## DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL, EAST OF LONI ROAD, DELHI-110093

## CLASS XII

## ENGLISH

1) Holidays offer the best time and opportunity to develop friendship with books. Here are some suggestions for your reading time:-
(a)Gone with the wind
(b)Doctor Zhivago (c)Les Miserables.

Note:-After reading the above, you will also watch the movie and note down in about 200 words what all you liked the best about the book and the movie.
2)It is now also the best time to get closer to our elders and to take care of them while they share with you their exquisite experiences. Spend a week with someone aged in your family and write a diary entry expressing your feelings and experiences regularly for the week. Take relevant and interesting photographs and paste them along with your diary entries.
3)Read the daily newspaper, particularly the editorial page. Write an article/story/dialogue on any two issues of your choice giving an interesting title to the same and expressing your own views, comments and conclusions. Include effective quotations and slogans where ever suitable.
Note:-Do the above in loose(A-4 sized) sheets that are to be submitted in a file/folder.

## MATHEMATICS

- Solve the following worksheet enclosed below in your mathematics notebook after revising the chapters done in the class.
- Revise continuity and differentiation.



精 If $f(x)=\left|\begin{array}{ccc}a & -1 & 0 \\ a x & a & 1 \\ a x^{2} & a x & a\end{array}\right|$, using properties of corrminank find the value of $f(2 x)-f(x)$
G48 Set $15\left[\begin{array}{rr}2 & 3 \\ -1 & 2\end{array}\right]$ and $f(x)=x^{2}-4 x+7$ show
that $f(A)=0$. Use this result to find $A^{5}$
Q19 Find the matrix $A$ satusfing the 9 ' $\left[\begin{array}{cc}-3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2\end{array}\right]=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1\end{array}\right]$
Q2o Let $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}3 & 1 \\ 7 & 5\end{array}\right]$, find $x$ a $y$ al

$$
A^{2}+x J-y A=0 \text {. }
$$

Q21 To rise money for an orphanage, students
2 If three school $A, B$ and $C$ organised an Exhibition in their locality, where they sold paper bins, scrap books \& paste sheets ind de by them using receded paper at the rate of As $=0,15 \times 5$ per unit respectively. School $n$ Sold 25 paper bugs, 12 scrap, books \& 34 pastel shits. Shot B sold 22 paper bags, 15 scrap berks 1. 28 porter sheets while suchoot $c$ std 26 paper lags, 18 scrap books \& 36 pastel sheets. "tiring 'pumices, find the total amount raced by each sch out. He students?


Q22 Theo schoots (A) ud (B) decided to merand porkes to thaine studerits fo shere valuct-banesty $(x)$, pawelualily (y) \& obedicnee $(z)$. Schonl A diucted to quaty a katal of nlloou for thuece values io 1, 4, 3 studeribs seip. and icherl B decided to awoud a tetal of $\mathrm{K}_{3} 1 a 70$ bo troda values \& 4,3 and 5 students 4 esp if det logether amounts i) Iferesent this by natore iq uation eost fom i) Is it possible to se we chles astion math
(ii) Wified walue you p.efee to bevpewarded?



 aveute setd ari quin below: The res. of

| Notidender | A | $B$ | $C$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dioud Made fans | 40 | 25 | 35 |
| Mats | 50 | 40 | 50 |
| Males | 20 | 30 | 40 |

Fint thi funds cellecled by each shioet siparately
by, selling the aboue dilicles. Plice find the total fiends $V$ cellecled for the pusposer R-wete ene bave yoncrated by the above sitabion.


## ACCOUNTANCY

1: Make a comprehensive project on a sole proprietorship or partnership or partnership firm comprising of journal, ledger, trial balance, statement of profit and loss, balance sheet, ratio analysis and conclusion 2: Collect cash flow statement of any company study the changes in the cash flow from operating, investing and financing over two or more financial years

3: From the financial statement i.e. statement of profit and loss and balance sheet of a company, compute liquidity, solvency, profitability and turnover ratios
4: Complete scanner at the back of T.S Grewal for:
Chapter 5: cash flow statement
Chapter 4: accounting ratios
Chapter 3: comparative and common size statements
5: Revise the syllabus covered

## BUSINESS STUDIES

1: Prepare a project on either of the two:
a) Business environment e.g.-

1) Changes in the ways of packaging
2) Changing role of women and business environment
3) Child labour and business environment
4) Technology and business environment
5) Inflation and business environment etc

OR
b) Study the principles of henry fayol or taylor in different organisations like hotels, police station, school, big bazaar, fast food corners like pizza huts and dominoes, bata showrooms, airports, departmental stores etc
2: Revise the syllabus covered

## Economics

(A ) Read newspaper daily. Collect and maintain a file on the articles related to the following topics. Also explain its impact on the economy.
a. MAT
b. JAN DHAN YOGNA
c. PMJJBY and PMSBY.
d. INFLATION
e. FII's,CRUDE OIL PRICES and its impact on SENSEX.
f. Crop Insurance
(B) Revise full syllabus done till date.
(C). Do all the Numericals from Unit 1 (Introduction (PPC)), unit 2(Demand) and Supply from T.S WALIA.
(D).Give any 5 examples of each category of goods(Normal, inferior, luxurious substitute, complementary, elasic goods, inelastic goods.)
(E) There is a huge damage of the stock of crops in Haryana by untimely rains and hailstorm. How will it impact Indian economy?
(D)Solve the following numericals

## NUMERICALS

## Proportionate method

Q1. A consumer buys 200 units of good X at Rs. 8 per unit. The price elasticity of demand for the good is (-) 2 . At what price will he be willing to buy 240 units of the good?

Q2. When the price of a commodity falls by Rs 10 per unit, its quantity demanded increases by 10 units. Its price elasticity of demand is (-) 1. Calculate the quantity demanded at the price before change which was Rs. 50 per unit.

Q3. The quantity demanded of a commodity at a price of Rs. 28 per unit is 600 units. Its price falls by $25 \%$ and as a result its quantity demanded rises by 100 units. Calculate its price elasticity of demand.

Q4. The price of a commodity is Rs. 10.50 per unit and its quantity demanded is 500 units. If its price rises to Rs.10.60 per unit its quantity demanded falls by 90 units. Calculate its price elasticity of demand.

Q5. As a result of $10 \%$ fall in the price of a commodity, its demand rises from 5000 to 4500 units. Find the price elasticity of demand.

## Total Expenditure method

Q1. When price of a commodity falls to Rs. 5 per unit, its quantity demanded increases to 80 units. Calculate price elasticity of demand if the original quantity demanded before change was Rs. 50 per unit and original price was 6.Calculate price elasticity of demand.

Q2.Given price elasticity of demand is 1.If consumer buys 500 units at Rs 20 per unitWhat will be the quantity he will buy if the price rises by $40 \%$.

## SUPPLY

Q1. A seller sells 80 Kg potatoes at a price of Rs. 4 per Kg . The price elasticity of supply of potatoes is 2. How much quantity of potatoes will the seller supply when the price rises to Rs .10 per Kg ?

Q2. The price elasticity of supply of a good is 2.5 . When price of a good falls from Rs. 10 per unit to Rs. 8 per unit, its quantity supplied falls by 250 units. Calculate quantity supplied at the reduced price.

Q3. The coefficient of elasticity of supply of a commodity is 2 . A seller supplies 200 units of the commodity at a price of Rs. 50 per unit. How much quantity of this commodity will the seller supply when the price rises by Rs. 12 per unit?

Q4. The ratio of elasticity of supply of the two commodities A and B is 1:1.5. A 20 percent fall in the price of good A results in a 40 percent fall in its supply. Calculate the percentage increase in the supply of B if its price rises from Rs. 10 per unit to Rs. 11 per unit.

Q5. The total revenue from a commodity increases from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,200 when its price rises from Rs. 5 per unit to Rs. 6 per unit. Calculate its price elasticity of supply.

Q6. The quantity supplied of a commodity at a price of Rs. 50 per unit is 500 units. Its price elasticity of supply is 2 . Calculate the price at which quantity supplied will be 240 units.

## COMPUTER SCIENCE:

- Revise the full syllabus and solve the following assignments-

CLASSES AND OBJECTS

1. Define a class student with the following specification

Private members of class student
admno integer
sname 20 character
 math + science with float return type.
Public member function of class student
Takedata( Function to accept values for admno, sname, eng, science and invoke ctotal() to calculate total.
Showdata() Function to display all the data members on the screen.
calcavg() Function to compute batavg
Public members:
readdata() Function to accept value from bcode, name, innings, notout and invoke the
function
displaydata()
calcavg()
Function to display the data members on the screen.
3. Define a class in $\mathrm{C}++$ with following description:

## Private Members

A data member Flight number of type integer
A data member Destination of type string
A data member Distance of type float

A data member Fuel of type float
A member function $\operatorname{CALFUEL}()$ to calculate the value of Fuel as per the following criteria

Distance
<=1000
more than 1000 and $<=2000$
more than 2000

Fuel
500
1100
2200

## Public Members

A function $\operatorname{FEEDINFO}()$ to allow user to enter values for Flight Number, Destination, Distance \& call function CALFUEL() to calculate the quantity of Fuel
A function SHOWINFO() to allow user to view the content of all the data members

## BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

4 Prove $x^{\prime} . y^{\prime}+y . z=x^{\prime} y z+x^{\prime} y z^{\prime}+x y z+x^{\prime} y z$ algebraically.
5 Prove that $\left(a^{\prime}+b^{\prime}\right)\left(a^{\prime}+b\right)\left(a^{\prime}+b^{\prime}\right)=a^{\prime} b^{\prime}$.
6. Prove that $\mathrm{XY}+\mathrm{YZ}+\mathrm{YZ}{ }^{\prime}=\mathrm{Y}$ algebraically
7. Write the equivalent Boolean Expression for the following Logic Circuit

8. Write the equivalent Boolean Expression F for the following circuit diagram :

9. Convert the following Boolean expression into its equivalent Canonical Sum of Product Form (SOP)

$$
\left(X^{\prime}+Y+Z^{\prime}\right) \cdot\left(X^{\prime}+Y+Z\right) \cdot\left(X^{\prime}+Y^{\prime}+Z\right) \cdot\left(X^{\prime}+Y^{\prime}+Z^{\prime}\right)
$$

10. Convert the following Boolean expression into its equivalent Canonical Product of Sum form (POS):

$$
\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{~B}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{C}+\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{B} \cdot \mathrm{C}+\mathrm{A}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{B} \cdot \mathrm{C}^{\prime}
$$

11. If $F(a, b, c, d)=\sum(0,2,4,5,7,8,10,12,13,15)$, obtain the simplified form using K-Map.
12. If $F(a, b, c, d)=\sum(0,3,4,5,7,8,9,11,12,13,15)$, obtain the simplified form using KMap
13. Obtain a simplified form for a boolean expression

$$
F(U, V, W, Z)=\pi(0,1,3,5,6,7,10,14,15)
$$

## Database and SQL

14. What is relation? What is the difference between a tuple and an attribute?
15. Define the following terminologies used in Relational Algebra:
(i) selection
(ii) projection
(iii) union
(iv) Cartesian product
16. Differentiate between DDL and DML. Mention the 2 commands for each caterogy.
17. Write SQL command for (i) to (vii) on the basis of the table SPORTS

Table: SPORTS

| Student NO | Class | Name | Game1 | Grade | Game2 | Grade2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | 7 | Sammer | Cricket | B | Swimming | A |
| 11 | 8 | Sujit | Tennis | A | Skating | C |
| 12 | 7 | Kamal | Swimming | B | Football | B |
| 13 | 7 | Venna | Tennis | C | Tennis | A |
| 14 | 9 | Archana | Basketball | A | Cricket | A |
| 15 | 10 | Arpit | Cricket | A | Atheletics | C |

(a) Display the names of the students who have grade ' C ' in either Game1 or Game2 or both.
(b) Display the number of students getting grade ' A ' in Cricket.
(c) Display the names of the students who have same game for both Game1 and Game2.
(d) Display the games taken up by the students, whose name starts with 'A'.
(e) Assign a value 200 for Marks for all those who are getting grade ' $B$ ' or grade ' $A$ ' in both Game 1 and Game2.
(f) Arrange the whole table in the alphabetical order of Name.
(g) Add a new column named 'Marks'.
18. Write SQL command for (i) to (vii) on the basis of the table Employees \& EmpSalary

Table: Employees

| Empid | Firstname | Lastname | Address | City |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 010 | Ravi | Kumar | Raj nagar | GZB |
| 105 | Harry | Waltor | Gandhi nagar | GZB |
| 152 | Sam | Tones | 33 Elm St. | Paris |
| 215 | Sarah | Ackerman | 440 U.S. 110 | Upton |
| 244 | Manila | Sengupta | 24 Friends street | New Delhi |
| 300 | Robert | Samuel | 9 Fifth Cross | Washington |
| 335 | Ritu | Tondon | Shastri Nagar | GZB |
| 400 | Rachel | Lee | 121 Harrison St. | New York |
| 441 | Peter | Thompson | 11 Red Road | Paris |

Table: EmpSalary

| Empid | Salary | Benefits | Designation |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 010 | 75000 | 15000 | Manager |
| 105 | 65000 | 15000 | Manager |
| 152 | 80000 | 25000 | Director |
| 215 | 75000 | 12500 | Manager |
| 244 | 50000 | 12000 | Clerk |
| 300 | 45000 | 10000 | Clerk |
| 335 | 40000 | 10000 | Clerk |
| 400 | 32000 | 7500 | Salesman |
| 441 | 28000 | 7500 | salesman |

Write the SQL commands for the following :
(i) To show firstname, lastname, address and city of all employees living in paris
(ii) To display the content of Employees table in descending order of Firstname.
(iii) To display the firstname,lastname and total salary of all managers from the tables Employee and empsalary, where total salary is calculated as salary+benefits.
(iv) To display the maximum salary among managers and clerks from the table Empsalary.

Give the Output of following SQL commands:
(i) Select firstname,salary from employees ,empsalary where designation = 'Salesman' and Employees.empid=Empsalary.empid;
(ii) Select count(distinct designation) from empsalary;
(iii) Select designation, sum(salary) from empsalary group by designation having count(*) $>2$;
(iv) Select sum(benefits) from empsalary where designation ='Clerk';

Note: During the holidays, parents must also help their wards to become familiar with the game of chess \& handling of the Rubik's cube effortlessly and with intelligence.

