lists?
5. a) Explain inorder traversal of a threaded Binary Tree with an example?
b) Define a Binary Tree? Explain the properties of binary tree? Construct a binary tree with minimum 4 levels?
6. a) Write Prim's algorithm for finding minimum cost spanning trees?
b) Find minimum cost spanning tree from the following graph by using Prim's algorithm?

7. a) Discuss briefly insertion sort procedure with an example?
b) Which sorting technique is best between quick sort and merge sort? Why? Explain in detail?

1 of 1

## II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 FLUID MECHANICS

(Civil Engineering)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) List the applications of surface tension?
b) Differentiate between stream function and velocity potential.
c) How do you find force acting on a pipe bend?
d) Define thickness of the boundary layer for flow over a flat plate.
e) List Minor losses and explain briefly.
f) Draw a neat sketch of venturimeter and explain its parts.

## PART -B

2. a) List all fluid properties and derive Newton's law of viscosity.
b) What are the modes of measuring pressure? How can you convert the pressure in KPa into the liquid columns and vice-versa?
3. a) What are different types of flows? Explain in detail.
b) A circular plate 4 m in diameter is placed in such a way that it top vertex is at 2 m below free water surface and bottom vertex is 5 m below the free water surface. Find out the total pressure acting on the plate.
4. a) Derive the Bernoulli's equation from Euler's equation. State the assumptions made.
b) A pipe line tapers from 1.5 m in diameter at higher end to 1.0 m diameter at lower end in 400 m length at a slope of 1 in 100 . The pressure at the higher end is 75 KPa . If the discharge is $60 \mathrm{~m}^{3} /$ minute, find the pressure at lower end. Neglect losses.
5. a) What is a boundary layer? Differentiate between a laminar and turbulent boundary layer.
b) Compare the velocity profiles in a pipe for (i) laminar and (ii) turbulent flow.
6. a) Write Darcy's equation and explain its significance.
b) Two reservoirs with a difference in water surface elevations of 10 m are connected by a pipe line $A B C$ which consists of two pipes of $A B$ and $B C$ joined in series. Pipe $A B$ is 10 cm in diameter, 20 m long and has a value of $f=0.02$. Pipe $B C$ is of 16 cm diameter, 25 m long and has $\mathrm{f}=0.018$. The junctions with the reservoirs and between the pipes are abrupt. Calculate the discharge considering all minor losses.
7. a) Explain the working of orifice meter with neat sketches.
b) A pipe carries a flow of an oil of Relative Density $=0.85$. A pitot-static tube is inserted into the pipe to measure the velocity at a point $A$. If a differential mercury-oil gauge connected to the pitot-static tube indicates a reading of 4 cm , calculate the velocity at A Assume the coefficient of the pitot tube as 0.99 .

1 of 1
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# II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS - II <br> (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) 

Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 hours

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)<br>2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A<br>3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) What is meant by a three phase balanced network? Give its properties.
b) Give comparison between balanced and unbalanced circuits.
c) Write about the transient response of R-L circuit?
d) Write the basic equations of Z and Y parameters?
e) Write briefly about the positive real function?
f) State Fourier theorem?
2. 

## PART - B

2. a) Discuss in detail about the measurement of power and power factor of a balanced three phase circuit?
b) Find the line currents provided by the balanced supply of $100 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and each phase is having an impedance of $(6.5+8.1 \mathrm{j})$ connected in delta?
3. a) Derive the relations for the 3 phase un balanced network?
b) A 20 HP induction motor is supplied from 400 V 3 phase 50 Hz supply. The efficiency being $85 \%$ the power factor of the operation is 0.8 . Obtain the active power consumed, the apparent power, the reactive power and the line current?
4. a) Analyze the transient response of R-C series network with D.C excitation?
b) A D.C voltage of 100 V is applied to a coil having $\mathrm{R}=100 \mathrm{ohms}$ and $\mathrm{L}=10.1 \mathrm{H}$. What is the value of the current 0.1 sec later the switch is ON? What is the time taken by the current to reach half of its final value?
5. a) Derive the hybrid parameters of a two port network?
b) Express the relationship between Z -and h-parameters.
6. Synthesis all four forms (Foster form I \& II, Cauer form I \& II) of RC driving point function $Z_{R C}(s)=\frac{4(s+2)(s+4)}{(s+1)(s+3)}$.
7. a) Explain about even function symmetry in Fourier series?
b) Explain briefly about phase angle spectra and line spectra
c) Explain the trigonometric form of Fourier series.

# II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 METALLURGY AND MATERIAL SCIENCE 

(Com. to ME, AME)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70

## Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) <br> 2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A <br> 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Define covalent and metallic bonds in solids.
b) Explain the importance of phase rule.
c) What are the advantages of heat treatment of metals?
d) Write the specific properties of nano materials.
e) Name a few Titanium alloys.
f) Differentiate between brass and bronze.

## PART -B

2. a) Draw the close packed planes and directions in simple cube, BCC and FCC crystals and find out the Miller indices of the planes.
b) Explain briefly the various types of crystal imperfections, with the help of neat sketches
3. a) Explain Hume - Rotherys rules for the formation of substitutional solid solutions
b) Discuss the application of Hadfield manganese steels.
4. a) What is a eutectic temperature? Explain.
b) Describe the allotropic transformations of iron and explain their important Applications
5. a) How do you carry out age hardening for Al alloys?
b) Explain the properties of $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{Al}$ alloy and applications
6. Explain why the two phase titanium alloys are stronger than the single phase alpha alloys.
7. What are the various solid state compaction processes that are used for the production of composite materials? Explain them

II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 DATA STRUCTURES
(Com. to ECE, CSE, EIE, IT, ECC)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)
2. Answer ALL the question in Part-A
3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

## PART -A

1. a) Write an algorithm for factorial of a given number
b) What are the applications of Queue
c) What are the advantages of double linked list
d) What is the maximum length and height of a tree with 32 nodes
e) Explain the searching operation of binary search tree with an example
f) What is spanning tree

## PART -B

2. a) Sort the following list of elements by using merge sort
$39,16,45,11,55,18,43,88$
b) Explain about the Towers of Hanoi problem
3. a) Write an algorithm to convert an infix expression into prefix expression
b) Explain the operations of a Queue with an example
4. a) Write a program for the implementation of circular linked list
b) Explain the operations of singly linked lists
5. a) Write an algorithm for post order traversal
b) Explain the operations of binary tree with an example
6. a) Write deletion algorithm of binary search tree
b) Define Binary tree. Explain how to represent the Binary tree with an example
7. a) Write an algorithm of BFS
b) Explain about the Prim's minimum cost spanning tree with an example

# II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRALICS MACHINES 

(Com. to EEE, ME, MM)
Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 75
Answer any FIVE Questions
All Questions carry Equal Marks

1. a) State and explain Newton's viscosity law.
b) A plate, 0.5 mm distance from the fixed plate moves with $50 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ and requires $5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ force to maintain the speed of moving plate. Determine the viscosity of the oil between the plates.
2. a) Differentiate between tangential and normal acceleration and find out the expressions for both.
b) A converging pipe is 20 cm inlet and 10 cm outlet and 5 m long is lying in the vertical plane making an angle $45^{0}$ to the horizontal. The pipe is carrying the water $24 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{min}$. The pressure of the water at the inlet is 500 kPa , find the pressure of the water at the exit.
3. a) Describe Reynolds experiments to demonstrate the two types of flow.
b) An oil of sp.gr. 0.9 and viscosity 0.06 poise is flowing through a pipe of diameter 200 mm at the rate of 60 liters $/ \mathrm{s}$. Find the head lost due to friction for a 500 m length of pipe. Find the power required to maintain this flow.
4. a) Obtain an expression for the force exerted by a jet of water on a fixed vertical plate in the direction of the jet.
b) A jet of water of diameter 100 mm moving with a velocity of $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ strikes a curved fixed symmetrical plate at the center. Find the force exerted by the jet of water in the direction of the jet, if the jet is deflected through an angle of $120^{\circ}$ at the outlet of the curved plate.
5. a) Explain load factor, utilization factor and capacity factor. What is the significance of them?
b) The average annual yield of a river at a dam site is 2000 ha-m. Assuming that the entire yield is available for power generation, estimate the water power potential. The average net head available is 52 m . Also estimate the available energy. Take efficiency of turbine as $80 \%$ and the efficiency of the generator as $90 \%$.
6. A Francis turbine is fitted with a straight conical draft tube of height 6 m and diameters 1 m at top and 2 m at bottom. The draft tube is submerged in the tail race to a height of 1.5 m . The velocity of water at the draft tube inlet is $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Assume that the friction head lost in tube is 0.125 times the velocity head at inlet. Compute the efficiency of the draft tube and the vacuum pressure of water at the draft tube inlet. What is the head and power saved by the draft tube?
7. a) Derive the equation of unit speed and unit discharge of a turbine.
b) What is cavitation? How can it be avoided in reaction turbine?
8. a) Discuss the detailed classification of pumps
b) What precautions are to be taken while starting and closing the pump?

## II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, Oct/Nov- 2017 DATA STRUCTURES <br> (Com. to CSE, IT, ECC)

Time: 3 hours
Max. Marks: 75

## Answer any FIVE Questions <br> All Questions carry Equal Marks

1. a) Differentiate between recursive and iterative algorithms.
b) Write a recursive algorithm that counts all occurrences of a given character in a string.
2. a) Write the algorithm for Radix Sort.
b) Using merge sort algorithm, merge the below two sorted lists.

61229378792 13212728294358677277
3. a) Device an algorithm to copy the contents of one stack to another preserving the order of elements. (A temporary stack may be used, if required)
b) Explain how queue operations can be implemented using stack.
4. a) With an example explain how linked list can be used to represent polynomial expressions.
b) Write a C program that accepts a list of integers from keyboard and creates a double linked list using them.
5. a) Write recursive algorithms for all tree traversal techniques.
b) For the tree given below, find out:
i) Ancestors of 9
ii) Siblings of 3
iii) Height of sub tree 4
iv) Degree of 2
v) Children of 5


1 of 2
6. a) What is a balanced binary search tree? Why trees are t be balanced? With examples list different types of balanced binary search trees.
b) Write an algorithm to find smallest and largest elements in a binary search tree.
7. a) If vertices of a graph are labeled from A to F , draw the pictorial form of graph
(7M) from the adjacency matrix given below:

$$
\left(\begin{array}{llllll}
1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0  \tag{8M}\\
1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\
1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right)
$$

And also represent the same graph using adjacency list.
b) State and explain Prim's algorithm with an example.
8. What is ADT? Describe the implementation of stack ADT.

