ND Education and Workforce Initiative

## Data Presentation

Ashleigh Blikre<br>Data Support Coordinator

## WHY Data?

- The whole purpose of giving an assessment is to receive data that you can use to make a difference for the students in your class.
- Teachers who can read and interpret their reports are better prepared to:
- Use the data to influence instruction
- Create flexible groupings
- Adjust time spent on certain topics
- Implement a new program
- Adopt new text
- And More...



## NWEA MAP Assessment

- 52 Questions
- Varies by subject/test
- Not Timed
- Students will not have the same questions as other students in their class.
, Question answered right $\rightarrow$ next question will be harder
- Question answered wrong $\rightarrow$ next question will be easier.
- MAP score is not determined by the number of questions answered correctly.
b Based on the level of difficulty of the questions answered correctly.


## Questions to think about when viewing assessment data

- Growth
b How did our students do compared to their previous test?
- Compare me to myself
- What patterns of growth do you see?

म Consistent or Ups/Downs?

- Attainment
- How did our students do compared to other students (NORM)?
- Compare me to others
- Another word for NORM $\rightarrow$ Minimum
- Are we meeting the minimum? (NORM)
- What 2 tools do I need to know if my class and students are scoring at the NORM?
b Normative Reference Sheet
, Teacher Report


## What is a RIT Score?

- Rasch unIT $\rightarrow$ RIT

- Uses individual item difficulty values to estimate student achievement
- Independent of the age or grade of the student
- Reflects the instructional level that the student is currently performing
- Equal-interval scale; SAME meaning regardless of grade level
- Measures how "tall" a student is on the curriculum scale - How much has the student grown?
- Remember:Scores from any test are estimates of performance.
p No score should be thought as absolute!


## Two Different Teacher Reports

- By Goal Descriptors
- By RIT Ranges

School:

## Class:

Teacher:
Test: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 MN V6

| Student ID Name | Grd | Test Type | Test Date | RIT | Std Err | RIT Range | \%ile | \%ile <br> Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 603231 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 191 | 3.0 | 188-194 | 18 | 12-24 |
| 606513 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 194 | 3.0 | 191-197 | 24 | 18-32 |
| 604290 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 202 | 3.0 | 199-205 | 47 | 38-56 |
| ¢020.44 | $\because$ | \% | Mal | 3 x | 313 | 200-20\% | mi | A |
| 602644 | 3 | S/G | May 10 | 203 | 2.9 | 200-206 | 50 | 41-56 |
| 603580 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 206 | 3.0 | 203-209 | 59 | 50-68 |
| 604749 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 209 | 3.0 | 206-212 | 68 | 59.75 |
| 602427 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 210 | 3.0 | 207-213 | 70 | 62-78 |
| 604717 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 211 | 3.0 | 208-214 | 73 | 68-80 |
| 604448 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 212 | 3.0 | 209-215 | 75 | 68-82 |
| 604709 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 214 | 2.9 | 211-217 | 80 | 73-86 |
| 604657 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 215 | 3.0 | 212-218 | 82 | $75-87$ |
| 604423 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 216 | 2.9 | 213-219 | 84 | 78-89 |
| 605341 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 217 | 3.0 | 214-220 | 86 | 80-90 |
| 604735 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 222 | 3.0 | 219-225 | 93 | 89-95 |
| 609408 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 225 | 2.9 | 222-228 | 95 | 93-97 |
| 604667 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 225 | 3.0 | 222-228 | 95 | 93-97 |
| 603995 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 226 | 2.9 | 223-229 | 96 | 94-98 |
| 604973 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 226 | 2.9 | 223-229 | 96 | 94-98 |
| 604262 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 226 | 3.0 | 223-229 | 96 | 94-98 |
| 604446 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 226 | 2.9 | 223-229 | 96 | 95-98 |
| 605117 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 227 | 3.0 | 224-230 | 97 | 95-98 |
| 604634 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 229 | 3.0 | 226-232 | 98 | 96-99 |
| 606195 | 3 | S/G | May 7 | 232 | 2.9 | 229-235 | 99 | 98-99 |



Totals For: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 MN V6

| Students: | 23 |
| ---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | 23 |
| Mean RIT: | 215.8 |
| Std Dev: | 11.4 |
| Median RIT: | 216 |


| High: | 17 | 17 | 18 | 17 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avg: | 5 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| Low: | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Mean: | 213.7 | 215.0 | 217.0 | 217.7 |
| Std Dev: | 10.4 | 9.5 | 13.7 | 15.4 |
| Median: | 213 | 215 | 221 | 217 |

Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred ontige the lesting
vinoow for a lerm, had an invalid score, was a repeat test tor a sludent whin a lerm, or was a MAP
or Prmary Grades test segment
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Report Created: 06-03-2013 (version 3.00.005)

School：St．Helens Elementary School（NWEA Sample District 2）

## Class：F090015 Palshan Homeroom 1（A）

## Teacher：Palshan，Emmilla A．

Test：Math Survey w／Goals 2－5 CO V3

| Student ID | Name | Grd | Test Type | Test Date | RIT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Std } \\ & \text { Err } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Range }}{\text { RIT }}$ | \％ile | \％ile Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F10000870 | Capitan，Meghan N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 190 | 3.0 | 187－193 | 5 | 3－7 |
| S11000400 | Chaisson，Devyn N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 21 | 192 | 3.0 | 189－195 | 7 | 5－11 |
| SF06000339 | Batoha，Tijana A． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 199 | 3.0 | 196－202 | 17 | 12－23 |
| F08000033 | Smith，Ledonna A． | 4 | S／G | Apr 20 | 203 | 2.9 | 200－206 | 25 | 19－32 |
| SF0600051．1 | Alger，Lumina A． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 204 | 3.1 | 201－207 | 27 | 21－37 |
| SF06000347 | Kooren，Jerald D． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 204 | 2.9 | 201－207 | 27 | 21－35 |
| SF06000508 | Glass，Canin N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 209 | 2.9 | 206－212 | 40 | 32－49 |
| F10000784 | Kujawa－Lalime，Ruvim M． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 209 | 3.0 | 206－212 | 40 | 32－49 |
| SF06000513 | Paluga，Lexander R． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 210 | 3.0 | 207－213 | 43 | 35－51 |
| SF06000506 | Tajnai，Cobey R． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 212 | 3.1 | 209－215 | 49 | 37－57 |
| SF07001856 | Schnee，Molanda A． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 213 | 3.1 | 210－216 | 51 | 43－60 |
| SF06000523 | Kevoian，Kenan N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 216 | 3.1 | 213－219 | 60 | 51－68 |
| SF06000346 | Linton，Berbin N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 218 | 3.0 | 215－221 | 65 | 57－73 |
| SF06000512 | Gorbett，Thieman N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 220 | 3.0 | 217－223 | 70 | 63－77 |
| SF06000353 | Karmineke，Khalilah H． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 222 | 3.0 | 219－225 | 75 | 68－81 |
| SW07001421 | Daher，Nick K． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 223 | 3.1 | 220－226 | 77 | 70－83 |
| F08000100 | Bernuy，Crystal L． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 223 | 3.1 | 220－226 | 77 | 70－83 |
| F08000145 | Stasil，Michael Angelo O． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 226 | 3.0 | 223－229 | 83 | 77－86 |
| SF06000445 | Dragolov，Howard D． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 229 | 3.0 | 226－232 | 88 | 83－92 |
| SS07001517 | Torix，Tevin N． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 235 | 3.0 | 232－238 | 95 | 92－97 |
| SF06000517 | Morraz，Scorpio O． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 239 | 2.9 | 236－242 | 97 | 95－98 |
| S99002168 | Rafiki，Sikujua L． | 4 | S／G | Apr 19 | 249 | 3.0 | 246－252 | 99 | 99－99 |


|  |  | $\infty$ 4亦 $\pm$安合 $\dddot{9}$ ロロ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 189－202 | 183－195 | 186－197 | 177－189 |
| 186－198 | 193－205 | 173－186 | 191－203 |
| 201－213 | 189－202 | 192－204 | 190－202 |
| 184－197 | 200－213 | 200－212 | 203－215 |
| 202－214 | 201－213 | 197－210 | 191－204 |
| 192－204 | 196－208 | 197－209 | 205－217 |
| 185－201 | 204－216 | 217－230 | 202－214 |
| 208－220 | 203－215 | 190－203 | 212－226 |
| 204－216 | 211－223 | 199－211 | 202－214 |
| 201－214 | 211－223 | 207－220 | 203－214 |
| 209－222 | 204－218 | 216－230 | 196－209 |
| 207－222 | 198－212 | 207－220 | 221－233 |
| 211－223 | 216－228 | 209－221 | 211－223 |
| 208－220 | 213－225 | 220－233 | 215－227 |
| 209－221 | 209－221 | 218－231 | 229－245 |
| 222－235 | 221－234 | 210－222 | 216－228 |
| 220－232 | 215－228 | 217－230 | 214－226 |
| 218－231 | 206－219 | 228－241 | 223－235 |
| 213－225 | 230－243 | 223－236 | 224－236 |
| 231－243 | 227－239 | 230－241 | 227－239 |
| 225－238 | 229－241 | 240－251 | 235－247 |
| 249－262 | 236－249 | 245－257 | 238－251 |

Totals For：Math Survey w／Goals 2－5 CO V3

| Students： | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests： | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Mean： | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Mean RIT： | $\mathbf{2 1 5 . 7}$ | Std Dev： | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Std Dev： | 14.7 | Median： | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

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## RIT Grouping Activity

 5 'Power' Groups- I - At Risk Students
- 2 - Below Grade Level
- 3 -At Grade Level
- 4 - Above Grade Level
, 5 - Gifted \& Talented Students
- Before grouping... Draw a line dividing those below and those above the Status Norm/RIT Score.


## Groups 1, 3, \& 5 <br> 'Groups with Rules'

- Group 3: Determine At Grade Level Students by RIT Score
- Refer to 201I Status Norms Sheet
- I-At Risk Students
- 2 - Below Grade Level
- 3 -At Grade Level
, 4-Above Grade Level
5 - Gifted \& Talented Students
- Group I: Determine At Risk Students by RIT Score
- 2 grade levels below RIT Norm
- OR if no grade level 2 below, use back up rule of 25th percentile
- Write RIT in upper right corner \& color
, Color Code: Pink
, Trouble!
- Group 5: Determine Gifted and Talented Students by percentile range
, Color Code: Blue
- $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile

School: St. Helens Elementary School (NWEA Sample District 2)

## Class: F090015 Palshan Homeroom 1(A)

## Teacher: Palshan, Emmilla A.

Test: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3


Totals For: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3

| Students: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Mean: | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Mean RIT: | $\mathbf{2 1 5 . 7}$ | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

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School: St. Helens Elementary School (NWEA Sample District 2)

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Test: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3


Totals For: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3

| Students: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Mean: | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Mean RIT: | $\mathbf{2 1 5 . 7}$ | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

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- Group 2: Determine Below Grade Level Students
, Color Code: Orange
- Between Groups I \& 3
- Group 4: Determine Above Grade Level Students
- Color Code: Green
- Between Groups 3 \& 5


## I - At Risk Students

2 - Below Grade Level
3 - At Grade Level
4 - Above Grade Level
5 - Gifted \& Talented Students

School: St. Helens Elementary School (NWEA Sample District 2)

## Class: F090015 Palshan Homeroom 1(A)

## Teacher: Palshan, Emmilla A.

Test: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3

Totals For: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3

| Students: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | Mean: | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Mean RIT: | 215.7 | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

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## Power Groups Use

- Grouping for differentiated instruction
- 10 Minute ‘Power Groups’
- 10 minute activities on RIT range or HI/AV/LO concepts
- Guided Skill Time - use the DesCartes
- Change groups as needed
- RIT Range Resource Kits
- Give students a number/color that sends them to the correct RIT bucket for their activity/assignment


## More Teacher Report Parts...

- Lexile
- Mean
- Median
- Standard Deviation


## Mean vs Median

- Mean
- Arithmetic AVERAGE of a group of scores
- Sensitive to extreme scores when samples are small...
- An extremely HIGH or LOW score could completely skew the average.
- Median
- Middle score in a group of scores
- Point where half the scores are above and half the scores are below
, NOT sensitive to extreme scores
- Good indicator for where the middle of the class is achieving

| Students: | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean RIT: | 215.7 | Mean: | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Median RIT: | 214 | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

? Which one should we focus on for classroom planning?

## Winner $\rightarrow$ Median!

## Best represents 'middle’ value

- For instructional purposes $\rightarrow$ use Median
- Cross out Mean RIT-and Mean.
, + OR - 3 From Median RIT
- 3 point difference indicates an area of strength or an area that needs more emphasis.

| Students: | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mmean-RIT: | 215.7 | Mean: | 214.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Median RIT: | 214 | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

## Standard Deviation

'How can you use MAP to teach/set up lesson plans?'

- Under RIT column, find Standard Deviation.
- Standard Deviation


## Groups:

- 0 - I0:Whole Group Instruction
- IO.I - 14:Teacher's Choice

〉 |4+: Differentiated Instruction

- High Standard Deviations
- Wide variety of academic ability
- Consider Differentiated Instruction
- Low Standard Deviation
- Small variety of academic ability
- Whole group instruction is likely appropriate

| Students: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | $\mathbf{2 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| HeamRtI: | 245.7 | Meanr: | 244.3 | 215.2 | 216.2 | 216.5 |
| Std Dev: | 14.7 | Std Dev: | 15.9 | 13.9 | 17.7 | 16.0 |
| Median RIT: | $\mathbf{2 1 4}$ | Median: | 214 | 214 | 215 | 218 |

School: St. Helens Elementary School (NWEA Sample District 2) Class: F090015 Palshan Homeroom 1(A)

## Teacher: Palshan, Emmilla A.

Test: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3


Totals For: Math Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3


$$
+ \text { or - } 3
$$

[^4]for Primary Grades test segment.

Report Created: 05-10-2012 (version 3.00.005)

## Lexile

- Individual's reading ability or the difficulty of a text
- Higher measure = higher level of reading ability
- EX:Ability = 700L. Individual is predicted to comprehend $75 \%$ of a text with a 700 L .

| Grade Band | Current (old) <br> Lexile Band | Stretch (new) <br> Lexile Band |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K - I | N/A | N/A |
| $2-3$ | $450 \mathrm{~L}-725 \mathrm{~L}$ | $420 \mathrm{~L}-820 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $4-5$ | $645 \mathrm{~L}-845 \mathrm{~L}$ | $740 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{I} 010 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $6-8$ | $860 \mathrm{~L}-1010 \mathrm{~L}$ | $925 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{II} 85 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $9-10$ | $960 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{III5L}$ | $1050 \mathrm{~L}-1335 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{CCR}$ | $1070 \mathrm{~L}-1220 \mathrm{~L}$ | $\mathrm{II} 85 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{I} 385 \mathrm{~L}$ |


| Grade | 2012 cCSS |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | lext Measures |$|$| 1 | $190 \mathrm{~L}-530 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $420 \mathrm{~L}-650 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 3 | $520 \mathrm{~L}-820 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 4 | $740 \mathrm{~L}-940 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 5 | $830 \mathrm{~L}-1010 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 6 | $925 \mathrm{~L}-1070 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 7 | $970 \mathrm{~L}-1120 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 8 | $1010 \mathrm{~L}-1185 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 9 | $1050 \mathrm{~L}-1260 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 10 | $1080 \mathrm{~L}-1335 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| $11 \& 12$ | $1185-1385 \mathrm{~L}$ |

-New Lexile Bands align to CCSS text complexity grade bands.
-www.lexile.com

School: St. Helens Elementary School (NWEA Sample District 2)
Class: F090015 Palshan Homeroom 1(A)

## Teacher: Palshan, Emmilla A.

Test: Reading Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3


Totals For: Reading Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V3

| Students: | 22 |
| ---: | :---: |
| Valid tests: | 22 |
| Mean RIT: | 212.5 |
| Std Dev: | 14.1 |
| Median RIT: | 215 |


| Mean: | 212.9 | 213.1 | 211.6 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Std Dev: | 15.3 | 14.6 | 14.8 |
| Median: | 214 | 212 | 215 |

Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred outside the testing
window for a term, had an invalid score, was a repeat test for a student within a term, or was a MAP
for Primary Grades test segment.
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## DesCartes Guide

- Helps guide instruction based on reports from an NWEA computerized Measures of Academic Progress (MAP) assessment.
- DesCartes enhances a teacher's ability to provide targeted instruction for individual students or groups of students.
- 73\%, 50\%, 27\%
- Focus on $50 \%$ column - note what you think that child is successful with
- Highlight areas that need more emphasis
- DesCartes Access
- Left-hand side, under Data-Tools
" "The big benefit to students is how MAP helps teachers learn how to differentiate instruction. There's no better tool for teachers than DesCartes. We know right away where to start teaching."
Jana Beth Slibeck-Francis, Director of Assessment, Research and Development Daviess County, KY


## DesCartes: A Continuum of Learning ${ }^{\text {® }}$

## Mathematics <br> Goal: Number \& Operation

## kills and concepts to Enhance

Counticompare and Represent Whole Nembers.

## - Rounds 3 -digit whole numbers to the nearest hundred

- Identifies the place value and value of each digit in whole numbers through the thousands
- Identifies whole numbers over 999 using base-10 blocks
- Identifies the numeral and witten name for whole numbers with a zero betwean digits to the ten thousands place
- Identifies the numeral and written name for whole numbers 10,000 to 100,000
- Writes equivalent forms of whole numbers 11 to 20 using addition (e.g., $14=7+7$ )
- Orders whole numbers less than 1000
- Orders whole numbers less than 10,000
- Rounds 2 - and 3 -digit whole numbers to the nearest ten
- Identifies whole numbers under 100 given place value lerms (e.g., 3 tens and 4 ones $=34$ )

- Instantly recalls division facts with dividend and divisors less than 13
- Adds two 3 -and/or 4 -digit numbers, with regrouping, with sums over 1000
- Adds multiple-digit numbers, with regrouping, with sums over 1000 - Adds multiple-digit numbers with sums under 1000
- Solves real-world whole number addition problems with sums to 20 (result unknown) - with extraneous information given
- Solves real-worid whole number addition problems with sums to 20 (change unknown)
- Solves real-world whole number addition problems with sums to 100 (slart unknown)
- Solves whole number addition word problems vith sums over 1000
- Uses a number line to construct subtraction facts with subtrahends and minuends through 20 (whole numbers)
- Adds and subtracts whole numbers using place value
- Subtracts 1 -digit number from a 2 -digit number with regrouping - Subtracts a 2 -digit number from a 2-digit number, with regrouping - Uses strategies for sums and differences with 2-digit numbers (e.g., decomposing, compatible, compensation, partial sums, counting on) - Subtracts a 2 -digit number from a 3 -digit number with a single regrouping
- Subtracis 3- or 4-digit numbers with regrouping
- Performs mental subtraclion with numbers under 1000
- Performs mental subtraction with numbers 1000 and over
- Identifies whole numbers over 999 using base-10 blocks
- Rounds $4-, 5$-, and 6 -digit whole numbers to the nearest thousand - Idenlifies the numeral and written name for whole numbers with a zero between digitis to the ten thousands place
- Identifies a whole number that comes before and/or after a given number (over 100)
- Orders whole numbers less than 10,000
- Rounds 4-, 5-, and 6-digit whole numbers to the nearest ten
- Rounds $4-5 \cdot$ - and 6 -digit whole numbers to the nearest hundred
- Writes whole numbers using place value terms and vice versa
- Writes equivalent forms of whole numbers using place value (e.g., 54 $=4$ tens and 14 ones)
- Performs mental compulation with more than 4 addends
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to real-world problems involving numbers 1000 or greater with addition and subtraction (whole numbers only)
- Uses front end digits to estimate answers in addition and subtraction computations (whole numbers only)
- Uses front end estimation for multiplication and division computations (whole numbers only)
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to addition and subtraction problems (whole numbers oniy)
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to simple multiplication and division problems (whole numbers only)
- Uses reasoning strategies to solve magic squares and related puzzles (addition, whole numbers only)
- Adds mulliple-digit numbers, with regrouping, with sums over 1000
- Adds multiple-digil numbers with sums under 1000
- Solves real-world whole number addition problems with sums to 100 (start unknown)
- Adds and subtracts whole numbers using place value
- Subtracts 3 - or 4-digit numbers with regrouping
- Performs mental subtraction with numbers 1000 and over
- Sublracts numbers with 5 diglts or more with regrouping
- Solves real-world whole number problems involving subtraction with numbers 100 and under (analysis)

Count: Compare and:Represent:Whole Numbers

- Rounds 4 -, 5 -, and 6 -digit whole numbers to the neares! hundred - Rounds 4 -, 5 -, and 6 -digit whole numbers to the nearest thousand - Rounds 4 -, 5 -, and 6 -digit whole numbers to the nearest ten thousand

- Predicts the relative size of the answer when computing with 10's, 100's, 1000's
- Demonstrates an understanding of the inverse relationship between addifion and subtraction
- Determines factors of whole numbers
- Completes a factor tree for a number (prime factorization)
- Identifies common faclors of two or more numbers
- Identifies the greatest common factor of whole numbers
- Divides mulliple-digit numbers
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to real-world problems involving multiplication and division of numbers less than 100 (whole numbers only)
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to real-world problems involving numbers less than 1000 with multiplication and division (whoie numbers only)
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to real-world problems involving numbers 1000 or greater using multiplication and division (whole numbers only)
- Uses rounding to estimate answers to difficult multiplication and division problems (whole numbers only)
- Uses reasoning strategies to solve magic squares and related puzzles (addition, whole numbers only)
- Subtracts numbers with 5 digits or more with regrouping - Instantly recalls basic multiplication and division facts in a table - Multiplies a 2 -digit number by a 2 -digit number with regrouping


## Class by RIT Report - Class Breakdown

Instructional Resources - Class by RIT<br>Parameters: School, Term, Teacher, and Class<br>To break report down further, click on READING



MAP: Reading 2-5 Common Core 2010 / Common Core English Language Arts K-12: 2010

| Goal | Goal Score |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 161-170 | 171-180 | 181-190 | 191-200 | 201-210 | 211-220 | 221-230 |
| Literature | G.N. HALLOM (173) | <all students in the cell? <br> B.R. PETTY (179) <br> L.D. WARD (180) | <all students in the cell> <br> E.V. ESTRADA (187) <br> K.R. HICKS (187) <br> K. RILEY (188) <br> T.T. GISTER (189) <br> J.J. JAIMEZ (192) | <all students in the cell> <br> D.C. PATTERSON... (186) <br> A.M. TROESTLER... (194) <br> D.F. SMITH (196) <br> V.D. SERNA (197) <br> M.J. OLSON (199) <br> K.I. STROHRIGL... (200) <br> C.R. TURNER (200) <br> J.M. EGERSON (201) <br> E. PEREZ (202) <br> J.J. LAYPATH (203) | sall students in the cells <br> T.R. LUTZE-CAR... 203 ) <br> M.G. CHIZEK $(207)$ <br> N.A. CARTER $(210)$ <br> E.I. SALINAS $(211)$ | <all students in the cells <br> A.T. MARTIN (210) <br> B.M. EASTON (212) | sall students in the cel A.M. HARRIS (211) K.G. HALL (215) J.I. CHRISTENS... (22) |
| $\frac{\text { Informational }}{\text { Text }}$ |  | sall students in the cellsG.N. HALLOM $(173)$ <br> B.R.PETTY $(179)$ <br> L.D. WARD $(180)$ | sall students in the cells <br> D.C. PATTERSON... 186 ) <br> E.V. ESTRADA $(187)$ <br> K.R. HICKS $(187)$ <br> T.T. GISTER $(189)$ | sall students in the cell> <br> K. RILEY (188) <br> J.J. JAIMEZ (192) <br> A.M. TROESTLER... (194) <br> D.F. SMITH (196) <br> V.D. SERNA (197) | sall students in the cell? <br> M.J. OLSON (199) <br> K.I. STROHRIGL... (200) <br> C.R. TURNER (200) <br> J.M. EGERSON (201) <br> E. PEREZ (202) <br> J.J. LAYPATH (203) <br> T.R. LUTZE-CAR... (203) <br> M.G. CHIZEK (207) <br> A.T. MARTIN (210) <br> A.M. HARRIS (211) <br> B.M. EASTON (212) <br> K.G. HALL (215) | sall students in the cells <br> N.A. CARTER (210) <br> E.I. SALINAS (211) | J.1. CHRISTENS... (22) |
| Foundational <br> Skills and <br> Vocabulary | G.N. HALLOM (173) | B.R. PETTY (179) | sall students in the cells <br> L.D. WARD (180) <br> D.C. PATTERSON... (186) <br> E.V. ESTRADA (187) <br> K.R. HICKS (187) <br> K. RILEY (188) <br>  <br>  <br>  | sall students in the cell> <br> T.T. GISTER $(189)$ <br> J.J. JAIMEZ (192) <br> A.M. TROESTLER... (194) <br> D.F. SMITH $(196)$ <br> V.D. SERNA $(197)$ <br> M.J. OLSON (199) <br> K.I. STROHRIGL... (200) <br> C.R. TURNER (200) <br> T.R. LUTZE-CAR... (203) | sall students in the cells <br> J.M. EGERSON (201) <br> E. PEREZ (202) <br> J.J. LAYPATH (203) <br> N.A. CARTER (210) <br> A.T. MARTIN (210) <br> A.M. HARRIS (211) <br> B.M. EASTON (212) | <all students in the cell? <br> M.G. CHIZEK (207) <br> E.I. SALINAS (211) <br> K.G. HALL (215) |  |


| Skills and concepts to Enhance (73\% Probability*) $161-170$ | Skills and Concepts to Develop (50\% Probability*) $171-180$ | Skills and Concepts to Introduce (27\% Probability*) 181-190 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print Concepts, Phonics, and Word Recognition | Print Concepts, Phonics, and Word Recognition | Print Concepts, Phonics, and Word Recognition |
| - Chooses the word with same initial consonant blend (bl, cr) as a given word <br> - Identifies words with the same short vowel sound | - Chooses the word with same initial consonant sound as a given word <br> - Identifies words with the same short vowel sound <br> - Determines the number of parts (syllables) in a given word when examples are used <br> - Determines the number of syllables in a given word | - Identifies words with r-controlled vowels that are pronounced the same way <br> - Identifies words with the same long vowel sound <br> - Identifies words with the same vowel sound (digraph) <br> - Determines which word contains a given number of syllables <br> - Divides a given word into syllables (VCCV rule, closed syllables) |
| Context Clues and Reference | Context Clues and Reference | Context Clues and Reference |
| - Uses syntax to choose the phrase which best completes the given sentence | - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the noun (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Infers the general meaning of an adjective (term not used) based on the context given in a short paragraph (less than 3 sentences) |
| - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the adjective (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the verb (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Infers the general meaning of an adjective (term not used) based on the context given in a paragraph (3 or more sentences) |
| - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the adverb (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Infers the general meaning of a noun (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a short paragraph | - Infers the general meaning of a noun (term not used) based on the context given in a sentence or paragraph |
| - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the noun (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Infers the general meaning of a noun based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence | - Infers the general meaning of a verb (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence or short paragraph (less than 3 |
| - Uses semantics to complete a sentence by choosing the verb (term not used) that best fits the context of that sentence | - Infers the general meaning of a verb (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a paragraph (3 or more sentences) | sentences) <br> - Infers the meaning of nouns based on context and sentence structure |
| - Infers the general meaning of a noun (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a short paragraph | - Infers the general meaning of an adjective (term not used) based on the context given in a paragraph (3 or more sentences) | - Infers the specific meaning of a word with multiple meanings <br> (adjective) based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence or |
| - Infers the general meaning of a noun based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence | - Infers the general meaning of a verb (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence or short paragraph (less than 3 sentences) | paragraph <br> - Infers the specific meaning of a word with multiple meanings (nouns) based on the real life/familiar context given in a sentence or paragraph |
| - Infers the general meaning of a verb (term not used) based on the real life/familiar context given in a paragraph ( 3 or more sentences) | - Gives definition of selected word (two syllables) | - Chooses the appropriate homonym (term not used) to complete two |
| - Uses semantics and graphophonics to select a word to complete a sentence | - Chooses among alternate meanings for common homographs (term not used) in a sentence based on the context given in the sentence (e.g., sea, club, hand) | sentences with different meanings <br> - Chooses the appropriate homograph (term not used) to complete two sentences with different meanings (e.g., saw, branch, force) |
| not used) in a sentence based on the context given in the sentence (e.g., sea, club, hand) | - Chooses the appropriate homograph (term not used) to complete two sentences with different meanings (e.g., saw, branch, force) | - Defines a word based on its base word |
| - Uses context to determine the meaning of a prefix (in-) | - Compares the meaning of a homograph (term not used) in different | containing the base plus prefixes and/or suffixes |
| - Selects the correct word based on context and definition of prefix <br> - Selects the correct word based on definition of a prefix and root word | sentences <br> - Selects the correct prefix based on the context (un-) | - Chooses the prefix that when added to a given root word will best complete a given statement (e.g., inter-, de-, mis-, re-, in-, dis-, tri-, pre-) |
| - Selects the correct definition of a prefix and root word | - Chooses the correct prefix (un-) | - Chooses a root word plus correct prefix to complete a given statement |
| - Chooses the correct suffix based on context (-ful) | - Selects the correct definition of a word based on the prefix and context | - Uses context to determine the meaning of a prefix (im-) |
| - Chooses the correct definition of a word when given the meaning of the root word and suffix | - Uses knowledge of prefix to choose the correct word based on context (re-) | - Chooses the correct prefix (re-) <br> - Uses knowledge of prefixes to choose the correct word based on |
| - Selects the correct beginning of a compound word | - Chooses the correct prefix (re-) | context (non-) |
|  | - Uses context to determine the meaning of a prefix (dis-) <br> - Chooses the correct suffix based on context (-ful) | - Selects the correct word based on suffix and context <br> - Selects the correct word using knowledge of a suffix (-er) |

## What is a Data Wall?

- A means to look at past performance.
- Trend identifier.
- A way to plan future assistance for students. (RtI)
- A method to share with others (collaborate) the strategies that are working for your students.
- An organizational tool.


## Why are Data Walls important?

- They allow us to ....
- Easily identify specific areas of student need.
- Collaborate with others to share and learn about new strategies.
- Share our success with team members and/or the school's faculty.
- Foster mutual responsibility for student success.


## Why should we use Data Walls?

- They help us to ..........
- Better understand the individual student.
- Stand back and look at the BIG PICTURE.
- MEET THE INDIVIDUAL NEEDS OF EACH STUDENT (RtI)


## What DATA do you want?

- Subject area: Reading, Math, Language, Science
- Do you want more than one subject?
- Student RIT (NWEA) fall, winter, spring
- 1 year or multiple years
- Student Identifiers
- name, initials, number
- Grade or Color coded post-it
- Do you need a key?
- Special Coding
- IEP, Title 1, State Assessment


## How can I use this Data Wall?

- Take it to all PLC meetings.
- Show effectiveness of strategies.
- Continuous collaboration with team members to consider other strategies.
- Keeps you current on the pulse of student achievement.
- To share with others at my school what is working, or has worked, for me or the team.


## It is important to remember...

- that the data wall is not created for the purpose of impressing other teachers, the principal or the superintendent.
- it is a vehicle to share information with your colleagues.
- it is a means to collaborate and share best practices.
- they do not have to be 'pretty'.


## Constructing A Good Data Wall

| $151-160$ | $161-170$ | $171-180$ | $181-190$ | $191-200$ | $201-210$ | $211-220$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NWEA: RIT Ranges

## Data Wall

- Create Post-Its
- Student's Name
- Subject (upper right corner
- Math = M
- Reading $=R$
- Overall Fall RIT
b Overall Winter RIT
- Calculate \& Circle Point difference from Fall to Winter
b Space for Overall Spring RIT/
- Space for point difference between Winter \& Spring

Name
F: 146


W: 150 S:


Grade 2: Bright Pink
, Grade 3: Bright Yellow
, Grade 4: Bright Green
, Grade 5: Bright Blue

- Grade 6: Dark Purple
- Grade 7: Orange
, Grade 8: Pale Yellow
, Grade 9: Pale Green
- Grade IO: Pale Purple
, Grade II: Pale Pink


## Other ways to use assessment data

- Course/Class Placement
- Tutoring
- Rtl
- Rewards/Incentives/Recognition
- IEPs
- Predictions for state testing
- Visual displays in classrooms - setting goals for each test
- Differentiated Instruction


## A complete list of NWEA Reports/Resources

- District Level Reports
- District Summary Report
- Student Growth Summary Report
- Projected Proficiency Summary Report
- Grade Report
- Data Tools
- Data Export Scheduler
- Instructional Resources
b DesCartes: A Continuum of Learning
- Primary Grades Instructional Data
- School Level Reports
- Class Report
- Achievement Status and Growth Report
- Class breakdown by RIT Report
, Class breakdown by Goal Report
- Class breakdown by Project Proficiency Report
- Student Progress Report
- Student Goal Setting Worksheet
- MAP for Primary Grades Class Report
- MAP for Primary Grades Sub-Skill Report
- MAP for Primary Grades Student Report


## Sharing Data with Students... Motivation?

- Data wall of pride
- Take pictures of students holding their number of GROWTH points from their last test.
- Column format 0-15, 16-30, etc... Or as a tree/flower that GROWS throughout the year
- Depending on school wide goals - choose specific subject(s)
- Motivation
- Show you are invested in the test.
- If you are, the students will be.
- Talk about the test ALL year long.
- Consistent messages of the assessment purpose.
- Provide incentives.
- Free homework pass, candy, new book, etc...
- Share their previous score prior to testing and set goal(s)


## Sharing with Parents

- Parent Teacher Conferences
- Don't spend more than 5 minutes on MAP test scores.
- Let the parents know how the student is performing in relation to the class scores for that grade.
- Example: "Your student is performing at a very high level for a typical fifth grader."
- Provide a copy of the NORM RITValues sheet.
$\square$ Share Class Median RIT and their student's RIT
- Share both the class goal(s) and the student's goal(s).
- Provide some ways they can help their child achieve their goals.
- Simple \& Effective


## RIT Range Resources

- NESCWebsite
- Data Resource Page: http://www.nesc.kl2.nd.us/resources/data-data-data/
, Common Core Page: http://www.nesc.kI2.nd.us/resources/common-core/
- Jackson Avenue School NWEA Practice Sites
- www.edline.net/pages/Jackson_Avenue_School/Jackson_Library/Math/NW EA Practice Sites
- Fredon Township School - Math \& Reading RIT Interactive Online Games
- www.fredon.org/student-resources/rit-games
- Clinton Community School District MAP Testing Math Practice by RIT Score
b clinton.kl2.wi.us/maptest_sites/map_math_rit.html
- Pinterest Page - activities grouped by RIT
- pinterest.com/gvsucsol
- Ideas for your RIT Range Kits :)


[^0]:    Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics．Either the test occurred outside the testing window for a term，had an invalid score，was a repeat test for a student within a term．or was a MAP
    for Primary Grades test segment

[^1]:    Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred outside the testing window for a term, had an invalid score, was a repeat test for a student within a term. or was a MAP
    for Primary Grades test segment

[^2]:    Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred outside the testing window for a term, had an invalid score, was a repeat test for a student within a term. or was a MAP
    for Primary Grades test segment

[^3]:    Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred outside the testing window for a term, had an invalid score, was a repeat test for a student within a term. or was a MAP
    for Primary Grades test segmeni

[^4]:    Tests shown in gray are excluded from summary statistics. Either the test occurred outside the testing
    window for a term, had an invalid score, was a repeat test for a student within a term. or was a MAP

