

Diseases and Immunity

Question Paper 1

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Biology (0610/0970)
Exam Board	Cambridge International Examinations (CIE)
Topic	Diseases and Immunity
Sub-Topic	
Booklet	Question Paper 1

Time Allowed: 21 minutes

Score: /18

Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
>85%	75%	68%	60%	53%	48%	40%	33%	<25%



1	Wha	What is the function of lymphocytes in the blood?			
	A	antibody production			
	В	blood clotting			
	С	phagocytosis			
	D	transport of hormones			
2	Whic	Which part of a pathogen is recognised by the immune system?			
	Α	active site			
	В	antibiotic			
	С	antibody			
	D	antigen			
3	When a tissue from a man is grafted onto a woman it may be rejected by the woman's body				
	Wh	What is the main cause of this rejection?			
	Α	antibody production			
	В	phagocytosis			
	С	the action of antibiotics			
	D	the presence of a Y chromosome			



- 4 The antibodies that give immunity to a disease can be acquired in the following different ways.
 - 1 feeding on breast milk
 - 2 infection by disease
 - 3 vaccination

Which give active immunity?

- A 1 and 2 only
- **B** 1 and 3 only
- C 2 and 3 only
- **D** 1, 2 and 3
- **5** Which row describes the features of passive immunity?

	antibodies made	involves memory cells	effective period
Α	no	no	short term
В	no	yes	short term
С	yes	no	long term
D	yes	yes	long term

6 What happens when a child is vaccinated against tuberculosis?

	type of immunity	production of memory cells
Α	active	no
В	active	yes
С	passive	no
D	passive	yes



7 The diagram shows some parts from the blood of a mammal.

Which part would contain the breakdown products of bacterial cells?









- 8 Which are both chemical barriers to the transmission of pathogens?
 - A mucus and stomach acid
 - B mucus and white blood cells
 - C skin and hairs in the nose
 - D skin and stomach acid
- **9** Which is a mechanical barrier to pathogens?
 - A acid in the stomach
 - **B** hairs in the nose
 - **C** mucus in the trachea
 - **D** phagocytosis in the blood



10	Which disease is caused by bacteria?		
	A	AIDS	
	В	cholera	
	С	obesity	
	D	scurvy	
11	Wh	at can be passed from one person to another during blood transfusion?	
	Α	cholera	
	В	chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	
	С	HIV	
	D	scurvy	
12	Wh	ich are both chemical barriers to the transmission of pathogens?	
	Α	mucus and stomach acid	
	В	mucus and white blood cells	
	С	skin and hairs in the nose	
	D	skin and stomach acid	
13	The	e immune system recognises pathogens and attacks them.	
	Which feature of pathogens triggers this response?		
	Α	antibodies	
	В	antibiotics	
	С	antigens	
	D	memory cells	



14 What is an example of a transmissible disease?

A COPD

C scurvy

D tooth decay

B HIV

15	What is a disease-causing organism called?				
	Α	antibody			
	В	host			
	С	pathogen			
	D	phagocyte			
16	Wh	ich body defence is a chemical barrier?			
	Α	antibody production			
	В	hairs in the nose			
	С	mucus lining the airways			
	D	skin			
17	Wh	What is a pathogen?			
	Α	a bacterium			
	В	a disease-causing organism			
	С	a disease that is transmissible			
	D	a white blood cell that engulfs bacteria			



- 18 What is a common feature of both active and passive immunity?
 - **A** They are acquired by vaccination.
 - **B** They are always short-term.
 - **C** They involve the activity of memory cells.
 - **D** They involve antibodies.