Core Curriculum for Medical Assistants

Foundations for Clinical Practice:

Medical assistants graduating from Big Bend Community College will demonstrate critical thinking based on knowledge of academic subject matter required for competence in the profession. They will incorporate the cognitive knowledge in performance of the psychomotor and affective domains in their practice as medical assistants in providing patient care.

| I.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | I. P Psychomotor (Skills) | I. A Affective (Behavior) |
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| I. Anatomy & Physiology 1. Describe structural organization of the human body 2. Identify body systems 3. Describe body planes, directional terms, quadrants, and cavities 4. List major organs in each body system 5. Describe the normal function of each body system 6. Identify common pathology related to each body system 7. Analyze pathology as it relates to the interaction of body systems 8. Discuss implications for disease and disability when homeostasis is not maintained 9. Describe implications for treatment related to pathology 10. Compare body structure and function of the human body across the life span 11. Identify the classifications of medications, including desired effects, side effects and adverse reactions 12. Describe the relationship between anatomy and physiology of all body systems and medications used for treatment in each | I. Anatomy & Physiology 1. Obtain vital signs 2. Perform venipuncture 3. Perform capillary puncture 4. Perform pulmonary function testing 5. Perform electrocardiography 6. Perform patient screening using established protocols 7. Select proper sites for administering parenteral medication 8. Administer oral medications 9. Administer parenteral (excluding IV) medications 10. Assist physician with patient care 11. Perform quality control measures 12. Perform hematology testing 13. Perform chemistry testing 14. Perform urinalysis 15. Perform immunology testing 16. Screen test results | I. Anatomy & Physiology 1. Apply critical thinking skills in performing patient assessment and care 2. Use language/verbal skills that enable patients' understanding 3. Demonstrate respect for diversity in approaching patients and families |

| II.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | II. P Psychomotor (Skills) | II. A Affective (Behavior) |
|---|---|---|
| II. Applied Mathematics | II. Applied Mathematics | II. Applied Mathematics |
| 1. Demonstrate knowledge of basic math computations | 1. Prepare proper dosages of medication for | 1. Verify ordered doses/dosages prior to administration |
| 2. Apply mathematical computations to solve equations | administration | 2. Distinguish between normal and abnormal |
| 3. Identify measurement systems | 2. Maintain laboratory test results using flow sheets | test results |
| 4. Define basic units of measurement in metric, | 3. Maintain growth charts | |
| apothecary and household systems | | |
| 5. Convert among measurement systems | | |
| 6. Identify both abbreviations and symbols used in | | |
| calculating medication dosages | | |
| 7. Analyze charts, graphs and/or tables in the | | |
| interpretation of healthcare results | | |

| III.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | III. P Psychomotor (Skills) | III. A Affective (Behavior) |
|---|---|--|
| III. Applied Microbiology/Infection Control | III. Applied Microbiology/Infection Control | III. Applied Microbiology/Infection Control |
| 1. Describe the infection cycle, including the infectious | 1. Participate in training on Standard Precautions | 1. Display sensitivity to patient rights and feelings in |
| agent, reservoir, susceptible host, means of | 2. Practice Standard Precautions. | collecting specimens |
| transmission, portals of entry, and portals of exit | 3. Select appropriate barrier/personal protective | 2. Explain the rationale for performance of a |
| 2. Define asepsis | equipment (PPE) for potentially infectious situations | procedure to the patient |
| 3. Discuss infection control procedures. | 4. Perform handwashing | 3. Show awareness of patients' concerns regarding |
| 4. Identify personal safety precautions as | 5. Prepare items for autoclaving | their perceptions related to the procedure |
| established by the Occupational Safety and | 6. Perform sterilization procedures | being performed |
| Health Administration (OSHA) | 7. Obtain specimens for microbiological testing | |
| 5. List major types of infectious agents | 8. Perform CLIA waived microbiology testing | |
| 6. Compare different methods of controlling the | | |
| growth of microorganisms | | |
| 7. Match types & uses of personal protective | | |
| equipment (PPE) | | |
| 8. Differentiate between medical and surgical asepsis | | |
| used in ambulatory care settings, identifying when | | |
| each is appropriate | | |
| 9. Discuss quality control issues related to handling | | |
| microbiological specimens | | |
| 10. Identify disease processes that are indications for | | |
| CLIA waived tests | | |
| 11. Describe Standard Precautions, including: | | |
| a. Transmission based precautions | | |
| b. Purpose | | |
| c. Activities regulated | | |
| 12. Discuss the application of Standard Precautions | | |
| with regard to: | | |
| a. All body fluids, secretions and excretions | | |
| b. Blood | | |
| c. Non intact skin | | |
| d. Mucous membranes | | |
| 13. Identify the role of the Center for Disease Control | | |

^{*}Core Curriculum is based off of Medical Assisting Education Review Board (MAERB) 2008 Curriculum Plan.

Applied Communications:

Medical assistants graduating from Big Bend Community College will demonstrate critical thinking based on knowledge of academic subject matter required for competence in the profession. They will incorporate cognitive knowledge in performance of psychomotor and affective domains in their practice as medical assistants in communicating effectively, both orally and in writing.

| IV.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | IV. P Psychomotor (Skills) | IV. A Affective (Behavior) |
|---|---|--|
| IV. Concepts of Effective Communication I Identify styles and types of verbal communication Identify nonverbal communication Recognize communication barriers Identify techniques for overcoming communication barriers Recognize the elements of oral communication using a sender-receiver process Differentiate between subjective and objective information Identify resources and adaptations that are required based on individual needs, i.e., culture and environment, developmental life stage, language, and physical threats to communication Recognize elements of fundamental writing skills Discuss applications of electronic technology in effective communication Diagram medical terms, labeling the word parts Define both medical terms and abbreviations related to all body systems Organize technical information and summaries Identify the role of self boundaries in the health care environment Recognize the role of patient advocacy in the practice of medical assisting Discuss the role of assertiveness in effective professional communication Differentiate between adaptive and nonadaptive coping mechanisms | IV. Concepts of Effective Communication 1. Use reflection, restatement and clarification techniques to obtain a patient history 2. Report relevant information to others succinctly and accurately 3. Use medical terminology, pronouncing medical terms correctly, to communicate information, patient history, data and observations 4. Explain general office policies 5. Instruct patients according to their needs to promote health maintenance and disease prevention 6. Prepare a patient for procedures and/or treatments 7. Demonstrate telephone techniques 8. Document patient care 9. Document patient education 10. Compose professional/business letters 11. Respond to nonverbal communication 12. Develop and maintain a current list of community resources related to patients' healthcare needs 13. Advocate on behalf of patients | IV. Concepts of Effective Communication Demonstrate empathy in communicating with patients, family and staff Apply active listening skills Use appropriate body language and other nonverbal skills in communicating with patients, family and staff Demonstrate awareness of the territorial boundaries of the person with whom communicating Demonstrate sensitivity appropriate to the message |

Medical Business Practices:

Medical assistants graduating from Big Bend Community College will demonstrate critical thinking based on knowledge of academic subject matter required for competence in the profession. They will incorporate cognitive knowledge in performance of psychomotor and affective domains in their practice as medical assistants in the performance of medical business practices.

| V.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | V. P Psychomotor (Skills) | V. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|---|--|
| V. Administrative Functions 1. Discuss pros and cons of various types of appointment management systems 2. Describe scheduling guidelines 3. Recognize office policies and protocols for handling appointments | V. P Psychomotor (Skills) V. Administrative Functions 1. Manage appointment schedule, using established priorities 2. Schedule patient admissions and/or procedures 3. Organize a patient's medical record. 4. File medical records | V. A Affective (Behavior) V. Administrative Functions 1. Consider staff needs and limitations in establishment of a filing system 2. Implement time management principles to maintain effective office function |
| Identify critical information required for scheduling patient admissions and/or procedures Identify systems for organizing medical records Describe various types of content maintained in a patient's medical record Discuss pros and cons of various filing methods Identify both equipment and supplies needed for filing medical records Describe indexing rules Discuss filing procedures Discuss principles of using Electronic Medical Record (EMR) Identify types of records common to the healthcare setting Identify time management principles | 5. Execute data management using electronic healthcare records such as the EMR 6. Use office hardware and software to maintain office systems 7. Use internet to access information related to the medical office 8. Maintain organization by filing 9. Perform routine maintenance of office equipment with documentation 10. Perform an office inventory | |

| VI.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | VI. P Psychomotor (Skills) | VI. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|---|---|
| VI. Basic Practice Finances 1. Explain basic bookkeeping computations. 2. Differentiate between bookkeeping and accounting 3. Describe banking procedures 4. Discuss precautions for accepting checks. 5. Compare types of endorsement 6. Differentiate between accounts payable and accounts receivable 7. Compare manual and computerized bookkeeping systems used in ambulatory healthcare 8. Describe common periodic financial reports 9. Explain both billing and payment options. 10. Identify procedure for preparing patient accounts 11. Discuss procedures for collecting outstanding accounts 12. Describe the impact of both the Fair Debt Collection Act and the Federal Truth in Lending Act of 1968 as they apply to collections | VI. Basic Practice Finances 1. Prepare a bank deposit 2. Perform accounts receivable procedures, including: | VI. Basic Practice Finances 1. Demonstrate sensitivity and professionalism in handling accounts receivable activities with clients |

| VII.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | VII. P Psychomotor (Skills) | VII. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|--|---|
| VII. Managed Care/Insurance | VII. Managed Care/Insurance | VII. Managed Care/Insurance |
| Identify types of insurance plans Identify models of managed care Discuss workers' compensation as it applies to patients Describe procedures for implementing both managed care and insurance plans Discuss utilization review principles. Discuss referral process for patients in a managed care program Describe how guidelines are used in processing an insurance claim Compare processes for filing insurance claims both manually and electronically Describe guidelines for third-party claims Discuss types of physician fee schedules Describe the concept of RBRVS Define Diagnosis-Related Groups (DRGs) | 1. Apply both managed care policies and procedures 2. Apply third party guidelines 3. Complete insurance claim forms 4. Obtain precertification, including documentation 5. Obtain preauthorization, including documentation 6. Verify eligibility for managed care services | 1. Demonstrate assertive communication with managed care and/or insurance providers 2. Demonstrate sensitivity in communicating with both providers and patients 3. Communicate in language the patient can understand regarding managed care and insurance plans |

| VIII.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | VIII. P Psychomotor (Skills) | VIII. A Affective (Behavior) |
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| VIII. Procedural and Diagnostic Coding | VIII. Procedural and Diagnostic Coding | VIII. Procedural and Diagnostic Coding |
| 1. Describe how to use the most current procedural | 1. Perform procedural coding | 1. Work with physician to achieve the maximum |
| coding system | 2. Perform diagnostic coding | reimbursement |
| 2. Define upcoding and why it should be avoided | | |
| 3. Describe how to use the most current | | |
| diagnostic coding classification system | | |
| 4. Describe how to use the most current HCPCS coding | | |

Medical Law and Ethics:

Medical assistants graduating from Big Bend Community College will demonstrate critical thinking based on knowledge of academic subject matter required for competence in the profession. They will incorporate cognitive knowledge in performance of psychomotor and affective domains in their practice as medical assistants in providing patient care in accordance with regulations, policies, laws and patient rights.

| IX.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | IX. P Psychomotor (Skills) | IX. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|--|---|
| IX. Legal Implications 1. Discuss legal scope of practice for medical assistants 2. Explore issue of confidentiality as it applies to the Medical assistant. 3. Describe the implications of HIPAA for the medical assistant in various medical settings 4. Summarize the Patient Bill of Rights 5. Discuss licensure and certification as it applies to healthcare providers 6. Describe liability, professional, personal injury, and third party insurance 7. Compare and contrast physician and medical assistant roles in terms of standard of care 8. Compare criminal and civil law as it applies to the practicing medical assistant. 9. Provide an example of tort law as it would apply to a medical assistant 10. Explain how the following impact the medical assistant's practice and give examples a. Negligence b. Malpractice c. Statute of Limitations d. Good Samaritan Act(s) e. Uniform Anatomical Gift Act f. Living will/Advanced directives g. Medical durable power of attorney | IX. Legal Implications 1. Respond to issues of confidentiality 2. Perform within scope of practice 3. Apply HIPAA rules in regard to privacy/release of information 4. Practice within the standard of care for a medical assistant 5. Incorporate the Patient's Bill of Rights into personal practice and medical office policies and procedures 6. Complete an incident report 7. Document accurately in the patient record 8. Apply local, state and federal health care legislation and regulation appropriate to the medical assisting practice setting | IX. Legal Implications 1. Demonstrate sensitivity to patient rights 2. Demonstrate awareness of the consequences of not working within the legal scope of practice 3. Recognize the importance of local, state and federal legislation and regulations in the practice setting |

| IX.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | IX. P Psychomotor (Skills) | IX. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| IX. Legal Implications | | |
| (Continued from previous page) | | |
| 11. Identify how the Americans with Disabilities Act | | |
| (ADA) applies to the medical assisting profession | | |
| 12. List and discuss legal and illegal interview questions | | |
| 13. Discuss all levels of governmental legislation and | | |
| regulation as they apply to medical assisting | | |
| practice, including FDA and DEA regulations | | |
| 14. Describe the process to follow if an error is made in | | |
| patient care | | |
| | | |

| X.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | X. P Psychomotor (Skills) | X. A Affective (Behavior) |
|--|--|--|
| X. Ethical Considerations 1. Differentiate between legal, ethical, and moral issues affecting healthcare 2. Compare personal, professional and organizational ethics 3. Discuss the role of cultural, social and ethnic diversity in ethical performance of medical assisting practice 4. Identify where to report illegal and/or unsafe activities and behaviors that affect health, safety and welfare of others. 5. Identify the effect personal ethics may have on professional performance | X. Ethical Considerations 1. Report illegal and/or unsafe activities and behaviors that affect health, safety and welfare of others to proper authorities 2. Develop a plan for separation of personal and professional ethics | X. Ethical Considerations 1. Apply ethical behaviors, including honesty/integrity in performance of medical assisting practice 2. Examine the impact personal ethics and morals may have on the individual's practice 3. Demonstrate awareness of diversity in providing patient care |

Safety and Emergency Practices:

Medical assistants graduating from Big Bend Community College will demonstrate critical thinking based on knowledge of academic subject matter required for competence in the profession. They will incorporate cognitive knowledge in performance of psychomotor and affective domains in their practice as medical assistants, applying quality control measures in following health and safety policies and procedures to prevent illness and injury.

| X.C Cognitive (Knowledge Base) | X. P Psychomotor (Skills) | X. A Affective (Behavior) |
|---|--|---|
| XI. Protective Practices | XI. Protective Practices | XI. Protective Practices |
| Describe personal protective equipment | 1. Comply with safety signs, symbols and labels. | 1. Recognize the effects of stress on all persons |
| 2. Identify safety techniques that can be used to | 2. Evaluate the work environment to identify safe vs. | involved in emergency situations |
| prevent accidents and maintain a safe work | unsafe working conditions. | 2. Demonstrate self-awareness in responding to |
| environment | 3. Develop a personal (patient and employee) | Emergency situations. |
| 3. Describe the importance of Materials Safety Data | safety plan. | |
| Sheets (MSDS) in a healthcare setting | 4. Develop an environmental safety plan. | |
| 4. Identify safety signs, symbols and labels | 5. Demonstrate proper use of the following equipment: | |
| 5. State principles and steps of | a. Eyewash | |
| professional/provider CPR | b. Fire extinguishers | |
| 6. Describe basic principles of first aid | c. Sharps disposal containers | |
| 7. Describe fundamental principles for evacuation of a | 6. Participate in a mock environmental exposure | |
| healthcare setting | event with documentation of steps taken. | |
| 8. Discuss fire safety issues in a healthcare environment | 7. Explain an evacuation plan for a physician's office | |
| 9. Discuss requirements for responding to | 8. Demonstrate methods of fire prevention in | |
| hazardous material disposal | the healthcare setting | |
| 10. Identify principles of body mechanics and | 9. Maintain provider/professional level CPR | |
| ergonomics. | certification. | |
| 11. Discuss critical elements of an emergency plan for | 10. Perform first aid procedures | |
| response to a natural disaster or other emergency | 11. Use proper body mechanics | |
| 12. Identify emergency preparedness plans in your | 12. Maintain a current list of community resources for | |
| community | emergency preparedness. | |
| 13. Discuss potential role(s) of the medical assistant in | | |
| emergency preparedness. | | |
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^{*}Outcomes based on American Medical Technologist Core Curriculum.