### DANAHER CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

#### Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations

		Three-M	Ionth										
		Period Ended				Year Ended							
	Decembe	er 31, 2017	Decer	nber 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2017	Decen	nber 31, 2016					
Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	\$	1.21	\$	1.07	\$	3.50	\$	3.08					
Pretax amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets A		0.24		0.22		0.94		0.83					
Pretax gains on resolution of acquisition-related matters B,C		$(0.02)^{-B}$		-		(0.02) B		(0.02) <sup>c</sup>					
Pretax gain on sales of investments D,E		(0.10) D		-		(0.10) D		(0.32) E					
Pretax restructuring, impairment and other related charges recorded in the second quarter of 2017 <sup>F</sup>						0.11							
Pretax charge for early extinguishment of borrowings <sup>G</sup>		-		-		0.11		0.26					
Pretax acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant, change in control payments and restructuring costs and fair value adjustments to													
inventory and deferred revenue H		-		0.12		-		0.12					
Tax effect of all adjustments reflected above I		(0.01)		(0.09)		(0.19)		(0.21)					
Discrete tax adjustments and other tax-related adjustments J,K		(0.13)		(0.27)	K	(0.21)		(0.13) K					
Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)	\$	1.19	\$	1.05	\$	4.03	\$	3.61					

#### Forecasted Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations

	Three-Mor Ending Mar		Year Ending December 31, 2018							
	Low End	High End		Low End		High End				
Forecasted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.74	\$	3.50	\$	3.60				
Anticipated pretax amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets A	0.24	0.24		0.95		0.95				
Tax effect of all adjustments reflected above <sup>1</sup>	(0.05)	(0.05)		(0.20)		(0.20)				
Forecasted Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings Per Share from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 0.90	\$ 0.93	\$	4.25	s	4.35				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The forward-looking estimates set forth above do not reflect future gains and charges that are inherently difficult to predict and estimate due to their unknown timing, effect and/or significance, such as certain future gains or losses on the sale of investments, acquisition or divestiture-related gains or charges and discrete tax items.

Revenue Performance				
	Three-Month Period Ended December 31, 2017 vs. Comparable 2016 Period	Year Ended December 31, 2017 vs. Comparable 2016 Period		
Total Revenue Growth from Continuing Operations (GAAP) Less the impact of:	11.0%	8.5%		
Acquisitions and other	(2.5%)	(4.5%)		
Currency exchange rates  Cons. Proceedings County from Continuing Operations (Non-CAAR).	(3.0%)	(0.5%)		
Core Revenue Growth from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP) <sup>2</sup>	5.5%	3.5%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> We use the term "core revenue" to refer to GAAP revenue from continuing operations excluding (1) sales from acquired businesses recorded prior to the first anniversary of the acquisition less the amount of sales attributable to divested businesses or product lines not considered discontinued operations ("acquisition sales") and (2) the impact of currency translation. The portion of GAAP revenue from continuing operations attributable to currency translation is calculated as the difference between (a) the period-to-period change in revenue (excluding acquisition sales) and (b) the period-to-period change in revenue (excluding acquisition sales) after applying current period foreign exchange rates to the prior year period. We use the term "core revenue growth" to refer to the measure of comparing current period core revenue with the corresponding period of the prior year.

# DANAHER CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

A Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets in the following historical and forecasted periods (\$ in millions) (only the pretax amounts set forth below are reflected in the amortization line item above):

									Forecasted					
									Thre	e-Month				
	Th	ree-Month l	Period 1	Ended		Year E	nded		Perio	d Ending	Ending			
	Decer	nber 31,	Dece	mber 31,	Decei	mber 31,	Dece	mber 31,			Decei	nber 31,		
	2	017	2	2016	2	2017	2	2016	March	30, 2018	2018			
Pretax	\$	167.7	\$	156.5	\$	660.5	\$	583.1	\$	170.1	\$	679.9		
After-tax		132.5		123.9		523.5		449.7		134.4		537.1		

- <sup>B</sup> Net gains on resolution of acquisition-related matters in the Life Sciences and Diagnostics segments (\$11 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$8 million after-tax) for the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2017.
- <sup>c</sup> Gains on resolution of acquisition-related matters (\$18 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$14 million after-tax) for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- Gain on sales of investments in the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2017 (\$73 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$46 million after-tax).
- <sup>E</sup> Gain on sales of investments in the year ended December 31, 2016 (\$223 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$140 million after-tax).
- During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded \$76 million of pretax restructuring, impairment and other related charges (\$51 million after-tax) primarily related to the Company's strategic decision to discontinue a molecular diagnostic product line in its Diagnostics segment. As a result, the Company incurred noncash charges for the impairment of certain technology-related intangibles as well as related inventory and plant, property and equipment with no further use totaling \$49 million. In addition, the Company incurred cash restructuring costs primarily related to employee severance and related charges totaling \$27 million. This is addressed in more detail in the "Statement Regarding Non-GAAP Measures".
- Geographic Charge for early extinguishment of borrowings (\$179 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$112 million after-tax) incurred in the third quarter of 2016.
- Acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant (\$12 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$9 million after-tax), change in control payments and restructuring costs (\$49 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$30 million after-tax), and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue (\$23 million pretax as presented in this line item, \$14 million after-tax), in each case related to the acquisitions of Cepheid and Phenomenex and incurred in the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2016. The Company deems acquisition-related transaction costs incurred in a given period to be significant (generally relating to the Company's larger acquisitions) if it determines that such costs exceed the range of acquisition-related transaction costs typical for Danaher in a given period
- This line item reflects the aggregate tax effect of all nontax adjustments reflected in the table above. In addition, the footnotes above indicate the after-tax amount of each individual adjustment item. Danaher estimates the tax effect of the adjustment items identified in the reconciliation schedule above by applying Danaher's overall estimated effective tax rate to the pretax amount, unless the nature of the item and/or the tax jurisdiction in which the item has been recorded requires application of a specific tax rate or tax treatment, in which case the tax effect of such item is estimated by applying such specific tax rate or tax treatment.
- Discrete tax adjustments and other tax-related adjustments for the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2017 include:

Thusa Month

(\$ in millions)	Perio Dece	e-Month od Ended mber 31, 2017	Year Ended December 31, 2017				
Discrete income tax gains, primarily related to							
expiration of statute of limitations <sup>1</sup>	\$	94	\$	129			
Impact of ASU No. 2016-09,							
Compensation—Stock Compensation <sup>2</sup>		-		16			
Remeasurement of deferred tax assets and							
liabilities as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act							
of 2017 <sup>3</sup>		1,219		1,219			
Transition tax on deemed repatriation of foreign		, -		, -			
earnings as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act							
of 2017 <sup>4</sup>		(1,218)		(1,218)			
	\$	95	\$	146			
		·					

Represents (1) discrete income tax gains, primarily related to expiration of statute of limitations (\$94 million in the three-month period ended December 31, 2017 and \$129 million in the year ended December 31, 2017), (2) equity compensation-related excess tax benefits (\$16 million in the year ended December 31, 2017), (3) remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities, net related to enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (\$1.2 billion gain in the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2017), and (4) transition tax on deemed repatriation of foreign earnings in connection with enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (\$1.2 billion provision in the three-month period and year ended December 31, 2017).

On January 1, 2017, Danaher adopted the updated accounting guidance required by ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation—Stock Compensation , which requires income statement recognition of all excess tax benefits and deficiencies related to equity compensation. We exclude from Adjusted Diluted Net EPS any excess tax benefits that exceed the levels we believe are representative of historical experience. In the first quarter of 2017, we anticipated \$10 million of equity compensation-related excess tax benefits and realized \$26 million of excess tax benefits, and therefore we have excluded \$16 million of these benefits in the calculation of Adjusted Diluted Net Earnings per Share. In the second, third and fourth quarters of 2017, realized equity compensation-related excess tax benefits approximated the anticipated benefit and no adjustments were required.

Discrete income tax gains net of discrete income tax charges incurred in the three-month period ended December 31, 2016 (\$190 million). Discrete income tax gains net of discrete income tax charges and Fortive separation-related tax costs related to repatriation of earnings and legal entity realignmen incurred in the year ended December 31, 2016 (\$91 million).

#### Statement Regarding Non-GAAP Measures

Each of the non-GAAP measures set forth above should be considered in addition to, and not as a replacement for or superior to, the comparable GAAP measure, and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Management believes that these measures provide useful information to investors by offering additional ways of viewing Danaher Corporation's ("Danaher" or the "Company") results that, when reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measure, help our investors to:

- with respect to Adjusted Diluted Net EPS, understand the long-term profitability trends of our business and compare our profitability to prior and future periods and to our peers; and
- with respect to core revenue, identify underlying growth trends in our business and compare our revenue performance with prior and future periods and to our peers.

Management uses these non-GAAP measures to measure the Company's operating and financial performance, and uses a non-GAAP measure similar to Adjusted Diluted Net EPS in the Company's executive compensation program.

The items excluded from the non-GAAP measures set forth above have been excluded for the following reasons:

- With respect to Adjusted Diluted Net EPS:
  - We exclude the amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets because the amount and timing of such charges are significantly impacted by the timing, size, number and nature of the acquisitions we consummate. While we have a history of significant acquisition activity we do not acquire businesses on a predictable cycle, and the amount of an acquisition's purchase price allocated to intangible assets and related amortization term are unique to each acquisition and can vary significantly from acquisition to acquisition. Exclusion of this amortization expense facilitates more consistent comparisons of operating results over time between our newly acquired and long-held businesses, and with both acquisitive and non-acquisitive peer companies. We believe however that it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets contribute to revenue generation and that intangible asset amortization related to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangible assets have been fully amortized.
  - We exclude costs incurred pursuant to discrete restructuring plans that are fundamentally different (in terms of the size, strategic nature and planning requirements, as well as the inconsistent frequency, of such plans) from the ongoing productivity improvements that result from application of the Danaher Business System. Because these restructuring plans are incremental to the core activities that arise in the ordinary course of our business and we believe are not indicative of Danaher's ongoing operating costs in a given period, we exclude these costs from the calculation of Adjusted Diluted Net EPS to facilitate a more consistent comparison of operating results over time.
  - o With respect to the other items excluded from Adjusted Diluted Net EPS, we exclude these items because they are of a nature and/or size that occur with inconsistent frequency, occur for reasons that may be unrelated to Danaher's commercial performance during the period and/or we believe are not indicative of Danaher's ongoing operating costs or gains in a given period; we believe that such items may obscure underlying business trends and make comparisons of long-term performance difficult.
- With respect to core revenue, (1) we exclude the impact of currency translation because it is not under management's control, is subject to volatility and can obscure underlying business trends, and (2) we exclude the effect of acquisitions and divested product lines because the timing, size, number and nature of such transactions can vary significantly from period-to-period and between us and our peers, which we believe may obscure underlying business trends and make comparisons of long-term performance difficult.

#### DANAHER CORPORATION

#### Reconciliation of Operating Cash Flows from Continuing Operations (GAAP) to Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)

	Three Month Period Ended			Three Month Period Ended				Three Month Period Ended				Three Month Period Ended					Full Year Ended			
	March 31, 2017 April 1, 2016		June 30, 2017 July 1, 2016		September 29, 2017		September 30, 2016		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016		December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016					
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (\$ in millions):  Operating Cash Flows from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	- s	560.2		607.1	\$	1,010.5	\$		\$	1,072.4	\$	850.0	\$	834.7	\$	649.0	\$	3,477.8	\$	3,087.5
Less: purchases of property, plant & equipment (capital expenditures) from continuing operations (GAAP) Plus: proceeds from sales of property, plant & equipment (capital disposals)		(158.6)		(122.6)		(147.9)		(150.9)		(139.3)		(148.6)		(173.8)		(167.5)		(619.6)		(589.6)
from continuing operations (GAAP)		0.7		0.0		29.3		5.2		2.3		2.0		0.3		2.6		32.6		9.8
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP)	\$	402.3	\$	484.5	\$	891.9	\$	835.7	\$	935.4	\$	703.4	\$	661.2	\$	484.1	\$	2,890.8	\$	2,507.7
Ratio of Free Cash Flow to Net Earnings (\$ in millions):	_																			
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations from Above (Non-GAAP)	\$	402.3	\$	484.5	\$	891.9	\$	835.7	\$	935.4	\$	703.4	\$	661.2	\$	484.1	\$	2,890.8	\$	2,507.7
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations (GAAP)		483.8		585.8		557.3		418.0		572.1		402.6		856.6		747.0		2,469.8		2,153.4
Free Cash Flow from Continuing Operations to Net Earnings from Continuing Operations Conversion Ratio (Non-GAAP)		0.83		0.83		1.60		2.00		1.64		1.75		0.77		0.65		1.17		1.16

We define free cash flow as operating cash flows from continuing operations, <u>less</u> payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment from continuing operations ("capital expenditures") <u>plus</u> the proceeds from the sale of plant, property and equipment from continuing operations ("capital disposals").

## DANAHER CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Year-Over-Year Core Operating Margin Changes			Segmen	ts	
	Total Company	Life Sciences	Diagnostics	Dental	Environmental and Applied Solutions
Three-Month Period Ended December 31, 2016 Operating Profit Margins from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	15.90%	16.80%	12.60%	15.40%	24.00%
Fourth quarter 2017 impact from operating profit margins of businesses that have been owned for less than one year or were disposed of during such period and did not qualify as discontinued operations	(0.15)	(0.10)	(0.40)		(0.40)
1	(0.15)	(0.10)	(0.40)	-	(0.40)
Tradename impairments and related restructuring in the Dental segment	(0.20)	-	-	(1.30)	-
Fourth quarter 2017 gain (loss) on resolution of acquisition-related matters	0.20	(0.20)	0.90		_
Acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant, change in control payments and restructuring charges, and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue, in each case primarily related to the acquisitions of Cepheid & Phenomenex and incurred in the fourth quarter of 2016.	1.80	0.45	5.35	<u>-</u>	-
Year-over-year core operating profit margin changes for fourth quarter 2017 (defined as all year-over-year operating profit margin changes other than the changes identified in the line items above) (non-GAAP)	1.05	205	1.05	(1.00)	(0.50)
Three-Month Period Ended December 31, 2017 Operating	1.05	3.05	1.05	(1.00)	(0.50)
Profit Margins from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	18.60%	20.00%	19.50%	13.10%	23.10%
Year Ended December 31, 2016 Operating Profit Margins from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	16.30%	15.30%	15.60%	15.10%	23.60%
Full year 2017 impact from operating profit margins of businesses that have been owned for less than one year or were disposed of during such period and did not qualify as discontinued operations	(0.50)	0.20	(1.50)	(0.10)	(0.65)
Tradename impairments and related restructuring in the Dental segment	(0.05)	0.20	(1.50)	(0.35)	(0.03)
Acquisition-related transaction costs deemed significant, change in control payments and restructuring charges, and fair value adjustments to inventory and deferred revenue, in each case primarily related to the acquisitions of Cepheid & Phenomenex and incurred in the fourth quarter of 2016.	` '			(0.55)	
Third quarter 2016 (gain) and fourth quarter 2017 gain (loss)	0.50	0.10	1.50	-	-
on resolution of acquisition-related matters  Full year 2017 impact of restructuring, impairment and related charges related to the discontinuation of a product line in the Diagnostics segment in the second quarter of 2017	(0.05)	(0.05)	0.25	-	-
Year-over-year core operating profit margin changes for full year 2017 (defined as all year-over-year operating profit margin changes other than the changes identified in the line items	1		, ,		
above) (non-GAAP) Year Ended December 31, 2017 Operating Profit Margins	0.70	2.05	0.35	(0.35)	0.05
from Continuing Operations (GAAP)	16.50%	17.60%	14.90%	14.30%	23.00%