COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTIONS, STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES, INSTITUTIONAL ACRONYMS AND NOTES

FOR THE OKLAHOMA STATE REGENTS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

COURSE EQUIVALENCY PROJECT (CEP)

The following information was last updated (if applicable) in January 2020.

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NOTE: Common course descriptions for all foreign languages are found under World/Foreign Languages. In the CEP, however, specific languages (such as French) may have their own articulation tables and student learning outcomes.

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ACCOUNTING (AC)

Reviewed 9/2018

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ACCOUNTING I AND ACCOUNTING II	A study of accounting theories and concepts involved in	Analyze economic events.
AC 201	analyzing, processing, interpreting, and communicating	2. Prepare journal entries.
	decision-making information for internal and external	3. Complete the corporate accounting cycle steps.
	uses. These courses are intended for majors and non-	4. Value current and long term assets.
	majors.	5. Value current and long term liabilities.
		6. Prepare corporate financial statements.
		7. Calculate stockholder's equity.
		8. Utilize financial information for decision making.
		9. Evaluate cost flows.
		10. Develop managerial reports.
		11. Analyze cost-volume-profit (CVP) effects.
		12. Develop comprehensive budgets.
		13. Evaluate operational performance utilizing various techniques.
		Demonstrate capital budgeting techniques.

AMERICAN INDIAN STUDIES (AI)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
AMERICAN INDIAN HISTORY	American Indian tribal, individual, federal, state, local	None.
AI 000	histories, as well as analysis of American Indian	
	histories.	
OKLAHOMA INDIAN HISTORY	Oklahoma Indian tribal, state, individual, and local	None.
AI 001	histories and analysis of Oklahoma Indian histories.	
AMERICAN INDIAN LITERATURE	American Indian authors books, poetry, prose, and	None.
AI 002	other American Indian focused literary compositions.	
CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN INDIAN	Study of American Indian authors, books, prose, and	None.
LITERATURE	other American Indian focused literary compositions	
AI 003	since 1960.	
TRADITIONAL AMERICAN INDIAN	Study of American Indian authors, books, prose, and	None.
LITERATURE	other American Indian focused literary compositions	
AI 004	before 1960, including oral tradition.	
AMERICAN INDIAN LANGUAGE	Introduction, development, acquisition, practice, and	None.
AI 005	maintenance of Oklahoma American Indian tribal	
	languages.	
AMERICAN INDIAN CULTURE	Identification, exploration, comprehension, and analysis	None.
AI 006	of American Indian ceremony, customs, values, social,	
	political, and other areas of American Indian	
	experiences.	
AMERICAN INDIAN INTERCULTURAL	Study of cross-cultural communication as it pertains to	None.
COMMUNICATION	American Indians (i.e. cultures, communication	
AI 007	concepts, intercultural communication problems and	
	approaches to their resolutions.)	
AMERICAN INDIAN HUMANITIES	American Indian art, music, dance, drama, design, film,	None.
AI 008	and video.	
AMERICAN INDIAN VISUAL ARTS	Study focuses upon artworks within their historical and	None.
AI 009	social context and the aesthetic, cultural, and symbolic	
	meanings of traditional and contemporary American	
	Indian Art.	
AMERICAN INDIAN MUSIC	None.	None.
AI 010		
AMERICAN INDIAN DANCE	None.	None.
AI 011		

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
AMERICAN INDIAN EDUCATION AI 012	Courses with specific focus on the histories, developments, and philosophies, policies, methods, and practices of American Indian education.	None.
AMERICAN INDIAN CONTEMPORARY ISSUES AI 013	Current American Indian issues, concerns, communication, developments, and positions. Relevant to federal, state, tribal, local, public, and private spheres.	None.
AMERICAN INDIAN PUBLIC POLICY AI 014	None.	None.
AMERICAN INDIAN TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS AI 015	The study of American Indian tribal governments.	None.
AMERICAN INDIAN LEADERSHIP AI 016	None.	None.
AMERICAN INDIAN LAW AI 017	None.	 Explain the basic history of Indian-U.S. relations and explain the fundamental legal decisions, treaties, executive orders, and actions that form U.S. federal Indian policy. Examine the complexity of issues relative to Native American political sovereignty. Evaluate the legal arguments for Native peoples' self-government and self-determination. Explain the key terms, concepts, and academic theories associated with sovereignty and the scope of tribal sovereignty. Evaluate the complex relationships between the federal government and Native peoples.
AMERICAN INDIAN PHILOSOPHIES AI 018	Courses with focus on systems of presentation, understanding, and explaining the relationships between human beings and the natural world in American Indian cultures.	 Analyze the basic elements of Native American philosophies and explain the fundamental differences between Native and Western views. Examine the complexities of traditional Native philosophies, how knowledge is experiential, communally, and interrelated/interconnected. Define the various contemporary Native philosophies and how they contribute to the resilience and rebuilding of Native America today, including sovereignty, political activism, and economic development. Explain key concepts, terms, and theories associated with traditional tribal and contemporary philosophies.
AMERICAN INDIAN ANTHROPOLOGY AI 019	American Indian ethnology, archaeology, cultural, political, social, and other related anthropological areas.	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
AMERICAN INDIAN SPECIAL TOPICS AI 020	Courses with American Indian focus not fitting the aforementioned categories.	None.
INTRODUCTION TO NATIVE AMERICAN STUDIES AI 021	Introductory to Native American Studies disciplines, related careers, personal and academic development for prospective and declared Native American Studies students.	 Analyze the various issues and areas of study that comprise Native American-Native American Studies and Native American experiences. Explain the complexity of issues (cultural, legal, racial, social, political, imperial, economic, colonial, health and wellness, philosophical, spiritual, environmental, tribal, and traditional) related to Native peoples before, during, and after contact with non-indigenous peoples. Identify the unique relationship of the federal government with Native peoples and the complexity of that relationship manifested in treaties, laws, and court decisions, and be able to articulate and compare and contrast between the concepts of tribal sovereignty, inherent sovereignty, and cultural sovereignty. Explain the key terms, academic philosophies (indigenous and non-indigenous), traditional ideologies, and concepts related to the study of Native American people. Compare and contrast the differences between the complex cultural and world views of various American Indian groups and European peoples, and to demonstrate understanding of the complexities that formulate that cross-cultural relationship.
AMERICAN INDIAN SOVEREIGNTY	Examines the nature of political sovereignty and how it	None.
AI 022	is exercised in American Indian Nations.	
AMERICAN INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AI 023	Survey of the basic concepts of economic development of American Indian Nations.	None.

AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE (SL)

Reviewed 9/2019

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE I SL 101	An introduction to American Sign Language which includes the development of receptive and expressive skills in authentic situations and an introduction to Deaf culture.	Compose messages on familiar topics Respond to brief messages on familiar topics Use culturally-appropriate behaviors when interacting with mixed groups of deaf and hearing people Identify ASL linguistic features Converse with members of the deaf community
AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE II SL 102	Continuation of American Sign Language I. This course further develops receptive and expressive skills in American Sign Language in authentic situations and expands the study of Deaf cultures.	1. Construct a simply narrative with elements such as agreement verbs, classifiers, two person role-shift and cohesion 2. Express moderately complex (two-three syllable) fingerspelled words as well as commonly fingerspelled words 3. Coordinate moderately complex directions with turns and non-dominant referencing 4. Express numbers for time, money, and years 5. Examine deaf cultural norms such as name signs, keeping others informed, deaf artists, and ASL students/deaf community interaction
AMERICAN SIGN LANGUAGE III SL 103	Continuation of American Sign Language II. This course emphasizes the receptive comprehension and expression of advanced ASL grammatical structures and use of expanded knowledge of deaf cultural norms will be applied to engagement with the deaf community.	Create an ASL Narrative with appropriate ASL grammar and production Implement ASL conversational strategies Use advanced number concepts Use classifiers in a description Operate with deaf cultural norms in community interaction

ANTHROPOLOGY (AN)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GENERAL ANTHROPOLOGY	An introduction to the anthropological way of thinking	1. Define the discipline of anthropology
AN 101	about human evolution, prehistory, cross-cultural	2. Identify key characteristics of each sub-discipline within anthropology
	variation and language.	3. Explain major methods and theoretical approaches used in each
		sub-disciplines
	An introduction to the cross-cultural study of human	Describe the cultural diversity of societies globally
INTRODUCTION TO CULTURAL	society.	2. Apply a culturally relative perspective to analysis of societies
ANTHROPOLOGY		3. Identify basic methods and theories central to the practice of cultural
AN 102		anthropology
DUVCICAL ANTUDODOLOGY	The arrive and mostly also of authorized and arrive the arrange are	4. Recognize the interactive of culture and social institutions
PHYSICAL ANTHROPOLOGY	Theories and methods of anthropology with emphasis	None.
AN 203 INTRODUCTION TO ARCHEOLOGY	on human biological development. An introduction to method and theory in archaeology.	None.
AN 204	An introduction to method and theory in archaeology.	Notice.
INTRODUCTION TO NORTH AMERICAN	An overview of Native society and culture north of	None.
INDIANS	Mexico from pre-Columbian time to present.	None.
AN 210	Wexico from pre columbian time to present.	
INTRODUCTION TO THE ANTHROPOLOGY	None.	None.
OF RELIGION		
AN 220		
TOPICS IN ANTHROPOLOGY	Acquaints the student with a topic within a sub-	None.
AN 299	discipline of anthropology.	
CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY	The cross-cultural study of the institutions of human	None.
AN 302	society.	
NORTH AMERICAN INDIAN CULTURES	An examination of the cultural diversity of selected	None.
AN 310	indigenous peoples.	
ARCHEOLOGY OF NORTH AMERICA	Overview of the prehistory of North America.	None.
AN 315		
LANGUAGE AND CULTURE	Relationships between language and culture.	None.
AN 371		
ANTHROPOLOGY OF RELIGION	Anthropological approaches to the study of religion.	None.
AN 380		<u></u>
COMPARATIVE CULTURES	Comparison of selected societies.	None.
AN 402	Company of court company on circling off action Alleting	Nava
CONTEMPORARY NATIVE AMERICAN	Survey of contemporary social issue effecting Native	None.
ISSUES AN 410	Americans.	
MEDICAL ANTHROPOLOGY	A study of human biological development, culture, and	None.
AN 470	evolution based on relationships to infectious disease;	NOIE.
AN 470	evolution based on relationships to infectious disease;	

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STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	the examination of indigenous, traditional, and	
	Western medical systems; and applied anthropology in	
	clinical settings	
CULTURE AND PERSONALITY	Relationships between culture and personality.	None.
AN 490		
ADVANCED TOPICS IN ANTHROPOLOGY	Acquaints the student with a sub-discipline of	None.
AN 499	anthropology through specialized study.	

ART (AA)

Revised 2/2014

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ART APPRECIATION	The study of art from a variety of different backgrounds	None.
AA 005	and cultures as both product and process. Aesthetic	
	judgment making in evaluation of art from different	
	times and places is stressed.	
ART HISTORY SURVEY I	Art History Survey I is a study of the arts, artists, and their	None.
AA 015	cultures from the Prehistoric man through the Early	
	Renaissance.	
ART HISTORY SURVEY II	Art History Survey II is a study of the arts, artists, and	None.
AA 016	their cultures from the Early Renaissance to the	
	present.	
ART HISTORY SURVEY III	None.	None.
AA 017		
ART HISTORY SURVEY IV	None.	None.
AA 018		
BLACK AND WHITE	Black and White Photography I will cover basic film	None.
PHOTOGRAPHY	camera operations as well as black and white film	
AA 024	processing and printing.	
BLACK AND WHITE	None.	None.
PHOTOGRAPHY II		
AA 025		
BLACK AND WHITE	None.	None.
PHOTOGRAPHY III		
AA 026		
BLACK AND WHITE	None.	None.
PHOTOGRAPHY IV		
AA 027		
CERAMICS I	Ceramics I covers a variety of building, techniques,	None.
AA 030	glazing, and ceramics terminology.	N
CERAMICS II	Ceramics II continues to develop the student's skills in a	None.
AA 031	variety of ceramic techniques. Students will continue	
	to develop their glazing, and knowledge of ceramics	
CERAMICS III	and its terminology.	None
	None.	None.
CERAMICS IV	None	Nana
	None.	None.
AA 033 COLOR	Exploration and analysis of the theories and application	Nana
AA 040	of color. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
AA U4U	oi color. (Revised replacity of 2014)	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY I	Color Photography I will cover color positive or slide	None.
AA 043	exposure, processing and printing.	
COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY II	None.	None.
AA 044		
CRAFTS I	Crafts I is an introduction to the crafts and will cover a	None.
AA 048	variety of projects, with emphasis on artistic merit.	
DIGITAL IMAGING AND PRINTING I	Exploration of methods and techniques used in creating	None.
AA 053	and altering digital images. (Revised February of 2014)	
DIGITAL IMAGING AND PRINTING II	None.	None.
AA 054		
DRAWING I	Drawing I will develop the students understanding of	None.
AA 056	the basic concepts of drawing and their powers of	
	observation. Students will work with various media	
	utilizing a variety of sources and environments.	
DRAWING II	Drawing II will continue to develop the students	None.
AA 057	understanding of the concepts of drawing. Students	
	will continue to develop their skills in media by using a	
	variety of sources and environments.	
DRAWING III	None.	None.
AA 058		
DRAWING IV	None.	None.
AA 059		
ETCHING/INTAGLIO I	Introduces students to various intaglio processes.	None.
AA 062	(Revised February of 2014)	
ETCHING/INTAGLIO II	None.	None.
AA 063		
FIGURE DRAWING I	Figure Drawing I includes study in gesture and finished	None.
AA 066	drawings of the model. Emphasis will be placed on	
	pose, composition, and a variety of media.	
FIGURE DRAWING II	Figure Drawing II will continue to develop study in	None.
AA 067	gesture and finished drawings of the model. Students	
	will further their skills in use of media and papers.	
FUNDAMENTAL OF ART I	Fundamentals of Art I is a study of the principal	None.
AA 080	elements of two-dimensional design. Those elements	
	include color, perspective, fundamental drawing,	
	concepts, and compositional elements. By using a	
	variety of materials students will apply the information	
	to a series of studio assignments.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
FUNDAMENTALS OF ART II	A continuation of Fundamentals of Art I. The course is a	None.
AA 081	study and analysis of three dimensional art forms by	
	using, a variety of materials and processes. The student	
	will complete a series of studio assignments.	
GRAPHIC DESIGN I	Graphic Design I will cover typography and graphic	None.
AA 086	design. Students will work in a variety of media	
	including the computer.	
JEWELRY I	Jewelry I will develop the student's skills in metal	None.
AA 113	forming, casting, and fabrication. Emphasis will be on	
	artistic design and craftsmanship.	
JEWELRY II	None.	None.
AA 114		
LITHOGRAPHY I	None.	None.
AA 117		
LITHOGRAPHY II	None.	None.
AA 118		
PAINTING I	Painting I will develop skills in opaque painting,	None.
AA 130	stressing form and content, visual appreciation, and	
	individual expression.	
PAINTING II	Painting II will continue to develop the student's skills in	None.
AA 131	opaque painting. The course will continue to stress	
	form and content, visual appreciation, and individual	
	expression.	
PAINTING III	None.	None.
AA 132		
PAINTING IV	None.	None.
AA 133		
PERSPECTIVE I	Perspective is an introduction to the essentials of	None.
AA 135	perspective and use of compositional principles for	
	further instruction in drawing and painting. This course	
	uses a variety of media.	
PRINTMAKING I	Printmaking I will cover basic media and processes	None.
AA 139	involved in the relief and intaglio processes.	
PRINTMAKING II	None.	None.
AA 140		
SERIGRAPHY I	Serigraphy I introduces the student to both hand and	None.
AA 150	photo stencil and screen print methods. Each student	
	will produce a body of work exploring the image making	
	potential of screen printing techniques. Strong	
	emphasis will be placed on exploring color, design, and	
	personal creativity.	

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STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
SERIGRAPHY II	Serigraphy II involves advanced studies in utilizing	None.
AA 151	screen-printing techniques. Students will produce a	
	body of work that emphasizes the exploration of color,	
	design, and personal creativity.	
SCULPTURE I	Sculpture I is a creative approach to sculpture	None.
AA 154	techniques and form exploration using a variety of	
	media.	
SCULPTURE II	Sculpture II will continue to develop student skills in the	None.
AA 155	methods and study of the sculptural form. The course	
	will continue to stress methods, materials, concepts,	
	and artistic style.	
WATERCOLOR I	Watercolor I will develop skills in watercolor painting,	None.
AA 171	stressing form and composition, visual perception, and	
	individual expression.	
WATER COLOR II	Watercolor II will continue to develop skills in	None.
AA 172	watercolor painting. The course will continue to stress	
	form and composition, visual perception, and individual	
	expression.	
WATERCOLOR III	None.	None.
AA 173		
WATERCOLOR IV	None.	None.
AA 174		
WEAVING I	None.	None.
AA 176		
ART HISTORY OF NON-WESTERN	A survey of non-western art from the Paleolithic to	None.
CULTURE	contemporary. (Revised February of 2014)	
AA 183		

BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES (BI)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GENERAL BIOLOGY (NON-MAJORS) BI 101	Introductory non-majors biology course with lab. This course includes key concepts in biology (evolution, animals, plants and prokaryotes) plus emphasized material selected by individual institutions and faculty. Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No prerequisites.	 Identify the properties of life. Apply the scientific methodology to the study of life and natural phenomena. Explain the biochemical processes of life. Identify evolutionary processes and supporting evidence. Categorize the hierarchy of life. Apply biological concepts to societal issues.
GENERAL BIOLOGY (MAJORS) BI 102	Introductory majors biology course with lab. This course includes an overview of fundamental biological concepts including metabolism, homeostasis, heredity, evolution, and ecology at the cellular and organismal levels. It provides the foundation for other advanced courses in the biological sciences. Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No prerequisites. At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	 Examine characteristics common to life. Identify the chemical components of life. Describe metabolic processes as they relate to homeostasis. Analyze cell types and cellular reproduction. Relate heredity and evolution to organisms and ecosystems. Apply scientific inquiry to predict outcomes. Classify and compare major groups of organisms.
GENERAL BIOLOGY I (MAJORS) BI 103	One of a two-semester sequence of introductory biology courses with labs designed specifically for Biology majors. This course sequence includes in-depth study of fundamental biological principles and concepts, including metabolism, homeostasis, heredity, evolution, and ecology at the subcellular, cellular, and organismal levels. Coverage includes animal, plant, and microbial biology. They provide the foundation for other advanced courses in the biological sciences. Since the distribution of topics may vary among programs, both courses must be taken from the same institution to meet equivalency approval (if this is not the case, single courses can transfer at the discretion of the receiving institution). Minimum of eight semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No pre-requisites. At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GENERAL BIOLOGY II (MAJORS)	One of a two-semester sequence of introductory	None.
BI 104	biology courses with labs designed specifically for	
	Biology majors. This course sequence includes in-depth	
	study of fundamental biological principles and	
	concepts, including metabolism, homeostasis, heredity,	
	evolution, and ecology at the subcellular, cellular, and	
	organismal levels. Coverage includes animal, plant, and	
	microbial biology. They provide the foundation for	
	other advanced courses in the biological sciences.	
	Since the distribution of topics may vary among	
	programs, both courses must be taken from the same	
	institution to meet equivalency approval (if this is not	
	the case, single courses can transfer at the discretion of	
	the receiving institution). Minimum of eight semester	
	hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No pre-requisites. At	
	least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face	
	instruction (added 09/2011).	
GENERAL BOTANY	Introductory majors course covering the study of plants	None.
BI 201	and related organisms with lab. May include key	
	concepts in biology. Minimum of four semester hours	
	(lecture plus lab) credit. No prerequisites. At least 75%	
	of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction	
	(added 09/2011).	
PLANT ANATOMY	Major course in plant anatomy with lab. Minimum of	None.
BI 205	three semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. Required	
	prerequisites: introductory majors life science course.	
	At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face	
	instruction (added 09/2011).	
MICROBIOLOGY	Introductory majors course in microbiology with	None.
BI 301	minimum of three clock hours of laboratory per week.	
	Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus lab)	
	credit. Required prerequisite: introductory general	
	chemistry course. At least 75% of the lab component	
	must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
COMPARATIVE VERTEBRATE ANATOMY BI 401	Major course that covers the anatomy, morphology, and evolution of vertebrates, including laboratory studies involving extensive vertebrate dissections. Minimum of three clock hours of laboratory per week. Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. Recommended prerequisites: introductory	None.
	majors course in life science. At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	
HUMAN ANATOMY BI 406	Single semester human anatomy majors course with lab. Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. Lab materials include either human cadaver or other appropriate mammalian dissections. Recommended prerequisite: introductory majors course in life science. OR Both semesters of two-semester majors sequence in human anatomy and physiology with labs. Laboratory includes physiology, histology, and dissections of human cadavers or other appropriate mammalian dissections. Minimum of eight semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit (combined for both semesters). Required prerequisite: introductory general chemistry. Recommended prerequisite: introductory majors life science course. At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	None.
HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY BI 425	None. At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY	Single semester human physiology majors course with	None.
BI 465	lab. Minimum of four semester hour (lecture plus lab)	
	credit. Required prerequisite: introductory general	
	chemistry course. Recommended prerequisite:	
	introductory majors life science course.	
	OR	
	Both semesters of two-semester majors sequence in	
	human anatomy & physiology with labs. Laboratory	
	includes physiology, histology, and dissections of human	
	cadavers or other appropriate mammalian dissections.	
	Minimum of eight semester hours (lecture plus lab)	
	credit (combined for both semesters). Required	
	prerequisite: introductory general chemistry.	
	Recommended prerequisite: introductory majors life	
	science course.	
	At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face	
	instruction (added 09/2011).	
GENERAL ZOOLOGY	Introductory majors course covering the study of	None.
BI 701	animals and related organisms with lab. Topics include	
	such areas as taxonomy, systematics, anatomy,	
	physiology, ecology, behavior, and evolution. Minimum	
	of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No	
	prerequisites. At least 75% of the lab component must	
	be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	
INVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY	Major course in the study of non-vertebrate animals	None.
BI 714	with lab. Minimum of four semester hours (lecture plus	
	lab) credit. Required prerequisite: majors life science	
	course. At least 75% of the lab component must be	
	face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	
GENERAL ENTOMOLOGY	Major course in the study of insects. Minimum of three	None.
BI 724	semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. Required	
	prerequisite: introductory majors life science course.	
	At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face	
	instruction (added 09/2011).	
HUMAN GENETICS	Major course in the study of human heredity.	None.
BI 851	Minimum of three semester hours credit. Required	
	prerequisite: introductory level major course in life	
	science.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
TERMINOLOGY AND WORD ORIGINS	Introductory course in the study of the origin,	None.
BI 903	construction, meaning, and pronunciation of terms	
	used in the life sciences and related fields. Minimum of	
	two semester hours credit.	
INTRODUCTION TO CELL BIOLOGY	Introductory majors course in the study of cellular	None.
BI 905	structure, physiology, and concepts with lab. Minimum	
	of four semester hours (lecture plus lab) credit. No	
	prerequisites. At least 75% of the lab component must	
	be face-to-face instruction (added 09/2011).	
INTRODUCTION TO WILDLIFE	Introductory major course in the study of wildlife.	None.
BI 907	Minimum of three semester hours credit. Required	
	prerequisite: introductory majors life science course.	

BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS (BC)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
BUSINESS COMMUNICATION	Business Communications is a survey course of	Demonstrate proper formatting in business writings.
BC 001	communications skills in the business environment.	2. Construct appropriate business writing in a variety of business situations.
	Course content includes writing genres specific to	3. Model professional business behaviors.
	business, delivering oral presentations, and developing	4. Apply business communication techniques in oral, written, and electronic
	interpersonal skills. Critical thinking and problem	presentations.
	solving skills are emphasized. Development of these	5. Make use of interpersonal strategies to address cultural differences and
	skills is integrated with the use of technology.	diversity in the workplace.
		6. Communicate with ethical professionalism in various levels of business
		settings.
		7. Utilize appropriate electronic elements in oral and written
		communications.

CHILD DEVELOPMENT (CD)

Reviewed 09/2019

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO CHILD DEVELOPMENT	Study of physical, social, emotional, and cognitive	Describe physical, cognitive, social and emotional development.
CD 005	development of children from conception through	Describe biological and environmental influences on growth and
	adolescence.	development.
		Compare and contrast development changes in diverse sociocultural settings.
		4. Identify developmental milestones.
MAADDIACE AND FAMILY DEVELOPMENT	Duilding volationships deting aggregate and	
MARRIAGE AND FAMILY DEVELOPMENT	Building relationships, dating, engagement, and	None.
CD 010 INFANCY AND EARLY CHILDHOOD	marriage in present day society. Study of prenatal development through early childhood	None.
DEVELOPMENT	with an emphasis on developmental stages and	None.
CD 015	behavior. Utilizes discussion and field experience.	
	Developmental needs and behavior of young children,	None.
CHILD GUIDANCE (with lab)		Notie.
CD 020	with emphasis on methods and principles of guidance. Supervised lab experience required.	
FAMILIES /CLIPDENT ISSUES	Study of critical issues affecting men, women, children	None
FAMILIES/CURRENT ISSUES CD 025	and families. Focus is on causes as well as methods for	None.
CD 023	coping with changes.	
FAMILY DEVELOPMENT	Centered around the family as it moves through the	None.
CD 030	stages of the family life cycle, emphasizing development	Notie.
CD 030	and relationship of family members.	
CHILD GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT	This course will identify patterns of the physical,	Interpret the different principles and theories of child development.
CD 101	intellectual and emotional/psycho-social development	Describe the different scientific methods used to study child
CD 101	of children. The course will recognize the major theories	development.
	of human development as they apply to children.	Identify the physical, cognitive, social and emotional changes that
	or numan development as they apply to emidrem.	influence child development.
		Explain the different cultural and environmental influences of child
		development.
		5. Summarize relevant literature.
CHILD GUIDANCE	This course presents the theoretical basis for the use of	None.
CD 102	positive, constructive child guidance and discipline	
	techniques in programs serving children.	
CHILD AND FAMILY IN THE COMMUNITY	Course emphasis on promoting optimum development	None.
CD 103	and support of families and children within programs	
	and the larger community.	
CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS	Course focuses on children with special abilities and	None.
CD 104	implementing practical strategies for inclusion.	
FOUNDATIONS AND PROFESSIONALISM	Course explores the early childhood profession and its	None.
IN PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN	multiple historical, philosophical, and social foundations,	

CD 105	including how these foundations influence current thought and practice.		
CHILD HEALTH, SAFETY AND NUTRITION CD 106	The identification and implementation of best practices for health, safety, and nutrition in a variety of early childhood settings.	None.	
EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION		STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
LANGUAGE AND LITERACY DEVELOPMENT CD 107	The study of language development and emergent literacy theories and practices.	None.	
CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS 108	The study of creativity with appropriate experiences in play, music, art and motor skills.	None.	
INTEGRATED CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT CD 109	Course covers how to create, evaluate, and select developmentally appropriate materials, equipment, and environments that support children's early learning. Provides the opportunity to plan, implement, and evaluate an integrated curriculum that focuses on children's needs and interests and takes into account culturally valued content and children's home experiences.	None.	
COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT AND DEVELOPMENTALLY APPROPRIATE EXPERIENCES CD110	This course focuses on cognitive development, cognitive theories, and developmentally appropriate learning experiences for young children birth to eight years. These courses include the study and planning of suitable activities in numeracy, physical science, natural science and the social sciences. Students learn about young children's cognitive development and reasoning processes.	None.	
INFANT-TODDLER PROGRAMMING (lab 24 or more hours) CD111	Course focuses on how to create, evaluate and select developmentally appropriate materials, equipment and environments that support the development and learning of children birth through 36 months. The course will include the student of developmental theories and the design and implementation of curriculum that is individually appropriate, age-stage appropriate and culturally appropriate.	None.	

INFANT-TODDLER PROGRAMMING (lab 23	Course focuses on how to create, evaluate, and select	None.
or less hours)	developmentally appropriate materials, equipment and	
CD112	environments that support the development and learning of children birth through 36 months. The course will include the student of developmental theories and the design and implementation of curriculum that is individually appropriate, age-stage appropriate and culturally appropriate.	
SUPERVISOR MANAGEMENT CD 114	Focus on how to effectively manage child care programs. Relevant and current issues in the field are addressed. Licensing requirements, managing staff, and ethical professional issues are studied. How to implement developmentally appropriate practices and how to create a positive and safe learning environment are included.	

CHEMISTRY (CH)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
DESCRIPTIVE CHEMISTRY CH 100	Descriptive Chemistry, a one semester course for non- science majors. This course is a survey of the fundamentals of inorganic and/or organic chemistry and may or may not include laboratory. Prerequisite: none.	None.
INTRODUCTION TO CHEMISTRY CH 110	Introductory Chemistry, a one-semester courses in preparation for the general chemistry sequence or for students with degree plan that has a one-semester chemistry requirement. This course includes fundamental knowledge of inorganic chemistry; with laboratory. Prerequisite: Elementary high school algebra skills.	None.
GENERAL ORGANIC AND BIOCHEMISTRY CH115	A one semester course targeted toward allied health professionals with general chemistry, organic chemistry and biochemistry; with lab. Prerequisite: Elementary high school algebra skills.	 Apply observations, safety and techniques to basic laboratory procedures, including a written component. Analyze and solve problems, including clinical calculations, using proper precision and units. Represent and analyze formation of molecular and ionic compounds and apply the rules of nomenclature to inorganic substances. Identify and make use of quantitative relationships from chemical formulas and chemical equations. Predict atomic structure and reactivity based on an element's position in the periodic table. Qualitatively apply gas law relationships Analyze the energy changes of physical and chemical processes Describe the properties of functional groups in organic chemistry. Classify biomolecules into macromolecular categories and describe their biological functions.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
CHEMISTRY I CH 120	Chemistry I, a course recommended for students in applied sciences, including paramedical sciences. This course includes nomenclature; stoichiometry; atomic structure; chemical bonding; solutions; gas laws and thermochemistry with laboratory. Co-requisite: intermediate algebra or two units of high school algebra.	 Apply observations, safety and techniques to basic laboratory procedures, including a written component. Solve problems using proper precision and units. Apply the rules of nomenclature to inorganic substances. Utilize quantitative relationships from chemical formulas and chemical equations. Classify reactions in aqueous solutions. Identify energy changes associated with chemical reactions and physical processes. Utilize the electronic structure of atoms and ions to explain observable periodic properties. Relate compound formation to chemical bonding, molecular geometry and polarity to explain physical properties.
CHEMISTRY II CH 130	Chemistry II is a continuation of CH 120 and includes equilibrium, kinetics, thermodynamics, electrochemistry, qualitative analysis, and may include other selected topics, with laboratory. Prerequisite: CH 120.	 Develop safe laboratory procedures using techniques including separation and titration including a written component with interpretation. Identify redox reactions and explain the importance of electron transfer in processes. Distinguish between homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibria and predict the shift in equilibrium when disturbed. Apply the fundamentals of kinetics to chemical systems. Classify aqueous equilibria utilizing pH and solubility rules.
GENERAL CHEMISTRY I CH 140	General Chemistry I is an algebra based course. This course includes nomenclature, atomic and molecular structure, stoichiometry, bonding, states of matter, thermochemistry, acids and bases, and gas laws; with laboratory. Co-requisite: College Algebra or equivalent.	 Apply observations, safety and techniques to basic laboratory procedures, including a written component. Analyze and solve problems using proper precision and units. Apply the rules of nomenclature to inorganic substances. Identify and make use of quantitative relationships from chemical formulas and chemical equations. Prepare solutions as well as analyze reactions in aqueous solutions. Analyze the energy changes of chemical reactions and physical processes. Predict the electronic structure of atoms and ions and be able to explain observable periodic properties. Demonstrate understanding of the formation of compounds including chemical bonding, molecular geometry and polarity in order to explain physical properties.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GENERAL CHEMISTRY II CH 150	General Chemistry II is an algebra based course. This course is a continuation of CH140 with emphasis on kinetics, equilibrium, thermodynamics, electrochemistry, qualitative analysis, organic chemistry, biochemistry, and nuclear chemistry; with laboratory Prerequisite: CH140.	 Develop safe laboratory procedures using techniques including filtration, spectroscopy, and titration. Communicate observations and data interpretation in written form. Identify and describe the attractive forces that exist between components of condensed phases and solutions (or mixtures) and apply these concepts to physical properties. Demonstrate understanding of redox reactions including quantitative relationships among free energy, equilibrium constant and electron transfer potential. Use the principles of thermodynamics to predict the position and direction of chemical equilibria. Explain chemical kinetics using collision theory and evaluate reaction orders using graphical analysis. Demonstrate understanding of homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibria, determine and evaluate the relationship between the equilibrium constant and the reaction quotient, and predict how an equilibrium system responds to perturbations. Apply the concepts of equilibria to pH calculations (acids, bases, salts, neutralization reactions and buffers) and to solubility calculations of slightly soluble salts.
ORGANIC / BIOCHEMISTRY	Organic/Biochemistry is a continuation course for	None.
CH 160	students whose major does not require other chemistry courses. This course is an introduction to organic and biochemistry. Prerequisite: One semester of CH 110 or higher.	
BRIEF ORGANIC CH 200	Brief Organic Chemistry, a one semester course in organic chemistry. This course includes general principles, methods of preparation, reactions and uses of both acylic and cyclic compounds. Prerequisite: CH 130 or CH 150.	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I CH 210	Organic Chemistry I is the first course of a two-semester sequence. This course is intended for science majors and pre-professional students. This course includes aliphatic and aromatic nomenclature, structure, stereochemistry, selected mechanisms and reactions with an introduction to interpretive spectroscopy. With laboratory: prerequisite: CH 150.	 Describe and apply the concepts of hybridization, bonding, molecular and electronic geometry, resonance, and formal charge to the structure and reactivity of organic molecules. Identify representative functional groups as well as name and draw structures of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, and alkyl halides according to IUPAC rules. Discuss the stereochemistry of organic compounds, identify their stereochemical relationships, and describe them using appropriate terms. Analyze the structure, conformation and stability of organic molecules using drawings (e.g. Newman or Fischer projections), and describe molecules in terms of strain and relative energies. Explain the effects of structure on acidity and basicity, and apply the concepts of Brønsted-Lowry acid-base equilibria to organic compounds and their reactions. Apply the Lewis definitions of acids and bases to electrophiles and nucleophiles. Propose valid mechanisms for electrophilic addition, free-radical substitution and addition, nucleophilic substitution, and elimination reactions. Relate these mechanisms to reaction coordinate energy diagrams, comparing competing pathways when appropriate, using thermodynamic and kinetic principles. Predict the products of, or identify the appropriate reagents for, the reactions of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes and alkyl halides. Describe the reactions in terms of stereochemistry and/or regiochemistry where applicable. Devise multi-step syntheses involving these functional groups. Interpret IR spectra to identify or classify organic compounds.
ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II CH 220	Organic Chemistry II is the second course of the two-semester sequence. This course continues the development of the chemistry of functional groups with emphasis on aldehydes & ketones, carboxylic acids, amines, and phenols in both aliphatic and aromatic compounds then concludes with the introduction of biological molecules. Mechanisms and stereochemistry are emphasized in all reactions. The continued application of spectra is fundamental with laboratory time of 3-6 hours per week. With laboratory: prerequisite: CH 210.	None.

COMMUNICATION (CM)

Revised 02/2013

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
CONFLICT MANAGEMENT	This course focuses on the role of communication in	None.
CM 001	conflicts that occur in personal, professional, and	
	cultural contexts. These contexts may include	
	intrapersonal and interpersonal relations, family, inter-	
	group, organizational, and cross-cultural conflicts.	
	Emphasis is placed the analysis of conflict situations	
	and the application of effective conflict management.	
FAMILY COMMUNICATION	This course is designed to introduce students to the	None.
CM 002	basic concepts and theories regarding communication	
	patterns in family settings. Topics may include power	
	and control, parent-child communication, sibling	
	communication, communication roles in the family, and	
	current societal and historical considerations	
	concerning gender and family relationships. The course	
	will also examine the history of and changing nature of	
	communication in the family.	
INTERVIEWING	This course is a study of the interviewing process as a	None.
CM 003	technique for gathering information appropriate to a	
	broad range of interviewing situations. These may	
	include employment, appraisals, reprimand, sales,	
	counseling, and media interviews. The course also may	
	focus on interviewing as a strategy for research and a	
	means for collecting information from mass media.	
LEADERSHIP	This course introduces the concepts that are central to	None.
CM 004	effective leadership that is enacted in various	
	communication environments. Topics may include a	
	communication skills model for leadership, networking,	
	the leader's role in decision making, promoting positive	
	work relationships, the leader as visionary,	
	characteristics of competent leadership, attributes of	
	teams, and creation of effective work climates.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION	This course will introduce students to organizational	None.
CM 005	communication research and theory and require them to	
	display both theoretical and practical knowledge of	
	processes that individuals use to succeed in their	
	careers. The types of organizations studied may include	
	businesses, government organizations, hospitals,	
	schools, industrial firms, media, community	
	organizations, as well as professional, social,	
	educational, and political groups.	
PERSUASION	This course provides a survey of major theories of	None.
CM 006	persuasion that explain how to change another person's	
	attitudes and behavior as well as evaluate the persuasive	
	appeals of other advocates. Students will enhance	
	message construction skills as well as critical thinking	
	skills. The course includes discussions of classical	
	persuasion, theories of attitude change, and	
	interpersonal compliance gaining strategies. The	
	application of persuasion will be studied in a variety of	
	contexts.	
POLITICAL COMMUNICATION	This course is a study of the rhetoric of social movements	None.
CM007	and political campaigns. Students employ principles and	
	methods of critical analysis, both historical and	
	contemporary, to interpret and evaluate political	
	persuasion. It includes the analysis of speeches as well	
	the impact of the mass media on political power.	

COMPUTER SCIENCE (CS)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ELEMENTARY COMPUTER LITERACY	A course with no prerequisites intended for both CS	1. The learner/student will construct word processing documents using a
CS 000	majors and non-majors. This course involves training in	variety of advanced and automated formats.
	spreadsheets, databases, word-processing, ethics,	2. The learner/student will construct spreadsheets to computer and analyze
	vocabulary, internet skills, and file system	data.
	management.	3. The learner/student will build visually dynamic presentations.
PROG FUNDAMENTALS	A course with no prerequisites intended for both CS	Describe problem solutions using flow charts and pseudocode
CS 001	majors and non-majors. This course involves logic,	2. Identify elements of programming
	pseudo-code, flow charts, statement sequencing,	3. Verify computer programs
	conditional statements, loop structures, and	4. Create computer programs
	input/output. It may be in any programming language	
	or language independent.	
ELEMENTARY PROCEDURAL PROG IN	A course in procedural programming, taught in the	None.
BASIC	Basic language. This course includes basic control	
CS 004	structures, files, input/output, single and multi-	
	dimensional arrays, searching, and sorting.	
ELEMENTARY PROCEDURAL PROG IN "C"/	A course in procedural programming, taught in either	None.
"C++"	the C or C++ language. This course includes basic	
CS 005	control structures, files, input/output, single and multi-	
	dimensional arrays, searching, and sorting. This course	
	is distinguished from CS 008 by using a procedural	
	design process.	
ELEMENTARY PROG IN COBOL CS 006	A first course in COBOL programming, ending with a	None.
	study of one-dimensional tables, including searching.	
ELEMENTARYPROG IN VISUAL BASIC	A first course in Visual Basic programming. This course	None.
CS 007	includes graphical user interface design, event driven	
	programming, tool box controls and properties, basic	
	control structures, and dynamic arrays.	
ELEMENTARY OBJECT ORIENTED PROG IN	A course in object oriented programming, taught in the	None.
"C++"	"C++" language. This course includes basic control	
CS 008	structures, files, input/output, single and multi-	
	dimensional arrays, searching, and sorting. This course	
	is distinguished from CS 005 by using an object oriented	
	design process.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ELEMENTARY OBJECT ORIENTED PROG IN	A course taught in the Java language in object oriented	None.
JAVA	programming. This course includes basic control	
CS 009	structures, files, input/output, single and multi-	
	dimensional arrays, searching, and sorting.	
"C" PROG	A course in procedural programming in the "C"	None.
CS 011	language, with a prerequisite of prior programming	
	experience. This course includes dynamic memory	
	allocation, linked lists, stacks, queues, and binary trees.	
"C ++" PROG	A course in object oriented programming in the "C++"	None.
CS 012	language, with a prerequisite of prior programming	
	experience. This course includes dynamic memory	
	allocation, linked lists, stacks, queues, and binary trees,	
	polymorphism, inheritance, and encapsulation. The	
	design process used is object oriented.	
JAVA PROG	A course in object oriented programming in the Java	None.
CS 013	language, with a prerequisite of prior programming	
	experience. This course includes dynamic memory	
	allocation, linked lists, stacks, queues, and binary trees,	
	polymorphism, inheritance, and encapsulation. The	
	design process used is object oriented.	
COBOL PROG II	A second course in programming, using the COBOL	None.
CS 014	language. This course starts with multi-dimensional	
	arrays, and covers advanced data access management.	
GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE EVENT	This course includes graphical user interface design,	None.
DRIVEN PROG	event driven programming, tool libraries, basic control	
CS 015	structures, and dynamic arrays	
INTERNET PROG	Dynamic web pages, CGI, and client-server relations,	None.
CS 016	not based on web page creation tools.	
RAPID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT	Using graphical user interface to implement more	None.
CS 017	sophisticated applications. These include multiple	
	document interface (MDI), database access methods,	
	client/server systems, concepts of operating system	
	interface via application program interface (API) calls,	
	active components or their equivalent on other	
	platforms.	
DISCRETE MATHEMATICS FOR	An advanced, upper division, course in discrete	None.
COMPUTER SCIENCE	mathematics. Theory and application of discrete	
CS 018	mathematical models fundamental to analysis of	
	problems in computer science. Set theory, formal logic	
	and proof techniques, relations and functions,	
	combinations and probability, undirected and directed	
	graphs, Boolean algebra, switching logic.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
OBJECT ORIENTED PROG IN JAVA CS019	A course in object oriented programming in Java. This course includes encapsulation, data abstraction, poly morphism and inheritance.	None.
ELEMENTARY C# PROGRAMMING CS020	A course in object oriented programming, taught in the "C#" language. This course includes basic control structures, files, input/output, single and multidimensional arrays, searching, and sorting. This course is distinguished from CS 005 by using an object oriented design process.	None.
C# PROGRAMMING CS021	A course in object oriented programming in the "C#" language, with a prerequisite of prior programming experience. This course includes dynamic memory allocation, linked lists, stacks, queues, and binary trees, polymorphism, inheritance, and encapsulation. The design process used is object oriented.	None.
MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT FOR IOS CS 025	A course focusing on the fundamentals of mobile application development, design, and architecture. This course focuses on iOS development using Swift and XCode.	None.
MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT FOR Android CS 026	A course focusing on the fundamentals of mobile application development, design, and architecture. This course focuses on Android development using Java	None.
MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT FOR BOTH iOS AND Android CS 027	A course focusing on the fundamentals of mobile application development, design, and architecture. This course focuses on iOS and Android OS. This course will utilize scripting, XCode, Java and other mobile development environment.	None.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE (CJ)

Reviewed 9/2019

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO CRIMINAL JUSTICE	An overview of the criminal justice system, to include	1. Identify the components of the criminal justice system
CJ 101	police, courts and corrections as they pertain to both	2. Describe the history and development of the criminal justice system
	adults and juveniles. An understanding of the	3. Examine contemporary issues in criminal justice
	participants and their roles, in accomplishing the	4. Identify criminal justice theories
	missions of the criminal justice system.	
INTRODUCTION TO LAW ENFORCEMENT	History, development, and philosophy of law	1. Explain history and development of policing
CJ 102	enforcement in a democratic society; introduction to	2. Explain technology, practices, and training in policing
	agencies involved in the administration of criminal	3. Examine ethical issues, problems, and accountability in policing
	justice; career orientation.	
INTRODUCTION TO CORRECTIONS	An overview of the historical development and a	None.
CJ 103	complete analysis of the entire adult corrections	
	system.	
INTRODUCTION TO JUVENILE JUSTICE	An overview of the organization, function, and	None.
AND DELINQUENCY	jurisdiction of the juvenile justice system; methods of	
CJ 104	handling, processing and detention of juveniles; case	
	disposition, court procedures, and sociological	
	perspectives.	
CRIMINAL LAW I	The basic concepts of the theory of substantive criminal	None.
CJ 105	law including sources, classification of crimes,	
	anticipatory offenses, parties to crime, uncompleted	
	crimes, criminal liability, and defenses.	
CRIMINAL LAW II	An examination of the nature of the criminal acts of	None.
CJ 106	substantive criminal law defining the necessary	
	elements and punishment of each act.	
CRIMINAL PROCEDURES	Rules, principles, and concepts governing the	None.
CJ 108	enforcement of arrest, search, and seizure primarily	
	focusing on the 4 th , 5 th , and 6 th Amendments to the U.S.	
	Constitution.	
EVIDENCE	An analysis of the rules of evidence with an emphasis	None.
CJ 109	on the conceptual and definitional issues of	
	admissibility, relevancy, materiality, weight, burden of	
	proof, presumptions, types of evidence, judicial notice,	
	evidentiary privileges, best evidence, opinion evidence,	
	and hearsay evidence and its exceptions.	
FUNDAMENTALS OF CRIMINAL	An introduction to the fundamental of criminal	None.
INVESTIGATION	investigation, including theory and history, conduct at	
CJ 110	crime scenes, collection and preservation of evidence.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
POLICE COMMUNITY RELATIONS	An examination of the relationships existing between	None.
CJ 111	the police and the communities they serve. Emphasis	
	will be placed on the officer's role relative to the	
	community, crime prevention, civil rights, and the	
	elements of effective community relations.	
POLICE OPERATIONS PATROL	A study of the police patrol operation, its organization	None.
CJ 112	and measurement of effectiveness, assignment of	
	personnel, department policies, public relations, and	
	the use of equipment in patrol operations.	
TRAFFIC	Police responsibility in traffic control; organization of	None.
CJ 113	traffic and patrol division; routine traffic duties and	
	accident reports.	
CULTURAL DIVERSITY	The study of the differences and similarities of diverse	None.
CJ 114	groups and understanding of how these differences and	
	similarities are interrelated to the Criminal Justice	
	system components.	
POLICE ADMINISTRATION AND	The administration of a police agency with special	None.
ORGANIZATION	emphasis on organization, management, leadership,	
CJ 115	planning, training, budgeting, selecting and supervising	
	of police personnel.	

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (CE)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
FOUNDATIONS IN EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION CE 001	Overview of early childhood education, birth through eight years of age, with emphasis given to: historical roots and development of childhood education; contributions of leaders in the field; a description of programs that meet the needs of young children; and career opportunities for early childhood educators.	 Explain NAEYC Guidelines for Early Childhood Education to gain knowledge to advocate for children. Apply the NAEYC Code of Ethical Conduct to gain Knowledge to advocate for children. Recognize and utilize developmentally appropriate and effective practices in early childhood education. Explain the historical, social, and ethical foundations of early childhood education which enables the teacher to articulate a philosophy and rationale for appropriate principles and practices. Compare various theories and approaches to early childhood education. Identify behaviors that recognize and respect diversity, how it influences learning, and builds connections among children's families, communities, and schools.
HOME, SCHOOL, COMMUNITY RELATIONS CE 005	Overview of the impact of home, school, and community relationships as they affect the total educational experience of children from diverse backgrounds from birth through age eight. Examines the importance of family involvement in the schools and a variety of community resources available to both educators and families that enhance the educational experiences of the child. Techniques to develop and maintain home, community, and school communications will be explored.	 Analyze demographics of modern families and parenting patterns. Define parent involvement and describe perspectives and history of parent involvement in early childhood programs and schools. Demonstrate techniques and practices for developing effective parent partnerships. Identify and explain advocacy roles of teachers, parents, community and government. Examine and propose solutions to problems and issues confronting families with young children. Assess the functions and services offered by social service agencies, support services, and clinics in the local community, the State of Oklahoma, and on the national level.
INFANT AND TODDLER DEVELOPMENT CE 009	Explore models, principles, curriculum, and practices of developmentally appropriate infant-toddler care and education; develop the knowledge base, skills, and dispositions necessary to plan and facilitate the development of young children ages birth through two in group care settings. (added 02/2013)	Describe developmentally appropriate practices for infants and toddlers. Develop caregiving routines that maximize physical, psychosocial, and cognitive development for all infants and toddlers through respectful, responsive, and reciprocal practices. Critique infant/toddler environments for quality care and education and consider the role of parents and communities in the learning environment.

a culture. Appropriate methods, materials, and techniques for teaching art and music to children from birth through eight years of age are explored. CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS Explore stages of development of children from birth through age eight in the arts; develop techniques and materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. LANGUAGE AND LITERACY CE 020 After surveying language development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION Study of the approaches that recognize that direct relationships exist between health status, safety and	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CE 010	A general study into the field of child development by examining the changes that occur in a child's cognitive abilities, emotional patterns, motor behavior, and social capacities from birth to age eight from the perspective of an early childhood educator.	 Using current research, students will identify specific needs, characteristics, tasks, and problems corresponding to the various stages of child development. Determine and analyze sociocultural factors of families for diverse family structures Compare and contrast basic theories and information concerning human development and learning pertaining to the following stages of the lifecycle: prenatal, infancy, childhood, and adolescence.
relationship of the creative arts to the development of a culture. Appropriate methods, materials, and techniques for teaching art and music to children from birth through eight years of age are explored. CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS CE 017 Explore stages of development of children from birth through age eight in the arts; develop techniques and materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. LANGUAGE AND LITERACY CE 020 After surveying language development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION CE 030 CE 105 Explore stages of development of children from birth through eight years of age are explored. Explore stages of development of children from birth through eight views of development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight views of gient to experience of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. BEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION CE 030 Study of the approaches that recognize that direct relationships exist between health status, safety and the characteristics of children experiencing difficulty in language literacy development. Examine the physical growth of children and practices that meet their changing needs.		COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	
a culture. Appropriate methods, materials, and techniques for teaching art and music to children from birth through eight years of age are explored. CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS Explore stages of development of children from birth through age eight in the arts; develop techniques and materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. After surveying language development and techniques for its development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION Explore stages of development and music to children from birth through eight years of age, the candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. EXIDIDATE WORKS. Students will lentify developmentally meaningful and challenging curriculum using own knowledge, appropriate early learning standard and resources from the course. 4. Students will explain the importance of creative arts in the classroom. 4. Students will explain the importance of reative arts in the classroom. 5. Use knowledge of child development in facilitating developmentally appropriate activities in art, music and dramatic play appropriate activi	CREATIVE ARTS	· ·	
Explore stages of development of children from birth through age eight in the arts; develop techniques and materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. LANGUAGE AND LITERACY CE 020 After surveying language development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relations of the home language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION CE 030 Explore stages of development of children from birth through age eight in the arts; develop techniques and materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. After surveying language development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relations of them. 3. Identify and demonstrate understanding of the essential areas of read instruction: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and to comprehension. 4. Analyze the factors that contribute to language and literacy difficulty in language literacy development. EXAMPLE ALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION CE 030 Explore stages of development in facilitating development in facilitating developmentally appropriate activities in art, music and dramatic play appropriate activities. 5. Integrate art, music and dramatic play appropriate activities. 1. Assess and reflect on language development, between the interior plan and lear	CE 015	a culture. Appropriate methods, materials, and techniques for teaching art and music to children from	Students will identify developmentally meaningful and challenging curriculum using own knowledge, appropriate early learning standards and resources from the course.
materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics. LANGUAGE AND LITERACY CE 020 After surveying language development and techniques for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION Study of the approaches that recognize that direct relationships exist between health status, safety and	CREATIVE EXPRESSIONS	Explore stages of development of children from birth	
for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the home language in the development of young children. HEALTH, SAFETY, AND NUTRITION CE 030 To its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy of evelops in children birth-8. 2. Compare and contrast reading readiness and emergent literacy theoricand plan instruction based on them. 3. Identify and demonstrate understanding of the essential areas of readinest instruction: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and to comprehension. 4. Analyze the factors that contribute to language and literacy difficulties and the characteristics of children experiencing difficulty in language literacy development. Study of the approaches that recognize that direct relationships exist between health status, safety and	CE 017	materials to use in basic art media; develop skills and leadership in music activities; explore play, improvisation, and dramatization in creative dramatics.	 Recognize the importance of self-discovery to learning. Use knowledge of child development in facilitating developmentally appropriate activities in art, music and dramatic play. Design creative experiences based on the observations of children participating in art, music and dramatic play activities. Integrate art, music and dramatic play appropriately into the curriculum.
CE 030 relationships exist between health status, safety and changing needs.		for its development as it emerges from infancy through eight years of age, the candidate will plan and learn to provide opportunities that encourage the emergence of literacy. The candidate will also develop an understanding of respect for socio-cultural diversity of literacy development as well as the inter-relationships of culture, language thought and the function of the	 develops in children birth-8. 2. Compare and contrast reading readiness and emergent literacy theories and plan instruction based on them. 3. Identify and demonstrate understanding of the essential areas of reading instruction: phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and text comprehension. 4. Analyze the factors that contribute to language and literacy difficulties and the characteristics of children experiencing difficulty in language and
nutrition. Emphasis is intended for candidates working 2. Plan positive health routines for children within the framework of an e			 Examine the physical growth of children and practices that meet their changing needs. Plan positive health routines for children within the framework of an early

	who desire additional information about current concepts in the fields of health, safety and nutrition as they relate to children from birth through eight years of age.	 Plan appropriate snacks and meals for young children. Identify common childhood diseases and plan appropriate responses to their onset. Plan child-centered activities to promote young children's health, safety, and nutrition Identify symptoms of child abuse and describe appropriate responses when detected.
CHILD GUIDANCE WITH LAB CE 035	Study of developmental needs and behaviors of young children with emphasis on principles of guidance and methods of working with children from birth to age eight and families. Required observation and participation in early childhood settings.	 Select positive child guidance strategies that promote children's social and emotional development. Recognize diverse family and community characteristics and their influence on child development. Utilize observation and other appropriate assessment tools for gaining understanding of children's needs. Explore developmentally appropriate strategies for working with young children.

ECOLOGY (EC)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ECOLOGY	The quantitative study of the interrelationships	None.
EC 101	between organisms and their environments. Lab	
	component required. (Revised February of 2014)	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS	The study of interrelationships between humans and	Interpret scientific information related to environmental issues
EC 102	their environment.	2. Explain environmental issues in scientific terms
		Describe biotic and abiotic components of natural resources at multiple scales
		4. Describe ecological relationships among organisms (especially humans) and their environments
		5. Identify problems and evaluate solutions to anthropogenic environmental
		issues

ECONOMICS (BU)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PRINCIPLES OF MACROECONOMICS BU 410	Recommended course content topics include: Basic principles of demand and supply, national income accounting, business cycles, inflation and unemployment, determinants of the level of output, employment and prices, money and banking, fiscal policy, monetary policy, economic growth, international trade and finance.	 Utilize the theory of supply and demand to explain market outcomes. Interpret macroeconomic indicators, such as GDP, inflation, and unemployment. Compare and contrast fiscal and monetary policy. Identify factors affecting international trade and finance. Explain macroeconomic forces that affect the level of economic activity in the short run and long run. Identify the role of money and financial intermediaries in the macroeconomy. Explain the concepts of scarcity, choice, and opportunity cost and how they relate to decision making.
PRINCIPLES OF MICROECONOMICS BU 420	Recommended course content topics include: Basic principles of demand and supply, elasticity, opportunity cost, utility analysis, production and costs, market structures, factor market, government regulations, and international trade.	 Utilize the theory of supply and demand to explain market outcomes. Explain the concepts of scarcity, choice, and opportunity cost, and how they relate to decision making. Compare and contrast profit maximization under different market structures. Calculate elasticities. Explain how government intervention affects market efficiency. Identify the effects of international trade on the welfare of market participants.

ENGINEERING (EG)

Reviewed 09/2016

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
STATICS	Prerequisite: Differential Integral Calculus and Calculus	None.
EG 203	Based Physics of Mechanics.	
	Resultant's of vector force systems; moments about a	
	line and of a force; static equilibrium of particles, rigid	
	bodies and structures of particles, rigid bodies and	
	structures involving point and distributed loads, two	
	and three dimensional analysis of internal forces and	
	systems of structural members, fluid statics, using	
	integral calculus and parallel axis theorem to determine	
	moments of inertia of complex geometries, shear and	
	moment diagrams, friction, center of mass and centroid	
	calculations. Vector calculations (DOT and CROSS	
	products) and analysis of static systems.	
DYNAMICS	Prerequisite: Statics	None.
EG 213		
	Kinematics and kinetics of particles and systems of	
	particles using Cartesian, Normal-Tangential, and	
	Cylindrical coordinates, solutions obtained using	
	integral and differential calculus, constraint equations	
	for pulley systems, work-energy principles using vector	
	dot products, power and efficiency, potential functions	
	and conservative forces using the del operator,	
	impulse-momentum principles using vector equations,	
	central and oblique impact of particles and the use of	
	the coefficient of restitution, angular momentum	
	principles of particles, variable mass systems,	
	kinematics and kinetics of planar rigid bodies using	
	vector differentials and cross products, work energy	
	principles for planar rigid bodies, linear and angular	
	impulse momentum principles for planar rigid bodies	
	using vector cross products, three dimensional rigid	
	body kinematics using vector differentials and cross	
	products, introductory vibrations of systems of masses	
	using differential calculus.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
RIGID BODY MECHANICS	Prerequisites: Differential Integral Calculus and	None.
EG 223	Calculus based Physics of Mechanics. Vector	None.
10 223	representation of forces and moments; general three	
	dimensional theorems of statics; free bodies; two and	
	three dimensional statically determinate frames;	
	centroids and moments of inertia of areas. Absolute	
	motion of a particle; motion of rigid bodies; rotating	
	axes and the Coriolis component of acceleration;	
	Newton's laws applied to translating and rotating rigid	
	bodies; principles of work and energy and impulse and	
	momentum in translation and rotation; moments of	
	inertia of masses.	
STRENGTH OF MATERIALS	Prerequisite: Statics	None.
EG 233	Trerequisite. Staties	Tronc.
10 100	Tension, compression, shear, mechanical behavior of	
	materials, Hooke's law; Poissons ratio, axially loaded	
	members, torsion, shear force and bending moment	
	diagrams, shear and bending stresses in beams,	
	transformation of stress and strain, stress from direct	
	loading and biaxial and triaxal stress, combined	
	loadings, beam deflections, statically indeterminate	
	problems, buckling of columns and structural members	
	of two materials. Liberal use of both differential and	
	integral calculus for problem solutions. A substantial	
	knowledge of statics is assumed.	
THERMODYNAMICS	Prerequisites: Calculus including integration and partial	None.
EG 243	derivatives calculus based physics of heat, college level	
	chemistry.	
	Properties of pure and ideal substances; principles	
	governing changes in forms of energy; control volume	
	energy analysis; development and application of the	
	first and second laws of thermodynamics to a variety of	
	engineering problems; vapor and gas power systems;	
	heat pump systems and other cyclic systems. Extensive	
	use of partial differential calculus to interrelate	
	thermodynamic properties to utilize equations of state.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ELECTRICAL SCIENCE EG 253	Prerequisites: Differential and Integral Calculus of several variables and calculus based physics of electricity.	None.
	Electrical circuit components; AC and DC circuit analysis; mesh and nodal formulation of network equations; transient and steady state response to sinusoidal and step sources; Ohm's and Kirchoff's laws; Thevenin and Norton circuits; source transformations; energy, power, and power factors; the use of circuit simulation software for circuit analysis; Laplace Transform and matrix representations. (description updated 02/2012)	
FLUID MECHANICS EG 303	Prerequisites: Differential and Integral Calculus of several variables, differential equations, statics, and college level chemistry. Fluid properties; fluid statics and dynamics; conservation equations; dimensional analysis and similitude; formulations and applications of the Navier-Stokes, Euler, and Bernoulli equations, viscous and inviscous flow theories and applications; boundary layer theory; open channel and closed conduit flow; turbomachinery; and fluid measurement techniques. Differential and integral calculus are utilized extensively	None.

ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY (ET)

Added 02/2013

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO TECHNOLOGY	An introductory course designed to orient students to	None.
ET 101	the careers, industries, and critical skills within the	
	Engineering Technology field. In addition, students may	
	be exposed to fundamental production processes,	
	methods, organizations, and ethics relevant to a career	
	in Engineering Technology. College success discussions	
	may be included. No prerequisite required.	
INTRODUCTION	Prerequisite: College Algebra	None.
TO ELECTRICITY/ELECTRONICS		
ET 103	Students apply the theoretical, fundamental concepts and demonstrate basic skills of electricity and electronics that involve direct current (dc), alternating current (ac), series and parallel resistive circuits, network analysis, magnetism, inductance, capacitance, transformers, electronic components, and basics of test equipment.	
INTRODUCTION	Study the basic concepts and techniques relating to	None.
TO DESIGN/DRAFTING	providing geometrics construction, multi-view drawing,	
ET 113	dimensioning, tolerance, lettering, relating to product	
	design and development using computer-aided drafting	
	(CAD) applications. No prerequisite required.	

ENGLISH (E)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ENGLISH COMPOSITION I	This course provides an introduction to college-level	1. Analyze rhetorical strategies
E 001	writing.	2. Evaluate diverse texts
		3. Apply genre conventions
		4. Adapt composing processes for a variety of rhetorical situations.
ENGLISH COMPOSITION II	This course provides instruction in academic writing	1. Evaluate research materials.
E 002	and research techniques and builds upon the skills	2. Construct arguments for academic audiences.
	developed in English Composition I.	3. Document sources according to conventions.
		4. Compose and revise texts that synthesize source materials with original
		ideas.
INTRODUCTION TO LITERATURE	This course provides an introduction to major genres of	Explain characteristics of literacy genres.
E 003	literature, including poetry, prose, and drama, and to	2. Support interpretations of literature with textual evidence.
	techniques of interpretation and critical analysis.	3. Apply literary terms and concepts to diverse primary texts.
SURVEY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE I	This course examines major works of American	None.
E 004	literature written prior to the middle of the nineteenth	
	century.	
SURVERY OF AMERICAN LITERATURE II	This course examines major works of American	None.
E 005	literature written since the middle of the nineteenth	
	century.	
SURVEY OF BRITISH LITERATURE I	This course examines major works of British literature	None.
E 006	written prior to the nineteenth century.	
SURVEY OF BRITISH LITERATURE II	This course examines major works of British literature	None.
E 007	written since the beginning of the nineteenth century.	
SURVEY OF WORLD LITERATURE I	This course examines major works of world literature,	None.
E 008	focusing on texts from the ancient and medieval world.	Tronc.
	<u> </u>	
SURVEY OF WORLD LITERATURE II	This course examines major works of world literature,	None.
E 009	focusing on texts written during the past four to five	
	hundred years.	
CREATIVE WRITING I	This course provides an introduction to the techniques	None.
E 010	of creative writing.	
INTRODUCTORY TECHNICAL WRITING I	This course provides an introduction to the techniques	None.
E 012	of technical writing.	
INTRODUCTORY TECHNICAL WRITING II	This course provides more advanced instruction in the	None.
E 013	techniques of technical writing and builds upon the	
	skills developed in Introductory Technical Writing I.	
SURVEY OF BRITISH LITERATURE III	This course examines major works of British literature,	None.
E 014	focusing on texts written since 1900.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
SURVEY OF AFRICAN AMERICAN	This course provides an overview of African American	None.
LITERATURE	literary traditions.	
E 015		
SURVEY OF NATIVE AMERICAN	This course provides an overview of Native American	None.
LITERATURE	literary traditions.	
E 016		

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES (ES)

Added 9/2019

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION	Scientific study of interaction among organisms,	Interpret scientific information related to environmental issues
TO ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES	including humankind, with each other and their physical	2. Explain environmental issues in scientific terms
ES 101	environment including sustainable resource management and the impacts of human populations	Describe biotic and abiotic components of natural resources at multiple scales
	and activities. Minimum three hours lecture only. No prerequisites.	Describe ecological relationships among organisms (especially humans) and their environments
		5. Identify problems and evaluate solutions to anthropogenic environmental issues
INTRODUCTION	Scientific study of interaction among organisms,	Interpret scientific information related to environmental issues
TO ENVIRONMENTAL	including humankind, with each other and their physical	2. Explain environmental issues in scientific terms
SCIENCES (WITH LAB) ES 102	environment including sustainable resource management and the impacts of human populations	Describe biotic and abiotic components of natural resources at multiple scales
	and activities. Minimum three hours lecture and one hour laboratory. No prerequisites.	Describe ecological relationships among organisms (especially humans) and their environments
	,	5. Identify problems and evaluate solutions to anthropogenic environmental
		issues
		*with lab component

FILM AND VIDEO STUDIES (FV)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES	
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)	
CRITICAL STUDIES GROUPINGS			
INTRODUCTION TO MOVING IMAGE	This course provides students with an introduction to	1. Identify key developments in film and media history.	
STUDIES (with writing component)	the history, criticism, and theory of the moving image	2. Define basic terms of cinema.	
FV 101	(film and/or television) focusing on key terms and	3. Compose a written film and media analysis.	
	concepts, major figures and movements, and critical		
	issues and debates which have shaped film and media		
	studies. This course includes a significant writing		
	component (10-15 pages).		
INTRODUCTION TO MOVING IMAGE	This course introduces students to basic issues of	None.	
STUDIES (without writing component)	structure, aesthetics, and ideology in film, video, and		
FV 104	other media forms. It does not contain a significant		
	writing component.		
FILM HISTORY (in one semester—origins	The principal eras in American film history, the key	None.	
to present)	directors, and the main genres.		
FV 201			
FILM THEORY AND CRITICISM	Study of principal critical theories in film, including	None.	
FV 301	primary texts by major film theorists.		
GENRE(S)	This course provides an in-depth examination of a	None.	
FV 304	single film genre or an introduction to several different		
	film genres, exploring the characteristics, functions, and		
	themes of particular genres and providing students		
	with a critical and theoretical understanding of genre-		
	specific texts.		
FILM AND CULTURE	Analysis of the ways in which film has the ability to both	None.	
FV 307	lead and shape as well as reflect its cultural context.		
TV ANALYSIS	A critical investigation of commercial television as a	None.	
FV 310	medium of popular culture. Explores various genres of		
	TV, the history of the medium and the forces that shape		
	its techniques and direction.		
WOMEN AND FILM	This course examines the representation of women in	None.	
FV 313	mainstream and alternative cinema, and the roles of		
	women behind the camera from the late 19 th century to		
	the present day.		

as a do histori well as narrat 1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) 19	ourse covers the history and development of film ocumentary medium. Topics include major ical movements in documentary filmmaking as s an investigation of the technical, ethical, and tional challenges specific to the documentary film. ourse surveys the history of film as an lational medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None. (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO) None.
as a do histori well as narrat 1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) 19 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	ocumentary medium. Topics include major ical movements in documentary filmmaking as s an investigation of the technical, ethical, and tional challenges specific to the documentary film. ourse surveys the history of film as an national medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	
histori well as narrat 1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) 19 internacentur 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	ical movements in documentary filmmaking as s an investigation of the technical, ethical, and tional challenges specific to the documentary film. ourse surveys the history of film as an national medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None.
well as narrat 1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) This continue internacentur 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	s an investigation of the technical, ethical, and tional challenges specific to the documentary film. ourse surveys the history of film as an lational medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None.
narrat 1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) 19 internacentur 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	tional challenges specific to the documentary film. ourse surveys the history of film as an national medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None.
1 HISTORY I (origins to circa 1950) 19 internacentur 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	ourse surveys the history of film as an lational medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None.
19 international	national medium from its origins in the late-19 th ry to the post-war 1950s.	None.
centur 1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	ry to the post-war 1950s.	
1 HISTORY II (circa 1950 to present) This co	, ,	
• • •		
22 I interna	ourse surveys the history of film as an	None.
	ational medium from the post-war 1950s to the	
preser		
• • •	ourse examines one or several important figures	None.
01 in cine	ema history through close study of their films.	
	sis of the ways in which literature is translated	None.
	noving images. Students will read selected works	
	rature and view films/videos based on the	
	ture. Students will learn to speak and write	
	ally about these two important narrative forms of	
art.		
	of the formal concerns peculiar to cinema, with	None.
	vanced look at film language. An examination of	
	ays in which film style produces meaning and	
value.		
·	rincipal eras in international film history, focusing	None.
	e moments when different national cinemas	
flouris	shed.	
	PRODUCTION GROUPING	s
	i nobbenion dicor ind	
ADCAST WRITING (commercials, Design	ned to cover the theories and practices of writing	None.
	dio and television. Emphasizes the writing of	
	tising commercial copy, public service	
	uncements, and broadcast news.	
	roduction to the basic principles, procedures, and	None.
	iques of television production. Includes video	
	ol, special effects, operation of cameras,	
	osition, lighting, staging, directing, on-camera	
•	uncing and interviewing.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
VIDEO PRODUCTION (single camera)	Focuses on the skills and principles of the single camera	Demonstrate basic video production skills.
FV 254	technique for capturing the necessary audio and video	2. Articulate critical response to one another's work.
	recorded elements to assemble a coherent narrative.	3. Plan, execute, and deliver a video production for an intended audience.
	Includes basic single camera usage, art direction,	
	lighting, audio, and editing techniques. Detailed pre-	
	production, production, and post-production activities	
	analyzed.	
DIGITAL MEDIA PRODUCTION	Designed to cover the creation of media in the digital	None.
FV 257	realm and for use over the Internet. Includes audio and	
	video components, digital still, and editing components.	
BASIC AUDIO PRODUCTION	An introduction to the tools and techniques of audio	None.
FV 260	recording, microphone placement, playback and	
	manipulation of sound elements as needed in video	
	and/or radio station operations.	
FILM AND VIDEO EDITING	Focuses on non-linear software based procedures and	None.
FV 263	techniques for editing single camera productions.	
	Emphasis on planning, organization, and execution of	
	basic and advanced editing theories through hands-on	
	assignments using non-linear digital equipment.	
INTRODUCTION TO SCREENWRITING	Examines the basic mechanics and structure of the	None.
(Short scripts)	feature film narrative screenplay form. The three-act	
FV 351	dialectic, character, plot, theme, and developmental	
	arcs are analyzed through written and screened film	
	examples. The student will demonstrate proficiency by	
	writing a short project in the screenplay format	
	designed to expand appreciation of the literary as well	
	as the physical.	
BROADCAST NEWS WRITING	Focuses on the principles and practices of broadcast	None.
FV 354	news-gathering, writing, and delivery to develop a	
	professional attitude and skills in radio and television	
	news.	
BROADCAST ANNOUNCING	Designed to meet specific needs of the radio-television	None.
FV 360	announcer; includes activities to develop effective vocal	
	communication as a means of improving radio-	
	television presentation and delivery.	
NEWS REPORTING	The student will become familiar with and proficient in	None.
FV 363	the use of various news gathering and news writing	
	techniques common to both the print media and the	
	broadcast media. The student will demonstrate	
	mastery by writing acceptable news stories and	
	interpretive reports. Typing skills are required.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION		STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER			(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
FEATURE SCREENWRITING (Long scripts)	In depth examination of the various mechanics and	None.	
FV 451	structures of feature film narrative screenplay forms.		
	The three-act dialectic, seven-act TV structure and		
	developmental arcs of characters, plot, theme, and		
	other foundational construction elements are analyzed.		
	The student will demonstrate proficiency by writing a		
	long-form narrative film screenplay project designed to		
	expand their appreciation of the literary as well as the		
	physical production needs of filmed storytelling.		

FINANCE (FN)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PERSONAL FINANCE FN 001	An introductory course covering the various problems of individual / consumer financial management.	 Create a financial plan using financial statements and budgets. Analyze factors to consider when using various types of consumer credit and financial institutions.
	Recommended course content topics include: personal budgeting, consumer loans and installment loans, credit cards and charge accounts, personal insurance, savings accounts, investments, social security, housing options, commercial bank services, financial institution services, personal taxes, wills, estate planning, retirement planning, career planning, financial planning, and	 Compare appropriate insurance during different stages of life. Justify major spending decisions, including housing and transportation. Evaluate the various investing instruments including stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and real estate. Develop a plan for retirement.
	leasing arrangements.	
BUSINESS FINANCE FN 002	An introductory course covering the various problems involved in the financing of the business firm.	 Analyze financial statements. Make use of time value of money concepts. Apply valuation models.
	Recommended course content topics include: financial planning and forecasting, capital budgeting, time value of money, cost of capital, financial statement analysis, security valuation, risk analysis, capital structure theory, working capital management, business taxation, asset mix, and sources of capital.	 Evaluate cost of capital. Evaluate projects using capital budgeting techniques. Evaluate working capital. Evaluate capital structure. Apply financial planning and forecasting principles.
REAL ESTATE PRINCIPLES FN 003	An introductory course covering the fundamental concepts of real estate markets. This is not a licensing course. Recommended course topics include: urban economics, regional economics, highest and best use, real property rights, public and private controls, forms of ownership,	None.
	legal descriptions, contracts, deeds, transfer of ownership, brokerage/agency concepts, mortgage forms/markets, real estate appraisal.	
REAL ESTATE PRACTICE FN 004	A course covering the operations of real estate markets. This course is geared towards professional licensing.	None.
	Recommended course topics include: state statutes, commission rules and regulations, real property rights, public and private controls, forms of ownership, legal descriptions, contracts, deeds, transfer of ownership, brokerage/agency concepts, mortgage forms/markets, real estate appraisal.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INSURANCE PRINCIPLES	This course is an introduction to the fundamentals of	None.
FN 005	insurance	
	Recommended course topics include: fire, casualty, life,	
	and health insurance topics, insurance organizations,	
	analysis of risk, probability, role of actuaries.	

GEOGRAPHY (GG)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
WORLD REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY GG 101	A study of the world's major regions integrating the physical and cultural environments.	 Interpret maps and other geographic representations. Analyze the spatial organization of people, places, and environments on the Earth's surface. Explain how processes of social, economic and/or political institutions impact an area. Examine the dynamic relationship between people and their physical environment.
HUMAN AND CULTURAL GEOGRAPHY	The major organizing concepts of human and cultural	Explain the discipline of human/cultural geography.
GG 102	geography. People's geographic behavior in terms of their spatial organization of global patterns of culture.	 Compare and contrast population patterns and migration. Define global and regional political processes. Explain the elements of culture within a spatial context. Classify the types and levels of economic activity. Explain urbanization and development. Explain the cultural dimensions of globalization.
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY GG 103	Distribution and analysis of natural features of the natural environment. Landforms, soils, minerals, water, climate, flora and fauna, and the relationships between these phenomena.	 Identify the processes responsible for climate, vegetation, soil, water and landform patterns. Identify the major environmental hazards in the world today and possible impacts these have on society. Analyze atmospheric weather and general climate patterns. Examine the dynamic relationship between humans and the physical environment.
PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY (Earth science plus lab) GG 104	Distribution and analysis of natural features of the natural environment. Landforms, soils, minerals, water, climate, flora and fauna, and the relationships between these phenomena. * Includes one laboratory session per week. (lower division)	None.
ECONOMIC GEOGRAPHY GG 105	Processes significant to the spatial structures of economic systems. Production, consumption and exchange activities examined in regard to location, distribution, areal differentiation and spatial interaction patterns. Attention to processes of change including globalization. (lower division)	None.
INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHY GG 106	A study of basic geographic concepts and global physical and cultural patterns. (lower division)	None.
INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS GG 107	An introductory course designed to acquaint students with theory and uses of Geographic Information	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	Systems to capture, store, query, and analyze data	
	referenced to a location on the earth's surface.	

GEOSCIENCES (GE)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO GEOLOGY	The study of the Earth and the modification of its surface	None.
GE 000	by internal and external processes. Includes examination of the Earth's interior, magnetism,	
	minerals, rocks, landform development, structure, a	
	brief overview of Earth history, plate tectonics, and	
	geological processes. Laboratory is an integral part of	
	the course.	
PHYSICAL GEOLOGY	The study of the earth and the modification of its surface	1. Determine the causes and results of both the subsurface and surface Earth
GE 100	by internal and external processes. Includes	processes.
	examination of the Earth's interior, magnetism,	2. Predict the geological environment of selected outcrops through field
	minerals, rocks, landform development, structure, plate	observations.
	tectonics, and geological processes. Laboratory and	3. Analyze rock and mineral specimens to determine specific
	field-based trip(s) are required parts of the course.	chemical/environmental properties.
		4. Design theoretical processes for formations by incorporating plate
		tectonics, depositional environments, and faulting/folding in outcrops.
		Apply geochemical and geological properties in a laboratory setting to identify various rocks and minerals.
HISTORICAL GEOLOGY (WITH LAB)	Physical history of the earth from its origin as a planet	None.
GE 101	through the Great Ice Age. Methods of historical	TOTIC.
G1 101	reconstruction of the Earth, the evolution of life	
	recorded by the rock record, the geological evolution of	
	North America, and prehistoric life on earth.	
	Laboratory and field-based trip(s) are an integral part of	
	the course.	
HISTORY OF LIFE	This course is an introduction to the basic processes	None.
GE 102	and theories concerning the development of life on	
	earth. Topics will include plate tectonics, radiometric	
	age dating, relative age dating, stratigraphic principles,	
	the organization of life, the development of prokaryotic	
	and eukaryotic cells and organisms, taxonomic	
	nomenclature, modern genetics and modern	
	evolutionary theory. A lab component is required.	
METEOROLOGY	A descriptive study of both short-term and long-term	None.
GE 110	atmospheric phenomena, including the structure and	
	processes in the atmosphere that affect our every-day weather. It could include some information on climate	
	and causes of climate change.	
GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS	NOTE: This is a separate listing from GG 107 and is not	None.
GE 120	necessarily equivalent.	IVOLIC.
GL 120	necessarily equivalent.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	An introduction to the nature and applications of	
	geographic information systems (GIS) including the	
	categories of geographic data, data input, data models,	
	spatial analysis, output, and the use of GIS as a fully	
	functioning system.	
OCEANOGRAPHY	General survey of the scientific framework of the four	None.
GE 130	specializations of oceanographic study—biological,	
	chemical, geological/geophysical, and physical	
	oceanography.	

HEALTH AND WELLNESS (HW)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PERSONAL HEALTH AND WELLNESS HW 1001	None.	 Define the dimensions of health and wellness. Explore and implement alternative behavioral strategies that contribute to healthy lifestyle behaviors. Develop the ability to assess one's level of personal health and wellness. Discuss the implications of engaging in high risk or unhealthy behaviors as they relate to one's personal health. Demonstrate a basic knowledge of the most prevalent diseases affecting the general population.
APPLIED ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY HW 1002	None	 Identify structure and function of the skeletal system, and representative bone and joint tissues including articulation, plans of movement. Identify structure and function of muscular system tissues, principle muscles and muscular contractions in development of motor movement and effect on musculoskeletal tissue. Identify structure and function of cardiovascular & respiratory systems. Identify structure and function of nervous & endocrine systems.
INTRODUCTION/FOUNDATIONS HW 1003	None.	 Identify and summarize the sub-disciplines within the field of Kinesiology/Movement Science. Develop a personal philosophy in the career of their choice. Demonstrate an understanding of the historical and philosophical bases of the movement sciences through the assessment measures utilized by their college/university. Explore the career options in the field, identify requirements of professional organizations, and develop professional materials as required.
FIRST AID HW 1004	None.	 Discuss the lifesaving interventions when managing a pt. airway, breathing, and circulation. Explain steps in assessing a situation before, during, and after an emergency. Recognize, assess, & apply basic first aid skills, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation/automated external defibrillator. Identify and discuss standards of care and laws relevant to provide first aid/cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
CARE AND PREVENTION OF ATHLETIC INJURY HW 1005	None.	 Explain the principles and concepts underlying comprehensive injury prevention and care programs. Demonstrate and describe a fundamental athletic injury assessment procedure. Describe, develop, and implement an Emergency Action Plan. Perform appropriate taping and wrapping procedures. Describe the rules, regulations, and legal concepts that define and guide professional action.

HISTORY (HS)

Reviewed 9/2010

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
EARLY WESTERN CIVILIZATION HS 001	A survey of the history of Europe and the Middle East from Antiquity to the Medieval/Renaissance Era.	
MODERN WESTERN CIVILIZATION HS 002	A survey of the history of Europe and the Middle East from the Medieval/Renaissance Era to the present.	
EARLY WORLD HISTORY HS 003	A survey of world history from Antiquity to the Medieval Era.	
MODERN WORLD HISTORY HS 004	A survey of world history from the Medieval Era to present.	
AMERICAN HISTORY SURVEY TO 1877 HS 005	A survey of American history to 1877.	 Identify and describe the characteristics and major factors contributing to the political growth of the United States. Describe the major factors that have contributed to the growth of the American economy. Analyze events and personalities that have influenced the development of United States foreign policy and American involvement in world and regional conflicts. Analyze important elements that have shaped the constitutional system.
AMERICAN HISTORY SURVEY SINCE 1877 HS 006	A survey of American history from 1877 to present.	 Identify the interrelationships of domestic and foreign policy decisions. Identify and describe events, trends, and movements that have shaped American social and cultural development. Describe significant aspects of American cultural development, including visual arts, performing arts, literary arts, social and religious arts. Analyze and describe the importance of ethnicity, race, social class, religion, and gender in the development of American society and institutions. Demonstrate knowledge of the impact of territorial expansion on the United States.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
OKLAHOMA HISTORY HS 007	A survey of Oklahoma history pre-statehood to present.	 Describe the environment, locate landforms, and recognize the major natural resources within the state of Oklahoma. Describe significant aspects of Oklahoma's social and cultural development including visual arts, literary arts, performing arts, social groups, religious groups, educational institutions and important individuals. Explain the statehood movement. Explain the rights and responsibilities of citizenship in Oklahoma. Describe the social, economic and political development of Native Americans in Oklahoma. Identify and describe the characteristics and major factors contributing to the political growth of Oklahoma. Describe the major factors that have contributed to the growth of the Oklahoma economy. Analyze and describe the importance of ethnicity, race, religion, gender and social class of the development of Oklahoma society and institutions. Analyze Oklahoma's role in United States history. Compare and contrast the diverse interpretations of Oklahoma history.
AFRICAN-AMERICAN HISTORY HS 009	None.	20. Sompare and some are are are are are are are are are ar
NATIVE AMERICAN HISTORY HS 010	None.	
TOPICS OF U.S. HISTORY THROUGH THE CIVIL WAR HS 011	None.	
TOPICS OF U.S. HISTORY FROM THE CIVIL WAR HS 012	None.	
WOMEN IN HISTORY HS 013	None.	
THE AMERICAN WEST HS 014	None.	
THE AMERICAN SOUTH HS 015	None.	
AMERICAN MILITARY HISTORY HS 016	None.	
UNITED STATES CULTURAL HISTORY HS 017	None.	
ECONOMIC HISTORY HS 018	None.	
ASIAN HISTORY HS 027	None.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
HISTORY OF AFRICA	None.	
HS 028		
HISTORY OF GERMANY	None.	
HS 034		
HISTORY OF RUSSIA/SOVIET UNION	None.	
HS 036		
HISTORY OF FRANCE	None.	
HS 037		
WORLD WAR I	None.	
HS 038		
WORLD WAR II	None.	
HS 039		
ENGLAND/BRITAIN	None.	
HS 040		
EARLY EUROPEAN HISTORY	None.	
HS 041		
EARLY MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY	None.	
HS 042		
MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY	None.	
HS 043		
HISTORY OF EASTERN EUROPE	None.	
HS 044		
HISTORY OF GREECE	None.	
HS 045		
HISTORY OF ROME	None.	
HS 046		
HISTORY OF THE NEAR/MIDDLE EAST	None.	
HS 047		
ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS; OTHER TOPICS	None.	
HS 048		
HISTORIOGRAPHY RESEARCH METHODS	None.	
HS 052		
LATIN AMERICAN HISTORY	None.	
HS 053		
SUPERVISED INSTRUCTION IN HISTORY	None.	
HS 055		
WORLD HISTORY (COMPREHENSIVE) HS 056	A survey of world history to present.	
AMERICAN HISTORY (COMPREHENSIVE) HS 057	A survey of American history to present.	

WORLD CIVILIZATION OR WORLD HISTORY COURSE STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

- 1. Students will evaluate the impact of geography and climate on civilizations.
- 2. Students will identify events and personalities and their impact on international relations as well as civil, regional and world conflict.
- 3. Students will identify and describe the major economic systems and the impact of technological revolutions.
- 4. Students will identify the origin and the development of major world religious, scientific, moral, political and philosophical ideals.
- 5. Students will recognize and identify major contributions to civilization by the humanities disciplines.
- 6. Students will identify and describe the characteristics contributing to the development of governmental systems.
- 7. Students will be able to recognize and identify contributions of ethnicity, religion, race, gender, and social class to civilization.

HUMANITIES (HH)

Revised 2/2015

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GENERAL HUMANITIES I	A multidisciplinary study of humanities from Antiquity	None.
HH 001	through the Medieval Era.	
GENERAL HUMANITIES II	A multidisciplinary study of humanities from the	None.
HH 002	Renaissance to the present day.	
GREAT BOOKS/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 003	contexts and dimensions of Great Books.	
GREAT IDEAS/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 004	contexts and dimensions of Great Ideas.	
HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES	A study of diverse human cultures through the laws of	None.
HH 005	both the humanities and the social sciences.	
ARTS/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 006	contexts and dimensions of the arts.	
MUSIC/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 007	contexts and dimensions of music.	
THEATRE/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 008	contexts and dimensions of theatre.	
FILM/HUMANITIES	This course will examine the historical, social and cultural	None.
HH 009	contexts and dimensions of film.	
SPECIAL TOPICS	Special topics in humanities.	None.
HH 010		
DIRECTED STUDY	Independent study in humanities.	None.
HH 011		

INFORMATION SYSTEMS (IS)

Updated 9/2018

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
COMPUTER CONCEPTS	This course has no prerequisites intended for both	Recognize basic principles of computer literacy.
IS 000	majors and non-majors. This course includes beginning	2. Identify the ethical and/or legal use of information technology.
	level application software use, vocabulary, and	3. Identify types of computer hardware and software.
	introductory hardware and software concepts.	4. Use business application software.
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS I	This is an application course which would include	1. Explain the base functionality of hardware, software and networks.
IS 001	intermediate level instruction in hardware, software,	2. Identify and list elements of the operating system, work with multiple
	file management, word processing, spreadsheet,	windows and file management skills.
	presentation, and data base.	3. Construct word processing documents using a variety of advanced and
		automated formats.
		4. Construct spreadsheets to compute and analyze data.
		5. Construct databases using tables, queries, forms and reports.
		6. Building usually dynamic presentations.
PROGRAMMING I – VISUAL BASIC	A course in programming using the language Visual	None.
IS 002	Basic that would include fundamental control	
	structures, files, input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – PASCAL	A course in programming using the language Pascal that	None.
IS 003	would include fundamental control structures, files,	
	input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – C	A course in programming using the language C that	None.
IS 004	would include fundamental control structures, files,	
	input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – C++	A course in programming using the language C++ that	None.
IS 005	would include fundamental control structures, files,	
	input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – JAVA	A course in programming using the language JAVA that	None.
IS 006	would include fundamental control structures, files,	
	input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – COBOL	A course in programming using the language COBOL	None.
IS 007	that would include fundamental control structures,	
	files, input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING I – BASIC	A course in programming using the language BASIC that	None.
IS 010	would include fundamental control structures, files,	
	input/output, and a study of arrays.	
PROGRAMMING II – VISUAL BASIC	Intermediate and advanced Visual Basic programming	None.
IS 011	concepts.	
PROGRAMMING II – C	Intermediate and advanced C programming concepts.	None.
IS 012		

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PROGRAMMING II – C++	Intermediate and advanced C++ programming	None.
IS 013	concepts.	
PROGRAMMING II – JAVA	Intermediate and advanced Java programming	None.
IS 014	concepts.	
PROGRAMMING II – COBOL	Intermediate and advanced Cobol programming	None.
IS 015	concepts.	
PROGRAMMING LOGIC	Development of a systematic method for analyzing and	None.
IS 017	designing computer algorithms.	
DATA BASE THEORY	Course includes relational and other databases; normal	Define terms of relational database theory.
IS 018	forms, requiring a running project.	2. Define terms in entity relationship modeling.
		3. Write SQL statements to define database structures (DDL) and perform
		data retrieval, storage, and manipulation (DML).
		4. Develop entity relationship diagrams (ERDs).
		5. Use normalization techniques in evaluation of data models.
		6. Design and implement a relational database in an RDBMS.
		7. Create a user interface drive application capable of performing create,
		read, update, and delete (CRUD) operations against a database.
		8. Explain the importance of security in a database management system.
DATA BASE	Mastery of an electronic data base system in a business	None.
IS 019	environment including planning, creating, managing,	
	and manipulating the data base.	
SYSTEMS ANALYSIS AND DESIGN	A first course in systems involving a case study, case	None.
IS 020	tools, the System Development Life Cycle through	
	design, but without implementation.	
COMPUTER CONCEPTS FOR SOLVING	Provides an introduction to and overview of principles,	None.
INFORMATION PROBLEMS	tools, and practices for the design and use of computer-	
IS 021	based information systems in organizations. To	
	compliment lectures, students work on such projects as	
	using a relational database engine, designing a personal	
	web page and conducting a simple structured systems	
	analysis. Topics include information systems theory	
	and principles, system architecture, data modeling, web	
	based systems, systems analysis and project	
	management.	
NETWORK MANAGEMENT I	A study of the basic elements and functional aspects of	None.
IS 022	the hardware and software required to establish and	
	control data communications in a network	
NETWORK MANNA CENTER !!	environment.	Name
NETWORK MANAGEMENT II	A course in the installation and management of a local	None.
IS 023	area network.	Name
OPERATING SYSTEMS	Installation and configuration of Computer Operating	None.
IS 025	Systems.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
A+ CERTIFICATION PREPARATION IS 026	Review of hardware and software in preparation for A+ certification.	None.
INTRO TO HTML AND WEB DESIGN	Web site creation focusing on web based design issues	None.
IS 027	and HTML.	Notic.
WEB SITE ADMINISTRATION	The principles and methods underlying effective web	None.
IS 028	site administration solutions.	Notic.
INFORMATION SECURITY	Concepts and tasks associated with successful	None.
IS 029	information assurance. Includes protection of systems	Notic.
15 025	from security threats and attacks, legal statues and	
	implications, risk controls, contingency planning,	
	incident reaction and recovery, intrusion detection and	
	prevention, and related security issues.	
ADVANCED SPREADSHEET APPLICATIONS	Topics covered include embedding and linking	None.
IS 030	worksheets and graphs, integration of spreadsheets	
	with other programs and the Web, data tables, pivot	
	tables, importing data and enhancing worksheets with	
	macros and object oriented or event driven language	
	modules.	
GUI DESIGN/HUMAN COMPUTER	Graphical user interface design utilizing event driven	None.
INTERFACES	programming, toolbox controls and properties, basic	
IS 031	control structures, dynamic arrays, and related	
	interface design concepts.	
COMPUTER BASED INFORMATION	This course has an application component which would	None.
SYSTEMS	include intermediate level instruction in the following:	
IS 032*	word processing, spreadsheet, and data base. It also	
	provides an introduction to an overview of principles,	
	tools, and practices for the design and use of computer-	
	based information systems in organizations. To	
	compliment lectures, students work on such projects as	
	using a relational database engine, designing a personal	
	web page and conducting a simple structured systems analysis. Topics include information systems theory and	
	principles, system architecture, data modeling, web	
	based systems, systems analysis and project	
	management. (course added 9/2010; description added	
	10/2011)	
	*IS 001 AND IS 021 would be equivalent to IS 032.	
PROGRAMMING I – C#	A course in programming using C# that would include	None.
IS 033	fundamental control structures, files, input/output and	
	a study of arrays. (category and description added	
	02/2012)	

JOURNALISM (AD and JR)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
WRITING FOR MASS MEDIA	Introduction to media writing: expository and	14. Demonstrate a variety of writing styles based on different media and
JR 001	persuasive formats; supervised practice in writing that	purpose.
	informs, entertains, and/or persuades across all media	15. Apply the foundational principles of media law and ethics.
	platforms; study of professional demands of organizing	16. Identify techniques used for information gathering and verification.
	and presenting information in the various media with	17. Create writing for diverse audiences.
	an emphasis on grammar usage and mechanics.	
REPORTING I	Principles and practices in evaluating and writing news	None.
JR 002	for media, including interviewing techniques. Practical	
	application in writing through reporting assignments	
	and/or laboratory experience for media.	
REPORTING II	Analyzing, researching and writing news features and	None.
JR 003	interpretive articles, including interviewing techniques.	
	Critical analysis of news articles. Practical application in	
	writing articles through reporting assignments and/or	
EDITING!	laboratory experience for print media.	N.
EDITING I	Theory and practice in editing, layout and design of	None.
JR 030	media. Critical thinking skills, ethics and good taste are	
DECUMENC DUCTO CD A DUNC DA DVD COM	emphasized.	N
BEGINNING PHOTOGRAPHY: DARKROOM	Basic photographic techniques; darkroom applications.	None.
JR 049 PHOTOGRAPHY (BEGINNING)	Basic photographic techniques; digital applications.	None.
JR 050	basic photographic techniques, digital applications.	Notie.
PHOTOGRAPHY (ADVANCED)	Intermediate photographic techniques; darkroom	None.
JR 052	and/or digital applications.	Trong.
PHOTOJOURNALISM I	Chemical and/or digital imaging for journalistic media,	None.
JR 056	with emphasis on legal and ethical considerations.	
PUBLIC RELATIONS PRINCIPLES	A historical survey of the scope, ethics and functions of	None.
JR 070	public relations.	
RADIO AND TV NEWS I	Emphasis on news writing for radio and television.	None.
JR 093		
INTRODUCTION TO BROADCASTING	Survey of the history and development of the broadcast	None.
JR 097	industry.	
RADIO PRODUCTION I	Study and practice of audio production technology for	None.
JR 110	media.	
RADIO ANNOUNCING I	Interpretive analysis and practical application of	None.
JR 111	broadcast announcing.	
TV PRODUCTION I	Study and practice of television studio production.	None.
JR 113		

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
TV PRODUCTION II	Advanced study and practice of television studio	None.
JR 114	production.	
INTRODUCTION TO MASS	Survey and history of mass communication theories and	Define specific areas of mass communication.
COMMUNICATION JR 130	practices, including economic, social and political	2. Compare and contrast the major developments in mass communication.
	evolution of interrelationships of media with society.	Explain the role of media in and on a diverse society. Identify the concepts of media freedom, regulations, and ethics.
		Explain how diverse audiences and users select, use, and react to media
		messages.
HISTORY OF MASS COMMUNICATION	An in-depth historical perspective of the development	None.
JR 131	of American media.	Tolic.
MEDIA LAW	A study of legal and ethical issues likely to confront	None.
JR 132	media professionals.	
ADVERTISING PRINCIPLES	Survey of advertising strategies and careers with	8. Apply market segmentation techniques to create different target
AD 001	emphasis on the relationships among marketing,	audiences.
	advertising media, and audiences.	9. Apply different persuasion techniques/appeals to design creative
		materials.
		10. Compare and contrast different media options in the context of media
		planning and buying.
		11. Recognize and describe the structure of advertising agencies and the various career options within them.
		12. Identify the history, regulations and ethical concerns of advertising in the United States and globally.
		13. Apply research methods to create advertising plans for clients.
ADVERTISING COPY / LAYOUT	Principles and applications of advertising design and	None.
AD 002	copy writing.	
UPPER DIVISION ADVERTISING	Study of advertising principles and practices as a	None.
PRINCIPLES	marketing tool.	
AD 301		
UPPER DIVISION ADVERTISING COPY /	Exploration of the creative process of advertising copy	None.
LAYOUT 1	writing and design based upon marketing principles.	
AD 302		
UPPER DIVISION	An introduction to graphic communication and desktop	None.
GRAPHIC ARTS	publishing.	
AD 304	The manage development are suited and are less	News
UPPER DIVISION ADVERTISING	The research, development, execution and evaluation	None.
CAMPAIGNS	of advertising campaigns.	
AD 310		

MANAGEMENT (MG)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT MG 001	An introductory management course dealing with the fundamental principles of management such as planning, organizing, leading, and controlling the basic processes.	None.
HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT MG 002	An introduction to the development, application, and evaluation of policies, procedures, and programs for the recruitment, selection, development, and utilization of human resources in an organization.	 Recommend HRM strategies to maximize human capital within different business industries and environments. Evaluate how employment law and judicial rulings (governance) apply to different HR practices Develop and evaluate organizational talent acquisition and employee engagement plans. Analyze and design training development programs to meet organizational objectives. Identify the impact of employee and union relationships on different HR practices. Evaluate current HR best practices regarding recruitment, on-boarding, compensation, performance appraisals, employee motivation, and risk management.
ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR MG 003	Behavioral science concepts such as leadership, motivation, personality, decision-making, interpersonal and intergroup behavior, that are relevant to the study of organizational and managerial behavior. Provides an understanding of the components and dynamics of	None.
	organizational behavior essential to any manager.	
PRODUCTION / OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT MG 004	A study of the principles and practices related to production and operations in both manufacturing and service firms. Includes the study of project decisions, process and project planning, work measurement, facility location, faculties, layout, scheduling, and inventory control.	None.
SMALL BUSINESS MANAGEMENT MG 005	Problems faced in the creation and early growth stages of business enterprises. Accounting, finance, opportunity recognition, legal constraints, management, marketing, and taxation and procedural problems. To solidify the concepts covered, students are asked to create a plan for implementation and operation of a new business venture.	 Determine the value of a business utilizing appropriate techniques. Interpret basic financial statements. Construct a business plan utilizing business principles.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT / POLICY	A capstone class. Administrative decision-making with	Formulate a strategic plan.
MG 006	emphasis on analyzing business problems, formulating	2. Analyze factors relevant to strategic decision-making.
	policies and implementing plans for action;	3. Integrate concepts from multiple disciplines.
	comprehensive cases provide the opportunity to study	
	the proper interrelationships among production,	
	finance, marketing and the many other functions	
	involved in managing a business.	

MARKETING (MK)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
MARKETING PRINCIPLES	Marketing Principles, a survey course for students who	Identify the roles and importance of marketing.
MK 003	have prior coursework and understanding in business,	2. Analyze the marketing environment.
	includes a survey of all aspects of marketing: consumer	3. Explain marketing principles and strategies.
	behavior issues, products, pricing, distribution,	4. Apply the elements of the marketing mix.
	promotion, research, strategy, and trends.	
INTRODUCTION TO CONSUMER	None.	None.
BEHAVIOR		
MK 023		
INTRODUCTION TO GLOBAL MARKETING	This course studies the cultural, legal, political, and	None.
MK 033	regulatory aspects of marketing across international	
	borders, including MNCs, exporting, importing, and	
	other approaches to global marketing strategies.	
INTRODUCTION TO SALES	None.	None.
MK 043		
INTRODUCTION TO RETAILING	None.	None.
MK 053		
INTRODUCTION TO ADVERTISING	None.	None.
MK 063		
INTRODUCTION TO E-MARKETING	An overview of electronic marketing concepts in	None.
MK 073	marketing products, including web sites, data	
	collection, and electronic communications and	
	interfaces.	
INTRODUCTORY DIGITAL MARKETING	None.	None.
MK 083		
APPLIED DIGITAL MARKETING	None.	None.
MK 093		
CONSUMER BEHAVIOR	Consumer Behavior, a course in the characteristics of	None.
MK 103	consumers, their buying patterns, and the	
	demographic, social and psychological influences on the	
	consumer buying process. Addresses ways to respond	
	to buyer needs.	
PRINCIPLES OF PROMOTIONS	Principles of Promotions, a course in all aspects of	None.
MK 113	promotion and the interaction among them: advertising	
	and media selection, sales promotion, personal selling,	
	publicity, public relations, and direct response	
	techniques.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
SALES MANAGEMENT	Sales Management, a course on managerial issues	None.
MK 123	related to a sales force: selection, territory	
	management, compensation, motivation, and training.	
PROFESSIONAL SELLING	Professional Selling, a course covering communication,	None.
MK 133	territory analysis, and methods of approaching a variety	
	of sales situations as well as follow-up activities.	
RETAIL MANAGEMENT	Fundamentals of managing a retail outlet including	None.
MK 143	analysis of customer demand; buying; model stock;	
	retail merchandise investments; and, legislation	
	affecting retailing. May address related topics as	
	necessary.	
PRINCIPLES OF ADVERTISING	Principles of Advertising, a course covering advertising	None.
MK 153	approaches, campaign strategies, and media planning	
	as well as issues of copy, layout, and presentation.	
MATERIALS MANAGEMENT /	Materials Management / Purchasing, a course including	None.
PURCHASING	the systems of supply, including vendor selection and	
MK 263	analysis, materials analysis techniques, methods of	
	inventory control, and legal and environmental issues in	
	purchasing.	
MARKETING RESEARCH	Marketing Research, a course covering theoretical and	Explain marketing research and key elements.
MK 413	practical issues of research, including techniques of	2. Demonstrate analytical thinking about marketing and business problems.
	gathering primary and secondary data, analyzing the	3. Apply appropriate and ethical research steps to solve marketing
	data using appropriate statistical and qualitative	problems.
	techniques, and drawing appropriate conclusions from	
	the research.	
DISTRIBUTION LOGISTICS	Distribution Logistics, a course covering all the activities	None.
MK 423	related to the physical movement of products from idea	
	to end user, using a systems orientation to	
	transportation, inventory management, packaging,	
	order management, warehousing and materials	
	handling, and systems audit and control.	
INTERNATIONAL MARKETING	International Marketing covers all aspects of marketing	None.
MK 433	in global settings, focused on global differences and	
	legal, ethical and practical aspects of marketing across	
	international borders.	
INTERNSHIP WITH INDEPENDENT STUDY	A course requiring students to perform an internship in	None.
MK 453	a position involving marketing knowledge and skills,	
	with appropriate demonstration of concepts learned,	
	such as journals, logs, and/or additional written work.	
E-MARKETING	A course applying digital and electronic tools in	None.
MK 463	marketing strategies, including internet communication	
	and transaction management, data management, and	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	electronic interfaces in commercial communication	
	networks.	

MATHEMATICS (MA)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)		
GENERAL EDUCATION MA 201	Exploration of various topics designed to give the student an appreciation of mathematics and to expose the student to mathematical problems within numerous disciplines. Not intended for students majoring in science, mathematics, computer science, and business.	 Apply concepts from multiple mathematical disciplines to real world problems (e.g. statistics, probability, geometry, mathematical finance, logic, set theory, graph theory). Interpret data in multiple representations (graph, tables, visual, etc.). Communicate mathematical ideas using valid terminology. 		
FINITE MATHEMATICS MA 202	Study of logic, set theory, matrices, permutations, combinations, coordinate systems, linear programming, graphing, binomial theorem, vectors, probability, game theory, and finance mathematics.	None.		
ALGEBRA FOR STEM MA 203	Study of equations and functions (polynomial, rational, radical, exponential, logarithmic), systems of equations. Suitable for students planning on taking calculus.	 Identify quantities and changes in quantities in mathematical representations, and distinguish constants from variables. Compute and interpret constant and average rates of change of quantities in multiple representations. Create models for real-world situations through appropriate mathematical strategies. Interpret functions and convert between their representations, including symbols, tables, graphs, and words. Algebraically solve equations including linear, quadratic, polynomial, rational, radical, absolute value, exponential, and logarithmic. Algebraically solve inequalities including linear, quadratic, polynomial, rational, and absolute value. Solve systems of linear and non-linear equations. Perform operations on functions and identify the properties and characteristics of functions. Such properties and characteristics include domain and range, increasing and decreasing, one-to-one, inverses, even and odd, end behavior, relative extrema, and vertical and horizontal asymptotes. Identify and sketch graphs of functions including linear, polynomial, absolute value, rational, radical, piecewise functions, exponential, logarithmic, and use transformations of basic graphs. 		

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES		
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)		
TRIGONOMETRY MA 204	Study of trigonometric functions and their inverses, trigonometric identities, solutions of triangles, and applications. Suitable for students planning on taking calculus.	 Describe angle measure using radians and degrees. Construct and interpret graphs of trigonometric functions and their transformations. Solve equations involving trigonometric functions and their inverses. Identify properties of trigonometric functions. Such properties include, but are not limited to, domain, range, increasing, decreasing, one-to-one, even, odd, end behavior, extrema, asymptotic behavior, amplitude, and periodicity. Apply trigonometric functions to model real world situations. Solve both right and oblique triangles. Verify and apply trigonometric identities including, but not limited to, Pythagorean sum and difference, double and half angle, reciprocal, and quotient identities. 		
FUNCTIONS AND MODELING MA 205	Study of equations and functions (linear, polynomial, rational, exponential, logarithmic) from various perspectives (symbolic, verbal, numerical, graphical); digital techniques for graphing functions, solving equations, and modeling data using regressions. This course is designed for students in agricultural, business, life/health science, or social science majors.	 Interpret functions using real-world contexts by translating across multiple representations, including symbols, tables, graphs, and words. Identify and analyze families of functions, including linear, polynomial, rational, exponential, and logarithmic functions. Determine key characteristics of functions, including global properties and local patterns of change, and interpret their meanings in context, including asymptotes, concavity, end behavior, extrema, increasing/decreasing intervals, and turning points. Combine and modify existing functions to create new functions, including composition of functions, cost, revenue, and profit functions, transformation of functions, and regression analysis. Apply algebraic techniques and digital resources to create, analyze, and interpret appropriate models (either functions or systems of equations) of real-life phenomena. 		
COLLEGE ALGEBRA & TRIGONOMETRY	Combination of topics in MA 203 and MA 204, but	None.		
MA 214	offered for more than three credit hours. Intended for			
	students planning on taking calculus.			
ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY	Study of the conic sections, rotation and translation of	None.		
MA 224	axes, polar and parametric equations, and vectors.			
GEOMETRY FOR ELEMENTARY TEACHERS	Introduction to geometric notation, and the study of	None.		
MA 301	constructions, measurements, similarity, congruence,			
	translations, rotations, and reflections. Intended for			
NUMBER THEORY FOR ELEMENTARY	elementary education majors.	None		
NUMBER THEORY FOR ELEMENTARY TEACHERS	Study of number sense and numeration, sets, relations, patterns, whole numbers, and integers. Intended for	None.		
	1.			
MA 302	elementary education majors.			

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS FOR	Study of rational numbers, decimal notation, real	None.
ELEMENTARY TEACHERS	numbers, probability, and statistics. Intended for	
MA 303	elementary education majors.	
BUSINESS CALCULUS I	Informal study of differentiation and integration as	1. Find the derivative of functions (involving powers, exponents, logarithms,
MA 602	applied primarily to polynomial, exponential, and logarithmic functions. Intended for students planning to major in business, life science, and social science.	 and combinations of these functions) by identifying and applying derivative formulas/rules. Interpret derivative information in the context of a model including units for (instantaneous) rate of change. Utilize characteristics of the derivative to interpret behaviors of functions (increasing/decreasing). Apply the derivative to areas of problem solving including optimization and related rates.
BUSINESS CALCULUS II MA 612	Continuation of topics in MA 602, including applications of integration, multivariable functions, optimization of 2 and 3 variable functions & partial derivatives.	 Analyze and solve applications in economics, finance, and probability/statistics using definitive integrals or partial derivatives. Find anti-derivative of functions (involving powers, exponents, logarithms, and combinations of the functions) by identifying and applying the appropriate derivative formula/rule. Find partial derivatives of the multi-variable functions by identifying and applying the appropriate derivative formulas/rule. Apply partial derivatives to areas of problem solving including optimization, LaGrange multipliers, and/or least squares.
CALCULUS FOR TECHNOLOGY I MA 622	Differentiation and integration of elementary functions with applications. Intended for students in Technology.	None.
CALCULUS FOR TECHNOLOGY II	Differentiation and integration of trigonometric,	None.
MA 632	exponential, and logarithmic functions with	ivolic.
	applications. Intended for students in Technology.	
MATHEMATICS FOR TECHNOLOGY I	Study of basic arithmetic and algebra, right triangles,	None.
MA 801	functions, graphs, systems of linear equations,	
	exponents, radicals, logarithms, vectors, complex	
	numbers, matrices, and English and metric systems.	
	Intended for students in Technology.	
MATHEMATICS FOR TECHNOLOGY II	Study of angles, complex numbers, vectors,	None.
MA 811	trigonometric equations and graphs, Law of Sines, Law	
	of Cosines, trigonometric identities, and plane analytic	
	geometry. Intended for students in Technology.	

MUSIC (MU)

Reviewed 9/2018

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)		
	Designed for the new reveils region. Credit is not	Discuss the influences that social and cultural environments have on		
INTRODUCTION TO MUSIC/ MUSIC APPRECIATION	Designed for the non-music major. Credit is not applicable to a music degree. A course in the	music.		
MU 001	exploration of music, covering important musical styles.			
MO 001	exploration of music, covering important musical styles.	2. Articulate the role music plays in their lives.3. Explain the fundamental structure of music necessary for the		
		development of music listening skills.		
		Identify styles and composers of each major historical period in the		
		development of western art music.		
		Compare and contrast different styles of music from the United States		
		and around the world.		
		Describe the difference between vernacular and art music.		
FUNDAMENTALS OF MUSIC	Designed for any major, including those music majors	Describe the difference between verhacular and art music. Define basic musical terms and symbols.		
MU 003	who are deficient in theory. Introduction to the signs	Demonstrate an understanding of western music notation.		
1410 003	and symbols in the theory of music. Credit is not	Construct major and minor scales and key signatures in treble and bass		
	applicable to music majors.	clefs.		
	applicable to music majors.	Demonstrate an understanding of rhythm and meter.		
		5. Identify diatonic intervals and triads.		
		Analyze diatonic chords when used as a basis for a simple melody.		
MUSIC THEORY I (HARMONY)	A required course for music majors. Open to non-music	Illustrate the fundamentals of music theory, such as notation, rhythm,		
MU 004	majors. A study of the basic materials of music through	scales, tonality, key, intervals, triads, and seventh chords.		
100 004	music analysis, composition and associated skills.	Analyze and discuss the tonality, harmony, and melody of common		
	Taken concurrently with Music Theory I – Aural.	practice style of diatonic phrases.		
	Taken concurrently with masterneony in Maran	Compose phrases in a functional tonal style using diatonic harmonies.		
		4. Realize diatonic figured bass.		
MUSIC THEORY II	A required course for music majors. Open to non-music	None.		
(HARMONY)	majors. A continuation of the concepts established in			
MU 005	Music Theory I, covering traditional diatonic practice			
	with an expansion of harmonic vocabulary. Taken			
	concurrently with Music Theory II – Aural.			
APPLIED MUSIC	Private applied instruction in keyboard, voice, strings,	None.		
MU 006	woodwind, or percussion instruments for non-music			
	majors.			
MUSIC THEORY I	A required course for music majors. Open to non-music	None.		
(Aural)	majors. Development of basic aural skills related to			
MU 027	sight-reading, rhythmic and melodic dictation, and			
	harmonic dictation, using examples from the common			
	practice period. Taken concurrently with Music Theory			
	l.			

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
MUSIC THEORY II	A required course for music majors. Open to non-music	None.
(Aural)	majors. A continuation of Music Theory I (Aural).	
MU 028	Prerequisite: Music Theory I. Taken concurrently with	
	Music Theory II.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
KEYBOARD I	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (030)	an elective.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
KEYBOARD II	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (031)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Keyboard I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
KEYBOARD III	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (032)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Keyboard II	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
KEYBOARD IV	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (033)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Keyboard III	
MUSIC CLASS PIANO I	Classroom instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
MU 040	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
	elective (Can be taken for one or two hours credit.)	
MUSIC CLASS PIANO II	Classroom instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
MU 041	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
	elective, Prerequisite: CLASS PIANO I (Can be taken for	
	one or two hours credit.)	
MUSIC CLASS PIANO III	Classroom instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
MU 042	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
	elective, Prerequisite: CLASS PIANO II (Can be taken for	
	one or two hours credit.)	
MUSIC CLASS PIANO IV	Classroom instruction on keyboard instrument and is	None.
MU 043	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
	elective, Prerequisite: CLASS PIANO III (Can be taken for	
	one or two hours credit.)	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction in voice and is primarily for music	None.
VOICE I	majors, but open to all students as an elective.	
MU (050)		
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction in voice and is primarily for music	None.
VOICE II	majors, but open to all students as an elective.	
MU (051)	Prerequisite Music Applied Voice I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction in voice and is primarily for music	None.
VOICE III	majors, but open to all students as an elective.	
MU (052)	Prerequisite Music Applied Voice II	
IVIU (U52)	Prerequisite iviusic Applied Voice II	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction in voice and is primarily for music	None.
VOICE IV	majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (053)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Voice III	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on string instrument and is primarily	None.
STRINGS I	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (070)	elective.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on string instrument and is primarily	None.
STRINGS II	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (071)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied String I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on string instrument and is primarily	None.
STRINGS III	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (072)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied String II	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on string instrument and is primarily	None.
STRINGS IV	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (073)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied String III	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on woodwind instrument and is	None.
WOODWINDS I	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (090)	an elective.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on woodwind instrument and is	None.
WOODWINDS II	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (091)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Woodwinds I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on woodwind instrument and is	None.
WOODWINDS III	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (092)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Woodwinds II	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on woodwind instruments and is	None.
WOODWINDS IV	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (093)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Woodwinds III	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on percussion instruments and is	None.
PERCUSSION I	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (110)	an elective.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on percussion instruments and is	None.
PERCUSSION II	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (111)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Percussion I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on percussion instruments and is	None.
PERSUSSION III	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (112)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Percussion II	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on percussion instruments and is	None.
PERCUSSION IV	primarily for music majors, but open to all students as	
MU (113)	an elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Percussion III	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on brass instruments and is primarily	None.
BRASS I	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (130)	elective.	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on brass instruments and is primarily	None.
BRASS II	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (131)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Brass I	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on brass instruments and is primarily	None.
BRASS III	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (132)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Brass II	
MUSIC APPLIED	Private instruction on brass instruments and is primarily	None.
BRASS IV	for music majors, but open to all students as an	
MU (133)	elective. Prerequisite Music Applied Brass III	
MUSIC SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE I	Secondary vocal performance ensemble.	None.
MU (150)		
MUSIC SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE II	Secondary vocal performance ensemble. Minor vocal	None.
MU (151)	performance ensemble. Prerequisite MUSIC	
	SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE I.	
MUSIC SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE III	Secondary vocal performance ensemble. Minor vocal	None.
MU (152)	performance ensemble. Prerequisite MUSIC	
	SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE II.	
MUSIC SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE IV	Secondary vocal performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
MU (153)	MUSIC SECONDARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE III.	
MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE I	Primary vocal performance ensemble.	None.
MU (170)		
MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE II	Primary vocal performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
MU (171)	MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE I.	
MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE III	Primary vocal performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
MU (172)	MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE II.	
MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE IV	Primary vocal performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
MU (173)	MUSIC PRIMARY VOCAL ENSEMBLE III.	
MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	Secondary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE I		
MU (190)		
MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	Secondary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE II	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	
MU (191)	ENSEMBLE I.	
MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	Secondary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE III	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	
MU (192)	ENSEMBLE II.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	Secondary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE IV	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY ORCHESTRAL	
MU (193)	ENSEMBLE III.	
MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE	Primary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
1		
MU (210)		
MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE	Primary orchestral performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
II	MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE I.	
MU (211)		
MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE	Major orchestral performance ensemble. Prerequisite	None.
III	MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTAL ENSEMBLE II.	
MU (212)		
MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE	Primary orchestral performance ensemble.	None.
IV	Prerequisite MUSIC PRIMARY ORCHESTRAL ENSEMBLE	
MU (213)	III.	
MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	Secondary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE I	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
MU (230)		
MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	Secondary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE II	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	
MU (231)	ENSEMBLE I.	
MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	Secondary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE III	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	
MU (232)	ENSEMBLE II.	
MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	Secondary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE IV	Prerequisite MUSIC SECONDARY INSTRUMENTAL	Notice.
MU (233)	ENSEMBLE III.	
MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	Primary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE I	Transity institutional performance ensemble.	TOTAL
MU (250)		
MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	Primary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE II	Prerequisite MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	NOIC.
MU (251)	ENSEMBLE I.	
MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	Primary instrumental performance ensemble.	None.
ENSEMBLE III	Prerequisite MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	NOIC.
MU (252)	ENSEMBLE II	
MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	Primary instrumental performance ensemble.	Nana
ENSEMBLE IV	Primary instrumental performance ensemble. Prerequisite MUSIC PRIMARY INSTRUMENTAL	None.
	ENSEMBLE III.	
MU (253)	EINSEINIRTE III.	

NUTRITION (NT)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)		
NUTRITION NT 101	Nutrition is the study of the functions of the nutrients in human life processes. Nutrients and their relationship to health will be considered as a basis for food choices.	 Define common terminology used in nutrition. Identify factors surrounding availability and consumption of food. Identify evidence-based resources of nutritional information. Identify the basic processes of human digestion. Identify nutrients as they relate to food groups and their functions, toxicities, and deficiencies. Identify the basic processes of energy metabolism. Identify evidence-based dietary plans that include balanced nutritional intake. 		
NT 102 LIFE SPAN NUTRITION	This course is the study of the normal nutritional needs of healthy individuals at all stages throughout the human life cycle.	 Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during the preconception life stage. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during pregnancy. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during lactation. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during infancy. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during childhood. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during adolescence. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during adulthood. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during adulthood. Identify nutrient needs and recommendations relevant to normal nutrition during the aging life stage. 		
NT 103 FOOD AND CULTURE	This course is the study of global food and food practices from a cultural perspective.	 Define basic terms related to culture. Discuss food patterns and food customs from various ethnic, regional, and religious backgrounds. Distinguish social factors that are relevant to a variety of cultures. Identify the various aspects of culture as they relate to food, such as religion, socioeconomic status, and race/ethnicity. Demonstrate and understanding of culturally specific foods. 		

PHILOSOPHY (PI)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION		STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION	A general introduction to major areas of philosophical	None.	(4) 011 000 101 00 111 111 111 11 11 11 11
TO PHILOSOPHY	studies, including, but not limited to, metaphysics,		
PI 101	epistemology, and ethics.		
INTRODUCTION TO LOGIC AND CRITICAL	An introduction to logic and critical thinking, including	None.	
THINKING	traditional and contemporary methods of argument		
PI 102	analysis and formulation.		
INTRODUCTION TO ETHICS	Basic issues in moral philosophy examined through a	None.	
PI 103	consideration of selected philosophers, including a		
	sampling of ethical theories.		
INTRODUCTION TO ASIAN PHILOSOPHY	An introduction to the foundational texts of the major	None.	
PI 104	philosophical schools from India and China, with		
	emphasis on Hinduism, Buddhism, Confucianism, and		
	Daoism.		
HISTORY AND PHILOSOPHY I: ANCIENT	A survey of ancient and medieval philosophy of the	None.	
AND MEDIEVAL	West, including a look at the work of philosophers from		
PI 201	the time of Thales to the late middle ages.		
HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY II: MODERN	A survey of major philosophical thinkers in the West	None.	
PI 202	from the Renaissance to Kant.		
PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION	Exploration of religion from a philosophical perspective.	None.	
PI 210	Study includes topics selected from such issues as the		
	definition of religion, the existence of deities and the		
	human soul, immortality, determinism and free will, the		
	role of rationality in a religious context, among others.		
SOCIAL AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY	A study of theories of social justice and their	None.	
PI 211	implications for selected areas of public policy and		
	personal conduct. Attention will be paid to such topics		
	as theories of natural law, social contract, and related		
BUILD CODING OF COLEMO	subjects.	N1	
PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE	An introductory survey of the development of Western	None.	
PI 212	science, and some of the philosophical issues involved		
	in its development. Such issues include the scientific		
	method, the nature of theories, and scientific truth.		

PHYSICAL SCIENCE (GS)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PHYSICAL SCIENCE	General Physical Science, a lecture/demonstration	None.
GS 100	course for non-science majors. This course presents	
	concepts from two or more of the fields of astronomy,	
	chemistry, geology, meteorology and physics.	
	Prerequisites: none.	
PHYSICAL SCIENCE + LAB	General Physical Science, a lecture/demonstration	None.
GS 101	course with laboratory for non-science majors. This	
	course presents concepts from two or more of the	
	fields of astronomy, chemistry, geology, meteorology	
	and physics. Prerequisite: none.	
EARTH SCIENCE	Earth Science, a lecture/demonstration course with or	None.
GS 110	without laboratory. This course presents basic	
	concepts for non-science majors in a combination of at	
	least three of the following: geology, astronomy,	
	meteorology, and oceanography. Prerequisite: none.	
GENERAL ASTRONOMY	A lecture/demonstration course for non-science majors	None.
GS 120	that uses concepts from physics to describe the origin,	
	current state, and evolution of the solar system, stars,	
	galaxies and the universe. Prerequisite: none.	
GENERAL ASTRONOMY + LAB	A lecture/demonstration course with laboratory for	None.
GS 121	non-science majors that uses concepts from physics to	
	describe the origin, current state, and evolution of the	
	solar system, stars, galaxies, and the universe.	
	Prerequisites: none.	

PHYSICS (PH)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
DESCRIPTIVE PHYSICS	Descriptive Physics is a survey course for non-science	None.
PH 100	majors, which emphasizes developing conceptual	
	understanding rather than quantitative problem-solving skills. Prerequisite: none.	
INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICS PH 110	Introduction to Physics, a survey course intended for non-science majors. This course emphasizes both quantitative problem solving and conceptual understanding. Prerequisite: elementary high school	 Identify various fundamental definitions, laws, and principles of physics as they apply to commonly encountered physical phenomena. Demonstrate critical thinking skills using logic and simple mathematics to solve problems based upon realistic applications of physical principles in
	algebra skills.	the areas including but not limited to: kinematics, forces, energy, physics of matter, waves, electricity, and optics. 3. Demonstrate basic experimental skills by setting up and conducting experiments demonstrating illustrating the physical concepts covered.
GENERAL PHYSICS I	General Physics I is an algebra based course. This	None.
PH 120 (Algebra based)	course includes mechanics in one and two dimensions,	
	thermodynamics and/or waves; with laboratory.	
	Prerequisite: College Algebra or equivalent.	
GENERAL PHYSICS II	General Physics II is an algebra based course. This	None.
PH 130 (Algebra based)	course is a continuation of PH120 and includes	
	electricity and magnetism, light, thermodynamics	
	and/or waves, and may also include modern physics;	
	with laboratory. Prerequisite: PH 120.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PHYSICS I PH 240 (Calculus based)	Physics I is a calculus based course for science and engineering majors. This course includes mechanics, heat, thermodynamics; with laboratory. Prerequisite: Calculus.	 Demonstrate the ability to think critically and utilize concepts to qualitatively analyze problems or situations involving topics in classical mechanics. Demonstrate the ability to use conceptual reasoning and appropriate mathematical techniques including vectors and calculus where applicable to obtain quantitative solutions to problems in classical mechanics. The quantitative problems will include, but are not necessarily limited to, linear and rotational motion using kinematics, forces including Newton's Laws, Hooke's Law, and Newton's Law of Gravity, conservation principles (energy, momentum, angular momentum, and collisions), rotational kinematics and dynamics, and oscillations. Demonstrate basic experimental skills by setting up and conducting experiments in classical mechanics with due regard to minimizing measurement error while obtaining reproducible and justifiable results.
PHYSICS II PH 250 (Calculus based)	Physics II is a calculus based course. This course is a continuation of PH 240, topics include electricity, magnetism, geometrical and physical optics; with laboratory. Prerequisite: PH240.	 Demonstrate the ability to think critically and utilize concepts to qualitatively analyze problems or situations involving topics in electricity and magnetism Demonstrate the ability to use conceptual reasoning and appropriate mathematical techniques including vectors and calculus where applicable to obtain quantitative solutions to problems in electricity and magnetism. The quantitative problems will include but are not necessarily limited to, Coulomb's Law, Gauss' Law, Ampere's Law, Faraday's Law, Maxwell's equations, DC/AC Circuits, and electromagnetic waves. Demonstrate basic experimental skills by setting up and conducting experiments in the topical areas with due regard to minimizing measurement error while obtaining reproducible and justifiable results.

POLITICAL SCIENCE (PS)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
	Charling of the animalists of the state of t	(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
AMERICAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PS 101	Studies of the principles, structure, processes and functions of the United States federal government.	 Apply principles of American government to individual lives Examine the interrelationships of the institutions of government. Examine the contribution of individual and group participation in the American political process. Relate principles of government to the U.S. constitutional system.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	An introduction to principles and problems of public	None.
PS 201	administration, organizational theory, budgeting, human resource management, and the political environment.	
POLITICAL THEORY	An introduction to the foundations of political	None.
PS 202	philosophy.	
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	An introduction to the analysis of the structure of	None.
PS 203	international relations, and sources of international influence, conflict, and cooperation.	
COMPARATIVE POLITICS	An introduction to the study of the differences among	None.
PS 204	political systems and political cultures, and the merits of comparative political analysis.	
LAW PS 205	An introduction to elements of the U.S. legal system in relation to public organizations.	None.
AMERICAN POLITICS	An introductory study of the policy-making process and	None.
PS 206	of American political institutions: the Presidency, Congress, the Judiciary, and the bureaucracy. Also examines political processes and behavior including parties, elections, interest groups, public opinion, and the media.	
STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT PS 207	An introduction to the organization, structure functions, and administration of state and local governments.	None.
SCOPE PS 208	An introduction to the discipline of political science, and its major subfields.	None.

PSYCHOLOGY (PY)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
PY 101	A survey of the major areas of study in Psychology such as motivation, learning, physiology, personality, social psychology, abnormal behavior, perception, memory, cognitive thought, and treatment.	None.
SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY PY 102	A Psychology course with a prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology offered at the 2000 level or above. The course will cover topics such as: conformity, social influence, social cognition, prosocial behavior, prejudice, group processes, interpersonal attraction and social comparison.	None.
DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY PY 103	A theoretical and research based course, with a prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology, offered at the 2000 level or above. The course will cover social, emotional, physical and cognitive aspects of human development throughout the life span.	None.
PERSONALITY THEORIES PY 104	A psychology course, with a prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology, offered at the 2000 level or above, examining personality processes and the various theoretical approaches to the study of personality such as: psychodynamic, behavioral, phenomenological, trait, and social learning theories.	None.
PSYCHOLOGY STATISTICS PY 105	A Psychology course, with a prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology and offered at the 2000 level or above, that provides an introduction to descriptive and inferential, parametric, and non-parametric statistical techniques used in behavioral research. These techniques should include measures of central tendency, variability, correlation, regression analysis, hypothesis testing, t-tests, Chi square, and ANOVA. It is assumed that a student finishing this course will be able to use computers for statistical analyses and will be prepared for advanced laboratory classes.	None.
SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY (SOCIOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVESS) PY 106	None.	None.
INDUSTRIAL/	None.	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY		(or on cookse comineration, stopent with the Able 10)
PY 107		
PSYCHOLOGY OF ADJUSTMENT	A study of concepts of a healthy personality including	None.
PY 108	basic needs and drives, self-structure, and promotion of	
	a healthy personality.	
INTRODUCTION TO COUNSELING (UPPER	None.	None.
DIVISION)		
PY 109		
INTRODUCTION TO COUNSELING (LOWER	None.	None.
DIVISION)		
PY 110		
CHILDHOOD	A theoretical and researched based course, with a	None.
PY 123	prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology offered at	
	the 2000 level or above. The course will cover social,	
	emotional, physical, and cognitive aspects of human	
	development from conception through middle	
	childhood.	
ADOLESCENCE	A theoretical and research based course with a	None.
PY 133	prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology offered at	
	the 2000 level or above. The course will cover social,	
	emotional, physical, and cognitive aspects of human	
	development from early adolescence through emerging	
CHILD AND ADOLESCENT DOVOLOGO	adulthood.	N
CHILD AND ADOLESCENT PSYCHOLOGY	A theoretical and research based course, with a	None.
PY 143	prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology offered at	
	the 2000 level or above. The course will cover social, emotional, physical, and cognitive aspects of human	
	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	development from conception through emerging adulthood.	
AGING	A theoretical and research based course, with a	None.
PY 163	prerequisite of Introduction to Psychology offered at	NOIL.
11203	the 2000 level or above. The course will cover social.	
	emotional, physical, and cognitive aspects of human	
	development from adulthood to death.	
	development from additiood to death.	

RELIGION (RL)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO THE HEBREW BIBLE RL 101	Survey of Old Testament literature, with special attention given to literary form, historical background, and religious message.	 Analyze the historical, political, literary, and religious contexts of the Hebrew Bible. Explain the development of the principal themes within the Hebrew Bible. Apply academic methods of biblical criticism to the Hebrew Bible. Examine the genres of literature within the Hebrew Bible.
INTRODUCTION TO THE NEW TESTAMENT RL 102	Survey of New Testament, literature, with special attention given to literary form, historical background, and religious message.	 Analyze the historical, political, literary, and religious contexts of the New Testament. Explain the development of the principal themes within the New Testament. Apply academic methods of biblical criticism to the New Testament. Examine the genres of literature within the New Testament.
COMPARATIVE OR WORLD RELIGIONS RL 201	Presents a historical and analytical approach to the major religions of the world.	 Identify fundamental terms and principles of at least five religious traditions. Compare beliefs and practices of at least five religious traditions. Analyze primary texts from at least five religious traditions.
THE LIFE AND TEACHINGS OF JESUS RL 210	An examination of the birth, life, and death of Jesus of Nazareth.	None.
THE LIFE AND TEACHINGS OF PAUL RL 211	Survey of the life and times of the Apostle Paul and his writings.	None.

SOCIOLOGY (SS)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY SS 001	A general survey of the field of sociology, the origin and development of social institutions, and social processes. (Revised February of 2014)	Compare and contrast major theoretical perspectives. Summarize the various sociological research methods. Apply sociological concepts, terms, and principles.
MARRIAGE AND FAMILY SS 008	An exploration of the patterns and purposes of courtship and insight into marriage and the development of family life. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
CULTURAL DIVERSITIES SS 014	An investigation of the sociological processes of a racially and culturally heterogeneous society.	None.
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL GERONTOLOGY SS 017	A general look at aging from a social perspective, including the relationship between society and the aged population. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
SOCIAL PROBLEMS SS 031	Exploration of selected social issues in contemporary society. (Revised February of 2014)	 Analyze and differentiate what defines a social problem. Explain how social problems affect us both as individuals and from a global perspective. Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of proposed solutions for social problems. Describe social research perspectives and theories regarding social problems.
CRIME AND DELINQUENCY SS 033	A study of the nature and causes of various forms of illegal behavior.	None.
JUVENILE DELINQUENCY SS 035	A study of the causes of juvenile delinquency, their theoretical explanations, and an overview of the juvenile justice system. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
SOCIOLOGY OF GENDER SS 043	A study of the development and impact of gender. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
HUMAN SEXUALITY SS 044	An introduction to the various components of human sexual response. (Revised February of 2014)	None.
SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY SS 045	A study of the social psychological basis of social interaction and change. (Revised February of 2014)	 Explain the basic tenets of social psychology from a sociological perspective. Apply the concepts, theories, and methods of social psychology to their own lives. Identify how social settings can shape one's attitudes, behaviors, relationships, and feelings.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
APPLIED SOCIOLOGY	Application of sociological theory and methods to social	None.
SS 046	situations. (Revised February of 2014)	
SOCIAL STATISTICS	Presentation and application of descriptive and	None.
SS 048	inferential statistics commonly used in the social	
	sciences.	
SPECIAL TOPICS IN SOCIOLOGY	Coverage of selected or special topics in Sociology.	None.
SS 049		
INDEPENDENT STUDY	Directed individual study.	None.
SS 050		
SPECIAL TOPICS IN SOCIOLOGY	Coverage of selected or special topics in Sociology.	None.
SS 051		
INDEPENDENT STUDY	Directed individual study.	None.
SS 052		
SOCIAL THEORIES	An introduction to classical and contemporary social	None.
SS 053	theories.	
POPULATION	Studies of population composition and problems.	None.
SS 054		
POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	Analysis of power, authority, political conflict and the	None.
SS 055	social influences of human political	
	behavior.	
SOCIAL ECOLOGY	Human interdependencies with the social and physical	None.
SS 056	environments, with special focus on the	
	mutual impact of human values, human environment	
	and life phases.	
SOCIAL STRATIFICATION	An examination of theories of class and caste: status,	None.
SS 057	power, occupation, wealth and other	
	elements of stratification.	
FORMAL ORGANIZATION	A systematic study of organization life concepts,	None.
SS 058	techniques, methodologies, and theory from a	
	sociological perspective. Both formal and informal	
	structure and function will be considered.	
INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY	A study of the world of work. This course examines types	None.
SS 059	of occupations, motivations for work,	
	reasons for job dissatisfaction, and the relationships that	
	develop in a work situation.	
DEATH AND DYING	The study of death and dying as a social phenomenon	None.
SS 060	including a focus on occupations and	
	professions that deal with terminal patients in hospitals	
	and with funerals.	

COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
	(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
0	None.
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, , , , ,	None.
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	None.
and focus on therapies.	
A study of social, political, and industrial group behavior	None.
fashions, mobs, public opinion, social movements.	
The cause and consequences of the rise of cities. Topics	None.
include comparative world	
urbanization, the social and cultural correlates of urban	
life.	
None.	None.
	None.
a whole.	
An overview of theories and research on social network	None.
	Understanding cultural and social factors in health and disease, including application of sociological concepts, theories, and research to health, illness, and delivery systems. A study of the research process, designed to convey the basic skills in conducting social research. A societal approach to understanding personal and behavioral aspects of mental health, by focusing on cross-cultural regularities and differences, and focus on therapies. A study of social, political, and industrial group behavior patterns, including crowds, fads, fashions, mobs, public opinion, social movements. The cause and consequences of the rise of cities. Topics include comparative world urbanization, the social and cultural correlates of urban life.

SPEECH (SP)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNICATION	Overview of the human communication process as it	None.
(THEORY)	occurs in intrapersonal, interpersonal, small group, and	
SP 010	mass contexts.	
INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNICATION	Principles and techniques of preparing for, participating	Evaluate the strategies of communication.
(PERFORMANCE)	in, and evaluating at the interpersonal and public levels,	2. Apply the principles of effective speech preparation.
SP 020	or exclusively oral communication (e.g., public speaking).	3. Demonstrate the elements of effective speech delivery.
INTERPERSONAL COMMUNICATION	A study of the principles and theories of communication	1. Evaluate one's own interpersonal relationships and the impact on sense
SP 030	in dyadic interaction. Emphasis will be on increasing	of self.
	student awareness of verbal and nonverbal	2. Explain how interpersonal concepts influence interpersonal relationships.
	communication behavior in one-on-one contexts.	3. Apply interpersonal concepts to interpersonal relationships
SMALL GROUP COMMUNICATION	Focuses on enhancing student understanding of, and	Explain theories of small group communication.
SP 040	skills for, participation in small group interaction. Addresses various aspects of task and social dimensions	2. Contribute to the task and socio=emotional activities in a group setting in an ethical manner.
	of group processes, such as group development,	3. Identify norm, roles, and processes in group activities.
	leadership, and verbal and nonverbal communication	4. Apply small group concepts to group activities and projects.
	strategies.	5. Demonstrate problem-solving skills during group decision making.
MASS COMMUNICATION	Overview of print and electronic media. Attention will	None.
SP 050	be given to aspects of public relations, advertising,	
	recording and film industries. Also may include career	
	preparation issues.	
VOICE AND DICTION	Study of the physiology of speech, including concepts as	None.
SP 060	improvement of vocal control, expansion of vocabulary,	
	and introduction to the international phonetic	
	alphabet.	
ORAL INTERPRETATION	Theory and practice of the art of interpreting to an	None.
SP 070	audience from the printed page, works of literature in	
	their intellectual, emotional, and aesthetic entirety.	
PRINCIPLES OF LISTENING	Acquaints the student with the components of the	None.
SP 080	listening process; identifies common obstacles to	
	listening; and promotes effective listening strategies in	
	a variety of personal and professional contexts.	
DEBATE	The study and application of logic and argumentation in	None.
SP 090	persuasion. Includes theories of argumentation and	
	practical debate experience.	
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL	Designed to assist students in applying skills to	None.
COMMUNICATION	situations typical of business environments. Students	
SP 110		

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	will develop skills in preparing and presenting informative, persuasive, and special occasion speeches.	
BASIC RADIO PRODUCTION SP 120	An introduction to the tools and techniques of audio recording and radio station operation.	None.
TELEVISION PRODUCTION SP 130	An introduction to the basic principles, procedures, and techniques of television production. Includes video control, special effects, operation of cameras, editing equipment, composition, lighting, staging, directing, oncamera announcing and interviewing.	None.
BROADCAST ANNOUNCING SP 140	Designed to meet specific needs of the radio-television announcer; includes activities to develop effective vocal communication as a means of improving radio-television presentation and delivery.	None.
FUNDAMENTALS OF BROADCASTING (THEORY) SP 150	Survey of the components of broadcasting and other electronic media systems in American, including technical aspects, history, legal and social issues.	None.
INTERCOLLEGIATE FORENSICS SP 160	Participation in competitive speech activities.	None.
INTERCULTURAL COMMUNICATION SP 170	This course identifies and delineates the communications skills needed for effective interaction in a global society.	None.
NONVERBAL COMMUNICATION SP 180	Focuses on the nonverbal behaviors and relevant contextual cues associated with human communication including, for example, physical behavior, distance, facial expression and eye contact, paralanguage, the physical environment, touch, and cultural variables.	None.
COMMUNICATION THEORY SP 190	Survey of theories designed to explain how humans interact. Includes verbal, nonverbal, interpersonal, group, organizational, political, intercultural, and mass communication.	None.

STATISTICS (ST)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
ELEMENTARY STATISTICS ST 001	Includes descriptive statistics (histograms, pie charts, pictograms, graphs, etc); summary statistics (central tendency – mean, median, mode; variability – variance, standard deviation, range); basic probability concepts; statistical distributions; Binomial Distribution; Normal Distribution; distribution of the sample mean (proportion); confidence intervals; hypothesis testing (generally one population Normal & binomial, and difference in means or proportions situations).	 Identify statistical terminology, such as types of data and research designs. Organize, display, and interpret data visually using tables, graphs, and frequency distributions. Calculate and interpret measures of central tendency and variability, such as mean, median, mode, variance, standard deviation, and quartiles. Apply elementary laws and principles to compute probabilities from sample spaces, including the rule of complements, the general addition rule, and the independent event multiplication rule. Apply the binomial and normal distributions to compute probabilities in appropriate situations. Construct and interpret appropriate confidence intervals to estimate one population mean and population proportion. Construct and interpret appropriate confidence intervals to estimate the difference between two population means and the difference between two population proportions. Conduct and interpret appropriate hypothesis tests for a population mean and a population proportion. Conduct and interpret appropriate hypothesis tests for the difference between two population means and the difference between two population proportions.
BUSINESS STATISTICS ST 002	Includes descriptive statistics (histograms, pie charts, pictograms, graphs, etc); summary statistics (central tendency – mean, median, mode; variability – variance, standard deviation, range); basic probability concepts; statistical distributions; Binomial Distribution; Normal Distribution; distribution of the sample mean (proportion); confidence intervals; hypothesis testing (generally one population Normal & binomial, and difference in means or proportions situations). Emphasis on business applications. Prerequisite: Algebra for STEM or Functions and Modeling.	 Identify statistical terminology, such as types of data and research designs. Organize, display, and interpret data visually using tables, graphs, and frequency distributions. Calculate and interpret measures of central tendency and variability, such as mean, median, mode, variance, standard deviation, and quartiles. Apply elementary laws and principles to compute probabilities from sample spaces, including the rule of complements, the general addition rule, and the independent event multiplication rule. Apply the binomial and normal distributions to compute probabilities in appropriate situations. Construct and interpret appropriate confidence intervals to estimate one population mean and population proportion. Construct and interpret appropriate confidence intervals to estimate the difference between two population means and the difference between two population proportions.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
		8. Conduct and interpret appropriate hypothesis tests for a population
		mean and a population proportion.
		9. Conduct and interpret appropriate hypothesis tests for the difference
		between two population means and the difference between two
		population proportions.

THEATRE (TH)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
STAGECRAFT	Principles of constructing, rigging, and assembling	None.
TH 103	modern stage scenery and equipment.	
THEATRICAL MAKE-UP	Study of the purpose, principles and materials of stage	None.
TH 113	make-up. Intensive practice in the art of make-up.	
COSTUME CONSTRUCTION	In this course, the student will learn the uses of fabrics,	None.
TH 123	building of patterns, basic construction techniques, and	
	apply these techniques to specific periods of styles of	
	dress.	
STAGE LIGHTING	Acquaints the student with the equipment, control	None.
TH 133	systems, basic electrical theory, color, and practice of	
	effective lighting, and basic principles of sound.	
STAGECRAFT II	Intensive study and practice in planning, layout,	None.
TH 153	construction, and painting of the stage setting, tools,	
	material, and resources used by the stage technician.	
THEATRICAL PRODUCTION	Laboratory work in departmental productions in any	1. Employ skills in a theatre production
TH 311, TH 321, TH 331,	production activity. Three hours lab work for each one	2. Model collaboration as part of a production team
TH 341	hour of credit per week.	3. Use industry standard vocabulary to describe the process of theatrical
		production
INTRODUCTION TO THEATRE AND	A survey and analysis of theatre history, literature, and	None.
THEATRE APPRECIATION	practices relating to the theatre as a social force.	
TH 353		
INTRODUCTION TO THEATRE DESIGN	This course examines the elements and theory in all	None.
TH 363	functions of theatrical design and production.	
ACTING I	Designed to acquaint the beginning actor with the	None.
TH 513	fundamentals of acting, this course explores the	
	physical, vocal, emotional, and technical aspects of the	
	actor's craft.	
ACTING II	This course will develop the actor's craft through scene	None.
TH 523	study, and various techniques of character analysis and	
	development.	
VOICE AND DICTION	Study of vocal mechanism, phonetics, IPA, and related	None.
TH 533	exercises to improve the student's voice, articulation,	
	pronunciation, and expressive intonation for effective	
	oral communication.	
ORAL INTERPRETATION	Re-creation and oral communications of works of	None.
TH 553	literary art. The selection, evaluation, analysis,	
	interpretation, and oral presentation of various types of	
	selections from prose to verse.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
THEATRE HISTORY I	History of the development of Theatre in western	None.
TH 913	civilization from primitive times to the mid-17 th century.	
THEATRE HISTORY II	History of the development of Theatre in western	None.
TH 923	civilization from the mid-17 th century to the present.	
COSTUME HISTORY	Designed to acquaint the student with the costumes	None.
TH 933	worn by people of dramatically significant periods and	
	countries.	

WORLD/FOREIGN LANGUAGES (WL)

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
CONVERSATIONAL I WL 105	Introductory World Language conversation course. This is an introduction to the target language with a focus on listening and speaking, providing intensive practice in the language on topics of everyday life. Minimum 3	None.
CONVERSATIONAL II WL 106	hours credit. No prerequisite. Second introductory World Language conversation course. This continues the development of language skills with a focus on listening and speaking, providing the opportunity to function in the target language in a variety of situations. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite: WL 105.	None.
INTRODUCTORY I WL 110	First introductory World Languages course. This course is an introduction to the productive (speaking and/or writing) and receptive (listening/visual comprehension) skills appropriate to the target language. With variations depending on the language studied, the course typically introduces vocabulary, pronunciation (or signing), writing system, and reading and writing of short, simple texts. Grammar is often confined to simple sentence structure and simple tenses. This could be a general education requirement. Minimum 4 hours credit. No prerequisites.	 WL 110-FR Introductory I (French) Upon completion of this course, students will meet or exceed these ACTFL guidelines: Listening 1. Understand some short, learned utterances, particularly where context strongly supports understanding and speech is clearly audible. 2. Comprehend some words and phrases from simple questions, statements, high-frequency commands and courtesy formulae about topics that refer to basic personal information or the immediate physical setting. Listeners will require long pauses for assimilation and periodically request repetition and/or a slower rate of speech. Speaking 1. Produce isolated words and learned phrases within very predictable areas of need. 2. Demonstrate vocabulary sufficient for handling simple, elementary needs and expressing basic courtesies. 3. Produce utterances consisting of two or three words, which may show frequent long pauses and repetition of interlocutor's words. Speakers may have some difficulty producing even the simplest utterances. Some speakers will be understood only with great difficulty. Reading 1. Recognize the symbols of an alphabetic and/or syllabic writing system and/or a limited number of characters in a system that uses characters. 2. Identify an increasing number of highly contextualized words and/or phrases including cognates and borrowed words, where appropriate.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
		Material understood rarely exceeds a single phrase at a time, and rereading may be required. Writing Demonstrate ability to copy or transcribe familiar words or phrases and reproduce from memory. Writers will demonstrate no practical communicative writing skills.
INTRODUCTORY II WL 120	Second introductory level World Languages course. Continuous building of the productive and receptive skills appropriate to the language being studied. This often includes expansion of vocabulary, the use of nonpresent tenses and verbal aspects, and somewhat more complex grammatical structures. Cultural elements (literature, film, music, etc.) may be more frequently featured than in WL 110. This could be a general education requirement. Minimum 4 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 110 or alternately WL 106, but not WL 105 alone.	 WL 120-FR Introductory II (French) Upon completion of this course, students will meet or exceed these ACTFL guidelines by being able to: Listening 1. Understand short, learned utterances and some sentence-length utterances, particularly where context strongly supports understanding and speech is clearly audible. Comprehend words and phrases from simple questions, statements, high-frequency commands and courtesy formulae. Listeners may require repetition, rephrasing, and/or a slowed rate of speech for comprehension. Speaking Partially satisfy the requirements of basic communicative exchanges by relying heavily on learned utterances but occasionally expanding these through simple recombinations of their elements. Ask questions or make statements involving learned material. Show signs of spontaneity although this falls short of real autonomy of expression. Speech continues to consist of learned utterances rather than of personalized, situationally adapted ones. Vocabulary centers on areas such as basic objects, places, and most common kinship terms. Pronunciation may still be strongly influenced by first language. Errors are frequent and, in spite of repetition, some speakers will have difficulty being understood even by sympathetic interlocutors. Reading Demonstrate sufficient control of the writing system to interpret written language in areas of practical need. Read for instructional and directional purposes, standardized messages, phrases, or expressions, such as some items on menus, schedules, timetables, maps, and signs where vocabulary has been learned. Occasionally demonstrate the ability to derive meaning from materials at a slightly higher level where context and/or extralinguistic background knowledge are supportive.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
		 Writing Produce simple, fixed expressions and limited memorized material and some recombinations thereof. Supply information on simple forms and documents. Write names, numbers, dates, own nationality, and other simple autobiographical information, as well as some short phrases and simple lists. Write all the symbols in an alphabetic or syllabic system or 50-100 characters or compounds in a character writing system. Spelling and representation of symbols (letters, syllables, characters) may be partially correct.
INTERMEDIATE I WL 130	First intermediate level World Languages course. Concentrates on the consolidation and expansion of the language-specific skills acquired at introductory levels. Skills acquisition is still an important feature at this level, but some attention may be paid to the finer points of expression in the target language. Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 120.	 WL 130-FR Intermediate I (French) Upon completion of this course, students will meet or exceed these ACTFL guidelines by being able to: Listening Understand sentence-length utterances which consist of recombinations of learned utterances on a variety of topics. Content continues to refer primarily to basic personal background and needs, social conventions and somewhat more complex tasks, such as lodging, transportation and shopping. Additional content areas include some personal interests and activities, and a greater diversity of instructions and directions. Listening tasks not only pertain to spontaneous face-to-face conversations but also to short routine telephone conversations and some deliberate speech, such as simple announcements and reports over the media. Understanding continues to be uneven. Speaking Successfully handle a variety of uncomplicated, basic, and communicative tasks and social situations. Talk simply about self and family members. Ask and answer questions and participate in simple conversations on topics beyond the most immediate needs. Utterance length increases slightly, but speech may continue to be characterized by frequent long pauses, since the smooth incorporation of even basic conversational strategies is often hindered as speakers struggle to create appropriate language forms. Pronunciation may continue to be strongly influenced by first language and fluency may still be strained. Although misunderstandings still arise, speakers can generally be understood by sympathetic interlocutors. Reading

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COOKSE DESCRIPTION	(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
		 Recognize the symbols of an alphabetic and/or syllabic writing system and/or a limited number of characters in a system that uses characters. Identify an increasing number of highly contextualized words and/or phrases including cognates and borrowed words, where appropriate. Material understood rarely exceeds a single phrase at a time, and rereading may be required. Writing Write short, simple letters with content involving personal preference, daily routine, everyday events, and other topics grounded in personal experience. Express present time and at least one other time frame or aspect consistently, e.g. non-past, habitual, imperfective. Demonstrate evidence of control of the syntax of non-complex sentences and basic inflectional morphology, such as conjugations. Writing tends to be a loose collection of sentences or sentence fragments on a given topic and provides little evidence of conscious organization, but it can be understood by natives used to the writing of non-natives.
INTERMEDIATE II WL 140	Second intermediate level World Languages course. This course concentrates on the refinement of the language-specific skills acquired at previous course levels. Accuracy in self-expression and in comprehension is often an important goal. Artistic and cultural production from the target culture(s) may be highlighted. Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 130.	 WL 140-FR Intermediate II (French) Upon completion of this course, students will meet or exceed these ACTFL guidelines by being able to: Listening 1. Sustain understanding over long stretches of connected discourse on a number of topics pertaining to different times and places. Understanding is inconsistent due to failure to grasp main ideas and/or details. Thus, while topics do not differ significantly from an advanced-level listener, comprehension is less in quantity and poorer in quality. Speaking 1. Successfully handle most uncomplicated communicative tasks and social situations. 2. Initiate, sustain, and close a general conversation with a number of strategies appropriate to a range of circumstances and topics, but errors are evident. 3. Demonstrate emerging evidence of connected discourse, particularly for simple narration and/or description. 4. Generally be understood even by interlocutors not accustomed to dealing with speakers at this level, but repetition may still be required. Limited vocabulary still necessitates hesitation and may bring about slightly unexpected circumlocution. Reading

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
		 Consistently understand simple connected texts dealing with basic personal and social needs about which they have personal interest and/or knowledge. Grasp some of the main ideas and information from texts at the next higher level featuring descriptions and narration. Structural complexity may interfere with comprehension. Readers will have some difficulty with the cohesive factors in discourse, such as matching pronouns with references. While texts do not differ significantly, from those at the advanced level, comprehension is less consistent. Readers may have to read material several times for understanding. Writing Meet most practical writing needs and limited social demands. Take notes in some detail on familiar topics and respond in writing to personal questions. Write simple letters, brief synopses and paraphrases, summaries of autobiographical data, work and school experiences. Display some precision in expressing time, tense and aspect. Produce verb forms rather consistently, but not always accurately. Demonstrate and emerging ability to describe and narrate paragraphs. Rarely use basic cohesive elements such as pronominal substitutions or synonyms in written discourse. Produce writing that, though faulty, is generally comprehensible to natives used to the writing of non-natives.
COMPOSITION I	Introductory Composition course in World Languages.	None.
WL 210	This course continues expanding upon skills learned in	
	English Composition I classes to include the planning,	
	developing, and shaping of writing assignments in	
	World Languages from the first to the final draft.	
	Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 140, E 001.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
COMPOSITION II	Advanced Composition course in World Languages.	None.
WL 220	This course continues to develop students' abilities in	
	composition tasks which reflect the kind of writing	
	World Languages majors and minors are asked to	
	perform, which may include description, narration,	
	exposition, and argumentation. Skills learned in this	
	course are largely transferable to expository writing in	
	any language. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite	
	WL 140, E 001.	
LANGUAGE FOR A PROFESSION I	Study of vocabulary, practices, and concepts typical of	None.
WL 300	selected professions in countries that use the target	
	language. The cultural context, differences between	
	the U.S. and the target cultures, and differences among	
	the countries using the target language should be part	
	of the curriculum. The course may be based upon a	
	textbook suited to the intermediate level. 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	
LANGUAGE FOR A PROFESSION II	Study of vocabulary, practices, and concepts typical of	None.
WL 305	selected professions in countries that use the target	Notie.
WL 303	language. The cultural context, differences between	
	the U.S. and the target cultures, and differences among	
	the countries using the target language should be part	
	of the curriculum. The course is based upon materials	
	suited for upper-division coursework, such as unedited	
	original texts, demanding multi-media materials, and	
	research components matching the guidelines for	
	upper-division course-level characteristics. 3 credit	
	hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	
GRAMMAR I (Intermediate Grammar)	A continuation, review, and reinforcement of grammar	None.
WL 310	learned in introductory World Language classes. This	
	course will emphasize correct basic grammatical	
	structures of the language. Depending on the World	
	Language studied, this may include the study of	
	contrasts between present and past tenses, indicative	
	and subjunctive moods, active and passive voices, etc.	
	Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
GRAMMAR II (Advanced Grammar) WL-320	This course is designed to expand and refine grammar skills learned in WL 310 and earlier courses. Complex structures, including nuances of the language not addressed earlier, will be taught. Depending on the World Language studied, this may include archaic and literary tenses, special verb forms for indirect discourse, infrequently used compound tenses, advanced vocabulary, etc. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 310.	None.
PHONETICS WL 330	This course is designed to expand and refine phonetical skills and their explication. Minimum 3 hours credit. Minimum Prerequisite WL 140.	None.
TRANSLATING I WL 340	This first translating course will introduce students to the ethical and professional responsibility associated with translating from one language to another as well as resources available to aid in translating. Coursework will focus on translating from the target language to English. Translating projects typically will include narratives, descriptions, simple discourse, announcements, popular advertising, newspaper articles, social notices, biographical information, formatted business letters, simple technical material, short legal documents/forms, simple prose, and general reports. Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 140.	None.
TRANSLATING II WL 345	This second translating course will introduce students to ethical and professional responsibility associated with translating from one language to another as well as resources available to aid in translating. Course work will focus on translating from English to the target language. Translating projects typically will include narratives, descriptions, simple discourse, announcements, popular advertising, newspaper, articles, social notices, biographical information, formatted business letters, simple technical material, short legal documents/forms, simple prose, and general reports. Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite WL 140, WL 340	None.
INTRODUCTION TO LITERATURE WL 350	An introduction to the study of literature in the target language. This is generally an overview of genres (e.g.	None.

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING &	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES
STATE REGENTS' NUMBER		(UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
	narrative, poetry, theatre, essay), periods, and leading	
	authors. The course may also include references to	
	various critical approaches to literature; it will often	
	emphasize the acquisition of a limited technical	
	vocabulary for literary analysis. Minimum 3 hours	
	credit. Prerequisite WL 140.	
CULTURE SURVEY I	The students survey the target culture from its origins	None.
WL 360	to at least early modern times, if not in entirety.	
	Readings and assignments are mostly in the target	
	language and representative readings from original	
	works. Students are expected to engage advanced	
	topics of cultural significance, not merely reinforce	
	intermediate-level verbal exchanges over quotidian	
	subject matter. Minimum 3 hours credit. Prerequisite	
	WL 140.	
CULTURE SURVEY II	The students survey the target culture from its	None.
WL 370	midpoint or entry into modern times. Readings and	
	assignments are mostly in the target language and	
	representative readings from original works. Students	
	are expected to engage advanced topics of cultural	
	significance, not merely reinforce intermediate-level	
	verbal exchanges over quotidian subject matter.	
	Minimum 3 semester hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	
CULTURE SURVEY I—VARIANT	The students survey the target culture from its	None.
WL 365	beginning or entry into modern times. Readings and	
	assignments are mostly in the target language and	
	representative readings from original works that	
	emanate from cultural centers outside of the target	
	language's country of origin. Students are expected to	
	engage advanced topics of cultural significance, not	
	merely reinforce intermediate-level verbal exchanges	
	over quotidian subject matter. Minimum 3 credit	
	hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	
CULTURE SURVEY II—VARIANT	The students survey the target culture from its	None.
WL 375	midpoint or entry into modern times. Readings and	
	assignments are mostly in the target language and	
	representative readings from original works that	
	emanate from cultural centers outside of the target	
	language's country of origin. Students are expected to	
	engage advanced topics of cultural significance, not	
	merely reinforce intermediate-level verbal exchanges	

EQUIVALENCY GROUP HEADING & STATE REGENTS' NUMBER	COMMON COURSE DESCRIPTION	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES (UPON COURSE COMPLETION, STUDENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
STATE REGERTS NOWIDER	over quotidian subject matter. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	(OF ON COOKSE CONTRETION, STODENT WILL BE ABLE TO)
LITERATURE SURVEY I WL 380	Study of literature in the target language and its development from its beginnings through the early modern period in the country of origin, with readings of representative texts. Readings and assignments are mostly in the target language. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	None.
LITERATURE SURVEY I—VARIANT WL 385	Study of literature in the target language and its development from its beginnings through the early modern period outside the country of origin, with readings of representative texts. Readings and assignments are mostly in the target language. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	None.
LITERATURE SURVEY II WL 390	Study of literature in the target language and its development in more recent times in the country of origin, with readings of representative texts. Readings and assignments are mostly in the target language. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	None.
LITERATURE SURVEY II—VARIANT WL 395	Study of literature in the target language and its development in more recent times outside the country of origin, with readings of representative texts. Readings and assignments are mostly in the target language. Minimum 3 credit hours. Prerequisite WL 140.	None.

INSTITUTIONAL ACRONYMS

BC – Bacone College

CASC – Carl Albert State College

CSC – Connors State College

CU – Cameron University

ECU – East Central University

EOSC – Eastern Oklahoma State College

LU – Langston University

MACU – Mid America Christian University

MSC – Murray State College

NEOAMC – Northeastern Oklahoma A&M College

NOC - Northern Oklahoma College

NSU – Northeastern State University

NWOSU – Northwestern Oklahoma State University

OBU – Oklahoma Baptist University

OC – Oklahoma Christian University

OCCC – Oklahoma City Community College

OCU – Oklahoma City University

OPSU – Oklahoma Panhandle State University

ORU – Oral Roberts University

OSU – Oklahoma State University

OSU-OKC – Oklahoma State University, Oklahoma City

OSUIT-OKM – Oklahoma State University Institute of Technology

OU – University of Oklahoma

OWU – Oklahoma Wesleyan University

RCC – Redlands Community College

RSC – Rose State College

RSU – Rogers State University

SEOSU – Southeastern Oklahoma State University

SGU – St. Gregory's University

SNU – Southern Nazarene University

SSC – Seminole State College

SWCU – Southwestern Christian University

SWOSU – Southwestern Oklahoma State University

SW-Sayre – Southwestern Oklahoma State University, Sayre Campus

TCC – Tulsa Community College

TU – University of Tulsa

UCO – University of Central Oklahoma

USAO – University of Science and Arts of Oklahoma

WOSC – Western Oklahoma State College

Index	NOTES
1	If a student transfers a lower division (1000-2000) course to an institution that offers the course at the upper division level (3000-4000), the lower division course will transfer as equivalent in content but not as upper division hours.
2	Courses will transfer as a sequential pair. Single courses will transfer at the discretion of the receiving institution.
3	If possible, students taking courses presented in sequence (I.e., I and II) should try to complete both courses at the same institution.
4	The degree requirements for history include approximately 15 to 18 semester hours of lower division work and from 21 to 36 hours of upper-division work.
5	This course requires a lab component be successfully completed simultaneously in order to receive full transfer credits. (2010-2011)
6	If course prerequisites are not equivalent, the receiving department reserves the right to require the course to be taken at the 3000 level.
7	No required course sequence is to be inferred from the course numbering.
8	At least 75% of the lab component must be face-to-face instruction (as opposed to online instruction). If not, such courses will transfer at the discretion of the receiving institution.

- **9** Any lower division course will equate to a comparable lower division course should such a course exist.
- TBD-to be determined-means the course is currently being created at the institution and does not yet have an assigned course number/prefix; however, the course has been pre-approved as a course equivalent in this category by the appropriate faculty group.
- 11 Placement exam required in order to receive full transfer credits in the major.