

Controlled waste category list

The Controlled Waste category list arranges the controlled wastes listed in Schedule 1 of the *Environmental Protection (Controlled Waste) Regulations 2004* into 15 broad waste groups and assigns a waste code to each waste type within the group. The waste codes are used by industry and the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation for waste tracking and reporting purposes.

| Category Group | Waste Code | Waste Type | Waste Examples |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|---|
| A Plating & Heat Treatment | A100 | Waste resulting from the surface treatment of metals and plastics | Waste from surface treatment of metals and plastics |
| | A110 | Waste from heat treatment and tempering processes which use cyanide | Waste from heat treatment and tempering processes which use cyanide |
| | A130 | Inorganic cyanide | Complex cyanides (inorganic) Inorganic isocyanates Other cyanides (inorganic) |
| B Acids | B100 | Acidic solutions or acids in solid form | Chromic acid Glacial acetic acid Hydrochloric acid Hydrofluoric acid Mineral acids Mixed acids (inorganic) Nitric acid Phosphoric acid Pickle liquor Sulfuric acid Sulfuric acid Other acids |
| C Bases | C100 | Basic (alkaline) solutions or bases (alkalis) in solid form | Alkaline cleaners Ammonia Ammonium hydroxide Calcium hydroxide Caustic soda Lime Potash Other alkaline waste |

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|-----------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| D Inorganic Chemicals | D100 | Metal carbonyls | Iron pentacarbonylNickel carbonyl |
| | D110 | Inorganic fluorine compounds (excluding calcium fluoride) | Inorganic fluoride wastes often result from industrial processes such as steel manufacture, primary aluminium, copper and nickel production, phosphate fertiliser production and brick and ceramic manufacture Sodium fluoride |
| | D120 | Mercury and mercury compounds | Mercury and mercury compounds Mercury impregnated activated carbon Phenyl mercuric acid (PMA) Phenyl mercuric chloride (PMC) Quicksilver |
| | D130 | Arsenic and arsenic compounds | Arsenic and arsenic compoundsArsenic Trioxide |
| | D140 | Chromium compounds | Hexavalent and trivalent chromium wastes |
| | D141 | Tannery waste containing chromium | Tannery wastes such as leather dust, ash, sludge and flours from tanneries who use chromium in their processes |
| | D150 | Cadmium and cadmium compounds | Cadmium and cadmium compounds |
| | D151 | Used nickel cadmium batteries | No controlled waste tracking form currently required. |
| | D160 | Beryllium and beryllium compounds | Beryllium and beryllium compounds |
| | D170 | Antimony and antimony compounds | Antimony and antimony compounds |
| | D180 | Thallium and thallium compounds | Thallium and thallium compounds |
| | D190 | Copper compounds | Bluestone (copper sulphate) Copper compounds (excluding copper fungicides) |
| | D200 | Cobalt compounds | Cobalt compounds |

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|-----------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| D Inorganic Chemicals | D210 | Nickel compounds | Nickel compoundsSpent catalysts (nickel) |
| continued | D211 | Used nickel metal hydride batteries | No controlled waste tracking form currently required. |
| | D220 | Lead and lead compounds | Grit blast wasteLead wastesUsed fire assay cupels |
| | D221 | Used lead acid batteries | No controlled waste tracking form currently required. |
| | D230 | Zinc compounds | Zinc compounds |
| | D240 | Selenium and selenium compounds | Selenium and selenium compounds |
| | D250 | Tellurium and tellurium compounds | Tellurium and tellurium compounds |
| | D270 | Vanadium compounds | Spent catalystsVanadium compounds |
| | D290 | Barium and barium compounds | Barium and barium compounds (excluding barium sulphate) |
| | D300 | Non toxic salts | Aluminium dross, aluminium smelter waste Ammonium chloride Calcium chloride Non-metallic product Salt slag Sodium chloride |
| | D310 | Boron compounds | BoraxBoron and boron compoundsBoron trioxide |
| | D330 | Inorganic sulfides | Inorganic sulphur containing compounds |
| | D340 | Perchlorates | Perchlorates |
| | D350 | Chlorates | Magnesium chloratePotassium chlorateSodium chlorate |
| | D360 | Phosphorus compounds excluding mineral phosphates | Ethyl phosphate Phosphorus and phosphorus compounds (inorganic) |

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|--|---------------|---|--|
| E Reactive Chemicals | E100 | Waste containing peroxides excluding hydrogen peroxide | Barium peroxideSodium peroxide |
| | E120 | Waste of an explosive nature not subject to other legislation | Waste of an explosive nature not subject to other legislation |
| | E130 | Highly reactive chemicals not otherwise specified | Highly reactive chemicals not otherwise specified |
| F Paints, Resins, Inks and Organic Sludges | F100 | Aqueous-based wastes from the production, formulation and use of inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish | Water based wastes from inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish |
| | F110 | Aqueous-based wastes from the production, formulation and use of resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives | Water based wastes from resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives |
| | F120 | Solvent based-wastes from the production, formulation and use of inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish | Solvent (hydrocarbon) based-wastes from inks, dyes, pigments, paints, lacquers and varnish |
| | F130 | Solvent based wastes from the production, formulation and use of resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives | Solvent (hydrocarbon) based wastes from resins, latex, plasticisers, glues and adhesives |
| G Organic Solvents | G100 | Ethers & highly flammable hydrocarbons | EthersWaste aviation fuel (Av-Gas)Waste petrol |

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| G Organic Solvents continued | G110 | Non-halogenated organic solvents | Acetone Benzene Ethanol Hexane Klenasol (non-chlorinated) Methanol Methyl ethyl ketone Methylated spirits Mineral turpentine Toluene Waste jet fuel Waste kerosene White spirit Xylene |
| | G130 | Dry-cleaning wastes containing perchloroethylene | Dry-cleaning wastes containing perchloroethylene |
| | G150 | Halogenated organic solvents Not otherwise specified | Carbon tetrachloride Genklene Methylene chloride (dichlormethane) i.e. paint stripper Tetrachloroethylene Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trinue |
| | G160 | Waste from production, use and formulation of organic solvents not otherwise specified | Organic solvents and solvent residues not otherwise specified Solvent recovery residues |
| H Pesticides | H100 | Waste from the production, formulation or use of biocides and phytopharmaceuticals | Arsenic based pesticides such as sheep dip, daconate, DMA (disodium methylarsonate) and DSMA (disodium methyl arsenate) Biological pesticides Inorganic and organo-metallic pesticides including copper based fungicides Mixed pesticide residue Nitrogen containing pesticides including paraquat and trifluralin Sulfur containing pesticides Glyphosate |

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| H Pesticides continued | H110 | Organic phosphorous compounds | Organic phosphorus compoundsOrgano phosphorus pesticides |
| continued | H130 | Organochlorine pesticides | Chlordane DDT Dieldrin Heptachlor Aldrin |
| | H170 | Waste wood- preserving chemicals | Copper-chrome-arsenic (CCA) Creosote Organic wood preserving compounds Other inorganic wood preserving compounds |
| J Oils | J100 | Waste mineral oils unfit for their intended purpose | Mineral oils unfit for their original intended use (lubricating and hydraulic) Oils, hydrocarbons and emulsions Petroleum based grease such as axle grease Rags and absorbent material wet/ saturated with oil Transformer fluids (excluding PCB's) Waste hydrocarbons which are not highly flammable, such as diesel Waste mineral oil and coolant mixtures NOTE: Dried oily rags and absorbent materials (not containing free liquids) are generally suitable for disposal to putrescible landfill. If they are suitable for disposal at a Class I, II or III landfill they are not controlled waste. |
| | J120 | Waste oil and water mixtures or emulsions, and hydrocarbon and water mixtures or emulsions | Cutting oils and soluble oils Hydrocarbon such as petrol or diesel and water mixtures or emulsions Waste oil and water mixtures or emulsions |
| | J130 | Oil interceptor wastes | Oil interceptor wastesTriple interceptor wastes |
| | J160 | Waste tarry residues arising from refining, distillation or pyrolytic treatment | Tars and tarry residues |

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| J Oils continued | J170 | Used oil filters | • Used oil filters NOTE: drained and/or mechanically crushed oil filters not containing free liquids are generally suitable for disposal to putrescible landfill. If they are suitable for disposal at a Class I, II or III landfill they are not controlled waste. |
| | J180 | Oil sludge | Oil sludge from plate separators |
| K Putrescible and Organic Wastes | К100 | Animal effluent and residues | Abattoir effluent Animal effluent and residues Animal oils and derivatives Poultry and seafood processing waste Stock truck washes |
| | K110 | Waste from grease traps | Grease interceptor waste from grease traps |
| | K130 | Sewage waste from the reticulated sewerage system | Sewage waste from the reticulated sewerage system (e.g. Water Corporation) |
| | K140 | Tannery wastes not containing chromium | • Tannery wastes such as leather dust, ash, sludges and flours from tanneries which do not use chromium in their processes |
| | K190 | Wool scouring wastes | Wool scouring waste |
| | K200 | Food and beverage processing wastes | Dairy waste such as unusable milk and ice cream Vegetable and fruit processing effluent Winery wastes Other liquid food waste NOTE: Vegetable oil is not a controlled waste. |
| | K210 | Septage wastes | Liquid and solid components from the pump-out of septic tanks |
| L Industrial Wash Water | L100 | Car and truck wash waters | Car and truck wash waters from wash down bays |

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| L Industrial Wash Water continued | L150 | Industrial wash waters contaminated with a controlled waste | Excluding Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) contaminated materials Boiler blowdown sludge Cooling tower wash waters Industrial plant wash waters Stormwater collected from industrial facilities including ports and landfills. Textile effluent and residues Wash water from industrial processes NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire-fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| M Organic Chemicals | M100 | Waste substances and articles containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) | Equipment contaminated with PCBs PCB oil PCB waste (solid and liquid), as defined in the polychlorinated biphenyls management Plan (Revised Edition April 2003) |
| | M105 | Waste substances and articles containing polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), polychlorinated napthalenes (PCN), and/or polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT) | Equipment contaminated with PBB, PCN, and/or PCT Waste PBB, PCN and/or PCT |
| | M130 | Non-halogenated organic chemicals | Brake fluid Coolant (if mixed with waste mineral oil place under J100) Ethylene glycol (antifreeze) Propylene glycol Radiator fluid |
| | M150 | Phenols, phenol compounds including halogenated phenols | Carbolic acid (phenol) Phenols, phenol compounds including halogenated phenols |
| | M160 | Organohalogen compounds not elsewhere listed | Excluding PFAS contaminated materials Halogenated organic compounds Hexachlorobenzene (HCB) NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire-fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |

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| M Organic Chemicals continued | M170 | Polychlorinated dibenzo-furan (any congener) | • Furans are inadvertently produced as a result of combustion activities including power generation, waste incineration, metal smelting and some types of chemical manufacture |
| | M180 | Polychlorinated dibenzo p-dioxin (any congener) | • Dioxins are inadvertently produced as a result of combustion activities including power generation, waste incineration, metal smelting and some types of chemical manufacture |
| | M210 | Cyanides (organic)/ nitriles | NitrilesOrganic cyanides |
| | M220 | Isocyanate compounds | Isocyanates (organic) |
| | M230 | Triethylamine catalysts | Spent catalysts for carbon dioxide scrubbing in natural gas processing Spent triethylamine catalysts for setting foundry sands |
| | M250 | Surfactants and detergents | Detergents Emulsifiers Fire fighting foams (excluding PFOS and PFOA) Surface active agents (surfactants) Wetting agents NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire-fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | M260 | Highly odourous organic chemicals including mercaptans and acrylates | Methacrylates (excluding solid inert polymeric material) Odorous, organic compounds including mercaptans, acrylate Organic sulphur compounds |
| | M270 | Per- and poly- fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) contaminated materials, including waste PFAS containing products and contaminated containers | Per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), including associated subclasses and homologues PFAS (including PFOS and/or PFOA) contaminated fire-fighting foams, pesticides and stain repellents |

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| N Soils and Sludge | N100 | Containers or drums contaminated with residues of a controlled waste | A residue is 1% or less of the containers total capacity, excluding PFAS contaminated materials NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire- fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | N120 | Soils contaminated with a controlled waste | Excluding PFAS contaminated materials Soils contaminated with controlled waste at a concentration which exceeds the criteria for acceptance into a Class I, II or III landfill facility Please refer to the Department's Landfill Waste Classification and Waste Definitions 1996 (as amended Dec 2009) for landfill acceptance criteria NOTE: Contaminated soil which meets the acceptance criteria for a Class I, II or III landfill facility is NOT controlled waste. Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire- fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | N140 | Fire debris or fire wash waters | Fire debris and wash waters contaminated with chemicals excluding PFAS contaminated materials NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire- fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | N150 | Fly ash excluding fly ash generated from Australian coal fired power stations | Fine particle residue generated by the combustion of coal by non- Australian power stations |
| | N160 | Encapsulated, chemically fixed, solidified or polymerised controlled wastes | Excluding PFAS contaminated materials Encapsulated, chemically fixed, solidified or polymerised controlled wastes including those suitable for disposal at a Class I, II or III landfill NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire- fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | N190 | Filter cake containing a controlled waste | Filter cake containing controlled waste |

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|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| N Soils and Sludge continued | N205 | Industrial waste treatment plant residues | Excluding PFAS contaminated materials Industrial waste treatment sludges and residues Ion-exchange column residues Residues from pollution control Scrubber sludge NOTE: Refer to M270 for PFAS contaminated materials and/or fire-fighting foams containing PFOS and/or PFOA. |
| | N220 | Asbestos | Currently no controlled waste tracking form is required. Please refer to Controlled Waste Fact Sheet – Asbestos for information on asbestos packaging, labelling and transport requirements. |
| | N230 | Ceramic based fibres with physico-chemical characteristics similar to asbestos | Aluminium silicate fibre products used mainly for fire protection and insulation purposes |
| R Clinical and Pharmaceutical | R100 | Clinical and related wastes | Waste generated by medical, nursing, dental, veterinary, pharmaceutical or other related activity which is poisonous or infectious, likely to cause injury to public health or contains human tissue or body parts. NOTE: Sanitary napkins, incontinence pads, nappies, emptied colostomy/ urine bags and dressings which are not saturated in blood, are NOT controlled waste. |
| | R120 | Waste pharmaceuticals, drugs and medicines | Expired or discarded medicines, drugs and pharmaceuticals |
| | R130 | Cytotoxic waste | Waste material including sharps contaminated with a cytotoxin |
| | R140 | Waste from production or preparation of pharmaceutical products | Waste from production or preparation of pharmaceutical products |
| T Miscellaneous | T100 | Waste chemical substances arising from research and development or teaching activities | Waste chemical substances arising from research and development or teaching activities |

| Category Group | Waste Code | Waste Type | Waste Examples |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| T Miscellaneous continued | T120 | Waste from production or formulation of photographic chemicals or processing materials. | Waste from production or formulation of photographic chemicals or processing materials such as fixer and developer may contain silver |
| | T140 | Used Tyres | Used truck and passenger tyres |