BRIDGES: Empathy, Understanding
Key Words: positive, negative, ambiguous, language, structure, form, context

Recap – Last lesson you compared how identity is presented in 'Hurricane Hits
England' and 'Presents From My Aunts In Pakistan'.

L/O: How do the poems in the GCSE anthology present identity?

Today you are going to be <u>comparing how identity is presented</u> in 'Hurricane Hits England' and 'Stewart Island'.

<u>Task</u> – Last lesson we said that, in 'Hurricane', the speaker has some inner conflict

- over their identity and where they belong.

 1. In 'Hurricane Hits England' the hurricane represents Guyana, which is where
- the poet is from what are the bad things about it?
- 2. What are the good things about it?

Comparison: Identity – Lesson 2

- 3. In 'Stewart Island', the speaker is also conflicted about where they are from what does the speaker like about Stewart Island?
- 4. And what don't they like about Stewart Island, which is where they're originally from?

Write your answers in your pink books, and look back at your notes/the poems if you're not sure.

Key Words: positive, negative, ambiguous, language, structure, form, context
 If you said any of the following you'd be right!
 In 'Hurricane Hits England' one of the things the speaker likes about Guyana/the hurricane is that it reminds her of her ancestral gods 'Huracan', 'Oya' and 'Shango'

L/O: How do the poems in the GCSE anthology present identity?

Comparison: Identity – Lesson 2

BRIDGES: Empathy, Understanding

frees her, as she says it 'breaks the frozen lake' in her, 'unchains' her heart, and reassures her that 'the earth is the earth'.
 However, the hurricane also brings destruction, suggesting there are negatives about where she's come from too. For example she talks about 'cratered graves',

She also seems to like the fact it reminds her the world is connected, and this

- 'reaping havoc', 'blinding illumination' and 'further darkness.
 In 'Stewart Island' the speaker also feels conflicted about where they come from.
 On the one hand, she can see there are nice things about New Zealand like the
- 'white sand' etc., which might make her want to stay there.

 However, she also says there are negatives to New Zealand that make her feel like she doesn't belong. E.g. the 'seagulls' that swoop down on her son, and the 'sandflies' etc. which had made her 'to leave the sountry' and live in England.
- 'sandflies' etc., which had made her 'to leave the country' and live in England.

 So, overall, both speakers are conflicted about their identity/where they come from because there are positives and negatives about it.

BRIDGES: Empathy, Understanding <u>Key Words:</u> positive, negative, ambiguous, language, structure, form, context <u>Task</u> – In 'Stewart Island' and 'Hurricane Hits England' both speakers <u>suggest they're conflicted</u> about their identity because there are some good things about where they come from

L/O: How do the poems in the GCSE anthology present identity?

Comparison: Identity – Lesson 2

List all the LSF techniques and evidence that you think proves this for each poem in a table like the one below:

<u>Comparative point</u>: In 'Stewart Island' and 'Hurricane Hits England' both speakers <u>suggest they're conflicted</u>

about their identity because there are some good things about where they come from Evidence and LSF techniques in 'Hurricane' that **Evidence and LSF techniques** in 'Stewart Island' that

suggest there are some positives to the hurricane, suggest there are some positives to the island she which, like her comes from Guyana grew up on E.g. when the poet <u>lists</u> the names of her ancestral gods, she personifies them by saying 'talk to me' and LSF techniques and that we've given evidence for calling them her 'back-home cousins', suggesting each – so make sure that you're doing the same when it comes to 'Hurricane'. part of her loves her Guyanan identity E.g. the poet also tells us she's 'aligning herself' to

Note how in the examples on the left we've found 5 At the very least we expect you to note 3 relevant LSF techniques plus evidence for each.

them, 'following them', and 'riding' their storms – this <u>list</u> of <u>verbs</u> also suggests she missed her Guyanan identity, and is working hard to get it back E.g. She also uses metaphors to imply her Guyanan identity's freed her when she says her heart's 'unchained' and the 'frozen lake' in her is 'broken.

BRIDGES: Empathy, Understanding <u>Key Words:</u> positive, negative, ambiguous, language, structure, form, context **Task** – Now add some context, as shown below.

L/O: How do the poems in the GCSE anthology present identity?

Comparison: Identity – Lesson 2

'unchained' and the 'frozen lake' in her is 'broken.

E.g. Maybe one of the reasons for Grace Nichols

missing her homeland is because when she moved to

England in 1977 she was an adult, meaning Guyana's

Relevant context for 'Stewart Island'

the place she spent her whole childhood.

Comparative point: In 'Stewart Island' and 'Hurricane Hits England' both speakers suggest they're conflicted

about their identity because there are some good things about where they come from	
Evidence and LSF techniques in 'Hurricane'	Evidence and LSF techniques in 'Stewart Island'
E.g. when the poet <u>lists</u> the names of her ancestral	Hopefully by now you've noted <u>at least 3 relevant LSF</u>

Evidence and LSF techniques in 'Hurricane'	Evidence and LSF techniques in 'Stewart Island'
E.g. when the poet <u>lists</u> the names of her ancestral gods, she <u>personifies</u> them by saying 'talk to me' and calling them her 'back-home cousins', suggesting part of her loves her Guyanan identity E.g. the poet also tells us she's 'aligning herself' to them, 'following them', and 'riding' their storms — this <u>list</u> of <u>verbs</u> also suggests she missed her Guyanan identity and is working hard to get it back E.g. She also uses <u>metaphors</u> to imply her Guyanan identity's freed her when she says her heart's	Hopefully by now you've noted <u>at least 3 relevant LSF</u> <u>techniques</u> plus <u>evidence for each</u> in this box!

Relevant context for 'Hurricane'

look back at old notes to help.

Note how precise our context was for 'Hurricane' and

try to make your context as precise as possible too -

Comparison: Identity — Lesson 2

L/O: How do the poems in the GCSE anthology present identity?

BRIDGES: Empathy, Understanding

Key Words: positive, negative, ambiguous, language, structure, form, context

<u>Task</u> – Now do the same for the second point below:

<u>Comparative point</u>: However, both poets seem <u>conflicted about their identity because they can also see the negatives about where they grew up</u>

Evidence and LSF techniques that the places/

Remember how precise our context was, and

try to make your context just as precise.

Evidence and LSF techniques that the hurricane

Remember how precise our context was, and

try to make your context just as precise.

in 'Hurricane Hits England' has a negative side

Remember that, in our first planning grid, we found 5 LSF techniques and we gave evidence for each – so at the very least we expect you to note 3 relevant LSF techniques plus evidence

people in 'Stewart Island' have a negative side

Remember that, in our first planning grid, we found 5 LSF techniques and we gave evidence for each – so at the very least we expect you to note 3 relevant LSF techniques plus evidence

found <u>5 LSF techniques</u> and we gave <u>evidence</u>
for each – so <u>at the very least</u> we expect you to
note <u>3 relevant LSF techniques</u> plus <u>evidence</u>
for each.

found <u>5 LSF techniques</u> and we gave <u>evidence</u>
for each – so <u>at the very least</u> we expect you to
note <u>3 relevant LSF techniques</u> plus <u>evidence</u>
for each.

Relevant context for 'Stewart Island'

Relevant context for 'Hurricane'