

# Warranty and Liability

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### 1 Preface

#### Objective of the application

The application on hand shows you how to simply and quickly create your own user-defined web pages for S7-1500.

#### Main topics of this application

The following main points will be discussed in this application:

- · Principles of user-defined web pages.
- · Creating user-defined web pages.
- Configuring the web server with user-defined web pages.

#### **Advantages**

#### • Integrated web server

The standard web pages for simple display of services and diagnostic information are activated with a click. Additionally, individually created, user-defined web pages can be generated.

#### Location-independent

The web page can be called up world-wide via a standard internet browser.

#### Application example

Universal usage of the application for all controllers

#### **Benefits**

- No additional hardware and software required.
- The access to the web server is possible across large distances via mobile communication devices such as tablet PC, smart phone, etc..
- · Reduced working hours through simple activation of the web server.
- Time saving in planning and implementing your automation solution through simple adaptation of the application on hand.

#### **Note**

The application example as well as the web server should not and cannot replace an HMI system.

### 2 Automation Task

#### Overview of the automation task

Modern automation technology increasingly integrates internet technologies which – together with an integrated Ethernet-based communication – enable, for example, direct access to the system via the intranet.

During the test and commissioning phase, the commissioning engineer wants to have flexible access to the CPU; individual data is to be visualized during operation for diagnostic purposes.

For access mechanisms via the internet or intranet it is reasonable to use already existing standards, such as, for example, http technology, standard web browsers and common "languages" such as HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) or JavaScript.

Tablet

Remote access

Web page 1

Web page 2

Web page 3

Industrial Ethernet

Controller 2

Controller 3

Figure 2-1 Overview of the automation problem

#### Requirements for the automation task

- Access the CPU with standard hardware and standard mechanisms via Industrial Ethernet. You do not require any additional hardware and software.
- Access the CPU individually related to the system and also visualized, if required. Each CPU has its own individual web page.
- Operating personnel without any automation knowledge is also provided simple access to the CPU.

### 3 Automation Solution

#### 3.1 General solution overview

#### **Schematic layout**

SIMATIC CPUs with PROFINET interfaces provide the opportunity to access CPU variables with the help of web pages provided by the system.

Access the integrated web server of the CPU via a web browser.

The web server contains standard web pages, such as start page, identification, diagnostic buffer, module status, messages, communication, topology and file browser.

In addition to the standard web pages, you can also design and call the web pages individually for your application case.

To create your web page (user-defined web page), you can use any tools such as Microsoft Expression Web, Notepad++, etc.

For designing your web page, you can use all options provided to you by HTML, CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) and JavaScript.

In addition, there are Automation Web Programming (AWP) commands for directed communication with the CPU.

The following figure gives an overview of the implemented solution.

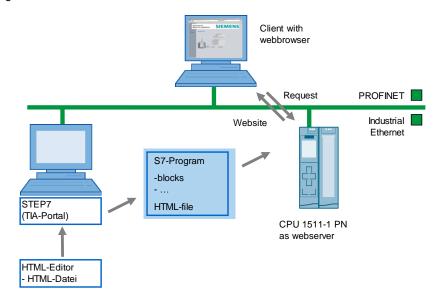


Figure 3-1 Overview of the overall solution

In this application example, the CPU simulates a tank which can be controlled through the website.

# 3.2 Advantages and application options of web server applications

By having access options through various web browsers, control data can be displayed and to a limited degree controlled, by any computer or web-enabled devices without additional software installation.

Another advantage is the use of the entire network infrastructure of a plant without any additional hardware components. I.e., each place of the plant where a network access is provided, can access the respective controllers.

Evaluating, diagnosing and controlling the controllers can therefore also be performed over large distances or mobile communication devices such as tablet PC, smartphone, etc. However, this also requires you to take corresponding precautions to protect your system. Please observe our security notes in the chapter "Warranty and Liability" in this context.



No safety-relevant functions should be realized via the web server functionality due to the missing time deterministic of web applications!

# 3.3 Creating user-defined web pages

Below it is shown the procedure for creating user-defined web pages.

Figure 3-2 Procedure at a glance

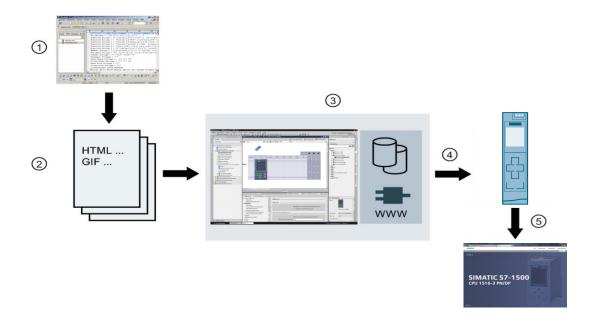


Table 3-1

No.	Instruction
1.	With an HTML editor, you create the HTML file for the user-defined web page.
2.	The web application can consist of various source files, e.g.: *.html, *.gif, *.js,
3.	The HTML files with images etc. are stored in data blocks with SIMATIC STEP 7 V12. Call the WWW instruction in the S7 program.
4.	Transfer all blocks to the CPU.
5.	Open the web page of the CPU via a web browser. Accessing the web server of the CPU can be irrespective of the configuration computer. Every output device with access to the PN interface of the CPU can display the web page.

Detailed explanations of the creation of a web page and programming in STEP 7 can be found from Chapter  $\underline{6}$  on.

#### **Delimitation**

This application is an introduction to user-defined web pages for beginners. Shown are simple methods for accessing the web page of a CPU with HTML and SIMATIC STEP 7 V12.

This application does not include a complete description of HTML. To gain deeper knowledge of HTML and JavaScript, please refer to the literature and internet pages specified in Chapter  $\underline{9}$ .

### 3.4 Structure of the application

This application was implemented with a CPU 1516-3 PN and a CPU 1214C DC/DC/DC. A PC is connected via the PROFINET interface. The PC serves for the creation of the S7 program and the HTML file, as well as for displaying the web page in a web browser.

Shown are all steps necessary to create a web page and to subsequently call it via the CPU.

#### Content of the example application

The example application provides the following detailed contents:

- Configuration of the web server for a CPU with PN interface
- Creation of a user-defined web page for the CPU with the following functions:
  - Displaying CPU variables.
  - Graphic display of CPU variables.
  - Setting of CPU variables.
  - Displaying of texts which are linked with CPU variables.
  - Displaying of pictures which are linked with CPU variables.
  - Going to web pages with links in the navigation bar.
  - Cyclic refreshing of the web page with HTML.
- Particularities in the S7 program creation:
  - Providing variables for the web page.
  - Further processing of variables from the web page in the S7 program.

### 3.5 Hardware and software components

This application was created with the following components.

#### **Hardware components**

#### Note

For this application, you require the current firmware version of the CPU. Depending on the CPU type, the following entries contain links to the corresponding downloads:

- S7-1500: http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/56926947/133200
- S7-1200: http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/104546617/133200

Table 3-2

Component	No.	Order number	Note
CPU 1516-3 PN	1	6ES7511-1AK01-0AB0	FW 2.0.5
or CPU 1214C DC/DC/DC		6ES7214-1AG40-0XB0	FW 4.2
Optional by using S7-1500: CP 1543-1	1	6GK7 543-1AX00-0XE0	PROFINET CP with firewall functionality for protection against unauthorized network access
PG/PC with Ethernet interface	1	-	-
IE FC TP STANDARD CABLE	1	6XV1840-2AH10	Connecting cable IE; minimum order quantity 20m
RJ45 connector	2	6GK1901-1BB10-2AA0	Can be assembled

#### **Software components**

Table 3-3

Component	No.	Order number	Note
SIMATIC STEP 7 Professional V14	1	6ES7822-1AA04-0YE5	V14.0 (Update 2)
Software tool for creating HTML files, e.g. Frontpage, Notepad++,	1	-	-
Web browser, e. g. Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox <sup>1)</sup>	1	-	Application optimized for Internet Explorer 11.0.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup>The following web browsers were explicitly tested for communication with the CPU:

- Internet Explorer (version 11)
- Mozilla Firefox (version 50.0)

#### Note

The application is optimized for the Internet Explorer and Firefox.

For the use of other browsers, adjustments may have to be made.

#### Sample files and projects

The following list includes all files and projects that are used in this example. Table 3-4

Component	Comments
68011496_S7-1200_S7-1500_Webserver_CODE_v22.zip	The zip file contains the STEP 7 project with the related HTML file. The HTML file with the associated files, are located in the \html directory.
68011496_S7-1200_S7-1500_Webserver_DOC_v22_en.pdf	This document.

# 4 Principles of Standard Web Pages

#### Requirements

In STEP 7, the following settings are required in the properties of the PLC:

- The web server must be activated.
- If you require safe access to the standard web pages, enable the "Permit access only with HTTPS" checkbox.
- Automatic refreshing of the standard web pages is enabled. The refresh interval is preset to 10 s and can lie in the range of between 1 to 999.

#### **Access via HTTP or HTTPS**

With the URL "http://ww.xx.yy.zz" or "https://ww.xx.yy.zz" you get access to the standard web pages. "ww.xx.yy.zz" corresponds to the IP address of the S7-1500 CPU.

HTTPS is used for the encryption and authentication of the communication between browser and web server. When the "Permit access only with HTTPS" checkbox is enabled, calling the web pages of S7-1500 CPU is only possible via HTTPS.

#### Log in

The user with the name "Anybody" is the default setting in the user list. This user is given administrative rights, so there is no need for logging in at the webpages.

#### **Hinweis**

Further information about the user handling and the integration of the LogIn window in the unser defined webpages are described in the "Simple examples of the webserver for SIMATIC S7-1200/S7-1500".

These examples can be downloaded at the same website like this application.

#### Standard web pages of SIMATIC S7-1500

The web server of the S7-1500 already offers plenty of information regarding the respective CPU via integrated standard web pages.

A detailed description of the setup of the standard web pages is available in the application description <u>59193560</u>.

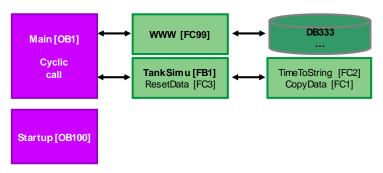
# 5 Functional Mechanisms of this Application

### 5.1 Functional principle of the S7 program

The S7 program of this application only serves for representing individual functional principles of STEP 7 by way of example.

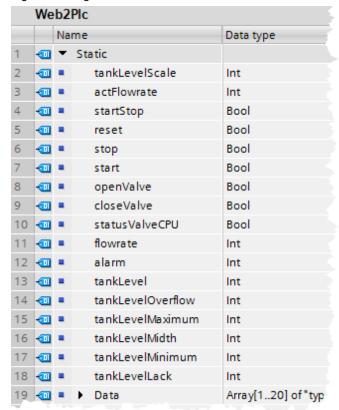
The call structure in the S7 program looks as follows:

Figure 5-1 Call structure of the S7-program



The following symbols and variables are used in the "Web2Plc" data block:

Figure 5-2 Tag table



#### 5.1.1 Startup (OB100)

In the "Startup" (OB100) OB, a start value for the "Flowrate" and the limit values for the variables are stored.

#### 5.1.2 Main (OB1)

In OB "Main" (OB1) the status of DB333 is polled cyclically to be able to recognize a request from the web browser. The cause for a request is that a variable changed by the user is to be transferred from the web browser to the web server.

#### Synchronizing user-defined web pages

The "WWW" (SFC99) instruction initializes the web server of the CPU. The error information is output via "RET\_VAL".

#### Calling the tank simulation

To ensure that filling or emptying of the tank does not happen too quickly, the "**TankSimu**" function block is called in OB1 only once per second.

#### Polling the "Start" or "Stop" and "Reset" buttons

The status of the "**Start**" and "**Stop**" buttons are polled by the web page. If one of the buttons has been clicked, the status is stored in the "**startStop**" PLC variable. In addition the status of the "**Reset**" button is polled.

#### Polling of the "OpenValve" or "CloseValve" buttons

The status of the "**OpenValve**" (tank deflates) and "**CloseValve**" (tank closed) buttons is polled by the web page.

If one of the buttons has been clicked, the status is stored in the "statusValveCPU" PLC variable.

#### 5.1.3 TankSimu (FB1)

#### Functionality of the FB1

In FB1, the filling or emptying of a tank is simulated, dependent on the flow rate and the valve position.

The block is only run once every second.

The user can define the flow rate via the "flowrate" variable on the web page. The tank filling level is increased or reduced with the flow rate when calling FB1. The current filling level is stored in the "tankLevel" PLC variable.

Via the two PLC variables "openValve" and "closeValve", the valve position is read in and stored in the CPU in the "statusValveCPU" PLC variables.

Dependent on the tank filling level, the following heights are displayed:

- Tank has been fully drained (TankLevelLack)
- Tank filling level is at minimum (TankLevelMinimum)
- Tank filling level is 50 % (TankLevelMidth)
- Tank filling level is at maximum (TankLevelMaximum)
- Tank is overflowing (TankLevelOverflow)

Via the "alarm" variable, the tank filling level is output in clear text (also as enumeration)

#### StartStop status

Only when the "**startStop**" is set, the tank filling level changes and values are entered in the ring buffer.

#### Valve status

Via the "statusVentilCPU" bit, the button pressed last (OpenValve or CloseValve) is memorized.

Dependent on this bit, the tank is either emptied or filled.

#### Filling the tank

The filling of the tank starts with a query whether the tank is already full.

If the tank is not full, the tank filling level is increased with the flow rate. The tank filling level is limited to the "tankLevelOverflow" value.

#### **Emptying the tank**

The emptying of the tank is similar to the filling of the tank. The tank filling level is reduced with the flow rate and is limited to 0.

#### Alarm status

Subsequently, the tank filling level is compared with the specifications for the limit values of the tank filling level.

Depending on the filling level reached, the values "0" to "5" are stored in the "alarm" variable. With the value of the "alarm" variable, HTML texts (enumerations) are stored, which display the filling level of the tank in clear text.

### 5.2 Functional principle of the HTML file

The following chapter provides a detailed explanation of the individual sections of the HTML file. For the creation of the HTML pages only fixed values are used for the position and size of the elements. This prevents the elements from moving and overlapping when the browser window is made smaller.

#### 5.2.1 AWP commands

#### **Basics**

AWP commands are inserted as HTML comments in HTML files. AWP commands can be located at any position in the HTML file. However, for reasons of clarity it is appropriate to list the central AWP commands at the beginning of the HTML file.

#### Figure 5-3 AWP commands

```
<!-- AWP_In_Variable Name='"Web2Plc".start' -->
<!-- AWP_In_Variable Name='"Web2Plc".stop' -->
<!-- AWP_In_Variable Name='"Web2Plc".reset' -->
<!-- AWP In Variable Name='"Web2Plc".flowrate' -->
```

#### **Explanations**

#### Table 5-1

Code	Explanation
AWP_In_Variable<br Name='"Web2Plc".start'>	All variables transferred to the CPU must be identified as AWP_In_Variable.
	Note: Keep in mind that the quotation marks are nested. The variable is written between quotation marks and framed by an inverted comma (' " " ').
<pre><!-- AWP_Enum_Def Name="AlarmValue" Values='0:"Tank empty!", 1:"Tank level below minimum!", 2:"Tank level between minimum and width!", 3:"Tank level between width and maximum!", 4:"Tank level over maximum!", 5:"Tank level overflow!"'--></pre>	ENUM types are defined with AWP_Enum_Def.
AWP_Enum_Ref Name='"Alarm"' Enum="AlarmValue" :="Alarm":	The ENUM types are assigned to variables with AWP_Enum_Ref.

#### 5.2.2 Outputting CPU variables

#### **Explanations**

Variables of the CPU are always displayed via the symbol name:

Figure 5-4 Representation of tags in the HTML file

```
:="Web2Plc".tankLevel:
```

Instead of :="Web2Plc".tankLevel:, always the current value from the CPU is output on the web page.

#### 5.2.3 Outputting texts via enumerations

#### **Explanations**

Via enumerations, texts can be allocated to the individual values of a CPU variable. Figure 5-5 Representation of enumerations in the HTML file

```
<!-- AWP Enum Ref Name='"Web2Plc".alarm' Enum="AlarmValue" -->:="Web2Plc".alarm:
```

Instead of the individual values of "Alarm", the previously assigned texts in HTML are output. These texts stored as enum-type "AlarmValue" and are transferred to the web page via DB333.

#### 5.2.4 Setting variables in the CPU with value and button

#### **Basics**

To be able to transfer variables to the CPU via the web page, you have to work with forms and, for example, the "POST" method.

#### **Explanations**

Abbildung 5-6 Representation of entries in the HTML file

```
<form method="post" action="">
  <input type="number" min="1" max="10" id="wert1" name='"Web2Plo".flowrate' size="2"
    style="height: 45px; width: 50px; font-size: 21px; text-align: center; padding: 8px;">
  <input type="submit" value="Set a new Flowrate" style="height: 45px; width: 200px">
  </form>
```

#### Table 5-2

Code	Explanation
<pre><form action="" method="post"> <input id="wert1" max="10" min="1" name='"Web2Plc".flowrate' size="2" style="height: 45px; width: 50px; font-size: 21px; text-align: center; padding: 8px;" type="number"/> <input style="height: 45px; width: 200px" type="submit" value="Set a new Flowrate"/> </form></pre>	Calling the form with the post method. Under action, no details are required since with action the current page is called by default.  If the input with the type submit is activated the contant is transfered to the CPU.

#### 5.2.5 Setting variables in the CPU via button only

#### **Basics**

To assign variables in the CPU a predefined value, you have to work with a form, the "POST" method and a hidden value.

#### **Explanations**

Figure 5-7 Representation of buttons in the HTML file

#### Table 5-3

Code	Explanation
<pre><form action="" method="post"> <input type="submit" value="OpenValve"/> <input name='"OpenValve"' size="20px" type="hidden" value="1"/> <input name='"CloseValve"' size="20px" type="hidden" value="0"/></form></pre>	Calling the form with the post method. Under action, no details are required since with action the current page is called by default.  With input type="hidden", the "OpenValve" variable is assigned the value 1, the "CloseValve" variable the value 0.  With submit, the values of the variables are sent to the web server of the CPU.
<pre><form action="" method="post">   <input type="submit" value="CloseValve"/>   <input name='"CloseValve"' size="20px" type="hidden" value="1"/>   <input <="" pre="" type="hidden"/></form></pre>	Reverse action to the row above: calling the form to assign the value 1 to "CloseValve" and the value 0 to "OpenValve".
name=""OpenValve" size="20px" value="0">	

# 6 Configuration and Settings

This chapter contains all information on how you can create and operate a web page for a CPU with PN interface for yourself. The CPU 1516-3 PN/DP is used as an example in this Section. All steps are presented by means of the completed example application.

If you just want to take the completed example application into operation, please continue reading in Chapter 7.

### 6.1 Procedure for creating a web page

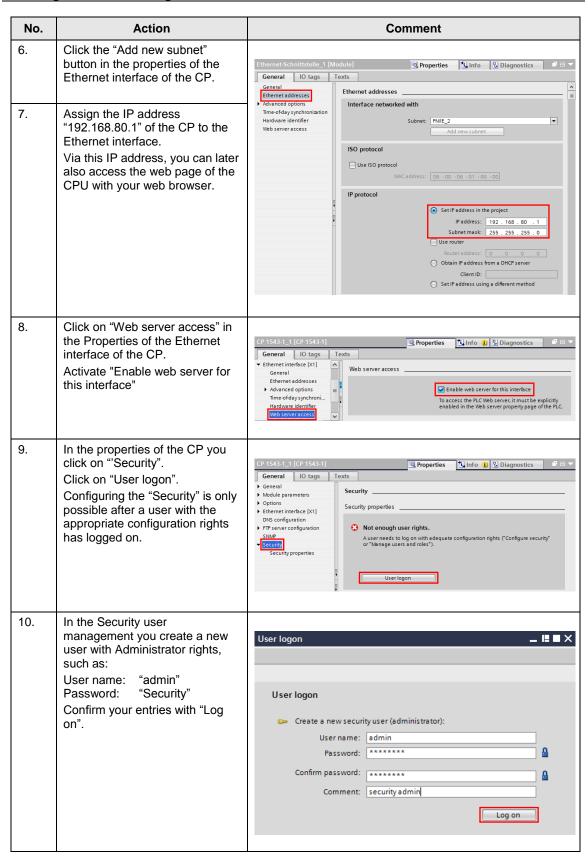
The configuration and settings in STEP 7 and the writing of the HTML file are closely linked. The following procedure is recommendable for that:

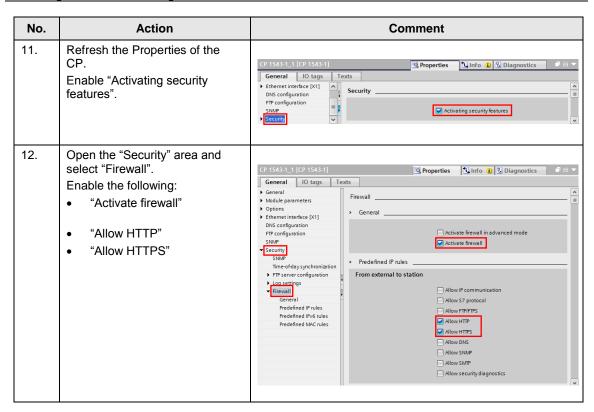
- 1. Configuring the hardware
- 2. Creating the variables in the S7 program
- 3. Creating the HTML files
- 4. Web server settings and generating of the data blocks
- 5. Creating, compiling and loading of the S7 program

# 6.2 Configuring the hardware

Table 6-1

No.	Action	Comment
1.	Start the STEP 7 TIA Portal and create a new project named "Webserver_S7_1500" oder "Webserver_S7_1200" via "Project > New".	-
2.	Click "Add new device" >> "PLC > SIMATIC S7-1500/1200" to add an S7-1500 or S7-1200 station.  The device view of the PLC opens.	-
3.	Click the "Add new subnet" button in the properties of the Ethernet interface.	PROFINET-Schnittstelle_1 [Module] Properties 1 Info 1 Diagnostics Formula February   Properties Info 2 Diagnostics Formula February   Properties Info 2 Diagnostics February   Properties Info 2 Diagnost
4.	Assign the IP address 192.168.0.1 of the CPU to the Ethernet interface. Via this IP address, you will later access the web page of the CPU with your web browser.	Interface networked with Operating mode Advanced options Web server access Hardware identifier  IP protocol  P add new subnet  IP protocol  Set IP address in the project  IP address: 192 . 168 . 0 . 1  Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0  Use router  Router address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0  Set IP address using a different method
The following steps optionally add safet		y when using an S7-1500.
5.	Insert module "Communication modules >> PROFINET/Ethernet >> CP 1543-1 >> 6GK7 543-1AX00-0XE0" from the hardware catalog.	-





# 6.3 Creating the variables in the variable table or DB

Table 6-2

No.	Action		Comment					
13.	Create a DB (Program blocks ->		Web2Plc					
	Add new block -> DB) or a tag table (PLC tags -> Add new tag			N	lame		Data type	
	table) and insert the desired	1	<b>400</b>	7	Static			
	tags.	2	1	•	tankLevel:	Scale	Int	
		3	1	•	actFlowra	te	Int	
		4	1	•	startStop		Bool	
		5	1	•	reset		Bool	
		6	1	•	stop		Bool	
		7	1		start		Bool	
		8	1	•	openValve	•	Bool	
		9	1	•	closeValve	e	Bool	
		10	1		statusValv	/eCPU	Bool	
		11	<b>4</b>	•	flowrate		Int	
		12	<b>40</b>	•	alarm		Int	
		13	€	•	tankLevel		Int	
		14	1	•	tankLevel	Overflow	Int	
		15	1		tankLevel	Maximum	Int	
		16	<b>40</b>		tankLevel	Midth	Int	
		17	1		tankLevel	Minimum	Int	
		18	40		tankLevel	Lack	Int	

### 6.4 Creating the HTML files

To create the HTML file, you need the list of variables from chapter  $\underline{6.3}$ , and a respective editor.

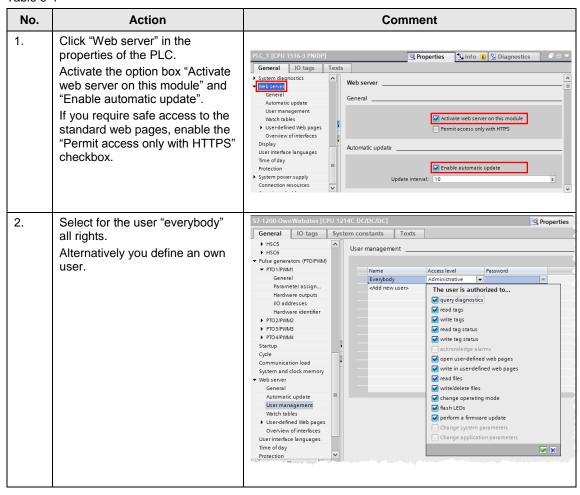
Convenient editors such as Microsoft Expression Web are recommendable, which automatically create tags or mark correct inputs in color already during creation, or simple editors such as Notepad++.

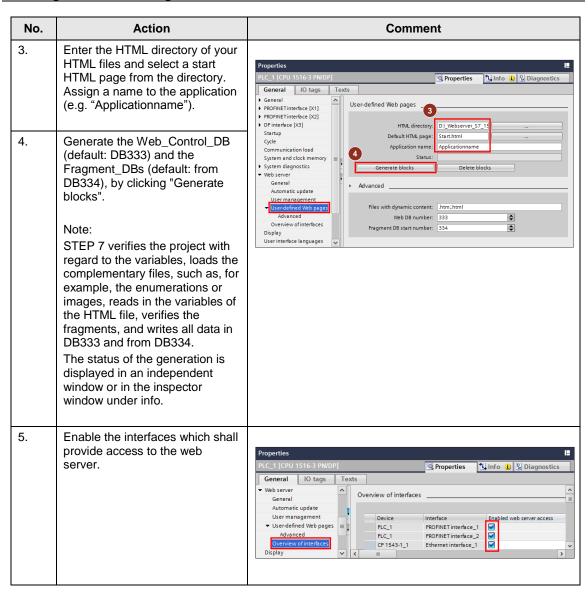
Table 6-3

No.	Action	Comment
1.	Create the HTML files with an editor. Save the HTML files with the required images, style sheets and scripts in the "\html" directory.	Detailed information on the creation of the HTML file can be found in chapter <u>5.2</u> .

### 6.5 Web server settings and generating of the data blocks

Table 6-4



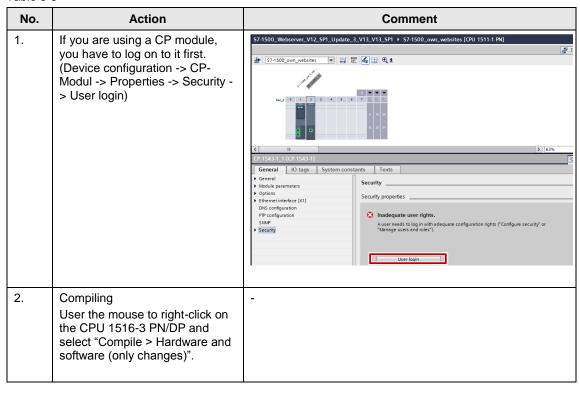


### 6.6 Creating, compiling and loading of the S7 program

An exemplary S7 program can be found in the appendix to this entry. The following aspects must be considered when creating the S7 program:

- Call the "WWW" (SFC99) instruction. The "WWW" instruction initializes the web server of the CPU. With the cyclic calling of the "WWW" instruction, you ensure that changed variables of the CPU can be displayed on the web page. The cyclic calling of the "WWW" instruction is done in OB1.
- Enter the number of the web control DB (e.g. 333) at the CTRL\_DB input parameter of the "WWW" instruction.

Table 6-5



No.	Action	Comment
3.	Loading project Right-click on the CPU 1516-3 PN/DP and select "Download to device > Hardware and software (only changes)". Set your PG/PC interface in the dialog window as follows:  PN/IE  Network card> (local) PN/IE Select CPU 1516-3 PN/DP and then click on "Load".	The dialog window for setting the PG/PC interface is only displayed during the first loading.

#### Note

If you want to use a different CPU, you have to exchange the CPU under "Devices & Networks".

# 7 Installation

# 7.1 Hardware and software installation

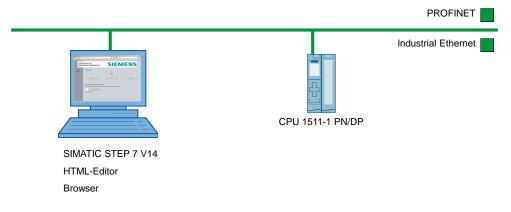
#### Hardware installation

The figure below shows the hardware configuration of the sample application.

The PC with the web browser must be connected to the CPU via Industrial Ethernet, e.g.

- directly at the PN interface of the CPU.
- directly at communication module CP 1543-1.
- via a switch.

Figure 7-1: Hardware configuration of the sample application



#### Note

Please observe the installation and connection guidelines from the corresponding manuals.

#### Installation of the software

Table 7-1

No.	Action	Comment
1.	Install STEP 7	-
2.	Install a tool for creating the web page, e.g. MS Frontpage or Notepad++ on the PC with which you want to create the web page.	-
3.	Install a web browser on the PC, e.g. Firefox or Internet Explorer, with which you want to access the website of the CPU.	-

# 7.2 Installation of the application example

Table 7-2

No.	Action	Comment		
1.	Unzip the "68011496_S7_1200_S7-1500_Webserver_CODE_v22.zip" file in your project directory.	-		
2.	Start SIMATIC STEP 7.	-		
3.	Open the project in SIMATIC STEP 7.	-		
4.	Go to the device view.	-		
5.	If you are using a different CPU, change the device.	-		
6.	In the CPU properties, assign the IP address of your CPU to the Ethernet interface.	Information in Section <u>6.2</u>		
7.	Using S7-1500 with CP: Log on in the CP properties at Security (User name: admin, Password: Security).	-		
8.	Select the S7-1500 and load the entire project in the CPU.	-		
9.	Start a web browser and call the web page of your CPU via the IP address.	Information in Section 8		

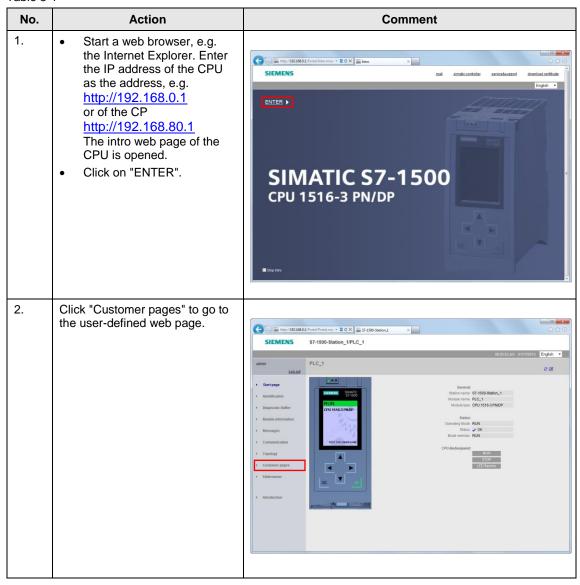
# 8 Operating the Application

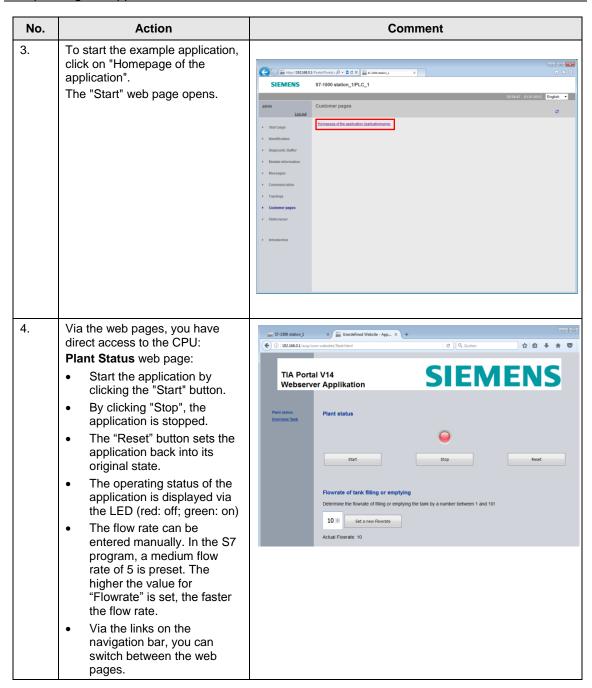
### In this chapter

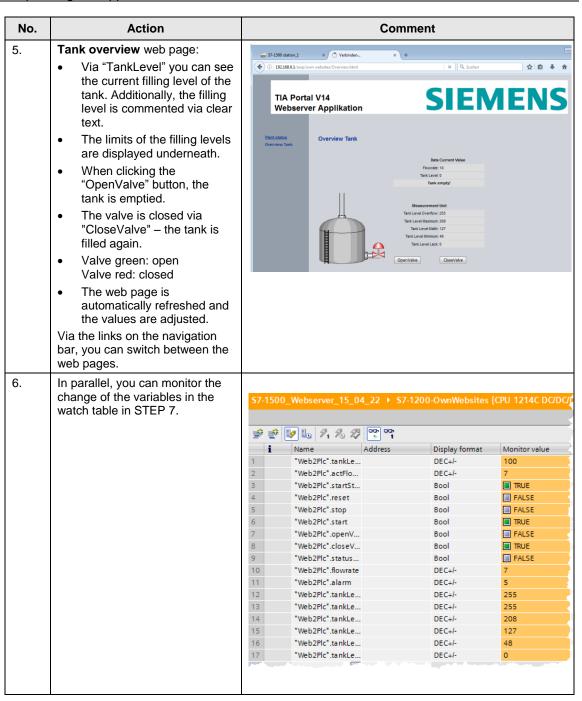
This chapter provides information on how to operate the example application.

#### Operation

Table 8-1







# 9 Related Literature

# 9.1 Internet link specifications

This table contains a selection of links on further information.

Table 9-1

	Торіс		
/1/	Link to this document		
	https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/68011496		
/2/	Siemens Industry Online Support		
	http://support.automation.siemens.com		
/3/	HTML5, JavaScript		
	http://www.w3schools.com/html/		
	http://www.w3schools.com/js/		
/4/	SIMATIC S7 S7-1200 Programmable controller		
	https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109741593		
/5/	S7-1500 Web server function manual		
	http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59193560		
/6/	S7-1500 System Manual		
	http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/59191792		
/7/	Simple Examples for the webserver		
	https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/68011496		
/8/	SIMATIC STEP 7 Professional V14.0		
	https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109742272		

# 10 History

Table 10-1

Version	Date	Modifications
V1.0	02/2014	First version
V2.0	06/2015	The applications "Creating and using user-defined web pages on S7-1200" and "Creating and using user-defined web pages on S7-1500" were merged.
V2.1	10/2015	correction
V2.2	10/2016	The application is completely programmed with HTML. HTML5 is used.