



#### **POWER SUPPLY**

- AC 200-240V Regional Input
- Cost Optimized without Compromising Quality or Reliability.
- Width only 49mm
- Efficiency up to 91.4%
- Full Power Between -10°C and +55°C
- DC-OK Relay Contact Included
- 3 Year Warranty

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

These PIANO series units are extraordinarily compact, industrial grade power supplies that focus on the essential features needed in today's industrial applications. The excellent cost/performance ratio presents many new and exciting opportunities without compromising quality or reliability.

The mechanically robust housing is made of a highgrade, reinforced molded material, which permits the units to be used in surrounding temperatures up to 70°C.

Since typical industrial applications do not require multiple mains inputs, the reduction to a regional input voltage range (AC 200-240V) simplifies the circuitry and has significant advantages for reliability, efficiency and cost.

The addition of a DC-OK signal makes the unit suitable for many industry applications such as: process, automation and many other critical applications where preventive function monitoring can help to avoid long downtimes.

# **SHORT-FORM DATA**

Output voltage	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	24 - 28V	
Output current	10A	at 24V, amb <55°C
	6.25A	at 24V, amb <70°C
	8.6A	at 28V, amb <55°C
	5.4A	at 28V, amb <70°C
Output power	240W	ambient <55°C
	150W	ambient <70°C
Output ripple	< 100mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz
AC Input voltage	AC 200-240V	±10%
Mains frequency	50-60Hz	±6%
AC Input current	2.2A	at 230Vac
Power factor	0.52	at 230Vac
AC Inrush current	typ. 48A peak	at 230Vac, 40°C
Efficiency	91.4%	at 230Vac
Losses	22.6W	at 230Vac
Temperature range	-10°C to +70°C	operational
Derating	6W/°C	+55 to +70°C
Hold-up time	33ms	at 230Vac
Dimensions	49x124x124mm	WxHxD
Weight	550g / 1.2lb	

### **ORDER NUMBERS**

Power Supply **PIC240.241C** 24-28V Standard unit with DC-OK contact

Accessory YR2.DIODE Redundancy module UF20.241 Buffer Module

# **M**ARKINGS









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All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, 50Hz, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.



#### **PIANO-Series**

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### TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and 🕀 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for <b>P</b> rotective <b>E</b> arth and has the same meaning as the symbol $^{igorightarrow}$ .
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".

T.b.d. To be defined, value or description will follow later.

**AC 230V** A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with

standard tolerances included.

E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)

230Vac A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional

tolerances included.

50Hz vs. 60Hz As long as not otherwise stated, AC 230V parameters are valid at 50Hz mains frequency.

A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference. may

shall A key word indicating a mandatory requirement.

should A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation.

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24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

### 1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for the general professional use such as in industrial control, office, communication, and instrumentation equipment.

Do not use this power supply in equipment, where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human

The power supply does not fulfil the harmonic current standard EN61000-3-2. Do not use this power supply when the following criteria apply:

- a) the end-device is used within the European Union and
- b) the end-device is connected to a public mains supply with a nominal voltage greater or equal 220Vac and
- c) the power supply is:
- fitted in an end-device with an average input power in excess of 75W or
- fitted in an end-device with a continuous input power in excess of 75W or
- part of a lighting system.

#### Exception:

End-devices for professional applications with an input power > 1000W do not need to fulfill EN 61000-3-2.

#### Comments:

- The average input power must be determined in accordance with EN 61000-3-2.
- Industrial mains supplies with their own transformer are considered to be "non-public".
- Where individual self-contained items of equipment are installed in a rack or case (e.g. devices connected in parallel), they are regarded as being individually connected to the mains supply. The rack or case need not be tested as a whole. Alternatively it is also permitted to assess the whole rack or case. This is recommended for devices used in professional applications with an input power greater than 1000W.

### 2. Installation Requirements

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Mount the unit on a DIN-rail so that the input terminals are located on the bottom of the unit.

This device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid (e.g. cable conduits) by more than 15%!

Keep the following installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right sides are recommended when the device is loaded permanently with more than 50% of the rated power. Increase this clearance to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source (e.g. another power supply).

A disconnecting means shall be provided for the output of the power supplies when used in applications according to CSA C22.2 No 107.1-01.

**WARNING** Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Do not use the power supply without proper grounding (Protective Earth). Use the terminal on the input block for earth connection.
- Turn power off before working on the device. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes.
- Do not modify or repair the unit.
- Do not open the unit as high voltages are present inside.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surfaces may cause burns.

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# 3. AC-INPUT

AC input		A.C. 200, 240\/	suitable for TNL TT, and IT mains naturalis
AC input	nom.	AC 200-240V	suitable for TN-, TT- and IT mains networks
AC input range	min.	180-264Vac	continuous operation
	min.	264-300Vac	< 500ms
Allowed voltage L or N to earth	max.	300Vac	continuous, IEC 62103
Input frequency	nom.	50-60Hz	±6%
Turn-on voltage	typ.	173Vac	steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
Shut-down voltage	typ.	107Vac	at 24V 0A, steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
	typ.	140Vac	at 24V 10A, steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1
External input protection	See red	commendations in c	hapter 23.3.
Input current	typ.	2.2A	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, see Fig. 3-3
Power factor*)	typ.	0.52	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, see Fig. 3-4
Crest factor**)	typ.	3.7	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac
Start-up delay	typ.	130ms	see Fig. 3-2
Rise time	typ.	35ms	at 24V, 10A const. current load, 0mF load
			capacitance, see Fig. 3-2
	typ.	100ms	at 24V, 10A const. current load, 10mF load
	-		it Fig. 2.2
			capacitance,, see Fig. 3-2

<sup>\*)</sup> The power factor is the ratio of the true (or real) power to the apparent power in an AC circuit.

Fig. 3-1 Input voltage range, typ.

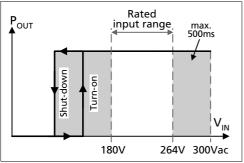


Fig. 3-3 Input current vs. output load at 24V

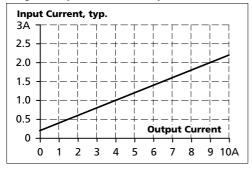


Fig. 3-2 Turn-on behavior, definitions

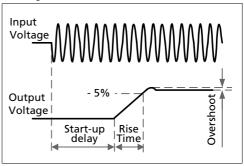
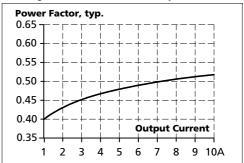


Fig. 3-4 Power factor vs. output load



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<sup>\*\*)</sup> The crest factor is the mathematical ratio of the peak value to RMS value of the input current waveform.

# 4. DC-INPUT

Do not operate this power supply with DC-input voltage.

# 5. INPUT INRUSH CURRENT

A NTC inrush limiter limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage.

Inrush current*)	max.	59A <sub>peak</sub>	40°C ambient, 230Vac, cold start
	typ.	$48A_{peak}$	40°C ambient, 230Vac, cold start
	typ.	$35A_{peak}$	25°C ambient, 230Vac, cold start
Inrush energy*)	max.	$2.5A^2s$	40°C ambient, 230Vac, cold start

<sup>\*)</sup> The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

Fig. 5-1 Input inrush current, typical behavior 230Vac input, 24V 10A output, 25°C ambient

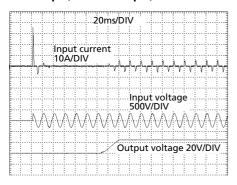
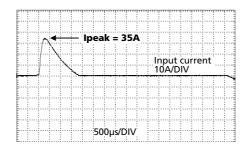


Fig. 5-2 Input inrush current, zoom into first peak 230Vac input, 24V 10A output, 25°C ambient

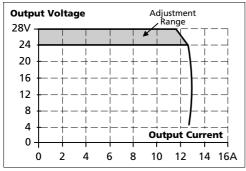


# 6. OUTPUT

Output voltage	nom.	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	min.	24-28V	guaranteed
	max.	30V**)	at clockwise end position of potentiometer
Factory settings	typ.	24.1V	±0.2%, at full load, cold unit
Line regulation	max.	50mV	187-264Vac
Load regulation	max.	150mV	static value, 0A $\rightarrow$ 10A; see Fig. 6-1
Ripple and noise voltage	max.	100mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output current	nom.	10A	at 24V, ambient temperature <55°C, see Fig. 6-1
	nom.	6.25A	at 24V, ambient temperature <70°C, see Fig. 6-1
	nom.	8.6A	at 28V, ambient temperature <55°C, see Fig. 6-1
	nom.	5.4A	at 28V, ambient temperature <70°C, see Fig. 6-1
Output power	nom.	240W	ambient temperature <55°C
	nom.	150W	ambient temperature <70°C
Overload behaviour		continuous current	see Fig. 6-1
Short-circuit current	max.	16A*)	load impedance 50mOhm
Output capacitance	typ.	4 400µF	included inside the power supply

<sup>\*)</sup> Discharge current of output capacitors is not included.

Fig. 6-1 **Output voltage vs. output current, typ.** 



<sup>\*\*)</sup> This is the maximum output voltage which can occur at the clockwise end position of the potentiometer due to tolerances. It is not guaranteed value which can be achieved. The typical value is about 28.5V.



# 7. HOLD-UP TIME

Hold-up Time	typ.	75ms	at 24V, 5A, 230Vac, see Fig. 7-1	
	min.	59ms	at 24V, 5A, 230Vac, see Fig. 7-1	
	typ.	33ms	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, see Fig. 7-1	
	min.	25ms	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, see Fig. 7-1	

Fig. 7-1 Hold-up time vs. input voltage

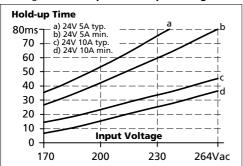
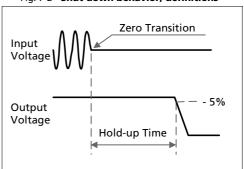


Fig. 7-2 Shut-down behavior, definitions

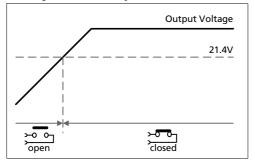


# 8. DC-OK RELAY CONTACT

This feature monitors the output voltage, which is produced by the power supply itself. It is independent of a back-fed voltage from a unit connected in parallel to the power supply output (e.g. redundant application).

Threshold voltage	typ.	21.4V (fixed)				
Contact closes	As soo	n as the output voltage reaches 21.4V.				
Contact opens	As soo	n as the output voltage falls below 21.	4V.			
Contact ratings	max.	60Vdc 0.3A, 30Vdc 1A, 30Vac 0.5A	resistive load			
	min.	1mA at 5Vdc	min. permissible load			
Isolation voltage	See die	electric strength table in section 18.				

Fig. 8-1 DC-ok relay contact behavior



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All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, 50Hz, 25°C ambient and after



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### 9. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

Efficiency	typ.	91.4%	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac
Average efficiency*)	typ.	90.9%	25% at 2.5A, 25% at 5A, 25% at 7.5A. 25% at 10A
Power losses	typ.	5.5W	at 24V, 0A, 230Vac
	typ.	11.0W	at 24V, 5A, 230Vac
	typ.	22.6W	at 24V, 10A, 230Vac

<sup>\*)</sup> The average efficiency is an assumption for a typical application where the power supply is loaded with 25% of the nominal load for 25% of the time, 50% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time, 75% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time and with 100% of the nominal load for the rest of the time.

Fig. 9-1 Efficiency vs. output current at 24V, typ.

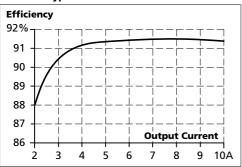
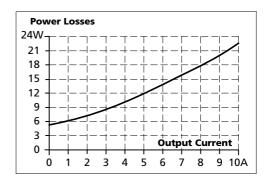


Fig. 9-2 Losses vs. output current at 24V, typ.



# 10. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY AND MTBF

Lifetime expectancy*)	84 000h	at 24V, 5A and 40°C, 230Vac
	236 000h*)	at 24V, 5A and 25°C, 230Vac
	38 000h	at 24V, 10A and 40°C, 230Vac
	107 000h	at 24V, 10A and 25°C, 230Vac
MTBF**) SN 29500, IEC 61709	791 000h	at 24V, 10A and 40°C, 230Vac
	1 588 000h	at 24V, 10A and 25°C, 230Vac
MTBF**) MIL HDBK 217F	568 000h	at 24V, 10A and 40°C, 230Vac; Ground Benign GB40
	765 000h	at 24V, 10A and 25°C, 230Vac; Ground Benign GB25
	151 000h	at 24V, 10A and 40°C, 230Vac; Ground Fixed GF40
	194 000h	at 24V, 10A and 25°C, 230Vac; Ground Fixed GF25

<sup>\*)</sup> The **Lifetime expectancy** shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131 400h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

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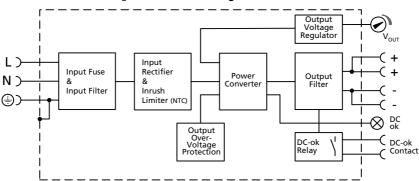
<sup>\*\*)</sup> MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product. The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.



**PIANO-Series** 

# 11. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM

Fig. 11-1 Functional diagram PIC240.241C



# 12. TERMINALS AND WIRING

The terminals are IP20 finger safe constructed and suitable for field- and factory wiring.

	Input and output	DC-OK-Signal
Туре	screw terminals	push-in terminals
Solid wire	max. 6mm²	max. 1.5mm <sup>2</sup>
Stranded wire	max. 4mm²	max. 1.5mm²
American Wire Gauge	AWG20-10	AWG28-16
Max. wire diameter	2.8mm (including ferrules)	1.6mm (including ferrules)
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.28inch	7mm / 0.28inch
Screwdriver	3.5mm slotted or cross-head No 2	not required
Recommended tightening torque	1Nm, 9lb.in	not applicable

#### Instructions:

- a) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for minimum operating temperatures of: 75°C for ambient up to 55°C and 90°C for ambient up to 70°C minimum.
- b) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- c) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- d) Do not use the unit without PE connection.
- e) Unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- f) Ferrules are allowed.

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#### **PIANO-Series**

# 13. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

Fig. 13-1 Front side



- **A** Input Terminals (screw terminals)
  - N, L Line input
  - ⊕ PE (Protective Earth) input
- **B** Output Terminals (screw terminals, two pins per pole)
  - + Positive output
  - Negative (return) output
- **C** Output voltage potentiometer

Guaranteed adjustment range: 24-28V Factory set: 24.1V

- D DC-OK LED (green)
  On, when the output voltage is >18V
- **<u>E</u> DC-OK Relay Contact** (push-in terminals) Description see chapter 8.

# 14. EMC

The power supply is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environment. Restrictions apply on public mains (PFC), see chapter 1.

A detailed EMC report is available on request.

<b>EMC Immunity</b>	According generic standards: EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61000-6-2				
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A	
		air discharge	8kV	Criterion A	
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-2.7GHz	20V/m	Criterion A	
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	input lines	4kV	Criterion A	
		output lines	2kV	Criterion A	
		DC-OK signal (coupling clamp)	2kV	Criterion A	
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	$L \rightarrow N$	2kV	Criterion A	
		$L \rightarrow PE, N \rightarrow PE$	4kV	Criterion A	
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	500V	Criterion A	
		+ / - → PE	1kV	Criterion A	
Surge voltage on DC-OK	EN 61000-4-5	DC-OK signal → PE	1kV	Criterion A	
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	20V	Criterion A	
Mains voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 200Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A <8A	
		0% of 200Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion B >8A	
		40% of 200Vac	80Vac, 200ms	Criterion C	
		70% of 200Vac	140Vac, 500ms	Criterion C	
Voltage interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 200Vac (=0V)	5000ms	Criterion C	
Voltage sags	SEMI F47 0706	dips on the input voltage accord	ing to SEMI F47 star	ndard	
		80% of 200Vac (160Vac)	1000ms	Criterion A	
		70% of 200Vac (140Vac)	500ms	Criterion C	
		50% of 200Vac (100Vac)	200ms	Criterion C	
Powerful transients	VDE 0160	over entire load range	750V, 1.3ms	Criterion A	
Cuitouiona					

#### Criterions

- **A:** Power supply shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.
- **B:** Temporary voltage dips possible. No change in operation mode.
- **C:** Temporary loss of function is possible. Power supply may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the power supply will occur.

According generic standards: EN 61000-6-4	
EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22	Class B
IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	limits for DC power port according EN 61000-6-3 not fulfilled
EN 55011, EN 55022	Class B fulfilled
EN 61000-3-2	not fulfilled
EN 61000-3-3	fulfilled*)
	EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22 IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1 EN 55011, EN 55022 EN 61000-3-2

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- \*) tested with constant current loads, non pulsing
- \*\*) for information only, not mandatory for EN 61000-6-3

Switching frequency	75kHz to 120kHz	Main converter, input voltage and output current dependent
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# 15. ENVIRONMENT

Operational temperature*)	-10°C to +70°C (14°F to 158°F)	reduce output power according Fig. 15-1	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	for storage and transportation	
Output de-rating	6W/°C	55°C to 70°C (131°F to 158°F)	
Humidity**)	5 to 95% r.h.	IEC 60068-2-30	
Vibration sinusoidal	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 2g***) 2 hours / axis***)	IEC 60068-2-6	
Shock	30g 6ms, 20g 11ms***) 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	IEC 60068-2-27	
Altitude	0 to 2000m (0 to 6 560ft)	without any restrictions	
	2000 to 6000m (6 560 to 20 000ft)	reduce output power or ambient temperature, see Fig. 15-2	
Altitude de-rating	15W/1000m or 5°C/1000m	IEC 62103, EN 50178, overvoltage category II > 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 15-2	
Over-voltage category	III	IEC 62103, EN 50178, altitudes up to 2000m	
ore. remage category	II	altitudes from 2000m to 6000m	
Degree of pollution	2	IEC 62103, EN 50178, not conductive	
LABS compatibility	The unit does not release any silicone or other LABS-critical substances and is suitable for use in paint shops.		

<sup>\*)</sup> Operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

Fig. 15-1 Output current vs. ambient temp.

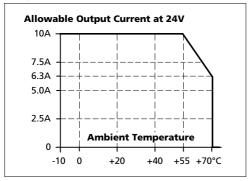
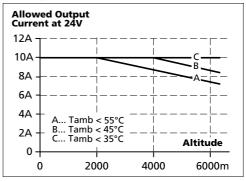


Fig. 15-2 Output current vs. altitude



<sup>\*\*)</sup> Do not energize while condensation is present

<sup>\*\*\*)</sup> Tested on a DIN-Rail with a thickness of 1.3mm.

24V, 10A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

# **16. PROTECTION FEATURES**

Output protection	Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits*)		
Output over-voltage protection	typ. 31.5Vdc max. 34Vdc	In case of an internal power supply defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.	
Degree of protection	IP 20	EN/IEC 60529 Caution: For use in a controlled environment according to CSA 22.2 No 107.1-01.	
Over-temperature protection	yes	Output shut-down with automatic restart	
Input transient protection	MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)		
Internal input fuse	included	not user replaceable	

<sup>\*)</sup> In case of a protection event, audible noise may occur.

# 17. SAFETY FEATURES

Input / output separation	SELV	IEC/EN 60950-1
	PELV	IEC/EN 60204-1, EN 50178, IEC 62103, IEC 60364-4-41
	double or reinforced insul	ation
Class of protection	1	PE (Protective Earth) connection required
Isolation resistance	> 5MOhm	input to output, 500Vdc
Touch current (leakage current)	typ. 0.35mA / 0.73mA	230Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	max. 0.46mA / 0.97mA	264Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains

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All parameters are specified at 24V, 10A, 230Vac, 50Hz, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

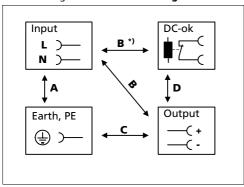


**PIANO-Series** 

### 18. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground. Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment, which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input-terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

Fig. 18-1 Dielectric strength



		Α	В	C	D
Type test	60s	2500Vac	3000Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	2500Vac	2500Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	2000Vac	2000Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current setting		> 10mA	> 10mA	> 15mA	> 1mA

To fulfil the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the - pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.

When testing input to DC-OK ensure that the max. voltage between DC-OK and the output is not exceeded (column D). We recommend connecting DC-OK pins and the output pins together when performing the test.

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# 19. APPROVALS

EC Declaration of Conformity	C€	The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive and the - Low-voltage directive (LVD)
IEC 60950-1 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme, Information Technology Equipment
UL 60950-1 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	c <b>FL</b> ®us	Recognized for use as Information Technology Equipment, Level 5; U.S.A. (UL 60950-1) and Canada (C22.2 No. 60950-1); E-File: E137006 Applicable for altitudes up to 2000m.
UL 508	C UL US LISTED IND. CONT. EQ.	Listed for use as Industrial Control Equipment; U.S.A. (UL 508) and Canada (C22.2 No. 107-1-01); E-File: E198865
Marine	(GL)	GL (Germanischer Lloyd) classified Environmental category: C, EMC 2 Marine and offshore applications

# 20. Rohs, Reach and Other Fulfilled Standards

RoHS Directive	RoHS✔	Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 8 <sup>th</sup> , 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.
REACH Directive	REACH <b>✓</b>	Directive 1907/2006/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 1st, 2007 regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)



# 21. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Width	49mm 1.93''		
Height	124mm 4.88"		
Depth	124mm 4.88"  The DIN-rail height must be added to the unit depth to calculate the total required installation depth.		
Weight	550g / 1.2lb		
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm.		
Plastic Material of Housing	Flame retardant Polycarbonate (PC) - UL94-V0 Vicat softening temperature specified with 149°C according to ASTM D1525		
Installation Clearances	See chapter 2		

Fig. 21-1 Front view

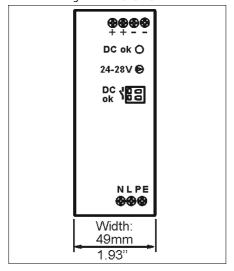
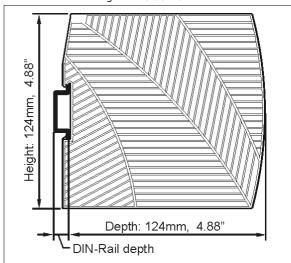


Fig. 21-2 Side view



# 22. ACCESSORY

#### 22.1. UF20.241 BUFFER MODULE

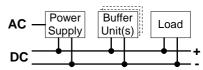
This buffer unit is a supplementary device for DC 24V power supplies. It delivers power to bridge typical mains failures



or extends the hold-up time after turn-off of the AC power. In times when the power supply provides sufficient voltages, the buffer module stores energy in integrated electrolytic capacitors. In case of mains voltage fault, this energy is released again in a regulated process. One buffer module can deliver 20A which can also be used to support peak current demands.

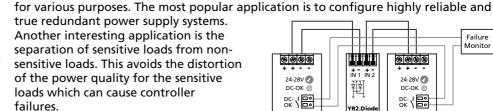
The buffer unit does not require any control wiring. It can be added in parallel to

the load circuit at any given point. Buffer units can be added in parallel to increase the output ampacity or the hold-up time.

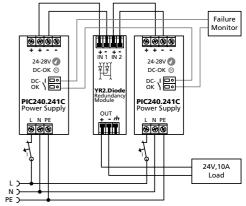


### 22.2. YR2.DIODE REDUNDANCY MODULE

The YR2.DIODE is a dual redundancy module, which has two diodes with a common cathode included. It can be used



See chapter 23.5 for instructions how to build a redundant system.





### 23. Application Notes

### 23.1. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

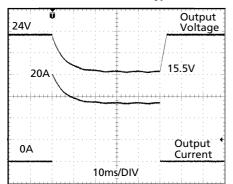
The unit can deliver peak currents (up to several milliseconds) which are higher than the specified short term currents.

This helps to start current demanding loads. Solenoids, contactors and pneumatic modules often have a steady state coil and a pick-up coil. The inrush current demand of the pick-up coil is several times higher than the steady-state current and usually exceeds the nominal output current. The same situation applies when starting a capacitive load.

The peak current capability also ensures the safe operation of subsequent circuit breakers of load circuits. The load branches are often individually protected with circuit breakers or fuses. In case of a short or an overload in one branch circuit, the fuse or circuit breaker need a certain amount of over-current to open in a timely manner. This avoids voltage loss in adjacent circuits.

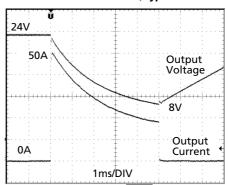
The extra current (peak current) is supplied by the power converter and the built-in large sized output capacitors of the power supply. The capacitors get discharged during such an event, which causes a voltage dip on the output. The following two examples show typical voltage dips:

Fig. 23-1 Peak load with 2x the nominal current for 50ms, typ.



20A Peak load (resistive) for 50ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 15.5V.

Fig. 23-2 **Peak load with 5x the nominal** current for 5ms, typ.



50A Peak load (resistive) for 5ms Output voltage dips from 24V to 8V.

Peak current voltage dips	typ.	from 24V to 15.5V	at 20A for 50ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 13V	at 50A for 2ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 24V to 8V	at 50A for 5ms, resistive load

#### 23.2. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the power supply. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This power supply is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter whether the power supply is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed-back-voltage is 35Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitor which is specified in chapter 6.

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#### 23.3. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 30A (UL) and 32A (IEC). An external protection is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. Check also local codes and local requirements. In some countries local regulations might apply.

If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, minimum requirements need to be considered to avoid nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker. A minimum value of 16A B- or 10A C-Characteristic breaker should be used.

#### 23.4. PARALLEL USE TO INCREASE OUTPUT POWER

Do not use the power supply in parallel to increase the output power.

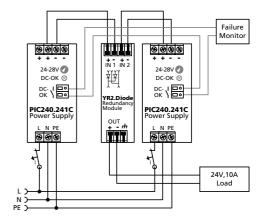
### 23.5. PARALLEL USE FOR 1+1 REDUNDANCY

Power supplies can be paralleled for redundancy to gain higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one power supply unit fails. The simplest way is to put two power supplies in parallel. This is called a 1+1 redundancy. In case one power supply unit fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption.

**Please note:** This simple way to build a redundant system does not cover failures such as an internal short circuit in the secondary side of the power supply. In such a case, the defect unit becomes a load for the other power supplies and the output voltage can not be maintained any more. This can only be avoided by utilizing decoupling diodes which are included in the redundancy module YR2.DIODE.

Recommendations for building redundant power systems:

- a) Monitor the individual power supply units. Therefore, use the DC-OK relay contact of the PIC240.241C power supply.
- b) Use separate input fuses for each power supply.
- c) Use separate mains systems for each power supply whenever it is possible.
- d) It is desirable to set the output voltages of all units to the same value (± 100mV) or leave it at the factory setting.



Load

Earth

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Unit A

DC

DC

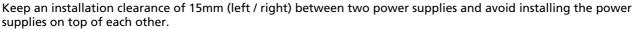
Unit B

#### 23.6. SERIES OPERATION

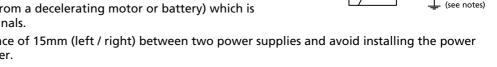
Power supplies of the same type can be connected in series for higher output voltages. It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching.

Earthing of the output is required when the sum of the output voltage is above 60Vdc.

Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.



Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple power supplies.



### 23.7. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

No limitations for inductive loads No limitations for capacitive loads

#### 23.8. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

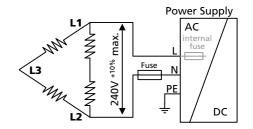
Do not use the power supply to charge batteries.

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#### 23.9. OPERATION ON TWO PHASES

The power supply can also be used on two-phases of a three-phase-system. Such a phase-to-phase connection is allowed as long as the supplying voltage is below  $240V^{+10\%}$ .



### 23.10. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the power supply is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the power supply.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

The power supply is placed in the middle of the box; no other heat producing items are inside the box.

Enclosure: Rittal Type IP66 Box PK 9519 100, plastic, 180x180x165mm

Input: 230Vac

Case A:

Load: 24V, 10A; load is placed outside the box

Temperature inside the box: 54.4°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 1cm)

Temperature outside the box: 25.2°C Temperature rise: 29.2K

Case B:

Load: 24V, 8A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box

Temperature inside the box: 51.3°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 1cm)

Temperature outside the box: 27.0°C Temperature rise: 24.3K