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Professor

Md. Nurul Quaiyum

M.A., Ph.D.(Raj)

Md. Mahbubar Rahman

M.A., Ph.D. (Raj)

Chitta Ranjan Misra

M.A.(Raj), Ph.D.(Jadavpur)

M. Moezul Islam

M.A.(Raj), Ph.D.(Turkey)

Murtaza Khaled

M.A.(Raj), Ph.D.(Rabindra Bharati)

Mahmuda Khatun

M.A., M.Phil, Ph.D.(Raj)

Ferdousi Khatun

M.A., Ph.D.(Raj)

Md. Sherezzaman M.A., Ph.D.(Raj)

Associate Professor

Shaikhul Islam Mamun Ziad

M.A.(Raj), M.A.(Leuven, Belgium)

Assistant Professor

Mst. Shahina Aktar

M.A.(Raj)

Sayed Mohammad Abdullah Al-Mamun Chowdhury

M.A.(Raj), M.Phil (Dhaka)

Md. Golam Sarwar

M.A.(Rai)

Md. Helal Uddin

M.A.(Raj)

Hosne Ara Khanam

M.A.(Raj)

Ammended Ordinance of the Faculty of Arts for Four-Year Honours Course (effective from the session 2010-2011): Relevant sections for the students

৩। ভূতি সংক্রান্ত নিয়্মাবলী :

বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের নিয়ম অনুযায়ী অনার্স পার্ট-১ কোর্সে ছাত্র-ছাত্রীদেরকে বি. এ./বি. এফ. এ/বি. পি. এ. অনার্স ডিগ্রীর জন্য ভর্তি করা হবে।

৪। মেয়াদকাল ও পাঠ্যক্রম:

৪ (চার) বছর মেয়াদী বি. এ./বি. এফ. এ./বি. পি. এ. অনার্স কোর্স অনুর্ধ্ব ৬টি শিক্ষা বছরে সমাপ্ত করতে হবে। সমন্বিত কোর্স অনুযায়ী বিভাগ পাঠ্যক্রম প্রস্তুত করবে।

- ৫। কোর্স কাঠামো:
- ক) লেটার গ্রেডিং পর্ম্বতির মোট নম্বর ৩০০০ হবে।
- খ) লেটার গ্রেডিং পর্ম্বাতির নীতিমালা অনুযায়ী ডিগ্রী অনার্সের প্রতিটি লিখিত কোর্স ১০০ অথবা ৫০ নম্বরের ইউনিট হিসাবে পরিগণিত হবে। শুধুমাত্র মৌখিক ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতির জন্য নির্ধারিত ৫০ নম্বর ২ ক্রেডিট কোর্স হিসেবে পরিগণিত হবে।
- গ) লেটার গ্রেডিং পশ্বতির নীতিমালা অনুযায়ী ডিগ্রী অনার্সের প্রতিটি ১০০ নম্বরের পূর্ণ কোর্সকে ০৪ ক্রেডিট এবং ৫০ নম্বরের কোর্সকে ০২ ক্রেডিট বিবেচনা করে ৩০০০ নম্বরের মোট ক্রেডিট সংখ্যা ১২০ হবে।
- ঘ) কলা অনুষদভূক্ত বিভাগসমূহে ১০০ নম্বরের প্রতিটি কোর্সের লিখিত পরীক্ষা হবে ১০ নম্বরের এবং অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন হবে ১০ নম্বরের। ৫০ নম্বরের প্রতিটি কোর্সের লিখিত পরীক্ষা হবে ৪৫ নম্বরের এবং অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন হবে ৫ নম্বরের।
- ঙ) গ্রেডিং পন্ধতি চালু হলেও সেমিস্টার পন্ধতির পরিবর্তে বাৎসরিক পরীক্ষা গ্রহণ করা হবে।
- চ) বি. এ. অনার্স ডিগ্রীর জন্য মোট ৩০০০ নম্বর ও মোট ১২০ ক্রেডিট নিমুরূপভাবে পার্ট ১, পার্ট –২, পার্ট –৩ ও পার্ট –৪ পরীক্ষায় বন্টন করা হবে :

পাট-১: ৬৫০ নম্বর (লিখিত ও অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ৬০০ + মোখিক ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতি ৪০+১০)=২৬ ক্লেডিট পাট-২: ৭৫০ নম্বর (লিখিত ও অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ৭০০ + মোখিক ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতি ৪০+১০)=৩০ ক্লেডিট পাট-৩: ৭৫০ নম্বর (লিখিত ও অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ৭০০ + মোখিক ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতি ৪০+১০)=৩০ ক্লেডিট পাট-৪: ৮৫০ নম্বর (লিখিত ও অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ৮০০ + মোখিক <u>ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতি ৪০+১০)=৩৪ ক্লেডিট</u> মোট = ৩০০০ নম্বর = ১২০ ক্লেডিট

বিষয় ভিত্তিক প্রতিটি কোর্সের লিখিত (তত্ত্বীয়) পরীক্ষার মান হবে ১০% + অর্ভস্তরীণ মূল্যায়নের মান হবে ১০%

*অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়নের ফরম্যাট হবে নিমুরূপ:

(Assignment/Class Test/Presentation/Fieldwork/বিভাগ কর্তৃক গৃহীত মুল্যায়ন পশ্বতির জন্য প্রদন্ত নম্বর হবে ১০। বিভাগ একাধিক ফরম্যাট ব্যবহার করতে পারবে।

৭। ক্রাশ উপস্থিতি:

পরীক্ষায় অংশগ্রহণের জন্য প্রত্যেক শিক্ষাথীর ক্লাশ উপস্থিতির হার গড়ে ৭৫% বা তার বেশী (কলেজিয়েট) হতে হবে। তবে উপস্থিতির হার গড়ে ৬০% থেকে ৭৫% এর নীচে (নন-কলেজিয়েট) হলে বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের নির্ধারিত ফি প্রদানসহ শিক্ষাথী প্রীক্ষায় অংশগ্রহণ করতে পারবে। উপস্থিতির হার গড়ে ৬০% এর নীচে (ডিস কলেজিয়েট) হলে পরীক্ষায় অংশগ্রহণ করতে পারবে না। উপস্থিতির শতকরা হার নির্ধারিত হবে সকল কোর্সের উপস্থিতির গড় করে।

৮। ক্লাশে উপস্থিতির প্রতিটি ১০০ নম্বর কোর্সের) জন্য ১০ নম্বর হবে নিমুরূপ :

১০% থেকে ১০০% = ১০
৮০% থেকে ৮১% = ০১
৭০% থেকে ৭১% = ০৮
৬০% থেকে ৬১% = ০৭
৬০% এর নীচে = ০০

প্রতিটি ৫০ নম্বর কোর্সের জন্য একই শতকরা (%) হার প্রযোজ্য হবে।

১৬। ক্লাশ প্রমোশন:

ক্লাশ প্রমোশনের জন্য একজন পরীক্ষার্থীকে নিমুরূপ ন্যূনতম GPA ও ক্রেডিট পেতে হবে।

পার্ট-১ পরীক্ষা : GPA- 2.00 – Credit – 18 পার্ট-২ পরীক্ষা : GPA- 2.25 – Credit – 22 পার্ট-৩ পরীক্ষা : GPA- 2.50 – Credit – 22

১৭। কোর্স উনুয়ন :

- ক) কোন শিক্ষাবর্ষের পরীক্ষায় পরীক্ষাথী কোন কোর্সে GP ২.৭৫ এর নীচে পেলে এমন ০২ (দু'টি) কোর্সে মাত্র ০১ (একবার) পরবর্তী শিক্ষাবর্ষে নিজ পাঠ্যক্রম অনুযায়ী কোর্স উনুয়ন পরীক্ষা দিতে পারবে।
- খ) তবে পরীক্ষার্থী কোন কোর্সে লেটার গ্রেড F প্রাপ্ত হলে তখন শুধুমাত্র এমন ০২ (দু'টি) কোর্সের কোর্স উন্নয়ন পরীক্ষা পরবতী ০২ (দুই) শিক্ষাবর্ষের মধ্যে ২ বার (দুবার) দিতে পারবে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে কোর্স উন্নয়ন পরীক্ষা তার জন্য নির্ধারিত পাঠ্যক্রম অনুযায়ী দিতে হবে।
- ক এবং খ উভয় ক্ষেত্রে পরীক্ষাথীর সংশ্লিষ্ট কোর্সের পূর্বের অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতির নম্বর বহাল থাকবে।
- ক এবং খ উভয় ক্ষেত্রে একক অথবা মিলিতভাবে কোন বর্ষে মৌখিকসহ (যদি মৌখিকের গ্রেড উনুয়ন প্রয়োজন হয়) ২টির বেশী কোর্সের জন্য পরীক্ষা দেয়া যাবে না। অবশ্যই ঋ গ্রেডের মান অগ্রাধিকার ভিত্তিতে উনুয়ন করতে হবে। উভয় ক্ষেত্রে শিক্ষাথীকে ফলাফল প্রকাশের ১ মাসের মধ্যে কোর্স উনুয়নের পরীক্ষা দেওয়ার জন্য বিভাগীয় সভাপতির নিকট আবেদন করতে হবে।

১৮। লেটার গ্রেড উনুয়ন:

কোন পরীক্ষাথী পার্ট-৪ পরীক্ষায় GP ২.৭৫ এর নীচে পেয়েছে এমন সর্বোচ্চ ৪টি (মোখিকসহ, যদি মোখিকের গ্রেড উনুয়ন করতে চায়) কোর্সে মান উনুয়নের নিমিত্তে তার জন্য প্রযোজ্য পাঠ্যক্রম অনুযায়ী অব্যবহিত পরবতী বছরে অনুষ্ঠিতব্য পরীক্ষায় অংশ গ্রহণ করতে পারবে। এ ধরনের পরীক্ষাথীর সংশ্লিষ্ট কোর্সের অভ্যন্তরীণ মূল্যায়ন ও ক্লাশ উপস্থিতির পূর্বের প্রাপ্ত নম্বর বহাল থাকবে। মান উনুয়ন যে বছর হবে সে বছরই পরীক্ষাথীর মান উনুয়ন বছর বলে গণ্য হবে। ফলাফল প্রকাশের ১ মাসের মধ্যে পরীক্ষাথী মান উনুয়ন পরীক্ষা দেওয়ার জন্য বিভাগীয় সভাপতির নিকট লিখিত আবেদন পেশ করবে এবং তার আবেদন বিভাগীয় একাডেমিক কমিটির সুপারিশসহ পরীক্ষা নিয়ন্ত্রকের নিকট প্রেরণ করতে হবে। ফলাফল উনুয়ন পরীক্ষা পরীক্ষাথীকে ভর্তির শিক্ষাবর্ষ থেকে ৬টি শিক্ষাবর্ষর মধ্যেই সম্পন্ন করতে হবে। Letter Grade উনুয়ন না হলে পূর্বের ফলাফল বহাল থাকবে।

১৯। ডিগ্রী অর্জন :

- ক) অনার্স ডিগ্রী লাভের জন্য একজন পরীক্ষার্থীকে কোন কোর্সে লেটার গ্রেড F ছাড়া CGPA কমপক্ষে ২.৫০ এবং মোট ক্রেডিট ১২০ পেতে হবে।
- খ) পরীক্ষার্থী কোন কোর্সে F সহ কমপক্ষে মোট ১০০ বা তার বেশী ক্রেডিট পেলে (১২০ ক্রেডিটের নীচে) তাকে পাস ডিগ্রী দেয়া হবে।

২০। পুনঃভর্তি :

- 'ক) কোন পরীক্ষার্থী কোন শিক্ষাবর্ষের পরীক্ষায় অংশ গ্রহণে ব্যর্থ (দ্রপট আউট) হলে অব্যবহিত পরবতী শিক্ষাবর্ষে পুনঃভর্তি হয়ে পরীক্ষায় অংশ গ্রহণের সুযোগ পাবে। কিন্তু এ ধরণের সুযোগ যে কোন শিক্ষাবর্ষে মাত্র ২ বার এবং ৬ শিক্ষাবর্ষের মধ্যে সর্বাধিক ২ বার ভোগ করতে পরবে।
- খ) ১মবর্ষে দ্রপট আউট হলে অব্যবহিত পরবর্তী শিক্ষাবর্ষের নতুন সিলেবাস অনুযায়ী পরীক্ষা দিতে হবে এবং নিয়মিত শিক্ষাথীদের সকল নিয়ম তাদের ক্ষেত্রেও প্রযোজ্য হবে।
- গ) ১মবর্ষের কোন শিক্ষার্থী পরীক্ষা শুরু করে শেষ না করলে অথবা পরীক্ষা দিয়ে অকৃতকার্য হলে সে নিজ শিক্ষাবর্ষের সিলেবাস অনুযায়ী পরীক্ষা দিবে।
- ঘ) অন্যান্য বর্ষের (২য়, ৩য়, ৪র্থ) যে কোন পুনঃভর্তিকৃত শিক্ষার্থীর ক্ষেত্রে নিজ শিক্ষাবর্ষের সিলেবাস প্রযোজ্য হবে।
- ঙ) অকৃতকার্য শিক্ষাথীকে সংশ্লিষ্ট পরীক্ষার ফলাফল প্রকাশের ১৫ দিনের মধ্যে পুনঃভর্তি হতে হবে। পরীক্ষায় অংশ গ্রহণ করতে না পারা এবং পরীক্ষা শুরু করে শেষ না করা শিক্ষাথীগণকে সংশ্লিষ্ট পরীক্ষা শেষ হওয়ার ১৫ দিনের মধ্যে পুনঃভর্তি হবে হবে।

B. A (Hons.) Part I Examination : 2016 Marks : 650

Course No. 101 : History of Bengal upto 1200 Course No. 102 : History of Bangla Literature Course No. 103 : History of South Asia upto 1526 Course No. 104 : History of West Asia, 570-1258

Course No. 105 : Ancient Civilization

Course No. 106 : Introduction to Geo-Politics

Course No. 107 : Political Science

Course No. 108 : History of Rajshahi District, 1772-1971

B. A (Hons.) Part 2 Examination: 2017 Marks: 750

Course No. 201 : History of Bengal, 1200-1757 Course No. 202 : History of South Asia, 1526-1947

Course No. 203 : History of West and Central Asia, 1258-1774

Course No. 204 : History of Europe, 476-1453 Course No. 205 : History of England, 1485-1914

Course No. 206 : Press and Periodicals of Bengal, 1780-1971

Course No. 207 : Archival Studies

Course No. 208 : History of Africa since Colonial Period Course No. 209 : Economic History of Bengal, 1757-1947

Course No. 210 : Environment and Human Society

Course No. 211 : History of Western Education in Bengal

B. A (Hons.) Part 3 Examination : 2018 Marks : 750

Course No. 301 : History of Bengal, 1757-1947

Course No. 302 : History of the United States of America 1776-1865

Course No. 303 : History of Europe, 1453-1789

Course No. 304 : History of the Soviet Union, Since 1917 Course No. 305 : History of Science and Technology

Course No. 306 : Historiography

Course No. 307 : Cultural History of Bangladesh

Course No. 308 : Ethnic Minorities of Bangladesh

Course No. 309 : Archaeological Heritage of Bengal upto 1757 Course No. 310 : History of South Asia (Excluding Bangladesh)

since 1947

Course No. 311 : Women Studies and Women of Bangladesh

Course No. 312 : Muslim Civilization

B. A (Hons.) Part 4 Examination : 2019 Marks : 850

Course No. 401 : Constitutional History of South Asia since 1773
Course No. 402 : History of West and Central Asia, 1774-1945
Course No. 403 : History of Modern South-East Asia upto 1945
Course No. 404 : History of Modern East Asia, upto 1945

Course No. 405 : History of Latin America Course No. 406 : History of Europe, 1789-1945

Course No. 407 : History of the United State of America, 1865-1945

Course No. 408 : History of Bangladesh Since 1947

Course No. 409 : Economic Development of Bangladesh Since

1947

Course No. 410 : Research Methodology and Field Study Course No. 411 : History of Australia and New Zealand Course No. 412 : International Law and Organization

Course No. 413 : History of Antarctica

Course No. 101 History of Bengal upto 1200

Course Outline

- 1. Sources of history of ancient Bengal.
- 2. Geographical features of ancient Bengal
- 3. Janapadas
- 4. Origins of the Bengalis
- 5. Bengal under the Mauryas
- 6. Gupta era
- 7. Rise of Vanga
- 8. Sasanka
- 9. The Palas
- 10. The Kambojas
- 11. The Candras
- 12 The Varmans
- 13 The Senas
- 14. Administrative system of ancient Bengal
- 15. Social condition
- 16. Economic condition
- 17. Language, literature, religion, art and architecture of ancient Bengal.

Books Recommended:

- D. C. Sircar, Select Inscriptions Bearing on Indian History and Culture.
- R. C. Majumdar, History of Bengal, Vol. 1
- R. C. Majumdar, History of Ancient Bengal,
- A. M. Chowdhury, Dynastic History of Bengal.
- B. C. Sen, Some Historical Aspects of the Inscriptions of Bengal.
- N. G. Majumdar (ed.), Inscriptions of Bengal, Vol. 111
- A. K. Maitrya, Gaudalekhamala

Shahanara Husain, Everyday Life in the Pala Empire

, History of Ancint Bengal: Selected Essays on State, Society and Culture.

আর ডি ব্যানাজী, বাংলার ইতিহাস, ১ম খণ্ড

নীহাররঞ্জন রায়, বাঙালীর ইতিহাস (আদিপর্ব)

আব্দুল মমিন চৌধুরী, প্রাচীন বাংলার ইতিহাস ও সংষ্কৃতি

আব্দুর রহিম ও অন্যান্য, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস

শাহানারা হোসেন, প্রাচীন বাংলার ইতিহাস

আনিসুজ্জামান (সম্পা.), বাংলা সাহিত্যের ইতিহাস, ১ম খণ্ড

এস. এম. রফিকুল ইসলাম, প্রাচীন বাংলার সামাজিক ইতিহাস, সেন যুগ রমেশ চন্দ্র মজুমদার, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস, প্রাচীন যুগ

Course No. 102 History of Bangla Literature

Course Outline

- 1. Problems of writing history of Bangla literature.
- 2. Periodisation.
- 3. Dark age of Bangla literature.
- 4. Ancient period : Charyapadas.
- 5. Medieval period : characteristics and trends of medieval Bangla literature.
 - a) Muslim rulers and their patronage of Bangla literature.
 - b) Mangal kavya.
 - c) Krishna kirtan kavya.
 - d) Biographical literature.
 - e) Translation.
 - f) Bengali literature in Arakan.
 - g) Marsia literature.
 - h) Folk literature.
 - i) Punthi literature.

6. Modern Period

- a) Characteristics of modern Bangla literature.
- b) William Carey and Fort William College.
- c) Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Iswarchandra Vidyasagar, Akshoy Kumar Dutt, Pearichand Mitra, Kali Prasanna Shinha.
- d) Michael Madhusudan Dutt, Bankim Chandra Chatterji, Nabin Chandra Sen, Mir Musharraf Hussain, Kaikobad.
- e) Rabindranath Tagore, Pramatha Chaudhuri, Sharat Chandra Chatterji, Begum Rokeya, Qazi Nazrul Islam.

Books Recommended:

Sunity Kumar Chatterjee, Origin and Development of the Bengali Language and Literature.

দীনেশ চন্দ্ৰ সেন, বঞ্চাভাষা ও সাহিত্য

সুকুমার সেন, বাংলা সাহিত্যের ইতিহাস ক্ষেত্রগুপ্ত, বাংলা সাহিত্যের ইতিহাস মাহবুবুল আলম, বাংলা সাহিত্যের ইতিহাস

Course No. 103 History of South Asia upto 1526

Course Outline

- 1. Geographical background
- 2. Sources of history
- 3. Prehistory and Protohistory
- 4. The Harappan Civilization
- 5. The Aryans and the Vedic Civilization
- 6. The Religious movements of the sixth century BC: Jainism and Buddhism
- 7. Territorial states and the Rise of Magadha
- 8. The Persian and Macedonian invasions
- 9. The Maurya empire : Chandragupta Maurya, Bindusara, Asoka, later Mauryas, downfall of the Maurya empire, government, society and culture
- 10. Post-Maurya period : Sungas and Kanvas
- 11. The invasions of the Indo-Greeks, Sakas and Parthians
- 12. The rise and fall of the Kushana power
- 13. The Gupta empire: origin and early home of the Guptas, Chandra Gupta I, Samudra Gupta, Chandra Gupta II, Kumar Gupta, Skanda Gupta, successors of Skanda Gupta, causes of the downfall of the Gupta empire, administration, society and culture.
- 14. The age of Harshavardhana
- 15. Period of Rajput ascendancy
- 16. South India: Satavahanas, Vakatakas, Chalukyas, Rashtrakutas, Pallavas and Cholas.
- 17. Muslim invasions: The Arab conquest of Sind, campaigns of Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni, conquests of Muhammad Ghuri and the establishment of Turkish rule in India.

- 18. Foundation of the Sultanate of Delhi : Qutbuddin Aibak, Shamsuddin Iltutmish, successors of Iltutmish, Ghiyasuddin Balban, Balban's successors, end of early Tuskish rule.
- 19. The Khalji imperialism: Khalji revolution, Jalaluddin Khalji, Alauddin Khalji, decline and fall of the Khalji empire
- 20. The Tughluq Dynasty: Ghiyasuddin Tughluq, Muhammad bin Tughluq, Friuz Shah Tughluq, Taimur's Invasion and its aftermath.
- 21. The Sayyids and the Lodis
- 22. Disintegration of the Sultanate of Delhi and its causes
- 23. Regional kingdoms of North India
- 24. South India: Khandesh, Vijayanagar and Bahmani Kingdom
- 25. Administration, society and culture during the period of the Sultanate

Books Recommended:

- D. N. Jha, Ancient India: An Historical Outline
- R. S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past
- H. C. Raychaudhari, Political History of Ancient India
- R. C. Majumdar (ed), History and Culture of the Indian People Vols I- VI
- R. C. Majumdar, Ancient India
- W. Theodore de Bary (ed), Sources of Indian Tradition Vol. I

Romila Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas

- B. N. Mukherjee, The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire
- S. K. Maity, The Imperial Guptas and their Times

Devahuti, Harsha A Political Study

Satish Chandra, Medieval India Part One

Ishwari Prasad, History of Medieval India

- A. B. Pandey, Early Medieval India
- A. L, Srivastava, The Sultanate of Delhi
- A. B. M. Habibullah, The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India
- M. Habib and K. A. Nizami (ed), A Comprehensive History of India. Vol. V : The Delhi Sultanate

K. S. Lal, History of the Khaljis

Aga Mahdi Husain, The Tughluq Dynasty

I. H. Qureshi, Administration of the Sultanate of Delhi

U. N. Day, The Government of the Sultanate

রণবীর চক্রবতী, ভারত-ইতিহাসের আদিপর্ব (প্রথম খড)

সুনীল চট্টোপাধ্যায়, প্রাচীন ভারতের ইতিহাস ২ খণ্ড

গোপাল চন্দ্র সিন্হা, ভারতবর্ষের ইতিহাস (প্রাচীন যুগ)

আবদুল করিম, ভারতীয় উপমহাদেশে মুসলিম শাসন অনিরুখ রায়, মধ্যযুগের ভারতের ইতিহাস : সুলতানী আমল তেসলিম চৌধুরী, মধ্যযুগের ভারত (সুলতানি আমল) অসিত কুমার সেন, তুকী ও আফগান যুগে ভারত

Course No. 104 History of West Asia, 570-1258

Course Outline

- 1. Arabia: land and people
- 2. Pre-Islamic Arabia
- 3. Hazrat Muhammad (Sm): life at Mecca, and Medina, reforms.
- 4. Period of the pious caliphs
- a) Hazrat Abu Bakr (R)
- b) Hazrat Omar (R)
- c) Hazrat Osman (R)
- d) Hazrat Ali (R)
- e) Administrative system
- 5. Umayyad dynasty:
 - a) Muawiyah
 - b) Yezid I and Muawiyah II
 - c) Merwan I and Abdul Malik
 - d) Walid I
 - e) Omar Ibn Abdul Aziz
 - f) Later Umayyad caliphs
 - g) Downfall of the Umayyad dynasty.
 - h) Administrative system, society and culture under the Umayyads.
- 6. Abbaside Dynasty
 - a) Abul Abbas and Al Mansur
 - b) Al Mahadi, Al Hadi and Harun-Ur-Rashid
 - c) Al Amin and Al Mamun
 - d) Rise and fall of the Barmakids
 - e) Buayyid and Seljuk dynasties.
 - f) Administrative system, society, economy, art, literature and science under the Abbasides

Books Recommended:

Philip K. Hitti, History of the Arabs.

Carl Brockelmann, History of the Islamic People.

Wilson B. Bishai, Islamic History of the Middle East.

D. M. Dunlop, Arab Civilization to A. D. 1500.

M. A. Shaban, Islamic History A.D. 600-750. A New Interpretation.

G. E. Von Grunebaum, Classical Islam 600-1258.

Bernard Lewis, The Arabs in History.

Bernard Lewis (ed.), Islam from the Prophet Muhammad to the Capture of Constantinople.

S. M. Imamuddin, A Political History of the Muslim. (2 Vols.)

Hugh Kennedy, The Prophet and the Age of the Caliphates: The Islam in Near East from the 6^{th} to the 11^{th} Century.

- W. Montgomery Watt, Muhammad at Mecca.
- ——, Muhammad the Prophet and Statesman.
- ——, The Majesty that was Islam.
- ----. Muhammad at Madina.

Syed Ameer Ali, A Short History of the Saracenes

মুহম্মদ রেজা-ই-করিম, আরব জাতির ইতিহাস।

মফিজুল্লাহ কবীর, ইসলাম ও খিলাফত।

মুসা আনসারী, মধ্যযুগের মুসলিম সভ্যতা ও সংস্কৃতি (৭৫০-১২৫৮)।

ড. মোহাম্মদ গোলাম রসল, ইসলামের ইতিহাস

Course No. 105 Ancient Civilization

- 1. Civilization: definition, features, origin and background.
- 2. Ancient Egypt:
 - a) Old and Middle Kingdom and Empire;
 - b) Life in Ancient Egypt;
 - c) Literature, Science and Learning;
 - d) Religion in Ancient Egypt;
 - e) Art & Architecture;
- 3. Mesopotamian civilizations:
 - a) Sumerian;
 - b) Babylonian;

- c) Assyrian and
- d) Caldian.
- 4. Other civilizations of West Asia:
 - a) Phoenician;
 - b) Lydian;
 - c) Hittite;
 - d) Armenian;
 - c) Hebrew;
 - f) Palestinian;
 - g) Persian.
- 5. Ancient Chinese Civilisation:
 - a) Geography & Racial History;
 - b) China 300 BC-249 BC;
 - c) Art and Literature;
 - d) Early Chinese Philosophy.
- 6. Greek Civilization:
 - a) Lard and Geography;
 - b) Greek City-State;
 - c) Growth of Demoeracy in Atheny;
 - d) City State Sparta and ils Social Life;
 - e) Greek Philosophy.
- 7. Roman Civilization:
 - a) Early Rome;
 - b) From City-State to world conquerar;
 - c) Republic to Empire;
 - d) Life and Religion in Ancient Rome;

Charles Alexander Robinson, Ancient History.
Edward Mcnail burns, Western Civilization: Their History and Their Culture.
Hermann Kees, Ancient Egypt, A Cultural Topography.
J. R. Breasted, Ancient Time, A History of the Early World.
Jacquetta Hawkes, The World of the Past.
James Edgar Swain, A History of World Civilization
John P. Mckay, A History of World Societies.

Course No. 106 Introduction to Geo-Politics

- 1. Introduction to geography: Diurnal motion, Annual motion, length of days and nights, latitude, longitude, International date-line.
- 2. Seas and oceans: Pacific ocean, Atlantic ocean, Indian ocean, Artic ocean, Mediterranean sea, Caribbean sea, Red sea, Black sea, Baltic sea, Arabian sea.
- 3. Mountains: Himalayas, Alps, Rocky, Cameroon, Kilimanjaro, Andes, Caucasus, Carpathian, Karakoram.
- 4. Deserts: Sahara, Gobi, Kalahari, Patagonia, Great Victoria, Syrian desert, Great Basin.
- 5. Rivers: Ganges, Hwang-Ho, Nile, Amazon, Yangtze, Mississippi, Congo, Rhine, Danube, Mare Darling, Amur, Indus, Thames, Brahmaputra, Missouri.
- 6. Straits: Palk, Baring, Gibraltert, Malakka, Dover, Mesina, Florida, Bosphorus and Dardanelles straits
- 7. Passes: St. Barnard, St. Gathard, Simplon, Bolan, Shipka, Khyber
- 8. Canals: Suez, Panama and Kiel canals.
- 9. Division of the surface of the earth : east and west hemisphere, north and south hemisphere, Balkan region, Scandinavian region, Siberian region, Asia and Pacific ocean region.
- 10. International border line: Radcliffe, Durand, Hinderburg, Maginot, McMohan, Gudernis, Seigfried line, 17th parallel, 24th parallel, 38th parallel, 49th parallel.

- 11. Geo-politically important regions: Antartica, Baltic region, Central Europe, East Europe, West Europe, Latin America, Near East, Middle East, West Asia, East Asia, South Asia, Central Asia, North Africa, South Africa, Oceania, Eurasia.
- 12. Socio-economic division and world politics: developed world, underdeveloped and developing world, European Union, SAARC, ASEAN, African Unity Organization, Arab League, OIC, Commonwealth.
- 13. Important International Conferences: earth conference, world environment conference, Beijing women's conference.

Bergman, E. Modern Political Geography.

Carlson, I Geography and World Politics.

Dwivedi, R. L. Fundamentals of Political Geography..

Fairgrieve, J. Geography and World Power.

Muir, R. Modern Political Geography

Pearcy, G. E. World Political Geography

Short, J. R. An Introduction to Political Gegraphy.

Taylor, P. J. Political Geography, World Economy, Nation State and Locality.

Course No. 107 Political Science

Course Outline

- 1. Political Science: Definition, nature and scope of Political Science. Is Political Science a Science? Methods of Political Science.
- 2. Relation between Political Science and other disciplines.
- 3. Some basic concepts: State, Society, Association and Family.
- 4. Theories of the origin of the State: Theory of Divine, Theory of Force, Theory of Social Contract and Evolutionary Theory.
- 5. Sovereignty: Definition, Characteristics, Kinds of Sovereignty, Austin's Theory of Sovereignty, The pluralist theory of Sovereignty.
- 6. Ends and fiction of a modern state.

- 7. WelfareState: Definition, Origin and Development, Characteristics. Is Bangladesh a welfare State?
- 8. Law: Definition, Nature, Kinds and source of Law, Law and morality.
- 9. Liberty: Meaning, Civil and Political liberty, Safeguards of Liberty, Relation between Liberty and Equality.
- 10. Equality: Meaning, Extent of Equality in modern States, Liberty and Equality.
- 11. Nation and Nationality: Definition, Elements of Nation, Nationality and Nationalism.
- 12. Constitution: Definition, Classification, Characteristics of a good Constitution, Methods of Amendment, Supremacy of Constitution.
- 13. Classification of Government: Classification of Aristotle, Classification of Leacock, Modern Classification.
- 14. Forms of Government: Democracy, Dictatorship, Unitary and Federal Government, Parliamentary and Presidential Government, Best form of Government.
- 15. Theory of Separation of Powers: What is Separation of Power? Origin of the Theory of Separation of Powers, Criticism of the Theory, Application to Modern Government.
- 16. Organs of Government: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.
- 17. Electorate.
- 18. Political Parties.
- 19. Public Opinion.

Books Recommended:

A.F.R Organski, World Politics.

Hans J. Morgenthau, Politics among Nations, The Struggle for Power and Peace.

Joseph La Palombare and Myron Weiner (ed.), Politics, Parties and Political Development.

Sigmund Neumann, Modern Political Parties, Approaches to Comparative Politics.

Sydney D. Bailey, British Parliamentary Democracy.

Robert J. Huckshorn, Political Parties of America.

Joel Smita and LLoyd D. Musolf (ed), Legislatures in

Development Dynamics of Change in New and Old States.

ড. এমাজ উদ্দীন আহমদ, রাম্ট্র বিজ্ঞানের কথা.

ড. মো. আপুল ভূঁইয়া, আধুনিক রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান.

হাফেজ হাফিজুর রহমান, রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান পরিচিতি.

সৈয়দ মকসুদ আলী, রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান.

মো. মকসুদুর রহমান, রাষ্ট্রীয় সংগঠনের রূপরেখা.

ড. মো. মোকসুদুর রহমান, রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান তত্ত্ব ও নীতিমালা.

Course No. 108 History of Rajshai District, 1772-1971

Course Outline

- 1. Definition of local history, utility of studying local history, sources of writing local history, trends of writing local history in Bangladesh.
- 2. Recent trends of the study of local history.
- 3. Evolution of the district as an administrative unit in Bengal; changes of boundaries of Rajshahi district.
- 4. History of the name of the district.
- 5. Geographical features.
- 6. Demographic change and public health during British period.
- 7. Archaeological heritage.
- 8. Famous Zamindars and Zamindary System.
- 9. Economic condition.
- 10. Educational and cultural history upto 1971.
- 11. Growth and development of the Rajshahi town.
- 12. Social and cultural organizations and activities
- 13. Political movements in Rajshahi
- 14. Administration of the district.

Books Recommended:

Imperial Gazetteer of India, vol. XXI (Rajshahi)

L. S. S. O, Malley, Bengal District Gazetteers, Rajshahi

Dr. Ashraf Siddiqui, Bangaldesh District Gazetteers, Rajshahi

W. W. Hunter, A Statistical Account of Bengal, Vol. VIII, Rajshahi

W. H. Nelson, Report on the Survey and Settlement Operations in the District of Rajshahit 1912-22

A B. M. Mahmood, TheRevenue Administration of Northern Bengal

S. A. Akanda (ed.), The District of Rajshahi: Its Past and Present

Mukhlesur Rahman, Sclupture in the Varendra Research Museum A Descriptive Catalogue

নূরুল ইসলাম খান, বাংলাদেশ জেলা গেজেটিয়ার : বৃহত্তর রাজশাহী

এবনে গোলাম সামাদ, রাজশাহীর ইতিবৃত্ত

কাজী মোহাম্মদ মিছের রাজশাহীর ইতিহাস ২ খণ্ড

মো. মাহববর রহমান রাজশাহী মহানগরী : অতীত ও বর্তমান

ড. সাইফুদ্দিন চৌধুরী (সম্পা.), রাজশাহী প্রতিভা

কালীনাথ চৌধুরী, রাজশাহীর সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস

জেলা প্রশাসন (সম্পা.), কালান্তরে নওগাঁ

খান মোহাম্মদ আফজাল, নওগাঁ মহকুমার ইতিহাস

সমরপাল নাটোরের ইতিহাস

বিমল প্রসাদ রায় ও অন্যান্য, নাটোরের কথা ও কাহিনী

মুহ. মমতাজুর রহমান (সম্পা.), বরেন্দ্র অঞ্চলের ইতিহাস, রাজশাহী বিভাগ ঃ ইতিহাস ঐতিহ্য

এম. ইয়াকুব আলী, রাজশাহীতে ইসলাম

মোঃ মাকসুদুর রহমান, নাটোরের গোরব

——, নাটোরের মহারাণী ভবানী

ফজলুল হক, মহারাজ জগদিন্দ্রনাথ রায়

এম. এ. হামিদ, চলন বিলের ইতিহাস

আনারুল হক আনা, রাজশাহী মহানগরীর কথা

আদমশুমারী রিপোর্ট সমুহ ১৮৭২-১৯৪১

রাজশাহী এসোসিয়েশন পত্রিকা

মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, রাজশাহী মহানগরী: অতীত ও বর্তমান

স্থানীয় ইতিহাস পত্রিকা সংখ্যা ১-১৪

History of Bengal, 1200-1757

Course Outline

- 1. Advent of the Muslims
- 2. Bakhtiyar Khalji
- 3. Rule of the Khalji Chiefs
- 4. Balban's invasion
- 5. Ilias Shahi rule:
 - a) Shamsuddin Ilias Shah
 - b) Sikandar Shah
 - c) Ghyasuddin Azam Shah
- 6. Raja Ganaesh and his successor
- 7. Later Ilias Shahi dynasty
- 8. Habshi rule
- 9. Hussain Shahi era
- 10. Afghan rule
- 11. Establishment of Mughal rule
 - a) Conquest of Bengal by Akbar
 - b) Bara Bhuiyans
 - c) Subadar Islam Khan
 - d) Subadar Mir Jumla
 - e) Subadar Shaesta Khan
- 12. Advent of the Europeans.
- 13. Bengal under the Nawabs:
 - a) Murshid Quli Khan
 - b) Alivardi Khan
 - c) Sirajuddoula

Books Recommended:

Sir Jadunath Sarkar (ed.), The History of Bengal, Vol. II

A. Karim, Murshid Quli Khan and His Times.

M. R. Tarafdar, Husain Shahi Bengal (1494-1538 A.D.)

K. K. Datta, Alivardi Khan and His Times.

J. N. Sarkar, Mir Jumla.

Richard Eaton, The Rise of Islam and the Bengal Frontier, 1204-1760 আপল করিম, বাংলার ইতিহাস: সলতানী আমল

সুখময় মুখোপাধ্যায়, বাংলার ইতিহাসের দুশো বছর: স্বাধীন সুলতানদের আমল মুহামাদ আদুর রহিম ও অন্যান্য, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস

আব্দুল করিম, বাংলার ইতিহাস আব্দুল করিম, বাংলার মুসলমানদের সামাজিক ইতিহাস আব্দুর রহিম, বাংলার সামাজিক সাংস্কৃতিক ইতিহাস প্রথম ও দ্বিতীয় খণ্ড আবুল কালাম মোহাম্মদ যাকারিয়া, নবাব সিরাজ উদ্দোলা

Course No. 202 History of South Asia, 1526-1947

- 1. India on the eve of Mughal conquest: Political social and economic condition
- 2. Babur and the foundation of the Mughal empire
- 3. Humayun and Sher Shah.
- 4. Akbar: restoration and reorganisation of the Empire.
- 5. Jahangir and Shahjahan
- 6. Aurangazeb
- 7. Decline and downfall of the Mughal empire.
- 8. Government, society, art and culture under the Mughals.
- 9. Growth of British power in South Asia: Anglo-French conflict, Battle of Plassey, Battle of Buxar, Grant of Diwani, Dual Government.
- 10. South Asia under Company's administration: administrative, social, economic and judicial reforms, land settlement, educational policy, Permanent Settlement, expansion of British Dominion in South Asia, The Great Revolt of 1857.
- 11. South Asia under Crown Rule
- 12. Social and Political Movements: Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement, Syed Ameer Ali and Nawab Abdul Latif, foundation of the All Indian National Congress (1885); Partition of Bengal (1905); Swadeshi Movement; Foundation of All India Muslim League (1906); Khilafat Movement, Non-Cooperation Moveement; Nehru Report, Civil Disobedience Movement, Lahore Resolution (1940); Quit India Movement (1942); Cabinet Mission Plan, Indian Independence Act of 1947.

Ishwari Prasad, Short History of Muslim Rule in India.

———, Life and Times of Humayun.

A. L. Srivastava, The Mughal Empire.

S. M. Edwardes and H. L. O. Garrett, Mughal Rule in India.

A. B. Pandey, Later Medieval India.

Rushbrook Williams, An Empire Builder of the Sixteenth Century.

Stanley Lane-poole, Babar.

V. A. Smith, Akbar the Great Mughal.

Beni Prasad, History of Jahangir.

B. P. Saksena, History of Shahjahan of Delhi.

Frederick Augustus, The Emperor Akbar.

Ibn Hasan, The Central Structrue of the Mughal Empire.

S. A. Q. Husaini, Administration under the Mughals.

J. N. Sarkar, Fall of the Mughal Empire, Vol. I and 11.

———, History of Aurangazeb.

Ashvini Agrawal, Studies in Mughal History.

K. R. Qanungo, Shershah.

Ishtiaq Husain Qureshi, Administration of the Mughal Empire.

P. E. Roberts, History of British India.

A. C. Banerjee, The Constitutional History of India, Vol. I II and III.

Sirajul Islam (ed.), History of Bangladesh, 3 Vols.

Briyen K. Gupta, Sirajuddulah and the East India Company, 1776-57.

P. J. Marshall, Bengal The British Bridgehead.

C. A. Bayly, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire.

Sirajul Islam, The Permanent Settlement in Bengal.

S. N. Sen, Eighteen Fifty Seven.

P. C. Joshi (ed.), Rebellion 1857: A Symposium.

R. C. Majumdar (ed.), History of the Freedom Movement in India, Vol. I and II.

S. Gopal, British Policy in India, 1858-1905.

T. R. Metcalf, The Aftermath of the Revolt: India 1857-1870.

John R. Mc Lance, Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress.

Dharm Pal, Administration of Sir John Lawrence in India, 1864-1869.

S. Gopal, The Viceroyalty of Ripon, 1880-1884.

Anil Seal, The Emergence of Indian Nationalism.

R. P. Gronin, British Policy and Administration in Bengal.

C. H. Philips (ed.), The Evotution of India and Pakistan, 1858-1947,

B. N. Pandey (ed.), The Indian nationalist Movement 1885-1947.

Sumit Sarkar, Modern India 1885-1947.

Bipan Chandra et al. India Struggle for Independence.

B. N. Pandey, The Break up of British India.

Mushirul Hasan, Nationalism and Communal Politics in India, 1885-1930.

Peter Hardy, The Muslims of British India.

R. J. Moore, The Crisis of Indian unity, 1917-40.

D. A. Low (ed.), Soundings in Modern South Asian History.

D. Rothermund. Phases of Indian Nationalism.

অনিরুদ্ধ রায়, মুঘল সামাজ্যের উত্থান-পতনের ইতিহাস, ১ম ও ২য় খণ্ড। অমলেশ ত্রিপাঠী, স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে ভারতের জাতীয় কংগ্রেস, ১৮৮৫-১৯৪৭। মহাম্মদ ইনাম্উল হক, ভারতের মসলমান ও স্বাধীনতা আন্দোলন, ১৭০৭-১৯৪৭।

Course No. 203 History of West and Central Asia,1258-1774

- 1. West and Central Asia: Land and People.
- 2. Rise of the Mongols in West and Central Asia: Genghis Khan and his successors.
- 3. Ilkhanid Rule in Persia: Halagu Khan and Ghazan Khan.
- 4. Rise of Safavid Dynasty: Shah Ismail and Shah Abbas, Safavid institutions and culture.
- Muzaffarid Kingdoms in post IlKhanid Central Asia: Kurd Dynasty, Black sheep and White sheep Kingdom, Kipchaq or Golden Horde Kingdom, Tatar and Chaqtai Kingdom.
- 6. Rule of Taimur: Conqueror Taimur and his Successors.
- 7. Shaibani Dynasty.
- 8. Mamluk Dynasty of Egypt.
- 9. Ottoman Empire: Early Sultans.
- 10. Period of Decline of the Ottoman Empire.
- 11. Efforts at regeneration of Ottoman Empire.
- 12. Age of Diplomacy.

P. Sykes, A History of Persia.

G. Hambly, Central Asia.

Henry Howarth, History of Mongols.

V.V. Barthold, Four Studies on the History of Central Asia.

W. Muir, The Mamluk or Slave Dynasty of Egypt.

ড. মাহমুদুল হাসান, মধ্যপ্রাচ্যের ইতিহাস।

ড. সফিউন্দিন জোয়ারদার, মধ্যপ্রাচ্যের ইতিহাস ১ম ও ২য় খন্ত।

ইয়াহিয়া আরমাজানী (অনুবাদ), মধ্যপ্রাচ্য অতীত ও বর্তমান।

ড. গোলাম রসুল, মধ্যপ্রাচ্যের ইতিহাস মধ্যযুগ।

আশরাফউন্দিন আহমেদ, মধ্যযুগের মুসলিম ইতিহাস।

Course No. 204 History of Europe, 476-1453

Course Outline

- 1. Decline and Downfall of the Western Roman Empire.
- 2. Christianity: Growth of Latin Christianity, the Papacy.
- 3. Justinian: Administrative System, Law, Religious policy.
- 4. Later Byzantine Rulers.
- 5. Byzantine Culture.
- 6. Muslim rule in Spain
- 7. Coming of the Franks: Growth of the Empire, the Age of Charlemagne and the Carolingian Renaissance
- 8. Norsemen and their contributions to European Civilizations.
- 9. Reign of Otto the Great
- 10. Rise and Development of Feudalism, Features of Feudalism.
- 11. Chivalry and Manorial System.
- 12. Crusades: Its Causes, Nature and Results.
- 13. Monastic Reform Movement and Its Impact.
- 14. The Cluniac Reform Movement and Enhancement of the Power of the Church.
- 15. Pope Gregory VII: Investiture Conflict, Relations between the Pope and the Emperor.
- 16. Frederick Barbarosa: His Italian and German Policies.

- 17. Growth of Commerce and Rise of Towns.
- 18. Intellectual Development in the Middle Ages and Rise of Universities.
- 19. Innocent III: Religious Policy, Relations with European Kings.
- 20. Frederick II: Relations with the Pope. His Place in Medieval History.
- 21. Twelfth Century Renaissance.
- 22. The study of History, Philosophy. Literature and Science in the Middle Ages.

Books Recommended:

Joseph R. Strayer and Dana C. Munro, The Middle Ages, 295-1500

Martin Scott, Medieval Europe

Robert S. Hoyt and Stanley Chodorow, Europe in the Middle Ages.

Sidney Painter, A History of the Middle Ages, 284-1500.

Stewart C. Easton and Helene Wieruszowski, The Era of Charlemagne.

Wallace K. Ferguson and Geoffrey Brun, Survey of European Civilization.

K. C. Choudhury, New Central Book Agency, Calcutta.

The Middle Ages from 476 A. d. to the Fall of the Hohenstaufens.

E. V. Aziealova and G. M. Donskoi (translatted from the Russian by T. Ab)

History of the Middle Ages

নির্মল চন্দ্র দত্ত, মধ্যযুগীয় ইউরোপীয় সভ্যতা

Course No. 205 History of England, 1485-1914

- 1. Foundation of the Tudor monarchy
- 2. Henry VII: establishment of a strong monarchy, commercial policy, foreign policy, Irish policy.
- 3. Henry VIII: quarrel with Pope, English Reformation, dissolution of monastery, foreign policy, relation with Parliament, Irish policy
- 4. Edward VI: spread of Protestant religion
- 5. Mary: revival of catholic religion.
- 6. Elizabeth I: church settlement, foreign policy, relation with Parlament, Irish policy, literay activity.

- 7. James I: conflict between Crown and Parliament, religious policy, foreign policy, Irish policy.
- 8. Charles I: religious policy, foreign policy, conflict with Parliament, Petition of Rights, eleven years personal rule, Scotish and Irish policy, Long Parliament, civil war.
- 9. Commonwealth: foreign and colonial policy of Oliver Crommell, constitutional experiments, Scottish and Irish policy.
- 10. Restoration and Charles II: Restoration Settlement, Religious policy, Clarendon Code, foreign policy, relations with Parliament.
- 11. James II: Glorious Revolution.
- 12. William and Mary: internal situation and measures, Scotland and Ireland, foreign policy, Act of Settlement.
- 13. Anne : foriegn policy, cabinet system, political parties.
- 14. Hanoverian Succession and George I and II: Jacobite risings, foreign policy of Stanhope, Walpole, Pitt the Elder and seven years war.
- 15. George III and IV: George III and monarchy, American War of Independence, Pitt the Younger, war with Napoleon, industial revolution and its impact on Brithsh society, Foriegn policy of Castlereagh and Canning, William Huskisson's reforms and free trade.
- 16. William IV, Victoria, Edward VII and George V: parliamentary reform act of 1832, Lord Palmerston's foreign Policy, chartist movement, Robert Peel's reforms, Crimean War, parliamentary reform act of 1867, Disraeli, Gladstone and Iraland, Comparison of Disraeli with Gladstone, parliamentary reform act of 1884, rise of socialism, trade union, birth of Labour Party, parliament act of 1911, British participation world War I.

Adams, G. Burton, Constitutional History of England.

Brett. S. Reed, British History 1485-1688.

———, British History 1603-1785.

Keir, Sir David Lindsay, The Constitutional History of Modern Britain Since 1485.

Lockyer Roger, Tudor and Stuart Britain 1471-1714.

Tanner, J. R. Tudor Constitutional Documents. 1485-1603/

———, English Constitutional Conflicts of the Seventeenth Century 1603-1689.

Trevelyan, G. M. England under the Stuarts.

Green, V. H. H., The Hanoverians 1783-1939.

Muir, Ramsay, A Short History of the British Commonwealth, Vol, I and II.

Robertson, Sir Charles Grant, England under the Hanoverians.

J. A. R. Marriott, England Since Waterloo.

Carter and Mears, A History of Great Britain.

Goldwin Smith, A History of England

G. M. Treveleyan, England under the Stuarts.

G. M. Treveleyan, British History in the 19th century and After.

B. Williams, Whig Supermacy

Hearnshaw, Prime Ministers of England.

Ensor, England 1870-1914

H. L, Peacock, History of Modern Britain.

Sydney D. Baily, The British Party System.

Alan R. Ball, British Political Parties.

ড. ওয়াজেদ আলী, ইংল্যান্ডের ইতিহাস

ড. এম. শমশের আলী, ইংল্যান্ডের রাজনৈতিক ও শাসনতান্ত্রিক ইতিহাস

Course No. 206 Newspaper and Periodicals of Bengal, 1780-1971

- 1. Background of the origin of the newspapers in Bengal.
- 2. Christian missionaries and the Press.
- 3. English Press.
- 4. Bengali newspapers in 19th century.
- 5. Social reform movement and the Hindu Press.
- 6. Urdu, Persian and Hindi language newspapers in Bengal.
- 7. Partition of Bengal and the Press.
- 8. Swadeshi movement and the Press.
- 9. Terrorist movement and the Press.
- 10. Hindu-Muslim relation and the Press.
- 11. Newspaper Gagging Act in British India.
- 12. Origin and development of Muslim Journalism in Bengal.

- 13. Politics in early twentieth century Bengal and the role of the Press.
- 14. Development of socio-economic condition of the Muslims and the role of the Press.
- 15. Spread of modern education and the role of the Press.
- 16. Women awakening in Bengal and the Press.
- 17. Language movement in Eastern Bengal and the Press.
- 18. Emergence of Bangladesh: Role of the Press.
- 19. Press and Personalities:
 - i) James Augustus Hicky and the Bengal Gagettee (1780)
 - ii) J. C. Marshman and the Samachar Darpan 1818
 - iii) Ishwar Chandra Gupta and The Sangbad Pravakar 1831
 - iv) Kangal Harinath Majumdar and The Grambarta Prokashika 1863
 - v) Umeshchandra Dutt and the Bamabodhini Patrika 1863
 - vi) Shishir Kumar Ghosh and the Amritabazar Patrika 1868
 - vii) Sheikh Abdur Rahim and the Sudhakar 1889
 - viii) Ramananda Chattapadhyay and the Prabashi 1901
 - ix) Mawlana Mohammad Akram Khan and the Masik Mohammadi 1903
 - x) Mohammad Nasiruddin and the Saogat 1918
 - xi) Mohammad Nurul Huque Dashghari and the Al Islah
 - xii) Mowlana Mohammad Akram Khan and the Dainik Azad 1936

S. Natarajan, A History of the Press in India.

M. Chalapathi Rao, The Press in India.

Smarajit Chakraborti, The Bengali Press

Abdus Salam Khurshid, The Journalism in Pakistan

Mrinal Kanti Chanda, History of English Press in Bengal পার্থ চট্টোপাধ্যায়, বাংলা সংবাদপত্র ও বাঙালীর নব জাগরণ

ব্রজেন্দ্রনাথ বন্দোপাধ্যায় বাংলা সাময়িক পত্র ১৮১৮-১৮৬৮ ১ম খণ্ড

———, বাংলা সাময়িকপত্র ১৮৬৮-১৯০০ ২য় খণ্ড তারাপদ পাল, ভারতের সংবাদপত্র

নন্দলাল ভট্টাচার্য, সংবাদপত্রের ইতিবৃত্ত

আনিসুজ্জামান, মুসলিম বাংলার সাময়িকপত্র (১৮৩১-১৯৩০)

বংশী মান্না, ভারতীয় সংবাদপত্রের ইতিহাস রেভারেড জেমস লঙ, আদিপর্বে বাংলা প্রকাশনা ও সাংবাদিকতা মুনতাসীর মামুন, উনিশ শতকে বাংলাদেশের সংবাদ সামায়িকপত্র মুহাম্মদ জাহাঞ্জীর, স্মরণীয় সাংবাদিক সুধাংশু শেখর রায়, সাংবাদিকতা ঃ সাংবাদিক ও সংবাদপত্র উমা মখোপাধ্যায় ও হরিদাস মখোপাধ্যায়, ভারতের স্বাধীনতা আন্দোলনে যগান্তর পত্রিকার দান

Course No. 207 Archival Studies

Course Outline

- 1. Definition and characteristics of archives.
- 2. Differences of archives with museum and library.
- 3. The importance of archives in historical research.
- 4. Development of archives in Europe and America.
- 5. Gradual development of archives in Bangladesh.
- 6. Brief description of records preserved in zila muhafezkhana and the national archives of Bangladesh.
- 7. Archives administration in Bangladesh.
- 8. The characteristics of modern archives building.
- 9. Archives manual and ordinance in Bangladesh.
- 10. Record management: classification of records, registry system.
- 11. Appraisal of records and disposition system of records.
- 12. Preservation of Archival materials:
 - a) cause of deterioration of archival materials;
 - b) preservation method.
- 13. Archives automation Management.
- 14. Responsibilities and duties of an archivist.
- 15. Importance of establishing archive teaching unit in Bangladesh.

Books Recommended

Bengal Record Manual, Alipore: Govt. of Bengal Press, 1943.

Ratan Lal Chakraborty, "National Archives of Bangladesh" South Asia Research, University of London, Vol. II, 2 December, 1991, PP. 175-88 Florus Geraedts, 'Archives in Bangladesh: The Past and Present of a Young State', in Archives and Manuscripts, The Journal of the Australian Society of Archivists, No. 25, No I, May 1997, PP. 174-183.

Government of Bengal (Revenue Department), The Bengal Records Manual, 1928 Government of the Peoples Republic of Bangladesh (Ministry of Law and Law Reforms), The National Archives Ordinance, 1983, Ordinance No. XXX IX of 1983 Hodson, J. H., The Administration of Archives

H.. Jenkinson, A Manual of Archive Administration

Judith Ellis (ed.), Keeping Archives

K. M., Karim, 'Archival System in Bangladesh', Bangladesh Historical Studies, 1978-79. PP. 3-6

Schellenberg, T. R., Modern Archives, Principles and Techniques খোন্দকার মাহবুবুল করিম, আরকাইভস প্রশাসন

মো. ছাবের আলী, গ্রন্থাগার ও আরকাইভস ব্যবস্থাপনা, ক্ষতিগ্রস্থতা, সংরক্ষণ

মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, 'আঞ্চলিক ইতিহাস রচনায় জেলা মহাফেজখানা রক্ষিত নথিপত্রের গুরুত্ব ঃ রংপুর জেলা মহাফেজখানার নথি পত্রের সমীক্ষা (বিটিশ আমল)' The Rajshahi University Studies (Part A), vol. xvii, ১৯৯০

মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, 'রাজশাহী শহরের বিভিন্ন রেকর্ডরুমের নথিপত্রের সংরক্ষণ ব্যবস্থা', গবেষণা পত্রিকা (কলা অনুষদ), রাজশাহী বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়, ৭ম সংখ্যা ২০০১–২০০২

মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, 'রাজশাহী জেলা জজ রেকর্ডরুমে সংরক্ষিত নিথপত্রের সমীক্ষা এবং নথিপত্রে রাজশাহীর গ্রামীণ সমাজচিত্র ১৯৬০–১৯০০', Journal of Historical Research Vol. I 2003, PP. 0-18

মো. সাহাবুদ্দিন খান, আরকাইভস প্রশাসন ও ইতিহাস

সালমা ইসলাম, 'বাংলাদেশ জাতীয় আরকাইভসে সিলেট সংক্রান্ত দলিপত্র', শরিফউদ্দিন আহমেদ

(সম্পা.), সিলেট ইতিহাস ও ঐতিহ্য, ঢাকা: বাংলাদেশ ইতিহাস সমিতি, ১৯৯৯ —, আর্কাইভস প্রশাসন, ব্যবস্থাপনা, সংরক্ষণ, ঢাকা । ঐতিহ্য ২০০৪

সিরাজুল ইসলাম, 'ঢাকা সেক্রেটারিয়েট গ্রন্থাগারে সংরক্ষিত জেলা নথিপত্র ও বাংলার ইতিহাস', ইতিহাস সমিতি পত্রিকা দ্বিতীয় সংখ্যা, ১৩৮০/১৯৭৩

শরীফ উদ্দিন আহমেদ, 'বাংলাদেশের আরকাইভস রেকর্ডস ও ইতিহাস চর্চা', ইতিহাস সমিতি পত্রিকা, ১৪০২-০৪।

Course No. 208 History of Africa since Colonial Period

Course Outline

- 1. Geographical features of Africa.
- 2. Coming of the Europeans in Africa.
- 3. Rise and Development of Slave Trade.
- 4. European colonization in Africa in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

- 5. Causes of colonization in Africa.
- Scramble for Africa.
- 7. Nature of colonial rule in Africa : British, French, Italian and Belgian colonial rule.
- 8. Reaction to European rule in Africa : resistance, revolt, economic and political cooperation.
- 9. Impact of colonial administration on African society, politics and economy, apartheism.
- 10. Mineral resources of south Africa and their economic importance.
- 11. World War I and Africa, 1914-1918.
- 12. Africa between two World Wars, 1919-1939.
- 13. World War II and Africa, 1939-1945.
- 14. Nationalist movement in Africa: different phases of nationalism, nationalist movement and winning of independence by different colonies.
- 15. Problems of independent Africa: political instability, border dispute, military rule, tribal and ethnic problems.
- 16. African Unity and effort to achieve it: non-aligned movement, OAU and AU.
- 17. International relations: Africa and the USA, Africa and the Soviet Union, Africa and the China, Africa and the UNO.
- 18. Pan- Africanism.

Books Recommended:

Basil Davidson, Africa in Modern History: The Search for a New Society.

Basil Davidson, Modern Africa: A Social and Polotical History.

Colon Legum, Africa: A Handbook.

Hans Kohn and Wallace Sokolosky, African Nationalism in the Twentieth Century.

John Hatch, Africa: Today and Tomorrow.

L. H. Gann and Peter Duignan (ed.), Colonialism in Africa 1870-1960.

Mail Palmberg (ed.), The Struggle for Africa.

R. W. July, A History of African People.

Robin Hallet, Africa to 1875

Roland Oliver and Anthony Atmore, Africa Since 1800.

The Cambridge Encyclopaedia of Africa.

The Cambridge History of Africa, Vols. 6, 7 and 8

প্রফেসর ড. ওয়াজেদ আলী, আফ্রিকার ইতিহাস

ড. আবু মো. দেলোয়ার হোসেন ও অন্যান্য, আফ্রিকার ইতিহাস

সুমিত বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায়, আফ্রিকার চিত্র

ধ্রব গুপ্ত, পশ্চিম আফ্রিকার ইতিহাস

Course No. 209 Economic History of Bengal, 1757-1947

Course Outline

- 1. Battle of Plassey and the economy of Bengal:
 - a) Battle of Plassey and East India Company's investment policy in Bengal.
 - b) Battle of Plassey and weaving industry of Bengal.
 - c) Battle of Plassey and drain of wealth from Bengal.
- 2. Land revenue system:
 - a) acquisition of Diwani by the East India Conpany.
 - b) famine of 1769-70
 - c) land revenue experiments: Annual Settlement, Five Years Settlement, Decinial Settlement and Permanent Settlement.
 - d) zamindar-peasant relation.
 - e) peasant unrest: fakir and sannyasi rebellion (1763-1800) and faraizi movement.
- 3. Agriculture:
 - a) agricultural method, total area, total production, rate of growth.
 - b) government measures for agricultural development.
 - c) sources of agricultural labour.
 - d) cooperative movement.
- 4. Cash Crops:
 - a) Indigo
 - i. history of indigo cultivation
 - ii. indigo revolt 1859-61 and contributions of different classes (except peasant) to this movement.
 - iii. indigo revolt in literature
 - b) Tea
 - i. history of cultivation of tea
 - ii. cultivation of tea in specific areas
 - iii. economic life of labour
 - c) Jute
 - i. origin and development of jute cultivation
 - ii. importance of jute in the economy

- iii. emergence of middle class in East Bengal based on jute cultivation
- 5. Industry
 - a) silk industry
 - b) jute industry
 - c) cottage industry
- 6. Transport and communication
 - a) waterways
 - b) railways
- 7. Domestic trade
 - a) inter-provincial trade
 - b) coastal trade
- 8. Banking system
 - a) mahajani system
 - b) rise and development of banking system in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries
- 9. Tenancy Legislation
 - a) Tenancy Act of 1859
 - b) Tenancy Act of 1885
 - c) Agricultural Indebtedness Act of 1931
 - d) Rin Salishi (Debt Arbitration) Board
- 10. Famine of 1943
- 11. Industrial labour

Books Recommended:

- A. Z. M. I. Awal, The Industrial Development of Bengal, 1900-1939.
- B. B. Kling, The Blue Mutiny.
- B. H. Baden-Powel, The Land System of British India, Vol. I.
- B. M. Bhatia, Famines in India.
- D. H. Buchanan, The Development of Capitalist Enterprise in India.
- D. R. Gadgil, The Industrial Revolution in India in Recent Times.
- G. Blyn, Agricultural Trends in India, 1891-1947.
- J. C. Jack, Economic Life of a Bengal District.
- J. C. Sinha, The Economic Annals of Bengal.
- M. M. Islam, Bengal Agriculture, 1920-1946,
- M. W. Ali, Jute in the Agrarian History of Bengal, 1870-1914.
- N. Sanyal, Development of Indian Railways.
- N. K. Sinha, The Economic History of Bengal, Vol. I, II, and III

Ramesh Dutt, The Economic History of India in the Victorian Age

..., The Economic History of India Under Early British Rule.

- S. J. Patel, Agricultural Labourers in Modern India and Pakistan.
- T. S. Epsteirn, Economic Development and Social Change in South India.
- T. Shanian (ed.), Peasant and Peasant Societies.
- V. Anstey, The Economic Development in India.
- V. B. Singh (ed.), Economic History of India.
- W. W. Hunter, A Statistical Account of Bengal, 19 Vols.

Nurul H. Choudhury, Peasant Radicalism in Ninententh Century Bengal : Faraizi, Indigo and Pabna Movements.

প্রমোদ রঞ্জন সেনগুপ্ত, নীল বিদ্রোহ ও বাঙালী সমাজ।

সুবোধ কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায়, বাংলার আর্থিক ইতিহাস (উনবিংশ শতাব্দী)।

ড. এম. ওয়াজেদ আলী, বাংলার অর্থনৈতিক ইতিহাস, ১৭৫৭-১৯৪৭।

Course No. 210 Environment and Human Society

Course Outline

- 1. Environment and human health.
- 2. Upheaval of the environment and rehabilitation :
 - a) hurricane, floods and earthquake;
 - b) measures for the prevention of natural disasters.
- 3. Environment and population:
 - a) impact of population growth;
 - b) outcome of the pressure of population on nature.
- 4. Water resource:
 - a) surface water and ground water
 - b) consequences of wastage of water resource
 - c) water dispute
 - d) water management policy
 - e) use of water resources and its social and environmental impact
 - f) principles of different states with regard to the use of water resources.
- 5. Waste:
 - a) definitions of waste
 - b) industrialization and industrial wastes
 - c) necessity for the destruction of wastes
 - d) role of wastes in environmental disaster
- 6 Natural Resources:

- a) forest: role of forest in maintaining natural balance, use of forest, causes and results the deforestation, impact of the construction of embankment and mines
- b) mineral resource
- c) fuel resource
- d) land resource
- 7. Environmental pollution and its adverse effects:
 - a) air pollution;
 - b) water pollution;
 - c) land pollution;
 - d) sound pollution.
- 8. Global warming and its effects:
 - a) global warming and its effects
 - b) measures for the prevention of warming
 - c) policies of developed countries for the prevention of global warrning
- 9. Environment and nuclear arms race and nuclear accidents:
 - a) nuclear Missiles
 - b) nuclear Bomb
 - c) arms race in the outer space
 - d) nuclear disarmament
 - e) nuclear disaster
 - f) three mile island accident 1979
 - g) Chernobyle accident.
- 10. Environmental organizations and environmental movements. :
 - a) green peace movement, rainbow warrior.
 - b) WWF (World Wide Fund for Nature)
 - c) fund for wild nature.

Books Recommended:

Ehleringer, James R.; Cerling, Thure E.(Ed.), A History of Atmospheric CO2 and Its Effects on Plants, Animals, and Ecosystems, (Dearing, M.Denise, 2005). Sportisse, B.ed.), Air Pollution Modelling and Simulation, (Boston, 2002).

Bill Mckibben, Fight Global Warming Now: The Handbook for Taking Action in Your Community

Ernesto Zedillo, Global Warming: Looking Beyond Kyoto.

Marc Reisner, Cadillac Desert, The American West and Its Disappearing Water.

Carolyn Merchant, The Death of Nature: Women, Ecology, and the Scientific Revolution.

Calvin W. Rose, An Introduction to the Environmental Physics of Soil, Water and Watersheds, (Cambridge University Press 2004)

Malin Falkenmark and Johan Rockstrom (ed.), Balancing Water for Humans and Nature - the new approach in ecohydrology, (Earthscan July 2004.

Hardy, John T. Climate Change - Causes, Effects, and Solutions, (John Wiley and Sons, 2003

Barry L. Johnson, Environmental Policy and Public Health, (CRC Press. December 2006)

Clyde Burleson, Nuclear Afternoon: True Stories of Atomic Disasters

Course No. 211

History of Western Education in Bengal

Course Outline

- 1. State of education in the second half of the nineteenth century.
- 2. Forces working for the cause of a new education : company's civil officers, missionaries, public spirited Indians.
- 3. Charter Act of 1813 and education of the natives.
- 4. Anglicists and Orientalists, Macaulay's Minute on Education, Bentinck's resolution of 1835
- 5. Educational Despatch of 1854 : recommendations and significance, the new system at work.
- 6. Hunter Education Commission: objectives, recommendations and significance, progress of primary, secondary and higher education upto the end of the nineteenth century.
- 7. Development of education under Carzon.
- 8 Sadler Commission
- 9. Education under the Act of 1919.
- 10. Hartog Committee.
- 11. Sergeant Scheme of education.
- 12. Female education: surviving tradition, new turn, works of missionaries and philanthropers, Bethane, Vidyasagar and others, Woods Despatch, Education Commission of 1882, activities of various reformed social groups and associations.
- 13 Muslims and western education

Books Recommended:

Adam, John. The Evolution of Educational Theory, 1912.

Kneller, George F., Introduction to the Philosophy of Education, 2008.

Curtis, S. I. et. Al., A History of Educational Ideas, 1965.

Mokerjee, R. K., Ancient Indian Education, 1947.

Nel Noddings, Philosophy of Education, 1976.

Russell, B., Education and Social Order, 1932.

আনোয়ারুল্লাহ ভূঁইয়া, শিক্ষাদর্শন, তত্ত্ব ও ইতিহাস, ২০১০

Course No. 301 History of Bengal, 1757-1947

- 1. Establishment of the rule of East India Company in Bengal
- 2. Nawab Sirajuddowla and Battle of Plassey
- 3. Dual Government of Lord Clive
- 4. Fakir and Sannyasi rebellion
- 5. Famine of 1770
- 6. Permanent Settlement
- 7. Tenant uprising against zamindars and indigo movement
- 8. Reform movement in Muslim society: faraidi movement, wahabi Movement, tarikaye mohammadi movement
- 9. Hindu reform movement: Rammohan and movement for the abolition of Sati, Ishwarchandra Vidyasagar and widow remarriage movement, Derozio and Young Bengal Movement
- 10. Introduction of western education, Bengal Renaissance, growth of nationalism
- 11. Regeneration of Muslim society: Nawab Abdul Latif and Mohammedan Literary Society, Syed Ameer Ali and Central National Mohammedan Association.
- 12. Partition of Bengal of 1905, Hindu-Muslim reaction, swadeshi movement, Formation of All India National Congress, formation of All India Muslim League, separate electorates for Muslim, annulment of the Partition of Bengal of 1905

- 13. Politics of Bengal after Partition of 1905: Lucknow Pact, Khilafat and Non-Cooperation movement and Bengal Pact
- 14. Politics of Bengal and Partition of India: Government of India Act 1935, Election of 1937, first Haque Ministry, Lahore resolution, second Haque ministry, Nazimuddin ministry and famine of 1943, election of 1946, Suhrawardy's ministry, Cabinet Mission plan, reaction of Congress and Muslim League, movement for united independent Bengal, Mountbatten plan and Partition of India.

Sirjal Islam (ed.), History of Bangladesh (in 3 vols.)

N. K. Sinha (ed.), History of Bengal (1757-1905).

 $A.\ F.\ Salahuddin\ Ahmed,\ Social\ Ideas\ and\ Social\ Changes\ in\ Bengal,\ 1818-1835.$

Nemai Sadhan Bose, Indian Awakening and Bengal.

M. Abdur Rahim, Muslim Society and Politics in Bengal: 1757-1947.

J. N. Sarkar, History of Bengal, vol. II,

A R. Mallick, British Policy and the Muslims in Bengal, 1757-1856.

Gautam Chattopadhyay, Bengal: Early Nineteenth Century.

Amalendu De, Roots of Separatism in Nineteenth Century Bengal.

Foundation of All India National Congress

রমেশচন্দ্র মজুমদার, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস (আধুনিক যুগ)।

সিরাজুল ইসলাম (সম্পা.), বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস (১৭০৪–১৯৭১) ৩ খণ্ড

ড. মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস, ১৯০৫-৪৭

আ: রহিম, বাংলার মুসলমানদের ইতিহাস

Course No. 302

History of the United States of America, 1776-1865

Course Outline

1. Introduction and the American War of Independence (1775-1783): British Policy of exploitation- decrease in colonial allegiance, Anglo-French conflict, 1763- a year of landmark, Stamp Act crisis, opposition to Townshend Acts, anarchical situation, the boston Tea Party, Declaration of Independence-the Wars of Independence.

- 2. America in the Federal Era: ideological conflicts, the Government during the revolution, Articles of Confederation, the constitution of the United States, federal system, policy of separation of powers and approval of the constitution.
- 3. Federalists and the Republicans: George Washington's administration, his foreign policy, growth of the party system and emergence of bi-partisan politics, Thoman Jefferson's ideas, war of 1812.
- 4. Monoe Doctrine: emergence of nationalism, US foreign policy.
- 5. Jacksonian democracy: new political power, administration of Andrew Jackson, rise of the Whigs, the trail of tears.
- 6. The Manifest Destiny: The Texas issue, expansion to the west and policy, Mexico policy.
- 7. Regional conflicts: background of the conflict, settlement pact of 1850, end of the compromise system.
- 8. Growth of market and industrial economy (1800-1860): development of transport and communication system, construction of canals and establishment of the railways, industries and factories, commercialization of agricultural products, abundance of wealth.
- 9. The slavery and flourishment of the economy: continued agricultural economy of the South, yeoman farmers, slave owner planters, condition of the slaves and slave culture, tension in the slave oriented society.
- 10. The US Civil War (1861-1865): The North and the South on the brink of conflict on the issue of slavery, causes and events of the civil war, dissolution of the union, declaration of the abolition of slavery and its results.

Books Recommended:

Glem M. Linden, A History of Our American Republic.

Henry Bamford parkes, The United States of America, A History.

Henry W. Bragdon and Samuel P. Mc. Cutchen, History of A Free People.

Irwin Unger, These United States: The Qestions of Our Past to 1877. Vol. I.

John A. Garry. The American Nation : A History of the United States to 1877. Vol. I

Mary Beth Norton. A People and A Nation : A History of the United States. Vols. I and II.

Oliver Perry Chitwood, A History of Colonial America.

Stephen B. Oates. Portrait of America: Vol I From the European Discovery to the End of Reconstruction.

Course No. 303 History of Europe, 1453-1789

Course Outline

- 1. Characteristics of the modern age.
- 2. Renaissance: origins and meaning, renaissance in Italy, Humanism: renaissance in northern Europe, significance of the renaissance.
- 3. Italian wars 1494-1527.
- 4. Geographical discoveries: motives, course and results.
- 5. Reformation : origins of the reformation, Martin Luther, Zwingli and Calvin, effects of the Reformation.
- 6. Counter Reformation: meaning new religious orders, Jesuits, Council of Trent, Index and Inquisition, effects of the couter-reformation.
- 7. Rise and decline of Spain: Ferdinand and Isabella, Charles V, Philip II, decline of Spain.
- 8. Making of the Netherlands: origin of Dutch independence, revolt in the Netherlands, causes of Dutch success.
- 9. French wars of religion: political and social background, rise of the Hugenots, wars of religion, effects of the religious wars.
- 10. Reconstruction of France : Henry IV, Cardinal Richelieu and Cardinal Mazarin.
- 11. Ascendancy of France : domestic and foreign policy of Louis XIV, French culture.
- 12. Thirty years war : origins of the war, the war, Treaty of Westphalia, effect of the war on Germany.
- 13. Rise of Sweden: Swedish independence, Swedish imperialism.

- 15. Rise of Russia: Peter the Great and Catherine the Great.
- 16. Growth of Prussia: The Hohenzollerns, Frederick William the Great Elector, King Frederick I, Frederick William I, Frederick II the Great.
- 17. Austria: Maria Theresa and Joseph II.
- 18. War of Spanish succession (1701-1713): problems of succession, outbreak of war, campaigns, Peace of Utrecht (1713)
- 19. War of Austrian succession (1740-1748): claimants to Austria, Hapsburg dominions, outbreak of war, compaigns, Peace of Aixla-Chapelle (1748).
- 20. Seven years War (1756-1763): reforms in Austria, diplomatic revolution, position of France, campaigns in Europe, war in the colonies, Peace of Paris (1763), effect of the war.
- 21. Partitions of Poland: condition of Poland, attitude of European powers, first partition (1772), second partition (1793), third partition (1795).
- 22. Enlightenment and enlightened despotism.
- 23. Origin of the French Revolution.

Books Recommended

V.H.H Green, Renaissance and Reformation.

Harold J. Grima, The Reformation Era.

C. J.H. Hayes, Modern Europe to 1870.

E.J. Knapton, Europe to 1450-1815.

Robert Ergang, Europe from the Renaissance to Waterloo.

Stuart Andrews, Eighteenth Century Europe.

P.J. Helm, History of Europe 1450-1660.

T.W. Riker, A Short History of Modern Europe.

Course No. 304 History of the Soviet Union Since 1917

Course Outline

- 1. Location of Russia: social, political and economic condition
- 2. Revolution of 1905: causes, nature and failure
- 3. February Revolution (1917)
- 4. V. I. Lenin and April thesis
- 5. October socialist revolution (1917): causes and nature
- 6. Civil war: causes and results
- 7. Establishment of Bolshevik Government : early measures of new government,. war communism
- 1. New economic policy : main features, success, importance, strategic retreat
- 2. Formation of the USSR: causes and process of building up a multi-national state
- 3. Socio-economic reconstruction : aims and success of the first and second five year plans, industrial policy of Stalin
- 4. Soviet foreign policy in the inter-war period : aims and Success
- 5. The great patriotic war of the Soviet Union : participation in World War II, main battles, results
- 6. Post- war reconstruction: role of Stalin
- 7. Soviet Union after Stalin : de-Stalinization, Khrushchev and his secret speech.
- 8. Cold war: varions manifestations
- 9. Policy of peaceful co-existence: causes and results
- 10. Brejnev doctrine
- 11. Cuban missile crisis: Soviet-American relation
- 12. Soviet Union and East Europe : dominance, resistance and conflict
- 13. Life and culture in Soviet Union : social structure, education, science, intellectual activities, religion.
- 14. Mikhael Gorbachev: Glasnost and Perestroika
- 15. Mikhael Gorbachev's foreign policy

16. Decline and fall of the Soviet Union.

Books Recommended

- C. Hill, Lenin and the Russian Revolution.
- D. J. Dallin, Soviet Foreign Policy after Stalin.

Dallin and Larson, Soviet Politics Since Khruschev.

- E. H. Carr, The Bolshevik Revolution (1917-1923)
- E. H. Carr, The Russian Revolution from Lenin to Stalin.
- J. Toynbee (ed.), The Impact of the Russian Revolution.
- P. Dukes, A History of Russia.
- K. Dwisha, Eastern Europe, Gorbachev and Reform.
- L. Kochan, The Making of Modern Russia
- R. J. Hill (ed.), Gorbachev and Perestroika

Samsonov (ed.), A Short History of the USSR

- W. Kirchner, A History of Russia.
- W. Lenhard, The Kremlin and the West.

মিখাইল মের্গেইভিচ গোর্বাচেভ, পেরেস্ত্রোইকা ও নতুন ভাবনা

ম.আলেক্সেয়েভ ও অন্যান্য, সোভিয়েত ইউনিয়নের সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস

Course No. 305 History of Science and Technology

- 1. Definition of science, relation of science with philosophy.
- 2. Origin and development of science.
- 3. Iron age and spread of technology.
- 4. Beginning of agriculture, transformation of environment, development of technology and engineering
- 5. Development of civilization and progress of science.
- 6. Development of science during and after the fall of the Roman Empire.
- 7. Chinese and islamic science.
- 8. Spread of technology in the Middle Ages and economic transformation.
- 9. Development of science in the sixteenth, seventeenth centuries.
- 10. Rise of rationalism and science.
- 11. Science in the twentieth century : chemistry, physics, astronomy, biology.

- 12. Modern science: genetics, medicine, physics, technology.
- 13. Science and scientists.

Benjamin Farrington: Greek Science.

George Sarton: Introduction to the History of Science.

Gordon Child: What Happened in History.

J. D. Bernal: Science in History, 4 Vols.

———, The Social Function of Science.

J. G. Growther, The Social Relation of Science.

সমরেন্দ্র সেন, বিজ্ঞানের ইতিহাস, ১ম ও ২য় খণ্ড

Course No. 306 Historiography

Course Outline

- 1. History:
 - a) definition
 - b) subject matter and scope
 - c) importance of the study of history
 - d) Is history science or an art
 - e) relations of history with other subjects
 - f) methods of writing history: selection of data, explanation of causal connection
- 2. Classification of history:
 - a) political.
 - b) economic.
 - c) social.
 - d) cultural.
 - e) diplomatic and military.
 - f) scientific.
 - g) qualitative.
 - h) quantitative. and
 - i) world history.
- 3. Chinese historiography:
 - a) Hiuen Tsang

- b) Tsuma kien
- 4. Greek historiography:
 - a) Herodotus.
 - b) Thucydides.
 - c) Polybius.
 - d) limitations of Greek historiography.
- 5. Roman historiography:
 - a) Livy.
 - b) Tacitus.
- 6. Christian historiography:
 - a) Christian historical philosophers and historians.
 - b) Saint Augustine.
- 7. Muslim historiography:
 - a) Development of Muslim historiigraphy.
 - b) Al Tabari
 - c) Al Masudi
 - d) Ibn khaldun
 - e) Al Beruni
- 8. Modern historiography:
 - a) Leopold von Ranke, Edward Gibbon, Arnold Toynbee, Auguste, Comte.
- 9. Indian historiography:
 - a) Characteristics of ancient, medieval and modern Indian historiography.
 - b) Several Indian historians: Kalhana, Sandhyakar Nandi, Minhaj-us-Siraj, Amir Khasru, Ziauddin Barani, Baburnama, Humayun nama, Abul Fazl, Jahangir nama Abbas Khan Sherwani, Muhammad Kashim Firishta, Charles Stuart, William Wilson Hunter, Ramesh Chandra Majumder, Sir Jadunath Sarker, A.B.M. Habibullah, Abdul Karim.

Books Recommended

D. M. Sturley, The Study of History.

E. H. Carr, What is History.

George Wilhelm Frederich Hegel, The Philosophy of History.

Marl Lowit, Meaning in History.

Mohibbul Hassan (ed.), Historians of Medieval India.

R. G. Collingwood, The Idea of History.

Ernst Breisach, Historiography: Ancient, Medieval and Modern. (Chicago and Nur Ahmed, A Short History of the Muslim Historians, Travellers, Chronicles, Geographers and their works.

এম. দেলোয়ার হোসেন, ইতিহাসতত্ত্ব ড. গোলাম রসুল, মুসলিম ইতিহাস চর্চা মমতাজুর রহমান তরফদার, ইতিহাস ও ঐতিহাসিক গোলাম কিবরিয়া, ইতিহাসতত্ত্ব

Course No. 307 Cultural History of Bangladesh

Course Outline

- 1. Definition, sources, characteristics and importance of culture
- 2. Origin of the Bengalis
- 3. Homeland of the Bengalis
- 4. Religious beliefs in ancient Bengal
- 5. Introduction and development of Buddhist culture
- 6. Vedic religion and the Bengalis
- 7. Ancient language and literature of Bengal
- 8. Sena rule: development of Vedic culture, spread of caste system and Bengali society
- 9. Advent of Islam and its impact on Bengali culture
- 10. Social, economic and religious life of the people in medieval Bengal
- 11. Sri Chaitanya and Bhakti movement
- 12. Economy and land tenure system of medieval Bengal
- 13. Permanent Settlement and new social stratification
- 14. Influence of christianity on Bengali culture
- 15. Development of Western education and the Bengal renaissance
- 16. Emergence of Hindu middle class
- 17. Emergence of Muslim middle class
- 18. Development of political consciousness among the middle class; Bengali muslims during the first-three decades of the 20th century
- 19. Origion and development of Bengali nationalism

20. Impact of modernism on Bengali society and culture.

Books Recommended Abdul Karim, Social History of the Muslims in Bengal. অতুল সুর, বাংলার সাংস্কৃতিক ইতিহাস; বিনয় ঘোষ, বাংলার নবজাগৃতি সুবোধ কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায়, বাঙালি মধ্যবিত্ত ও তার মানসলোক

Coursr No. 308 Ethnic Minorities of Bangladesh

- 1. Definition of ethnic minorities.
- 2. The name, identity, location and number of ethnic minorities of Bangladesh.
- 3. Ethnic minorities of Chittagong Hill Tracts: (Chakma, Marma, Mro, Lushai, Tripura, etc): anthropological identity, naming, arrival, language and literature, education, food and drink, dress, housing, religious beliefs, system of marriage, social structure, economic life, cultural life, festivals, land settlement, agriculture, trade and industry.
- 4. The history of the Bomang, Chakma and Bomang Circles of Chittagong Hill Tracts.
- 5. The local government of Chittagong Hill Tracts.
- 6. Ethnic minorities: of Sylhet (Khasia, Manipuri, Patra, Communities): anthropological identity, names, arrival, language and literature, education, food and drink, dress, housing, religious beliefs, system of marriage, social structure, economic life, cultural life, festivals, occupation, land settlement, agriculture, trade and industry.
- 7. Ethnic Minorities of Mymensingh (Garo, Hajong, Banai, Dalu, Hody, Koch): anthropological identity, pattern of name, arrival, language and literature, education, food and drink, dress, housing, religious beliefs, system of marriage, social structure, economic life, cultural life, festivals, occupation, land settlement, agriculture trade and industry.
- 8. Ethnic minorities: Southern Region: (Rakhains Communities)

- 9. Ethnic minorities: North Bengal (Santal, Oraon, Munda, Bhuimali, Mahali, Mahato, Rajbanshi, Koch): anthropological indentity, naming, arrival, language and literature, education, food and drink, dress, housing, religious beliefs, system of marriage, social structure, economic life, cultural life and festivals, occupation, land settlement, agriculture trade and industry.
- 10. Problems and demands of the ethnic minorities of Bangladesh.
- 11. National and local political parties, student and women organizations of the ethnic minorities of Bangladesh.
- 12. The struggle and movement of the ethnic minorities: santal and Hajong Rebelion, Dissatisfaction and Shanti Bahini, the Chittagong Hill Tracts peace treaty.
- 13. Women in ethnic minority communities.
- 14. The role of the ethnic minorities in the liberation war of Bangladesh.
- 15. The activities of christian missionaries among Ethnic minorities.

Bangladesh, Chittagong Hill Tracts, Kaptai and Rangamati R. H.Hutchinson, An Account of the Chittagons Hill Tracts

M. Ishaq, Bangladesh District Gazetteers : Chittagong Hill Tracts Mesbah Kamal and others (ed.), Santal Community in Bangladesh Problems and Prospects

W. A. Kermani, 'Chittagong Hills Tracts', Pakistan Review, 2: I

T. H. Lewin, Hill Proverbs of the Inhabitants of the Chittagong Hill Tracts

Mahmud Shah Qureshi, Tribal Culture in Bangladesh

A. B. Rajput, Among the Murungs in Bandarban Forest

Haroon-er- Rashid, 'Chittagong Hill Tract', Pakistan Quarterly, 16: 1-4

Sarat Candra Roy, Oraon Religion and Customs

Abdus Sattar, Tribal Culture in Bangladesh

William Van Schendel, (ed.), Francis Buchanon in Southern Bengal (1798): His

Journey to Chittagong, the Chittagong Hill Tracts, Noakhali and Comilla

অরুণ খালকো, উরাওদের আদি ইতিহাস

অশোক বিশ্বাস, বাংলাদেশের রাজবংশী সমাজ ও সংস্কৃতি

আজাদ বুলবুল, পার্বত্য চট্টগ্রামের ত্রিপুরা ভাষা পরিচিতি

আলী আহাম্মদ খান আইয়োব, গারো পাহাড় অঞ্চলের আদিবাসী

বাংলাদেশের হাজং সম্প্রাদায়

আবদুস সাতার, আরণ্যে জনপদে

নব বিক্রম কিশোর ত্রিপুরা, বাংলাদেশের ত্রিপুরা জনগোষ্টি: ভাষা সংস্কৃতি ও ঐতিহ্য বিদ্ধম চন্দ্র চাকমা, চাকমা সমাজ ও সংস্কৃতি বিপ্রদাস বড়ুয়া (সম্পা.), পার্বত্য চউ্টগ্রামের সাহিত্য ও সংস্কৃতি মুস্তফা মজিদ, বাংলাদেশের রাখাইন আর্থ-সামাজিক ও প্রশাসনিক সমীক্ষা মুস্তফা মজিদ (সম্পা.), বাংলাদেশের মঙ্গোলীয় আদিবাসী মুহম্মদ আবদুল জলিল, বাংলাদেশের সাঁওতাল সমাজ ও সংস্কৃতি ও. মুহম্মদ আবদুল জলিল, উত্তরবঙ্গের আদিবাসী লোকজীবন ও লোকসাহিত্য ওরাও মেসবাহ কামাল ও অন্যান্য, নিজ ভূমে পরবাসী: উত্তর বঙ্গের আদিবাসীর প্রান্তিকতা ডিসকোর্স মেসবাহ কামাল ও আরিফাতুন কিবরিয়া (সম্পা.), বিপন্ন ভূমিজ অন্তিত্বের সংকটে আদিবাসী সমাজ সেমবাহ কামাল, কাহিদুল ইসলাম, সুগত চাকমা (সম্পাদিত), আদিবাসী জনগোষ্ঠী, বাংলাদেশ সাংস্কৃতিক সমীক্ষামালা-ধ
ড. রতন লাল চক্রবর্তী, সিলেটের নিঃম্ব আদিবাসী পাত্র রসময় মোহান্ত, সিলেট অঞ্চলের আদিবাসী প্রেক্ষিত ও শব্দকর সমাজ সমীক্ষা শাহরিয়ার কবির, শান্তির পথে অশান্ত পার্বত্য চউগ্রাম সনজীব দ্রং, আদিবাসী মেয়ে

Course No. 309 Archaeological Heritage of Bengal upto 1757

- Important archaeological sites of Bengal : Pandurajar Dhibi, Mahasthangarh, BhasuVihara, Wari-Bateshwara, Chandraketugarh, Bangarh, Paharpur, Mainamati, Tamluk, Jagajjibanpur, Gaur, Lakhnauti, Pandua, Sonargaon.
- 2. Buddhist viharas of Bengal.
- 3. Architecture of Bengal: remains of stupas and temples.
- 4. Folk art of Paharpur and Mainamati.
- 5. The sculptural art of Bengal : sculptures of the Sunga, Kushana and Gupta Periods, Sculptures of 7th and 8th Centuries.
- 6. Second phase of sculptural art: eastern school of sculpture, evolution and features of Pala and Sena sculpture (750-1250 AD)
- 7. Paintings of Bengal (C. 1000-1250 AD): illustrated manuscripts.
- 8. Architecture of Sultanate period : Adina mosque of Pandua, Darashari mosque Chotta and Bara sona mosque of Gaur, Bagha mosque and Kushumba mosque of Rajshahi, Shat gumbad

mosque of Bagerhat, Gombuj Tower of Gaur, firoza tower of Pandua, Gaur fort, Goaldi mosque of Sonargaon.

9. Architecture of Mughal period:

Malda jami mosque, Musa Khan's mosque, Shah Niamatullah mosque, Khwaja Shahbaz mosque, sat gumbad mosque, Kartalab Khan mosque, tomb of Pari Bibi, jor-Bangla temple, Kantanagar temple, bara katra, chhota katra, Lalbagh fort, Idrakpur fort, Sonakanda fort.

Books Recommended

Nazimuddin Ahmed, Mainamati.

Nazimuddin Ahmed, Mahasthan.

S. Husain, Everyday Life in the Pala Empire.

M.M.Hoque, Pre-historic and Proto- historic Settlement Pattern of Bengal Delta,

B.M Morrison, Lalmai, A Cultural Center of Early Bengal.

K.N.Dixshit, Excavations at Paharpur, Memoirs of the Archaeological Survey of India, 55.

A.B.M. Husain (ed.), Mainamati-Devaparvata.

_____, Architechture : A History through the Ages

Sufi mostafizur Rahman (ed.), Archaeological Heritage

নাজিমুদ্দিন আহমেদ, মহাস্থান, ময়নামতি ও পাহাড়পুর

নীহাররঞ্জন রায়, বাঙালীর ইতিহাস (আদিপর্ব)

সরসী কুমার সরস্বতী, পাল যুগের চিত্রকলা

কল্যাণ গাঙ্গুলী, পাল যুগের ভাস্কর্য

আবুল কালাম মোহাম্মদ জাকারিয়া, বাংলাদেশের প্রত্নসম্পদ,

মোকাম্মেল হোসেন ভূঁইয়া, প্রাচীন বাংলার পোড়ামাটির শিল্প

সিরাজুল ইসলাম (সম্পা.), বাংলাপিডিয়া

এ.বি.এম. হোসেন (সম্পা.), স্থাপত্য : কালানুক্রমের একটি ধারাবাহিক ইতিহাস

সুফি মোম্ভাফিজুর রহমান (সম্পা.), প্রত্নতাত্ত্বিক ঐতিহ্য

Course No.: 310

History of South Asia (Excluding Bangladesh) Since 1947

- 1. (a) South Asia: Definition of South Asia, its land and people
 - (b) Geo-Political Singnificance of the Region
 - (c) Religions of South Asia
 - (d) Language of South Asia
- 2. Post-Independence South Asia
 - (a) Nation-Building and Ethnicity: (1) India, (2) Pakistan,
 - (3) Nepal, (4) Srilanda, (5) Bhutan, (6) Maldives
 - (b) Government and politics in South Asia since 1947: (1) India,
 - (2) Pakistan, (3) Nepal, (4) Srilanda, (5) Bhutan, (6) Maldives
 - (c) Educational development: (1) India, (2) Pakistan,
 - (3) Nepal, (4) Srilanda, (5) Bhutan, (6) Maldives
 - (d) Economic development: (1) India, (2) Pakistan, (3) Nepal,
 - (4) Srilanda, (5) Bhutan, (6) Maldives
 - (e) Military Rule.
- 3. Foredign Policy and Security issues in South Asia
 - A. Inter-State Relations in South Asia:
 - (1) India-Pakistan
 - (2) India-Sri Landa
 - (3) Bangladesh-India
 - (4) Bangladesh-Pakistan
 - (5) India's Relations with Nepal and Bhutan
 - (6) Bangladesh and the Smaller South Asian States
 - (B) Security Issues in South Asia:
 - (1) Intra-State
 - (2) Inter-State
 - (3) Extra-Regional and Global
 - (4) Environmental

- 4. South Asia and the World:
- A. Relations with the Major Countries:
 - (1) South Asia and the United States
 - (2) The Former Soviet Union, Russia and South Asia
 - (3) China and South Asia
 - (4) South Asia and Japan
 - (5) South Asia and the Muslim World
- (B) Relations with the World Organisations:
 - (1) United Nations Organisation
 - (2) Non-Alignment Movement
 - (3) Organization of Islamic Conference
- 5. South Asia: Frameworks for Cooperation:
 - A. SAARC
 - B. SAPTA
 - C. SAGQ
 - D. BEMSTEC
 - E. IOZP
 - F. IOR

Athukorala, Prema-Chandra, Trade Policy Issues in Asian Development

Athukorale, Prema Chandra (ed.), The Economic Development of South Asia,

Banler, Baxter, Craig et al, Govenment and Politics in South Asia

Bipan Chandra, Ideology and Politics in Modern India

Bose, Sugata and Jalal, Ayesha, Modern South Asia-History, Culture, Politics Economy

Bracken, Paul, Fire in the East: The Rise of Asian Military Power and the Second Nuclear Age

Brudnock, Robert W. Agricultural Change in South Asia

Chapman, Graham, The Geopolitics of South Asia : Form Early Empires to the Nuclear Age

Farmer, H., An Introduction to South Asia

Hasan, Mushirul, Legacy of a Devided Nation : India's Muslims Since Independance

----Between Modernity and Nationalism

Farmer B. H., Cylon. A Divided Nation

George, Sudhir Jacob (ed.), Intra and Inter-state Conflicts in South Asia

Hasan, Mushirul and Nakazato, Naraiki (eds.), The Unfinished Agenda: Nation Building in South Asia

Jalal, Ayesha, Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia : A Comparative and Historical Perspective

Mitra, Subrata K., Political Parties in South Asia

Osella, Filippo and Gardner, Katy (eds.), Migration, Modernity and Social Transformation in South Asia

Sahadevan, P (ed.), Conflict and Peacemaking in South Asia

Schofield, Victoria, Kashmir in Conflict: India, Pakistan and the Unending War Shastri, Amita, and Wilson, A, Jeyaratnam, Post-Colonial State of South Asia: Political and Constitutional Problems

Stern, Robert W, Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia : Dominant Classes and Political Outcomes in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh

Subrahmanyam, Sanjay (ed), Land, Politics and Trade in South Asia

Thakur, Ramesh, and Wiggen, Oddny (eds), South Asia in the World: Problem Solving Perspectives on Security Sustainable Development and Good Government Tinker, Hugh, South Asia: A Short History

Debendra Kumar Das (ed), SAARC: Regional Co-operation and Development

Khaled B. Sayeed, The Political System of Pakistan

Paramanand, Political Development in South Asia

Monzoor Ahmed, Contemporary Pakistan: Politics, Economy and Society

Ram Rahul, Modern Bhutan

Promed Kumar Mishra, South Asia in International Politics

M. N. Venkataramanappa, Modern Asia

Stanley Wolpert, Roots of Conflict in South Asia

Dinesh Kumar Singh, Power Politics in South Asia

Kalim Bahadur. South Asia in Transition

Arun Kumar Banerji (ed.), Security Issues in South Asia

Nancy Jetley (ed.), Regional Security in South Asia

Barun De & Ranabir Samaddar (deds.), State Development and Political Culture Bangladesh and India

Syed Anwar Husain, Superpowers and Security in the Indian Ocean : A South Asian Perspective

ড. মোহাম্মদ আব্দুল ওদুদ ভুঁইয়া, দক্ষিণ ও দক্ষিণ-পূর্ব এশিয়া : সমাজ ও রাজনীতি

-সামাজিক পরিবর্তন ও রাজনৈতিক উনুয়নের রূপরেখা

ইয়াসমিন আহমেদ ও রাখী বর্মণ, দক্ষিণ এশিয়ার রাজনীতি ও সরকার: ভারত, পাকিস্তান, নেপাল ও শ্রীলংকা

সৈয়দ সিরাজুল ইসলাম, সামাজিক পরিবর্তন ও উনুয়নশীল দেশের রাজনীতি

এমাজ উদ্দিন আহমেদ, তুলনামূলক রাজনীতি ও রাজনৈতিক বিশ্লেষণ

ড. তারেক শামসুর রেহমান, সেনাবাহিনীর ভূমিকা ও উন্নয়ন প্রসঙ্গ-নয়া বিশ্ব ব্যবস্থা ও আন্তর্জাতিক রাজনীতি

মাসুদুজ্জামান ও ফেরদৌস হোসেন (সম্পা.), বিশ্বায়ন : সংকট ও সম্ভাবনা অনাদিকুমার মহাপাত্র, ভারতের শাসনব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি। সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, বাংলাদেশ, দক্ষিণ এশিয়া ও বহি:বিশ্ব সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, বাংলাদেশ ও ইসলামী বিশ্ব

Course No. 311 Women Studies

Course Outline

- 1. Introduction: Definition and scope of women studies; development of women studies, prospect of women studies, state of women studies in South Asia, state of women studies in Bangladesh.
- 2. Position of women in society: causes of the low states of women in society, role of family, educational institutions and religion in determing the states of women.
- 3. Reaction of women: emergence of organized opposition of women; feminism: liberal, socialist and radieal feminism, balck feminism, feminism in developing countries.
- 4. Historical women personalities.
- 5. Women in modern Bengal: socio-economic condition of women in the eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth centuries.
- 6. Women awakening in Bengal : role of personalities, press and women organizations.
- 7. Women liberation movement in Bengal: demand for social and legal rights, franchise and reservation of peats in the legislature.
- 8. Bengal women in political movement : swadeshi khilafat, non-cooperation, civil disobedience and quit india movement, language and liberation movement of Bangladesh.
- 9. Women in Bangladesh: women in education, profession and politics, empowerment of women, NGOs and women of Bangladesh.
- 10. Rights of women and laws of the state.

11. World women conferences and women of Bangladesh.

Books Recommended

Kumkum Sangari and Sudesh Vaid, Recasting Women
Meredith Borthwick, The Changing Role of Women in Bengal, 1849-1905
V. C. Joshi (ed.), Rummohun Roy and the Process of Modernization in India
Sonia Nishat Amin, The World of Muslim Women in Colonial Bengal, 1876-1939
Chafe, William H. The American Woman, 1920-1970 (Newyork: Oxford, 1980
Blood, Robert and Donald Wolfe, Husbands and Wives: The Dynamic of
Married Lives (Glencoe: The Ffree Press, 1960)

Anderson, Mary, Women at Work (Minneapolis: Univ. of Minnesota Press, 1951) Jaquette, Jane S., (ed.), The Womens Movement in Latin America (Boulder: Westview), 1994.

Miller, Francesca, Latin American Woman and the Search for Social Justice (Hanover: Univ. Press of New England, 1991)

সমরেন্দ্র সেনগুপ্ত (সম্পা.), বিভাব, শারদীয় সংখ্যা, ১৯৯১

কমলা দাসগুপ্ত, স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে বাংলার নারী

নিবেদিতা দাশ পুরকায়স্থ, মুক্তিমঞ্চে নারী

ছবি রায়, বাঙালীর নারী আন্দোলন

তাহ্মিনা আলম, বেগম রোকেয়া সাখাওয়াত হোসেন, চিন্তা-চেতনার ধারা ও সমাজকর্ম তাহ্মিনা আলম, বাংলার সাময়িকপত্রে বাঙালি মুসলিম নারী সমাজ ১৯০০-১৯৪৭ রত্নাবলী চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও গৌতম নিয়োগী (সম্পা.), ভারত ইতিহাসে নারী

কষ্ণকলি বিশ্বাস, স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামের মঞ্চে ভারতের নারী

Course No. 312 Muslim Civilization

- 1. Political Ascendancy: Hazrat Muhammad (PHUH) and Khulafae-Rashidun, Umayyad dynasty, Abbasid dynasty, Spain, Egyptian and North African Khilafats. Safavi Dynasty, Sassanid, Dynasty.
- 2. Sassanid Civilization, Byzantine Civilization, their Contributions to Muslim Civilization.
- 3. Religious Beliefs and Institutions.
- 4. Contributions of Masjid and Madrasah.
- 5. Rights and Obligations of Head of the States and Khalifah.

- 6. Influence of Kharezites, Shia, Asabiyya, Ashariya and Various Sects.
- 7. Muslim Family Life, Marrige, Childern, Rearing, Duties Towards Parents, Relatives, Neighbours.
- 8. Social Status of Women in Islam, Slaves, Non-Muslim and Position of Mawalis.
- 9. Islamic Jurisprudence: Hadith, Quran, Ijma, Qiyas and Four School of thoughts.
- 10. Economic Life, Trade and Commerce, Internal and Foreign Trade.
- 11. Contributions of the Muslim Intellectuas in World Civilization.
- 12. Cultural Institutions and Festivals.
- 13. Intellectual Flourishing.
- 13. Spread of Teaching and Learning, Development of Knowledge and Science.
- 14. Growth and Development of Town or Cities.
- 15 Muslim art and Architecture

Muslim Civilization:

S. Khuda Baksh, Islamic Civilization

----, The Orient under the Caliphs.

M. Walt, Mohammad The Prophet and Statesman.

J. Welhausen, Arab Kingdom and its Fall.

P. K. Hitti, History of the Arabs.

W. Muir, The Caliphate its Rise Decline and Fall.

Lammens, Islamic Beliefs and Practices.

Bernard Lewis, The Arabs in History.

Syed Ameer Ali, The Spirit of Islam.

T. W. Arnold, Legacy of Islam.

Wilson, B. E., Islamic History of the Middle East.

সৈয়দ আমীর আলী, আরব জাতির ইতিহাস (অনুদিত)

——, স্পিরিট অব ইসলাম (অনুদিত)

মফিজুল্লাহ কবীর, মুসলিম সভ্যতার স্বর্ণযুগ।

——, ইসলাম ও খেলাফত।

ইসলামিক ফাউন্ডেশন, ইসলামী বিশ্বকোষ (১-২৪)।

Course No. 401 Constitutional History of South Asia Since 1773

Course Outline

- 1. Various Parliamentary Acts, 1773-1853
- 2. Act for the better Government of India, 1858
- 3. Indian councils Act of 1861, 1892 and 1909.
- 4. Government of India Act, 1919 (Montegu-Chemsford Reforms, 1919)
- 5. Simon Commission (1927-1930) and Nehru Report, 1928
- 6. Government of India Act, 1935
- 7. Towards independence
 - a) August proposal, 1940
 - b) Cripps proposal, 1942
 - c) Cabinet mission plan, 1946
 - d) Mountbatten plan, 1947
- 8. Indian Independence Act, 1947
- 9. Constitutional development of Pakistan piace 1947
 - a) Pakistan constitution of 1956
 - b) Pakistan Constitution of 1962
- 10. Bangladesh constitution of 1972 and its amendments
- 11. Indian constitution of 1950.
- 12. Srilankan constitution of 1972 and 1978.
- 13. Constitution of Nepal.
- 14. Constitution of Bhutan, 1953.
- 15. Constitution of Maldives.
- 16. Constitutional changes in Nepal and Bhutan since 2006.

Books Recommended

Keith A. B., A Constitutional History of India.

Singh G. N., Landmarks in Indian Constitutional and National Development. Vol. I.

Suda J. P., Indian Constitutional Development and National Movement.

Kapur A. C., Constitutional History of India.

Agarwal, R. C., Constitutional Development and National Movement of India

Mahajan, V. D., Constitutional History of India

Adam Maniker, et. al., Discover Maldives

Rishidesh Saha, Nepal Politics: Retrosect and Prospect

Rishidesh Saha, Three Decades and Two kings, 1969-1990

Lok Raj barul, Constitutional Politics and Nepal

Virginis Loaoy, Ethnic Conflict and Violence in Sri Lanka.

De Silva, C. R., Srilanka: A History

Ram Rahul, Modern Bhutan

Leo Rose, Politics and Bhutan

Bikramjit Husrat, History of Bhutan

আতফুল হাই শিবলী, মো. মাহবুবঁর রহমান, বাংলাদেশের সাংবিধানিক ইতিহাস, ১৭৭৩-১৯৭২

সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, কাজী জাহেদ ইকবাল, ভারতের সাংবিধানিক ইতিহাস (১৭৫৭-১৯৪৭)

Course No. 402 History of West and Central Asia, 1774-1945

Course Outline

- 1. Emergence of European nation-states and gradual decline of the Ottoman kingdom
- 2. Efforts to revive and reform.
- 3. Ottoman France relationship in post French Revolution era.
- 4. Sultan Selim III and his reform.
- 5. Napoleon's invasion in Egypt.
- 6. Eastern questions : origin and courses, Greek war of independence, Serbian revolt, revolt in Egypt and Ottoman kingdom.
- 7. Tanzimat and reformation era.
- 8. Crimean war and treaty of Paris.
- 9. Russo-Ottoman war 1877-1878.
- 10. Treaty of Berlin and partition of Ottoman kingdom.
- 11. Young Turks movement, revolution counter revolution role of Midhat Pasha towards reformation Reforms of Young Turks.
- 12. Balkan war-course and effects.
- 13. First World War and Ottoman kingdom
- 14. Paris Peace conference: Treaty of sevres
- 15. Turkish national struggle and Treaty of Lausanne
- 16. Mandatory rule and emergence of nation state in West Asia.

- 17. Leader and Leadership: Mustafa Kamal Pasha, Reza Shah Pahlavi, Amir Amanullah, Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud.
- 18. Turkish community under Soviet rule.
- 19. Arab-Israel conflict.
- 20. Institutions and organizations—future of the Area.

Books Recommended

George Lenczowski, The Middle East in World Affairs.

The Cambridge History of Islam Part-1 and 5

T. Malcom, History of Persia I, II Part.

Lanepoole, Turkey

Geogre Antonius, The Arab Awakening.

Abdullah Frangi, The P. L. O. and Palestine.

A. B. Rajput, Iran Today.

N. C. Chatterjee, A History of Modern Middle East.

Banani, Modernisation of Iran.

Bernard Lewis, The Emergence of Modern Turkey.

Feredman, The Middle East.

Wilber, Iran, Past and Present.

Albert H. Hourani, The Emergeence of the Modern Middle East.

Shawdran, Oil in the Middle East.

W. W. Choudhury, Islam in the contemporary world.

Ali-E-Hillal Dessouki (ed) Islamic Resurgence in the Arab World.

Rupert Heay, The Persian Gulf States.

ড. সফিউদ্দিন জোয়ারদার, মধ্যপ্রাচ্যের ইতিহাস ১ম ও ২য় খণ্ড

গোলাম রসুল, মধ্যপ্রাচ্যের ইতিহাস (মধ্যযুগ)

ইয়াহ্ইয়া আরমাজানী, মধ্যপ্রাচ্য, অতীত ও বর্তমান

Course No. 403 History of Modern South-East Asia upto 1945

- 1. South East Asian countries : location, area, population and geopolitical importance.
- 2. Western penetration: Portuguese, Spanish, Dutch, English, French and American

- 3. Burma (Myanmar): foundation of Konbaung dynasty, Anglo-Burmese wars, occupation and annexation, traditional administrative system, Buddhism and society, nationalist movement, independence.
- 4. Thailand: foundation of Chakri dynasty, Rama, I, II, III, IV (Mongkut), V (Chulalongkorn) VI (Vagiravudh), politics between two World Wars.
- 5. Indo-China (Vietnam, Cambodia, Kampucia, Laos): French colonial administration, Ho Chi Minh and foundation of Indo-Chinese communist party, nationalist movement and Viet Minh, establishment of republic of Vietnam.
- 6. Malaya: occupation of Penang, foundation of Singapore, acquisition of Malacca, Straits Settlement, residential system, slow growth of nationalist movement, politics between two World Wars.
- 7. Indonesia: Dutch colonial administration, Van den Bosch and Culture System, nationalist movement, Sukarno and independence.
- 8. The Philippines: Spainsh colonial administration, American occupation and administration, islamizatiom of South Philippines, Moro-Spanish war, nationalist movement and independence.
- 9. Japanese occupation: Impact on South East Asian politics.

Bastin John (ed.), The Emergence of Modern South East Asia 1511-1957.

Cady, John F. A History of Modern Burma.

Hall, D. G. E. A History of South East Asia.

Harrison, Brian, South East Asia: A Short History.

Panikkar, K. M. Asia and Western Dominance.

Steinberg, David (ed.), In Search of South East Asia : A Modern History.

Trager, F. N. Burma-From Kingdom to Republic.

Bresnan, John, Crisis in the Philippines: The Marcos Era and Beyond.

Recleafs, Indonesia.

এম. শমশের আলী, মোরো সংগ্রামের ইতিহাস (১৫৭০-১৯৯৮)

সিরাজুল ইসলাম, ইঙ্গ-বর্মী সম্পর্ক, ১৬৪৭-১৮৮৫

মুসা আনসারী, ইন্দোনেশিয়া ও মালয়েশিয়া।

Course No. 404 History of Modern East Asia upto 1945

- 1. Geographical features, ethnic groups, language and culture.
- 2. Beginning of modern East Asian history: coming of the Europeans.
- 3. Pre-modern China : monarchy, society, economy, administration, philosophy and culture.
- 4. European trade mission to China in the Eighteenth century: Canton Trade, attitude towards foreigners, the opium trade and 1st Anglo-Chin war (1840-42)
- 5. Unequal treaties between China and European powers:
 - a) treaty of Nanking and the Bouge, 1840-42
 - b) Tientsin treaty, 1858
 - c) Peking convention, 1860.
- 6. Rebellions and movements in China in the 19th and 20th centuries:
 - a) Taiping rebellion, 1853-1861
 - b) Nien rebellion.
 - c) Muslim rebellion in Yunan
 - d) Boxer Movement, 1899-1901
 - e) Red Arrow rebellion, 1920-30
- 7. Reform movements in China:
 - a) self strengthening movement, 1860-70
 - b) Hundred Days of reforms, 1898
 - c) reactionary reforms under Manchus, 1905
- 8. Traditional foreign policy of China: Activities of the ImperialistsÑ conflict with Western powers. occupation of Formosa, Sinkiang and Annam, First Sino-Japanese War and the Shimonosheki treaty (1894-9), Trpartite intervention in China, China-Russia Secret Treaty, spheres of interest and spheres of influence, open door policy of the USA, (1899), Russo-Japanese war (1904-05)
- 10. Democratic political culture in China: Dr. Sun Yat Sen, formation of the Kuomintang Party and the revolution of 1911.

- 11. Establishment of the phantom republic: President Yuan-Shi-kai, warlordism, development of Japanese imperialism in China, 21 point Demands of Japan on China, First World War, May Fourth movement (1919), rise of Chiang Kai-Shek.
- 12. Beginning and development of socialism in China: Mao-Tse-Tung and the formation of the Chinese Communist Party (CCP), Communist-Kuomintang conflict, occupation of Manchuria by Japan, the Long March (1953).
- 13. Second Sino-Japanese war (1937-45)
- 14. Chinese civil war (1945-49)

Japan

- 1. Pre-modern Japan and the Tokugawa Shogunate
- 2. William Perry and opening of Japan, 1953-54
- 3. Meiji Restoration, 1868 : transformation of Japan the Constitution 1889.
- 4. Rise of Japan as a imperialist and industrialized power, the SinoÑJapan war, 1894-95, RussoÑJapanese war, 1904-05.
- 5. Rise of militarism: role of Japanese military, the Zaibatsu, occupation in Manchuria, and Mongolia and North China, China and Japan and the 1st World War, declaration of greater East Asian Policy, attack on the Pearl Harbour.

Korea

Opening of Korea, 1876

Occupation of Korea by Japan, 1910

Characteristics of Japanese colonial rule, 1910-1945

Nationalist movement in KoreaÑKorea under allied powers (The USAMGIK)Ñdivision of Korea, 1945

Mongolia

Creation of the Mongolian republic in outer Mongolia 1907-1950

Books Recommended

Andrew C. Nahm. Korea: Tradition and Transformation.

Carter J. Eckert, Korea: Old and New: A History.

Edwin O. Reischauer, Japan: The Story of a Nation.

Harold M. Vinacke, M. History of the Far East in Modern Times.

Immanuel C. Y. Hsu, The Rise of Modern China.

John Cooper, A Quiet Revolution: Political Development in the Republic of China

John K. Fairbank, Edwin D. Reichauer, Abkert M. Craig, East Asia: Tradition and Transformation.

John Livingston, Post War Japan: 1945 to the Present.

Jonathan D. Spence, The Search for Modern China.

Ki-Baik Lee, A New History of Korea.

Mikison lane, Japan: A Historical Survey.

Paul, H Clyde and Burton F. Beers, The Far East: A History of Western Impacts and Eastern Responses, 1830-1971/

Peter Duus, The Rise of Modern Japan.

Thomas Gold, State and Society in the Taiwan Miracle.

Whitney Hall, Japan.

শায়খুল ইসলাম মামুন জিয়াদ, আধুনিক পূর্ব এশিয়ার ইতিহাস

সিদ্ধার্থ গুহ রায়, আধুনিক দূর প্রাচ্য: চীন ও জাপানের ইতিহাস

সুবোধ কুমার মুখোপাধ্যায়, আধুনিক পূর্ব এশিয়া চিন ও জাপান (১৮০০-১৯৫০)

Course No. 405 Latin American History

- 1. Geographical location of Latin America: Physical diversity and its impact on history, Justification for the name Latin America, Unity in diversity, different ethnic nationalities.
- 2. Discovery of America and white settlements: Christopher Columbus and the beginning of Spanish colonialism, Discovery of Brazil by Portugal.
- 3. Colonial rule in Latin America: Civilian administration, Economy, missionary activities, education, Literature and culture.
- 4. Emergence of nationalism: Nationalist movements and struggle, 1800-1830; different nationalist leaders—Simon Bolivar, San Martin etc; independence of Bolivia, Uruguay, Paraguay, Chile, Columbia,

- Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela, Mexico and Brazil; recognition by the United States and the Monroe doctrine.
- 5. Experiments in political stability: The Caudillo system in different countries.
- 6. Formation of nation: economic transformation of Peru, construction of railway, role of the positivists, reform programme of Mexico, Perfiriato, Central America, coffee Cultivation.
- 7. Ways of life of the Latin Americans in the nineteenth century: different ethnic communities: American Indians; Mestizos and Mulattos, end of slavery, women, rural life, agricultural economy,, industries, religion, and the church system.
- Cultural life in the nineteenth century: Psychological freedom, literature, its impact on politics and philosophy, modernism, anti-American feeling, international trade, advent of immigrants, settlement and participation in economic activities, Pan- Americanism, Spanish-American War and Cuba (1898).
- 9. Latin American in the twentieth century: Populism and populist leaders, reform programmes of different countries.
- 10. Latin America and the first World War: 1914-1918.
- 11. Authoritarian rule in the Carribean region and the United States: Estrada Cabrera (Guatemala). Garcia Menokal (Cuba) and Gerardu Macado (Cuba).
- 12. Construction of the Panama Canal: 1907-1911: Panamian Revolution old republic in Brazil and Peru in the 1920s.
- 13. Revolutions in Latin America, 1916-1920: Brazilian Revolution, 1924-27. Revolution in Nicaragua, 1927-30.
- 14. Great Depression and Latin America: a) Economic nationalism and social reforms, b) U.S. policy toward the Carribean basin. c) Classic dictators, Batista and Trajillo.
- 15. Latin American cultural life in the 1920s: Gender equality-violence, the cinema industry, literature and labor movement.
- 16. Latin America and the World War II: Nazi and Fascist influence, inter-America defense system, role of Brazil, Mexico and Argentina, formation of the organization of American states (OAS).
- 17. Latin America since 1945: Mxico: Different regimes, the zapatista rebellion in 1994, economic development and the formation of NAFTA.

- 18. Anarchy in Columbia: assassination of Gaitan and violence, the conservative age, the national front, commercial sale of narcotics the guerilla activities.
- 19. Central America, 1945-2011: Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Haiti, Honduras and Panama, U.S. policy towards central America.
- 20. Cuban Revolution and its aftermath: Arnest Che Guavara, global impact, missile crisis, (1961-1962), Dominican Republic and Nicaragua, Cuba in the post Cold War era.
- 21. National security: State and military uprising (1980s)—Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Uruguay, Peru, areas of conflicts.
- 22. Democratization and conflicts since 1980s: Retreat and neo liberalism, transition to democracy: Peru, Argentine, Brazil, Neo-Populism, Sandinista vs. Contra.
- 23. Latin America in twenty-first century: Latin America in unipolar world, Latin Americans in the homogenous appearance, challenges of 21st Century, Honduras: Preservation of native culture and heritage, Hugo Chavez and new challenges to America, Latin America in World games and sports.

Leslie Bethell (1998), A Cultural History of Latin America.

Clayton, Lawrence A, et. at.(1999), A History of Modern Latin America.

Munog, Heraldo [ed].(1996), Latin American Nations in World Politics.

Booth, John A, et. al. (2003), Understanding Central America : Global Forces, Rebellion and Change(4th edition).

Parry, J. H. (1990), The Spanish Seaborne Empire.

Skidmore, Thomas E. (2001), Modern Latin America.

Keen, Benjamin (1986), Latin American Civilization.

Booth, John A. (1999), Understanding Central America.

Burns, Bradford E. (1986), Latin America : A Concise Interpretive History.

Levine, Robert M. (1998), Father of the Poor: Vargas and his Era.

Lynch, John (1986), The Spanish American Revolutions, 1808-1826.

Elliott, J. H. (1990), Imperial Spain.

তানজিদা বেগম (১৯৮১), লাতিন আমেরিকা।

Course No. 406 History of Europe, 1789-1945

Course Outline

- 1. French Revolution: Europe on the eve of the French Revolution, causes and course of the French Revolution.
- 2. Napoleon Bonarparte: rise, domestic policy, continental system, Napoleon and Europe, Napoleon and the Pope, Napoleon and nationalism, fall of Napoleon.
- 3. Post-Napoleonic Europe : Vienna settlement and Metternich, European concert, suppression of liberalism in central Europe, Spain and Portugal.
- 4. Democratic and nationalistic movement: July Revolution (1830), February revolution (1848), Louis Napoleon and Second French republic, Nationalism in Hapsburg empire.
- 5. Russia: Nicholas I and the Crimean war, reforms of Alexander II, reactionary policy under Alexander III and Nicholas II, Russo-Japanese war, Revolution of 1905, Bolshevick Revolution of 1917.
- 6. Reconstruction of Europe: unification of Italy, unification of Germany, Napoleon III and the second French empire.
- 7. Eastern question: origins of the Eastern question, Greek War of Independence, Crimean war, Russo-Turkish war, treaty of Berlin, influence of Germany on Ottoman Empire, Balkan wars, Balkan league.
- 8. Era of armed peace (1871-1914): alliance system of Bismarck, breakdown of Bismarck's alliance system, Franco-Russian alliance, Anglo-German relations.
- 9. First World War: causes, Serajevo incident, Austrian steps, July crisis, responsibility of the powers, Paris Peace Treaties.
- 10. Expansion of Europe: Causes and results of the founding of colonies in the 19the century, difference between colonialism and imperialism, aims and effects of imperialism.
- 11. Capitalism: origin and characteristics of capitalism, beginning of modern capitalism, capitalism of the 20th century.
- 12. Socialism: origin and aims of socialism, pre- Marxian socialism, Karl Marx's doctrine, spread of and importance of socialism.

Books Recommended

Gordon A. Craig, Europe Since 1815

Marvin Perry and Others, Western Civilization A Concise History Vol. II

J. D. Chambers and P. J. Madgwick, Conflict and Community Europe Since 1750.

C.J. H. Hayes, Modern Europe to 1870.

C. J. H. Hayes, Modern Europe Since 1870.

F. Lee Benns, Europe Since 1914 in Its World Setting.

E. Lipson, Europe in the 19th and 20th Centuries.

Denis Richard, An Illustrated History of Modern Europe.

প্রভাতাংশু মাইতি, ইউরোপের ইতিহাসের রূপরেখা

প্রফুল্ল চক্রবর্তী, ইউরোপের ইতিহাস

Course No. 407 History of the United States of America, 1865-1945

- 1. Post civil war reconstruction (1865-1877): Abraham Lincoln and President Johnson's reconstruction plans, reconstruction plans of the Congress, the Southern reconstruction politics, end of the reconstructions.
- 2. The United States' society, economy and culture (1877-1900): massive and large scale industrialization, urbanization, impact of pragmatism of social science and philosophy.
- 3. Transformation of the West and the South: settlement in the west and the transformation of the south, growth of the Workers' organizations, reformists and the radicals, the populist movement.
- 4. Emergence of the US as a world power: changed foreign policy, the Spanish-American war of 1898, open door policy towards China, the Caribbean and the Mexican policy and the relations with Japan.
- 5. Progressivism (1890-1914): genesis of progressivism, infiltration of progressivism in US politics, efforts to achieve a balance, Theodore Roosevelt and the Taft administrations, the foreign Policy.
- 6. World War I and the USA: Reasons behind the US's participation in the World War I, the Paris Peace Conference.

- 7. Background of the Paris Peace Conference: fourteen points peace plan of President Wilson, the role of USA in the establishment of the League of Nations, World War I and the US public opinion.
- 8. The decade of the 1920s: new society, search for peace, the Republican's ascendancy in the White House, it's causes and the economic prosperity.
- 9. The Great Depression and the New Deal (1929-1933): Causes of the depression, depression and President Herbert Hoover, impact of the depression on US society, election of Franklin D Roosevelt and the New Deal- industries, workers and banks under the new deal, an evaluation of the New Deal.
- 10. The World War II and the US society: sentiment for peace, end of isolationism, Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor, the US entry to the World War II, US activities in Europe and Pacific region, victory in Europe, victory against Japan. impact of the war on US society and economy.

Jear Christie and Leonard Dinnersteiw (ed.), America Since World war II Historical Interpretation

David Burner and Others, An American Portrait : A History of the United States Second Edition, vol. 2

Norman K. Risjord, America: A History of the United State since 1865 vol. 2

Dewey W. Granthan, The United States since 1945: The Ordeal of Power

Allen Weinstein, Fredom and Crisis: An American History since 1860.

Brooks Gruver Rebecca. An American History.

David Burner, et. al. The American People (combined)

Dollar et. al. America Changing Times since 1865, Vol. II.

Irwin Unger, These United States: The Questions of Our Past since 1865, Vol. II.

John A. Garraty, The American Nation: A History of the US since 1865.

Mary Beth Norton et al. A People and a Nation : A History of the United States, Vols. I and II.

Richard Polenberg, War and Society : The US, 1914-45

Stephen B. Oates, Portrait of America Vol. II

Thomas A. Bailey, The American Pageant: A History of the Republic Vol, II.

A diplomatic History of the American People by thomas A. Bailey.

Thomas A. Bailey, A Diplomatic History of the American People.

Course No. 408 History of Bangladesh

- 1. Partition of Bengal in 1947: historical background.
- 2. Language Movement (1947-1952) : background, events and significance
- 3. Constitutional development of Pakistan.
- 4. Movement for autonomy: emergence of Political Parties, United Front, election of the Provincial Assembly of East Bengal, United Front ministries.
- 5. Promulgation of Martial Law; Military rule 1958-1962 : nature and reactions; system of Basic Democracies.
- 6. Bengali nationalist movement: movement of 1962-64; 14-Point programme of National Awami Party; 6-point programme of the Awami League and its historical significance; Agartala case; mass upsurge of 1969.
- 7. Bengali political leadership : A. K. Fazlul Huq, H. S. Sahrawardy, Abdul Hamid Khan Bhasani, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman.
- 8. Military rule of 1969 : legal framework order, general election of 1970, non-co operation movement of 1971.
- 9. Initial differences between East Bengal and West Pakistan; development of colonial economy in East Bengal.
- 10. Liberation War of Bangladesh: Mujibnagar Government and its activities; role of India and super powers; contributions of the immigrant Bangladeshis.
- 11. Constitutional development Bangladesh : constitution of 1972 and its amendments.
- 12. Governments of Bangladesh.
- 13. Military coup d'etat of 1975 and political change; military coup d'etat of 1984; mass-movement of 1990.
- 14. Elections of Bangladesh (1973-2008)
- 15. Transformation of political culture in post-independence Bangladesh.
- 16. Cultural and economic development of Bangladesh.

Rangalal Sen, Political Elites of Bangladesh.

Rounaq Jahan, Pakistan Failure in National Integration.

K. B. Sayeed, Political System of Pakistan.

Shyamal Ghosh, The Awami League.

M. B. Nair, Politics of Bangladesh

Golam Hosain, General Ziaur Rahman and The BNP: Political Transformation of a Military Regime.

A M A Muhith, Emergence of a Nation

Syed Saad Andaleeb (ed.), Political Culture in Bangladesh

Shamsul I. Khan et. al, Political Culture, Political Parties and the Democratic Transition in Bangladesh

Rounaq Jahan (ed.), Bongladesh: Promise and Performance

আবুল ফজল হক, বাংলাদেশের শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি।

আবুল ফজল হক, বাংলাদেশের রাজনীতি : সংঘাত ও পরিবর্তন।

আবুল ফজল হক. বাংলাদেশের রাজনীতি সংস্কৃতির স্বরূপ

ড. মো. মাহবুবর রহমান, বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস, ১৯৪৭-১৯৭১।

বশির আল হেলাল, ভাষা আন্দোলনের ইতিহাস।

আতিউর রহমান ও লেনিন আজাদ, ভাষা আন্দোলনের অর্থনৈতিক পটভূমি।

আতিউর রহমান, মুক্তিযুদ্ধের প্রস্তুতিপর্ব : অসহযোগের দিনগুলি।

মেসবাহ কামাল, আসাদ ও উনসত্তরের গণঅভ্যুত্থান

অমুলেন্দু দে, স্বাধীন বঙ্গভূমি গঠনের প্রয়াস ও পরিণতি।

সালাউদ্দিন আহমেদ ও অন্যান্য (সম্পা:), বাংলাদেশের মুক্তি সংগ্রামের ইতিহাস।

সিরাজুল ইসলাম (সম্পা.), বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস, ১৭০৭-১৯৭১, ১ম, ২য় ও ৩য় খন্ড।

আবুল মাল আব্দুল মুহিত, বাংলাদেশ : জাতিরাষ্ট্রের উদ্ভব।

সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ে পরাশক্তির ভূমিকা।

Course No. 409

Economic Development of Bangladesh since 1947

- 1. Economic development: definition and means to ascertain it.
- 2. Bangladesh economy and its structure: national income, sources of national income, GNP. NNP GOP, importance of the study of national income, method of measuring national income.

- 3. Charactuestics of Bangladesh economy: hindrances to economic development ways and means to eradicate it, means of rapid economic development, role of public vs private sector in Bangladesh economy, free market economy.
- 4. Historical background of economic backwardness of Bangladesh economy: exploitation, corruption, inefficiency, absence of welfare economic policy and activity.
- 5. Role of agriculture: agricultural backwardness and defective marketing system of agricultural products, contribution of agricultural sector in national economy, Government policy for agricultural development.
- 6. Trends of industrial development in Bangladesh: success and failure, industrialization in public sector, government. industrial policy, small industries.
- 7. Tourism in Bangladesh: its importance in the economy, development and hindrances to development.
- 8. Importance of MACRO and MICRO credit in Bangladesh economy.
- 9. Population in Bangladesh: problem and prospect, manpower: volume and characteristics, means of developing skilled labour.
- 10. Import and export trade of Bangladesh : garments, tea, leather, vegetables, fish and shrimp.
- 11. Natural resources of Bangladesh : definition, description and importance of natural resources.
- 12. a) Natural Gas: its role, stock, demand and uses, international co-operation for its development, b) forest resources: description, importance and measures takes for its development.
- 13. Transport system: its role and impact on Bangladesh economy.
- 14. International co-operation in the economic development of Bangladesh: USAID, CIDA, DANIDA, JAICA, KOICAR, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, Asian Development Bank, UNIEFF.
- 15. Official devolopment assistance: Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), foreign NGOs and their role.
- 16. Man power: importance, export of man power to Malaysia, South Korea, Japan, Saudi-Arabia, USA Western Europe and

other countries of Western Asia, remittance and its role in the economic development of Bangladesh.

17. Poverty alleviation in Bangladesh: role of NGOs and PRSPs.

Books Recommended:

Hossain, Mosharraf (1991), Agriculture in Bangladesh : Performance, problems and Prospects

Faland and Parkinson, Bangladesh: A Test Case of Development.

Khan and Hossain, Strategy of Development in Bangladesh.

M. P. Todaro, Economic Development in the Third World

Azizur Rahman Khan, The Economy of Bangladesh

Abdullah Farouk, Changes in the Economy of Bangladesh.

সৈয়দ আকমল মাহমুদ, বাংলাদেশের অর্থনীতি (২০০৩)

দৌলতুনাহার খানম, বাংলাদেশের অর্থনীতি

শামসূল ক্বীর খান, বিশ্ববিদ্যালয় মঞ্জরী ক্মিশন প্রকল্প

Course No. 410 Research Methodology and Field Study

Part 1: Research Methodology (Marks 50%)

Course Outline

- 1. Research : definition and nature, characteristics and objectives, types of research, basic and applied research.
- 2. Research methodology: meaning and types of research methods.
- 3. Historical method of research : nature, scope and importance, different steps of research, sources of information, primary and secondary sources.
- 4. Experimental method of research: nature and types, laboratory variables, independent variables and dependent variables, experimental method of research in social sciences.
- 5. Survey method of research: nature and types, advantages and disadvantages, sampling, types and shape of sampling, knowledge of statistics, observation, interview, questionnaire and case study.

- 6. Comparative method of research: Karl Marx (1818-83), Max Weber (1864-1920), Emil Durkheim (1885-1917).
- 7. Quantitative and qualitative measurement : need for measurement, parts of measurement process, quantitative conceptualization and operationalization, determining the qualitative conceptualization and operationalization, reliability and validity.
- 8. Social research and theory : definition of theory, parts of theory, different aspects of theory, range of theory, level of theory.
- 9. Literature review : objectives, methods of searching research related books and articles, taking notes, review methods, model reviews.
- 10. Methods of data collection and analysis: definition of data, sources, types of sources, analysis and explanation, classification of collected data, analysis and explanation.
- 11. Report writing: title page, preface and acknowledgement, table of contents, text of report, methods of using quotations, citation of information, appendix, bibliography.
- 12. Research proposal: selection of appropriate theme, presentation of the subject matter, hypothesis, justification, review of research related books, articles and other literature, methodology, selected bibliography.
- 13. Plagiarism.

Part 2 : Field Study (Marks 50%)

Course Outline

- 1. To Visit any of the following archeological Sites and Museuns:
 - (a) Mahasthan
 - (b) Paharpur
 - (c) Bagha Mosque
 - (d) Kushumba Mosque
 - (e) Chhoto Sona Masjid
 - (f) Puthia Zamidarbari
 - (g) Natore Zamidarbari
 - (h) Dighapatia Zamidarbari
 - (i) Varendra Research Museum
 - (j) Mahasthan Museum
 - (k) Paharpur Museum
- 2. To Write a Monograph on the Field Visit.

Books Recommended:

Saravanavel, P. Research Methodology

Jacques Barzum and Herry F.Graff, The Modern Research.

Babble, E. R. Survey Research Methods.

Charles H Backstrom and Gerald D.Horsh, Survey Research

Curtis D.Hardwich, and Petrinovitch Lewis, Understanding Research in the Social Sciences.

Ahmed Dr. Neaz, Research Methods in Social Sciences.

Neuman, W. Lawrence, Basics of Social Research.

Course No-411 History of Australia and New Zealand

Course Outline

- 1. Geography of Australia: land, rivers, climate, plants and animals.
- 2. Population: Australian aborigins.
- 3. Early European exploration: Portuguese and Spanish sailings, Dutch invasion, British expenditions and claims.
- 4. Foundation of Australia : early years, penal settlements, foundation of Sydney, early difficulties, rule of Lachlan Macquarie.
- 5. Exploration of Australia: Matthew Flinder's exploration, crossing the Blue Mountain, Charles stuart's explorations.
- 6. Early Australian society: The Squatters, Immigration problem, Gold-rush, English and Australian societies in the early nineteenth century.
- Early Australian society and the prisoners: Reasons for transportation of convicts, government policy towards convicts, rectification procedures of the convicts.
- 8. Movement for Federation: Expansion of Australia, Development of railway network, British labour movement (1891) and rise of Labour Party.
- 9. Australia and World War I: Drift to war, the imperial force, Gallipoli war, War in Egypt, impact of World War I.
- 10. Australia between two World Wars: fall of Billy Hughes, rise of conservatism, Australia in the air, Great Depression.
- 11. The Menzies era (1949-1966) : ANZUS treaty, white Australia policy, economic development, Vietnam war, aboriginal rights.
- 12. Labour rule in Australia : End of white Australia, New nationalism, Modern culture.
- Australia in the Twenty First century : John Howard, Kevin Rudd, Julia Gillard.
- 14. Australian Culture: Arts, Literature and society.

New Zealand

- 1. Geography: land, rivers, climate, plants and animals.
- People and society: ethnic groups and languages, early Maori life, European contact.

- 3. Establishment of British rule in New Zealand : New Zealand Company, treaty of Waitangi (1840),
 - Maori king movement (1858), European settlement and Government until 1890
- 4. Liberal government and World War I
- 5. The Great Depression and reform
- 6. Rule of Michael Joseph Savage in New Zealand.
- 7. National Party dominance.
- 8. Third Coalition Government (1975-1984)
- 9. New Zealand in the Twenty First century: Helen Clark, John Key.

Recommended Books:

A.G. L. Shaw, Growth and Development of Australia, (1964)

Brian Fitzpatrick, British Imperialism and Australia, 1783-1833

C. M. H. Clark, A History of Australia, 5 vol.

C. M. H. Clark, A Short History of Australia.

F. K. Crowley, A New History of Australia (1975)

Ronald M. Younger, The Changing World of Australia.

Sir Earnest Scott. A Short History of Australia.

K. W. Robinson M. A. Australia, New Zealand and the South West Pacific

A.K. Macdougall, Australia: An Illustrated History, 2004

Course No. 412 International Law and Organization

- 1. International law : definition, development, nature and characteristics, sources, subjects, status.
- 2. Relation between international and municipal law: Theories, role of municipal rules in international law, international law before municipal courts.
- 3. International personality: definition and characteristics, states, international organizations, individuals, other entities.
- 4. Recognition: states and government: dejure and defacto recognition, modes of giving recognition, effects of recognition, effects of non recognition, recognition of belligerency and mass uprising.
- 5. Succession of states: kinds of succession of states, obligations of successor states, emergence of Bangladesh and succession.
- 6. State territory: extent, modes of acquisition.

- 7. Jurisdiction : jurisdiction on territorial sea or maritime belt, jurisdiction on open sea, jurisdiction over international rivers.
- 8. Diplomatic envoys and consuls : definition, classification, duties, rights and privileges. Procedure of settling international disputes through peaceful means.
- 9. Treaties: definition and kinds of treaties, conditions for the validity of treaty, ratification of treaty, participation of third states in treaties, termination of treaties.
- 10. Intervention : definition of intervention, grounds for intervention.
- 11. Extradition: laws of extradition, methods of extradition, relevance of Bangladesh.
- 12. Political asylum: nature, laws of giving and refusing asylum.
- 13. War: definition, laws of land warfare, laws of aerial warfare, laws of maritime warfare, termination of war, treatment of wounded and dead bodies, treatment of prisoners of war, treatment of civilians.
- 14. International law and state sovereignty.
- 15. Neutrality: definition of neutrality, rights and obligations of neutral states.
- 16. The United Nations Organization: aims and objectives composition and functions of the Security Council, composition, powers and functions of the International Court of Justice

- L. Oppenheim, International Law: A Treatise Vol. I
- L. Oppenheim , International Law : A Treatise Vol. II, Disputes, War and Neutrality Richard N. Swift, International Law : Current and Classic

Georg Schwarzenberger, A Manual of International Law

Macolm N. Shaw, International Law

J. G. Starke, Q. C. An Introduction to International Law

Lord Mcnair, The Law of Treaties

Ian Brownlie, Principles of Public International Law

Course No. 413 History of Antarctica

- 1. Geographical locations, climate, flora and fauna.
- 2. History of the discovery of Antarctica: geographical discovery and war, voyages and the age of discovery (from the age of heroism down to the arctic history).
- 3. Captain James Cook and discovery of the Sandwich island, the first landing on Southern Georgia, activities of the seal hunters, discovery of South Shetlands, Trinity peninsula and the main land of Antarctica in 1819, discovery of the Northern Graham islands, movements and activities of the whale hunters (1843-1894).
- 4. Antarctica Renaissance, 1897-1922.
- 5. The whaling industry and formation of the Discovery Committee, 1908-1938.
- 6. Activities of different countries in the Antarctica in the national level: strategic and economic factors, international law and the establishment of claims of different countries, conflicts among the claimant countries, attitudes of non-claimant countries.
- 7. Metrological Science of Antarctica.
- 8. Beginning of scientific research and investigation, establishment of research centres and posts of various nations, beginning of shipping and air service.
- 9. Pollution of the environment of Antarctica and its prevention.
- 10. The United Nations conferences on Antarctica and signing of different treaties.
- 11. Voyages of Argentina, Chile and Great Britain to Antarctica (1925-50), the Falkland Islands crisis (1908 to present day).
- 12. Establishment of the authority of different countries on Antarctica and on the Sub-Antarctica islands.
- 13. Global warming and the increasing importance of Antarctica in the international sphere.

Banks, Roger, The Unrelenting Ice

Stefansson, Vilhjalmur, The Friendy Arctic

Kirwan, L P., A History of Polar Exploration

_____, The White Road : A Survey of Polar Exploration.

Eklurd, Carl R, Antarctica.

Chapman, Walker, The Story of Antarctica Discovery.

Debenham, Frank, In the Arctic: Stories of Scotl's Last Expedition.

Baird, Patrick D., The Polar World

Finn, Rome, Antarctic Conquest: The Story of the Ronne Expedition,

Hatherton, Trevor, Antarctica.

Davis, J. K, High Latitude.

Bertram, G. C. L, Antarctica: Today and Tomorrow.

Christic, E. W. Hunter, The Antarctic Problem.

Cockrill, Ross, Antarctic Hazard.

Kimble, G. H. T and Good, Dorotny, Geography of the Northlands.