	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Term 1	Student completes guided baseline drawing and questionnaire	Student choses an image and uses graphite and a 2B pencil to create a line drawing.	Student adds tone, fine detail and texture to their drawing using shading techniques	Student creates a second drawing choosing a different media (chalk/ charcoal/ pen and ink/ watercolour pencils)	Student continues and completes second drawing with detail and a background	Student creates an image research page for their initial ideas.	Student creates a research page on Roy Lichtenstein identifying key features of his style	Student develops one of their drawings in the style of Roy Lichtenstein using paint.
Term 2	Students create a press print tile linking to their theme and ideas. Using the tile they produce a basic series of prints	Students work into their prints with different techniques and media.	Student creates a research page on Andy Warhol identifying key features of his style	Student produces prints from the same or a second tile adopting key features of Warhol's style	Student mounts up and presents Warhol as a finished outcome for display.	Student experiments with Photoshop to create a repeat image again linking to Warhol using screen shots to evidence image development	Students mount up and present their Photoshop work	
Term 3	Student chooses an object or character from their image research and creates it in Modroc	Student develops paint techniques to complete their sculpture/mask	Student creates a research page on Claes Oldenberg/Jann Haworth	Student takes a series of photographs of their sculpture/ mask	Student creates a research page on Peter Blake and use of collage in Pop Art	Student creates their own Pop Art Collage		
Term 4	Tutorial with teacher to determine most successful pieces and future direction of the project. Agree focus Student collects any additional research/	Student continues research/ photographs and makes drawings to record ideas	Student continues research/ photographs and makes drawings to record ideas	Student creates artist research pages on contemporary artists influenced by the Pop Art movement	Student creates an artist study of their chosen artist	Student experiments further to refine their idea and work toward a final response		

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	photographs/ makes drawings							
Term 5	Student experiments further to refine their idea and work toward a final response	Continuation of refinement samples and compositions, adding annotations reflecting on success.	Continuation of refinement samples and compositions, adding annotations reflecting on success.	Continuation of refinement samples and compositions, adding annotations reflecting on success.	Continuation of refinement samples and compositions, adding annotations reflecting on success. Tutorial to agree and plan final response			
Term 6	Student finalises idea for final personal response and begins.	Continuation of final personal response. Completion of learning log.	Continuation of final personal response. Completion of learning log.	Continuation of final personal response. Completion of learning log.	Continuation of final personal response. Completion of learning log.	Continuation of final personal response. Completion of learning log.	Student prepares and present project and final personal response to group.	

Core Questions: This section should list all of the core questions you want ALL students to be able to answer by the end of this unit. Do not include questions that you do not mind if students cannot answer. i.e. When was Pythagoras born? Where applicable these should refer to the lessons in which students are taught the knowledge that will link to this assessment. This will ensure teachers check as they are delivering students are learning the required information. These questions should be primarily focussed on knowledge/recall rather than extended pieces of writing. i.e.

#### English...

- What is a lexical field? A number of words in a paragraph or text that all have to do with the same theme.
- How is a setting best described in a story? Multiple mentions and small descriptions throughout the story.

#### History...

#### **Unit Name: Pop Art Icons**

#### **Recommended Teaching Time: 6 x Terms**

#### **Overview and Aims**

- Project currently undertaken when KS3 students arrive at Summerfield. The project covers all assessment criteria required for the OCR Entry Level Art & Design course and can contribute to the KS4 GCSE Art & Design Project which is assessed using a more advanced version of the assessment criteria.
- Students are introduced to the theme of Pop Art Icons as a starting point for their ideas. They are guided to explore the work of a range of artists including Warhol, Lichtenstein, Blake, Oldenberg and Haworth in order to support the development of their ideas.
- Students are taught a range of Art and Design applications during the idea development stage of the project using the concepts and techniques of the various Pop Artists to inspire and further their ideas.
- These applications will include drawing, painting and photography, digital manipulation of imagery, collage, printing techniques, textiles and sculpture.
- Students select their strongest experiments and ideas and use these to help them develop a final personal response.
- Students are supported to select and present their strongest work as a portfolio appropriate to their artwork.



#### √ I can statements (star the "essentials")

- √\*I can create a line drawing from an image.
- √\*I can add tonal shading to a drawing.
- ✓I know what texture is and how to create it in a drawing.
- ✓I can create drawings using more than one media.
- √\*I can create an image research page.
- √\*I can research an artist.
- ✓I can identify key features or Roy Lichtenstein's paintings.
- ✓I can make a painting in the style of Roy Lichtenstein.
- √\*I can design and make a print.
- ✓I can identify key features of Andy Warhol's prints.
- ✓I can make a print in the style of Andy Warhol.
- ✓\*I can use some basic tools on Photoshop.
- ✓I can use Photoshop to produce a repeated image design.
- ✓I can electronically record the development of a piece of work.
- ✓I can present a piece of work for display.
- ✓\*I can use Modroc and papier mache to create a sculpture.
- ✓\*I can use paint techniques to decorate my sculpture.
- ✓I know what a soft sculpture is.
- $\checkmark \text{I}$  know that Claes Oldenberg made giant sculptures of everyday objects.
- √\*I can take photographs to record my work.
- ✓I can identify key features of Peter Blake's work.
- ✓\*I can make a collage.
- ✓\*I can discuss my ideas with my teacher and decide how I would like to develop them.
- √\*I can record an idea using drawing.
- ✓\*I can find an artist who links to my ideas.
- ✓\*I can describe what the Pop Art Movement was.
- √\*I can create experiments and samples to refine my ideas.
- ✓\*I can create a final piece from my ideas.
- ✓I can reflect on my progress using a learning log.
- $\checkmark$ I can present my work and ideas to others.

#### **Critical Content, Key Words & Additional Notes**

#### **Critical Content:**

(AO1) Develop their ideas through investigations informed by the work of others and relevant sources, demonstrating contributions to the making of practical work.

(AO2) Refine and explore their ideas through experimenting and using resources, media, materials, techniques and processes.

(AO3) Record ideas, observations and imagination relevant to their intentions in visual and/or other forms.

(AO4) Present a personal and meaningful response, showing understanding of the work of others, reaching conclusions that relate intentions to purpose.

#### **Terminology & Key Words:**

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line	style	print Modroc		record
tone	technique	repeat print	papier mache	collage
texture	feature	icon	mass media	annotate
shading	comic book	Pop Art	sculpture	experiment
observation	simplified	Photoshop	soft sculpture	develop
Image research	composition	tools	oversize	refine



#### **Prior Years Learning - Strengths and Weaknesses**

Students experience of Art & Design prior to their time at Summerfield varies widely. This project attempts to give students a broad skill base on which they can build if they continue to GCSE. It can also be differentiated to a more basic level for less able students or those who have large gaps in their existing knowledge.

#### Misconceptions

- Students find the idea of including pieces of work which are not to their satisfaction difficult. It is important to highlight throughout the importance or all the experiments including those which they feel were unsuccessful as this demonstrates the exploration and refinement of their ideas which is essential for the assessment criteria and their attainment.
- Students do not always understand the value of looking at the work of others
  particularly if visually they do not respond positively to the visual appearance of
  the work. This can again be combated by stressing the requirements of the
  assessment criteria.
- It is important to have writing frames, scaffolds and literacy mats available to support students in annotating their work so that they are able to add this independently as they complete outcomes.
- For students whose effort and work quality is erratic ensure that they only work on one side of paper in sketchbooks or produce their work on paper. This allows for careful selection and presentation of their strongest work prior to submission to the exam board.

#### **Assessment details**

Work is assessed holistically as per the OCR exam board assessment criteria. This is done on a termly basis. Detailed written feedback is issued to students. Individual pieces of work are marked and feedback given for their improvement or to support the student's idea development. This is done at the front of the sketchbook as written feedback is not permitted on the work when submitted to the exam board.

Verbal feedback during lessons forms a significant portion of student assessment.

# SIMMERFIELD BUCATION CERT

Lesson No (if applicable)	Question	Answer	Probable misconceptions (if applicable)
AO3	What is tone?	The lightness or darkness	
		of something.	
AO3	How do you tone to a pencil drawing?	Look closely for areas of	
		dark and light and vary the	
		level of shading you apply	
		to a drawing.	
AO3	What is texture?	The feel or the look of the	
		feel of something.	
AO3	How can you create texture in your drawings?	By considering how you	
		use your pencil and the	
		marks you use e.g.	
		Squiggles for curly hair	
AO3	How do you create an image research page?	Collect and arrange a	
		selection of pictures which	
		relate to/ convey your	
		ideas.	
AO1	What should you find out and include when researching an artist?	What their work looks like,	Students often plagiarise chunks of
		when and where they	biographical information about an artist
		were working, what ideas	which bears no relevance their work. It is
		influenced them or did	important to address and dispel this.
		they explore, how did they	
		make their art work.	
A01	What are the key features of Roy Lichtenstein's paintings?	use of blocked primary	
		colours / simplified / black	
		outline/ comic book style/	
		use of text	
AO2	How do you make a print?	This may vary according to	
		staff delivery. Create your	
		design on press print. Use	
		an ink roller and printing	



		ink to then produce the
		print.
A01	What are the key features of Andy Warhol's prints?	repetition/ bright and
		contrasting colours/
		celebrities/ products or
		brands
AO2	What is Photoshop? Give an example of what you can do on it?	An image editing software.
		Answer will be dependent
		upon students own
		exploration.
AO2	What is ModRoc and how do you use it?	Plaster of Paris modelling
		bandage that you can use
		to create sculptures
AO2	What is papier mache and how do you use it?	A malleable mixture of
		glue and paper which can
		be used to create 3d forms
		as it dries hard and can be
		painted on.
AO2	Describe how you would go about painting a mixed media sculpture?	Block colours in using a
		base coat.
		Add detail with finer
		brushes.
		Exaggerate 3D shape if
		required through shadows
		and strong highlights.
A01	What are the key features of Claes Oldenberg's work?	Large scale/ everyday
		objects/ soft sculptures/
		humour
A01	What is a soft sculpture?	A sculpture made from
		fabric.
AO3	What do you need to consider when taking a photograph of a	Composition of the shot/
	sculpture?	lighting/ focus/ angles.

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AO1	What are the key features of Peter Blake's collages?	
AO2	What is a collage?	Assembling different
		images together to create
		a new art work.
AO1	How would you create a piece of work in the style of Peter Blake?	Cut out lots of images
		from popular culture and
		put them together to
		create a new image.
AO1	What is the Pop Art Movement	A movement of artists
		from 1950's onwards in
		the UK and America.
		Interested in exploring
		imagery from pop and
		mass culture. Challenged
		the art world. Still
		impacting on our visual
		culture today.
AO3	What is important when making a drawing to record your ideas?	That you chose an image
		which will be useful for
101	Harden and the 10 th and the 1	you to develop your ideas
AO1	How do you go about finding an artist who links to and inspires your	Discuss with staff/
	ideas?	research through books or
101	Have decreased to be believed development and 2	the internet
AO1	How do you use artist research to help you develop your own work?	Use artists ideas and
		techniques which I find
403	How do you show the development of your ideas in your	interesting Present work sloomly and
AO2	How do you show the development of your ideas in your sketchbook?	Present work clearly and
	SKETCHDOOK?	logically.
		Annotate strengths and areas for development.
		Include both successful
		samples and experiments
		samples and experiments



	and those that were less
	so.
How do you reflect on your progress?	Reflect each lesson
	through my learning log
	questions.
How are you assessed in Art & Design	Against 4 criteria each
	worth 25%
	- Recording ideas
	- Developing and
	refining my ideas
	through materials
	- Developing my ideas
	through looking at the
	work of others
	- Creating a final
	personal response.
	Progress is made my
	working through the
	criteria and trying to
	continuously improve the
	quality of the outcomes I
	create.
How do you decide on what to do for your final piece?	choose what has been
	most successful, you have
	enjoyed creating the most,
	listen to guidance from
	teacher and peers
	opinions, consider how
	much time you have



How do I plan out and create a final piece?	consider compositions,	
	materials and make sure	
	you have tested them,	
How do I present and discuss my work with others?	decide what you want	
	others to know about your	
	work, identify the links	
	and inspiration of other	
	artists, speak with	
	confidence and pride,	
	invite others questions	
	and opinions	